

Families First Coronavirus Response Act: **Employee Paid Leave Rights**

from the effective date through December 31, 2020 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) administers and enforces the new law's paid leave requirements. These provisions will apply leave or expanded family and medical leave for specified reasons related to COVID-19. The Department of Labor's (Department) The **Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA or Act)** requires certain employers to provide employees with paid sick

Generally, the Act provides that employees of covered employers are eligible for:

- care provider), and/or experiencing COVID-19 symptoms and seeking a medical diagnosis; or work because the employee is quarantined (pursuant to Federal, State, or local government order or advice of a health Two weeks (up to 80 hours) of **paid sick leave** at the employee's regular rate of pay where the employee is unable to
- substantially similar condition as specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Secretaries of the Treasury and Labor; and child care provider is closed or unavailable for reasons related to COVID-19, and/or the employee is experiencing a local government order or advice of a health care provider), or to care for a child (under 18 years of age) whose school or unable to work because of a bona fide need to care for an individual subject to quarantine (pursuant to Federal, State, or Two weeks (up to 80 hours) of **paid sick leave** at two-thirds the employee's regular rate of pay because the employee is
- Up to an additional 10 weeks of **paid expanded family and medical leave** at two-thirds the employee's regular rate of for leave to care for a child whose school or child care provider is closed or unavailable for reasons related to COVID-19 *pay* where an employee, who has been employed for at least 30 calendar days, is unable to work due to a bona fide need

and Medical Leave Act are covered by the paid sick leave provision. the expanded family and medical leave provisions of the FFCRA. However, federal employees covered by Title II of the Family covered by Title II of the Family and Medical Leave Act, which was not amended by this Act, and are therefore not covered by public employers, and private employers with fewer than 500 employees.[1] Most employees of the federal government are Covered Employers: The paid sick leave and expanded family and medical leave provisions of the FFCRA apply to certain

closings or child care unavailability if the leave requirements would jeopardize the viability of the business as a going concern. Small businesses with fewer than 50 employees may qualify for exemption from the requirement to provide leave due to school

Eligible Employees: All employees of covered employers are eligible for two weeks of paid sick time for specified reasons to care for a child under certain circumstances related to COVID-19.[2] related to COVID-19. *Employees employed for at least 30 days* are eligible for up to an additional 10 weeks of paid family leave

receiving paid sick time workday of paid sick time, an employer may require employees to follow reasonable notice procedures in order to continue **Notice:** Where leave is foreseeable, an employee should provide notice of leave to the employer as is practicable. After the first

Qualifying Reasons for Leave

need for leave because the employee Under the FFCRA, an employee qualifies for paid sick time if the employee is unable to work (or unable to telework) due to a

- is subject to a Federal, State, or local quarantine or isolation order related to COVID-19;
- 2. has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine related to COVID-19;
- 3. is experiencing COVID-19 symptoms and is seeking a medical diagnosis;
- 4. is caring for an individual subject to an order described in (1) or self-quarantine as described in (2);
- 5. is caring for a child whose school or place of care is closed (or child care provider is unavailable) for reasons related to COVID-19; or

6. is experiencing any other substantially-similar condition specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Secretaries of Labor and Treasury.

care is closed (or child care provider is unavailable) for reasons related to COVID-19 Under the FFCRA, an employee qualifies for expanded family leave if the employee is caring for a child whose school or place of

Duration of Leave:

number of hours of leave that the employee works on average over a two-week period For reasons (1)-(4) and (6): A full-time employee is eligible for 80 hours of leave, and a part-time employee is eligible for the

number of hours that the employee is normally scheduled to work over that period weeks of paid expanded family & medical leave) at 40 hours a week, and a part-time employee is eligible for leave for the For reason (5): A full-time employee is eligible for up to 12 weeks of leave (two weeks of paid sick leave followed by up to 10

Calculation of Pay:[3]

minimum wage, whichever is higher, up to \$511 per day and \$5,110 in the aggregate (over a 2-week period). For leave reasons (1), (2), or (3): employees taking leave are entitled to pay at either their regular rate or the applicable

wage, whichever is higher, up to \$200 per day and \$2,000 in the aggregate (over a 2-week period). For leave reasons (4) or (6): employees taking leave are entitled to pay at 2/3 their regular rate or 2/3 the applicable minimum

whichever is higher, up to \$200 per day and \$12,000 in the aggregate (over a 12-week period). [4] For leave reason (5): employees taking leave are entitled to pay at 2/3 their regular rate or 2/3 the applicable minimum wage,

- (expected April 2020). $[exttt{1}]$ Certain provisions may not apply to certain employers with fewer than 50 employees. See Department FFCRA regulations
- [2] Under the Act, special rules apply for Health Care Providers and Emergency Responders.
- reimbursement for unused leave upon termination, resignation, retirement, or other separation from employment. $[ar{3}]$ Paid sick time provided under this Act does not carryover from one year to the next. Employees are not entitled to
- weeks of partial paid leave under this section. [4] An employee may elect to substitute any accrued vacation leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave for the first two

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