CNN

April 2, 2022

0.1 Creating Labels for training

```
[1]: import torch
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     import torch.optim as optim
     import time
     from itertools import count
     import natsort
[2]: from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
     import albumentations as A
     from albumentations.pytorch import ToTensorV2
     import cv2
     import glob
     import numpy
     import random
     import pandas as pd
     import tqdm
     from sklearn import metrics
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[3]: train_transforms = A.Compose(
         Γ
             A.Resize(224,224),
             A.Normalize((0.5,0.5,0.5),(0.5,0.5,0.5)),
             ToTensorV2(),
         ]
     )
[4]: train_image_paths = []
[5]: for i in range(1,71):
         filename = '/home/zo2151/assignments/Data/Video%i'%(i,)
         train_image_paths.append(glob.glob(filename + '/*'))
[6]: train_image_paths1 = [item for sublist in train_image_paths for item in sublist]
```

```
[7]: train_image_paths1 = natsort.natsorted(train_image_paths1)
 [8]: df = pd.read_csv("/home/zo2151/Processed_data.csv")
      df1 = df.loc[:,"Phases"].to_numpy()
 [9]: df2 = df1.tolist()
[10]: percentile_list = pd.DataFrame(
          {'Link': train_image_paths1,
           'Label': df2,
          })
[11]: percentile_list1 = percentile_list.sample(frac=1, random_state=1)
[12]: train_image_paths = percentile_list1.loc[:,"Link"].to_numpy().tolist()
[13]: labels = percentile_list1.loc[:,"Label"].to_numpy().tolist()
[14]: train_image_paths, valid_image_paths = train_image_paths[:int(0.
       →8*len(train_image_paths))], train_image_paths[int(0.
       →8*len(train_image_paths)):]
[15]: train_labels, valid_labels = labels[:int(0.8*len(labels))], labels[int(0.
       →8*len(labels)):]
[16]: class SurgicalDataset(Dataset):
          def __init__(self, image_paths, labels, transform=False):
              super(SurgicalDataset, self).__init__()
              self.image_paths = image_paths
              self.transform = transform
              self.labels = labels
          def __len__(self):
              return len(self.image_paths)
          def __getitem__(self, idx):
              image_filepath = self.image_paths[idx]
              image = cv2.imread(image filepath)
              label = self.labels[idx]
              if self.transform is not None:
                  image = self.transform(image=image)["image"]
              return image, label
[17]: train_dataset = SurgicalDataset(train_image_paths,train_labels,__
       →train_transforms)
```

```
[19]: device = torch.device('cuda:0' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
print(device)
```

cuda:0

0.2 The model with CNN and FC layers

```
[20]: import torch.nn as nn
      import torch.nn.functional as F
      class Net(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self):
              super().__init__()
              self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 6, 5)
              self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
              self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 5)
              self.fc1 = nn.Linear(16 * 53 * 53, 120)
              self.fc2 = nn.Linear(120, 84)
              self.fc3 = nn.Linear(84, 14)
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv1(x)))
              x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
              x = torch.flatten(x, 1) # flatten all dimensions except batch
              x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
              x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
              x = self.fc3(x)
              return x
      net = Net()
      net.to(device)
```

```
[20]: Net(
          (conv1): Conv2d(3, 6, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
          (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
          ceil_mode=False)
```

```
(conv2): Conv2d(6, 16, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
        (fc1): Linear(in_features=44944, out_features=120, bias=True)
        (fc2): Linear(in_features=120, out_features=84, bias=True)
        (fc3): Linear(in_features=84, out_features=14, bias=True)
      )
[21]: criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
      optimizer = optim.Adam(net.parameters(), lr=0.001)
[23]: checkpoint = torch.load("/home/zo2151/model1.pt")
      net.load_state_dict(checkpoint['model_state_dict'])
      optimizer.load_state_dict(checkpoint['optimizer_state_dict'])
[24]: for epoch in range(4): # trained 5 epochs, after 1 epoch, connection lost
          t = time.time()
          running loss = 0.0
          loop = tqdm.tqdm(train_loader, total = len(train_loader), leave = True)
          for img, label in loop:
              # get the inputs; data is a list of [inputs, labels]
              inputs, labels = img.to(device), label.to(device)
              # zero the parameter gradients
              optimizer.zero_grad()
              # forward + backward + optimize
              outputs = net(inputs)
              loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
              loss.backward()
              optimizer.step()
              # print statistics
              running loss += loss.item()
              if i % 2000 == 1999:
                                      # print every 2000 mini-batches
                  print(f'[{epoch + 1}, {i + 1:5d}] loss: {running_loss / 2000:.3f}')
                  running loss = 0.0
          d = time.time()-t
          print(d)
          torch.save({
                  'epoch': 2,
                  'model_state_dict': net.state_dict(),
                  'optimizer_state_dict': optimizer.state_dict(),
                  }, "/home/zo2151/model1.pt")
      print('Finished Training')
     100%|
     169/169 [20:31<00:00, 7.29s/it]
     1231.758453130722
```

```
100%
     169/169 [19:02<00:00, 6.76s/it]
     1142.068077325821
     100%|
                                                  1
     169/169 [19:16<00:00, 6.84s/it]
     1156.2235412597656
     100%|
     169/169 [19:06<00:00, 6.79s/it]
     1146.8516116142273
     Finished Training
[25]: classes = [i for i in range(14)]
      correct_pred = {classname: 0 for classname in classes}
      total_pred = {classname: 0 for classname in classes}
      pr = []
      pred = []
      1 = []
      # again no gradients needed
      t = time.time()
      with torch.no grad():
          for data in valid_loader:
              images, labels = data[0].to(device), data[1].to(device)
              1.append(labels)
              outputs = net(images)
              _, predictions = torch.max(outputs, 1)
              m = F.softmax(outputs, dim=1)
              # collect the correct predictions for each class
              for label, prediction in zip(labels, predictions):
                  pred.append(prediction)
                  if label == prediction:
                      correct_pred[classes[label]] += 1
                  total_pred[classes[label]] += 1
              for p in m:
                  pr.append(p)
      print(time.time()-t)
      print(correct_pred)
      print(total_pred)
      # print accuracy for each class
      #for classname, correct_count in correct_pred.items():
          #accuracy = 100 * float(correct_count) / total_pred[classname]
          #print(f'Accuracy for class: {classname:5s} is {accuracy:.1f} %')
     305.8759560585022
     {0: 17, 1: 2, 2: 423, 3: 5243, 4: 39, 5: 268, 6: 9407, 7: 410, 8: 1810, 9: 5444,
```

```
5
```

10: 208, 11: 9659, 12: 372, 13: 1886}

```
{0: 52, 1: 18, 2: 587, 3: 5470, 4: 213, 5: 288, 6: 11135, 7: 2177, 8: 3001, 9:
     5799, 10: 247, 11: 10405, 12: 404, 13: 3216}
[26]: for i in range(len(1)):
          l[i] = l[i].cpu()
      for i in range(len(1)):
         1[i] = 1[i].data.numpy()
      l = [item for sublist in l for item in sublist]
      for i in range(len(1)):
          pred[i] = pred[i].cpu().data.numpy()
      for i in range(len(1)):
          pr[i] = pr[i].cpu().data.numpy()
     0.3 Some Metrics
[27]: metrics.accuracy_score(1, pred)
[27]: 0.8180972751790198
[28]: metrics.f1_score(1, pred, average="macro")
[28]: 0.6807584625348103
[29]: metrics.precision_score(1, pred, average=None)
[29]: array([1.
                                   , 0.79962193, 0.8035249 , 0.8125
                       , 1.
             0.96402878, 0.9500101, 0.98795181, 0.73220065, 0.68229101,
             0.96296296, 0.86534671, 0.88151659, 0.61937603])
[30]: metrics.recall_score(1, pred, average=None)
[30]: array([0.32692308, 0.111111111, 0.72061329, 0.95850091, 0.18309859,
             0.93055556, 0.84481365, 0.18833257, 0.60313229, 0.93878255,
             0.84210526, 0.9283037, 0.92079208, 0.58644279])
[31]: auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(1, pr, multi_class = "ovr")
[32]: auc
[32]: 0.9842028264837943
[33]: auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(1, pr, multi_class = "ovo")
[34]:
      auc
[34]: 0.9753112261267696
```

[36]: mem

[36]: 21630504