Declarative representation and analysis of state machines

Dr. Constantinos Constantinides, P.Eng.

Computer Science and Software Engineering

Concordia University

Declarative representation of a UML State Machine

A UML State Machine can be modeled as a set of facts:

<u>Format</u>	<u>Description</u>
state/4:	state(Name, OnEntry, OnExit, Do).
initial/1	<pre>initial_state(Name).</pre>
final/1	<pre>final_state(Name).</pre>
transition/5:	<pre>transition(SourceState, TargetState,</pre>

Capturing states

configuring
entry/switch led on
exit/switch led off
...

state(Name, OnEntry, OnExit, Do).

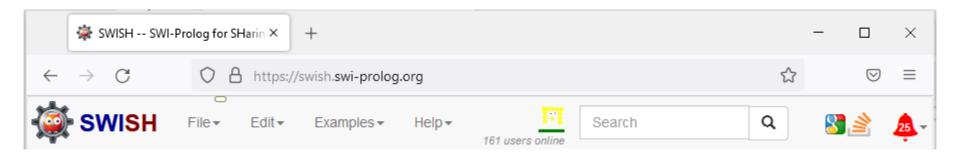
state(configuring, 'switch led on', 'switch led off', null).

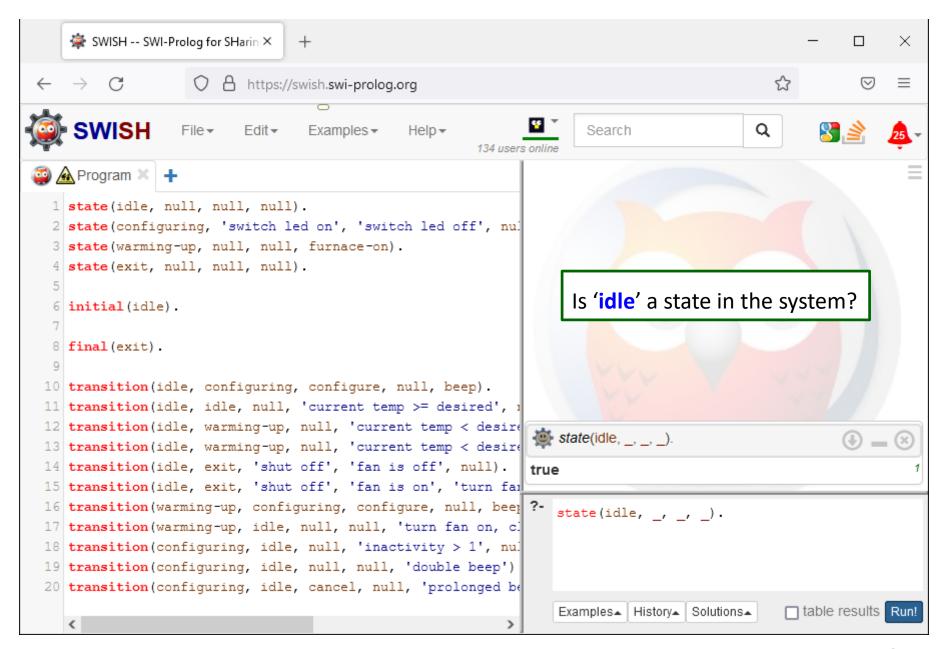
Capturing transitions

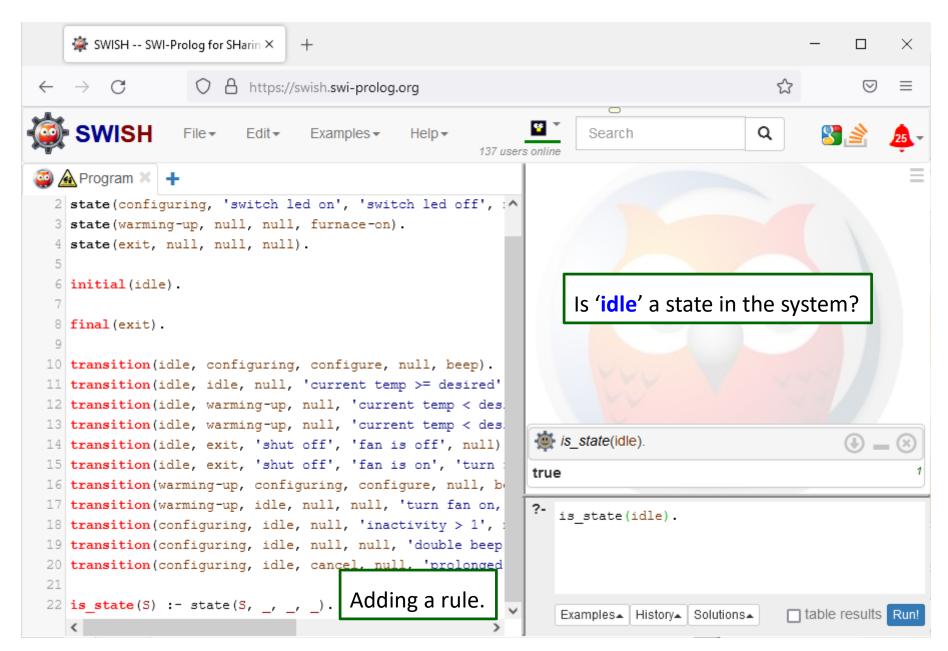


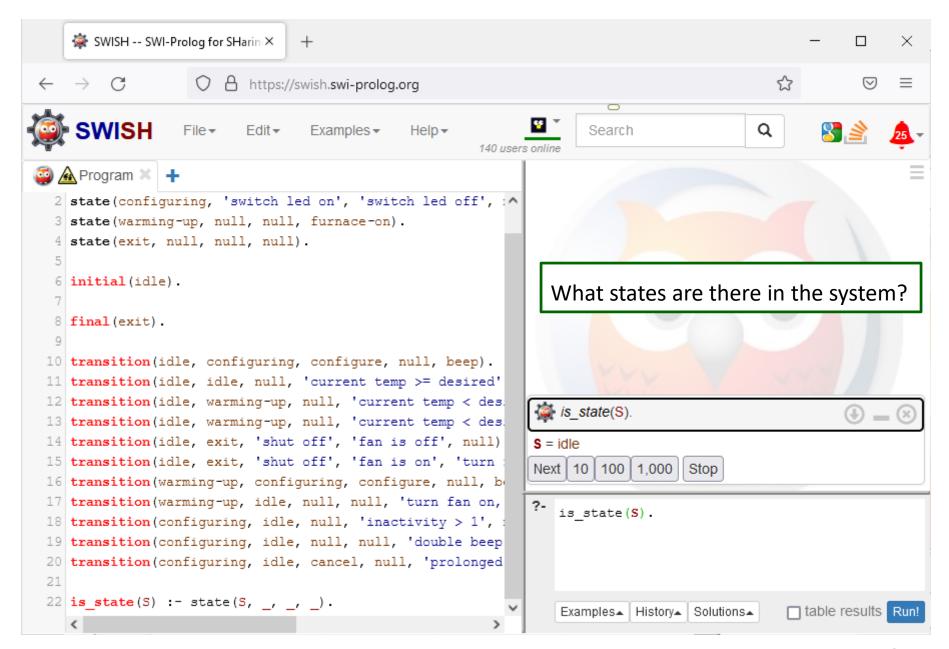
transition(SourceState, TargetState, Event, Guard, Action).

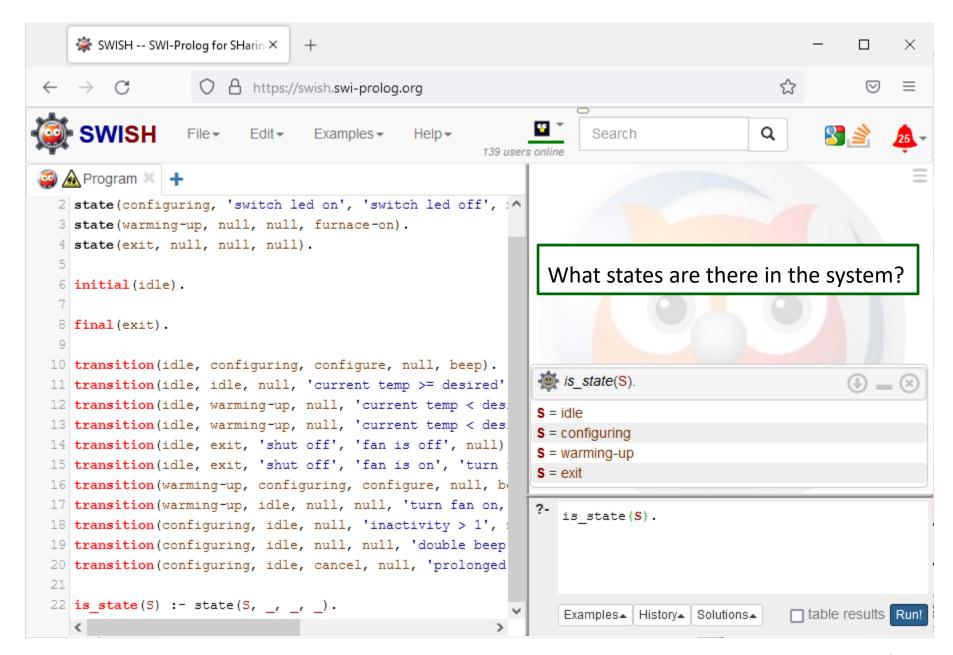
transition(idle, configuring, configure, null, beep).

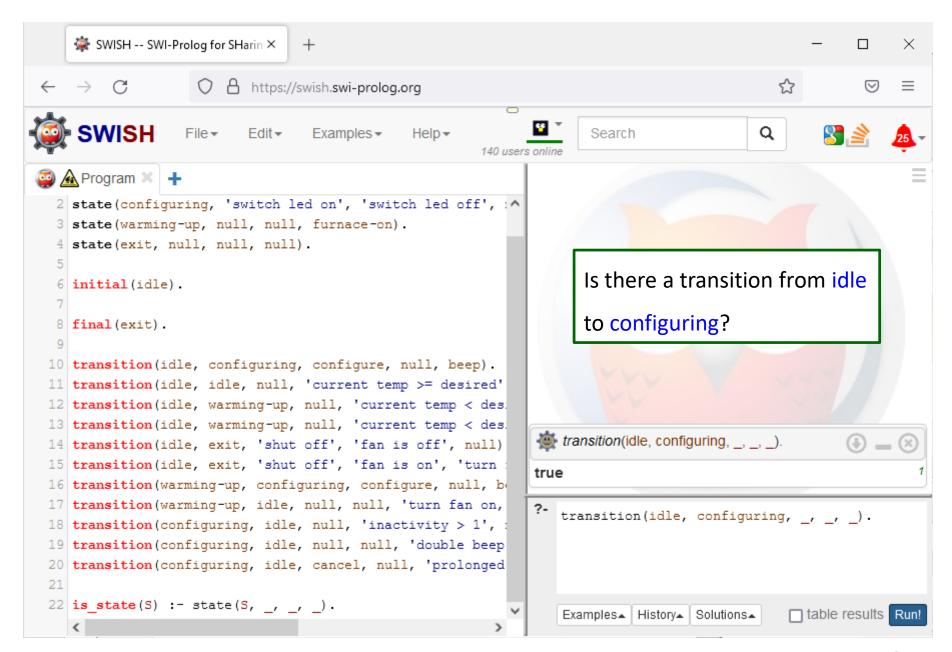


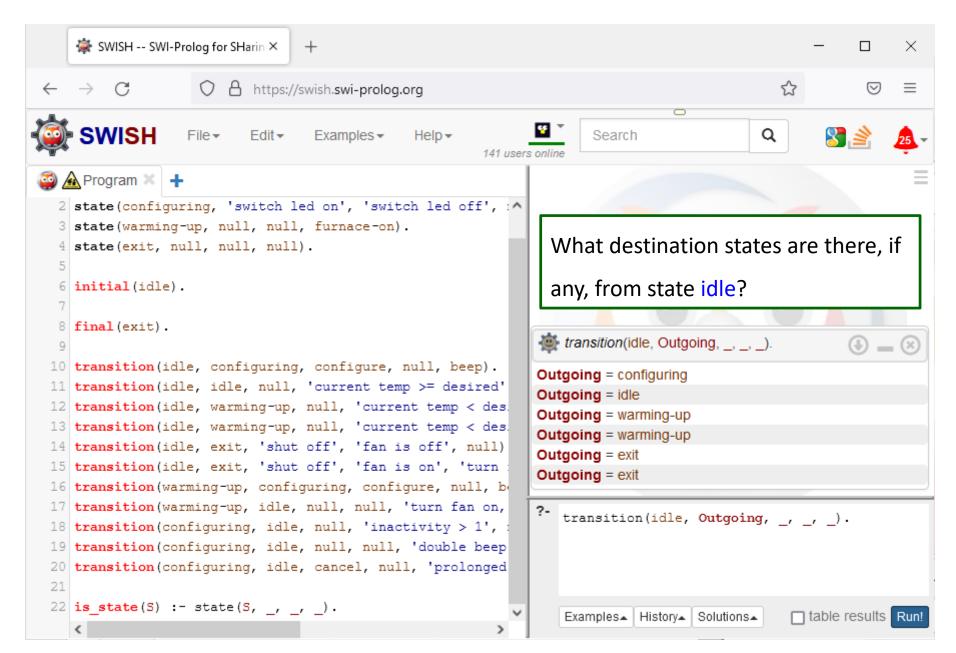


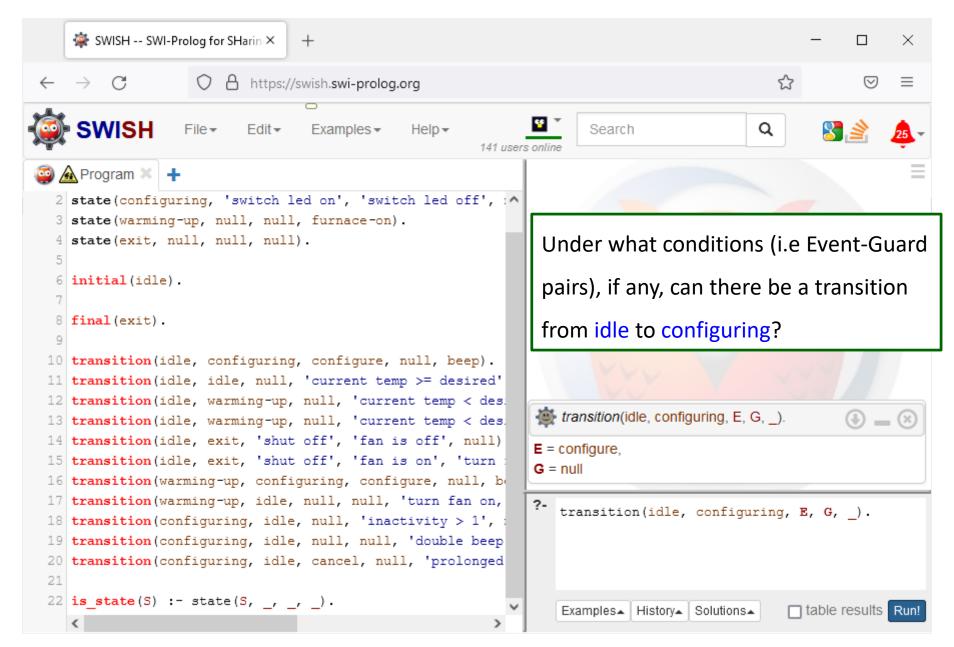












Built-in utility functions in Prolog

- The built-in function findall(X, P, L) returns a list L with all values for X that satisfy predicate P.
- To eliminate redundancies in a list, we can use the built-in function list_to_set(List, Set) that converts the list (with possibly repeated elements) into a set.

```
events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
%%
              all events that occur in the system.
events(EventSet) :-
   findall(Event,
           (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')),
           EventList),
    list_to_set(EventList, EventSet).
```

```
%%
   events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
              all events that occur in the system.
events(EventSet) :-
    findall(Event,
                                                1. Given this predicate...
           (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')
           EventList),
    list_to_set(EventList, EventSet).
```

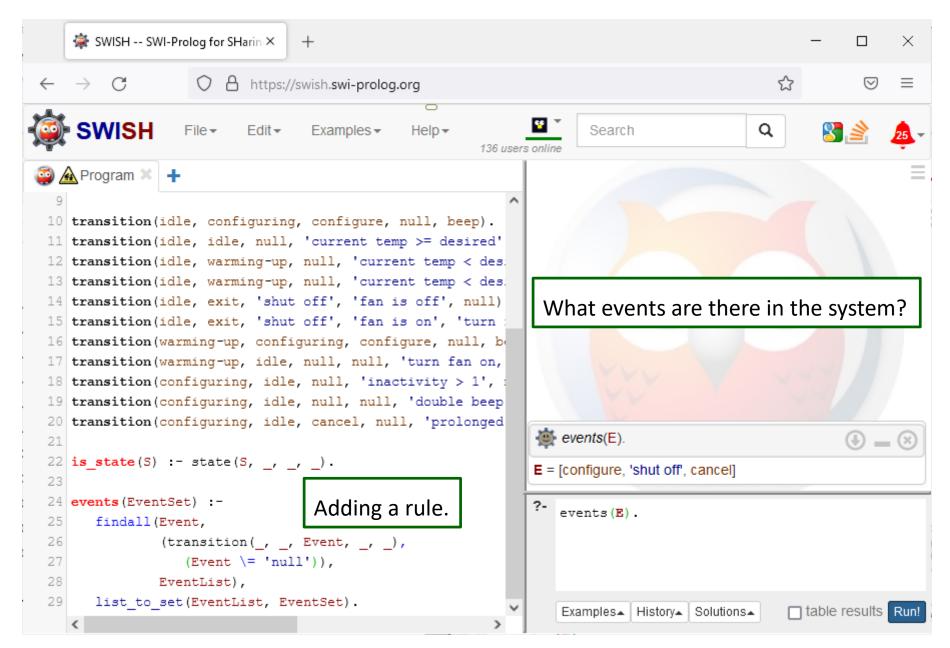
```
%%
    events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
               all events that occur in the system.
events(EventSet) :-
                                            2. Obtain all instances of Event
                                            that satisfy the predicate, and...
    findall(Event,
                                                  1. Given this predicate...
            (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')),
            EventList),
    list_to_set(EventList, EventSet).
```

```
%%
    events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
               all events that occur in the system.
events(EventSet) :-
                                             2. Obtain all instances of Event
                                             that satisfy the predicate, and...
    findall(Event,
                                                   1. Given this predicate...
            (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')),
            EventList),
                                3. Place all those matching instances in a list.
    list_to_set(EventList, EventSet).
```

```
%%
    events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
               all events that occur in the system.
events(EventSet) :-
                                             2. Obtain all instances of Event
                                             that satisfy the predicate, and...
    findall(Event,
                                                   1. Given this predicate...
            (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')),
            EventList),
                                3. Place all those matching instances in a list.
    list_to_set(EventList, EventSet).
```

4. Transform the list into a set, and, ...

```
%%
    events/1: Succeeds by obtaining a collection of
%%
               all events that occur in the system.
                                                           5. Return the set.
events(EventSet)
                                              2. Obtain all instances of Event
                                              that satisfy the predicate, and...
    findall(Event,
                                                    1. Given this predicate...
            (transition(_, _, Event, _, _), (Event \= 'null')),
            EventList),
                                 3. Place all those matching instances in a list.
    list to set(EventList, EventSet).
                                       4. Transform the list into a set, and, ...
```



```
%%
    get transitions/1 : The rule succeeds
%%
       by returning a set of non-self transition pairs of the
%%
       form [SourceState, DestinationState].
get_transitions(T):-
                                                          5. Return the set.
                                              2. Obtain all instances of Source
     findall([S, D]
                                                Destination pairs that satisfy
                                               the predicate, and...
               (transition(S, D, _, _, _
                                                    1. Given this predicate...
                                3. Place all those matching instances in a list.
```

list_to_set(L, T)

4. Transform the list into a set, and, ...

