



REORDER PREDICTIONS: MARKET BASED ANALYSIS OF INSTACART ORDERS

Maithili Joshi



WHAT IS INSTACART

Grocery delivery service

Founded in 2012

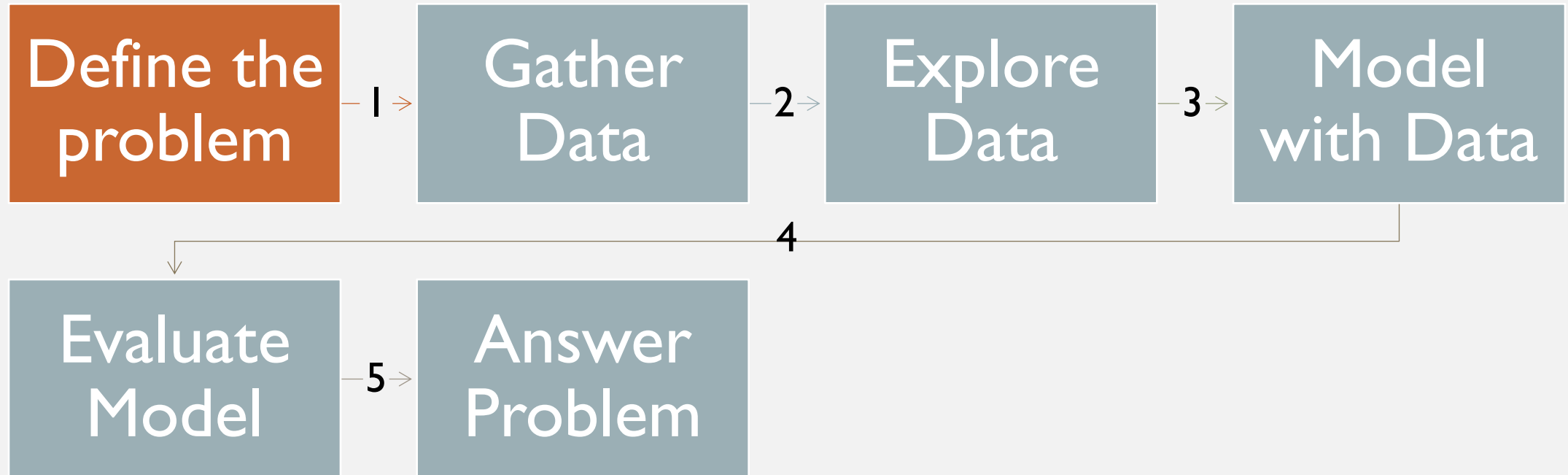
50k Shoppers

20k Stores

Serves 5500 cities

Valued at \$7.6 billion

DATA SCIENCE PROCESS



THE PROBLEM

- “In this competition, Instacart is challenging the Kaggle community to use this anonymized data on customer orders over time to predict which previously purchased products will be in a user’s next order.”
- Classification problem
- Evaluation metric is the F1 score

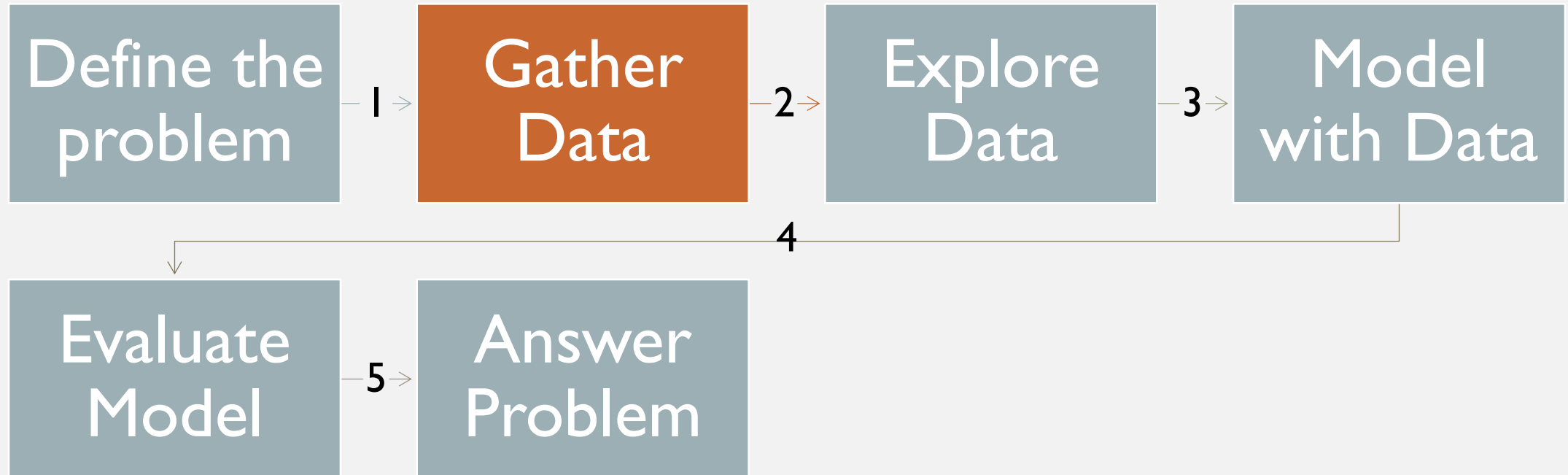
F1 SCORE

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{\text{True Positive}}{\text{True Positive} + \text{False Positive}}$$

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{\text{True Positive}}{\text{True Positive} + \text{False Negative}}$$

$$F1 = 2 \times \frac{\text{Precision} * \text{Recall}}{\text{Precision} + \text{Recall}}$$

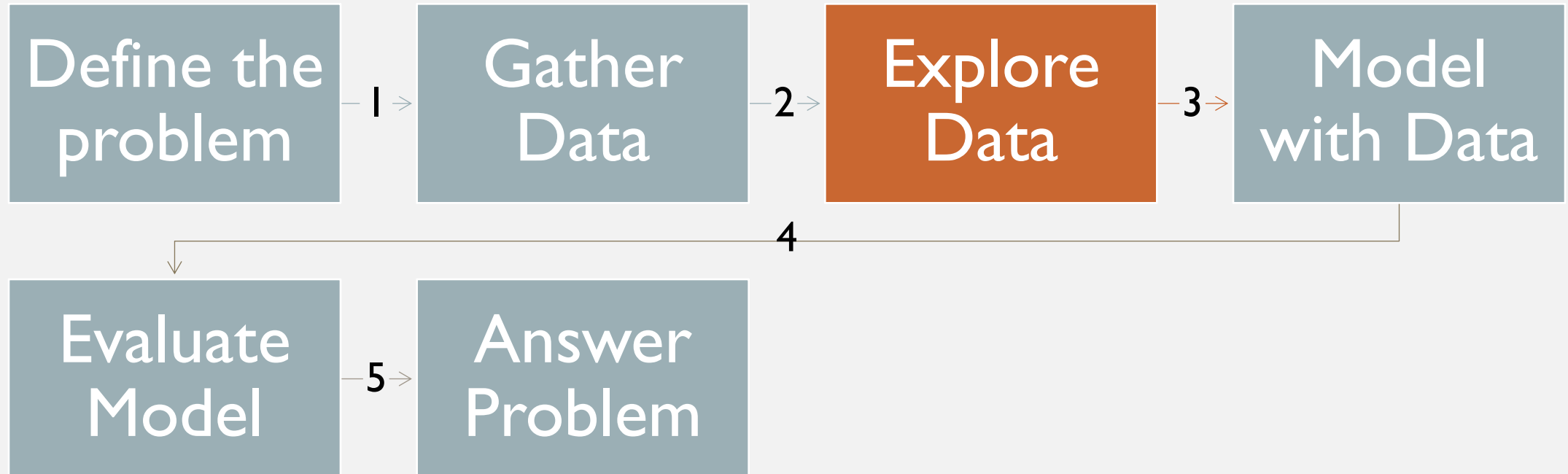
DATA SCIENCE PROCESS

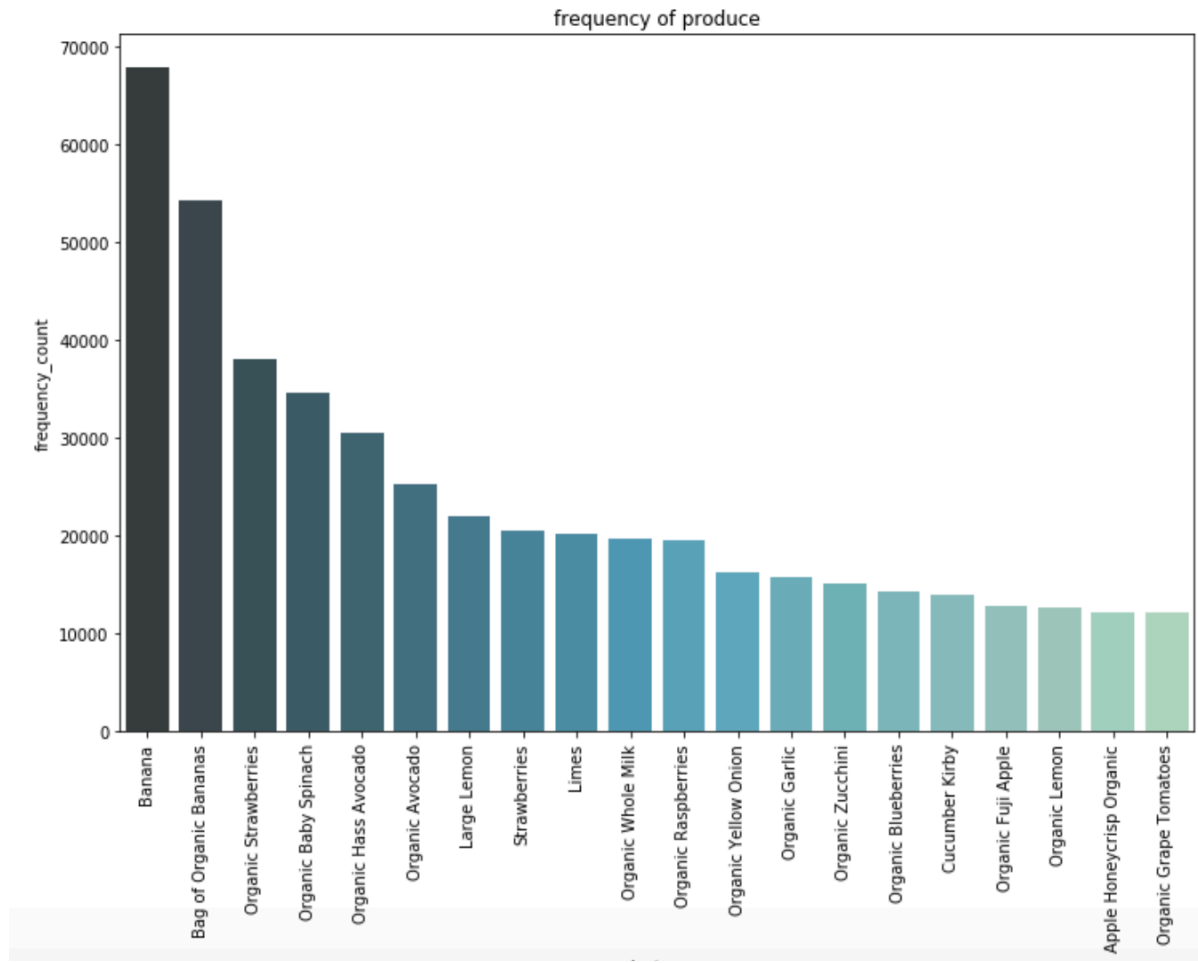


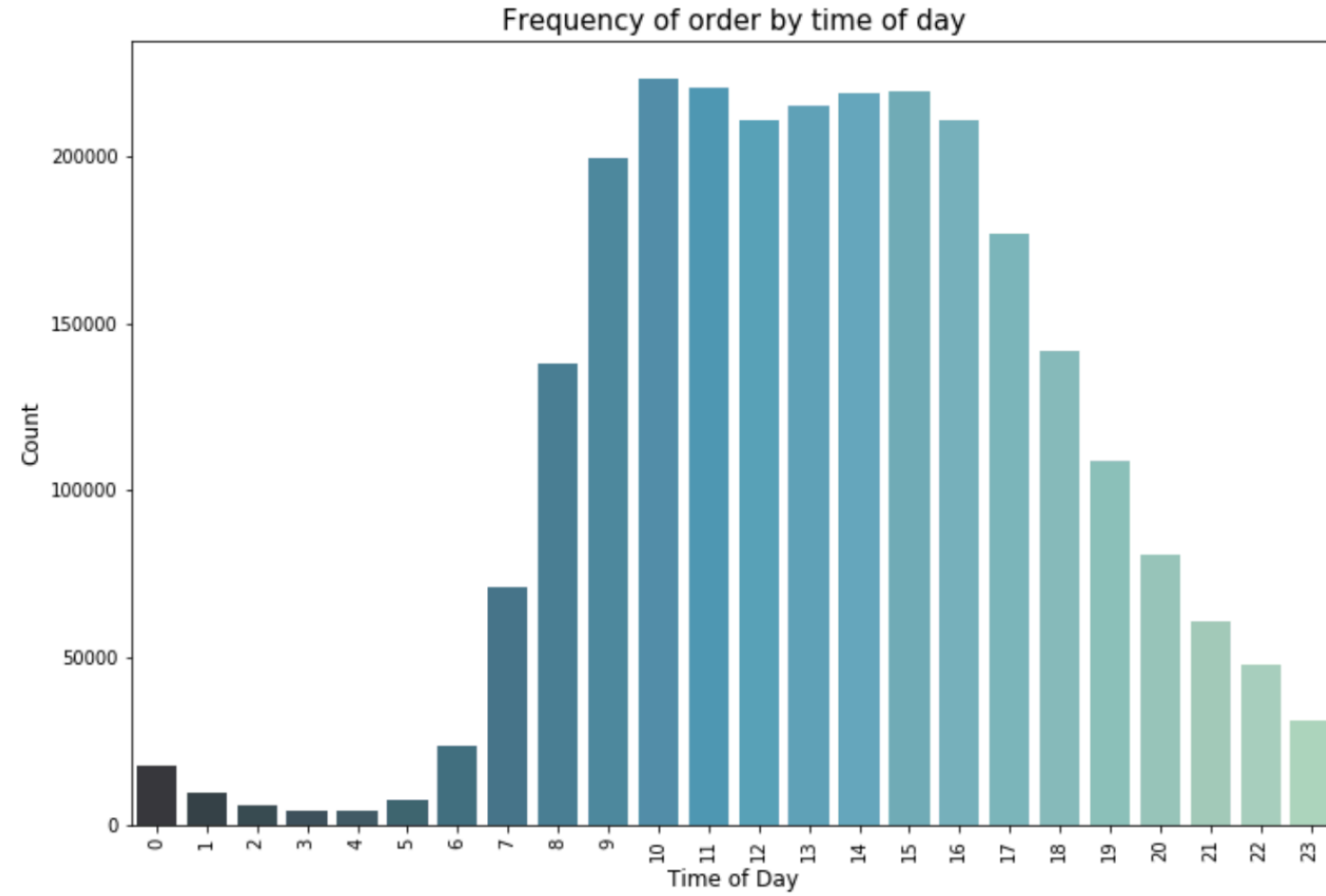
THE DATA

- sample of > 3 million grocery orders from > 200,000 Instacart users
- Aisles
- Departments
- Products
- Orders
- Orders_prior
- Orders_train

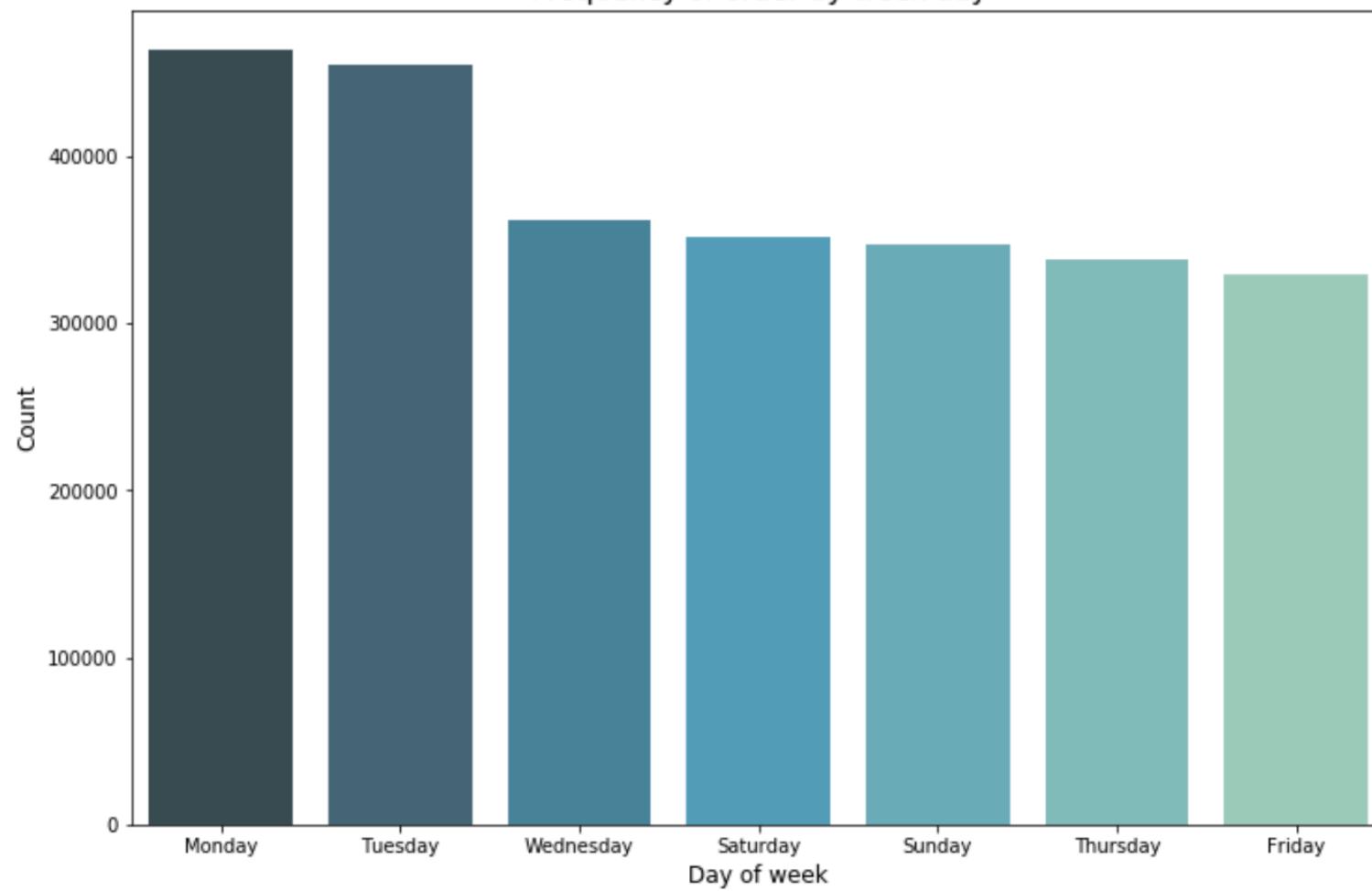
DATA SCIENCE PROCESS

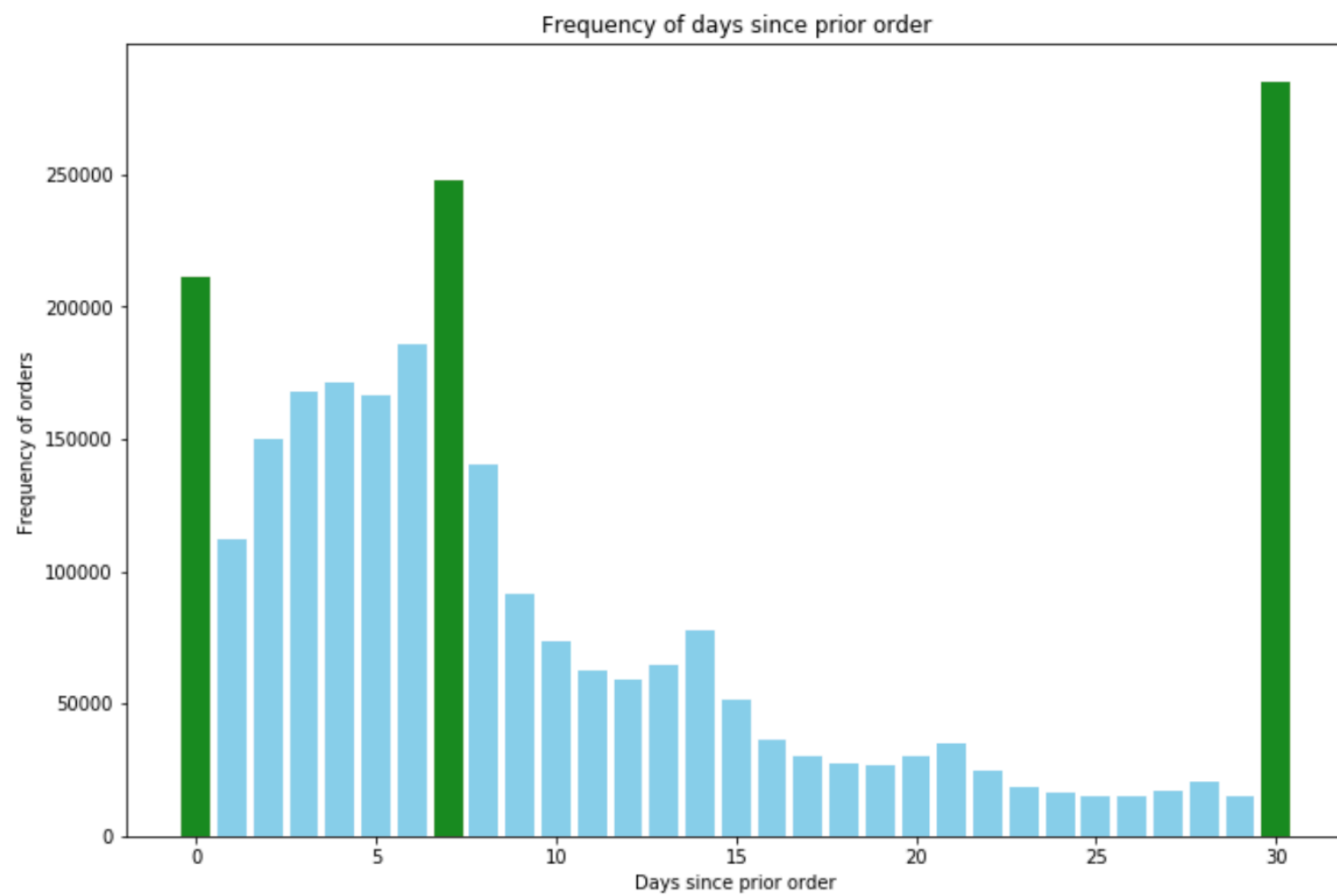


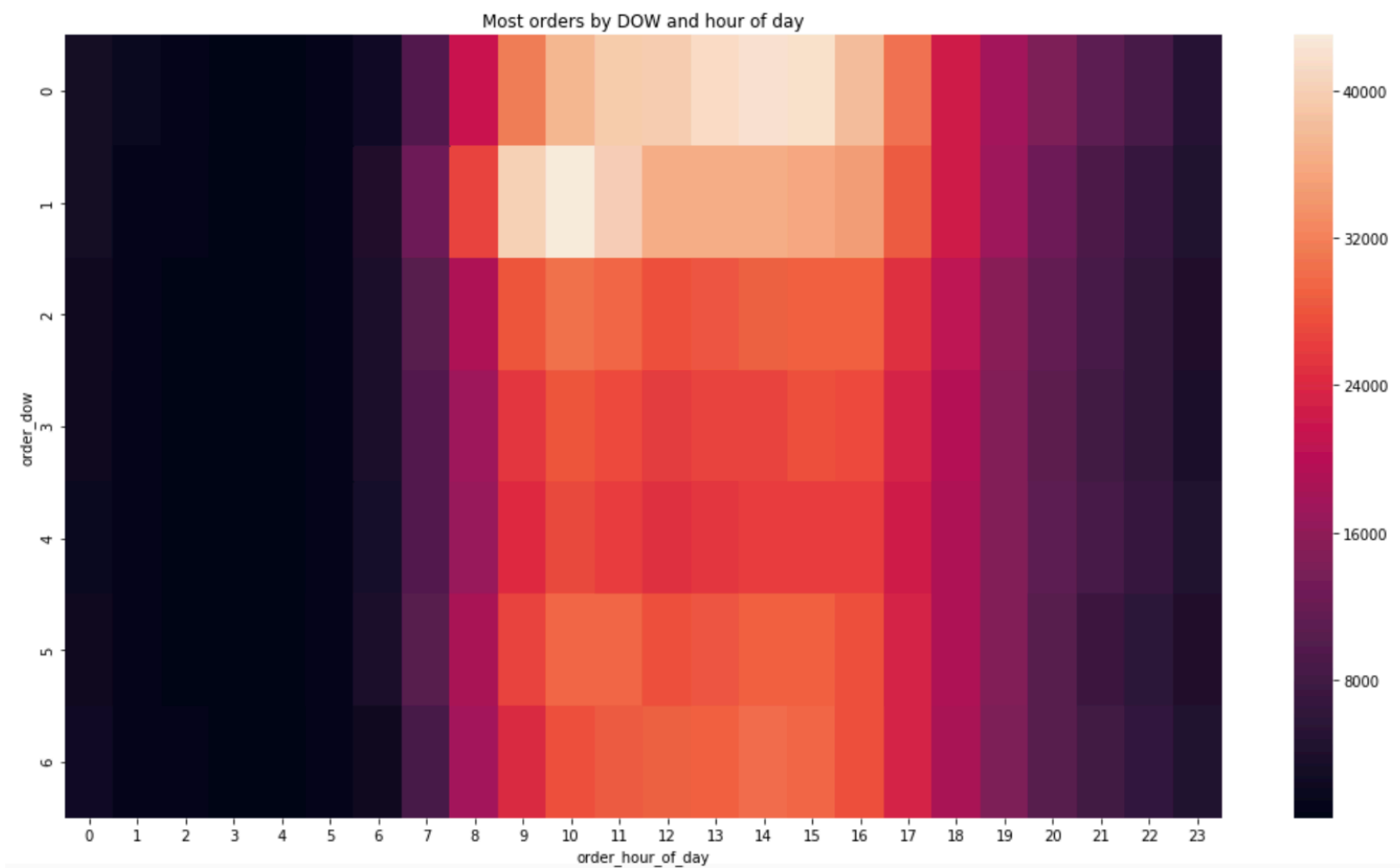




Frequency of order by week day







FEATURE ENGINEERING

Created features based
on user behavior



Features created:

Average
orders

Average
orders during
the day of
week

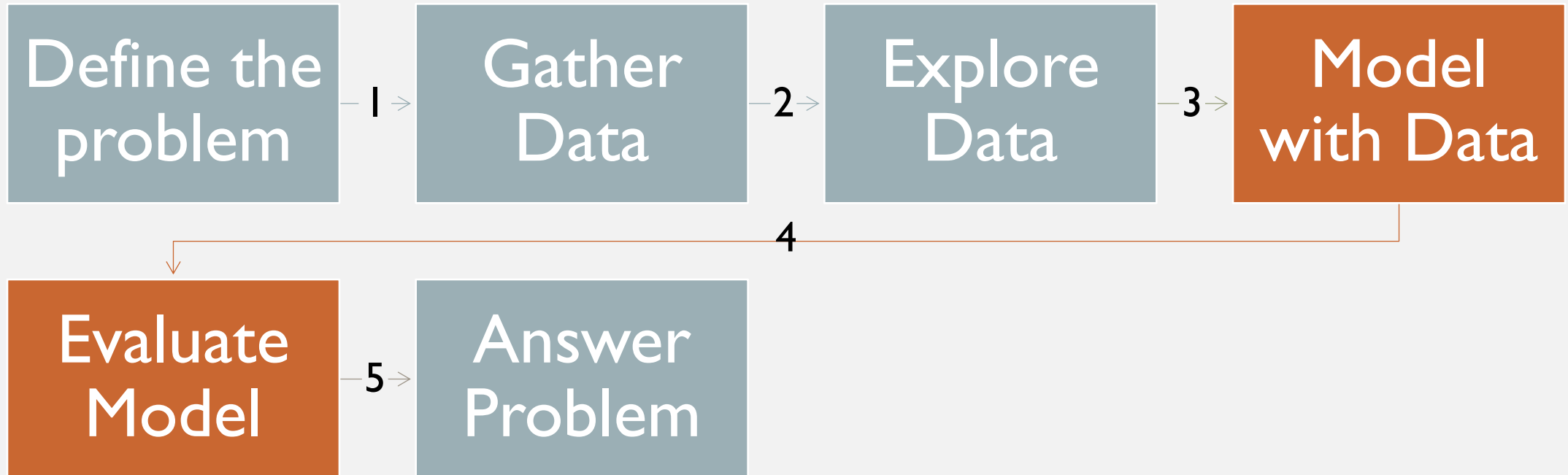
Average
orders of the
hour

Weekend or
not weekend

Rate of
reordering

Aisle,
Department,
and Product
'categories'

DATA SCIENCE PROCESS



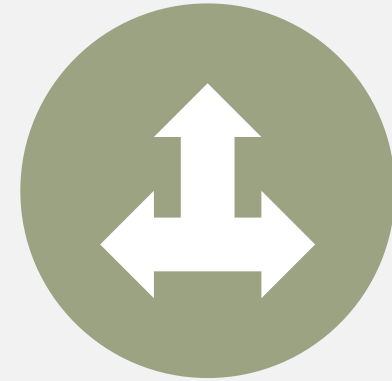
3 MODELS



LOGISTIC
REGRESSION



RANDOM FORESTS



XGBOOST



59%

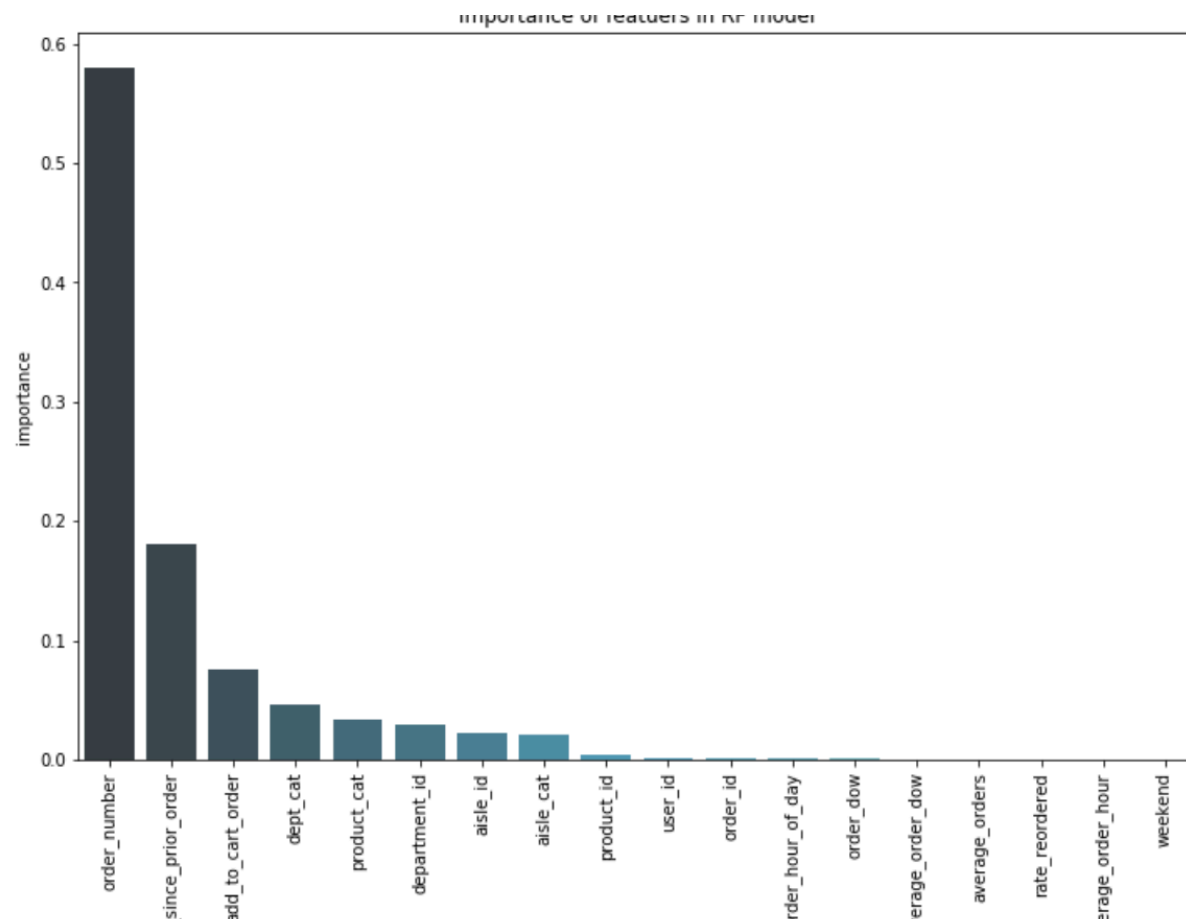
- Baseline accuracy score

LOGISTIC REGRESSION

- F1 Score = 75.78%
- Why?
 - Classic regression
 - Ease of interpretability
 - Why not

RANDOM FORESTS

```
1 rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 30,  
2                             max_depth = 11,  
3                             max_features = 6,  
4                             random_state = 42)  
5
```



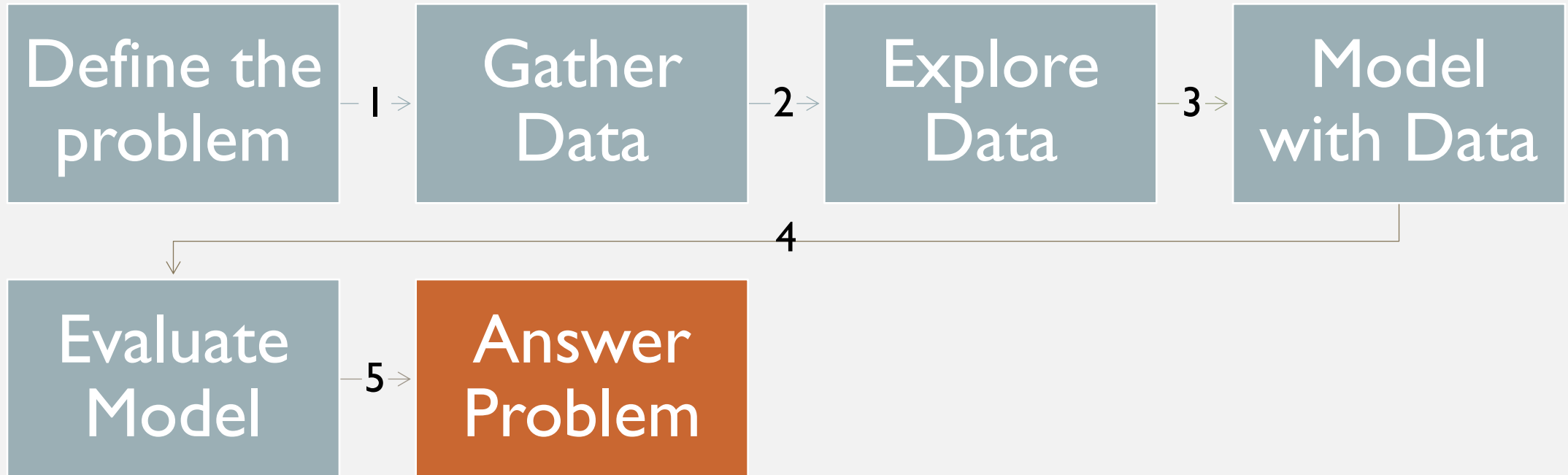
RANDOM
FORESTS

XG BOOST

- F1 score = 80%

```
1 xg = XGBClassifier(max_depth = 12,  
2                     min_child_weight= 3,  
3                     random_state=42)  
4  
5 xg.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)  
6  
7 y_pred = xg.predict(X_test_sc)
```

DATA SCIENCE PROCESS



THE PROBLEM

- “In this competition, Instacart is challenging the Kaggle community to use this anonymized data on customer orders over time to predict which previously purchased products will be in a user’s next order.”

RECOMMENDER SYSTEM

```
1 recommend_df['Soda'].sort_values()[1:11]
```

product_name	
#2 Coffee Filters	1.0
Original Acai Juice	1.0
Original 7\" Pizza Crusts	1.0
Original 7 Grain Sea Salt Pita Crisps	1.0
Original 7 Grain Crackers	1.0
Original 5-Cheese Pizza	1.0
Original 120 count Fabric Enhancers Dryer Sheets	1.0
Original 100% Vegetable Juice	1.0
Original 100% Pure No Pulp Orange Juice	1.0
Original 100% Orange Juice with Calcium & Vitamin D	1.0

- By product ID and whether or not it was re-ordered:

NEXT STEPS

- More product features
- More order features
- Words2Vec
 - Creating a more accurate recommender system

THANK YOU

RESOURCES

- <https://www.kaggle.com/c/instacart-market-basket-analysis>
- <https://deepai.org/machine-learning-glossary-and-terms/f-score>
- <https://medium.com/syncedreview/tree-boosting-with-xgboost-why-does-xgboost-win-every-machine-learning-competition-ca8034c0b283>