Practice of interrogative and indefinite pronouns or adjectives and of interrogative adverbs.

!) Add the appropriate form of $\tau i \varsigma$, τi (or an interrogative adverb, when suggested by the context) and translate
Model: δῶρα ἔχεις; τίνα δῶρα ἔχεις; Translation: Which gifts do you (sg) have?
I ἐστι πονηρός;
2 φίλους ἔχομεν;
3 βαίνεις; εἰς τὸ ἱερόν;
4¹ ἐστε, ὧ ἀδελφαί μου;
5. μετὰ πορεύεσθε;

1 "where"?

6. ____ (pl) βούλονται σώζειν;

7. ____ (sg) ἠκούομεν² μεγάλη χαρῷ;

8. ____ λόγοις ἐπείθου ὑπ' αὐτοῦ;

9. ____ ἔργον ἐθαύμασας;

10. ἐκ ____ χώρας ἥκετε³; πόθεν ἥκετε;

² Remember that this verb takes a complement in the genitive.

 $^{^3}$ $\mathring{\eta}$ x ω means in the present "I have come"

2) Complete each sentence as suggested by the English translation and then write the entire translation.
Model: ἔχω τινά (some books). ἔχω βιβλία τινά. Translation: I have some books.
1) $δωρόν$ $ἐπόρισε^4 ἡμῖν$. (some. any, a gift)
2) πο <i>οεύσεται μετὰ</i> τινός. (with some, any, a <i>friend</i>)
3) βαίνομεν εἰς καλούς τινας (to some nice places ⁵)
4) οἱ ποιηταὶ οὐκ ἐποίησαν καλὰ ἔργα τινί; (with some technique / skill)
5) ἔπεισε ὑμᾶς τισὶ πονηφοῖς. (with some wicked words)
$\frac{1}{4}$ πορίζω, πορίσω, ἐπόρισα = to provide, give $\frac{1}{5}$ τόπος, ου, $\frac{1}{5}$