## Writing Chemical Equations & Calculations in MS Word

## 1. Balanced Chemical Equations

A strong acid/base is one that fully dissociates in solution, e.g.:

$$HCl \rightarrow H^+ + Cl^-$$

$$H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 2H^+ + SO_4^{2-}$$

$$NaOH \rightarrow Na^+ + OH^-$$

A weak acid/base only partially dissociates in solution, e.g.:

$$CH_3COOH \rightleftharpoons CH_3COO^- + H^+$$

$$NH_3 + H_2O \rightleftharpoons NH_4^+ + OH^-$$

## 2. Worked Calculations

## Question

23.1 cm<sup>3</sup> of a solution of hydrochloric acid neutralised 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of a 0.05 M solution of sodium carbonate. Calculate the molarity of the hydrochloric acid solution.

$$Na_2CO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow 2NaCl + H_2O + CO_2$$

Let HCl be reagent a: then  $M_a = ?$ ,  $V_a = 23.1 \text{ cm}^3$  and a = 2.

Let  $Na_2CO_3$  be reagent b: then  $M_b=0.05~M,\,V_b=25~cm^3$  and b=1.

Using the formula:

$$\frac{M_a V_a}{a} = \frac{M_b V_b}{b}$$

then:

$$\frac{M_a \times 23.1}{2} = \frac{0.05 \times 25}{1}$$

$$\frac{M_a \times 23.1}{2} = 1.25$$

$$M_a \times 23.1 = 2.5$$

$$M_a = 0.108 \text{ M}$$