

## Session 4 Homework

Code For Everyone JavaScript



# Study

1. for and Object

Run the following code, observe and then answer the questions

```
const product = {
    name: 'Xiaomi rice cooker',
    price: 1700,
    brand: 'Xiaomi',
    color: 'white'
};

for (let x in product) {
    console.log(x);
}
```

#### Questions:

- 1.1. What values x receive from product, property or value?
- 1.2. Use the for loop to print/log out the following output

name: Xiaomi rice cooker price: 1700 brand: Xiaomi color: White

2. Learn about destructuring object in the following tutorials:

Object destructuring in ES6
ES6 destructuring: the complete guide



Then use one line of code to destructure to obtain subject, dueDate and assignTo from this object:

```
const task = {
    subject: 'Implement login feature',
    createdBy: 'Hoang Ngoc Duc',
    assignTo: 'Nguyen Phuong Nam',
    dueDate: '2019-10-08T18:00:24+0000',
    expectedHours: 0.5,
};
```

- 3. <u>Here</u> is the actual data from a job search site, copy all of the data, assign it to a variable or a constant named jobSearch in your code. Log or print it out to see its structure then answer the following questions:
  - 3.1. What is the data type of the **outermost layer** (Number, String, Object, Array or else)?
  - 3.2. The hits property is where the job results are stored, is it a Number, String, Array, Object or something else?
  - 3.3. In each hit of hits, how to find the job's title, locations, salary, benefits, skills and requirements

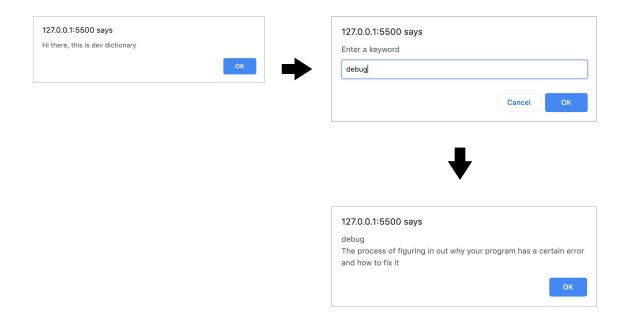




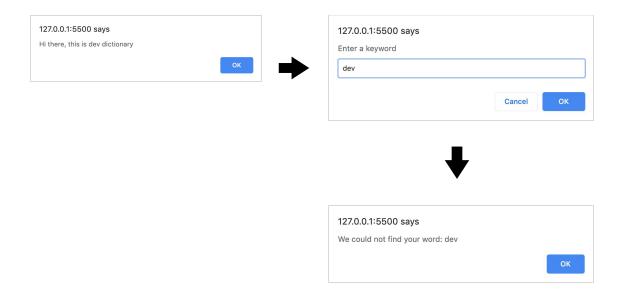
4. Initialize an object to represent a dictionary, with properties as keyword and values as explanation, the initial values are from this table

Keyword	Explanation
debug	The process of figuring out why your program has a certain error and how to fix it
done	When your task is complete, the only thing you have to do is to wait for users to use it (no additional codes or actions needed)
defect	The formal word for 'error'
pm	The short version of Project Manager, the person in charge of the final result of a project
ui/ux	UI means User Interface, UX mean User Experience, are the process to define how your products looks and feels

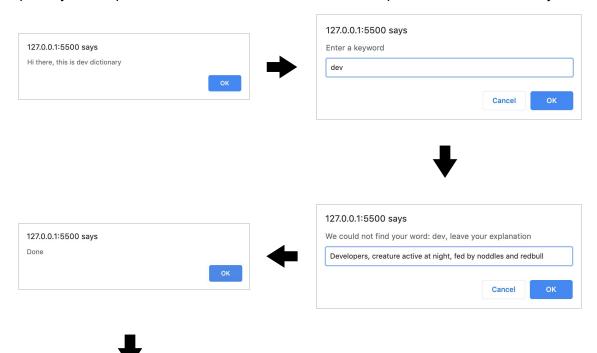
5. Write a script to simulate the lookup of the dictionary initialized in the previous example







6. Update your script so that it can let users contribute the explanation to the dictionary





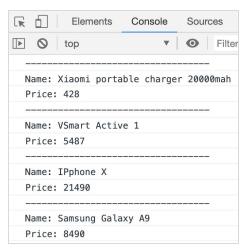


Note: If you want, you and handle the exceptions from user input, especially when users leave their explanation blank when the word is not found.

7. Initialize a variable named products, containing an array of products, each product has a name, price, brand, category, and color

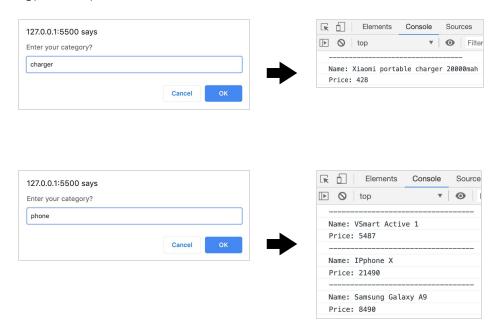
#	Name	Brand	Price	Color	Category
1	Xiaomi portable charger 20000mah	Xiaomi	428	White	Charger
2	VSmart Active 1	VSmart	5487	Black	Phone
3	IPhone X	Apple	21490	Gray	Phone
4	Samsung Galaxy A9	Samsung	8490	Blue	Phone

8. Print/log name and price of all the products out

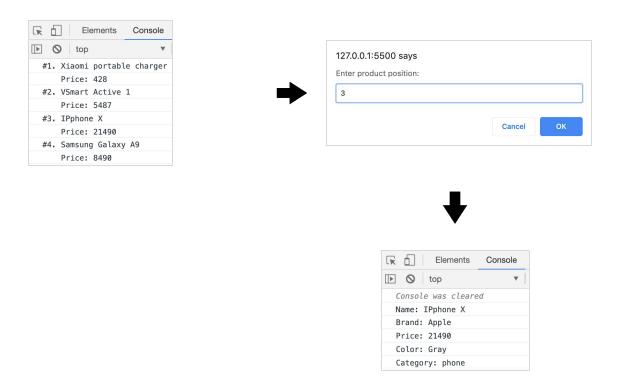


9. Write a script printing/logging out the products based on category input by users





10. Write a script printing/logging out the products with their number, then print/logging out the details of a product with its position entered by users

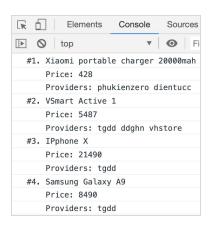


11. Add providers to each product



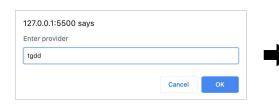
#	Name	Brand	Price	Color	Category	Providers
1	Xiaomi portable charger 20000mah	Xiaomi	428	White	Charger	Phukienzero Dientuccc
2	VSmart Active 1	VSmart	5487	Black	Phone	Tgdd Ddghn VhStore
3	IPhone X	Apple	21490	Gray	Phone	Tgdd
4	Samsung Galaxy A9	Samsung	8490	Blue	Phone	Tgdd

And printing/logging out all of the products



12. Search the products based on provider entered by users, google "JS array indexOf" to review the function if necessary, if you need more directions, find the hints at the end of this homework





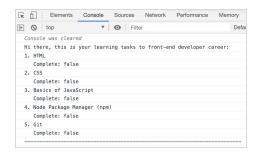




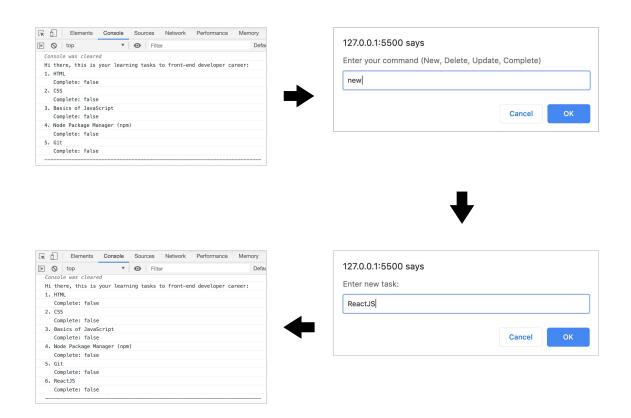


### **Serious exercices**

13. Write a script to store and process the learning tasks to become a front-end developer 13.1. Print it out



#### 13.2. Let users add new task



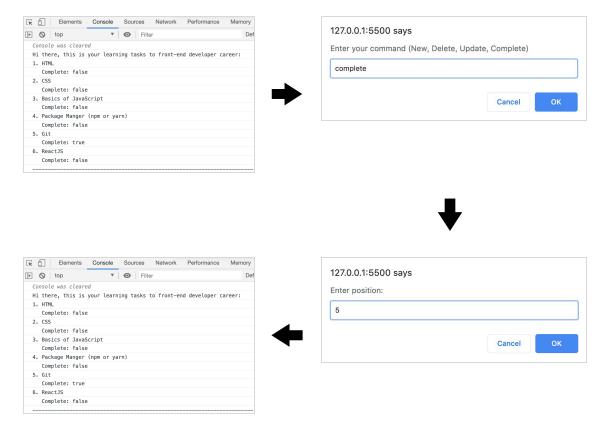


### 13.3. Let users update task



13.4. Let users complete task





- 13.5. Let users delete task (No illustrative image, you already know the drill)
- 13.6. (Optional) Make printing / logging better

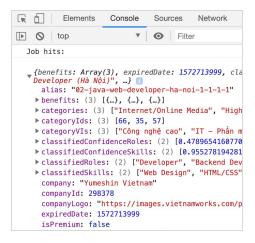


- 14. Get jobs data from this <u>link</u>, copy the whole content and assign it a variable or a constant named jobData, if you need visual hint, find it at the end of this homework
  - 14.1. Get all the job hits

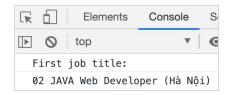




### 14.2. Get the first job hit



### 14.3. Get jobTitle of the first job



#### 14.4. Get the benefits of the first job hit

```
Console
                              Sources
▶ ⊘ top
                          ▼ | ⊙ | Filter
  Job hits:
  ▼ (3) [{...}, {...}, {...}] []
       benefitIconName: "fa-dollar"
       benefitId: 1
       benefitName: "Bonus"
       benefitValue: "14 tháng lương, đánh giá tăng
     ▶ __proto__: Object
       benefitIconName: "fa-user-md"
       benefitId: 2
       benefitName: "Healthcare Plan"
       benefitValue: "Hưởng đầy đủ các loại bảo hiểm
     ▶ __proto__: Object
       benefitIconName: "fa-file-image-o"
       benefitId: 3
```

### 14.5. Log out first job hit benefit values





#### 14.6. Log out jobTitle and benefitValue of all job hits



### 14.7. Log out jobTitle, locations, skills, jobSalary of all job hits







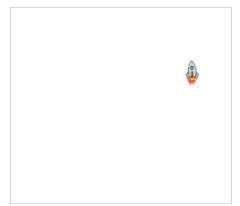
## **Turtle exercices**

### 15. Given the object

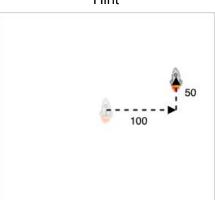
```
const pos = {
    x: 200,
    y: 50,
}
```

Move the turtle to the provided position, use penup() and pendown() to NOT leave any traces





Hint



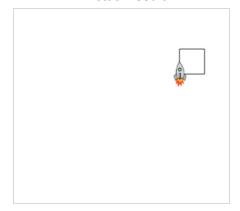
### 16. Given the object

```
const square = {
    x: 100,
    y: 50,
    width: 20,
};
```

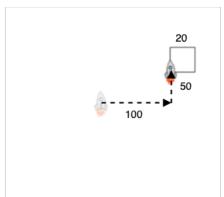
Use  $\underline{\sf JS\ Turtle}$ , to draw a square at position (x, y) with size width



### Actual result



## Hint

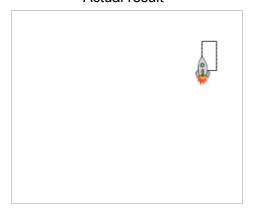


## 17. Given the object

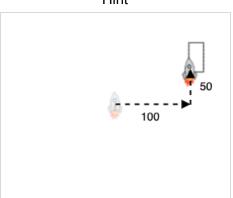
```
const rect = {
    x: 100,
    y: 50,
    width: 20,
    height: 40,
};
```

Use <u>JS Turtle</u>, to draw a rectangle at position (x, y) with size width and height

### Actual result



### Hint



### 18. Given this data structure, in which:

```
shape: 'rect',
x: 8,
y: 70,
```



square means draw a square with the respective position (x, y) and size (width)

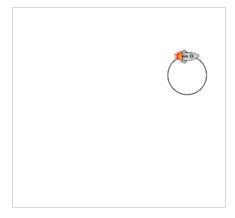
Go through and execute all command.

Note: To make turtle go to the initial position with initial angle, use home () nd.

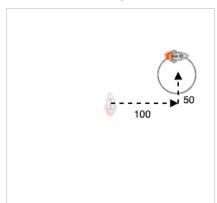
19. (Optional) Add circle to the command

```
const circle = {
    shape: 'circle',
    x: 100,
    y: 50,
    radius: 30,
};
```

#### Actual result



#### Hint



20. (Optional) Execute all command from this





### Nice-to-do

21. (Optional) There are at least two ways to delete a property-value pair from an object, the first one is the one you learned in class, to use delete keyword (which you already learned).. The second one is to create a new object without the property-value pair and just use the new object from then. For example:

```
const oldData = {
    firedRice: {
        Price: 30,
        vnName: 'Com rang dua bo'
    },
    noddle: {
        price: 20,
        vnName: 'My tom chanh'
    },
    pho: {
        price: 35,
        vnName: 'Pho bo tai chin'
    },
};
```

If noddle removal is needed, a new object named newData is created containing data from oldData object, without noddle property. This gives the benefit of preserving the old data so it can be traced back when debugging in the future.

This can be done elegantly using JS 6 rest operator, learn it and write an example to demonstrate your understanding. If you need hints, find them at the end of this homework





#### **Tools**

22. Sometimes, you are given a very large object, which is hard to read, this for example. It can be made much more readable if you using prettify / format tool, like this Chrome Extension. Install it, reload the example and see the results. Learn how to switch between raw mode and parsed mode at the top right corner of the extension. Submit your screenshots to demonstrate your usage



23. Large objects are hard to read thus hard to analyze. To overcome this, you can log/print the object to the console, or you can use some online tools to analyze it better. JSON Editor Online is one of these. Learn how to use it (Just copy your data to the left panel of the Editor, press the ▶ button and see the result at the right panel). Submit your screenshots to demonstrate your understanding





## **Hints**

## **Review**

11. After getting category from users, loop through all of the products, with each product, get respective providers and check whether the user-entered category is in the providers array (the quick way is to use Array indexOf function then check whether the result equals -1 or not), if so, print/log out the results

### Nice-to-do

20.

- 10.1. Google "ES6 rest operator omit property"
- 10.2. Tutorial link