

初中英语 60 个核心句型

分享给大家一个英语学习的小技巧 就是对于同类句型 你只需要牢记一句话 就可以举一反三

下面是妞妞整理的初中英语 60 个核心句型

先是句型,然后是例句 套路中带着满满的真诚 因为的确很实用呀

句型1:

There be+主语+地点状语/时间状语

There's a boat in the river.

河里有条船。

句型 2:

What's wrong with sb. / sth.?

What's wrong with your watch?

你的手表有什么毛病?



句型 3: How do you like...? How do you like China? 你觉得中国怎么样? 句型 4: What do you like about...? What do you like about China? 你喜欢中国的什么? 句型 5: had better(not) 动词原形 You' d better ask that policeman over there. 你最好去问问那边的那个警察。 句型 6: How+adj. / adv. +主语+谓语! What +a/an+adj.+n. +主语+谓语! How cold it is today!



今天多冷啊!

What a fine picture it is!

多美的一幅图画呀!

句型7:

Thank sb. for (doing) sth.

Thank you for coming to see me.

感谢你来看我。

句型8:

So+be/ 情态动词/ 助动词+主语

He is a student. So am I.

他是一个学生,我也是。

句型9:

... not ... until ...

He didn't have supper until his parents came back.

直到他的父母回来他才吃饭。

句型 10:



比较级 and 比较级

The baby cried harder and harder.

那孩子哭得越来越厉害。

句型 11:

the+比较级, the+比较级

The more one has , the more one wants.

越有越贪。

句型 12:

... as + adj./ adv. +as ...

...not as/so adj/adv. as...

Do you think that art is as important as music?

你认为艺术和音乐一样重要吗?

Last Sunday the weather was not so wet as it is today.

上个星期天的天气不如今天的天气潮湿。

句型 13:

more/less +adj. +than...

I think art is less important than music.



我认为艺术不如音乐重要。

neither ... nor ...

句型 14: stop sb/sth from doing sth. The Great Green Wall will stop the wind from blowing the earth away. 绿色长城将阻挡风吹走土壤。 句型 15: both ... and ... Both you and I are students. 我和你都是学生。 句型 16: either ... or... Either you or he is wrong. 不是你错就是他错。 句型 17:



Neither	he	nor	am	a	stud	ler	١t

我和他都不是学生。

句型 18:

... as soon as ...

As soon as I see him, I' Il give him the message.

我一见到他,我就把你的消息告诉他。

句型 19:

... so+ adj. / adv. +that ...

I was so tired that I didn't want to speak.

我累得连话也不想说了。

句型 20:

Though... 主句

Though I like writing to my pen-friend, it takes a lot of time.

虽然我喜欢给笔友写信,但它要耗费我大量时间。

句型 21:

be going to do sth



字短语,记里证
This afternoon I' m going to buy an English book.
今天下午我要去买本英语书。
句型 22:
be different from
I think this is different from Chinese names.
我认为这与汉语名字不同。
句型 23:
Welcome(back) to
Welcome back to school!
欢迎回到学校!
句型 24:
have fun doing
We' re going to have fun learning and speaking English this
term.
这学期我们将兴味盎然地学习和讲英语。

句型 25:



... because ... / ... , so ...

I don't know all your names because this is our first lesson.

因为这是我们的第一节课,所以我并不知道你们所有人的名字。

句型 26:

Why don't you do... = Why not do...

Why don't you come to school a little earlier?

为什么不早点到校呢?

句型 27:

make it

Let' s make it half past nine.

让我们定在九点半吧!

句型 28:

have nothing to do

They have nothing to do every day.

他们每天无所事事。

句型 29:



be sure that...

be sure of/ about sth.

be sure to do sth.

I think so, but I' m not sure.

我想是这样,但不敢确定。

I was not sure of / about the way , so I asked someone.

我对于怎么走没有把握,所以我问别人了。

句型 30:

between ... and ...

There is a shop between the hospital and the school.

在那家医院和那所学校之间有一家商店。

句型 31:

keep sb. / sth. + adj/doing/介词短语/adv

You must keep your classroom clean.

你们必须保持教室干净。

Sorry to have kept you waiting.

对不起,让你久等。

Can you keep him in the room?



你能让他在这个房里吗? Keep them here. 让他们在这儿呆着。 句型 32: find+宾语+宾补 He finds it very hard to travel around the big city. 他发现要环游这个大城市是很难的。 句型 33: ... not ... any more/ longer The old man doesn't travel any more. 这位老人不再旅行了。 He isn' t a thief any longer. 他不再是个贼。 句型 34: What's the weather like...? What's the weather like in spring in your hometown? 在你们家乡春天天气怎么样?



句型 35: There is no time to do sth sb have no time to do sth There was no time to think. 没有时间思考。 I have no time to go home for lunch. 我没有时间回家吃午饭。 句型 36: Help oneself to... Help yourself to some fish. 吃鱼吧! 句型 37: used to do sth I used to read this kind of story books. 我过去常读这种故事书。

句型 38:



borrow from
I borrowed an English book from him.
我从他那借了一本英语书。
句型 39:
lend sb. sth.= lend sth. to sb.
He lent me a story book=He lent a story book to me.
他借了本故事书给我。
句型 40:
have been to
Have you ever been to Haw aii?
你曾去过夏威夷吗?
句型 41:
have gone to
Where's he?He's gone to Washington.
他在哪儿?他去华盛顿了。

句型 42:



be famous for...

Hawaii is famous for its beautiful beaches.

夏威夷以它美丽的海滩而出名。

句型 43:

No matter+疑问句+主句

No matter when you come, you are welcomed.

无论你们什么时候来,都受欢迎。

句型 44:

be afraid of / to do / that...

I' m afraid not.

恐怕不能。

Don't be afraid of making mistakes when speaking English.

当说英语时不要害怕犯错误。

句型 45:

... as ... as possible

... as ... as sb can

I hope to see him as soon as possible.



エレンペナロ	4K - 14	ロ지네시	L
我布罕	能尽快	リハギルル	ľζ

He ran here as fast as he could.

他尽最大努力跑到这儿。

句型 46:

practise / enjoy / finish doing

A young man practised speaking English with Mr Green.

一个年青人和格林先生练习说英语。

Tom enjoys playing football very much.

汤姆很喜欢踢足球。

He finished reading the story book.

他看完了那本故事书。

句型 47:

It's said that ...

It's said that one of the most dangerous sharks is the Great White Shark.

据说最危险的鲨鱼之一是大白鲨。

句型 48:



Not all / everyone
Not all sharks are alike.
并不是所有的鲨鱼都一样。
Not everyone likes dumplings.
并不是每个人都喜欢饺子。
句型 49:
be based on
His argument is based on facts.
他的论断是以事实为根据的。
句型 50:
so that
Put the tree in the hole so that it is straight.
把树放入洞穴中,让它立直。
句型 51:
be +num. +metres / kilometres / years long / wide / deep /
high / old
The Great Green Wall is 7, 000 kilometres long.



绿色长城长7000公里。

The river is about 2 metres deep.

这条河大约有2米深。

The boy is about 12 years old.

这个男孩约12岁。

句型 52:

keep ... from doing

The heavy rain kept us from starting out.

大雨阻止了我们出发。

句型 53:

with one's help...

With Tom's help, l've come to America to study further. 在汤姆的帮助下,我来美国深造。

句型 54:

I don't think ...

I don't think any of them is interesting.

我认为他们中任何一个都无趣。



句型 55: What's the population of ...? What's the population of Germany? 德国的人口有多少? 句型 56: prefer to do ... rather than do They prefer to buy a new one rather than repair it. 他们更喜欢买一辆新车,而不愿去修理它。 句型 57: be worth (doing) ... This book is worth reading. 这本书值得读。 句型 58: seem to do seem adj seem (介词短语)



He seems to be angry.

他似乎生气了。

The house seems too noisy.

这房子似乎太吵了。

句型 59:

be angry with / about / at(doing)

We' re all very angry with ourselves.

我们都很生自己的气。

I was angry about his decision to build a factory here.

我很生气他决定把工厂建在这儿。

I was angry at being kept waiting.

这样一直等我很生气。

句型 60:

pay for / pay ... for

He paid for the book and went away.

他付完书款便离开了。

I paid him £ 200 for the painting.

买这幅画我付了他 200 英镑。