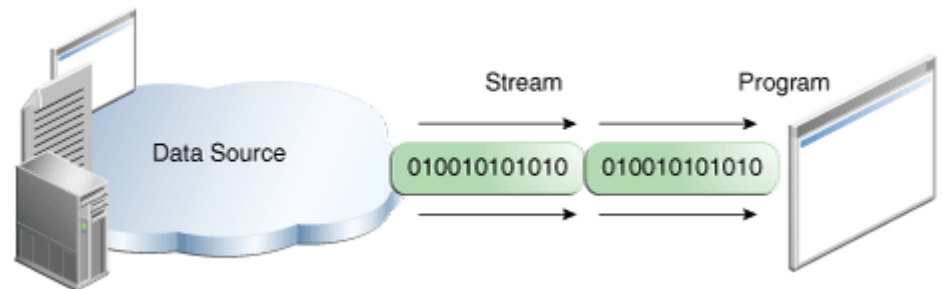


Funções de IO em Java

I/O Streams

- Um fluxo de E/S pode representar uma origem ou um destino de dados. Os streams representam o fluxo de informação que fluem de uma fonte de dados para a aplicação (entrada) ou da aplicação para uma fonte de dados (destino).
- As fontes de dados podem ser matrizes de memórias, arquivos ou dispositivos.
- Os fluxos permitem a manipulação de diferentes tipos de dados, de simples sequência de bytes, tipos primitivos, caracteres localizados a objetos.
- Alguns fluxos de dados simplesmente transmitem outros manipulam e transformam esses dados.
- A implementação interna dos fluxos tem pouca relevância para o desenvolvedor, essencialmente os programas usam os fluxos.



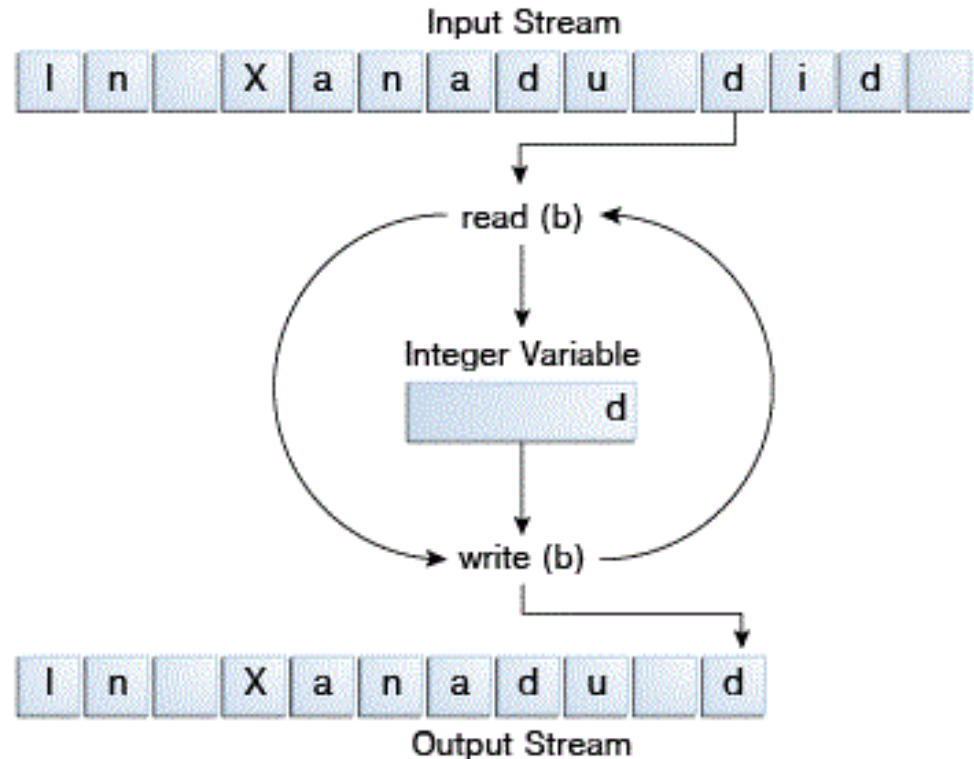
```

import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
public class CopyBytes {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        FileInputStream in = null;
        FileOutputStream out = null;
        try {
            in = new FileInputStream("xanadu.txt");
            out = new FileOutputStream("outagain.txt");
            int c;
            while ((c = in.read()) != -1) {
                out.write(c);
            }
        } finally {
            if (in != null) {
                in.close();
            }
            if (out != null) {
                out.close();
            }
        }
    }
}

```

copybytes.java

aplicação de byte-stream



Character Streams

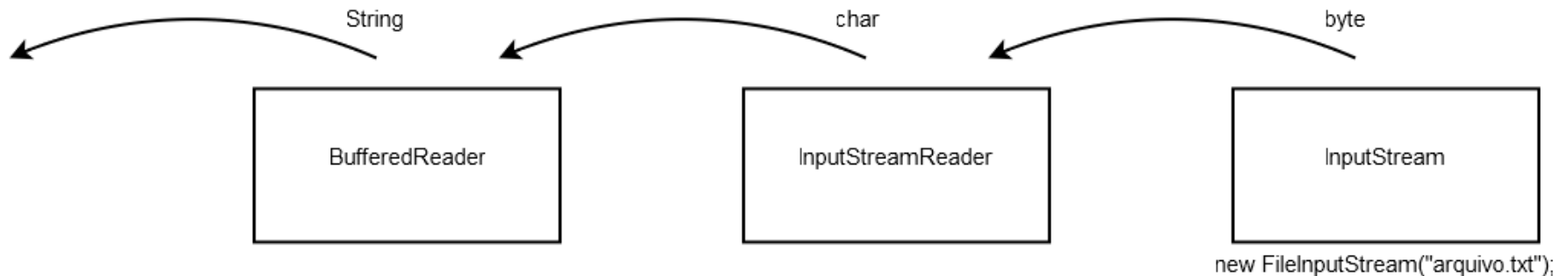
```
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
public class CopyCharacters {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        FileReader inputStream = null;
        FileWriter outputStream = null;
        try {
            inputStream = new FileReader("xanadu.txt");
            outputStream = new FileWriter("characteroutput.txt");
            int c;
            while ((c = inputStream.read()) != -1) {
                outputStream.write(c);
            }
        } finally {
            if (inputStream != null) { inputStream.close(); }
            if (outputStream != null) { outputStream.close(); }
        }
    }
}
```

Lendo arquivos “orientado a linhas”

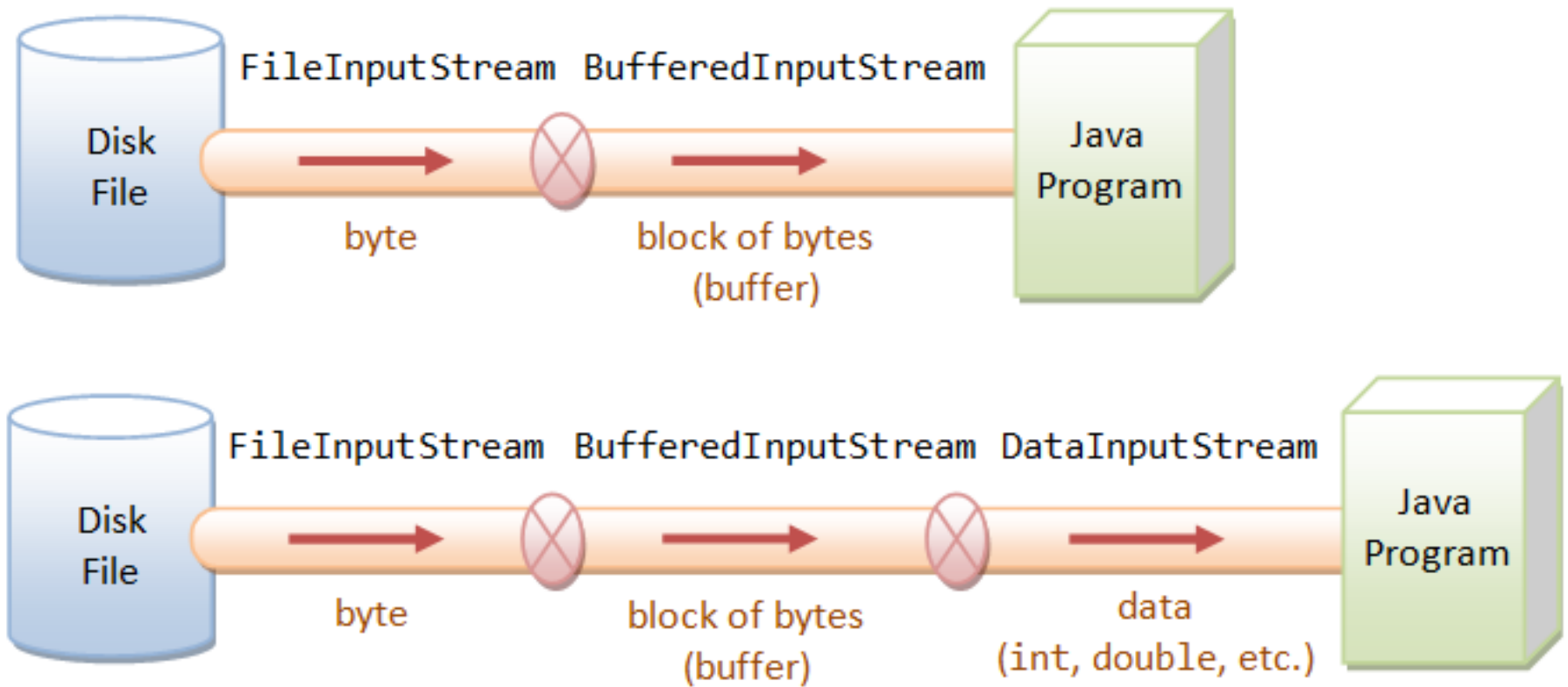
```
public class CopyLines {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {  
        BufferedReader inputStream = null;  
        PrintWriter outputStream = null;  
        try {  
            inputStream = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("xanadu.txt"));  
            outputStream = new PrintWriter(new FileWriter("characteroutput.txt"));  
            String l;  
            while ((l = inputStream.readLine()) != null) {  
                outputStream.println(l);  
            }  
  
        } finally {  
            if (inputStream != null) { inputStream.close(); }  
            if (outputStream != null) { outputStream.close(); }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Decorator Pattern

```
class TestaEntrada {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {  
        InputStream is = new FileInputStream("arquivo.txt");  
        InputStreamReader isr = new InputStreamReader(is);  
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(isr);  
        String s = br.readLine();  
    }  
}
```



Decorator 2



Random Access Files

- `position()` – retorna a posição atual no arquivo.
- `position(long)` – define (set) a posição no arquivo.
- `read(ByteBuffer)` – Lê um conjunto de bytes
- `write(ByteBuffer)` – Escreve um conjunto de bytes.
- `truncate(long)` – redefine o tamanho do arquivo.

Visão Geral da API

RandomAccessFile

Stream

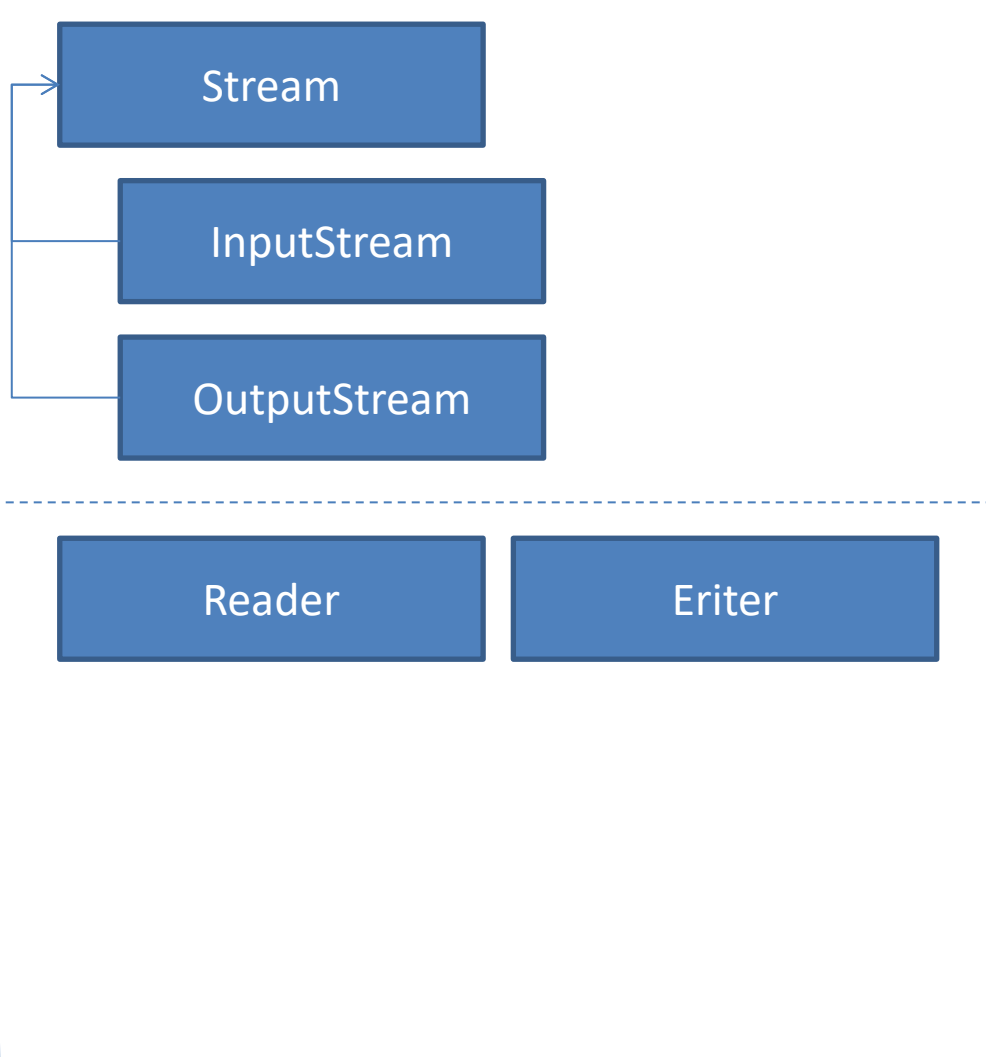
InputStream

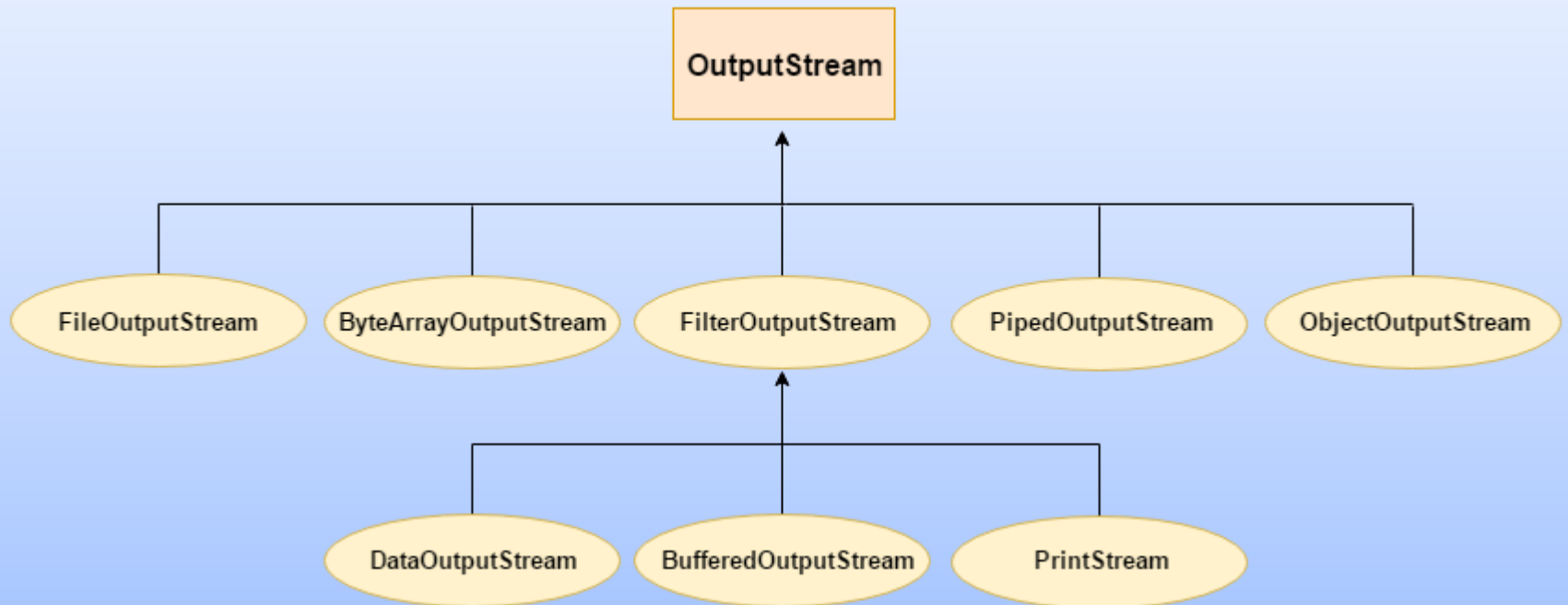
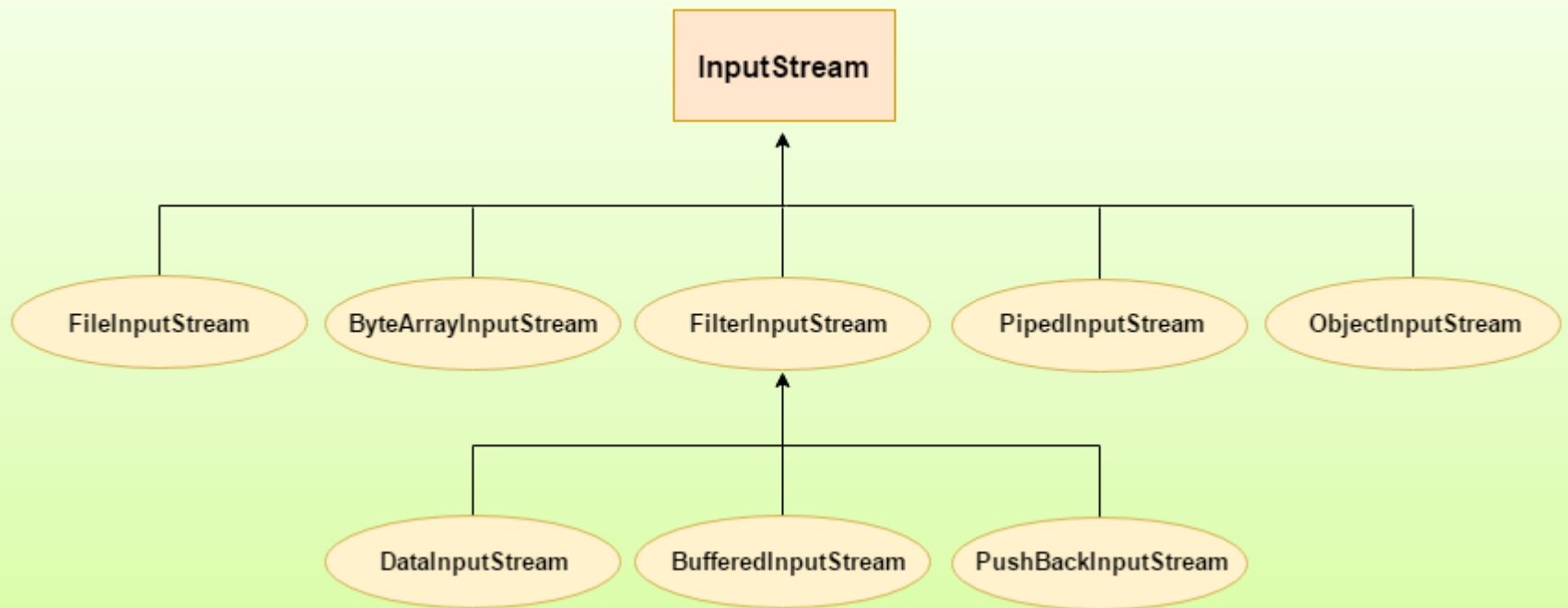
OutputStream

Java NIO

Reader

Writer





java.lang

Object

java.io

InputStream

File

FilenameFilter

FileFilter

FileDescriptor

RandomAccessFile

OutputStream

ObjectStreamClass

ByteArrayInputStream

FileInputStream

FilterInputStream

ObjectInputStream

PipedInputStream

SequenceInputStream

StringBufferInputStream

ByteArrayOutputStream

FileOutputStream

FilterOutputStream

ObjectOutputStream

PipedOutputStream

BufferedInputStream

DataInputStream

LineNumberInputStream

PushbackInputStream

DataInput

ObjectInput

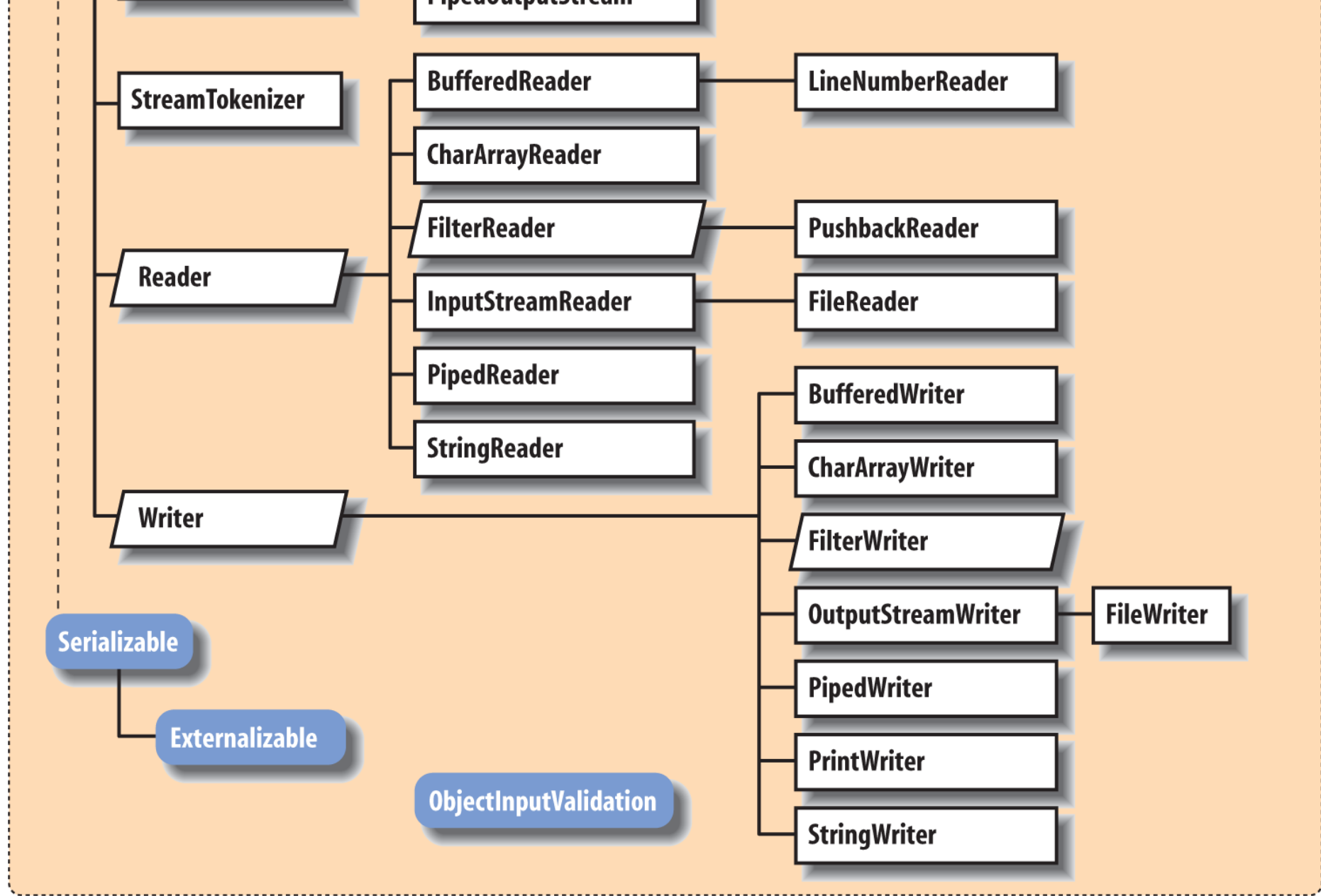
DataOutput

ObjectOutput

BufferedOutputStream

DataOutputStream

PrintStream

**KEY**

CLASS

ABSTRACT CLASS

DEPRECATED CLASS

FINAL CLASS

INTERFACE

- - - - implements

— extends

Referências

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<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/io/>
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<http://blog.caelum.com.br/evolucao-do-java-io-ao-ni/>
<http://tutorials.jenkov.com/java-nio/index.html>
- **Chapter 12. Input/Output Facilities**
http://quarkphysics.ca/ICS4U1/unit2-FileIO/OReilly_fileIO.html