# Class05

### Mahsa Naeimi

### Base R plotting

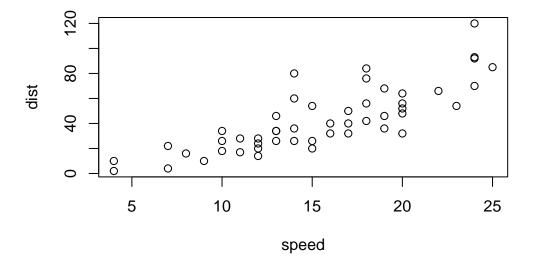
### Ggplot2

First, we need to install the package. We do this by using the install packages command.

```
#install.packages('ggplot2')
```

We are going to start by generating the plot of class 04. This code is plotting the cars dataset.

plot(cars)



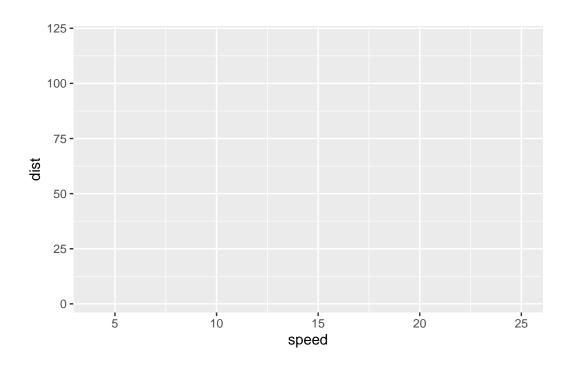
To start, we need to load the package.

```
library(ggplot2)
```

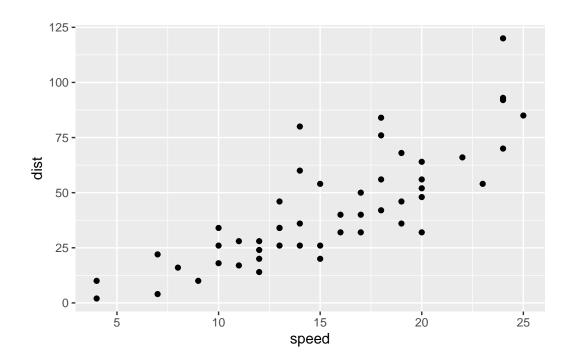
We are going to build the plot of the cars dataframe by using ggplot2.

```
ggplot(cars)
```

```
ggplot(data = cars) + aes(x=speed, y=dist)
```



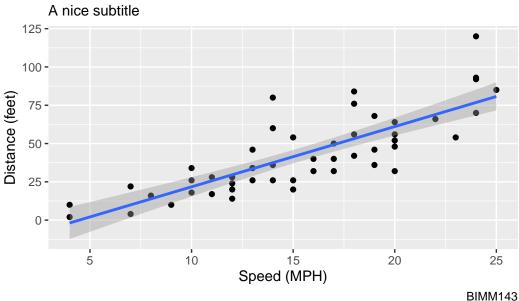
ggplot(data = cars) + aes(x=speed, y=dist) +geom\_point()



```
ggplot(data = cars) + aes(x=speed, y=dist) +geom_point()+geom_smooth(method = 'lm')+ labs(
```

`geom\_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'

### distance vs. speed



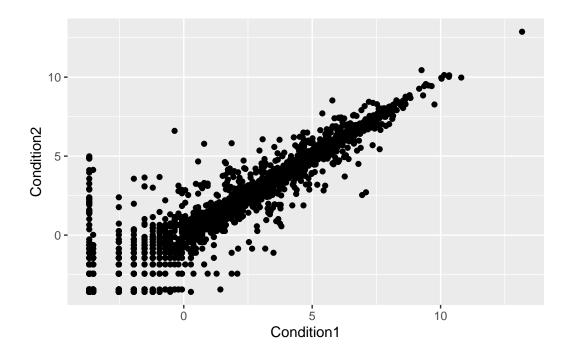
Q1. For which phases is data visualization important in our scientific workflows?

For exploratory Data Analysis, Plotting Gene Expression data, and Loading the data from the URL.

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)</pre>
```

```
Gene Condition1 Condition2 State
1 A4GNT -3.6808610 -3.4401355 unchanging
2 AAAS 4.5479580 4.3864126 unchanging
3 AASDH 3.7190695 3.4787276 unchanging
4 AATF 5.0784720 5.0151916 unchanging
5 AATK 0.4711421 0.5598642 unchanging
6 AB015752.4 -3.6808610 -3.5921390 unchanging
```

#### Initial ggplot



**Q.** Use the **nrow()** function to find out how many genes are in this dataset. What is your answer?

nrow(genes)

#### [1] 5196

Q. Use the colnames() function and the ncol() function on the genes data frame to find out what the column names are (we will need these later) and how many columns there are. How many columns did you find?

ncol(genes)

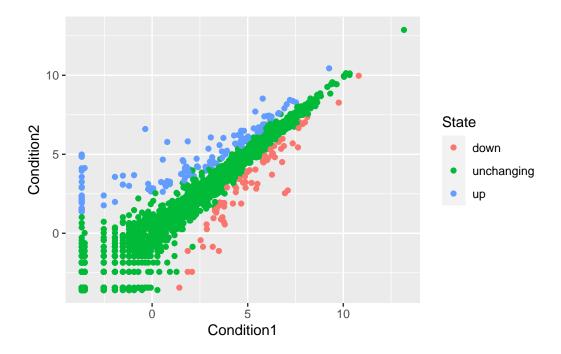
[1] 4

colnames(genes)

- [1] "Gene" "Condition1" "Condition2" "State"
- **Q.** Use the table() function on the State column of this data.frame to find out how many 'up' regulated genes there are. What is your answer

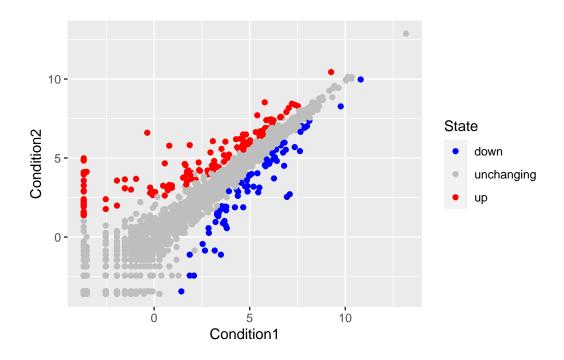
```
table(genes[,'State'])
```

```
down unchanging up
72 4997 127
```



Let's change the color scheme:

```
p2 <-p1+ scale_color_manual(values = c('blue', 'grey', 'red'))
p2</pre>
```



Let's add some labels:

```
p2+ labs(title = 'Differential gene expression', x='control (no drug)', y= 'Drug treatment
```

## Differential gene expression

