

MKS SERVO42D/57D_CAN V1.0.5 USER MANUAL

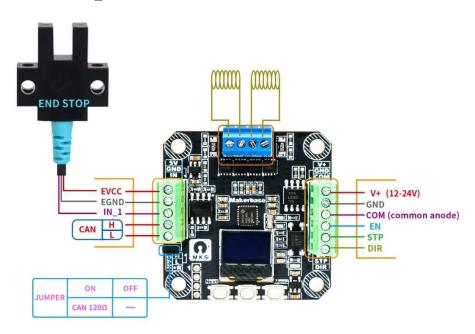
	MKS SERVO42D/57D_CAN Manual Release		
manual	discription	firmware	date
V1.0.0	First release	V1.0.0	Mar-2023
	1.Added SR_OPEN, SR_CLOSE control mode.		
	2.lt can set any working current.		
V1.0.1	3.Redefined speed and acceleration for serial Mode.		Apr 2022
V1.U.1	4. Add the "92" command , It can set the current position	V1.0.1	Apr-2023
	to 0 point.		
	5. Add the "8D" command, It can set the group address.		
	1.Slave does not answer if broadcast address or group		
V1.0.2	address is used.	V1.0.2	May-2023
	2.OUT_1 port output stall indication.		
	1. Add the "9A" command, It can set the parameter of		
	0_Mode.		
	2. Add the "8F" command, It can locked the key.		Jul-2023
V1.0.3	3. Add the "34" command, It can read the IO Ports status.	V1.0.3	
	4. the number of slave addresses can be set by menu is		
	change to 16.		
	5. add left and right endstop limit function.		
	1. Added menu or command (9BH) to set holding current		Sep-2023
	percentage function.		
V1.0.4	2. Added absolute motion by pulses(FEH).	V1.0.4	
V 1.U.4	3. Modify the 8CH command and add the option of active.	V1.U.4	
	4. Add emergency stop command(F7H).		
	5. Add limit port remap command (9EH).		
	1. Support no limit switch for "go home" function.		
	2. Added menu options: "Hm_Mode" and "Hm_Ma".		
V1.0.5	3. Add the "94H" command.	V1.0.5	May-2024
V1.0.5	4. Fix the bug of command "F4H" and "F5H".	V1.0.5	Way-2024
	5. The command"F5H"supports real-time data update.		
	6. Add the restart motor command(41H).		
	1. Add the "35H" command to read RAW data of encoder.		
	2. Add the "9DH"command , En triggers single-turn zero		
V/1 O 6	return and position error protection function.	\/1 O G	0004
V1.0.6	3. Read system parameter function, see section 5.9.	V1.0.6	Sep-2024
	4. It can release the protection status by En.		
	5. Add the "36H"command to write the IO port.		



Part1. Feature

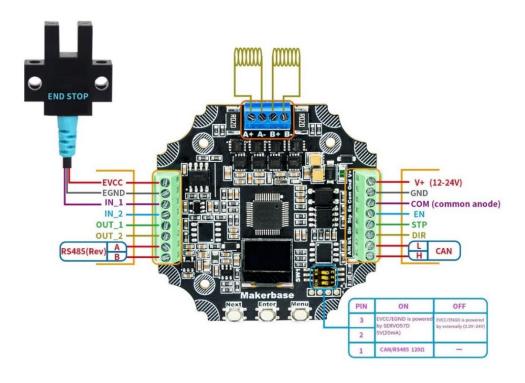
1.1 Interface

1. SERVO42D_CAN Interface



Note: EVCC/EGND is powered by SERVO42D 5V(20mA)

2. SERVO57D_CAN Interface





1.2 Key Operation

Key	Function
Next	move down
Enter	Confirm
Menu	Enter/exit parameter setting menu

3. How to View parameter

Press the "Menu" key to Enter the Menu press the "Next" key to move to the sub-option press the "Enter" key, then it show the value.

4. How to setting Parameter:

Press the "Menu" key to Enter the Menu press the "Next" key to move to sub-option press the "Enter" key, it show the value. press the "Next" key to move to the value press the "Enter" key to set the value.

1.3 Parameter description

1. 0.0° - the angle of the motor shaft. (unit degree). (Note: It calculated based on the read encoder value, dynamically displayed)

- 2. 0.00err the err of the motor shaft angle.
- 3. 0clk the pulses have been received.



1.4 Work mode

	Work Mo	de	MAX RPM	Work Current	
OPEN	pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400RPM	Fix the work ourrent is Me	
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	400KPIVI	Fix, the work current is Ma	
CLOSE	pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma	
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	TOURPIN	Fix, the work current is ivia	
vFOC	pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000RPM	self-adaption, the Max current	
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	SUUURPIVI	is Ma	

Notel: The default work mode is CR vFOC.

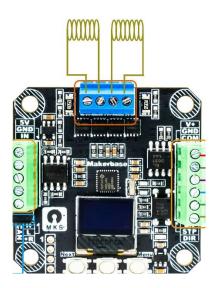
Note2: It can work without encoder in "OPEN" work mode.



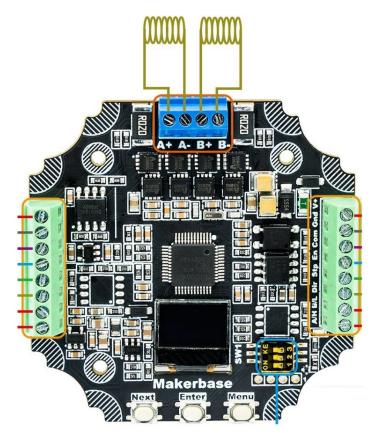
Part2. Wire

2.1 Motor wire

Note: The motor internal resistance should be less than 10 ohms. 1. SERVO42D_CAN motor wire

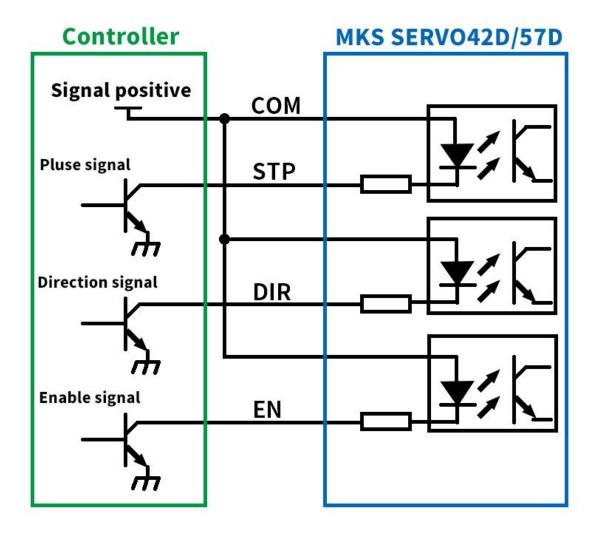


2. SERVO57D_CAN motor wire





2.2 Pulse interface wire



Note: if the (STP/DIR/EN) signal high level is 3.3V, the COM must be 3.3V if the (STP/DIR/EN) signal high level is 5.0V, the COM must be 5.0V

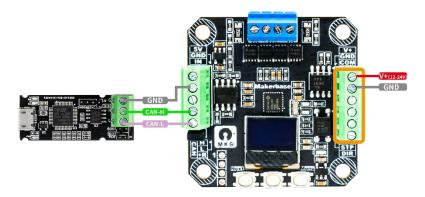
and so on.



2.3 CAN wire

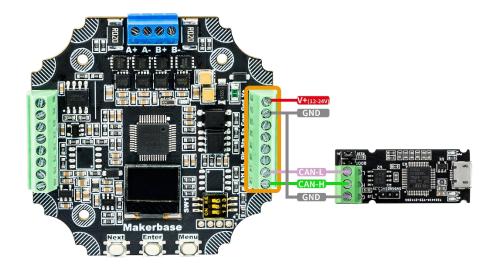
Note: Tip: In order to reduce bus interference, the host-gnd and the motor-gnd must connected togeter, and CAN signals are transmitted using shielded twisted pairs.

1. SERVO42D CAN Single-slave



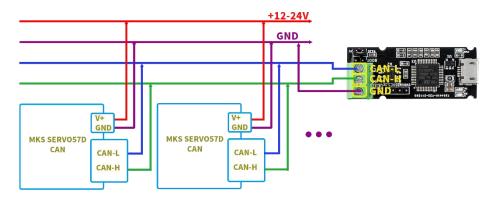
Note: Single slave communication does not need 120Ω Terminal.

2. SERVO57D_CAN Single-slave



Note: Single slave communication does not need 120Ω Terminal.

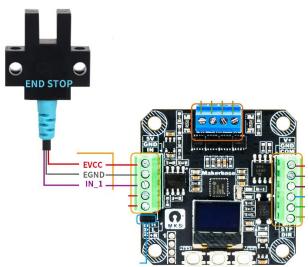
3. Multiple-slave





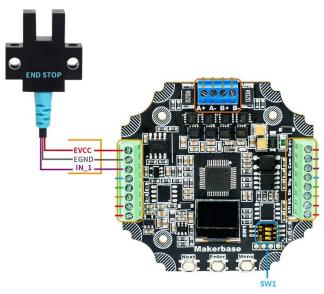
2.4 End stop wire

1. SERVO42D_CAN end stop wire



Note: EVCC/EGND is powered by SERVO42D 5V(20mA)

2. SERVO57D_CAN end stop wire



	SW1						
PIN	ON	OFF					
3	EVCC/EGND is powered	EVCC/EGND is powered by externally					
2	by SERVO57D 5V(20mA)	power.(3.3V-24V)					
1	CAN 120Ω Terminal	NULL					

Note: The mechanical switch only needs to be connected the "EGND, IN_1", and the SW1 pin2 must be in the ON state.



2.5 IO Port Description

PORT	Function	57D	42D
IN_1	home or left-limit	√	√
IN_2	right-limit	√	Χ
OUT_1	stall indication: 0-protected; 1-unprotected	√	Χ
OUT_2	reserved	√	Χ

Note: After enabling the limit remapping function, IN_1 maps to En, IN 2 maps to Dir.

2.6 EndStop-limit Description

- 1. The EndStop-limit function needs to be turned on:

 (Menu -> EndLimit or serial command "90")
- 2. When first time to using the limit function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

- 3. After the left-endstop is triggered, the motor will no longer run to the left:
- 4. After the right-endstop is triggered, the motor will no longer run to the right; (only for 57D)
- 5. Limit remapping function can be turned on (serial mode only) Left limit -> En port Right limit -> Dir port

The Com port must be connected to the corresponding high level



Part3. Menu description

1. CAL: Calibrate the motor.

2. Mode: Work mode selection.

 $\operatorname{CR_OPEN}$: pulse interface Open mode, the motor run without encoder

CR_CLOSE: pulse interface Close mode, the motor run with encoder.

 CR_vFOC : pulse interface FOC mode, the motor run with encoder.

 SR_OPEN : serial interface Open mode, the motor run without encoder

SR CLOSE: serial interface Close mode, the motor run with encoder.

SR vFOC: serial interface FOC mode, the motor run with encoder.

(Default: CR vFOC)

	Mode		MAX RPM	Work Current
OPEN	pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	400KPIVI	FIX, THE WOLK CUITELL IS IVIA
CLOSE	pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500RPM	Fix, the work current is Ma
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	ISOURPIVI	FIX, THE WOLK CUITELL IS IVIA
vFOC	pulse interface	nterface CR_vFOC		self-adaption, the Max current is
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	3000RPM	Ma

Note: CR CLOSE is better than CR vFOC for 3D printing.

3. Ma: Set the working current.

SERVO42D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000(mA) (default 1600mA)

SERV057D: 0, 400, 800..., 5200 (mA) (default 3200mA)

SERVO28D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000(mA) (default 600mA)

SERVO35D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000(mA) (default 800mA)

Other Current such as 123mA need to be set by serial command .It will be added to the last options.

4. HoldMa: Set holding current percentage.

10%, 20%,, 90%

(Default: 50%, the holding current at half the working current)

Note: Only for OPEN mode and CLOSE mode, vFOC mode is invalid.

5. MStep: Set subdivisions.

Supports subdivision from 1 to 256.

(Default: 16)

subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, and 256 can be set by Menu.

Other subdivisions such as 67 subdivisions need to be set by serial command.



6. En : Set the effective level of EN pin.

H: High level is valid.

L: Low level is effective.

Hold: the driver board is always enabled.

(Default: L)

7. Dir: Set the positive direction of motor rotation.

CW: Clockwise rotation is positive

CCW: Counterclockwise rotation is positive

(Default: CW)

Note: onldy for pulse interface, the direction of serial interface is set by command.

8. AutoSDD: Set auto turn off the OLED screen.

 $\label{eq:disable auto turn off the OLED } \textbf{Disable : disable auto turn off the OLED }$

Enable: enable auto turn off the OLED

(Default: Disable)

If set to Enable, the screen will automatically turn off after about 15 seconds, and any button can wake up the screen again.

9. Protect: Set the motor shaft locked-rotor protection function.

Disable: disable protection Enable: enable protection

(Default: Disable)

After this option is enabled, the protection will be triggered when it is detected to be locked-rotor, and the motor will be release

Note: After the stall protection is activated, there are three ways to release it:

- 1. Press the Enter button to release the stall protection;
- 2. Use the serial port command (3D) to release the stall protection;
- 3. In the pulse interface mode, the En signal is invalid (not locking the shaft), and the stall protection can be released.
- 10. MPlyer: Set internal 256 subdivision.

(Default: Enable)

Note: After this option is Enabled, it automatically enable internal 256 subdivision, it can reduce the vibration and noise when the motor at low speed.

11. CanRate: Set the bit rate of CAN interface.

125K, 250K, 500K, 1M。

(Default: 500K)



12. CanID: Set the the slave address of CAN interface.

01

• • •

09

10

(Default: 01)

Note: The addresses greater than 10 need to be set by serial command. After it is set, it will be added to this option.

13. CanRSP: Choose whether the slave respond in speed/position mode.

Disable: disable respond Enable: enable respond

(Default: Enable)

Note: If disable respond, It can query the running status of the motor by serial command "F1".

14. **O_Mode**: The motor will go back to zero when power on.

Disable: do not go back to zero.

DirMode: go back to zero with direction of CW or CCW (the

direction is set in O_Dir menu).

NearMode: go back to zero with minimum angle.

(Default: Disable)

- 15. **Set 0**: Set the zero point for go back when power on. (O Mode must not be Disable)
- 16. **O_Speed**: Set the speed of go back to zero point.

0: slowest.

. . .

4: fastest.

17. O_Dir: Set the direction of go back to zero point.

CW : Clockwise.

CCW: Counterclockwise.

(Default: CW)

18. Hm Trig: Set the effective level of the end stop.

Low: Low level is effective

High: High level is valid

(Default: Low)



19. Hm_Dir: Set the direction of go home.

CW: Clockwise rotation is positive

CCW: Counterclockwise rotation is positive

(Default: CW)

20. Hm_Speed: Set the speed (RPM) of go home.

30

60

90

120

150

180

Other speed such as 600(RPM) need to be set by serial command. It will be added to the last options.

21. Hm Mode: Set the method of go home.

Limited: used Limit switch for go home (default)

noLimit: no Limit switch for go home

When "noLimit" for go home, the motor will runs with a fixed torque (Hm_Ma setting) until it stops when it encounters an obstacle, and then runs in reverse for a certain distance (94H command setting) and then stops. The stopping point is the zero point.

22. Hm Ma: Set the current of "noLimit" go home.

SERVO42D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 800mA)

SERVO57D: 0, 400, 800..., 5200(mA) (default 400mA)

SERVO28D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 200mA)

SERVO35D: 0, 200, 400..., 3000 (mA) (default 200mA)

Note: The "Hm_Ma" is only valid during "noLimit" go home operation. It should be set to a smaller current as much as possible to avoid damaging the motor.

23. EndLimit: Set the endstop-limit function.

Disable: disable endstop-limit

Enable: enable endstop-limit

(Default: Disable)

Notel: When first time to using the "EndLimit" function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

Note 2: When EndLimit=Enable, when the motor goHome touches the left limit switch, the motor will unlocked the shaft.

If you want to locked the axis after goHome, you should set EndLimit=Disable.



24. GoHome: Go home

Notel: It need an "end stop". The motor will keep running until it hits the limit switch.

Note2: If the limit switch is already closed, the motor will rotate in the opposite direction to homeDir until the limit switch is opened, and then go home.

25. Restore: Reload the default parameters.

After restored the default parameters, it needs to Calibrate the motor.

Note: Press the "Next" key first, then power on, it can quickly restore the default parameters.

26. About : Show version parameters.

27. Exit :Exit the parameter setting menu.



Part4. CAN data format

The CAN uses standard frames.

Downlink package(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte(n-1)	Byte(n)(n≤8)
ID		DLC(n)	code	data	Check(CRC)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte(n-1)	Byte(n) (n≤8)
ID	'''	DLC(n)	(code)	data	Check (CRC)

1. The CAN ID range is $00^{\circ}2047$. (default is 01).

00 is the broadcast address;

01~10 can be set in the CanID option of the display menu; greater than 10 need to be set by serial commands.

2. The function code (code) executes the corresponding command. for example, 0x80 executes the calibration command.

3. The Check code is CHECKSUM 8bit

CRC = (ID + byte1 +
$$\cdots$$
 + byte(n)) & 0xFF
For example: command "01 30 CRC"
CRC = (0x01 + 0x30) & 0xFF = 0x31 & 0xFF = 0x31

Note: Slave does not answer if broadcast address is used.



Part5. CAN command description

Note: Please set the CAN ID first. (default:01)

The default CAN ID for the following chapters is 01.

5.1 Read status parameter command

1. command1: 01 30 CRC

read the encoder value (carry).

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	30	CRC(31)		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2byte5 byte6 byte7 byte8						byte8	
01		0	code	carry	val	ue	Check
01		0	30	carry(int32_t)	value(u	int16_t)	CRC

carry: the carry vaule of the encoder.

value: the current vaule of the encoder. (range 0°0x3FFF)

When value is greater than 0x3FFF, carry +=1.

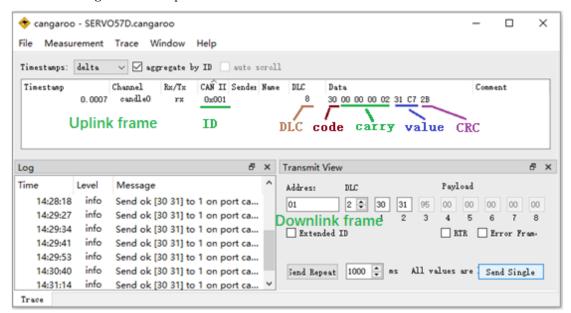
When Value is less than 0, carry -=1.

For example:

If the current carry value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the carry value (+0x4000) is 0x13FF0.

If the current carry value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the carry value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFFFF.

The Cangaroo example is as follows:





2. command2: 01 31 CRC

read the encoder value (addition).

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	31	CRC(32)	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte7	byte8	
			code	value	Check	
01		0	31	value(int48_t)	CRC	

After one turn clockwise, the value += 0x4000;

After one turn CCW, the value -= 0x4000;

For example:

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CCW, the value (+0x4000) is 0x7FF0.

If the current value is 0x3FF0, After one turn CW, the value (-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFF0.

3. Command3: 01 32 CRC

Read the real-time speed of the motor. (RPM)

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	32	CRC(33)	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte3	byte4	
01		code	data	Check		
	4	32	speed(int16_t)	CRC		

Note: if it run CCW, the speed > 0 (RPM)

if it run CW, the speed < 0 (RPM)



4. Command4 : 01 33 CRC

Read the number of pulses received.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	33	CRC(34)	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte5	byte6	
01		_	code	data	Check	
01		б	33	pulses(int32_t)	CRC	

5. Command5 : 01 34 CRC

read the IO Ports status.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	34	CRC(3B)	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
		3	34	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status							
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
reserved				OUT_2	OUT_1	IN_2	IN_1

Note: After enabling the limit remapping function, IN_1 maps to En, IN_2 maps to Dir.

6. Command6 : 01 35 CRC

read the RAW encoder value (addition).

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	35	CRC	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte7	byte8	
01		code	value	Check		
01 8	0	35	value(int48_t)	CRC		

After one turn clockwise, the value += 0x4000;



After one turn CCW, the value -= 0x4000;

For example:

If the current value is 0x3FFO, After one turn CCW, the value (+0x4000) is 0x7FF0.

If the current value is 0x3FFO, After one turn CW, the value(-0x4000) is 0xFFFFFFFFF60.

7. Command7: 01 39 CRC

read the error of the motor shaft angle.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	39	CRC(3A)		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2···byte5	Byte6	
01			code	data	Check	
01	4	39	error(int32_t)	CRC		

The error is the difference between the angle you want to control minus the real-time angle of the motor, $0^{\sim}51200$ corresponds to $0^{\sim}360^{\circ}$.

for example, when the angle error is 1° , the return error is 51200/360= 142.222, and so on.

8. Command8: 01 3A CRC

read the En pins status.

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)				
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2
01		2	3A	CRC(3B)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		2	code	data	Check	
		3	3A	enable(uint8_t)	CRC	

enable =1 Enabled enable = 0 Disabled



9. Command9: 01 3B CRC

Read the go back to zero status when power on.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	3B	CRC(3C)	

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		c	code	data	Check	
	3		3B	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =0 going to zero.

status =1 go back to zero success.

status =2 go back to zero fail.

10. Command10 : 01 3D CRC

Release the motor shaft locked-rotor protection state.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID	:	DLC	byte1	byte2	
01		2	3D	CRC(3E)	

Uplink frame(PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		.: 3	code	data	Check	
01			3D	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 release success.

status =0 release fail.

11. Command11: FA 01 3E CRC

Read the motor shaft protection state.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	3E	CRC(3F)		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		2	code	data	Check	
		3	3E	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 protected.

status =0 no protected.



5.2 Set system parameters command

1. Calibrate the encoder

(Same as the "Cal" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)					
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3
01		3	80	00	CRC(81)

Uplink frame(PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		2	code	data	Check	
01	3	3	80	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status = 0 Calibrating....

status =1 Calibrated success.

status =2 Calibrating fail.

Note: The motor must be unloaded.

2. Set the work mode

(Same as the "Mode" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01			code	data	Check	
		3	82	mode (0~5)	CRC	

 $mode = 0 \quad CR_OPEN$

 $mode = 1 CR_CLOSE$

 $mode = 2 CR_vFOC$

mode = 3SR OPEN

mode = 4SR_CLOSE

mode = 5SR_vFOC

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		. 3	code	data	Check	
			82	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 Set success.

	Mode		MAX RPM	Work Current	
OPEN	pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400RPM	Fix the work current is the Ma	
OPEN	serial interface	SR_OPEN	4008101	Fix, the work current is the Ma	
CLOSE	pulse interface		1500RPM	Fix the work current is the Ma	
CLOSE	serial interface	SR_CLSOE	TOURPIN	Fix, the work current is the Ma	
vFOC	pulse interface		3000RPM	self-adaption, the Max current is	
VFOC	serial interface	SR_vFOC	SUUURPIVI	the Ma	



3. Set the working current

(Same as the "Ma" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2-3	Byte4		
0.4		4	code	data	Check		
01		4	83	ma (uint16_t)	CRC		

Note: the new current will show in the screen of Ma option.

SERVO42D/28D/35D: Maximum Current =3000mA Maximum Current =5200mA SERVO57D:

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	83	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

4. Set the holding current percentage

(Same as the "HoldMa" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	9B	holdMa (00~08)	CRC		

holdMa = 00 10%

holdMa = 01 20%

holdMa = 08 90%

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		3	code	data	Check			
O1		S	9B	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Note: Only for OPEN mode and CLOSE mode, vFOC mode is invalid.



5. Set subdivision

(Same as the "MStep" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		code	data	Check			
U1		3	84	micstep(00~FF)	CRC		

Note: the new micstep will show in the screen of MStep option.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC byte1 byte2 byt					
01			code	data	Check		
01		3	84	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

6. Set the active of the En pin

(Same as the "En" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	85	enable(00~02)	CRC			

enable = 00 active low (L)

enable = 01 active high (H)

enable = 02 active always (Hold)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	85	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.



7. Set the direction of motor rotation

(Same as the "Dir" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	86	dir(00~01)	CRC		

dir = 00 CW dir = 01 CCW

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		o	86	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Note: onldy for pulse interface, the direction of serial interface is set by command.

8. Set auto turn off the screen function

(Same as the "AutoSDD" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	87	enable(00~01)	CRC			

enable = 01 enabled

enable = 00disabled

If set to Enable, the screen will automatically turn off after about 15 seconds, and any button can wake up the screen again.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC byte1 byte2 byte						
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	87	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.



9. Set the motor shaft locked-rotor protection function

(Same as the "Protect" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3					byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	88	enable(00~01)	CRC			

enable = 01 enabled protection

enable = 00 disabled protection

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	88	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

Note: After the stall protection is activated, there are three ways to release it:

- 1. Press the Enter button to release the stall protection;
- 2. Use the serial port command (3D) to release the stall protection;
- 3. In the pulse interface mode, the En signal is invalid (not locking the shaft), and the stall protection can be released.

10. Set the subdivision interpolation function

(Same as the "Mplyer" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3					byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	89	enable(00~01)	CRC		

enable = 01 enabled interpolation function.

enable = 00 disabled interpolation function.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	89	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.



11. Set the CAN bitRate

(Same as the "CanRate" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3					byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	8A	bitRate (00~03)	CRC			

bitRate = 00 125KbitRate = 01 250KbitRate = 02 500KbitRate = 03 1M

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	8A	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success. status =0 Set fail.

12. Set the CAN ID

(Same as the "CanID" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID	CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3 byte4								
01		4	code	da	ita	Check			
UI		4	8B	ID(00~7FF) CRC					

Notel: the new address will show in the screen of CanID option.

Note2: 0 is the broadcast address

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		2	code	data	Check			
01	01 3 8B status(uint8_t) CRC							

status =1 Set success.



13. Set the slave respond and active

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3 byte4									
01		1	code	data	data	Check			
01		4	8C	respon(00~01)	active(00-01)	CRC			

respon = 01 enabled respond (default)

respon = 00 disabled respond

active = 01 enabled active (default)

active = 00 disabled active

Note: If disable respond, It can query the running status of the motor by command "F1".

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		3	code	data	Check			
01		3	8C	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

The difference between respond and active Take position control mode 1 as an example: Host sends FA 01 FD 02 80 02 00 00 FA 00 76

- a. In no response mode (respon =0, active = xx)
 The slave does not return any information.
- b. In the mode of not actively initiating data (respon =1, active =0) Slave returns immediately Position control starts 01 or fails 00.
- c. In default mode (respon =1, active =1)
 Slave returns immediately Position control starts 01 or fails 00.
 Return to 02 or 03 after the motor finishes running or touches the limit stop.



14. Set the key lock or unlock

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	8F	enable(00~01)	CRC			

enable = 01 lock the key

enable = 00 unlock the key

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3								
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	8F	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

15. Set the group ID

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC byte1 byte2 byte3 byte4						
01			code	data		Check		
01	01 4		8D	ID(01~0x7FF)		CRC		

	Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID	CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3							
01		2	code	data	Check			
8D status(uint8_t) CRC								

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.

For example, there are 6 motors with the settings ID:

	Broadcast ID	Slave ID	Group ID
motor 1	0	1	0x50
motor 2	0	2	0x50
motor 3	0	3	0x50
motor 4	0	4	0x51
motor 5	0	5	0x51
motor 6	0	6	0x51

send 01 FD 01 2C 64 00 0C 80 1B, motor 1 will rotate a turn send 00 FD 01 2C 64 00 0C 80 1A, motor1-6 will rotate a turn send 50 FD 01 2C 64 00 0C 80 6A, motor1-3 will rotate a turn send 51 FD 01 2C 64 00 0C 80 6B, motor4-6 will rotate a turn

Note: Slave does not answer if group address is used.



5.3 Write IO port command

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)											
CAN ID		DLC	byte1				Ву	/te2				Byte3
01		3	code	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	Check
01	01 3		36	OUT2_	mask	OUT1	_mask	OUT_2	OUT_1		0	CRC

OUT2 mask 0: Do not write to OUT 2 IO port(default)

1: Write OUT_2 value to OUT_2 IO port

2: OUT_2 IO port value remains unchanged

OUT1_mask 0: Do not write to OUT_1 IO port (default)

1: Write OUT 1 value to OUT 1 IO port

2: OUT 1 IO port value remains unchanged

OUT_2 out_2 port write value (0/1)

OUT 1 OUT 1 port write value (0/1)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	36	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 write success.

status =0 write fail.

5.4 Set Home command

1. Set the parameter of home

(Same as the "HmTrig, HmDir, HmSpeed" option on screen)

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)												
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3 byte4-5 Byte6 Byte7 Byte8								Byte8					
01						0	code	level	dir	speed	enable	hmMode	Check
01 8 90 homeTrig homeDir homeSpeed EndLimit mode CRC													

homeTrig the effective level of the end stop

0: Low 1: High

homeDir the direction of go home

0: CW 1: CCW

homeSpeed the speed of go home

 $0^{\sim}3000 \text{ (RPM)}$

EndLimit

0: disable endstop-limit

1: enable endstop-limit

mode 0: used Limit switch for go home

1: no Limit switch for go home



Note: The speed description can be found in Chapter 6.1.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID	CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3						
01		2	code	data	Check		
90 status(uint8_t) CR							

status =1 set success.

status =0 set fail.

Notel: When first time to using the "EndLimit" function or changing the limit parameters, it is necessary to go home;

(Menu -> GoHome or serial command "91")

Note 2: When EndLimit=1, when the motor goHome touches the left limit switch, the motor will unlocked the shaft.

If you want to locked the axis after goHome, you should set EndLimit=0.



2. Go home

(Same as the "GoHome" option on screen)

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2			
01		2	91	CRC(92)			

Notel: If the limit switch is already closed, the motor will rotate in the opposite direction to homeDir until the limit switch is opened, and then go home.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	91	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =0 go home fail.

status =1 go home start.

status =2 go home sucess.

3. Set Currnet Axis to zero

It can set the current Axis to Zero. Just as "GoHome" without run the motor.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2			
01		2	92	CRC(93)			

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID	DLC byte1 byte2 byte3						
01		2	code	data	Check		
01	01 3 92 status(uint8_t) CRC						

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.



4. Set the parameter of "noLimit" go home

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID DLC byte1 Byte2-5 Byte6-7 Byte8								
01		6	code	Reverse Angle	Hm_ma	Check		
01	01 6 94 retValue ma CRC							

ma: the current of "noLimit" go home

retValue: 0~0xFFFFFFF

for example:

retValue = 0x4000 (it will return 360 degree)

retValue = 0x2000 (it will return 180 degree) (default)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID	CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3						
01]	2	code	data	Check		
01		3	94	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.

Notel: Reference the menu of "Hm_Mode" and "Hm_Ma".

Note2: Reference the Command 90/91.

5. Set limit port remap

(only for serial control mode)

The 28/35/42D motor has only a left limit port. In serial control mode, limit port remapping can be enabled to add a right limit port.

For the 57D motor, limit port remapping can also be enabled if required to facilitate wiring.

Left limit -> En port

Right limit -> Dir port

The Com port must be connected to the corresponding high level.

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3					byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	9E	enable(00~01)	CRC		

enable = 01 enable remap limit port

enable = 00 disable remap limit port

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		3	code	data	Check		
01		J	9E	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Set success.



5.5 Set 0_Mode command

In O_Mode, the motor can automatically return to the O point position when power on. The maximum angle is 359 degrees.

1. Set the parameter of O_Mode

(Same as the "O_Mode、Set O、O_Speed、O_Dir" option on screen)

	Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	Byte5	Byte6	
01		Е	Function	0_Mode	Set 0	0_Speed	0_Dir	Check	
UI		5	9A	mode	enable	speed	dir	CRC	

mode:

0: Disable do not go back to zero

1: DirMode go back to zero with direction

2: NearMode go back to zero with minimum angle

enable:

0: clean zero

1: set zero

2: not modify the zero

speed:

 $0 \sim 4$ (0:slowest 4:fastest)

dir:

0: CW

1: CCW

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID DLC byte1 byte2 byte3							
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	9A	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =0 set fail.

status =1 set success.



5.6 Restore the default parameter

(Same as the "Restore" option on screen)

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	3F	CRC(40)		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		3	code	data	Check	
01		S	3F	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status =1 restore success.

status =0 restore fail.

Notel: After restored the parameters, It will reboot again, and need to calibrate the motor.

Note2: Press the "Next" key, then power on the motor, the default parameter will be restored.

5.7 Restart the motor

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID	:	DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	41	CRC		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC byte1 byte2 byte3					
01		3	code	data	Check		
01		3	41	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 restart success.

status =0 restart fail.

5.8 En triggers single-turn zero return and position error protection function

1. En-triggered single-turn zeroing function description:

In pulse control mode, after setting the power-on single-turn zeroing function and turning on the En-triggered zeroing function, the motor will no longer automatically return to zero when powered on, but will be triggered to return to zero through the 200ms width pulse signal of the En signal line.



2. Position error protection description:

Position error protection and stall protection can be turned on or off separately. They monitor the motor independently. When any protection condition is triggered, the motor can be started to protect it.

The triggering condition of position error protection is: within x time, if the motor position error is greater than y, the protection is started. (x, y can be set)

Note: When the stall protection is triggered, the screen displays "Wrong..."

When the position error protection is triggered, the screen displays
"Wrong2..."

The instructions are as follows:

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte1 Byte2 byte3-4 byte5-6					byte7
			code	rev	g0En	pEn	times	errors	Check
01		7	9D	b7-b2	b1	b0	Tim	Erroro	CRC
			90	0	g0En	pEn	11111	Errors	CRC

gOEn O: Disable En trigger return to zero function (default value)

1: Enable En trigger return to zero function

Note: When enabled, the motor automatically returns to zero position in a single turn after detecting the En enable signal pulse of about 200ms. It will no longer automatically return to zero position in a single turn when powered on.

pEn 0: Disable position error protection (default value)

1: Enable position error protection

Tim: uint16_t Set the error statistics time length

Note: 1 Tim unit is approximately equal to 15ms

Errors: uint16_t Set the number of startup protection errors Note: When Errors = 28000, the motor is misaligned by 360 degrees

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		2	code	data	Check		
01		3	9D	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status =1 Write success.

status =0 Write fail.



5.9 Read system Parameter command

The command format for reading system parameters is as follows:

Downlink frame (PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte 3		
01		3	00	code	CRC		

code: corresponding to the system parameters.

For example, if you want to read the "work mode", the corresponding code is 82H.

The format of the returned parameter data is as follows:

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte 1	byte 2-n	byte n+1		
01	:	n+1	CODE	parameters	Check		
			code	param	CRC		

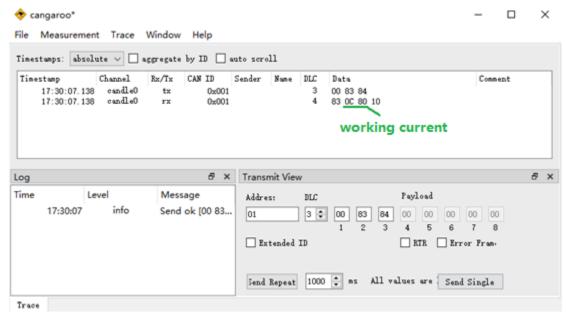
param: the system parameters.

Note: The returned param data format just the same as the data format when setting this parameter.

If the parameter does not support reading, the returned data is as follows:

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte 1	byte 2	byte 3	byte 4	
01		4	CODE			Check	
			code	FFH	FFH	CRC	

The following figure shows an example of reading "working current":





Part6. Run the motor by CAN command

Note: This chapter needs to set the working mode to serial mode. (SR_OPEN/SR_CLOSE/SR_VFOC)

6.1 Description the parameters of speed and acceleration

1. speed

The speed parameter ranges from 0 to 3000. The larger the value, the faster the motor rotates.

When speed = 0, the motor stops rotating.

The maximum speed of the control mode is as follows:

	Control n	Max speed		
Open mode	Pulse interface	CR_OPEN	400(RPM)	
Open mode	Serial interface SR_OPEN		400(KPIVI)	
Close mode	Pulse interface	CR_CLOSE	1500(RPM)	
Close mode	Serial interface	SR_CLSOE		
FOC mode	Pulse interface	CR_vFOC	3000(RPM)	
1 Oc mode	Serial interface	SR_vFOC		

If the set speed is greater than the maximum speed of the control mode, the motor runs at the maximum speed of the control mode.

Note: The speed value is calibrated based on 16/32/64 subdivisions, and the speeds of other subdivisions need to be calculated based on 16 subdivisions.

For example, setting speed=1200

At 8 subdivisions, the speed is 2400 (RPM)

At 16/32/64 subdivisions, the speed is 1200 (RPM)

At 128 subdivisions, the speed is 150 (RPM)



2. acceleration

The value of the acceleration (acc) ranges from 0 to 255. The larger the value, the faster the motor accelerates/decelerates.

If acc=0, the motor runs without acceleration or deceleration, and runs directly at the set speed.

1 accelerates

Suppose at time t1, the current speed is
$$V_{t1}$$
 (V_{t1} < speed) at time t2, the current speed is V_{t2} t2 - t1 = (256-acc) * 50 (uS)

The relationship between the current speed $V_{\rm ti}\text{,}$ acc, and speed is as follows:

$$V_{t2} = V_{t1} + 1 \ (V_{t2} \le speed)$$

For example: acc = 236, speed = 3000

T(ms)	speed (RPM)		
0	0		
1	1		
2	2		
3	3		

T(ms)	speed (RPM)			
2998	2998			
2999	2999			
3000	3000			

2 decelerates

Suppose at time t1, the current speed is
$$V_{t1}$$
 (V_{t1} > speed) at time t2, the current speed is V_{t2} t2 - t1 = (256-acc) * 50 (uS)

The relationship between the current speed $V_{\rm ti}$, acc, and speed is as follows:

$$V_{t2} = V_{t1} - 1$$
 $(V_{t2} >= speed)$



6.2 Query/Enable the motor command

1. Query the motor status

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2		
01		2	F1	CRC(F2)		

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
		3	F1	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0query fail.

status = 1motor stop

status = 2motor speed up

status = 3 motor speed down

status = 4motor full speed

status = 5motor is homing

status = 6motor is Cal…

2. Enable the motor

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01			code	data	Check			
01		3	F3	en(00~01)	CRC			

en = 00disable.

en = 01enable.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		3	F3	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status =1 Set success.

status =0 Set fail.



6.3 Emergency stop the motor

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2			
01		2	F7	CRC			

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
		3	F7	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0 stop fail.

status = 1 stop success.

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!



6.4 Speed mode command

In speed mode, the motor can be run with a fixed acceleration and speed.

1. Run the motor in speed mode

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)										
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte 2			byte 3	byte 4	byte 5	
	01 5	code	dir	Rev	speed acc Ch		Check			
01			_	5	5 F6	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200
		го	dir		spe	eed	acc	CRC		

byte2: The highest bit indicates the direction, the lower 4 bits and byte3 together indicate the speed

byte3: The lower 4 bits of byte2 and byte3 together indicate speed $\,$

The parameter description is as follows:

dir: the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

for example:

Send "01 F6 01 40 02 3A",

the motor rotates forward at acc=2, speed=320RPM

Send "01 F6 81 40 02 BA",

the motor reverses at acc=2, speed=320RPM

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID	DLC		DLC byte1 byte2 byt		byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		٠	F6	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 1 run success.

status = 0 run fail.



2. Stop the motor in speed mode

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte 2			byte 3	byte 4	byte 5
		code	dir	Rev	speed		acc	Check	
01		5	E6	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	0.00	CRC
	F6		0	0	0		acc	CRC	

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc \neq 0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc \neq 0) for example:

Send 01 F6 00 00 02 F9

Stop the motor with deceleration acc=2

2 Immediate stop command (acc = 0)

for example:

Send 01 F6 00 00 00 F7

Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01]	2	code	data	Check			
01		3	F6	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 start to stop the motor.

status = 2 stop the motor success.



3. Save/Clean the parameter in speed mode

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3				
01		3	code	data	Check				
01			FF	state	CRC				

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID	DLC		byte1 byte2		byte3				
01		3	code	data	Check				
01		3	FF	status(uint8_t)	CRC				

status = 1 success.
status = 0 fail.

Note: The motor can rotates clockwise or counterclockwise at a constant speed when powered on.



6.5 Position model: relative motion by pulses

In the position control model, the motor can be run to the specified position with the set acceleration and speed.

1. Run the motor in position model

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)											
CAN ID		DLC	byte1		byte 2		byte 3	byte 4	byte 5-7	byte 8		
				code	dir	Rev	spe	eed	acc	pulses	Check	
01		8	ED	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200	pulsos	CRC		
		FD	dir		spe	eed	acc	pulses	CRC			

byte2: The highest bit indicates the direction, the lower 4 bits and byte3 together indicate the speed

byte3: The lower 4 bits of byte2 and byte3 together indicate speed $\,$

The parameter description is as follows:

dir: the value range is 0/1 (CCW/CW)

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

pulses: the motor run steps, the value range is 0 - 0xFFFFFF

for example:

Send 01 FD 01 40 02 00 FA 00 3B,

the motor rotates 20 times in the forward direction with acc=2, speed=320RPM (16 subdivisions);

Send 01 FD 81 40 02 00 FA 00 BB,

the motor rotates 20 times in the reverse direction with acc=2, speed=320RPM (16 subdivisions);

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3				
01		2	code	data	Check				
01	01 3 F		FD	status(uint8_t)	CRC				

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



2. Stop the motor in position model

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)																				
CAN ID		DLC	byte1		byte 2 byte 3			byte 4	byte 5-7	byte 8											
			code	dir	Rev	spe	eed	acc	pulses	Check											
01					8		8		8	8	8	8	8	ED	b7	b6-b4	b3-b0	b7-b0	200	0	CRC
	FD	0	0	()	acc	0	CRC													

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc \neq 0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc \neq 0) for example:

Send 01 FD 00 00 04 00 00 00 02

Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0)

for example:

Send 01 FD 00 00 00 00 00 00 FE

Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink frame(PC ← SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3				
01		3	code	data	Check				
			FD	status(uint8_t)	CRC				

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 stop the motor starting...

status = 2 stop the motor complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



6.6 Position mode2: absolute motion by pulses

In the position control mode2, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

1. Run the motor in position mode2

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)										
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8			
01		0	code	speed		acc	absolute axis	Check			
01	O	FE	spe	eed	acc	absPulses	CRC				

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000(RPM)

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

absPulses: the absolute pulses, $int24_t$ (-8388607, +8388607)

For example:

If the current axis is any value

Send 01 FE 02 58 02 00 40 00 9B

The motor will move to 0x4000 (speed = 600(RPM), acc =2)

After move the pulses is 0x4000.

If the current axis is any value

Send 01 FE 02 58 02 FF CO 00 1A

The motor will move to -0x4000 (speed = $600 \, (RPM)$, acc =2) After move the pulses is -0x4000.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3				
01		2	code	data	Check				
01		3	FE	status(uint8_t)	CRC				

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



2. Stop the motor in position mode3

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)										
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8			
01		0	code	spe	eed	acc	absolute axis	Check			
01	0	FE	0		acc	0	CRC				

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc \neq 0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc \neq 0) for example:

Send 01 FE 00 00 04 00 00 00 03

Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0)

for example:

Send 01 FE 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF

Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a goog idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3				
01		2	code	data	Check				
01	FE FE		FE	status(uint8_t)	CRC				

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 stop the motor starting....

status = 2 stop the motor complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



6.7 Position mode3: relative motion by axis

In the position control mode3, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

Notel: the axis is the encoder value(addition). It can be read by command "31".

1. Run the motor in position mode3

	Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)										
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8			
01			code speed	acc	Relative axis	Check					
01 8		F4	spe	eed	acc	relAxis	CRC				

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000(RPM) acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

relaxis: the relative axis, $int24_t$ (-8388607, +8388607)

For example:

If the current axis is 0x8000. (read by code "31")

Send 01 F4 02 58 02 00 40 00 91

The motor will relative move 0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2) After move the axis is 0xC000. (0x8000+0x4000=0xC000)

If the current axis is 0x8000. (read by code "31") Send 01 F4 02 58 02 FF C0 00 09

The motor will relative move -0x4000 (speed = 600 (RPM), acc =2) After move the axis is 0x4000. (0x8000-0x4000=0x4000)

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3			
01		2	code	data	Check			
01		5	F4	status(uint8_t)	CRC			

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



2. Stop the motor in position mode3

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8	
01	Ī [0	code	spe	eed	acc	Relative axis	Check
01		0	F4	()	acc	0	CRC	

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc \neq 0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc \neq 0) for example:

Send 01 F4 00 00 04 00 00 00 F9

Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0)

for example:

Send 01 F4 00 00 00 00 00 00 F5

Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a good idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01		2	code	data	Check	
01		3	F4	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 stop the motor starting....

status = 2 stop the motor complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



6.8 Position mode4: absolute motion by axis

In the position control mode4, the motor can be run to the specified axis with the set acceleration and speed.

Notel: the axis is the encoder value (addition). It can be read by command "31".

Note2: Support real-time updates of speed and coordinates, that is, new commands can be issued to change speed and coordinates when the previous command is running

1. Run the motor in position mode4

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)								
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8
01		0	code	spe	eed	acc	absolute axis	Check
01		8	F5	spe	eed	acc	absAxis	CRC

The parameter description is as follows:

speed: the speed, the value range is 0-3000(RPM)

acc: the acceleration, the value range is 0-255

absAxis: the absolute axis, $int24_t$ (-8388607, +8388607)

For example:

If the current axis is any value

Send 01 F5 02 58 02 00 40 00 92

The motor will move to 0x4000 (speed = 600(RPM), acc =2)

After move the axis is 0x4000.

If the current axis is any value

Send 01 F5 02 58 02 FF C0 00 11

The motor will move to -0x4000 (speed = $600 \, (RPM)$, acc =2)

After move the axis is -0x4000.

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)							
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3		
01		3	code	data	Check		
O1			F5	status(uint8_t)	CRC		

status = 0 run fail.

status = 1 run starting....

status = 2 run complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



2. Stop the motor in position mode4

Downlink frame(PC → SERVO42D/57D)									
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	byte4	byte5-byte7	字节 8	
01			0	code	spe	eed	acc	absolute axis	Check
01		8	F5	()	acc	0	CRC	

The stop command can stop the motor slowly, or stop the motor immediately.

When setting acc \neq 0, the motor decelerates and stops slowly When setting acc = 0, the motor stops immediately

① Deceleration and stop the motor slowly (acc \neq 0) for example:

Send 01 F5 00 00 04 00 00 00 FA Stop the motor with deceleration acc=4

② Immediate stop command (acc = 0) for example: Send 01 F5 00 00 00 00 00 00 F6 Stop the motor immediately

Note: If the motor rotating more than 1000RPM, it is not a goog idea to stop the motor immediately!

Uplink frame (PC ← SERVO42D/57D)						
CAN ID		DLC	byte1	byte2	byte3	
01			code	data	Check	
01	3		F5	status(uint8_t)	CRC	

status = 0 stop the motor fail.

status = 1 stop the motor starting....

status = 2 stop the motor complete.

status = 3 end limit stoped.



Part7. CAN command example

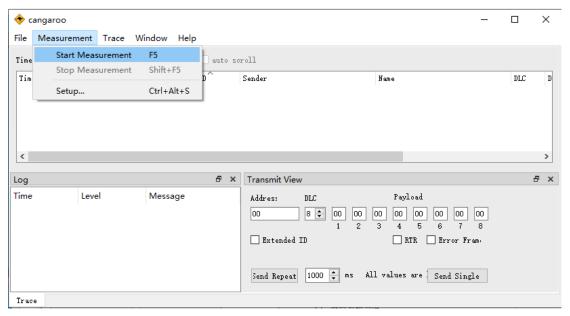
The following example uses "cangaroo.exe" PC software and "MKS CANable" USB to CAN module.

7.1 Config the SERVO42D/57D

- 1. Menu \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow SR vFOC.
- 2. Menu → CanRate → 500K.
- 3. Menu \rightarrow CanID \rightarrow 01.

7.2 Config the cangaroo

- 1. run the "cangaroo.exe".
- 2. Select t "Measurement" -> "Start Measurement", as show below.

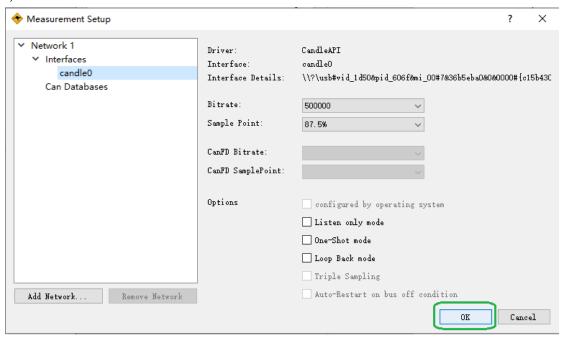


3. In the pop-up "Measurement Setup" window, click "candle0", as shown below.

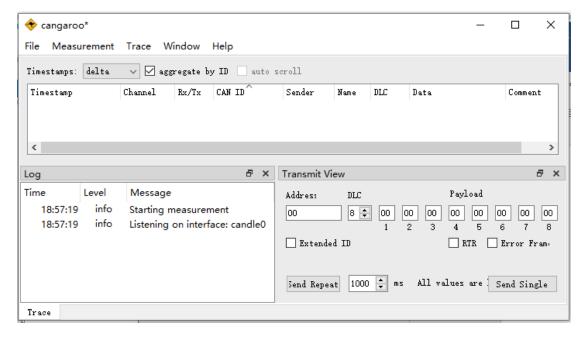




4. Use the default parameters without any modification, click "ok", as shown below.

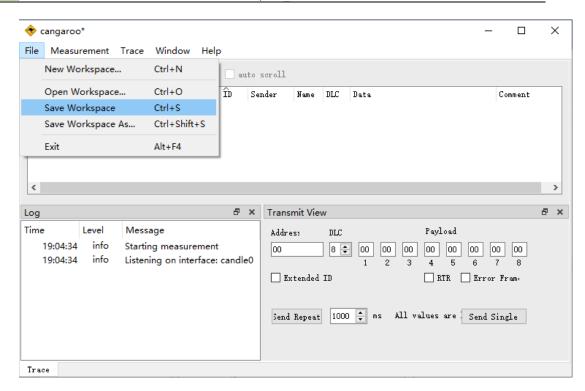


5. The configuration is complete, as shown below.

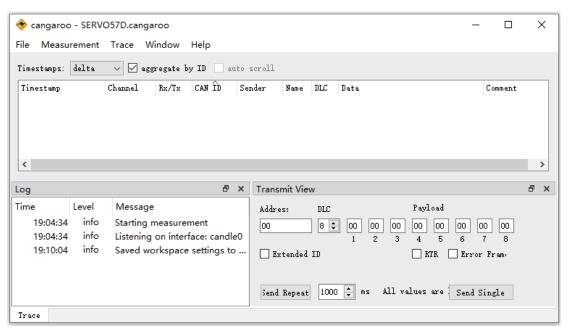


6. Select "File" \rightarrow "Save Workspace", select the save path and name, and save the configuration.





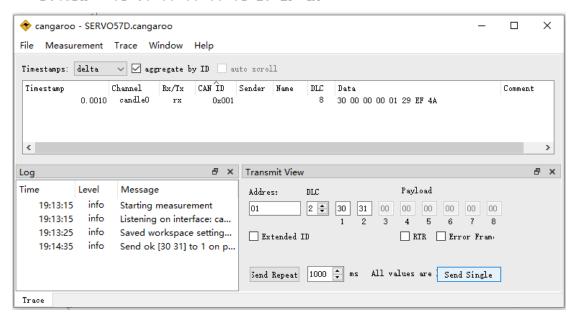
7. After the save is completed, as shown below.





7.3 Read the encoder value

"01 30 31" send return "01 30 00 00 00 01 29 EF 4A"



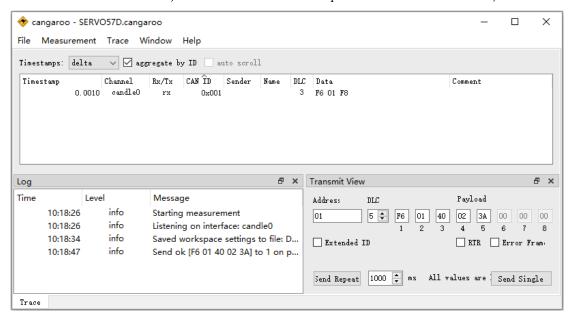


7.4 Run the motor in speed mode

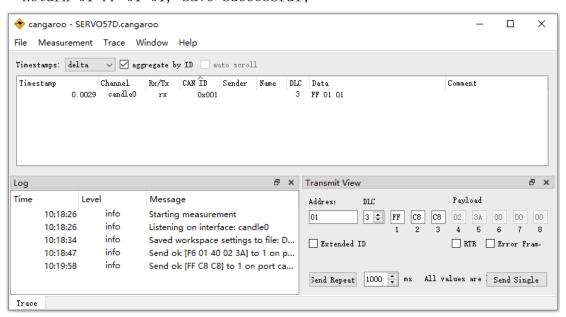
Note : Please configure the working mode to "SR_vFOC". Menu-> Mode -> SR vFOC

1. Send 01 F6 01 40 02 3A, the motor will rotate at "speed = 600RPM, acc=2";

Return 01 F6 01 F8, the motor run in speed mode successful;

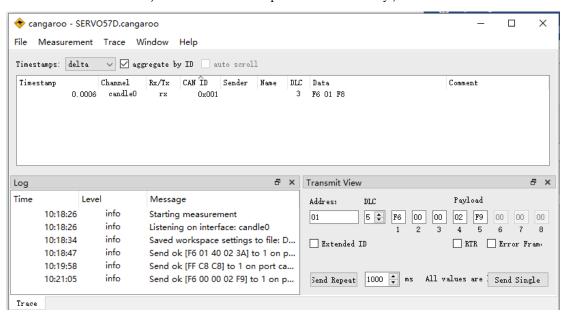


2. Send 01 FF C8 C8 to save the speed mode parameters; Return 01 FF 01 01, save successful;





3. Send 01 F6 00 00 02 F9 to stop the motor; Return 01 F6 01 F8, the motor stops successfully;



After power-on again, the motor will run according to the save speed mode parameters.

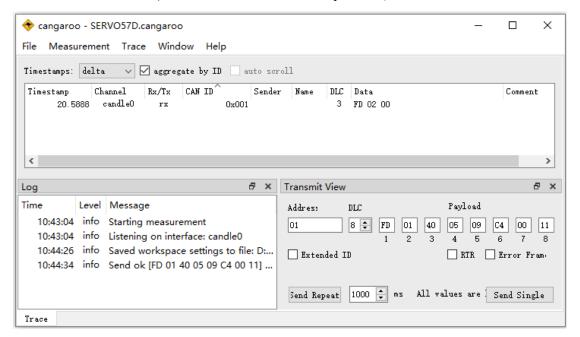


7.5 Run the motor in position model

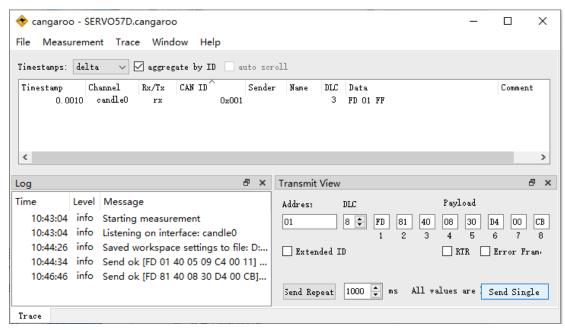
Note : Please configure the working mode to "SR_vFOC". Menu-> Mode -> SR vFOC

1. Send 01 FD 01 40 05 09 C4 00 11, the motor will rotate forward 200 circles (16 subdivisions) with "speed = 320RPM, acc = 5"; Return 01 FD 01 FF, the motor starts to run;

Return 01 FD 02 00, the motor is run completed;



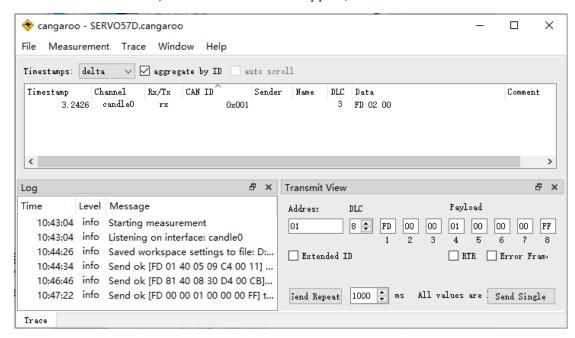
2. Send 01 FD 81 40 08 30 D4 00 CB, the motor to reverse 1000 circles with "speed = 320RPM, acc = 8" (16 subdivisions); Return 01 FD 01 FF, the motor starts to run. Now, stop the motor by step 3.





3. While the motor is running...
Send 01 FD 00 00 01 00 00 00 FF, the motor to stop with acc=1;
Return 01 FD 01 FF, the motor starting to stop;

Return 01 FD 02 00, the motor has stopped;





Part8. FAQ

8.1 NOTE

- 1. Power input voltage is 12V-24V.
- 2. Don't hot plug motor cable and data cable.
- 3. When the motor is calibrating, do not carry a load.
- 4. After installed the motor, or changed the motor wiring sequence, you need to re-calibrate the motor again.
- 5. The default work mode is CR vFOC(EN/STP/DIR interface).
- 6. Press the "Next" key first, then power on, it can quickly restore the default parameters.
- 7. If "Phase Line Error!" is displayed before calibration:
 - b) Check the motor connection line sequence;
 - c) Check the power supply voltage and output power (24V/1A, 12V/2A);;
 - d) If the power supply is connected to the motherboard through the MKS APT module, try to connect the MKS APT module to ports such as X, Y, Z, E, etc., and then restart again.
 - e) Do not use the MKS APT module for power supply before calibration, and the power supply is directly connected to V+ and Gnd.

8.2 FAQ

No	Question	Solution		
1	Not Cal	Calibrate the motor.		
2	Reverse Lookup	Calibrate Fail, Check magnet and		
	Error!	motor shaft		
3	Magnet Loss!	Not install the magent.		
4	Magnet Strong!	the magnet too near.		
5	Magnet Weak!	the magnet too far.		
6	Encoder Error!	Check magnet and motor shaft		
7	Offset Current	Reference voltage error		
	Error!			
8	Phase Line Error!	The motor line sequence is wrong or		
		the power supply is not enough		
9	Wrong Protect!	Locked-rotor protection		
10	Coming Back to	Going back to zero.		
	Origin			
11	Reboot Again	The motor need to be restart.		
12	Press Next Key To	Press Next Key, until it reboot.		
	Fixed			



Part9. Schematic

Please download $\langle MKS \rangle SERVO57D \rangle V1.0 Schematic.pdf in$

https://github.com/makerbase-motor/MKS-SERV042D https://github.com/makerbase-motor/MKS-SERV057D

Part10. contact us

https://makerbase.aliexpress.com/

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC2i5I1tcOXRJ2ZJiRxwpCUQ

https://github.com/makerbase-motor