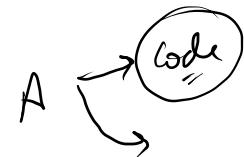


Class \Rightarrow fast response

Q & A \Rightarrow Doubts / Queries / Code review / Code resolve



1 2 3 4 5 → (5)
=

1

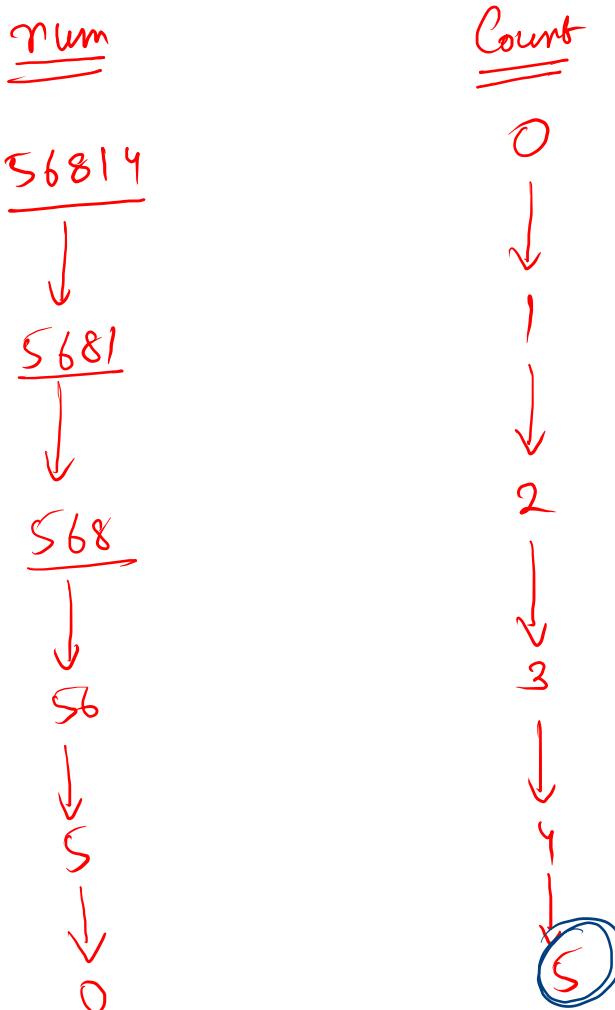
```
Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);

int num = scn.nextInt();

int count = 0;

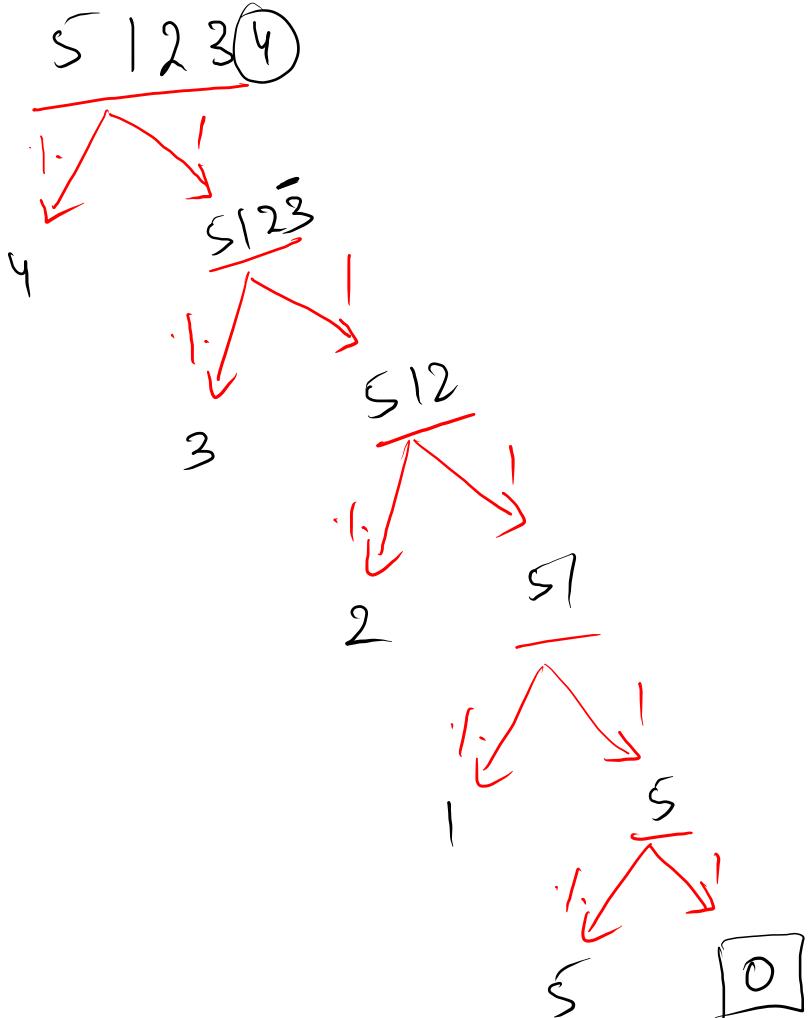
while(num != 0){
    num = num / 10;
    count++;
}

System.out.println(count);
```



H.W.

reverse a
num
=



$\text{num} / 10 \rightarrow \text{digit}$

while ($n \neq 0$) {

 digit = $n / 10$;

$n = n / 10$;

print(digit);

}

28346751
 Sample Output
 73425681

Input

digit =	2 8 3 4 6 7 5 1	digit → pos
pos =	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	

Output

inv =	8 3 4 2 5 6 8 1	digit → pos
pos =	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	pos → digit

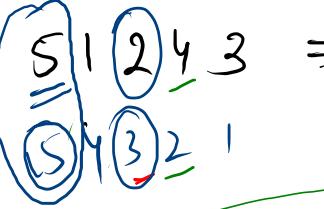
Input

inp =	2 8 5 1 4 3 7 9 6
pos →	9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Output

inv =	2 8 3 1 7 5 4 9 8
pos →	2 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

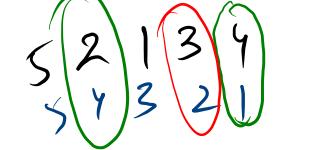
digit \rightarrow pos

inp =  $= (5 \cdot 10^4) + (1 \cdot 10^3) + (2 \cdot 10^2) + (4 \cdot 10^1) + (3 \cdot 10^0)$

\Rightarrow digit = 4 \Rightarrow (digit * 10^{pos-1})

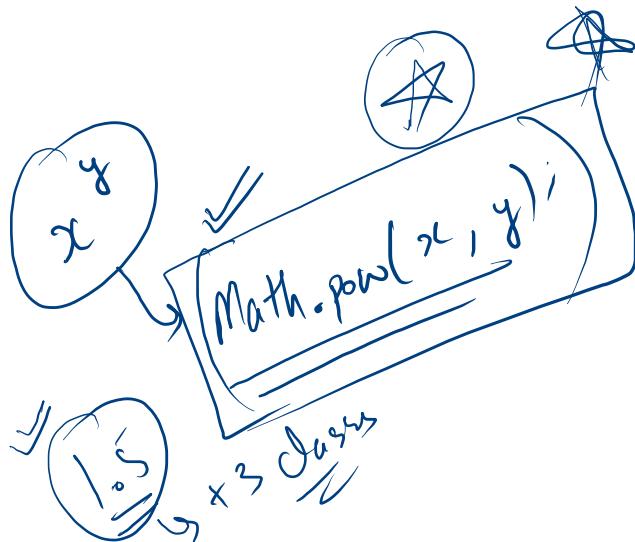
\Rightarrow pos = 2

digit \rightarrow pos

out =  $= (5 \cdot 10^4) + (2 \cdot 10^3) + (1 \cdot 10^2) + (3 \cdot 10^1) + (4 \cdot 10^0)$

\Rightarrow pos * $10^{digit-1}$

$(3 \cdot 10^1)$

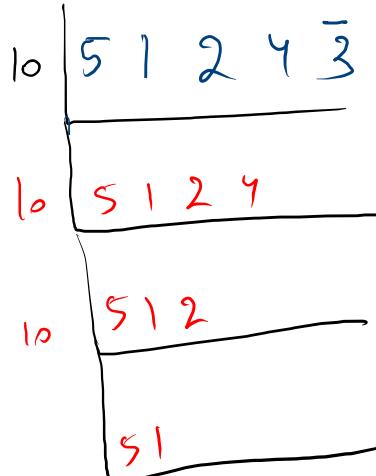


$(2 \cdot 10^3)$

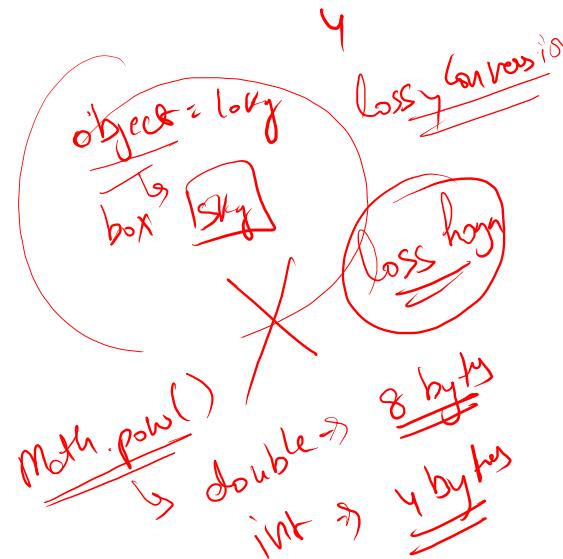
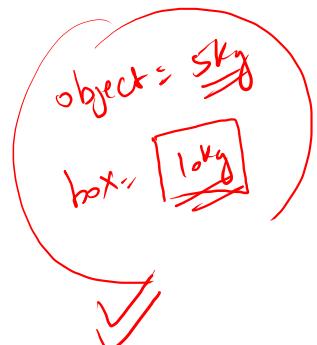
~~busil~~

~~Jars~~

pos.lo digit-1



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Rem/digit} \\
 3 \\
 \hline
 1 & = 1 \cdot 10^2 \Rightarrow 100 \\
 4 & = 2 \cdot 10^3 \Rightarrow 2000 \\
 2 & = 3 \cdot 10^1 \Rightarrow 30
 \end{array}$$



$$\text{sum} = 10 + 2000$$

Main.java:14: error: incompatible types: possible lossy conversion from double to int
int v1 = pos *

```

int num = scn.nextInt();
int pos = 1;
int sum = 0;
while(num != 0){
    int digit = num % 10;
    int v1 = pos * Math.pow(10, digit-1);
    sum += v1;

    pos++;
    num = num / 10;
}

System.out.println(sum);

```


$\text{sum} + 2$

$\text{sum} =$

$\text{sum} + 2$

$\text{sum} =$

$n_1 = 9$ $n_2 = 11$ $n_1 = 51$ $n_2 = 75$

$\text{HCF} & \text{LCM}$

$n_1 = 6$ $n_2 = 8$ $n_1 \cdot n_2 = \text{gcd} \times \text{lcm}$

$9 \sqrt{11} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{9}{2} \sqrt{9} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{8}{2} \sqrt{2} \overline{)2}$
 $(\cancel{1024}, \cancel{490})$

$51 \sqrt{75} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{51}{24} \sqrt{51} \overline{)2}$
 $\frac{48}{24} \sqrt{24} \overline{)8}$
 $(\cancel{1024}, \cancel{490})$

$n_1 = 6$ $n_2 = 8$
 $6 \sqrt{8} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{6}{2} \sqrt{6} \overline{)2}$
 $\frac{0}{0}$
 GCD

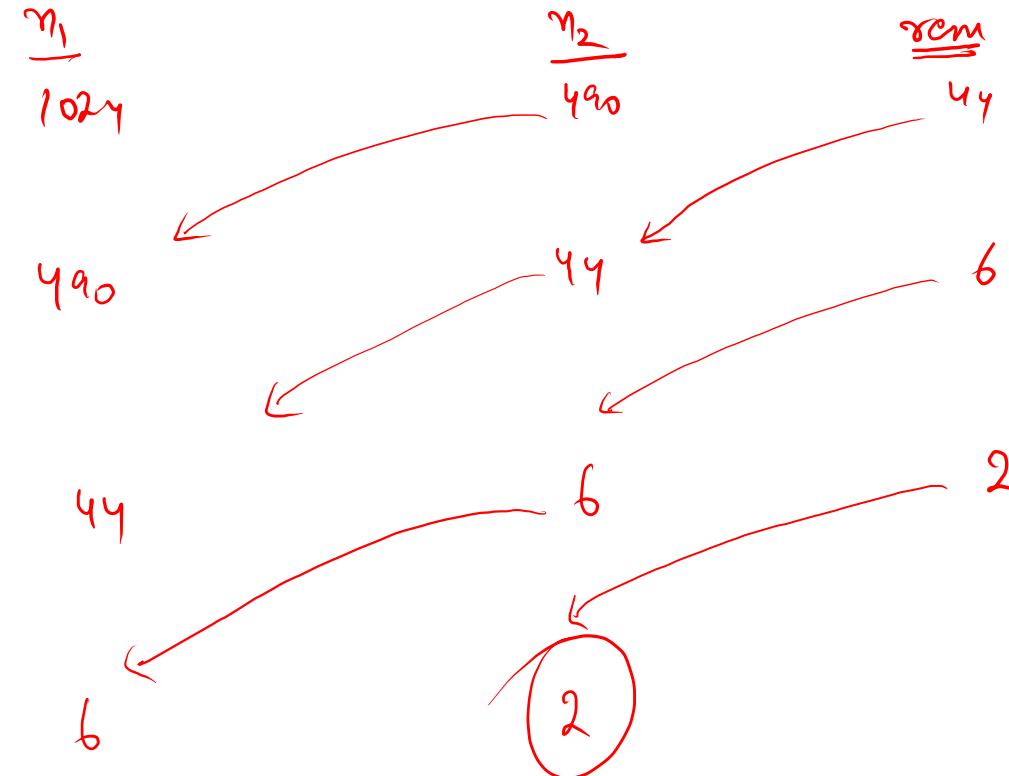
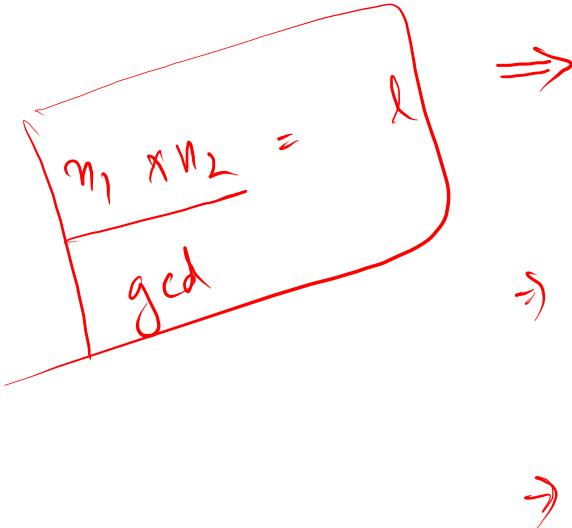
$n_1 = 12$ $n_2 = 10$
 $12 \sqrt{10} \overline{)0}$
 $\frac{10}{10} \sqrt{10} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{10}{0}$
 GCD

$n_1 = 36$ $n_2 = 24$
 $36 \sqrt{24} \overline{)0}$
 $\frac{0}{24} \sqrt{36} \overline{)1}$
 $\frac{21}{21} \sqrt{21} \overline{)2}$
 $\frac{21}{0}$
 HCF

$1024 \sqrt{490} \overline{)0}$
 $490 \sqrt{1024} \overline{)2}$
 $44 \sqrt{490} \overline{)4}$
 $484 \overline{)6} \sqrt{44} \overline{)7}$
 $12 \overline{)2} \sqrt{6} \overline{)3}$
 GCD

check

```
while(n1 % n2 != 0){  
    int rem = n1 % n2; → 1 ✓  
    n1 = n2; → 2  
    n2 = rem; → 3}
```



$$n_1 = 1024$$

$$n_2 = 490$$

$$n_1 = 490$$

$$n_2 = 1024$$

$$490 \sqrt{1024}$$

$$1024 \sqrt{490} \text{ (0)}$$

$$0 \quad 490 \sqrt{1024}$$

rotation

tre

xc

Quicks

num \Rightarrow 5 6 2 9 8 ①

5 6 2 9 8 ①
↓

4 5 6 2 9 ⑧
↓

8 4 5 6 2 9
Output

k = 2

562984
2
=

Sample Output

845629

actual rotation
→ $K \cdot l$, digits

(5 6 2 9 8 4)
no of digits → 6

$$+7, +1 = 456298$$

$$+8, +2 = 845629$$

$$+9, +3 = 984562$$

$$+10, +4 = 298456$$

$$+5 = 629845$$

+6
= 562984

$K \Rightarrow$
= $\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 50 & \\ \hline (6 \cdot 8) & +2 \\ \hline \end{array}$

(5 6 2 9 8 4)

$$+7 = 456298$$

$$+8 = 845629$$

$$+9 = 984562$$

$$+10 = 298456$$

$$+5 =$$

$$629845$$

① after certain rotations
num repeats itself

② repetition → no. of digits

③ actual rotat = $K \cdot l$, no. of digits

+2
= $\overbrace{(6 \cdot 8)}^{\text{original}} + 2$

+2
= $\overbrace{(6 \cdot 8)}^{\text{original}} + 2$

$$50 = \underbrace{6}_{\text{original}} + \underbrace{2}_{+2}$$

5 6 2 9 8 4

11 → 117.6
⇒ 5

$$1 \rightarrow 456298$$

$$7 \rightarrow 456298$$

$$2 \rightarrow 845629$$

$$8 \rightarrow 875629$$

$$3 \rightarrow 984562$$

$$9 \rightarrow 984562$$

$$4 \rightarrow 298456$$

$$10 \rightarrow 298456$$

5 → 629845
6 → 562984

11 → 629845

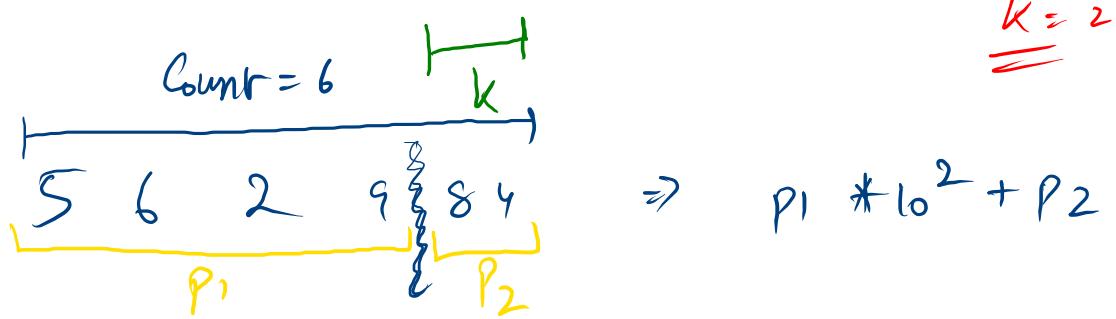
5 6 2 9 84



4 5 6 2 9 8



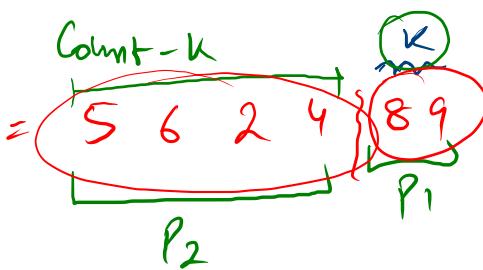
84 5 6 2 9



$$P_2 \rightarrow \text{num} \% 10^k$$

$$P_1 \rightarrow \text{num} / 10^k$$

num



$$\text{tmp1} = 10^0$$

$$p_1 = 89$$

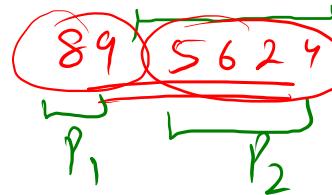
$$p_2 = 5624$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{tmp2} = 10^4}}$$

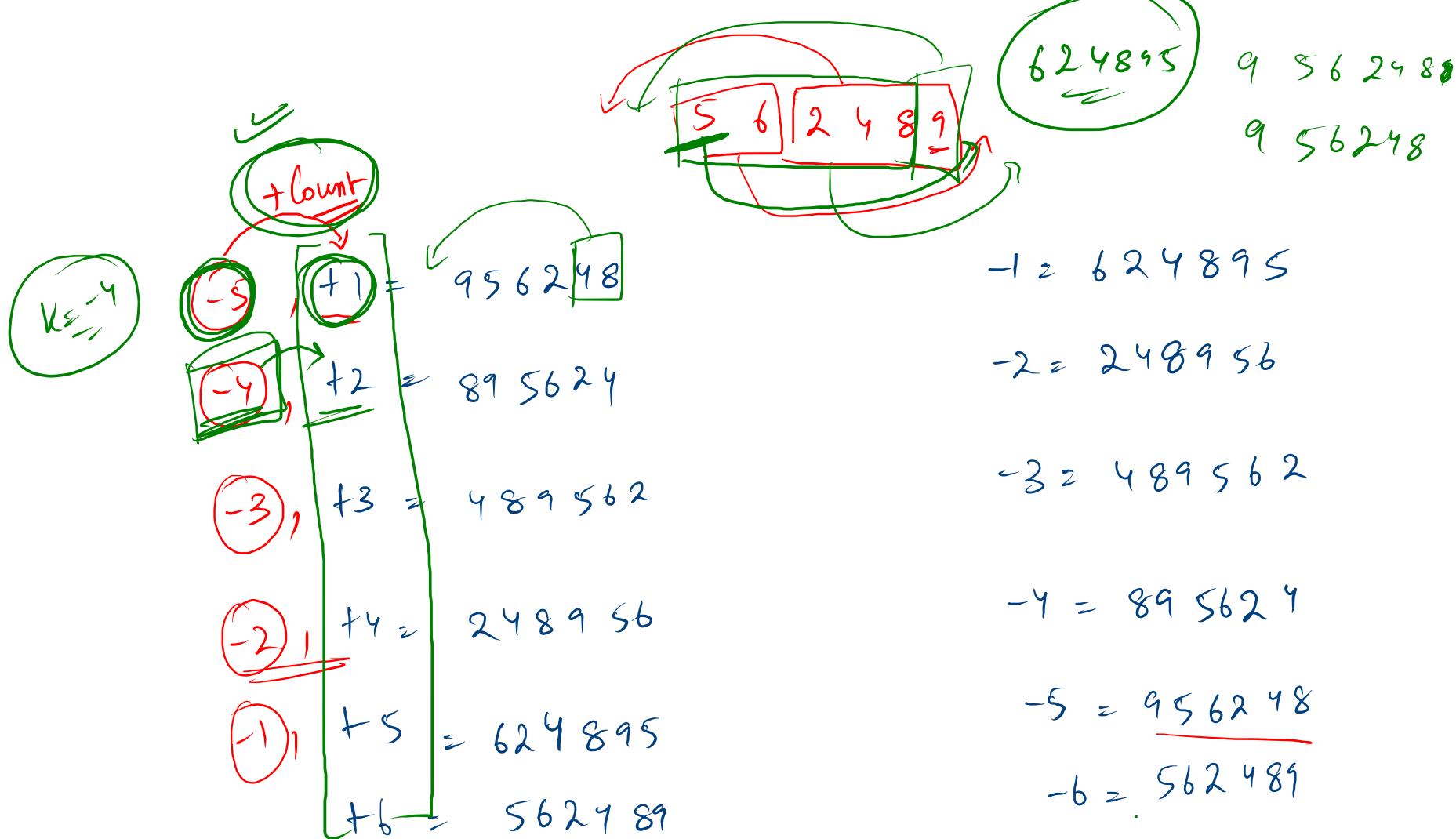
$$= (89 * 10^4) + 5624$$

$$= 890000 + 5624$$

$$= \underline{\underline{895624}}$$



```
✓ int tmp1 = (int)Math.pow(10,k);
int p1 = num % tmp1;
int p2 = num / tmp1;
→ int tmp2 = (int)Math.pow(10,count-k);
int ans = (p1*tmp2) + p2;
```



```
int count = 0;
int tnum = num;

while(tnum != 0){
    tnum = tnum / 10;
    count++;
}

// actual rotations
k = k % count;

if(k < 0){ // -ve rotation
    k = k + count;
}

int tmp1 = (int)Math.pow(10,k);

int p1 = num % tmp1;
int p2 = num / tmp1;

int tmp2 = (int)Math.pow(10,count-k);

int ans = (p1*tmp2) + p2;
System.out.println(ans);
```

