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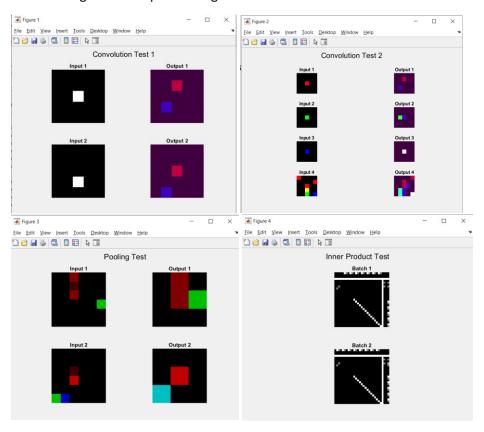
CMPT412 – assignment 1

Got some of the inspiration from Jiangpei chen

I did not include the mnist_all.m file as my package is over 30mb

Ans 1-2:

The results got from implementing the forward and backward are:



Ans 3.1:

```
cost = 0.083081 training_percent = 0.970000
cost = 0.026531 training_percent = 1.000000
cost = 0.044653 training_percent = 0.980000
cost = 0.056298 training_percent = 0.980000
cost = 0.049833 training_percent = 0.990000
test accuracy: 0.970000
```

After the training for 3000 more iterations the test accuracy is 97%.

Ans 3.2:

test_1	networ	k							
56	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	42	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	43	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	56	0	0	0
(3)	0	0	1	0	1	0	49	1	(2)
0	(2)	0	0	0	1	0	0	25	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49

The largest mismatch is in the 8^{th} row and 1^{st} column (8, 1). The second largest mismatch are in the 9^{th} row and 2nd column (9, 2) and the 8th row and 10th column (8, 10).

Ans 3.3:

The 10 original real-world images done by using paint are:



The confusion matrix generate by using the real-world images is:

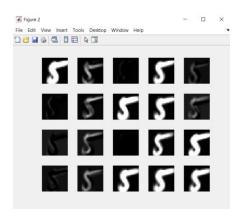
test_r	real_w	orld							
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	(1)	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

As you can see the mismatch occur for number 6, 9, 0. The program have predicted the number 6 as 5, number 9 as 7 and number 0 as 9.

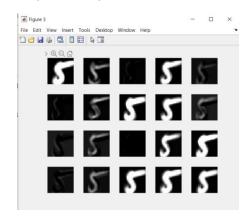
Ans 4.1:

the outputs for layer 2 (CONV layer) and layer 3 (ReLU layer) are the same because in layer 3 (ReLU), the negative values are interpreted as 0 in the imshow function since it cannot visualise negative pixel values.

Outputs for layer 2 (CONV)



outputs for layer 3 (ReLU)



Ans 4.2:

The original image is:



The differences between the original image and feature maps are:

- 1) some of the feature maps have a darker color on the number (grey, dark grey and black) compare to the original image (white)
- 2) some of the feature maps have difference background color (grey and dark grey) compare to the original image (black)
- 3) feature maps have fatter number compare to the original image

Ans 5:

I did not manage to finish this question. However, I did manage to proceed to step 2 (find connected components and place a bounding box around each character). Below are the images showing the results in step 2 for the 4 images:

Image 1:

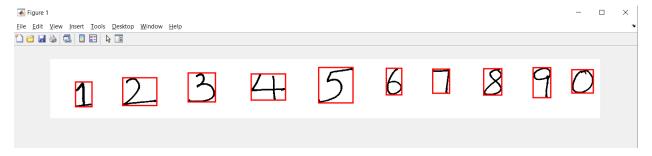


Image 2:

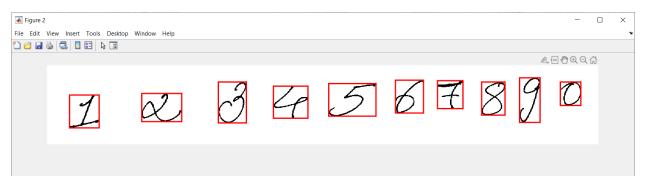


Image 3:

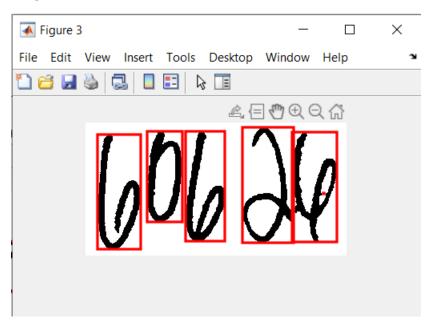


Image 4:

