```
Q1 — Database & Table Creation
Q2 — Bulk Data Insertion into Partitioned table
Q3 — Add a new Partition: Write Hive commands to add a partition (exam_year=2025,
exam_session='Spring') to the student_results table
Q4 — Data Insertion into Specific Partition: Insert 4 new records for the above partition. After
that verify the insertion.
Q5 — Drop Partition: Write Hive commands to drop the partition (exam_year=2022,
exam session='Fall') from the student results table.
Q6 — Query with Partition Filtering: Write a Hive guery to display records of students who
appeared in the exam year=2025 and exam session='Fall'.
Q8 — Join Query: Write a Hive query to display student_name, course_name, marks for all
students in the Computer Science department.
Q9 — Aggregation: Find the average marks per department for the exam year 2024.
Q10 — Top Scorer Query: Write a Hive query to find the student(s) with the highest marks in
the Spring 2025 session.
Q7 is missing in the slide, Q1 & Q2 for table creation and data insertion.
if you are running first time then pull the image otherwise skip next two line
docker pull macio232/hadoop-pseudo-distributed-mode
docker run -p 9870:9870 -p 8088:8088 -it --name=myHadoop
macio232/hadoop-pseudo-distributed-mode
docker container start -i myHadoop
mkdir test
another terminal: docker cp Documents/MajidMac/Documents/CSE/student_results.csv
myHadoop:\test\
hive
CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS education_db;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS education db.student results (
  student id INT,
  subject_code STRING,
  marks INT,
```

grade STRING

PARTITIONED BY ( exam\_year INT,

)

exam\_session STRING

```
STORED AS PARQUET
LOCATION '/Test/Result';
Container terminal: hdfs dfs -ls /
hdfs dfs -rm -r /Test
hdfs dfs -ls /Test/
Again in hive
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS education_db.result_tmp (
  student id INT,
  subject_code STRING,
  marks INT,
  grade STRING,
  exam_year INT,
  exam session STRING
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
FIELDS TERMINATED BY '.'
LOCATION '/Test/Result_Temp';
show tables from education_db;
LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/test/student_results.csv' INTO TABLE
education_db.result_tmp;
select * from education_db.result_tmp;
SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition=true;
SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode=nonstrict;
INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE education db.student results PARTITION(exam year,
exam_session) SELECT student_id, subject_code, marks, grade, exam_year,
exam_session from education_db.result_tmp WHERE exam_year IS NOT NULL AND
exam_session IS NOT NULL;
MSCK REPAIR TABLE education_db.student_results;
select * from education db.student results;
SHOW PARTITIONS education_db.student_results;
Drop table education db.result tmp;
DROP DATABASE education_db CASCADE;
select * from education_db.student_results where exam_year=2025 and
exam session='Fall';
```

```
Q3 — Add a new Partition: Write Hive commands to add a partition (exam_year=2025,
exam session='Spring') to the student results table
ALTER TABLE education db.student results
ADD PARTITION (exam_year=2020, exam_session='Fall')
LOCATION '/Test/Result/exam year=2020/exam session=Fall';
SHOW PARTITIONS education db.student results;
MSCK REPAIR TABLE education_db.student_results;
Q4 — Data Insertion into Specific Partition: Insert 4 new records for the above partition. After
that verify the insertion.
INSERT INTO TABLE education_db.student_results
PARTITION (exam_year=2020, exam_session='Fall')
VALUES
(1071, 'CSE101', 92, 'A+'),
(1072, 'CSE102', 78, 'B+'),
(1073, 'CSE103', 85, 'A'),
(1074, 'CSE104', 67, 'B');
MSCK REPAIR TABLE education_db.student_results;
select * from education_db.student_results where exam_year=2020 and
exam_session='Fall';
SELECT*
FROM education_db.student_results
WHERE exam_year=2025
 AND exam_session='Fall';
SELECT *
FROM education db.student results
WHERE exam_year=2025
 AND exam_session='Fall';
```

```
Q5 — Drop Partition: Write Hive commands to drop the partition (exam_year=2022,
exam_session='Fall') from the student_results table.
ALTER TABLE education_db.student_results
DROP PARTITION (exam_year=2020, exam_session='Fall');
SHOW PARTITIONS education_db.student_results;
MSCK REPAIR TABLE education_db.student_results;
"We need two more tables(students, courses) to execute next queries, So we will create that
tables now"
======== students, courses table creation
_____
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS education_db.students (
  student id INT,
  student name STRING,
  dob STRING,
  department STRING
)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE
LOCATION '/Test/Student';
LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/test/students.csv' INTO TABLE education_db.students;
select * from education_db.students;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS education_db.courses (
  course_id INT,
  course name STRING,
  credits INT,
  department STRING
)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
STORED AS TEXTFILE
LOCATION '/Test/Course';
LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/test/courses.csv' INTO TABLE education db.courses;
select * from education_db.courses;
```

======== students table created

Q6 — Query with Partition Filtering: Write a Hive query to display records of students who appeared in the exam\_year=2023 and exam\_session='Fall'.

```
SELECT
sr.student_id,
s.student_name,
s.dob,
s.department,
sr.subject_code,
sr.marks,
sr.grade,
sr.exam_year,
sr.exam_session
FROM education_db.student_results sr
JOIN education_db.students s
ON sr.student_id=s.student_id
WHERE
sr.exam_year=2025 AND sr.exam_session='Fall';
```

Q8 — Join Query: Write a Hive query to display student\_name, course\_name, marks for all students in the Computer Science department.

```
SELECT
s.student_name,
c.course_name,
sr.marks
FROM education_db.student_results sr
JOIN education_db.students s
ON sr.student_id = s.student_id
JOIN education_db.courses c
ON sr.subject_code = c.course_name
WHERE s.department = 'Computer Science';
```

Q9 — Aggregation: Find the average marks per department for the exam year 2025.

```
SELECT
s.department,
AVG(sr.marks) AS avg_marks
FROM education db.student results sr
```

```
JOIN education_db.students s
  ON sr.student_id = s.student_id
WHERE sr.exam year = 2025
GROUP BY s.department;
Q10 — Top Scorer Query: Write a Hive query to find the student(s) with the highest marks in
the Spring 2025 session.
Find the maximum marks in Spring 2025
WITH max_marks_cte AS (
  SELECT MAX(marks) AS max_marks
  FROM education db.student results
  WHERE exam_year = 2025 AND exam_session = 'Fall'
)
SELECT
  sr.student_id,
  s.student_name,
  sr.subject code,
  sr.marks
FROM education_db.student_results sr
JOIN max_marks_cte mm
  ON sr.marks = mm.max marks
JOIN education_db.students s
  ON sr.student id = s.student id
WHERE sr.exam_year = 2025 AND sr.exam_session = 'Fall';
Necessary Commands
DROP TABLE education_db.students;
DROP DATABASE education_db; // table gula delete kore nite hobe age
SHOW TABLES IN education db;
hdfs dfs -rm -r /TeacherDetail/Result/exam_year=__HIVE_DEFAULT_PARTITION__
Debugging command
```

hdfs dfs -ls -R /Test/Result | grep exam\_year=2020

hdfs dfs -rm -r /Test/Result/exam year=2020