Assignment 2  
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Computer Vision

Part A: Distance Tensor Computation

1. Computing ssdd as requested in the questionnaire:

As given:

Left Right

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

* **ssdd(1,2,2):** corresponds to row =1, column 2 and disparity value=0.

In order to compute the ssdd(1,2,2), we need to take a 3x3 window around the pixel in row=1, column=2 in the left image, and a window around the pixel in row=1, column=2 in the right image:

Left Right

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

The sum of squared differences between the two windows will be identical to the one calculated in the questionnaire (values in each window are the same).

sdd(1,2,2) = 426

* **ssdd(1,2,3):** corresponds to row =1, column 2 and disparity value=1.

In order to compute the ssdd(1,2,3), we need to take a 3x3 window around the pixel in row=1, column=2 in the left image, and a window around the pixel in row=1, column=3 in the right image:

Left Right

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

The sum of squared differences between the two windows is the same as before (values in each window are the same).

ssdd(1,2,3) = 426

* **ssdd(2,3,0):** corresponds to row =2, column 3 and disparity value=-2.

In order to compute the ssdd(2,3,0), we need to take a 3x3 window around the pixel in row=2, column=3 in the left image, and a window around the pixel in row=2, column=1 in the right image:

Left Right

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

The sum of squared differences between the two windows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 8-2 | 9-2 | 10-2 |
| 13-3 | 14-3 | 15-3 |
| 18-4 | 19-4 | 20-4 |

.^2 = 36+49+64+100+121+144+196+225+256=**1191**

* **ssdd(2,3,1):** corresponds to row =2, column 3 and disparity value=-1.

In order to compute the ssdd(2,3,1), we need to take a 3x3 window around the pixel in row=2, column=3 in the left image, and a window around the pixel in row=2, column=2 in the right image:

Left Right

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

The sum of squared differences between the two windows will be the same as calculated above (the values in each window is the same):

ssdd(2,3,1) = 1191

1. In the code.

Part B: Naive Depth Map

1. In the code.
2. The resulting image:

A picture containing graphical user interface

Description automatically generated

Forward mapping using the naïve approach:

Graphical user interface, application

Description automatically generated

As seen in the resulting images, the forward mapped image suffers from noise which appears as black dots in the image. This result corresponds to the expectation from the naïve approach, as it is very sensitive to noise. However, some regions in the image were decently labeled correctly, for example, it can be seen in the depth image that the lamb is almost entirely labeled in a darker color, meaning the lamb I recognized as closer to the camera than the other objects in the image.