

DC31 README

Welcome to the DC31 Protocol documentation. This Protocol was developed to control the ARPS automatic tape system remotely.

Protocol

The protocol speaks TCP/IP. Every byte in every communication is encrypted by XORing every byte with 0x31 except for the header and the sequence byte.

A DC31 packet can be broken down as:

- **HEADER** - One byte, always 0x80
- **SEQUENCE** - Increases with every back and forth communication
- **DATA** - the data being sent

For example, after receiving and XORing the packet with 0x31 it may look like:

```
\x80\x05LISTUSERS
```

Handshake

Upon initial connection, for security reasons, to prevent fingerprinting, a handshake must be responded to with the official key.

The default handshake is:

```
SERVER: MESSWITHTHEBEST  
CLIENT: DIELIKETHEREST
```

That is, the first byte the server sends is \x80\x01MESSWITHTHEBEST xor'd with \x31

Sequence

The second byte is always the sequence byte. This byte must be present and correct or the server will end the connection.

The sequence counter is increased on each communication. For example:

```
client -> seq 3 HELP  
server <- seq 4 prints help  
client -> seq 5 VERSION  
server <- seq 6 print version
```

Commands

You control who can issue which commands in the config file. Available commands are:

- **ADDUSER**
- **COMMANDS**
- **DELUSER**
- **HELP**

- **LISTUSERS**
- **LOGON**
- **MOTD**
- **SHELLCMD**
- **VERSION**
- **PLAYING**
- **LISTSHOWS**
- **CHANGESHOW**

Users

Users can log on with the **LOGON user/password** command.

UserIDs must follow the following rules:

- UserIDs are three characters long
- They must begin with an @
- The next two characters are either a number or a letter

If the username does not exist then ARPS will return `xxx is not a valid USER`. If the password is invalid it will return `Invalid PASSWORD`

When a user logs on successfully they will be presented with the message: "@xx is logged on"

Passwords

Passwords can be any length. When new accounts are created the default password is `<short month>@<four number year>`. e.g. `mar@1989`