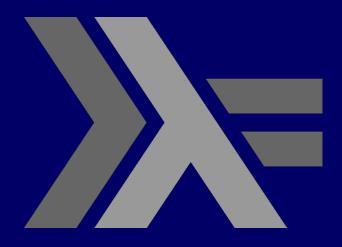
PROGRAMMING IN HASKELL

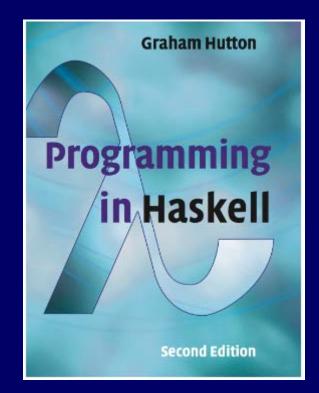


Chapter 1 - Introduction

Book Title

This course(including slides) is largely based on the book:

Programming in Haskell, Graham Hutton, 2nd Ed, Cambridge University Press, ISBN 978-1-316-62622-1.



What is a Functional Language?

Opinions differ, and it is difficult to give a precise definition, but generally speaking:

- Functional programming is <u>style</u> of programming in which the basic method of computation is the application of functions to arguments;
- A functional language is one that <u>supports</u> and <u>encourages</u> the functional style.

Example

Summing the integers 1 to 10 in Java:

```
int total = 0;
for (int i = 1; i ≤ 10; i++)
  total = total + i;
```

The computation method is variable assignment.

Example

Summing the integers 1 to 10 in Haskell:

sum [1..10]

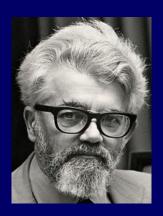
The computation method is <u>function application</u>.

1930s:



Alonzo Church develops the <u>lambda calculus</u>, a simple but powerful theory of functions.

1950s:



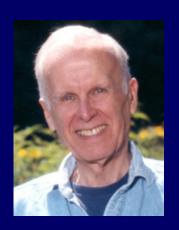
John McCarthy develops <u>Lisp</u>, the first functional language, with some influences from the lambda calculus, but retaining variable assignments.

1960s:



Peter Landin develops <u>ISWIM</u>, the first *pure* functional language, based strongly on the lambda calculus, with no assignments.

1970s:



John Backus develops <u>FP</u>, a functional language that emphasizes *higher-order* functions and reasoning about programs.

1970s:



Robin Milner and others develop ML, the first modern functional language, which introduced *type inference* and *polymorphic types*.

1970s - 1980s:



David Turner develops a number of *lazy* functional languages, culminating in the <u>Miranda</u> system.

1987:



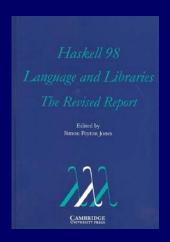
An international committee starts the development of <u>Haskell</u>, a standard lazy functional language.

1990s:



Phil Wadler and others develop type classes and monads, two of the main innovations of Haskell.

2003:



The committee publishes the <u>Haskell Report</u>, defining a stable version of the language; an updated version was published in 2010.

2010-date:



Standard distribution, library support, new language features, development tools, use in industry, influence on other languages, etc.

A Taste of Haskell

