Different Tastes of Entities:

Investigating Human Label Variation in Named Entity Annotations



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Introduction

- We study Human Label Variation (HLV) (Plank, 2022) in expert-annotated NE data in 3 languages: English, Danish, Bavarian;
- HLV among iterative published revisions vs. independent annotators;
- Text ambiguity and guideline change dominate HLV;
- Student-surveyed annotations help distributional analyses.

Related Work

Human Label Variation (HLV)

- Linguistically debatable cases where multiple labels are acceptable;
- Gives insights into label distribution and annotators' preferences;
- No HLV analysis on expert-labeled NEs.

Noise in NE datasets

- Noise in original English CoNLL 2003 data (Tjong Kim Sang and De Meulder, 2003) \geq error rates of SOTA models;
- Multiple revisions: conllpp (Wang et al., 2019), reiss (Reiss et al., 2020), and clean (Rücker and Akbik, 2023);
- Many are guideline updates, and 2.34% entities remain ambiguous.

Dataset & Preprocessing

- English: Manually align test tokens of original, conllpp, reiss, and clean -- 46,738 tokens and 5,629, 5,683, 5,636, 5,725 NEs;
- Danish: plank's (Plank et al., 2020) test annotation on DDT and hvingelby's (Hvingelby et al., 2020) re-annotation;531 & 564 NEs;
- **Bavarian**: disagreements between two annotators; \sim 400 NEs.

Entity-level Disagreements

Four disagreement types (adapted Reiss et al. 2020's error types):

- Tag: same span but different tags, e.g., [a b]LOC vs. [a b]ORG;
- Span: diff. overlapping spans but same tag, $[a \ b]_{LOC}$ vs. $[a]_{LOC} \ b$;
- Both: overlapping spans with diff. tags, [a b]LOC vs. [a]ORG b;
- Missing: one annotator misses the entity, $[a \ b]_{LOC}$ vs. $a \ b$.

Tag and Missing are prevalent -- see Figure 1

- Five paired comparisons: EN original-clean, conllpp-clean, reiss-clean, DA plank-hvingelby, and BAR annotators;
- Tag contributes most to English revisions;
- Danish and Bavarian contain more Missing;
- Tag+Missing accounts for 85%+ disagreements in all comparisons.

Top 5 disagreed label pairs in Tag+Missing -- see Figure 2

- LOC-ORG, O-MISC, ORG-MISC most frequent (70%+) in English;
- Most (80%+) of Danish concern MISC;
- Missing (O) donate the majority (70%+) to Bavarian.

Sources of Disagreements

Three sources (adapted Jiang and de Marneffe 2022):

- Text ambiguity: uncertainty in sentence meaning with(out) context;
- Guideline update: NE type definitions vary across guideline versions;
- Annotator error: attention slip or knowledge gap errors.

Case study setup

- Manually annotated a small sample of disagreed NE pairs;
- EN: 200 original-clean test; all in DA (118) & BAR (64) test;
- IAA (Kappa) on 50 original-clean NEs: 61.73%.

Observations -- see Table 1

- Difficult: lack of information as annotator error or text ambiguity;
- EN: most (80.0%) are guideline update: clean is more context-free;
- DA: 52.5% guideline updates, e.g., LOC/MISC; and annotator errors;
- BAR: 67.2% annotator error; but acceptable by some EN guidelines.

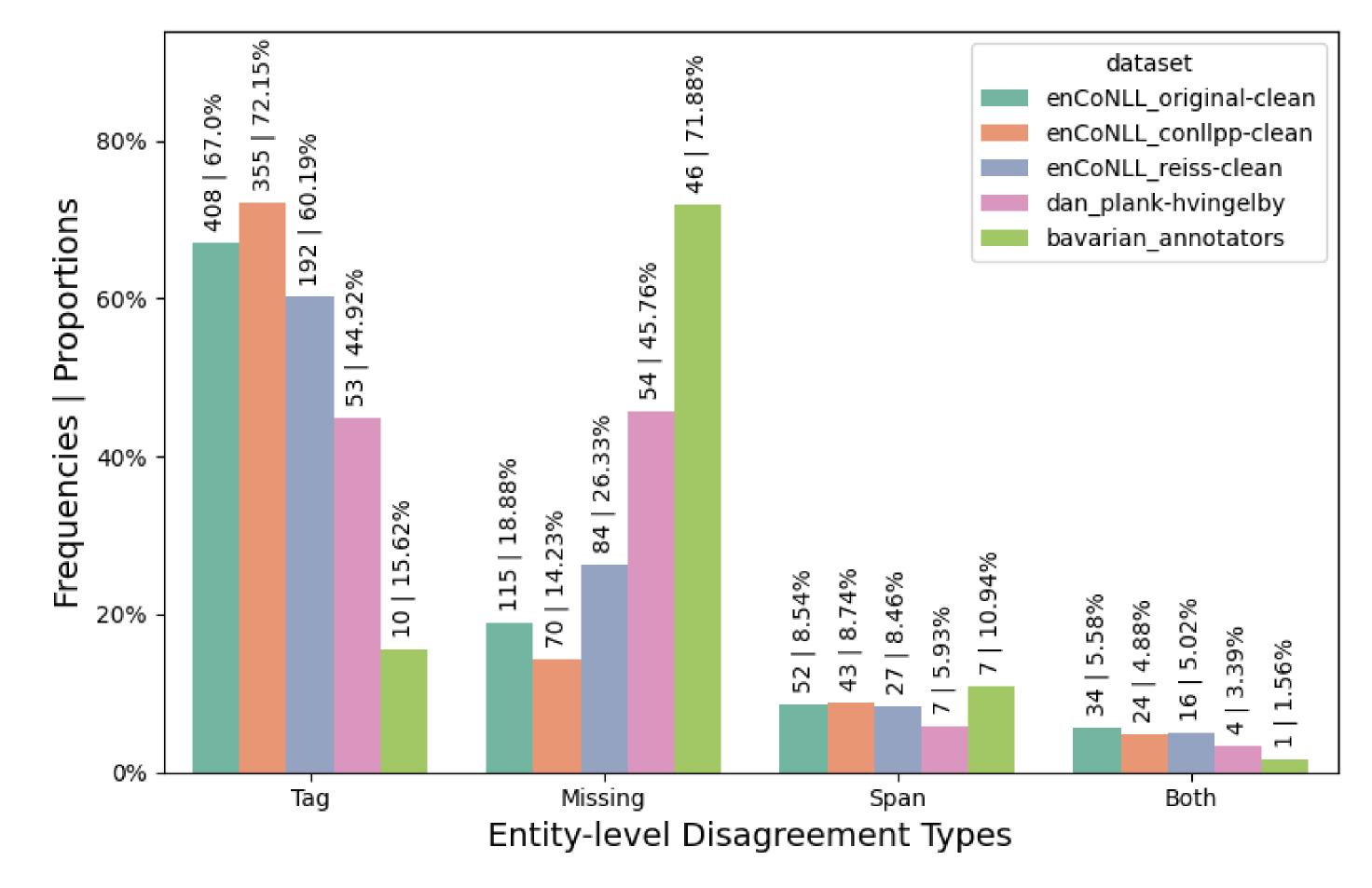


Figure 1: Proportion of entity-level disagreements.

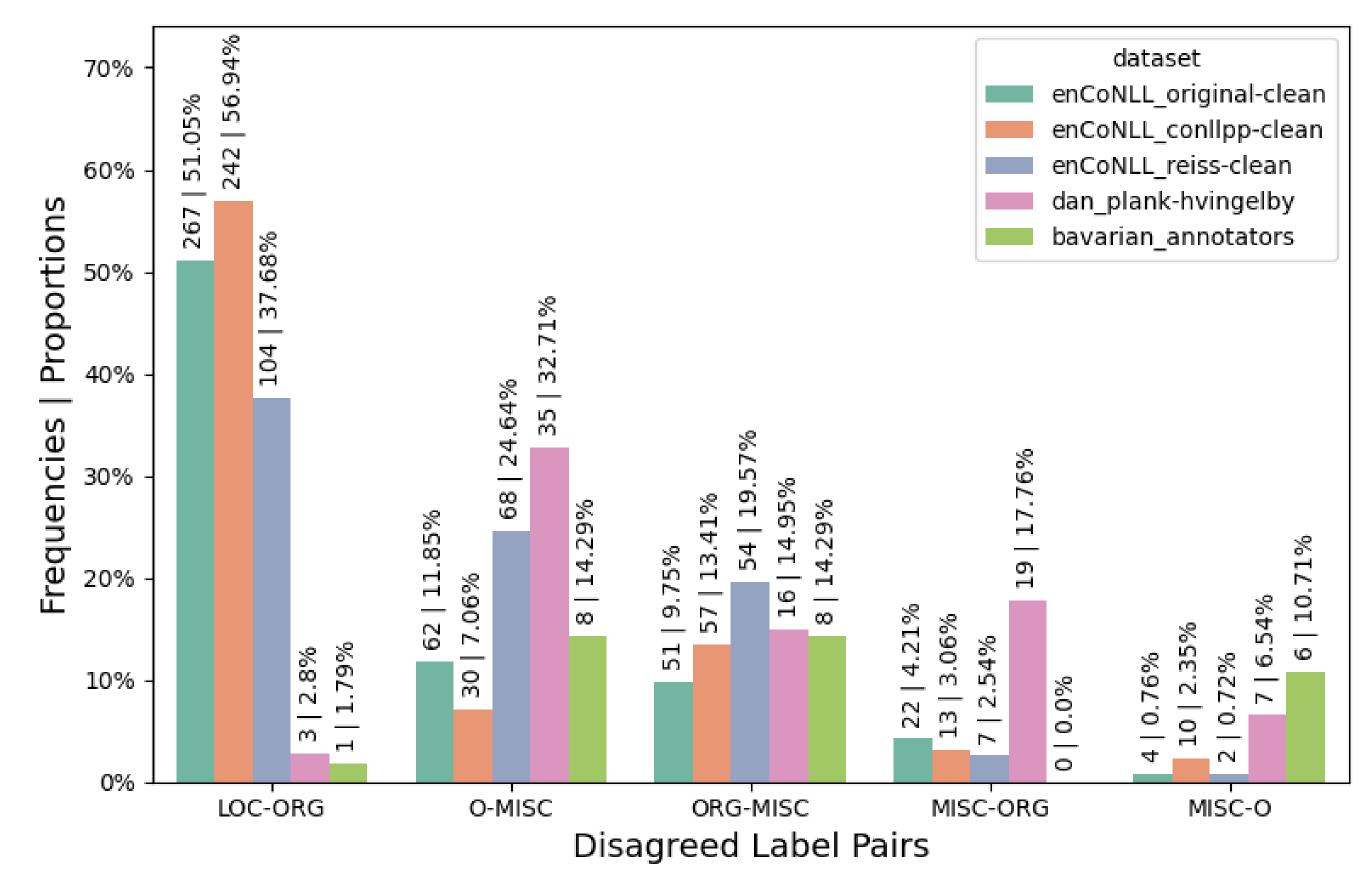


Figure 2: Proportions of top 5 label pairs in Tag and Missing.

Source types	English		Danish		Bavarian	
text ambiguity	19	9.5%	7	6.0%	10	15.6%
guideline update	160	80.0%	62	52.5%	11	17.2%
annotator error	21	10.5%	49	41.5%	43	67.2%
Total	200	100.0%	118	100.0%	64	100.0%

Table 1: Distributions of sources of disagreements.

Student Surveyed Annotations

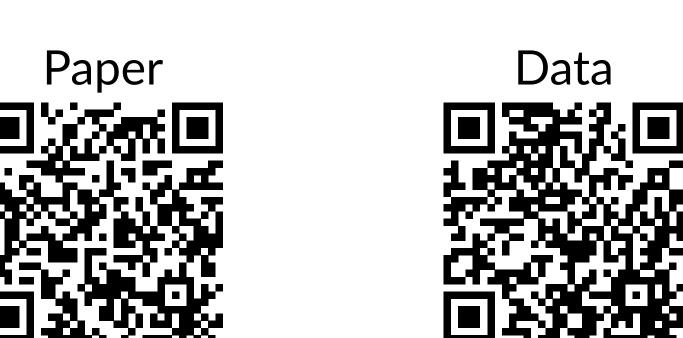
- 27 student-surveyed annotations on EN and BAR;
- Label variation is prevalent in student-surveyed annotations.

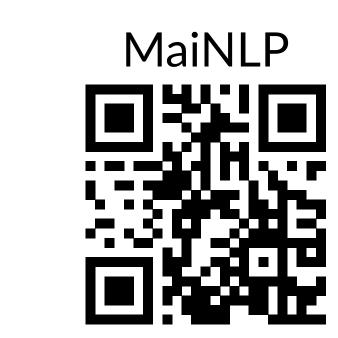
Sentence	PER	Γ OC	ORG	MISC	0
a. UK bookmakers [William Hill]					
b. [ALPINE] SKIING				_	
c that there is no [God].					

Table 2: Distribution of student-surveyed annotations.

Future Work

- Conducting much larger scale student-surveyed annotations to get statistically meaningful NE distributions for NER models;
- Separating valid label variations from true annotation mistakes;
- Remedying conflicts among versions of annotation guidelines.





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