# PROJECT 1

## **HASHING**

## CSCI 230 DATA STRUCTURE II

## **MAI PHAM**

# DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT MAC OS (xCode)

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### **PROJECT STATUS**

#### **OBJECTIVE:**

❖ Define and implement three hashing schemes (separate chaining, linear hashing, and double hashing) using the large given text file with the load factor of 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, and 0.90.

#### **SUMMARY:**

❖ I was really struggling and confused on what and how to do this project for days. Even when I got something to output, I was unable to tell if the result is correct or not or what the expecting result should be. Until, I finally decided to put aside the coding part and implement the hashing by hand, then I start to understand and be able continue working on my code. I think my code works correctly because the output match with the hashing I did by hand for the small text file. However, when I started to implement it on the larger file, my double hashing stopped halfway when inputting the data. I found out because the map uses bidirectional iterator which does not allow multiple increment. The advance function should solve this problem, but somehow it says no function is found. Therefore, I used a for loop instead which did solve my problem.

#### **EXTRA CREDIT:**

❖ I did extra credit 2; create a menu for insert, search, and remove after the initial selection. I'm not sure how much detail or what information need to provide for this extra credit. So, I just did some insertion with new key and existing key which update the value part. I also did some search which tell if the key is in the list or not and remove existing key. I also show the number of probes for each insert, search, and remove as requested, display the new list after all the work, and my program seems to work without a problem.

## **RESULTS & DISCOUSSIONS**

SEPARATE CHAINING						
Load	Table	Average	Max	Number of	Average	Max
Factor	Size	Probes	Probes	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster
0.25	40009	1.0781	3	761	2.01314	3
0.50	20011	1.1976	4	1578	2.12294	4
0.75	13337	1.3242	5	2242	2.20963	5
0.90	11113	1.402	5	2502	2.28098	5
LINEAR HASHING						
Load	Table	Average	Max	Number of	Average	Max
Factor	Size	Probes	Probes	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster
0.25	40009	1.1093	9	2000	2.5815	12
0.50	20011	1.3971	18	2146	3.73719	28
0.75	13337	2.3344	92	1266	7.45182	95
0.90	11113	4.8251	271	519	18.9191	349
DOUBLE HASHING						
Load	Table	Average	Max	Number of	Average	Max
Factor	Size	Probes	Probes	Cluster	Cluster	Cluster
0.25	40009	1.1861	9	1918	2.36861	7
0.50	20011	1.5259	14	2495	2.99639	13
0.75	13337	2.1444	20	1861	5.03009	32
0.90	11113	2.9168	56	905	10.9315	66

I think the result is reasonably correct. Based on book, separate chaining should be the most efficient hashing which can see here on the chart. As for the open addressing, the double hashing is a better choice compare to the linear hashing. Also, the chart allows us to see that as load factor decrease, the bigger the table size is, allow a smaller number of probes and cluster size.

## **OUTPUT FILE**

Please wait....
Reading data from file...

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Ouit

Please choose an option ==> 1 SEPARATE HASHING

\_\_\_\_\_

Load Factor 0.25 Table size: 40009 Total Probes: 10781

Average number of probes: 1.0781

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 3

Number of clusters: 761

Average clusters size: 2.01314

Largest cluster size: 3

Load Factor 0.50 Table size: 20011 Total Probes: 11976

Average number of probes: 1.1976

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 4

Number of clusters: 1578

Average clusters size: 2.12294

Largest cluster size: 4

Load Factor 0.75
Table size: 13337
Total Probes: 13242

Average number of probes: 1.3242

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 5

Number of clusters: 2242

Average clusters size: 2.20963

Largest cluster size: 5

Load Factor 0.90 Table size: 11113 Total Probes: 14020

Average number of probes: 1.402

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 5

Number of clusters: 2502

Average clusters size: 2.28098

Largest cluster size: 5

#### LINEAR HASHING

\_\_\_\_\_

Load Factor 0.25
Table size: 40009
Total Probes: 11093

Average number of probes: 1.1093

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 9

Number of clusters: 2000 Average clusters size: 2.5815 Largest cluster size: 12

Load Factor 0.50 Table size: 20011 Total Probes: 13971

Average number of probes: 1.3971

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 18

Number of clusters: 2146

Average clusters size: 3.73719

Largest cluster size: 28

Load Factor 0.75 Table size: 13337 Total Probes: 23344

Average number of probes: 2.3344

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 92

Number of clusters: 1266

Average clusters size: 7.45182

Largest cluster size: 95

Load Factor 0.90 Table size: 11113 Total Probes: 48251

Average number of probes: 4.8251

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 271

Number of clusters: 519

Average clusters size: 18.9191

Largest cluster size: 349

#### **DOUBLING HASHING**

\_\_\_\_\_

Load Factor 0.25
Table size: 40009
Total Probes: 11861

Average number of probes: 1.1861

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 9

Number of clusters: 1918 Average clusters size: 2.36861

Largest cluster size: 7

Load Factor 0.50 Table size: 20011 Total Probes: 15259 Average number of probes: 1.5259

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 14

Number of clusters: 2495

Average clusters size: 2.99639

Largest cluster size: 13

Load Factor 0.75 Table size: 13337 Total Probes: 21444

Average number of probes: 2.1444

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 20

Number of clusters: 1861

Average clusters size: 5.03009

Largest cluster size: 32

Load Factor 0.90 Table size: 11113 Total Probes: 29168

Average number of probes: 2.9168

Maximum number of probes for worst case: 56

Number of clusters: 905

Average clusters size: 10.9315

Largest cluster size: 66

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Quit

Please choose an option ==> 6 Thank you for using my program. Program ended with exit code: 0

#### EXTRA CREDIT

Please wait....

Reading data from file...

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Quit

Please choose an option ==> 2
Please enter the key: 13
Please enter the value: hello
It cost 1 probe(s) for this work
Insert completed.

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Quit

Please choose an option ==> 2 Please enter the key: 28 Please enter the value: world It cost 2 probe(s) for this work Insert completed.

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Ouit

Please choose an option ==> 3 Please enter the search key: 37 It cost 1 probe(s) for this work 37 is in the list with value 73

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Quit

Please choose an option ==> 3
Please enter the search key: 22
It cost 1 probe(s) for this work
22 is not in the list

#### Menu

- 1. Display Hashing
- 2. Insert new key/value
- 3. Search for key/value
- 4. Remove a key/value
- 5. Display the list
- 6. Quit

Please choose an option ==> 4
Please enter the key to remove: 5
It cost 1 probe(s) for this work
Remove completed.

#### Menu

1. Display Hashing

```
2. Insert new key/value
3. Search for key/value
4. Remove a key/value
5. Display the list
6. Quit
Please choose an option ==> 5
Print all entries (chain map)
(28, world)
(13, hello)
(37,73)
(15,51)
(21, 12)
Menu
1. Display Hashing
2. Insert new key/value
3. Search for key/value
4. Remove a key/value
5. Display the list
6. Ouit
Please choose an option ==> 6
Thank you for using my program.
Program ended with exit code: 0
```

## **SOURCE CODE**

```
Main.cpp
Note: Does not include Entry.h
//
// main.cpp
// Project 1
// Created by Mai Pham on 3/14/18.
// Copyright © 2018 Mai Pham. All rights reserved.
//
#include "ChainHashing.h"
#include "LinearHashing.h"
#include "DoubleHashing.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int tableSize(int num, double lf);
bool isPrime(int n);
int main()
    int size, key, menu;
    string value;
    int lf25, lf50, lf75, lf90;
```

```
ifstream myReadList;
myReadList.open("p1large.txt");
if(!myReadList.is open())
    cout << "No text file found. " << endl:</pre>
// read in # of entries
myReadList >> size;
// get prime # for table size base on load factor
lf25 = tableSize(size, 0.25);
lf50 = tableSize(size, 0.50);
lf75 = tableSize(size, 0.75);
lf90 = tableSize(size, 0.90);
// a (int, string) map with (table size)
HashMap<int, string> ChainMap1(lf25);
HashMap<int, string> ChainMap2(lf50);
HashMap<int. string> ChainMap3(lf75);
HashMap<int, string> ChainMap4(lf90);
LHashMap<int, string> LinearMap1(lf25);
LHashMap<int, string> LinearMap2(lf50);
LHashMap<int, string> LinearMap3(lf75);
LHashMap<int, string> LinearMap4(lf90);
DHashMap<int, string> DoubleMap1(lf25);
DHashMap<int, string> DoubleMap2(lf50);
DHashMap<int, string> DoubleMap3(lf75);
DHashMap<int, string> DoubleMap4(lf90);
cout << "Please wait...." << endl;</pre>
cout << "Reading data from file..." << endl << endl;</pre>
while (myReadList >> key)
    // read in the key
    // myReadList >> key;
    // convert key to string and reverse it
    value = to_string(key);
    reverse(value.begin(), value.end());
    ChainMap1.put(key, value);
    ChainMap2.put(key, value);
    ChainMap3.put(key, value);
    ChainMap4.put(key, value);
    LinearMap1.put(key, value);
    LinearMap2.put(key, value);
    LinearMap3.put(key, value);
    LinearMap4.put(key, value);
    DoubleMap1.put(key, value);
    DoubleMap2.put(key, value);
    DoubleMap3.put(key, value);
    DoubleMap4.put(key, value);
}
```

```
cout << "Menu" << endl;</pre>
cout << "1. Display Hashing" << endl;</pre>
cout << "2. Insert new key/value" << endl;</pre>
cout << "3. Search for key/value" << endl;</pre>
cout << "4. Remove a key/value" << endl;</pre>
cout << "5. Display the list" << endl;</pre>
cout << "6. Quit" << endl;</pre>
cout << "\nPlease choose an option ==> ";
cin >> menu;
while (menu > 0 && menu < 6){
    switch (menu) {
        case 1: {
            cout << " SEPARATE HASHING" << endl;
            cout << "=======" << endl;
            cout << "Load Factor 0.25 " << endl;</pre>
            ChainMap1.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.50 " << endl;</pre>
            ChainMap2.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.75 " << endl;</pre>
            ChainMap3.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.90 " << endl;</pre>
            ChainMap4.printData();
            cout << "
                        LINEAR HASHING" << endl;
            cout << "========" << endl;
            cout << "Load Factor 0.25 " << endl;</pre>
            LinearMap1.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.50 " << endl;</pre>
            LinearMap2.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.75 " << endl;</pre>
            LinearMap3.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.90 " << endl;</pre>
            LinearMap4.printData();
            cout << "
                              DOUBLING HASHING" << endl;
            cout << "========
            cout << "Load Factor 0.25 " << endl;</pre>
            DoubleMap1.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.50 " << endl;</pre>
            DoubleMap2.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.75 " << endl:</pre>
            DoubleMap3.printData();
            cout << "Load Factor 0.90 " << endl;</pre>
            DoubleMap4.printData();
            break:
        }
        case 2: {
            cout << "Please enter the key: ";</pre>
            cin >> key;
            cout << "Please enter the value: ";</pre>
            cin >> value;
            ChainMap1.put(key, value);
            ChainMap1.printProbes();
```

```
cout << "Insert completed." << endl;</pre>
                 break:
             case 3: {
                 cout << "Please enter the search key: ";</pre>
                 cin >> key;
                 HashMap<int, string>::Iterator s1 = ChainMap1.begin();
                 s1 = ChainMap1.find(key);
                 ChainMap1.printProbes();
                 if (s1 == ChainMap1.end())
                      cout << key << " is not in the list" << endl;</pre>
                 else
                      cout << key << " is in the list with value " <<</pre>
(*s1).value() << endl;
                 break:
             case 4: {
                 cout << "Please enter the key to remove: ";</pre>
                 cin >> kev:
                 ChainMap1.erase(key);
                 ChainMap1.printProbes();
                 cout << "Remove completed." << endl;</pre>
                 break;
             }
             case 5: {
                 cout << "Print all entries (chain map)\n";</pre>
                 HashMap<int, string>::Iterator c1 = ChainMap1.begin();
                 for (\underline{c}1; !(c1 == ChainMap1.end()); ++c1) {
// print all entries
                      cout << "(" << (*c1).key() << "," << (*c1).value() <<
")\n";
                 }
                 /*
                 cout << "RePrint all entries, linear map\n";</pre>
                 for (l1 = LinearMap1.begin(); !(l1 == LinearMap1.end());
++l1) { // print all entries
                      cout << "(" << (*l1).key() << "," << (*l1).value() <<
")\n";
                 }*/
                 break;
             default:
                 break;
        }
        cout << "\nMenu" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "1. Display Hashing" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "2. Insert new key/value" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "3. Search for key/value" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "4. Remove a key/value" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "5. Display the list" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "6. Quit" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "\nPlease choose an option ==> ";
        cin >> menu;
    }
    cout << "Thank you for using my program." << endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
int tableSize(int num, double lf)
    int prime = num/lf+0.5;
    while (isPrime(prime) == false)
        prime++;
    return prime;
}
bool isPrime(int num)
    if (num \ll 3)
        return num > 1;
    else if (num % 2 == 0 || num % 3 == 0)
        return false;
    else {
        for (int i = 5; i * i <= num; i += 6)
            if (num \% i == 0 || num \% (i + 2) == 0)
                return false;
        return true;
    }
}
ChainHashing.h
Note: Only include modified functions/information
public:
    void cluster();
    void printData();
    void printProbes();
private:
                                                       // number of entries
    int n;
    //H hash;
                                                       // the hash comparator
    BktArray B;
                                                       // bucket array
    int probes = 0;
    int totalProbes = 0;
    int maxProbes = 0;
    int numCluster = 0;
    int maxCluster = 0;
    int totalCluster = 0;
template <typename K, typename V>
                                                       // find utility
typename HashMap<K,V>::Iterator HashMap<K,V>::finder(const K& k) {
    probes = 0;
    int i = k % B.size();
                                                       // get hash index i
    BItor bkt = B.begin() + i;
                                                       // the ith bucket
    Iterator p(B, bkt, bkt->begin());
                                                       // start of ith bucket
    probes++;
    while (!end0fBkt(p) \&\& (*p).key() != k)
                                                       // search for k
    {
        nextEntry(p);
```

```
probes++;
    }
    totalProbes += probes;
    if (probes > maxProbes)
        maxProbes = probes;
    return p;
                                                        // return final position
}
template <typename K, typename V>
void HashMap<K,V>::cluster()
    for (BItor bkt = B.begin(); bkt != B.end(); ++bkt) {
        if ((*bkt).size() > 1) {
            numCluster++;
            totalCluster += (*bkt).size();
            if ((*bkt).size() > maxCluster)
                 maxCluster = (*bkt).size();
        }
    }
}
template <typename K, typename V>
void HashMap<K,V>::printData() {
    cluster();
    cout << "Table size: " << B.size() << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Total Probes: " << totalProbes << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Average number of probes: " << (double)(totalProbes) / n <<</pre>
endl:
    cout << "Maximum number of probes for worst case: " << maxProbes << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Number of clusters: " << numCluster << endl;</pre>
    if (numCluster == 0)
        cout << "Average clusters size: " << numCluster << endl;</pre>
    else
        cout << "Average clusters size: " <<</pre>
(double)(totalCluster)/numCluster << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Largest cluster size: " << maxCluster << endl << endl;</pre>
}
template <typename K, typename V>
void HashMap<K,V>::printProbes()
    cout << "It cost " << probes << " probe(s) for this work" << endl;</pre>
}
LinearHashing.h
Note: Only include functions different from ChainHashing.h
template <typename K, typename V>
                                                        // find utility
typename LHashMap<K,V>::Iterator LHashMap<K,V>::finder(const K& k) {
    int probes = 0;
    int i = k % B.size();
                                                        // get hash index i
    BItor bkt = B.begin() + i;
                                                        // the ith bucket
    Iterator p(B, bkt, bkt->begin());
                                                        // start of ith bucket
    probes++;
    while (!end0fBkt(p) \&\& (*p).key() != k)
                                                       // search for k
    //while (!bkt->empty())
    {
        bkt++;
```

```
if (bkt == B.end())
            bkt = B.begin();
        //else
              bkt++;
        //
        //nextEntry(p);
        p = Iterator (B, bkt, bkt->begin());
        probes++;
    }
    totalProbes += probes;
    if (probes > maxProbes)
        maxProbes = probes;
    return p;
                                                      // return final position
}
template <typename K, typename V>
void LHashMap<K,V>::cluster()
    int cluster = 0, cluster2 = 0;
    BItor bkt = B.begin();
    while (bkt != B.end()) {
        if (!(bkt->empty()))
            cluster++;
                {
        else
            if (cluster > 1)
                numCluster++;
                totalCluster += cluster;
                if (cluster > maxCluster)
                    maxCluster = cluster;
            cluster = 0;
        bkt++;
    if (bkt == B.end() && !(bkt->empty())) {
        if (cluster > 1)
            numCluster++;
            totalCluster += cluster;
            if (cluster > maxCluster)
                maxCluster = cluster;
        BItor bkt1 = B.begin();
        if (!(bkt1->empty()))
            while (!(bkt1->empty()))
                                         {
                cluster2++;
                bkt1++;
            }
            cluster += cluster2;
            if (cluster > maxCluster)
                maxCluster = cluster;
            numCluster--;
        }
    }
}
```

### DoubleHashing.h

Note: Only include functions different from LinearHashing.h

```
template <typename K, typename V>
                                                        // find utility
typename DHashMap<K,V>::Iterator DHashMap<K,V>::finder(const K& k) {
    int probes = 0;
    int temp = 0;
    int i = k % B.size();
                                                        // get hash index i
    BItor bkt = B.begin() + i;
                                                       // the ith bucket
    Iterator p(B, bkt, bkt->begin());
                                                        // start of ith bucket
    probes++;
    while (!endOfBkt(p) && (*p).key() != k)
        // bkt++;
        temp = 7919 - (k \% 7919);
        //advance(bkt, temp);
        for (int i = 0; i < temp; i++)
        {
            bkt++;
            if (bkt == B.end())
                bkt = B.begin();
                i++;
        //advance(bkt, B.begin() + i % B.size());
        //bkt = B.begin() + ((i + temp) % B.size());
        //nextEntry(p);
        p = Iterator (B, bkt, bkt->begin());
        probes++;
    }
    totalProbes += probes;
    if (probes > maxProbes)
        maxProbes = probes;
    return p;
                                                      // return final position
}
```