# Exercises and Solutions Sequences

### Exercise 1.

Simplify the following expressions:

- 1.  $\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle \cap \langle \rangle$
- 2.  $dom\langle a, b, c \rangle$
- 3.  $ran\langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle$
- 4.  $\{a \mapsto 2, b \mapsto 3, c \mapsto 1\}^{\sim}$
- 5. dom( $\langle 1, 2 \rangle \cap \langle 3, 4 \rangle$ )
- 6.  $\{1\} \triangleleft (tail(\langle a, b, c \rangle))$
- 7.  $dom(front(\langle 1, 3, 5, 7 \rangle))^{\sim}$
- 8. head ( tail ( tail (  $\langle 1,7,9,2,2\rangle \cap \langle 2,4,5\rangle)$  ) )
- 9.  $last\ (tail\ (\langle\ \langle\ \rangle,\langle 1\rangle,\langle 1,2\rangle,\langle 1,2,3\rangle,\langle 1,2,3,4\rangle\ \rangle\ )\ )\ ^{\ }\langle 1,2\rangle$
- 10.  $squash (3..5 \triangleleft \langle a, b, c, d, e, f \rangle)$
- 11.  $squash (dom(\langle a, b, c \rangle) \triangleleft (rev (\langle 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 \rangle)))$

### Exercise 2.

Given a sequence of natural numbers :

$$s: \operatorname{seq} \mathbb{N}$$

Write down a predicate that is true the numbers in the sequence are in ascending order (i.e. increasing from left to right).

### Exercise 3.

Write a Z expression for the number of occurences of a natural number n in a sequence of natural numbers s.

### Exercise 4.

Write a Z predicate which states that a given sequence of characters s is a palindrome, i.e. it spells the same backwards as forwards.

### Exercise 5.

Given the following

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 \begin{array}{ll} [CHAR] & the set of all characters \\ s: \operatorname{seq} CHAR \end{array}
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Write an expression for s' where s' has the following value: (s' should be a sequence)

- 1. s with elements at positions 2 to 4 (inclusive) deleted.
- 2. s with all occurrences of the character f deleted.
- 3. s with the sequence  $\langle a,b,c\rangle$  inserted after position 3. (You may assume that # s is at least 3).

# Solutions

# Solution 1.

- 1.  $\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle \cap \langle \rangle$  $\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$
- 2.  $dom\langle a, b, c \rangle$   $\{1, 2, 3\}$
- 3. ran(1, 1, 2)  $\{1, 2\}$
- $4. \ \{a\mapsto 2, b\mapsto 3, c\mapsto 1\}^{\,\sim} \\ \langle c, a, b\rangle$
- 5. dom( $\langle 1, 2 \rangle \cap \langle 3, 4 \rangle$ )  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
- 6.  $\{1\} \lhd (tail(\langle a, b, c \rangle)$  $\{1 \mapsto b\}$
- 7.  $dom(front(\langle 1, 3, 5, 7 \rangle)) \sim \{1, 3, 5\}$
- 8. head ( tail ( tail ( $\langle 1,7,9,2,2\rangle \cap \langle 2,4,5\rangle)$  ) )
- 9. last (tail (\langle \langle \rangle, \langle 1\rangle, \langle 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2 \rangle \langle 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2 \rangle
- 10. squash ( 3..5  $\lhd \langle a,b,c,d,e,f \rangle$  )  $\langle c,d,e,f \rangle$
- 11. squash (  $\mathrm{dom}(\langle a,b,c\rangle) \lhd (rev~(\langle 2,3,4,6,8\rangle~)~)~)~\langle 3,2\rangle$

### Solution 2.

$$\forall i : \operatorname{dom} s \bullet s(i) \leq s(i+1)$$

### Solution 4.

$$s = rev(s)$$

## Solution 5.

- 1.  $s' = squash(2..4 \leqslant s)$
- 2.  $s' = squash(s \Rightarrow \{f\})$
- 3.  $s' = 1..3 \triangleleft s \cap \langle a, b, c \rangle \cap squash(4.. \# s \triangleleft s)$