Date: 2025 -- > July 3rd

# Assignment – I Data Cleaning Using String Functions for Variables and Data Structures

# Easy

1. Remove Spaces

Assignment: Remove leading and trailing spaces from a string using strip().

Example:

```
text = " Hello, World! "
cleaned = text.strip() # "Hello, World!"
```

2. Remove Leading Characters

Assignment: Remove all leading asterisks from a string using lstrip().

Example:

```
text = "***Welcome"

cleaned = text.lstrip("*") # "Welcome"
```

3. Remove Trailing Characters

Assignment: Remove all trailing exclamation marks from a string using rstrip().

Example:

```
text = "Goodbye!!!"
cleaned = text.rstrip("!") # "Goodbye"
```

4. Capitalize a Sentence

Assignment: Capitalize only the first letter of a lowercase sentence using capitalize().

```
sentence = "python is fun."
result = sentence.capitalize() # "Python is fun."
```

```
Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd
```

## 5. Title Case a Name

Assignment: Convert a name to title case using title().

Example:

```
name = "john doe"
result = name.title() # "John Doe"
```

## 6. Clean List of Names

Assignment: Remove leading and trailing spaces from each name in a list.

Example:

```
names = [" Alice", "Bob ", " Charlie "]
cleaned = [n.strip() for n in names] # ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"]
```

## 7. Remove Custom Characters

Assignment: Remove # and \$ from both ends of a string using strip().

Example:

```
text = "#hello$"
cleaned = text.strip("#$") # "hello"
```

## 8. Capitalize All Names in List

Assignment: Capitalize each name in a list using capitalize().

Example:

```
names = ["alice", "bob", "charlie"]
capitalized = [n.capitalize() for n in names] # ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"]
```

## 9. Clean Dictionary Values

Assignment: Remove trailing spaces from all values in a dictionary.

```
data = {"name": "Alice ", "city": "London "}
cleaned = {k: v.rstrip() for k, v in data.items()} # {'name': 'Alice', 'city': 'London'}
```

```
Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd
```

10. Title Case Sentences in List

Assignment: Convert each sentence in a list to title case.

Example:

```
sentences = ["hello world", "python is fun"]
result = [s.title() for s in sentences] # ["Hello World", "Python Is Fun"]
```

## **Intermediate**

11. Clean and Title Case

Assignment: Remove spaces and convert to title case.

Example:

```
text = " hello PYTHON world "
result = text.strip().title() # "Hello Python World"
```

12. Clean List of Emails

Assignment: Remove leading/trailing spaces from each email in a list.

Example:

```
emails = [" alice@example.com", "bob@example.com "]
cleaned = [e.strip() for e in emails] # ["alice@example.com", "bob@example.com"]
```

13. Remove Leading Numbers

Assignment: Remove all leading digits from a string using lstrip().

Example:

```
text = "12345abc"

cleaned = text.lstrip("0123456789") # "abc"
```

14. Clean Nested List

Assignment: Remove spaces from each string in a nested list.

```
nested = [[" apple", "banana "], [" cherry "]]
cleaned = [[item.strip() for item in sublist] for sublist in nested] # [["apple", "banana"],
["cherry"]]
```

```
Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd
```

## 15. Capitalize After Cleaning

Assignment: Clean a string and capitalize the first letter.

Example:

```
text = " hello world "
result = text.strip().capitalize() # "Hello world"
```

## 16. Clean Dictionary Keys

Assignment: Remove trailing underscores from all dictionary keys.

Example:

```
data = {"name_": "Alice", "age_": 30}
cleaned = {k.rstrip("_"): v for k, v in data.items()} # {'name': 'Alice', 'age': 30}
```

## 17. Clean and Deduplicate Names

Assignment: Clean, capitalize, and deduplicate names in a list.

Example:

```
names = [" alice ", "Bob", "bob", "ALICE"]
cleaned = list(set(n.strip().capitalize() for n in names)) # ['Alice', 'Bob']
```

# 18. Remove Multiple Characters

Assignment: Remove \*, -, and spaces from both ends of a string.

Example:

```
text = "***-hello-***"
cleaned = text.strip("*-") # "hello"
```

## 19. Conditional Cleaning in List

Assignment: Remove leading # only if present in each string in a list.

```
tags = ["#python", "java", "#c++"]
cleaned = [t.lstrip("#") if t.startswith("#") else t for t in tags] # ["python", "java", "c++"]
```

```
Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd
  20. Clean and Group by First Letter
     Assignment: Clean and group product names by their first letter (case-insensitive).
     Example:
products = [" apple", "-Banana", "apricot", "banana "]
cleaned = [p.strip(" -").capitalize() for p in products]
grouped = {}
for p in cleaned:
    key = p[^0].upper()
    grouped.setdefault(key, []).append(p)
# grouped: {'A': ['Apple', 'Apricot'], 'B': ['Banana', 'Banana']}
Hard
  21. Clean Set of Strings
     Assignment: Clean all strings in a set of special-character-laden strings.
     Example:
raw = {"***Alice***", "@Bob@", " Carol "}
cleaned = {s.strip("*@ ").capitalize() for s in raw} # {'Alice', 'Bob', 'Carol'}
  22. Complex Nested Cleaning
     Assignment: Clean and title-case all strings in dictionary values (lists).
     Example:
data = {"fruits": [" apple", "banana "], "veggies": ["carrot ", " pea"]}
cleaned = {k: [v.strip().title() for v in vals] for k, vals in data.items()}
# {'fruits': ['Apple', 'Banana'], 'veggies': ['Carrot', 'Pea']}
  23. Custom Title Function
     Assignment: Implement your own title() using only capitalize() and loops.
     Example:
def custom_title(s):
    return ' '.join([w.capitalize() for w in s.split()])
custom_title("hello world from python") # "Hello World From Python"
```

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Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd
```

## 24. Clean and Format Emails

Assignment: Clean emails (strip spaces, lowercase all, except capitalize first letter before @).

Example:

```
emails = [" ALICE@Example.com", "bob@EXAMPLE.COM "]
cleaned = [e.strip().split("@")[0].capitalize() + "@" + e.strip().split("@")[^1].lower() for e in
emails]
# ['Alice@example.com', 'Bob@example.com']
```

### 25. Multi-Step Cleaning

Assignment: Remove leading numbers, trailing punctuation, and title-case the string.

Example:

```
text = "123hello world!!!"
cleaned = text.lstrip("0123456789").rstrip("!").title() # "Hello World"
```

#### 26. In-Place Cleaning

Assignment: Clean and title-case a list of strings in place (no new list).

Example:



```
names = [" alice ", "BOB", " charlie"]
for i in range(len(names)):
    names[i] = names[i].strip().title()
# names: ['Alice', 'Bob', 'Charlie']
```

### 27. Clean and Count Unique Words

Assignment: Clean sentences, split into words, count unique words.

```
sentences = [" hello world ", "Hello python "]
words = set()
for s in sentences:
    words.update(s.strip().capitalize().split())
# words: {'Hello', 'World', 'Python'}
```

Date: 2025 -- >July 3rd

28. Clean Dictionary Sentences

Assignment: Clean and capitalize only the first word of each dictionary value.

Example:

```
data = {"msg1": " hello world ", "msg2": "python is fun"}
cleaned = {k: v.strip().capitalize() for k, v in data.items()}
# {'msg1': 'Hello world', 'msg2': 'Python is fun'}
```

29. Selective Character Removal

Assignment: Remove only leading/trailing underscores and dashes.

Example:

```
text = "_-example-_"
cleaned = text.strip("_-") # "example"
```

30. Batch Clean and Sort

Assignment: Clean and title-case product codes, then sort.

Example:

```
codes = [" code1 ", "CODE2", " code3"]
cleaned = sorted([c.strip().title() for c in codes])
# ['Code1', 'Code2', 'Code3']
```

These examples are directly runnable and demonstrate the practical use of each assignment for hands-on learning with string cleaning in Python<sup>[1][2][3]</sup>.

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- 1. <a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python/python-string-methods-set-3-strip-lstrip-rstrip-min-max-maketrans-translate-replace-expandtabs/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python/python-string-methods-set-3-strip-lstrip-rstrip-min-max-maketrans-translate-replace-expandtabs/</a>
- 2. <a href="https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/python-trim">https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/python-trim</a>
- 3. <a href="https://llego.dev/posts/comprehensive-guide-common-string-methods-python/">https://llego.dev/posts/comprehensive-guide-common-string-methods-python/</a>