## CNN\_weighted\_sampler

April 2, 2022

## 0.1 Gathering Labels for Training

```
[1]: import torch
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     import torch.optim as optim
     import time
     from itertools import count
     import natsort
[2]: from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader, WeightedRandomSampler
     import albumentations as A
     from albumentations.pytorch import ToTensorV2
     import cv2
     import glob
     import numpy
     import random
     import pandas as pd
     import tqdm
     from sklearn import metrics
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[3]: train_transforms = A.Compose(
         Γ
             A.Resize(224,224),
             A.Normalize((0.5,0.5,0.5),(0.5,0.5,0.5)),
             ToTensorV2(),
         ]
     )
[4]: train_image_paths = []
[5]: for i in range(1,71):
         filename = '/home/zo2151/assignments/Data/Video%i'%(i,)
         train_image_paths.append(glob.glob(filename + '/*'))
     train_image_paths1 = [item for sublist in train_image_paths for item in sublist]
     train_image_paths1 = natsort.natsorted(train_image_paths1)
```

train\_labels, valid\_labels = labels[:int(0.8\*len(labels))], labels[int(0.

## 0.2 Sampler

→8\*len(labels)):]

→8\*len(train\_image\_paths)):]

```
[9]: summary = {i:0 for i in range(14)}
num_classes = 14
total_samples = 0
for i in train_labels:
    total_samples += 1
    summary[i] += 1

class_weights = [total_samples/summary[i] for i in range(num_classes)]
weights = [class_weights[train_labels[i]] for i in range(total_samples)]
sampler = WeightedRandomSampler(torch.DoubleTensor(weights), len(weights))
```

```
class SurgicalDataset(Dataset):
    def __init__(self, image_paths, labels, transform=False):
        super(SurgicalDataset, self).__init__()
        self.image_paths = image_paths
        self.transform = transform
        self.labels = labels

def __len__(self):
    return len(self.image_paths)

def __getitem__(self, idx):
    image_filepath = self.image_paths[idx]
    image = cv2.imread(image_filepath)

label = self.labels[idx]
    if self.transform is not None:
```

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image = self.transform(image=image)["image"]
              return image, label
[11]: train_dataset = SurgicalDataset(train_image_paths,train_labels,__
       →train_transforms)
      val_dataset = SurgicalDataset(valid_image_paths,valid_labels, train_transforms)
      train_loader = DataLoader(
          train_dataset, batch_size=1024, sampler= sampler
      )
      valid_loader = DataLoader(
          val_dataset, batch_size=1024, shuffle=True
[12]: device = torch.device('cuda:0' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
      print(device)
     cuda:0
[13]: import torch.nn as nn
      import torch.nn.functional as F
      class Net(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self):
              super().__init__()
              self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 6, 5)
              self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
              self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 5)
              self.fc1 = nn.Linear(16 * 53 * 53, 120)
              self.fc2 = nn.Linear(120, 84)
              self.fc3 = nn.Linear(84, 14)
          def forward(self, x):
              x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv1(x)))
              x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
              x = torch.flatten(x, 1) # flatten all dimensions except batch
              x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
              x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
              x = self.fc3(x)
              return x
      net = Net()
      net.to(device)
[13]: Net(
        (conv1): Conv2d(3, 6, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
        (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
```

```
ceil_mode=False)
        (conv2): Conv2d(6, 16, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
        (fc1): Linear(in_features=44944, out_features=120, bias=True)
        (fc2): Linear(in_features=120, out_features=84, bias=True)
        (fc3): Linear(in_features=84, out_features=14, bias=True)
      )
[14]: criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
      optimizer = optim.Adam(net.parameters(), lr=0.001)
[15]: for epoch in range(5): # loop over the dataset multiple times
          t = time.time()
          running_loss = 0.0
          loop = tqdm.tqdm(train_loader, total = len(train_loader), leave = True)
          for img, label in loop:
              # get the inputs; data is a list of [inputs, labels]
              inputs, labels = img.to(device), label.to(device)
              # zero the parameter gradients
              optimizer.zero_grad()
              # forward + backward + optimize
              outputs = net(inputs)
              loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
              loss.backward()
              optimizer.step()
              # print statistics
              running_loss += loss.item()
              if i % 2000 == 1999:
                                      # print every 2000 mini-batches
                  print(f'[{epoch + 1}, {i + 1:5d}] loss: {running_loss / 2000:.3f}')
                  running loss = 0.0
          d = time.time()-t
          print(d)
          torch.save({
                  'epoch': 2,
                  'model_state_dict': net.state_dict(),
                  'optimizer_state_dict': optimizer.state_dict(),
                  }, "/home/zo2151/model2.pt")
      print('Finished Training')
     100%|
     169/169 [18:47<00:00, 6.67s/it]
     1127.7954268455505
     100%
     169/169 [18:47<00:00, 6.67s/it]
```

```
1127.2274136543274
     100%|
     169/169 [18:48<00:00, 6.68s/it]
     1128.2046687602997
     100%|
     169/169 [18:47<00:00, 6.67s/it]
     1127.279236316681
     100%|
     169/169 [18:47<00:00, 6.67s/it]
     1127.4367802143097
     Finished Training
[16]: classes = [i for i in range(14)]
      correct_pred = {classname: 0 for classname in classes}
      total_pred = {classname: 0 for classname in classes}
      pr = []
      pred = []
      1 = []
      # again no gradients needed
      t = time.time()
      with torch.no grad():
          for data in valid_loader:
              images, labels = data[0].to(device), data[1].to(device)
              l.append(labels)
              outputs = net(images)
              _, predictions = torch.max(outputs, 1)
              m = F.softmax(outputs, dim=1)
              # collect the correct predictions for each class
              for label, prediction in zip(labels, predictions):
                  pred.append(prediction)
                  if label == prediction:
                      correct_pred[classes[label]] += 1
                  total_pred[classes[label]] += 1
              for p in m:
                  pr.append(p)
      print(time.time()-t)
      print(correct_pred)
      print(total pred)
      # print accuracy for each class
      #for classname, correct_count in correct_pred.items():
          #accuracy = 100 * float(correct_count) / total_pred[classname]
          #print(f'Accuracy for class: {classname:5s} is {accuracy:.1f} %')
     283.9022831916809
```

{0: 42, 1: 17, 2: 403, 3: 4089, 4: 69, 5: 279, 6: 7361, 7: 1930, 8: 2691, 9:

```
4630, 10: 237, 11: 6601, 12: 392, 13: 1909}
     {0: 52, 1: 18, 2: 587, 3: 5470, 4: 213, 5: 288, 6: 11135, 7: 2177, 8: 3001, 9:
     5799, 10: 247, 11: 10405, 12: 404, 13: 3216}
[17]: for i in range(len(1)):
          l[i] = l[i].cpu()
      for i in range(len(1)):
          1[i] = 1[i].data.numpy()
      l = [item for sublist in l for item in sublist]
      for i in range(len(1)):
          pred[i] = pred[i].cpu().data.numpy()
      for i in range(len(1)):
          pr[i] = pr[i].cpu().data.numpy()
     0.3 Some metrics
[18]: metrics.accuracy_score(1, pred)
[18]: 0.7125918348367898
[19]: metrics.f1 score(l, pred, average="macro")
[19]: 0.7677966238682671
[20]: metrics.precision_score(1, pred, average=None)
[20]: array([0.97674419, 0.80952381, 0.94158879, 0.95716292, 0.84146341,
             0.85846154, 0.92626148, 0.82726104, 0.29038524, 0.79525936,
             0.94047619, 0.9561124, 0.90114943, 0.39110838])
[21]: metrics.recall_score(1, pred, average=None)
[21]: array([0.80769231, 0.94444444, 0.68654174, 0.74753199, 0.32394366,
             0.96875
                     , 0.6610687 , 0.88654111, 0.8967011 , 0.79841352,
             0.95951417, 0.63440654, 0.97029703, 0.59359453
[22]: auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(1, pr, multi_class = "ovr")
[23]: auc
[23]: 0.9787734785339363
[24]: auc = metrics.roc_auc_score(1, pr, multi_class = "ovo")
[25]: auc
[25]: 0.9831764253488794
```

[27]: mem

[27]: 21630504