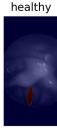
Task 1: Task 2:

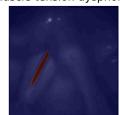
```
rom <mark>math</mark> import ceil
import random
 mport matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import json
bagal_list = os.listdir('./Mini_BAGLS_dataset')
ids = list(map(lambda x:x[:-5] , filter( lambda x: x[-4:]=='meta',bagal_list)))
idef get_random_ids(l:list,k:int)->list:
    random_choices = random.choices(l,k=k)
return random_choices
def seg_id(id:str):
    seg_id = f'{id}_seg.png'
    return seg_id
 lef img_id(id:str):
    img_id = f'{id}.png'
    return img_id
    meta_id = f'{id}.meta'
    return meta_id
def plot_show(ids:list):
         plt.subplot(ceil(k/2),ceil(k/2),i+1)
         plt.axis('off')
         img2 = plt.imread(f'./Mini_BAGLS_dataset/{seg_id(ids[i])}')
         plt.imshow(img2,alpha=1,cmap='jet')
         img = plt.imread(f'./Mini_BAGLS_dataset/{img_id(ids[i])}')
         print(img)
plt.imshow(img,alpha=0.6)
         f = open(f'./Mini_BAGLS_dataset/{meta_id(ids[i])}'.'r')
         js = json.load(f)
         plt.title(js['Subject disorder status'])
olot_show(get_random_ids(ids,4))
```





Posterior insufficient glottic closure Muscle tension dysphonia





Task 4:

Lightness creates some edges and artifacts in the image and Luminosity is a weighted average and those weights are unique for each image domain for example images of nature have some weights while images of houses may have other weights. So, I prefer the average method because it doesn't need weight initialization and it doesn't create sharp edges in the image.

```
Task 3:
```

```
adef same(img):
    return img
adef lightness(img):
    img = np.max(img,axis=-1) - np.min(img,-1)
    return img/2
    pass
adef average(img):
    return np.average(img,-1)
    pass
adef luminosity(img):
    return 0.2989*img[:,:,0] + 0.5870 * img[:,:,1] + 0.1140 * img[:,:,2]
    pass
i = 1
afor f in [same,lightness,average,luminosity]:
    plt.subplot(1,4,i)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.imshow(f(leaves),'gray')
    i+=1
plt.show()
```





leaves = plt.imread('./leaves.jpg')



