

Knebrix Marius INC-22

MKP № 25

Bariant 4

1. $xy' = \sqrt{x^2 - y^2} + y \quad M(1; 5)$

$x dy = (\sqrt{x^2 - y^2} + y) dx$ - ognopigne quip. p-kie

Zamiana $y = u \cdot x$ $dy = u dx + x du$ $u = \frac{y}{x}$

$$x(u dx + x du) = (\sqrt{x^2 - u^2 x^2} + ux) dx$$

$$x(u dx + x du) = x dx (\sqrt{1 - u^2} + u)$$

$$x du = dx (\sqrt{1 - u^2} + u - u)$$

$$x du = \sqrt{1 - u^2} dx$$

poznamo za znameniu

$$\frac{du}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} = \frac{dx}{x} ; \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} = \int \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\arcsin u = \ln|x| + C$$

$$\arcsin u = \ln|x| + C ; \arcsin \frac{y}{x} = \ln|x| + C$$

$$\frac{y}{x} = \sin(\ln|x| + C)$$

II Zagora Kari nicee N2

$$y = x \cdot \sin(\ln|x| + C)$$

2. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x \cos y + \sin 2y}$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = x \cos y + \sin 2y$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} - x \cos y = \sin 2y - \text{vinnue neognopigne pibnenna}$$

$$p(y) = -\cos y \quad g(y) = \sin 2y$$

$$\int p(y) dy = \int -\cos y dy = -\sin y$$

$$\int g(y) \cdot e^{\int p(y) dy} dy = \int \sin 2y \cdot e^{-\sin y} dy = \int \frac{2 \sin y \cdot \cos y}{e^{\sin y}} dy =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = \sin y \\ dt = \cos y \, dy \end{array} \right\} = \int \frac{dt}{e^t} = 2(-t e^{-t} + \int e^{-t} dt) = 2(-t e^{-t} - e^{-t}) \\
 & -2e^{-t}(t+1) = -2e^{-\sin y} (\sin y + 1) \\
 & x(y) = e^{-\sin y} (C - 2e^{-\sin y} (\sin y + 1)) = C \cdot e^{\sin y} - 2 \sin y - 2
 \end{aligned}$$

II Zagora Kauai gue wé

$$f_1 = \sin(\ln x + C)$$

$$\arcsin f_1 = C$$

$$y = x \cdot \sin(\ln|x| + \arcsin \pi)$$

$$3. \quad \cancel{y'' = \sqrt{1 + (y'')^2}} \quad \cancel{v = y''} \quad \cancel{v' = y''' - \text{Zunehme}}$$

$$\cancel{v^2 = \sqrt{1 + v'^2}} ; \quad \cancel{\frac{dv}{dx} = \sqrt{1 + v'^2}} ; \quad \cancel{\sqrt{1 + v'^2} = dx}$$

$$\ln(v^2 + \sqrt{v^2 + 1}) = x + C_1$$

Mogambo y benergi napamer

$$\cancel{v^2 = \sqrt{1 + v'^2}} \quad \cancel{\frac{dv}{dx} = \sqrt{1 + v'^2}} \quad \cancel{\frac{dv}{\sqrt{1 + v'^2}} = dx}$$

$$\ln(v^2 + \sqrt{v^2 + 1}) = x + C_1$$

$$(y'')^2 = 1 + (y'')^2 \quad \cancel{v = y''} \quad \cancel{v' = y'''}$$

$$(v')^2 = 1 + v'^2 \quad \cancel{v^2 = \cancel{v^2}}$$

$$4. \quad y''' + y'' = 7x - 3 \cos x$$

$$y_{3.u.} = C_1 \cdot x + C_2 \cdot u.$$

Mukacemo $y_{3.o.}$

$$\lambda^4 + \lambda^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2(\lambda^2 + 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = 0 \quad \lambda_{3,4} = \pm i$$

$$e^{ix} = (\cos x + i \sin x)$$

$$y_{3.o.} = C_1 + C_2 \cdot x + C_3 \cos x + C_4 \sin x$$

$$y_{2.u.} = (Ax + B) \cdot x^2 + Cx \cdot \cos x + Dx \cdot \sin x$$

$$y_{3.u.} = C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 \cos x + C_4 \sin x + (Ax + B)x^2 + Cx \cos x + Dx \sin x$$

$$5. A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = -1 \quad \lambda_{2,3} = 1 \pm i$$

Dann $\lambda_1 = -1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad h_1 = h_2 = -h_3$$

$$h_2 = -h_3$$

$$h^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Dann $\lambda = 1+i$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2-i & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & -3-i & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1-i \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2-i & -3 & 1 \\ 2i-1 & 3-i & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1-i \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -6-3i & 2+i \\ 2i-1 & 3-i & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1-i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4-3i & -3-4i \\ 2i-1 & 3-i & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1-i \end{pmatrix} \quad h_1 = \frac{-3+i}{2i-1} h_2 = (1+i)h_2$$

$$h_2 = \frac{3+4i}{4-3i} h_3 = i h_3 \quad h^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} -1+i \\ i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1+i \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{(i+1)t} = \begin{pmatrix} -1+i \\ i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t (cost + isint) = \begin{pmatrix} cost + isint \\ i(cost - sint) \\ cost + isint \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -cost - sint \\ -sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix} e^t + i \begin{pmatrix} cost - sint \\ cost \\ sint \end{pmatrix} e^t$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda(t) \\ y(t) \\ v(t) \end{pmatrix} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 e^t \begin{pmatrix} -cost - sint \\ -sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix} + c_3 e^t \begin{pmatrix} cost - sint \\ -sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix}$$

$$6. \begin{cases} x = 2x - 4y + 13e^{-3t} \\ y = 2x - 2y \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda E| = \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & -4 \\ 2 & -2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \pm 2i$$

Pure $\lambda = 2i$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2-2i & -4 \\ 2 & -2-2i \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1-i & -2 \\ 1 & -1-i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h_1 = (1+i)h_2 \quad h^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 13e^{-3t} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A e^{-3t} \\ B e^{-3t} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -e^{-3t} \\ 2e^{-3t} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} -3A = 2A - 4B + 13 \\ -3B = 2A - 2B \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} -3A = 2A + 8t + 13 \\ B = -2A \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 13A = -13 \\ B = -2A \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} A = -1 \\ B = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$h^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1+i)e^{2i} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (\cos 2t + i \sin 2t) = \cancel{\cos 2t - \sin 2t}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t + i \cos 2t + i \sin 2t - \sin 2t \\ \cos 2t + i \sin 2t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t - \sin 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + i \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t + i \sin 2t \\ \sin 2t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} = C_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t - \sin 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + C_2 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t + i \sin 2t \\ \sin 2t \end{pmatrix} + e^{-3t} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3. y''' = \sqrt{1 + (y'')^2}$$

Toganes y buruegi wapauwipugbanoi enetem

$$\int y'' = t$$

$$y'' = \sqrt{1+t^2}$$

$$dy'' = y''' dx \Rightarrow dt = \sqrt{1+t^2} dx$$

$$\frac{dt}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} = dx$$

$$x = \ln |t + \sqrt{t^2 + 1}| + C_1$$

Dmne

$$\begin{cases} y'' = t \\ x = \ln |t + \sqrt{t^2 + 1}| + C_1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{t^2}{t^2+1} \cdot \frac{1}{t^2+1+1} = \frac{t^2}{t^2+1+t\sqrt{t^2+1}} dt$$

$$\frac{dy'}{dx} = y'' \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{t}{t+\sqrt{t^2+1}}$$

$$dy' = t \cdot \frac{1}{t+\sqrt{t^2+1}} dt -$$