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* Title : 422 Disassembler Final Project
* Written by : Amy Meyers, Mariah Files, Mustafa Majeed
        : 3/10/2019
* Description: This program is written to scan sections of memory and attempt
                convert the contents in memory to a valid string that can be
                used as assembly language code for the 68K chip.
                The program parses the op-code word of the instruction at
                a specified space in memory and then decides how many
                additional words of memory need to be read in order to
                complete the instruction, then proceeds to read everything
                that is needed to extract a valid 68K instruction.
                For each valid 68K machine code instruction that resides in
                memory, this program will print out a complete instruction in
                ASCII readable format.
                The required Op-Codes Instructions for this program are:
                The required op-codes Inc.

MOVE, MOVEA, MOVEM OR, ORI ROL, I

NFG BCLR
                                                         ROL, ROR
                                                        CMP, CMPI
                SUB, SUBQ
                                         EOR
                MULS, DIVS
                                         LSR, LSL
                                                         Bcc (BCS, BGE, BLT, BVC)
                                                        BRA, JSR, RTS
                                         ASR, ASL
                LEA
                The required Effective Addressing Modes for this program are:
                Data Register Direct Address Reg Indirect w/ Post Increment
Address Register Direct Address Reg Indirect w/ Pre decrement
Address Register Indirect Absolute Long Address
Immediate Addressing Absolute Word Address
     ______
Areg list REG A0-A6
Dreg list REG D0-D7
   ORG $1000 *Don't change this; see hints and tips above
START:
* TESTING INSTRUCTIONS
*-----NOTES - Amy -----
* I cannot figure out the second data register for ADD commands
* Code goes into an infinite loop or problem at 9020
^{\star} My absolute EA modes do not work...I think the registers and/or shifts need to be modified
    *MOVE.W #$DA31,$9002 *ADD.B
    *MOVE.W #$DA71,$9004 *ADD.W
    *MOVE.W #$DAB1,$9006 *ADD.L
    *MOVE.W #%1101101100110001,$9008
                                          *ADD.B
    *MOVE.W #%1101101101110001,$900A
                                          *ADD.W
    *MOVE.W #%1101101110110001,$900C
    *MOVE.W #%1101101011110001,$900E
                                          *ADDA.W
    * 9020
    * DATA
    *MOVE.W #%1110101100101001,$9022
                                          *LSLB
    *MOVE.W #%1110101101101001,$9024
                                          *LSLW
    *MOVE.W #%1110101110101001,$9026
                                          *LSLL
    *MOVE.W #%1110101000101001,$902A
                                          *LSRB
    *MOVE.W #%1110101001101001,$902C
                                           *LSRW
    *MOVE.W #%11101010101010101,$902E
                                          *LSRL
    * 9030
    *DATA
    *MOVE.W #%0110010100000000,$9032
                                          *BCS
    *MOVE.W #%011011000000000, $9034
```

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*MOVE.W #%0110110100000000,$9036
                                        *BLT
    *MOVE.W #%011010000000000,$9038
                                        *BVC
    *MOVE.W #%0000101001110001,$903A
                                        *BCLR
    *MOVE.W #%1011101000110001,$903C
                                        *CMPB
   *MOVE.W #%1011101001110001,$903E
                                        *CMPW
    * 9040
   *MOVE.W #%1011101010110001,$9040
                                        *CMPL
   *MOVE.W #%1011101100110001,$9042
                                        *EORB
    *MOVE.W #%1011101101110001,$9044
                                        *EORW
    *MOVE.W #%1011101110110001,$9046
                                        *EORT
    *MOVE.W #%10001011111110001,$9048
                                        *DIVSW
   *MOVE.W #%1000101000110001,$904A
                                        *ORB1
    *MOVE.W #%1000101001110001,$904C
                                        *ORW1
    *MOVE.W #%100010101110001,$904E
                                        *ORL1
    * 9050
   *MOVE.W #%1000101100110001,$9050
                                        *ORB2
    *MOVE.W #%001010101110001,$9060
                                        *MOVEAL
    *MOVE.W #%1100101001110001,$9062
                                        *MULS
   *MOVE.W #%1001101000110001,$9064
                                        *SUBB
    *MOVE.W #%1001101001110001,$9066
    *MOVE.W #%1001101010110001,$9068
                                        *SUBT
   *MOVE.W #%0100100010111000,$9070 *MOVEMW
    *MOVE.W #%0100100011111000,$9072 *MOVEML
    *MOVE.W #%0110000010100111,$9074 *BRA
    *MOVE.W #%0100111010100111,$9076 *JSR
*-----END TEST-----
   LEA begMSG1, A1
                       *load "Welcome to CSS 422 Disassembler Final Project" to A1 for printing
   JSR TrapTask13
   LEA begMSG2, A1
                       *load "The following program was created by Amy Meyers, Mariah Files and
Mustafa Majeed" to Al for printing
   JSR TrapTask13
   LEA begMSG3, A1
                       *load 1st task message
   JSR TrapTask13
   JSR read file
                       *go to read file mehthod. Read the cfg file
   LEA MSG6, A1
                       *load 2nd task message
   JSR TrapTask13
main *//main loop for program
   CMP.L A3,A2 *compare cur address with ending address
   BGT
           end
                       *go to end if A2(cur address) is greater than A3 (ending address)
                     *load address to beginning of good string buf
*load address to beginning of bad string buf
   LEA
           GBuf,A4
          BBuf,A5
   T.F.A
          fillBuff *fill both buffers with correct address information
                       *start disassembling the machine code residing at A2 current address
   JSR
* Method Name: dis
* Description: this method is used to read the machine code that is at A2 current
                address and update good/bad string buffers to contain the correct
               information based on the read instruction
* Preconditions: A2 must contain current address with machine code. good string
                   buffer address must be in A4 and bad string buffer address
                   must be in A5.
* Postconditions: good or bad string buffers will be updated to contain the
                   correct information based on the read instruction at the
                   current memory location in A2
dis *{
    *//begin disassembling instruction at current address in A2
   BRA disassemble
    *//call this method when running into bad instruction after adding
    *//the bad instruction that was read to A5
```

```
*JSR print bad
    *//call this method after filling A4 with proper message when finished
    *//reading good machine code from current address in A2
    *JSR print good
*************************
* Method Name: print bad
* Description: this method is used to load bad string buffer to A1 and print it to
               to console and store it in output file in same directory as this
               X68 file.
* Preconditions: BBuf must be properly set and NULL terminated to ensure that it is
                   output correctly
* Postconditions: BBuf will be displayed to console and stored in output file and
                   A2 will be moved to next word of memory and branch back to main
                        *****
print bad *{
   JSR
          writeInst * write bad instruction to BBuff
    MOVE.B #$00,(A5)+ * NULL terminate BBuff
                      * load for output
           BBuf,A1
   JSR Trapido...

MOVE.W (A2)+,D7 * Move to next income * go back to main loop
    JSR
           TrapTask13
                      * Move to next instruction in memory
writeInst
    *//callee save
    MOVEM.L Dreg_list,-(SP)
   MOVE.W (A2),D4
                       * Load D4 with instruction from A2 current Address
   JSR wordHextoAscii * Get 1st char
                   * Load D4 with instruction from A2 current Address (again) * make shift to be able to extract 2nd char
   MOVE.W (A2),D4
   LSL.W #4,D4
    JSR wordHextoAscii * retrieve it
                   * Load D4 with instruction from A2 current Address (again)
* make shift to position 3rd char
   MOVE.W (A2),D4
   LSL.W #8,D4
   JSR wordHextoAscii * retrieve it
                      * Load D4 with instruction from A2 current Address (again)
   MOVE.W (A2),D4
    LSL.W #4,D4
                  * make shift to position last
* make shift to position last
    LSL.W #8,D4
    JSR wordHextoAscii * retrieve it
    *//callee save tests
   MOVE.L #$00FFFF33,D2
    MOVE.L #$00FFFF33,D5
    MOVE.L #$00FFFF33,D6
    MOVE.L #$00FFFF33,D7
    *//callee restore
    MOVEM.L (SP)+,Dreg list
    RTS
wordHextoAscii
   LSR.W #4,D4
    LSR.W #8,D4
                  * check if 0-9
    CMP.B #$0A, D4
                   * its A-F
   BGE letter
   ADDI.B #$30,D4 * get correct Ascii value for number
   MOVE.B D4, (A5) + * put in BBuff
RTS * back to writeAdd
letter
    ADDI.B #$37,D4 * get correct Ascii value
    MOVE.B D4, (A5) + * put in BBuff
                   * back to writeAdd
*****************
```

```
* Method Name: print good
* Description: this method is used to load good string buffer to Al and print it to
               to console and store it in output file in same directory as this
               X68 file.
^{\star} Preconditions: GBuf must be properly set and NULL terminated to ensure that it is
                   output correctty
^{\star} Postconditions: GBuf will be displayed to console and stored in output file and
                  A2 will be moved to next word of memory and branch back to main
                  loop
print good *{
   MOVE.B #$00,(A4)+ * NULL terminate GBuf
LEA GBuf,A1 * load for output
           TrapTask13
   JSR
   CMPI.B #1,D1
   BEQ SALP....

MOVE.W (A2)+,D7 * Move to next .....

* go back to main loop
   BEO
           skipNLong
                      * Move to next instruction in memory
* }
*//this will end the program... USE WHEN CURRENT ADDRESS IS GREATER THAN ENDING ADDRESS
   STOP #$00003000
skipNLong
   MOVEQ
          #0,D1
   MOVE.W (A2)+,D7
MOVE.L (A2)+,D7
          main
************************
* Method Name: read file
 Description: this method is used to read a Cconfig.cfg" file for a starting and
               an ending address for the disassembler program to begin working
               from and to
* Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
                  main.X68 file
^{\star} Postconditions: A2 will be pointing to the starting address, A3 will be
read file
   LEA
           inputFileName,A1 *load file name of desired file that contains info
   MOVE.B #51,D0
   TRAP
           #15
   MOVE.L #fileSize,D2
                              * attemp to read 80 bytes
                              * load address of where file contents will be stored
   LEA inputFileBuf, A1
   MOVE.B #53,D0
   TRAP #15
                              * get contents
   CMPI.L #$00,D2
          emptyFile
   *//check if 2 32 bit mem addresses were read
   *//if
   CMPI.L #20,D2
   BNE
          LFonly
    *//else
   MOVEA.L A1, A0
                              ^{\star} move address where file contents are stored to A0
          startingBuf,A1
                              * load startingBuf address to A1
loop
           *//will read each char in file until CR is read
   CMP.B
           #$0D,(A0)
                             * is this a CR char?
                              * end loop
   BEQ
           endOfStart
                              * if not, copy this char to startingBuf address
   MOVE.B (A0)+, (A1)+
                             * check next char
           loop
endofStart *//loop exit condition
   MOVE.B #0, (A1)+
                             * NULL terminate startingBuf
```

```
LEA
        MSG4,A1
                             * load "Starting address read = " message for output
   JSR
          TrapTask13
   LEA
           startingBuf,A1
   JSR
          TrapTask13
                             * load read starting address to output
          AsciiToHex
   JSR
                             * change ascii read address to hex value
   MOVE.L D7, A2
                             \mbox{\scriptsize \star} move hex value for address to A2 register to track current
address
           endingBuf,A1
                             * load endingBuf address to A1
   LEA
   MOVE.B (A0)+,D7
                             * discard the CR char
                             * discard the LF char
   MOVE.B (A0) + , D7
loopEnd
           *// read remaining char until a CR is read
   CMP.B #$0D,(A0) * is this a CR char?
BEQ endOfMethod * end loop
   MOVE.B (A0)+, (A1)+
                             \mbox{\ensuremath{\star}} if not, copy this char to ending
Buf address
                            * check next char
   BRA
          loopEnd
endOfMethod *//loop exit condition
   MOVE.B #0, (A1)+
                             * NULL terminate endingBuf
                             * load "Ending address read = " message for output
   T.E.A
          MSG5,A1
   JSR
          TrapTask13
   LEA
          endingBuf,A1
                             * load read endingBuf address to output
   JSR
          TrapTask13
                             * change ascii read address to hex value
   JSR
          AsciiToHex
   MOVE.L D7,A3
                             * move hex value for address to A3 reg to track ending address
   CMP.L A3,A2
                             * check if start add < end add
                             * go to print err message
          invalidSE
          odd
   *//number of instructions to disassemble (WE MIGHT NOT EVEN NEED THIS)
   *SUB.L A2,D7
                              * subtract starting address from ending address to find out the
scope of the memory locations
   *DIVU. #$2,D7
                              * divide by 2 to check how many instructions will need
disassembling
   *MOVE.L D7,D6
                              * store the result in D6-----(we might not even need
this)
*******************
* Method Name: LFonly
* Description: this method is used to attempt to read a file that is using MAC
              text file line endings... ONLY LF char
* Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
                 main.X68 file
^{\star} Postconditions: A2 will be pointing to the starting address, A3 will be
LFonly
   CMPI.L #12,D2
   BNE
          inputError
   MOVEA.L A1, A0
                             ^{\star} move address where file contents are stored to A0 \,
   LEA startingBuf, A1
                             * load startingBuf address to A1
loop1
           *//will read each char in file until CR is read
   CMP.B \#$0A,(A0) * is this a CR char? BEQ endOfStart1 * end loop
   MOVE.B (A0)+, (A1)+
                            * if not, copy this char to startingBuf address
                            * check next char
          loop1
   BRA
endofStart1 *//loop exit condition
   MOVE.B #0, (A1)+
                        * NULL terminate startingBuf
                             * load "Starting address read = " message for output
   LEA
          MSG4,A1
   JSR
          TrapTask13
   LEA
           startingBuf,A1
          TrapTask13
                            * load read starting address to output
   JSR
   JSR AsciiToHex * change ascii read address to hex value
```

```
MOVE.L D7, A2
                           * move hex value for address to A2 register to track current
address
                           * load endingBuf address to A1
   LEA
          endingBuf,A1
   MOVE.B (A0) + D7
                           * discard the LF char
loopEnd1
          *// read remaining char until a CR is read
   CMP.B #$0A,(A0) * is this a CR char?
BEQ endOfMethod1 * end loop
   MOVE.B (A0)+, (A1)+
                           \,^\star if not, copy this char to endingBuf address
                          * check next char
   BRA
          loopEnd1
endOfMethod1 *//loop exit condition
   MOVE.B #0, (A1)+
                           * NULL terminate endingBuf
                           * load "Ending address read = " message for output
         MSG5,A1
   T.F.A
         TrapTask13
   JSR
         endingBuf,A1
   LEA
                           * load read endingBuf address to output
         TrapTask13
   JSR
                           * change ascii read address to hex value
   JSR
         AsciiToHex
   MOVE.L D7,A3
                           * move hex value for address to A3 reg to track ending address
   CMP.L A3,A2
                           * check if start add < end add
                           * go to print err message
         invalidSE
   JSR
          odd
   RTS
***********************
* Method Name: inputError
* Description: this method is used to let the user know that the "Config.cfg" file
             is not properly formatted and will end the program.
* Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
                main.X68 file
* Postconditions: The program will end because config.cnf file is not formatted
                correctly
************
inputError
                      * load error formatting message
         inFileERR,A1
       trapTask13
                       * print and save
                       * end progran
   SIMHALT
*****************
* Method Name: invalidSE
* Description: this method is used to let the user know that the "Config.cfg" file
             contains a starting Address that is equal to or larger than ending
             address
^{\star} Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
                main.X68 file
* Postconditions: The program will end because config.cnf file is not formatted
                correctly
***********************
invalidSE
         inval,A1
                      * load error formatting message
   JSR
         trapTask13
                       * print and save
   SIMHALT
                       * end progran
*************
* Method Name: emptyFile
* Description: this method is used to let the user know that the "Config.cfg" file
            is empty
^{\star} Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
                main.X68 file
* Postconditions: The program will end because config.cnf file is empty
emptvFile
        emptyF,A1
trapTask13
  LEA
                      * print and save
   SIMHALT
                       * end progran
******************
* Method Name: odd
^{\star} Description: this method is used to check if any of the read addresses from the
             Config.cfg file are odd
* Preconditions: "Config.cfg" must be placed in the same directory as this
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main.X68 file
* Postconditions: The program will end because config.cnf file is empty
*****************
odd
   MOVE.L A2, D4
   MOVE.B #$02,D3
   DIVU D3, D4
   SWAP
         D4
   CMPI.B #$01,D4
   BEQ
          oddStart
   MOVE.L A3, D4
   MOVE.B #$02,D3
   DTVII
          D3,D4
   SWAP
         D4
   CMPI.B #$01,D4
   BEQ
          oddEnd
   RTS
oddStart.
   LEA
           oddS,A1
   JSR
          TrapTask13
   SIMHALT
oddEnd
   LEA
          oddE,A1
   JSR
          TrapTask13
**********************
* Method Name: fillBuff
* Description: this method will fill the good and bad string buffers to the correct
              output for the beginning of the instruction
^{\star} Preconditions: A4 reg contains good buffer and A5 contains bad buffer
* Postconditions: good buffer will contain the current address and bad buffer will
                  conatin current address and DATA flag. THE BUFFERS ARE WILL
                  NOT BE NULL TERMINATED AFTER THIS METHOD CALL. !YOU MUST ENSURE
                  THAT THEY ARE NULL TERMINATED USING ANOTHER METHOD!
fillBuff:
   *//Callee save reg
   MOVEM.L Dreg_list,-(SP)
   MOVE.B \#'A', (A4)+ *// fill the beginning of the buffers
   MOVE.B #'A', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #'t', (A4)+
   MOVE.B #'t', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #':', (A4)+
   MOVE.B #':', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #$30, (A4)+
   MOVE.B #$30, (A4) +
   MOVE.B #$30,(A5)+
MOVE.B #$30,(A5)+
   *//most sig char
   MOVE.L A2,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
   JSR
          hexToAscii
   *//next char
   MOVE.L A2,D5
   LSL.L #4,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR hexToAscii
   *//next char
   MOVE.L A2, D5
   LSL.L #8,D5
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```
LSL.L #8,D5
    JSR
           hexToAscii
    *//next char
    MOVE.L A2,D5
   LSL.L #4,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
    LSL.L #8,D5
    JSR hexToAscii
    *//next char
   MOVE.L A2,D5
   LSL.L #8,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
    LSL.L #8,D5
   JSR hexToAscii
    *//last char
   MOVE.L A2, D5
   LSL.L #4,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
    LSL.L #8,D5
   LSL.L #8,D5
    JSR
           hexToAscii
   MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
    MOVE.B #' ', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #'D', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #'A', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #'T', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #'A', (A5)+
    MOVE.B #' ', (A5)+
   MOVE.B #' ', (A5) +
MOVE.B #' ', (A5) +
   MOVE.B #'$', (A5)+
    *//Callee restore reg
   MOVEM.L (SP)+, Dreg list
**********************
* Method Name: hexToAscii
* Description: this method will convert a hex value to an Ascii char value for
               help with printing current address or instruction to both the
                good and bad display buffers
^{\star} Preconditions: D5 must contain the byte you want to translate in the least sig
                   byte position
* Postconditions: A4 and A5 buffers will both contain the chars that correspond to
                  the values in D5 at the time of the call to this method
hexToAscii
   LSR.L
            #4,D5
   LSR.L
            #8,D5
          #8,D5
   LSR. L
   LSR.L #8,D5
   CMP.B
           #$0A,D5
           asciiNumber
   ADDI.B #$37,D5 * Add to value to get A-F char MOVE.B D5,(A4)+ * copy to good buff
   MOVE.B D5, (A5)+
                      * copy to bad buff
*//use to translate 0-9 values
asciiNumber
```

```
* Add to get 0-9 char
* copy to good buff
* copy to bad buff
    ADDI.B #$30,D5
    MOVE.B D5, (A4)+
    MOVE.B D5, (A5)+
* OPCODE RECOGNITION
* Written by :Mariah Files
* Date :3/7/19
* Description:Recognizes supported opcodes.
\mbox{\scriptsize {\star}} NOTE: may need to distinguish between MOVEM and LEA if
* the first part of the next chunk of code starts with a 1
* Assumes that A2 is pointing at a longword sized
* machine code in binary. (I/O)
* Assumes that the machine code starts with the opcode
* and has trailing zeros if necessary to fill up
* longword size.
* Replace print functions with JTS EA
* EA needs to distinguish between:
* ASL/ASR, LSL/LSR, ROL/ROR
* CMP and EOR
* DIVS and OR
* MOVE and MOVEA (only in .W and .L sizes) \,
* ADD and ADDA
* DATA REGISTER USES
* D0: trap tasks
* D1: print numbers
* D2: whole machine code
* D3: carry set T/F
\mbox{\scriptsize \star} D4: portion of machine code
* D5: desired opcode
* D6: opcode size
* D7: counter
* ADDRESS REGISTER USES
\star A2: machine code pointer
* A7: stack pointer
* EQUATES SECTION
* Contains the binary codes to be used for
* comparison to determine which opcode it is.
* Ordered by size of opcode (nibble, 5 bit,
* byte, 10 bit, word)
*----
CR
        EQU $0D
                      EQU $0A
LF
          EQU
                   $000A0000
stack
                                              * locate the stack if necessary
* NIBBLE SIZE OPCODES
ADD CODE EQU %1101
AsLsRo CODE EQU
                    %1110
                   %0110 *BCS, BGE, BLT, BVC %0000
Bcc_CODE EQU
BCLR_CODE EQU
                   %1011
CmpEor CODE EQU
DivsOr CODE EQU
                    %1000
LEA CODE
             EQU
                     %0100
MOVEB CODE EQU
                     %0001
MOVEW CODE EQU
                    %0011
MOVEL_CODE EQU
MULS_CODE EQU
SUB_CODE EQU
                   %0010
%1100
                   %1001
```

```
* 5 BIT SIZE OPCODE
MOVEM CODE EQU
                       %01001
* BYTE SIZE OPCODES
                    %01100000
BRA_CODE EQU
BCS CODE
              EOU
                      %01100101
                     %01101100
BGE_CODE EQU
BLT_CODE EQU
BVC_CODE EQU
                       %01101101
                   %01101000
* 10 BIT OPCODE
                   %0100111010
%0000110000
JSR CODE EQU
CMPIB CODE EQU
                     %0000110001
CMPIW_CODE EQU
CMPIL_CODE EQU
NEGB_CODE EQU
                      %0000110010
                     %0100010000
NEGW_CODE EQU
NEGL_CODE EQU
ORIB_CODE EQU
ORIW_CODE EQU
                    %0100010001
                    %0100010010
%00000000000
                   %000000001
ORIL_CODE EQU
                     %000000010
* WORD SIZE OPCODE
RTS_CODE EQU %0100111001110101
NOP CODE
             EQU
                       %0100111001110001
* OPMODES
                    %0000000
BYTE1_CODE EQU
WORD1 CODE EQU
                       %0000001
LONG1 CODE EQU
                       %00000010
BYTE2 CODE EQU
                       %00000100
WORD2_CODE EQU
LONG2_CODE EQU
                       %00000101
                     %00000110
                       %00000011
                                                   * ADDA.W
ADDAW_CODE EQU
                                                   * ADDA.L
ADDAL CODE EQU
                       %00000111
* TEST VALUES
ADDB1_T EQU
                    %1101101000110001
%1101101001110001
ADDW1 T
              EQU
                    %1101101010110001
ADDL1 T
          EQU
ADDB2_T EQU
ADDW2_T EQU
ADDL2_T EQU
                   %1101101100110001
%1101101101110001
                   %1101101110110001
ADDAW_T EQU %1101101111110001
ADDAL_T EQU %1101101111110001
ASLB_T EQU
ASLW_T EQU
ASLL_T EQU
ASL_T EQU
                   %1110101100100001
%1110101101100001
%1110101110100001
%1110101111100001
ASRB_T EQU
ASRW_T EQU
ASRL_T EQU
ASR_T EQU
                     %1110101000100001
                    %1110101001100001
%1110101010100001
                     %11101010111100001
             EQU
                     %1110101100101001
LSLB T
          EQU
EQU
                    %1110101101101001
LSLW T
                     %11101011110101001
LSLL T
           EQU
                     %11101011111101001
%1110101000101001
LSL T
           EQU
EQU
             EQU
LSRB T
LSRW_T EQU
LSRL_T EQU
LSR T
                     %1110101001101001
                   %11101010101010101
LSR T
                       %1110101011101001
             EQU
                     %0110010100000000
BCS T
            EQU
          EQU
FOIT
BGE_T
                       %0110110000000000
BLT T
              EQU
                       %0110110100000000
BVC T
                   %0110100000000000
```

EQU

SUBQ CODE EQU

%0101

```
BCLR T
          EOU
                 %0000101001110001
CMPB T
         EQU
               %1011101000110001
CMPW T
               %1011101001110001
         EQU
CMPL_T
EORB T
                  %1011101010110001
           EQU
                 %1011101100110001
           EOU
EORW T
                 %1011101101110001
           EQU
EORL T
                  %1011101110110001
          EQU
DIVSW T
          EQU
                 %1000101111110001
ORB1_T
                 %1000101000110001
         EQU
ORW1 T
                  %1000101001110001
           EQU
ORL1 T
         EQU
                  %1000101010110001
ORB2 T
         EQU
                 %1000101100110001
ORW2_T
                  %1000101101110001
          EOU
ORL2 T
          EQU
                  %1000101110110001
          EQU
                 %0100001001110001
LEA T
MOVEB T
          EOU
                 %0001101011110001
MOVEW T
         EQU
                 %0011101011110001
MOVEL_T
                  %0010101011110001
           EQU
MOVEAW T
           EQU
                  %0011101001110001
MOVEAL T
         EQU
                 %0010101001110001
MULS T
          EQU
                %1100101001110001
SUBB T
                 %1001101000110001
         EQU
SUBW_T
                  %1001101001110001
           EOU
SUBL T
           EQU
                  %1001101010110001
SUBQB T
                %0101101000110001
        EQU
        EQU
                  %0101101001110001
SUBQW T
SUBQL T
          EQU
                  %0101101010110001
                %0100110100111000
MOVEMW T
           EQU
MOVEML T
           EQU
                  %0100110101111000
BRA T
                 %0110000010100111
           EQU
JSR T
           EQU
                 %0100111010100111
CMPIB T
           EOU
                 %0000110000100111
%0000110001100111
CMPIW T
           EQU
CMPIL T
           EQU
                 %0000110010100111
                 %0100010000100111
NEGB T
           EOU
NEGW T
           EQU
                  %0100010001100111
NEGL T
         EQU
                 80100010010100111
ORIB T
         EQU
                 %000000000100111
                 %0000000001100111
%0000000010100111
ORIW T
          EQU
         EQU
ORIL T
RTS T
         EQU
                 %0100111001110101
NOP T
         EQU
                 %0100111001110001
************
* Method Name: disassemble
* Description: Determines which opcode is indicated
              by the machine code. If the opcode
              is not supported, it prints the
              bad buffer. If the opcode is
              supported, it adds the opcode portion
              to the good buffer and jumps to the
              EA portion.
* Preconditions: A2 is pointing to the machine code
              represented as a binary number.
************
disassemble:
           MOVE.L #0,D4
          MOVE.L (A2), D4
MOVE.L #16, D6
MOVE.L #0, D7
                                         * Put machine code in D4
                                         * end loop
```

* Shift machine code

ASL.L #1,D4

LOOP OP

```
BCS LONG SIZED
                               * If carry was set at any time, it is a long sized
word
           ADDI.L #1,D7
           CMP.L D6,D7
           BEQ WORD_SIZED
           BRA
                 LOOP OP
                              * Increment past leading 0's
WORD SIZED ADDA.W #2,A2
          MOVE.L #0,D5
CLR.L D6
           CLR.L D7
           CLR.L D4
           BRA START_OPS
          * Hardcoded test machine code
LONG_SIZED MOVE.L #0,D5
           BRA START OPS
************
* RECOGNIZE WORD SIZE OPCODES
***********
START OPS MOVE.L (A2),D2
                                      * Initialize D2 with machine code
          MOVE.L #0,D4
MOVE.L #16,D6
MOVE.L #0,D7
                                      * Initialize D4 for opcode
* Initialize D6 with current opcode size to check
                                      * Initialize D7 for number of bits shifted
           BRA
                SHIFT
          CMPI.W #RTS_CODE, (A2) * Is it RTS?
WORD OPS
           BEQ PRINT RTS
                                      * If so, print RTS
          CMPI.W #NOP_CODE, (A2)
BEQ PRINT_NOP
                                      * Is it NOP?
                                      * If so, print NOP
**********
* RECOGNIZE TEN BIT OPCODES
***********
          MOVE.L (A2),D2 * Initialize D2 with machine code

MOVE.L #0,D4 * Initialize D4 for opcode

MOVE.L #10,D6 * Initialize D6 with current opcode size to check

MOVE.L #0.D7 * Initialize D7 for number of bits shifted
                                      * Initialize D7 for number of bits shifted
           MOVE.L #0,D7
           BRA SHIFT
TENBIT_OPS MOVE.L #JSR_CODE,D5
CMP.L D5,D4
BEQ PRINT_JSR
                                 * JSR
          MOVE.L #CMPIB_CODE,D5 * CMPI.B CMP.L D5,D4
                PRINT CMPIB
           MOVE.L #CMPIW_CODE,D5
CMP.L D5,D4
                                      * CMPI.W
           BEQ PRINT CMPIW
                                  * CMPI.L
           MOVE.L #CMPIL CODE, D5
           CMP.L D5,D4
                PRINT CMPIL
           BEQ
           MOVE.L #NEGB CODE, D5
                                      * NEG.B
           CMP.L D5, D4
           BEQ PRINT NEGB
           MOVE.L #NEGW CODE, D5
                                  * NEG.W
           CMP.L D5, D4
                 PRINT NEGW
           BEQ
                                   * NEG.L
           MOVE.L #NEGL CODE, D5
           CMP.L D5,D4
                 PRINT NEGL
           BEQ
```

	CMP.L	#ORIB_CODE,D5 D5,D4 PRINT_ORIB	*	ORI.B				
	MOVE.L CMP.L BEQ	_ ·	*	ORI.W				
	MOVE.L CMP.L BEQ	_ ·	*	ORI.L				

		(A2),D2				with machine code		
	MOVE.L			Initialize I		_		
	MOVE.L					with current opcode size to check		
	MOVE.L	#U , D/	*	Initialize I	ו ע	for number of bits shifted		
	BRA	SHIFT						
BYTE OPS	MOVE. I	#BRA CODE, D5	*	BRA				
2112_010	CMP.L	_		2141				
	BEQ	PRINT_BRA						
		#BCS_CODE,D5	*	BCS				
	CMP.L	D5, D4						
	BEQ	PRINT_BCS						
	MOTTE	ADCE CODE DE	4	DCE				
		#BGE_CODE, D5	^	BGE				
	CMP.L	· ·						
	BEQ	PRINT_BGE						
	MOVE. I	#BLT CODE, D5	*	BLT				
	CMP.L			221				
		PRINT BLT						
	~	_						
	MOVE.L	#BVC CODE, D5	*	BVC				
	CMP.L	_						
	BEQ	PRINT BVC						
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* *	*****				
* RECOGNIZE ******		T OPCODES *******************	**	*****				
	MOVE.L	(A2),D2	*	Initialize I	D2	with machine code		
	MOVE.L		*	Initialize I	D4	for opcode		
	MOVE.L	#5,D6	*	Initialize I	D6	with current opcode size to check		
	MOVE.L	#0,D7	*	Initialize I	D7	for number of bits shifted		
	BRA	SHIFT						
ETMEDIE ODG	MOTTE T	#MOZIEM CODE DE	*	MOVEM				
LIAFPII OLD	CMP.L			MOVEM				
		PRINT MOVEM						
	×							

* RECOGNIZE NIBBLE SIZE OPCODES								

	MOTTE T	(72) D2	4	Twi+1=11 *	D.0	with machine and		
		(A2),D2				with machine code		
	MOVE.L MOVE.L			Initialize I		with current opcode size to check		
	MOVE.L MOVE.L					for number of bits shifted		
	7.7 A TT • TT	11 O J D I		-1111C1011126 I	ا ب	TOT MANDET OF DIES SHIFTEEN		
	BRA	SHIFT						
NIBBLE_OPS		#ADD_CODE, D5	*	ADD				
	CMP.L	D5, D4						

```
MOVE.L #AsLsRo_CODE,D5
                                         * AS*/LS*/RO*
           CMP.L D5, D4
           BEQ
                  AsLsRo OPM
                                           * BCLR
           MOVE.L #BCLR CODE, D5
            CMP.L D5, D4
                   PRINT BCLR
           BEQ
           MOVE.L #CmpEor_CODE,D5
                                           * CMP or EOR
           CMP.L D5, D4
                   CmpEor OPM
           BEQ
           MOVE.L #DivsOr CODE, D5
                                           * DIVS or OR
           CMP.L D5,D4
           BEQ
                   DivsOr OPM
           MOVE.L #LEA CODE, D5
                                          * LEA or MOVEM
           CMP.L D5, \overline{D4}
           BEQ
                   PRINT LEA
           MOVE.L #MOVEB_CODE,D5
CMP.L D5,D4
BEQ PRINT_MOVEB
                                           * MOVE.B
           MOVE.L #MOVEW CODE, D5
                                           * MOVE.W
           CMP.L D5,D4
                   PRINT MOVE
           MOVE.L #MOVEL CODE, D5
                                          * MOVE.L
           CMP.L D5,D4
           BEQ
                  PRINT MOVE
           MOVE.L #MULS_CODE,D5
                                           * MULS
           CMP.L D5, D4
           BEQ
                  PRINT MULS
           MOVE.L #SUB CODE, D5
                                           * SUB
           CMP.L D5,D4
           BEQ
                  PRINT SUB
           MOVE.L #SUBQ CODE, D5
                                           * SUBQ
           CMP.L D5, D4
           BEQ
                   PRINT SUBQ
           JSR
                print bad
                                           * IF IT GETS HERE, NO OPCODE WAS RECOGNIZED
***********
* Method Name:
                  SHIFT
* Description:
                  Shifts machine code left by 1.
                   If carry flag was set by this op,
                   add a {\bf 1} to the current opcode.
                   If carry flag was not set (0),
                add a 0 to the current opcode.

D6 is initialized with opcode size.
* Precondition:
                   Long size machine code is in D2.
                   D4 and D7 are initialized to 0.
* Postcondition:
                   D4 contains current opcode.
                  D2 has had opcode shifted out,
* leaving the remainder behind.
           CMP.B D6,D7
                                           * Do we have the bits stored that we need?
GET BIT
                   SIZE OPS
                                           * If so, then check to see what size opcode
           BEQ
SHIFT
           ASL.L
                                           * Shift machine code by 1
                   #1,D2
           BCC
                   ADD 0
           ASL.L
                  #1, D4
                                           * If not, shift opcode left by 1
           ADDI.L #1,D4
ADDI.B #1,D7
                                          * Add 1 to opcode
* Increment counter
                                           * Loop back to get next bit
           BRA
                GET BIT
```

BEQ

PRINT ADD

```
ASL.L #1,D4
ADDI.L #1,D7
ADD 0
                                         * Shift D4 left by 1
                                         * Increment counter
                                         * Loop back to get next bit
                  GET BIT
           MOVE.L \#0,D3 * Reset D3 so it's only set for MOVE ops
SIZE OPS
           CMPI.B #16,D6
           BEO
                   WORD OPS
           CMPI.B #10,\overline{D}6
           BEQ
                  TENBIT OPS
           CMPI.B #8,D6
                BYTE OPS
           BEQ
           CMPI.B #5,D\overline{6}
           BEQ FIVEBIT OPS
           CMPI.B #4,D6
                  NIBBLE OPS
           BEO
           CMPI.B #3,D6
           BEQ getThree D
           CMPI.B #2,D6
           BEQ getTwo D
**********
* Method Name:
              getThree
* Description:
                  Gets the first three bits of the
                 machine code in D2 and stores it
                  in D4.
* Precondition:
                  D6 is initialized with 3.
                  Machine code is in D2.
                  D4 and D7 are initialized to 0.
* Postcondition: D4 contains interested bits.
                  D2 has whatever portion of the
                  machine code is left after shift.
MOVE.L #0,D4
MOVE.L #3,D6
                                         * Initialize D4 to hold the three bits retrieved
getThree
                                         * Initialize D6 with 3
           MOVE.L #0,D7
                                         * Initialize D7 for number of bits shifted
                                         * Shift out three bits and store in D4
                 SHIFT
           BRA
getThree D RTS
getTwo
           MOVE.L #0,D4
                                         * Initialize D4 to hold the three bits retrieved
           MOVE.L #2,D6
MOVE.L #0,D7
                                         * Initialize D6 with 2
                                         \,^\star Initialize D7 for number of bits shifted
           BRA
                  SHIFT
                                         * Shift out three bits and store in D4
getTwo D
           RTS
************
* ADD TO BUFFER
* Move the opcode portion to the good buffer,
* then branch to EA to decipher the rest.
           MOVE.B #'N', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
PRINT NOP
                                         * NOP added to good buffer
           MOVE.B #'P', (A4)+
           BRA
                 print good
           MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
PRINT RTS
                                         * RTS added to good buffer
           MOVE.B #'T', (A4)+
           MOVE.B #'S', (A4)+
                  print_good
           BRA
           MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'D', (A4)+
PRINT ADD
                                         * ADD added to good buffer
           MOVE.B #'D', (A4)+
                 ADDA OPM
           BRA
PRINT AS
           MOVE.B \#'A', (A4) +
                                         * AS added to good buffer
           MOVE.B #'S', (A4)+
           BRA
                 AsLsRo_DIR
PRINT LS
         MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
                                         * LS added to good buffer
```

	MOVE B	#'S',(A4)+	
		AsLsRo_DIR	
PRINT_RO	MOVE.B	#'R',(A4)+ #'O',(A4)+ AsLsRo_DIR	* RO added to good buffer
PRINT_BCS	MOVE.B	#'B', (A4) + #'C', (A4) + #'S', (A4) +	* BCS added to good buffer
		<pre>#' ',(A4)+ print_good</pre>	* SPACE AFTER
PRINT_BGE	MOVE.B	#'B', (A4)+ #'G', (A4)+ #'E', (A4)+	* BGE added to good buffer
		#' ', (A4)+	* SPACE AFTER
PRINT_BLT	MOVE.B	#'B', (A4)+ #'L', (A4)+ #'T', (A4)+	* BGE added to good buffer
	MOVE.B	<pre>#' ',(A4)+ print_good</pre>	* SPACE AFTER
PRINT_BVC	MOVE.B	#'B', (A4)+ #'V', (A4)+	* BVC added to good buffer
		#'C',(A4)+ #'',(A4)+ print_good	* SPACE AFTER
PRINT_CMP	MOVE.B	#'C', (A4)+ #'M', (A4)+	* CMP added to good buffer
	MOVE.B BRA	#'P',(A4)+ CMP_SIZE	
PRINT_EOR	MOVE.B	#'E', (A4)+ #'O', (A4)+ #'R', (A4)+	* EOR added to good buffer
	BRA		
PRINT_DIVSW	MOVE.B MOVE.B		* DIVS.W added to good buffer
	MOVE.B	#'S', (A4)+ #'.', (A4)+ #'W', (A4)+	
	MOVE.B	and the second s	* SPACE AFTER * call EA method
PRINT_OR		#'O', (A4)+ #'R', (A4)+ OR_SIZE	* OR added to good buffer
PRINT_LEA		#'L',(A4)+ #'E',(A4)+	* LEA added to good buffer
		#'A', (A4)+ #'', (A4)+	* SPACE AFTER
	JSR BRA	effectivea print_good	* call EA method
PRINT_MOVEB	MOVE.B	#'M', (A4) + #'O', (A4) + #'V', (A4) +	* MOVE.B added to good buffer
	MOVE.B MOVE.B	#'E',(A4)+ #'.',(A4)+	
		•	* SPACE AFTER
	0.01/	CITCCCIACG	

```
BRA
                      print good
PRINT_MOVE MOVE.B #'M', (A4)+
                                                    * MOVE added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'V', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'E', (A4) +
BRA MOVE_OPM
PRINT_MULS MOVE.B #'M', (A4) + MOVE.B #'U', (A4) +
                                                    * MULS.W added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'S', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'W', (A4) +
              MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
              JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                                                     * SPACE AFTER
                                * call EA method
             MOVE.B #'S', (A4) + MOVE.B #'U', (A4) +
                                                    * SUB added to good buffer
PRINT SUB
              MOVE.B #'B', (A4)+
              BRA SUB_OPM
PRINT SUBQ MOVE.B #'S', (A4)+
                                                    * SUBQ added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'U', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'B', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'Q', (A4) +
              BRA SUBQ OPM
              MOVE.B #'B', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
PRINT BRA
                                                     * BRA added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                                     * SPACE AFTER
                                                     * print good buffer
              BRA
                       print_good
PRINT_CMPIB MOVE.B #'C', (A4) + MOVE.B #'M', (A4) +
                                                    * CMPI.B added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'P', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'I', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'B', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'', (A4) +
                                               * SPACE AFTER
              JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                                * call EA method
PRINT_CMPIW MOVE.B #'C', (A4) + MOVE.B #'M', (A4) +
                                                  * CMPI.W added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'P', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'I', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'W', (A4) +
              MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                                   * SPACE AFTER
              JSR effectivea
                     print_good
     * call EA method
              BRA
PRINT_CMPIL MOVE.B #'C', (A4) + MOVE.B #'M', (A4) +
                                                   * CMPI.L added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'P', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #'I', (A4) + MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
              MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
              MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                                  * SPACE AFTER
              JSR effectivea
              BRA
                      print_good
                                * call EA method
PRINT ORIB MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
                                                  * ORI.B added to good buffer
              MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
```

```
MOVE.B #'I', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'B', (A4) +
             MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                              * SPACE AFTER
             PRINT_ORIW MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
                                               * ORI.W added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'I', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'W', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'', (A4)+
                                      * SPACE AFTER
             JSR effectivea
             BRA print_good
                     * call EA method
PRINT_ORIL MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
                                              * ORI.L added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'R', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'I', (A4) +
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'L', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'', (A4) +
                                              * SPACE AFTER
             JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                             * call EA method
PRINT NEGB MOVE.B #'N', (A4)+
                                              * NEG.B added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'E', (A4)+
             MOVE.B \#'G', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'B', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                          * SPACE AFTER
             JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                            * call EA method
                                          * NEG.W added to good buffer
PRINT NEGW MOVE.B #'N', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'E', (A4) + MOVE.B #'G', (A4) +
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'W', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'', (A4) +
                                              * SPACE AFTER
             JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                            * call EA method
PRINT NEGL MOVE.B #'N', (A4)+
                                      * NEG.L added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'E', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'G', (A4) +
             MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'', (A4)+
                                      * SPACE AFTER
             JSR effectivea
BRA print_good
                          * call EA method
             MOVE.B #'J', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'S', (A4)+
PRINT JSR
                                               * JSR added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
             MOVE.B #' ', (A4)+
                                              * SPACE AFTER
             MOVE.B #' ', (A4) +
MOVE.B #' ', (A4) +
                    JSR ABS L
             BRA
PRINT MOVEM MOVE.B #'M', (A4)+
                                             * MOVEM added to good buffer
             MOVE.B #'O', (A4)+
```

```
MOVE.B \#'V', (A4)+
            MOVE.B #'E', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'M', (A4)+
                  MOVEM OPM
            BRA
PRINT_BCLR MOVE.B #'B', (A4) + MOVE.B #'C', (A4) +
                                            * BCLR
            MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
            MOVE.B #'R', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'', (A4) +
                                           * SPACE AFTER
            JSR
                effectivea
                  print_good
            BRA
                                           * .B added to good buffer
PRINT B
            MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
            MOVE.B #'B', (A4) + MOVE.B #'', (A4) +
                                            * SPACE AFTER
            JSR
                   effectivea
            BRA
                   print_good
           MOVE.B #'.', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'W', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'', (A4)+
PRINT W
                                            * .W added to good buffer
                                            * SPACE AFTER
            JSR effectivea
            BRA
                   print good
           MOVE.B #'.', (A4) +
MOVE.B #'L', (A4) +
MOVE.B #', (A4) +
PRINT L
                                            * .L added to good buffer
                                           * SPACE AFTER
                effectivea
            JSR
            BRA
                print good
            MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
                                            * A added to good buffer
APP_A
            RTS
            MOVE.B #'R', (A4)+
                                           * R added to good buffer
APP_R
            MOVE.B #'L', (A4)+
APP L
                                           * L added to good buffer
            RTS
            BRA print_bad
                                            * Opcode not recognized
***********
* DISTINGUISH OPMODES
**********
            ASL.L #3,D2
                                           * Discard register bits
ADDA_OPM
            JSR getThree
                   SIZE_CHK_1
SIZE_CHK_2
            JSR
            JSR
            JSR
                   APP A
            CMPI.B #ADDAW CODE, D4
                                          * Is it ADDA.W?
                    PRINT W
            BEQ
            CMPI.B #ADDAL_CODE, D4
                                          * Is it ADDA.L?
                  PRINT L
                                           * Discard irrelevant bits
AsLsRo OPM ASL.L
                    #7,D2
            JSR
                    getTwo
            CMPI.B #0,D4
                                            * Is it AS?
            BEQ
                    PRINT AS
            CMPI.B \#\%000\overline{0}0001, D4
                                           * Is it LS?
            BEQ PRINT LS
            CMPI.B #%00000011,D4
                                           * Is it RO?
                  PRINT RO
            BEQ
AsLsRo DIR MOVE.L (A2),D2
                                            * Reload machine code
            ASL.L #8,D2
                                            * Skip first 8 bits
            SCS
                    D3
                                           * Populate D3 with last bit shifted out
            JSR
                    DIR CHK
CmpEor_OPM ASL.L
                    #4,D2
                                          * Discard register bits
            BCS
                    EOR OPM
```

```
BCC
                  CMP OPM
EOR OPM
                  PRINT EOR
           JSR
EOR_SIZE
           JSR
                  TWO SIZE
CMP OPM
           JSR
                  PRINT CMP
CMP SIZE
                  TWO SIZE
           JSR
DivsOr OPM ASL.L
                  #3,D2
                                        * Discard register bits
           JSR
                  getThree
           CMPI.B #%00000111,D4
                                        * Is it a DIVS.W?
                  PRINT_DIVSW
                                        * If so, print DIVS.W
           BEQ
                  PRINT_OR
SIZE_CHK_1
                                        * If not, print OR
* Then do both size checks
           BNE
OR SIZE
           JSR
           JSR
                  SIZE CHK 2
PRINT_MOVEA JSR
                 APP A
                  MOVE SIZE
           BRA
                 #3,D2
MOVE OPM
           ASL.L
                                         * Advance to destination mode
           JSR
                  getThree
           MOVE.L #1,D3
           CMPI.B #%0000001,D4
                                        * Is it a MOVEA?
           BEQ
                  PRINT MOVEA
                  MOVE SIZE
           BRA
                                        * Reload machine code
MOVE_SIZE
           MOVE.L (A2), D2
           ASL.L
                 #2,D2
                                        * Discard opcode
           JSR
                  getTwo
           MOVE.L #1,D3
           CMPI.B #BYTE1_CODE, D4
           BEQ
                  PRINT B
           CMPI.B #%00000011,D4
           BEQ PRINT W
           CMPI.B #LONG1_CODE, D4
                 PRINT L
           BEQ
                  #5,D2
MOVEM OPM
           ASL.L
           MOVE.L #1,D3
           BCS
                  PRINT L
           BCC
                  PRINT W
SUB OPM
           ASL.L #3,D2
           JSR
                  getThree
           JSR
                  SIZE CHK 1
SUBQ_OPM
           ASL.L #4,D2
           JSR
                getTwo
           JSR
                 SIZE CHK 1
***********
              DIR CHK
* Method name:
                 Checks the direction and two
* Description:
                 successive bits for size.
* Preconditions: D3 has the carry bit saved that
                 was set by shifting out the
                 direction bit from the machine code.
***********
           CMPI.B #0,D3
                                        * Is it a shift R?
DIR CHK
               RIGHT SHIFT
           BEO
           BNE
                  LEFT SHIFT
                 APP_R
TWO_SIZE
RIGHT SHIFT JSR
                                        * If so, append an R
           BRA
                                        * If not, append an L
LEFT SHIFT JSR
                  APP L
                  TWO SIZE
           BRA
TWO SIZE
           JSR
                  getTwo
           JSR
                  SIZE CHK 1
           JSR
                  SIZE CHK 2
           RTS
```

```
* Method name: SIZE_CHK_1
* Description: Appends .B if size is 000
                  .W if size is 001, .L if size
                  is 010
^{\star} Preconditions: D4 stores the size bits
* Postcondition: Correct size is printed, or * RTS if no size match
***********
SIZE_CHK_1 CMPI.B #BYTE1_CODE,D4
                                         * Is it .B?
                 PRINT B
           BEO
           CMPI.B \#WORD\overline{1}_CODE,D4
                                        * Is it .W?
           BEQ PRINT_W
CMPI.B #LONG1_CODE,D4
                                       * Is it .L?
           BEQ PRINT L
           RTS
**********
* Method name: SIZE_CHK_2
* Description: Appends .B if size is 100
                  .W if size is 101, .L if size
                  is 110
* Preconditions: D4 stores the size bits
* Postcondition: Correct size is printed, or
* RTS if no size match
**********
SIZE CHK 2 CMPI.B #BYTE2 CODE, D4
                                         * Is it .B?
                 PRINT B
           BEO
           CMPI.B #WORD2_CODE,D4
BEQ PRINT_W
                                        * Is it .W?
           CMPI.B \#LONG2 CODE, D4
                                        * Is it .L?
                PRINT L
           BEQ
           RTS
*-----
* EFFECTIVE ADDRESSING
* Determines EA Type, EA to 'good' buffer, increments, and saves in D4
* Checks D3=1 to see if it's a MOVE opcode (1 = yes, move, 0 = not move)
* Looks for EA information in XXX register/xxx address
*A2 Starting Address
*A3 Ending Address
*A4 Good Buffer (the string we will display if this is a recognized 68k instruction)
*A5 Bad Buffer (the string we will display if its not recognized)
*D6 Remaining word count
*D7 Current instruction
* Required Modes:
* Data Register Direct: Dn, 000
* Address Register Direct: An, 001
* Address Register Indirect: (An)
* Immediate Addressing: #<xxx>, Mode field: 111, Reg. field: 100
* Address Register Indirect with Post incrementing: (An)+, 011
* Address Register Indirect with Pre decrementing: -(An), 100
^{\star} Absolute Long Address: xxx.L, Mode field: 111, Reg. field: 000
* Absolute Word Address: xxx.W, Mode field: 111, Req. field: 000
*_____
effectivea *//Callee save reg
           MOVEM.L Dreg_list,-(SP)
           MOVE.L \#0, D2 \overline{} Set registers to empty
           MOVE.L #0,D5
           MOVE.W (A2),D5
           LSL.W #8,D5
LSR.W #8,D5
           LSL.B #2,D5 *Bye bye most significant 2 bits
```

```
LSR.B #5,D5 *Bits 3 to 5
           MOVE.W (A2),D2
LSL.W #8,D2
           LSR.W
                 #8,D2
           LSL.B #5,D2
LSR.B #5,D2 *Bits 0 to 2
           CMP.B #1,D3 *Checks D3=1
           BEQ eamove
CMP.B #0,D3 *Checks D3=0
BEQ eall *Branches to other EA instructions
           *//Callee restore reg
           MOVEM.L (SP)+, Dreg list
eall
           MULU
                #6,D5
           LEA mode, A0 *Loads EA mode table JSR hexToAscii
           MOVEM.L (SP)+, Dreg list
           RTS
*-----
* Effective Addressing MOVE
* Source to buffer
* Destination to buffer
           MULU #6,D5
                mode, A0 *Loads EA mode table 00(A0,D5)
           LEA
           JSR
           MOVE.B #',',(A4)+
           MOVE.W (A2),D2
LSL.W #4,D2
           LSR.W #5,D2
LSR.W #8,D2
           MOVE.W (A2),D5
LSL.W #7,D5
LSR.W #5,D5
           LSR.W #8,D5
           MULU #6,D5
                  mode, A0
           LEA
               hexToAscii
           JSR
           *//Callee restore reg
           MOVEM.L (SP)+,Dreg_list
*----
* Effective Addressing MODEs
* EA Mode Table
* Put each EA mode into buffer
*-----
     JMP mode000
mode
                      *Dn
                     *An
*(An)
       JMP mode001
       JMP mode010
                     * (An)+
       JMP mode011
       JMP mode100
                      *-(An)
                     * .W or .L
       JMP mode111
* EA mode 000
```

* Register Direct

```
mode000 MOVE.B #'D', (A4)+ *D is for Data Register
          MULU #6,D2
          LEA register mode, A1 *Loads the register table
                hexToAscii
          JSR
          RTS
* EA mode 001
* Register Direct
* Address, An
mode001 MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
         MULU #6,D2
          LEA register_mode,A1 *Loads the register table
          JSR
                hexToAscii
          RTS
* EA mode 010
* Register Indirect
* Address, (An)
         MOVE.B #'(',(A4)+
mode010
          MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
          MULU #6,D2
LEA register_mode,A1 *Loads the register table
               hexToAscii
          MOVE.B #')', (A4)+
          RTS
*----
* EA mode 011
* Register Indirect
* Address with Postincrement, (An)+
         MOVE.B #'(',(A4)+
MOVE.B #'A',(A4)+
mode011
          MULU #6,D2
              register_mode,A1 *Loads the register table hexToAscii
          T.E.A
          JSR
          MOVE.B #')', (A4)+
          MOVE.B #'+', (A4)+
          RTS
*----
* EA mode 100
* Register Indirect
* Address with Predecrement, -(An)
*----
          MOVE.B #'-', (A4)+
MOVE.B #'(', (A4)+
mode100
          MOVE.B #'A', (A4)+
          MULU #6,D2
LEA register_mode,A1 *Loads the register table
                hexToAscii
          MOVE.B #')', (A4)+
          RTS
*-----
* EA mode 111
* Absolute Data Addressing
* Short, (xxx).W
\star Long, (xxx).L
* Immediate, #<xxx>
                 _____
         MULU #6, D2
mode111
          LEA absolute_mode,A1 *Loads the register table JSR hexToAscii
```

* Data, Dn

```
*-----
* Effective Addressing Register MODEs
* Registers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, & 7
^{\star} Each mode below puts the register number in the good buff
* Increments pointer
register mode JMP registermode000
             JMP registermode001
             JMP registermode010
             JMP registermode011
             JMP registermode100
             JMP registermode111
* EA register mode 000
*----
registermode000 MOVE.B #'0', (A4)+
            RTS
*_____
* EA register mode 001
*_____
registermode001 MOVE.B #'1', (A4)+
            RTS
* EA register mode 010
registermode010 MOVE.B #'2',(A4)+
            RTS
* EA register mode 011
*_____
registermode011 MOVE.B #'3',(A4)+
            RTS
* EA register mode 100
registermode100 MOVE.B #'4',(A4)+
            RTS
*----
* EA register mode 111
*_____
registermode111 MOVE.B #'7', (A4)+
            RTS
* Effective Addressing Adsolute MODEs
Absolute mode tables will jump to mode
* Then loads absolute addressing into the buffer for each
* Absolute Long Address: xxx.L, Mode field: 111, Reg. field: 000
* Absolute Word Address: xxx.W, Mode field: 111, Reg. field: 000
absolute_mode
            JMP absolutemode000
             JMP absolutemode001
             JMP absolutemode010
             JMP absolutemode011
             JMP absolutemode100
             JMP absolutemode111
* EA absolute mode 000
* Short, (xxx).W
* Loads into buff
```

```
* Plus a lot of shifting!
*----This May be Wrong-----
absolutemode000 MOVE.B #'$',(A4)+
                   MOVEA.L A2, A6
                    MOVE.W (A6)+,D5
                    MOVE.L (A6),D5
                    CMPI.L #1,D3 * Checks D6=0
                    BEQ
                             print bad
                   SUBI.L #1,D3 * Decrement
LSR.W #8,D5 * Shift 8 right
LSR.W #4,D5 * Shift 4 right
                    JSR
                            hexToAscii
                   MOVE.L (A6),D5
LSL.W #4,D5 * Shift 4 left
LSR.W #8,D5 * Shift 8 back
LSR.W #4,D5 * Shift 4 back
JSR hexToAscii
                   MOVE.L (A6),D5
                   LSL.W #8,D5
LSR.W #8,D5
LSR.W #4,D5
                    JSR
                            hexToAscii
                   MOVE.L (A6),D5
LSL.W #8,D5 * Shift 8 left
LSL.W #4,D5 * Shift 4 left
LSR.W #8,D5 * Shift 8 back
LSR.W #4,D5 * Shift 4 back
                            nexToAscii
                    JSR
                    MOVE.L #1,D1
                    RTS
*----
* EA absolute mode 001
* Long, (xxx).L
* Loads into buff
* Same as above, but for xxx.L
*----
absolutemode001 MOVE.B #'$', (A4)+
                   MOVE.W (A2),D0
CMPI.L #1,D3 * Checks D6=0
                    BEQ
                            print bad
                    SUBI.L #2,D3 * Decrement
                   LSR.W #8,D0 * Shift 8 right
LSR.W #4,D0 * Shift 4 right
                             hexToAscii
                    JSR
                   MOVE.W (A2),D0
                   LSL.W #4,D0 * Shift 4 left
LSR.W #8,D0 * Shift 8 back
LSR.W #4,D0 * Shift 4 back
                    JSR
                            hexToAscii
```

MOVE.W (A2),D0 LSL.W #8,D0 LSR.W #8,D0 LSR.W #4,D0 JSR hexToAscii

```
LSL.W #8,D0 * Shift 8 left
LSL.W #4,D0 * Shift 4 left
LSR.W #8,D0 * Shift 8 back
LSR.W #4,D0 * Shift 4 back
            JSR
                  hexToAscii
            MOVE.L (A2)+,D5
MOVE.L #1,D1
            ADD.L #2,A5 * Increments for the next address
            RTS
*_____
* EA absolute mode 010
* unrecognized
*----
absolutemode010
            RTS *temp
*----
* EA absolute mode 011
* unrecognized
absolutemode011
            RTS *temp
* EA absolute mode 100
* Decodes Immediate Address
*_____
absolutemode100 MOVE.B #'#', (A4)+
            CMPI.L #0,D6
            BEQ
                  print bad
            JSR hexToAscii
            SUBI.L #1,D6
            ADD.L #2,A5
            RTS
*----
* EA absolute mode 111
* unrecognized
                 _____
absolutemode111
           RTS *temp
* EA For JSR
* unrecognized
* Mustafa Added
*_____
JSR ABS L
  MOVE.W (A2)+,D5
  MOVE.B #$30,(A4)+
MOVE.B #$30,(A4)+
   *//most sig char
   MOVE.L (A2),D5
LSL.L #8,D5
        hexToAscii
   *//next char
   MOVE.L (A2), D5
```

MOVE.W (A2),D0

```
LSL.L #4,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR
       hexToAscii
*//next char
MOVE.L (A2),D5
LSL.L
       #8,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR hexToAscii
*//next char
MOVE.L (A2), D5
       #4,D5
LSL.L
LSL.L #8,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR
    hexToAscii
*//next char
MOVE.L (A2),D5
       #8,D5
LSL.L
      #8,D5
LSL.L
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR hexToAscii
*//last char
MOVE.L (A2), D5
LSL.L
       #4,D5
      #8,D5
LSL.L
LSL.L #8,D5
LSL.L #8,D5
JSR
       hexToAscii
*MOVE.L (A2)+,D5
MOVE.L #1,D1
BRA
      print good
```

```
****** GIVEN ****************
**********************
* Method Name: TrapTask13
^{\star} Description: Creates a file if none exists, and appends bytes to that file
  while also echoing the written bytes to the screen. You shouldn't need to
  change this code.
* Calling Convention: Callee-Saved
* Preconditions & Method Input:
  Al points to the null-terminated buffer to write (newline will be added for you)
* Postconditions & Output:
  ALL files that were previously open will be CLOSED (FileIDs will be invalid)
  See 'Output.txt' in directory for the results, also piped to the console
* A2 holds a pointer to null terminated string to write (input)
* A3 points to the null-terminated file name
 D3 holds the number of bytes already in the file to write
* D5 holds number of bytes to write
    **************
toSave REG D0-D5/A2-A3
TrapTask13:
   *************
   ^{\star} Method initialization, regsiter spilling, parameter saving, etc.
   ************
   MOVEM.L toSave, -(SP) ; Callee-Saved, so save and restore
```

```
MOVEA.L A1, A2; save this buffer to write
   LEA outFilename, A3 ; save this for later, too
   move #50,d0
   trap #15; close all files, suggested to begin any IO
   * End Method Init
   ************
   *******************
   * Calculate the number of bytes to write by searching for the null in the target buffer AO
   *************************
   CLR.L D5 *D5 is now the number of bytes to write
nullLoop:
  MOVE.B (A1)+, D0
CMPI.B #0,D0 * compare to null
   BEQ findNullLoopDone
   ADDI.W #1, D5
   BRA nullLoop
findNullLoopDone:
   {\tt MOVEA.L~A3,~A1~^*} reset A1 so it points to the file to write to (to open, next)
   ; check if file exists, and open with task 51 if so, otherwise 52
   ; (precondition here is Al points to the null-terminated filename )
   MOVE.B #51, D0 ; open file (task 51 is existing, 52 is new)
   trap #15
   if.w D0 <NE> #0 then.s ; if file error (404, not found)
      MOVE.B #52, D0
                           ; open new file (52 is new)
      trap #15
   endi
******************
  * Seek to END of FILE by counting the number of bytes, closing, reopening, then seeking.
      (first, count number of bytes already in the file to obtain seek position)
*************************
   Clr.L D3 ;TODO: reg save, D3 is now our count of bytes read
   MOVE.L #1, D2; read one byte at a time
   LEA byteRead, A1
countLoop:
   MOVE.B #53, DO; try to read one byte (TODO: move out of loop)
   CMPI.W #1,D0; 1 == EOF
   BEQ countDone
   ADDI #1, D3
   BRA countLoop
countDone:
   * close this file
   move #56,d0
   trap #15
    * reopen the target file
   MOVE.L A3, A1
   MOVE #51, D0
   trap #15
   * seek to right position, then continue with writing
   MOVE.L D3, D2 ; move the number of bytes found in the file to D2
   MOVE #55, D0 ; position file task
   trap #15
   *************
```

```
* Actually write the buffer to the file, after caculating the number of bytes
    to write and after seeking to the right location in the file for append
   ********************
   MOVE.L D5, D2 ; restore this for the actually writing the buffer
   ; assumes AO hasnt changed since handed to this method
   MOVEA.L A2, A1 ; load the address of the buffer we want to write to disk
   ; assumes file ID is still stored in D1.L
   MOVE.B #54, D0; subtask 54 is write to open file (append, or?), assumes D2 holds # of bytes
   trap #15
   ; add a newline to the file output
   LEA NEWLINE, A1
   MOVE.B #54, D0
   MOVE.B #2,D2 ; kills # of bytes to write from input param
   trap #15
   ; finally, close only this file
   MOVE.B #56, D0 ; close file task
   trap #15
   ; report to screen
   MOVEA.L A2, A1 ; load the address of the buffer we want to write to disk & screen
   MOVE.B #13, D0
   trap #15
   ; restore context
   MOVEM.L (SP)+, toSave
   RTS
*_____
* Method Name: AsciiToHex
* Written by : Berger, Modified by Nash
* Date : 3/1/2019
* Description: Converts chars '0'-'9' and 'a'-'f' to 0-9,a-F
             Transforms/unpacks 8 chars (8b each) pointed to by Al into
             its (4b each) equivalent hex value
 Preconditions & Input
       Al (input) points to a memory buffer holding 8 ascii chars (not null-terminated)
       This function calls another function (strip ascii)
  Postconditions & Output
     D7 (output) holds the converted value
      Caller-Saved : D0 is temp, D6 is a loop var
AsciiToHexRegList REG D0, D6
AsciiToHex
   MOVEM.L asciiToHexRegList, -(SP) *save context
   CLR.L D7 * clear our return value
   MOVE.L #8, D6; and set up our loop counter
chrloop
   MOVE.B (A1)+,D0 * Get the first byte
   jsr strip ascii * Get rid of the ascii code
   OR.W DO,D7 * Load the bits into D7
   subI.B #1,D6 *decrement our loop variable
   BEQ chrDone *skip shifting if we are done
   ASL.L #4,D7 * shift left 4 bits to prepare for next byte
   BRA chrLoop
chrDone
   MOVEM.L (SP)+,asciiToHexRegList
************
```

```
* SUBROUTINE: strip ascii
* remove the ascii code from the digits 0-9, a-f, or A-F
* Input Parameters: <D0> = ascii code
* Return parameters: D0.B = number 0...F, returned as 00...0F
* Registers used internally: D0
* Assumptions: D0 contains $30-$39, $41-$46 or $61-66
*******************
strip ascii
     CMP.B #$39,D0 * Is it in range of 0-9?
     BLE sub30 * Its a number
     CMP.B #$46,D0 * Is is A...F?
     BLE sub37 * Its A...F
      SUB.B #$57,D0 * Its a...f
     BRA ret sa * Go back
sub37 SUB.B #$37,D0 * Strip 37
     BRA ret sa * Go back
sub30 SUB.B #$30,D0 * Strip 30
ret sa RTS * Go back
^{\star} Required variables and constants go here for your Disassembler
                   EQU $0D
LF
                   EQU $0A
NEWLINE
                   DC.B CR, LF, 0
begMSG1
                   DC.B 'Welcome to CSS 422 Disassembler Final Project', CR, LF, O
                  DC.B 'The following program was created by Amy Meyers, Mariah
begMSG2
Files', CR, LF, 'and Mustafa Majeed', CR, LF, 0
inputFileName DC.B 'Config.cfg',0
outFilename
                   DC.B 'Output.txt',0
                  DC.B 'Reading a starting address and and an ending address from :
beaMSG3
',CR,LF,'Config.cfg',CR,LF,0
MSG4
                   DC.B 'Starting address read = ',0
                   DC.B 'Ending address read = ',0
MSG5
                   DC.B CR, LF, 'Disassembled code is as follows: ', CR, LF, 0
                   DC.B 'INPUT FILE NOT PROPERLY FORMATTED', CR, LF, 'PLEASE TRY AGAIN', CR, LF, 0
inFileERR
                   DC.B 'ERR::: STARTING ADDRESS IS LARGER THAN ENDING ADDRESS', CR, LF, 'PLEASE
FORMAT FILE CORRECTLY', CR, LF, 0
                  DC.B 'ERR::: THE FILE THAT WAS READ WAS EMPTY, PLEASE TRY AGAIN', CR, LF, 0
                   DC.B 'ERR::: STARTING ADDRESS IS ODD, PLEAST TRY AGAIN', CR, LF, 0
oddS
                  DC.B 'ERR::: ENDING ADDRESS IS ODD, PLEAST TRY AGAIN', CR, LF, 0
oddE
inputFileBuf
                 DS.B 80
fileSize
                  DC.B 80
GBuf
                   DS.B 80
                   DS.B 80
BBuf
startingBuf
                  DS.B 10
endingBuf
                   DS.B 10
byteRead
                   DS.B 1
  END START ; last line of source
```