



MOBILE PUSH NOTIFICATIONS



1. WHY DO YOU NEED TO USE THIS PLUGIN

- Increase your game engagement by sending notifications.
- Schedule local notifications with a single line of code.
- Click callback with custom message for each notification to track app sessions started by notification press.
- Custom notification icons
- Custom notification text.
- Device restart support
- Works for Android and iOS without any changes.
- Full code and demo scene included.
- Works with Unity 2019 and above with Free, Plus or Pro license.
- Requires Mobile Notifications package from Unity.



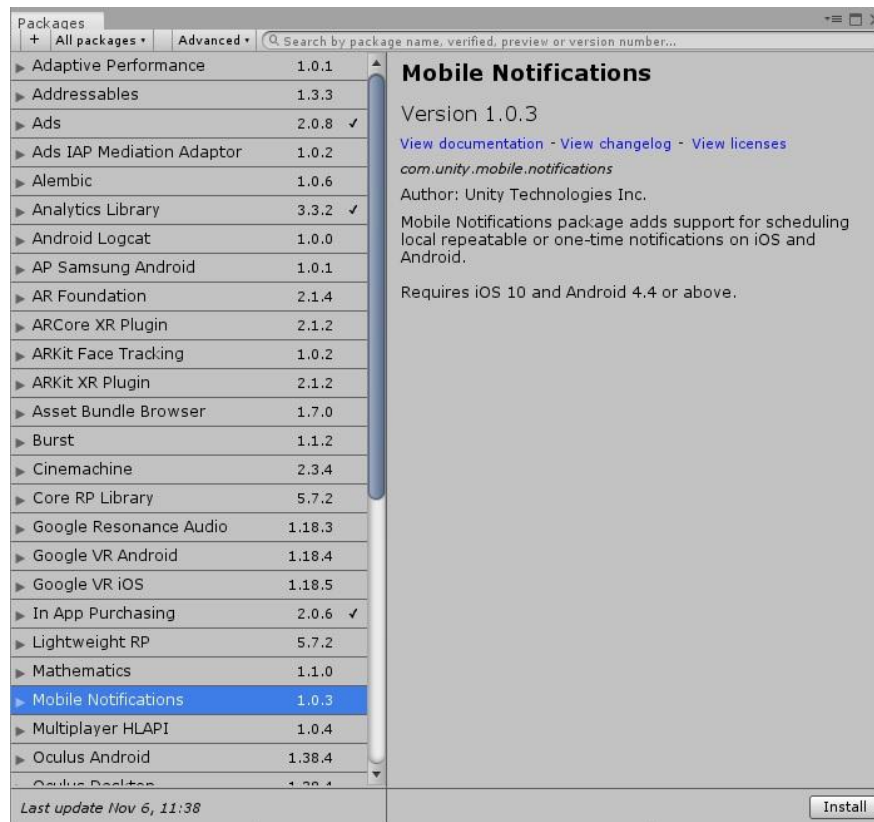
2. CURRENTLY SUPPORTED PLATFORMS

- **Android**
- **iOS**



3. INSTALL MOBILE NOTIFICATIONS

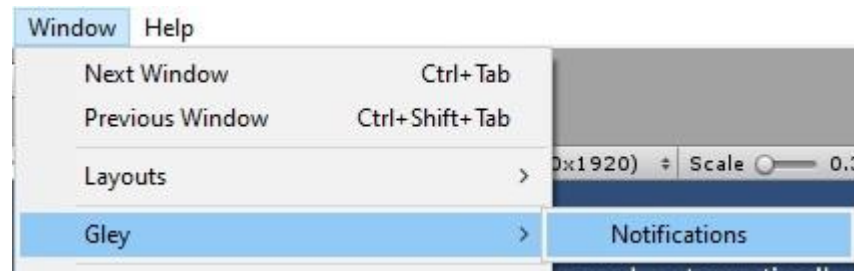
Go to **Window->Package Manager** select **All Packages** and install **Mobile Notifications**.



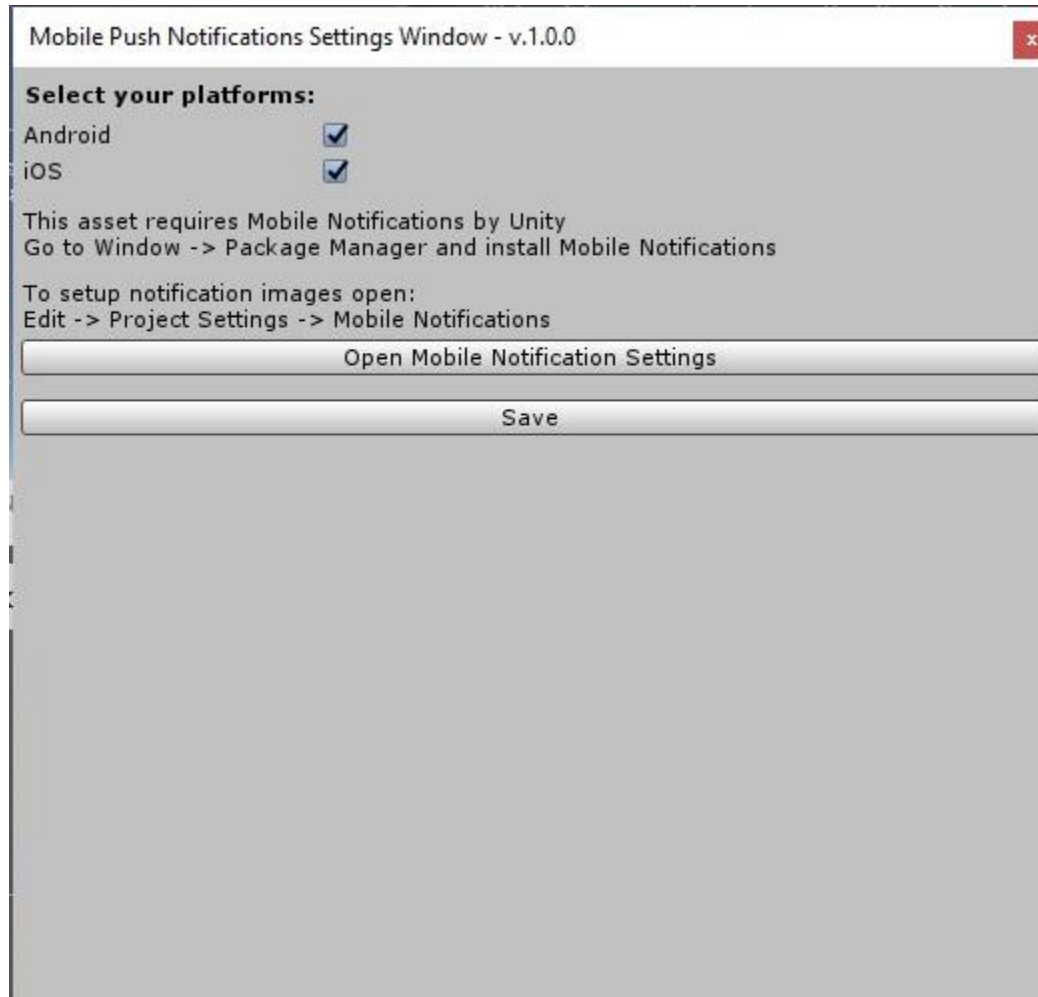


4. SETUP GUIDE

- Import **Gley Mobile Push Notifications Plugin** into Unity.
- Go to **Window->Gley->Notifications** to open the Settings Window.



- Settings Window will open





Notification Setup

- Select Platforms:

A screenshot of a Unity dialog box titled "Select your platforms:". It contains two entries: "Android" and "iOS", each with a checked checkbox to its right.

Select your platforms:	
Android	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
iOS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

- Open Unity Mobile Notifications Settings from:
- **Edit -> Project Settings -> Mobile Notifications**
- or press the **Open Mobile Notification Settings** from Settings Window

A screenshot of a Unity settings window. It contains the text "To setup notification images open:" followed by "Edit -> Project Settings -> Mobile Notifications". Below this text are two buttons: "Open Mobile Notification Settings" and "Save".

To setup notification images open:
Edit -> Project Settings -> Mobile Notifications

Open Mobile Notification Settings

Save



Notification Setup Android

- Enable **Reschedule Notifications on Device Restart** to be able to send notifications even after device restart
- Select custom icons, small and large. If no custom icons are selected, app icon will be used

The screenshot shows the 'Mobile Notification Settings' window for Android. The window has a title bar with a help icon, a maximize icon, and a settings icon. Below the title bar is a tabbed interface with 'Android' selected and 'iOS' as an option. The main content area includes the following settings:

- Reschedule Notifications on Device Restart:** A checkbox that is checked.
- Use Custom AndroidActivity:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Custom Android Activity Name:** A text field containing the value 'com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayerActivity'.

Below these settings is a text box with the following instructions:

Only icons added to this list or manually added to the 'res/drawable' folder can be used by notifications.
Small icons can only be composed simply of white pixels on a transparent backdrop and must be at least 48x48 pixels.
Large icons can contain any colors but must be not smaller than 192x192 pixels.

At the bottom is a section titled 'Notification icons' which contains two rows of settings:

- Row 1:** Identifier 'icon_0', Type 'Small Ico+', and a preview of a large black 'G' icon with a 'Select' button.
- Row 2:** Identifier 'icon_1', Type 'Large Ico+', and a preview of a red notification icon with a bell and a 'Select' button.

At the bottom right of the 'Notification icons' section are '+' and '-' buttons for adding or removing icons.



Notification Setup iOS

- Enable **Request Authorization on App Launch** to request notification permission





5. USER GUIDE

- **GleyNotifications.Initialize();**
This method will create a notification channel and will cancel all pending notifications. It should be called every time user launches the app.
- **GleyNotifications.Initialize(false);**
This method will not cancel any pending notifications. They will be shown even if user is inside the app.

//title > Title of the notification

//text > Content of the notification

//timeDelayFromNow > delay to display the notification, this delay will be added to current time

//smallIcon > name of the custom small icon from Mobile Notification Settings

//largeIcon > name of the custom large icon from Mobile Notification Settings

//customData > this data can be retrieved if the users opens app from notification

- **GleyNotifications.SendNotification(string title, string text, System.TimeSpan timeDelayFromNow, string smallIcon = null, string largeIcon = null, string customData = "")**
This method is used to schedule a notification.



5. USER GUIDE

//title > Title of the notification

//text > Content of the notification

//timeDelayFromNow > delay to display the notification, this delay will be added to current time

//repeatInterval > time until the next notifications will be sent.

//smallIcon > name of the custom small icon from Mobile Notification Settings

//largeIcon > name of the custom large icon from Mobile Notification Settings

//customData > this data can be retrieved if the users opens app from notification

- **GleyNotifications.SendRepeatNotification(string title, string text, System.TimeSpan timeDelayFromNow, System.TimeSpan repeatInterval, string smallIcon = null, string largeIcon = null, string customData = "")**

This method is used to schedule a notification.

// returns > the custom data sent to notification or null if the app was not opened from notification

- **string GleyNotifications.AppWasOpenFromNotification()**

Check if current session was opened from notification tap.



6. ANDROID 13 PERMISSION

- **Automatic permission request during initialization**
The Permission popup appears automatically, without the need of any other line of code. The permission is requested within the initialization `GleyNotifications.Initialize();`
- **Manually permission request: `GleyNotifications.RequestPermission(PermissionGranted);`**
The method is used to request permission to show notifications to the user.
`PermissionGranted` is a callback method that will be invoked when the user responds to the notification permission request, and its `PermissionStatus` parameter indicates whether the user granted or denied permission for notifications.
- **`GleyNotifications.IsPermissionGranted();`**
// Verify whether or not the permission was granted by the user
//It can be used to verify the permission before `SendNotification` function.



7. PLAYMAKER SUPPORT

- **Supported Playmaker Actions:**
 - **InitializeNotifications**
 - **AppWasOpenFromNotification**
 - **SendNotification**

The above Playmaker actions behavior is equivalent with corresponding methods from Section 5 - User Guide.



8. BOLT SUPPORT

- **Supported Bolt Actions:**
 - **InitializeNotifications**
 - **AppWasOpenFromNotification**
 - **SendNotification**

The above Bolt actions behavior is equivalent with corresponding methods from Section 5 - User Guide.



9. GAME FLOW SUPPORT (**suspended**)

- **Game Flow support was suspended due to the discontinuation of their package.**
- **Supported Game Flow Actions:**
 - **InitializeNotifications**
 - **AppWasOpenFromNotification**
 - **SendNotification**

The above Game Flow actions behavior is equivalent with corresponding methods from Section 5 - User Guide.



10. Android Minify option

For Unity version 2021.1 there was a reported bug on Unity Technologies Notification package.
<https://github.com/Unity-Technologies/NotificationsSamples/issues/67>

When the "Minify" option is active on Android builds, the below error is thrown. Therefore, we announce you that Android Minify option may not be active for that editor version.

The errors that may appear:

```
10-08 16:36:53.989 27313 27313 D ViewRootImpl@517be59[UnityPlayerActivity]: Relayout returned: old=(0,0,810,1665) new=(0,0,810,1665)
req=(810,1665)0 dur=6 res=0x1 s={true 538160783360} ch=false
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : AndroidJavaException: java.lang.NoSuchMethodError: no static method with
name='getNotificationManagerImpl'
signature='(Lcom.safedk.android.SafeDKMultidexApplication;Lcom.unity3d.player.UnityPlayerActivity;)Ljava/lang/Object;' in class
Ljava.lang.Object;
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : java.lang.NoSuchMethodError: no static method with name='getNotificationManagerImpl'
signature='(Lcom.safedk.android.SafeDKMultidexApplication;Lcom.unity3d.player.UnityPlayerActivity;)Ljava/lang/Object;' in class
Ljava.lang.Object;
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at com.unity3d.player.ReflectionHelper.getMethodID(Unknown Source:162)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayer.nativeRender(Native Method)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayer.access$300(Unknown Source:0)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayer$e$1.handleMessage(Unknown Source:95)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at android.os.Handler.dispatchMessage(Handler.java:103)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at android.os.Looper.loop(Looper.java:237)
10-08 16:36:54.107 27313 27361 E Unity : at com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayer$e.run(Unknown Source:20)
```




11. EXAMPLE

You can find the example test scene here:

Assets/GleyPlugins/Notifications/Example/TestNotifications.unity

How to use the scene:

- Enter a time in minutes, press Send Notification and a notification will be displayed after time expires.
- If you close the app a notification will be sent after 1 minute
- When you open the app from notification a custom message will be displayed on screen.
- Check TestNotifications.cs for details.

When you minimize this app a notification will be triggered automatically after 1 minute

Enter time in minutes

Send Notification

