Exercises Sequences

Exercise 1.

Simplify the following expressions:

- 1. $\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle \cap \langle \rangle$
- 2. $dom\langle a, b, c \rangle$
- 3. $ran\langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle$
- 4. $\{a \mapsto 2, b \mapsto 3, c \mapsto 1\}^{\sim}$
- 5. dom($\langle 1, 2 \rangle \cap \langle 3, 4 \rangle$)
- 6. $\{1\} \lhd (tail(\langle a, b, c \rangle))$
- 7. dom $(front(\langle 1, 3, 5, 7 \rangle))^{\sim}$
- 8. head (tail (tail ($\langle 1,7,9,2,2\rangle \ ^{\frown} \langle 2,4,5\rangle)$))
- 9. $last\ (tail\ (\langle\ \langle\ \rangle, \langle 1\rangle, \langle 1, 2\rangle, \langle 1, 2, 3\rangle, \langle 1, 2, 3, 4\rangle\ \rangle\)\)\ ^{\ }\langle 1, 2\rangle$
- 10. $squash (3..5 \triangleleft \langle a, b, c, d, e, f \rangle)$
- 11. $squash (dom(\langle a, b, c \rangle) \triangleleft (rev (\langle 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 \rangle)))$

Exercise 2.

Given a sequence of natural numbers :

$$s:\operatorname{seq}\mathbb{N}$$

Write down a predicate that is true the numbers in the sequence are in ascending order (i.e. increasing from left to right).

Exercise 3.

Write a Z expression for the number of occurrences of a natural number n in a sequence of natural numbers s.

Exercise 4.

Write a Z predicate which states that a given sequence of characters s is a palindrome, i.e. it spells the same backwards as forwards.

Exercise 5.

Given the following

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 \begin{array}{ll} [CHAR] & the set of all characters \\ s: {\rm seq} \ CHAR \end{array}
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Write an expression for s' where s' has the following value: (s' should be a sequence)

- 1. s with elements at positions 2 to 4 (inclusive) deleted.
- 2. s with all occurrences of the character f deleted.
- 3. s with the sequence $\langle a,b,c\rangle$ inserted after position 3. (You may assume that # s is at least 3).