

# Final Project

## 1. Scope the Project

Our plan is to use a supervised learning technique to predict which customers are most likely to cancel their subscription using **the past three months of customer data which includes subscription and listening history**.

## 2. Gather Data

Read the following files into Python:

- Customer data: *maven\_music\_customers.csv*
- Listing history: *maven\_music\_listening\_history.xlsx*

```
# Import required libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Read in the customer data
df_customers = pd.read_csv('maven_music_customers.csv')

# Read in the listening history
df_listen_history =
pd.read_excel('maven_music_listening_history.xlsx', sheet_name =
'listening_history')

# Read in the audio data
df_audio = pd.read_excel('maven_music_listening_history.xlsx',
sheet_name = 'audio_files')

# Read in the session data
df_session = pd.read_excel('maven_music_listening_history.xlsx',
sheet_name = 'session_login_time')
```

```
df_customers.head()
```

	Customer ID	Customer Name	Email \
0	5001	Harmony Greene	Email: harmonious.vibes@email.com
1	5002	Aria Keys	Email: melodious.aria@email.edu
2	5004	Lyric Bell	Email: rhythmical.lyric@email.com
3	5267	Rock Bassett	Email: groovy.rock@email.com
4	5338	Rhythm Dixon	Email: beats.by.rhythm@email.edu

	Member Since	Subscription Plan	Subscription Rate	Discount?
	Cancellation Date			
0	3/13/23	Basic (Ads)	\$2.99	NaN

```

NaN
1      3/13/23      NaN      $2.99      NaN
NaN
2      3/13/23      NaN      $2.99      NaN
6/1/23
3      3/20/23      Basic (Ads)      $2.99      NaN
NaN
4      3/20/23      NaN      $2.99      NaN
NaN

```

```
df_listen_history.head()
```

	Customer ID	Session ID	Audio Order	Audio ID	Audio Type
0	5001	100520	1	101	Song
1	5001	100520	2	102	Song
2	5001	100520	3	103	Song
3	5001	100520	4	104	Song
4	5001	100520	5	105	Song

```
df_audio.head()
```

	ID	Name	Genre	Popularity
0	Song-101	Dance All Night	Pop	1
1	Song-102	Unbreakable Beat	Pop	2
2	Song-103	Sunset Boulevard	Pop Music	5
3	Song-104	Glowing Hearts	Pop Music	10
4	Song-105	Pop Rocks	Pop Music	52

```
df_session.head()
```

	Session ID	Session Log In Time
0	100520	2023-03-13 18:29:00
1	100522	2023-03-13 22:15:00
2	100525	2023-03-14 10:01:00
3	100527	2023-03-13 14:14:00
4	100538	2023-03-21 12:23:00

### 3. Clean Data

#### a. Convert Data Types

Check the data types of the data in the tables and convert to numeric and datetime values as necessary.

```
# Check the data types
```

```
df_customers.dtypes
```

Customer ID	int64
Customer Name	object
Email	object

```
Member Since      object
Subscription Plan  object
Subscription Rate  object
Discount?         object
Cancellation Date  object
dtype: object
```

```
df_listen_history.dtypes
```

```
Customer ID      int64
Session ID       int64
Audio Order      int64
Audio ID         int64
Audio Type       object
dtype: object
```

```
df_audio.dtypes
```

```
ID              object
Name            object
Genre           object
Popularity      int64
dtype: object
```

```
df_session.dtypes
```

```
Session ID              int64
Session Log In Time     datetime64[ns]
dtype: object
```

```
# Convert objects to numeric and datetime fields
```

```
df_customers['Member Since'] = pd.to_datetime(df_customers['Member Since'])
```

```
temp = df_customers['Subscription Rate'].str.replace('$', '')
```

```
df_customers['Subscription Rate'] = pd.to_numeric(temp)
```

```
df_customers['Cancellation Date'] =  
pd.to_datetime(df_customers['Cancellation Date'])
```

```
C:\Users\luffy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_31100\1136408421.py:2:  
UserWarning: Could not infer format, so each element will be parsed  
individually, falling back to `dateutil`. To ensure parsing is  
consistent and as-expected, please specify a format.
```

```
df_customers['Member Since'] = pd.to_datetime(df_customers['Member Since'])
```

```
C:\Users\luffy\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_31100\1136408421.py:5:  
UserWarning: Could not infer format, so each element will be parsed  
individually, falling back to `dateutil`. To ensure parsing is  
consistent and as-expected, please specify a format.
```

```
df_customers['Cancellation Date'] =  
pd.to_datetime(df_customers['Cancellation Date'])
```

## b. Resolve Data Issues

Check for missing data, inconsistent text and typos, duplicate data and outliers.

### i. Missing Data

```
# Look for NaN values in the customers
```

```
df_customers.isna().sum()
```

```
Customer ID      0
Customer Name    0
Email            0
Member Since     0
Subscription Plan 5
Subscription Rate 0
Discount?        23
Cancellation Date 17
dtype: int64
```

```
# Look for NaN values in the listening history
```

```
df_listen_history.isna().sum()
```

```
Customer ID      0
Session ID       0
Audio Order      0
Audio ID         0
Audio Type       0
dtype: int64
```

```
# Look for NaN values in the audio
```

```
df_audio.isna().sum()
```

```
ID              0
Name            0
Genre          0
Popularity      0
dtype: int64
```

```
# Look for NaN values in the session
```

```
df_session.isna().sum()
```

```
Session ID      0
Session Log In Time 0
dtype: int64
```

```
df_customers[df_customers.isnull().any(axis = 1)]
```

	Customer ID	Customer Name	Email
0	5001	Harmony Greene	Email: harmonious.vibes@email.com
1	5002	Aria Keys	Email: melodious.aria@email.edu

2	5004	Lyric Bell	Email: rhythmic.lyric@email.com
3	5267	Rock Bassett	Email: groovy.rock@email.com
4	5338	Rhythm Dixon	Email: beats.by.rhythm@email.edu
5	5404	Jazz Saxton	Email: jazzy.sax@email.com
6	5581	Reed Sharp	Email: sharp.tunes@email.com
7	5759	Carol Kingbird	Email: songbird.carol@email.com
8	5761	Sonata Nash	Email: musical.sonata@email.com
9	5763	Jazz Coleman	Email: coleman.jazzmaster@email.com
10	5826	Chord Hayes	Email: harmonic.chord@email.com
11	5827	Rhythm Franklin	Email: rhythmic.franklin@email.edu
12	6029	Chord Campbell	Email: campbell.chordify@email.com
13	6092	Benny Beat	Email: rhythmic.benny@email.com
14	6163	Melody Parks	Email: park.of.melodies@email.com
15	6229	Symphony Rhodes	Email: rhodes.symphony@email.com
16	6406	Beatrice Sharp	Email: beats.by.beatrice@email.com
17	6584	Bobby Bass	Email: bass.master.bobby@email.edu
18	6586	Lyric Saunders	Email: lyrical.saunders@email.edu
19	6588	Harmony Bass	Email: bass.harmony@email.com
20	6821	Reed Flat	Email: flat.tunes@email.edu
21	6822	Kiki Keys	Email: kiki.keys.piano@email.com
24	7158	Harmony Wallace	Email: wallace.harmony@email.com
27	7579	Jazz Drummond	Email: drumming.jazz@email.com
	Member Since	Subscription Plan	Subscription Rate Discount? \
0	2023-03-13	Basic (Ads)	2.99 NaN
1	2023-03-13	NaN	2.99 NaN
2	2023-03-13	NaN	2.99 NaN
3	2023-03-20	Basic (Ads)	2.99 NaN

4	2023-03-20	NaN	2.99	NaN
5	2023-03-20	NaN	2.99	NaN
6	2023-03-21	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	NaN
7	2023-03-22	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	NaN
8	2023-03-28	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	NaN
9	2023-03-28	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
10	2023-03-28	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
11	2023-03-28	NaN	2.99	NaN
12	2023-03-29	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	NaN
13	2023-04-01	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
14	2023-04-05	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	NaN
15	2023-04-06	Premium (No Ads)	99.99	NaN
16	2023-04-08	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
17	2023-04-09	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
18	2023-04-16	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
19	2023-04-16	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
20	2023-04-24	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
21	2023-05-01	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	Yes
24	2023-05-07	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN
27	2023-05-15	Basic (Ads)	2.99	NaN

	Cancellation Date
0	NaT
1	NaT
2	2023-06-01
3	NaT
4	NaT
5	2023-06-03
6	NaT
7	2023-06-02
8	NaT
9	NaT
10	NaT
11	NaT
12	2023-06-02
13	2023-06-01
14	NaT
15	2023-06-02
16	NaT
17	NaT
18	NaT
19	2023-06-01
20	NaT
21	NaT
24	NaT
27	NaT

```
df_customers['Discount?'].value_counts()
```

```
Discount?
Yes      7
Name: count, dtype: int64

df_customers['Discount?'] = np.where(df_customers['Discount?'].isna(),
'No', df_customers['Discount?'])

df_customers[df_customers['Subscription Plan'].isnull()]

   Customer ID  Customer Name
Email \
1      5002      Aria Keys   Email: melodious.aria@email.edu
2      5004      Lyric Bell   Email: rhythmical.lyric@email.com
4      5338      Rhythm Dixon  Email: beats.by.rhythm@email.edu
5      5404      Jazz Saxton   Email: jazzy.sax@email.com
11     5827      Rhythm Franklin Email: rhythmic.franklin@email.edu

   Member Since  Subscription Plan  Subscription Rate  Discount? \
1   2023-03-13                NaN                2.99         No
2   2023-03-13                NaN                2.99         No
4   2023-03-20                NaN                2.99         No
5   2023-03-20                NaN                2.99         No
11  2023-03-28                NaN                2.99         No

   Cancellation Date
1                NaT
2      2023-06-01
4                NaT
5      2023-06-03
11               NaT

df_customers['Subscription Plan'] =
np.where(((df_customers['Subscription Plan'].isna()) &
(df_customers['Subscription Rate'] == 2.99)), 'Basic (Ads)',
df_customers['Subscription Plan'])
```

## ii. Inconsistent Text & Typos

```
# Look for inconsistent text & typos
df_customers.describe()
```

	Customer ID	Member Since	Subscription Rate	\
count	30.000000	30	30.000000	
mean	6276.333333	2023-04-10 06:24:00	8.556667	
min	5001.000000	2023-03-13 00:00:00	2.990000	
25%	5759.500000	2023-03-23 12:00:00	2.990000	

50%	6196.000000	2023-04-05 12:00:00	2.990000
75%	6823.500000	2023-05-01 00:00:00	7.990000
max	7583.000000	2023-05-16 00:00:00	99.990000
std	814.255587	NaN	17.517840

	Cancellation Date
count	13
mean	2023-06-01 16:36:55.384615424
min	2023-06-01 00:00:00
25%	2023-06-01 00:00:00
50%	2023-06-02 00:00:00
75%	2023-06-02 00:00:00
max	2023-06-03 00:00:00
std	NaN

```
df_customers['Subscription Rate'].value_counts()
```

Subscription Rate

2.99	17
7.99	7
9.99	5
99.99	1

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
df_customers['Subscription Rate'] =
np.where(df_customers['Subscription Rate'] == 99.99, 9.99,
df_customers['Subscription Rate'])
```

```
df_listen_history.describe()
```

	Customer ID	Session ID	Audio Order	Audio ID
count	505.000000	505.000000	505.000000	505.000000
mean	6112.247525	105225.554455	4.138614	112.063366
std	832.861221	3625.879577	2.669008	24.670285
min	5001.000000	100520.000000	1.000000	101.000000
25%	5267.000000	101925.000000	2.000000	103.000000
50%	6029.000000	105116.000000	4.000000	105.000000
75%	6822.000000	109654.000000	6.000000	109.000000
max	7583.000000	111333.000000	15.000000	205.000000

```
df_audio.describe()
```

	Popularity
count	17.000000
mean	21.058824
std	23.381271
min	1.000000
25%	4.000000
50%	10.000000
75%	28.000000
max	80.000000



```
df_session.describe()
```

	Session ID	Session Log In Time
count	90.000000	90
mean	105619.788889	2023-04-27 08:18:34.000000
min	100520.000000	2023-03-13 14:14:00
25%	102149.000000	2023-04-05 21:21:30
50%	105390.500000	2023-05-03 20:03:00
75%	109658.250000	2023-05-18 22:17:30
max	111333.000000	2023-05-31 06:03:00
std	3616.208569	NaN

```
df_audio.Genre = np.where(df_audio.Genre == 'Pop  
Music', 'Pop', df_audio.Genre)
```

```
df_audio.head()
```

	ID	Name	Genre	Popularity
0	Song-101	Dance All Night	Pop	1
1	Song-102	Unbreakable Beat	Pop	2
2	Song-103	Sunset Boulevard	Pop	5
3	Song-104	Glowing Hearts	Pop	10
4	Song-105	Pop Rocks	Pop	52

### iii. Duplicate Rows

```
# Look for duplicate rows
```

```
df_customers.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df_listen_history.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df_audio.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
df_session.duplicated().sum()
```

```
0
```

### iv. Outliers

```
# Look for outliers
```

## c. Create New Columns

Create two new columns that will be useful for EDA and modeling:

- Cancelled: whether a customer cancelled or not

- Email: Remove the "Email:" from the email addresses

```
# Create a 'Cancelled' column
df_customers['Cancelled'] = np.where(df_customers['Cancellation Date'].notna(),1,0)

# Create an updated 'Email' column without the Email: portion
df_customers['Email'] = df_customers['Email'].str[6:]

# Create an updated 'Discount?' column with Yes=1 and No=0
df_customers['Discount?'] = np.where(df_customers['Discount?'] == 'No', 0, 1)
```

## 4. EDA

Try to better understand the customers who cancelled:

- How long were they members before they cancelled?
- What percentage of customers who cancelled had a discount vs customers who didn't cancel?

```
df_customers[df_customers['Cancellation Date'].notna()]
```

	Customer ID	Customer Name	Email
Member Since \			
2	5004	Lyric Bell	rhythmical.lyric@email.com
2023-03-13			
5	5404	Jazz Saxton	jazzy.sax@email.com
2023-03-20			
7	5759	Carol Kingbird	songbird.carol@email.com
2023-03-22			
12	6029	Chord Campbell	campbell.chordify@email.com
2023-03-29			
13	6092	Benny Beat	rhythmic.benny@email.com
2023-04-01			
15	6229	Symphony Rhodes	rhodes.symphony@email.com
2023-04-06			
19	6588	Harmony Bass	bass.harmony@email.com
2023-04-16			
22	6824	Greta Groove	groovy.greta@email.com
2023-05-01			
23	7087	Harmony Heart	heartfelt.harmony@email.com
2023-05-01			
25	7224	Melody Fitzgerald	fitzgerald.melody@email.com
2023-05-08			
26	7401	Reed Murphy	murphy.reed.music@email.com
2023-05-08			
28	7581	Lyric Keys	keysoflyric@email.com
2023-05-16			
29	7583	Melody Singer	melodic.singer@email.com
2023-05-16			

	Subscription Plan	Subscription Rate	Discount?	Cancellation Date
2	Basic (Ads)	2.99	0	2023-06-01
5	Basic (Ads)	2.99	0	2023-06-03
7	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	0	2023-06-02
12	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	0	2023-06-02
13	Basic (Ads)	2.99	0	2023-06-01
15	Premium (No Ads)	9.99	0	2023-06-02
19	Basic (Ads)	2.99	0	2023-06-01
22	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-02
23	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-02
25	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-01
26	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-01
28	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-03
29	Premium (No Ads)	7.99	1	2023-06-01

	Cancelled
2	1
5	1
7	1
12	1
13	1
15	1
19	1
22	1
23	1
25	1
26	1
28	1
29	1

```
# How long were customers members before they cancelled?
time_before_cancel = (df_customers['Cancellation Date'] -
df_customers['Member Since']).mean()
time_before_cancel

Timedelta('46 days 07:23:04.615384615')
```

```

# Cancellation rate for those who had a discount
discount_cancelled = df_customers[df_customers['Discount?'] == 1]
discount_cancelled.Cancelled.sum()/discount_cancelled.Cancelled.count()*100

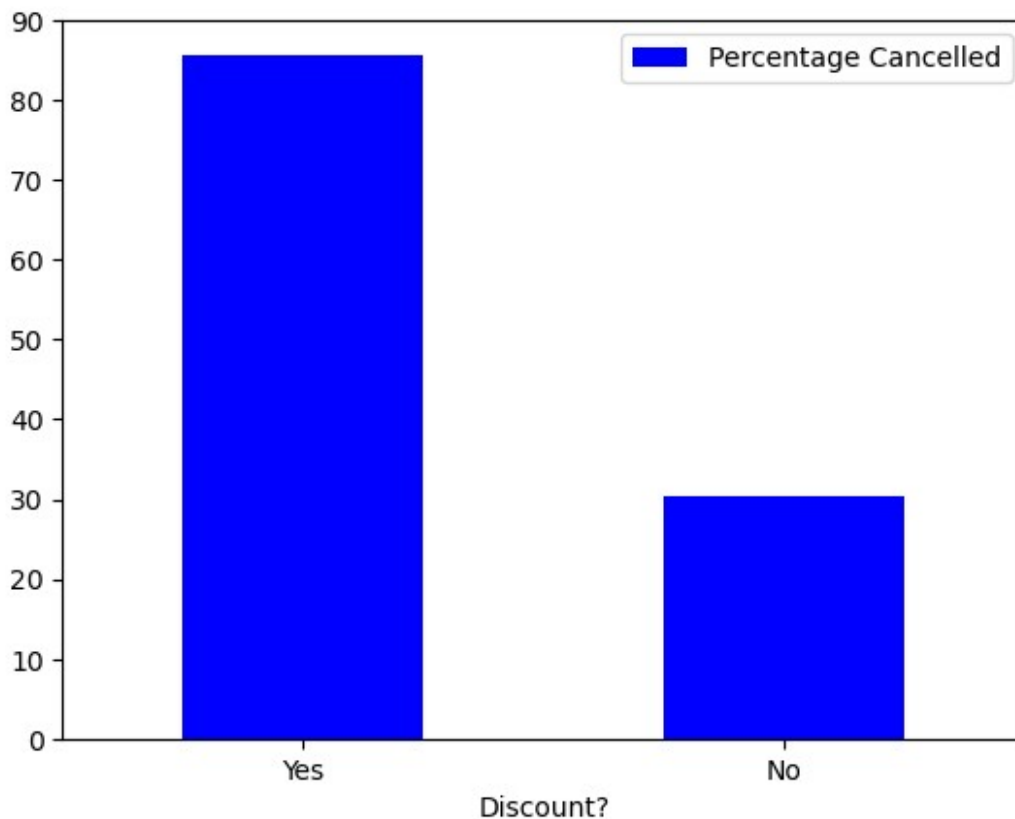
85.71428571428571

# Cancellation rate for those who did not have a discount
no_discount_cancelled = df_customers[df_customers['Discount?'] == 0]
no_discount_cancelled.Cancelled.sum()/no_discount_cancelled.Cancelled.count()*100

30.434782608695656

# Visualize the cancellation rate for those with a discount vs those without a discount
pd.DataFrame([["Yes", 85.71428571428571],
              ["No", 30.434782608695656]],
             columns = ["Discount?", "Percentage Cancelled"]).plot.bar(x
= "Discount?", y = "Percentage Cancelled", color = "blue");
plt.xticks(rotation = 0);

```



Better understand the customers' listening histories:

- Join together the listening history and audio tables
- How many listening sessions did each customer have in the past 3 months?
- What were the most popular genres that customers listened to?

*# Split the ID in the audio data so the column can be joined with other tables*

```
temp_audio =
pd.DataFrame(df_audio.ID.str.split('-').to_list()).rename(columns =
{0: 'Type', 1: 'New_Id'})
new_audio = pd.concat([temp_audio, df_audio], axis = 1)
new_audio.head()
```

	Type	New_Id	ID	Name	Genre	Popularity
0	Song	101	Song-101	Dance All Night	Pop	1
1	Song	102	Song-102	Unbreakable Beat	Pop	2
2	Song	103	Song-103	Sunset Boulevard	Pop	5
3	Song	104	Song-104	Glowing Hearts	Pop	10
4	Song	105	Song-105	Pop Rocks	Pop	52

*# Hint: Check the data type of Audio ID in the audio table*

```
new_audio.dtypes
new_audio.New_Id = pd.to_numeric(new_audio.New_Id)
```

```
new_audio.dtypes
```

```
Type          object
New_Id        int64
ID            object
Name          object
Genre         object
Popularity    int64
dtype: object
```

*# The number of listening sessions that each customer had in the past 3 months*

```
df_listen_history.groupby('Customer ID')['Session ID'].nunique()
```

Customer ID	
5001	8
5002	4
5004	1
5267	7
5338	4
5404	1
5581	3
5759	2
5761	3
5763	6
5826	3
5827	1
6029	2

6092	3
6163	3
6229	2
6406	3
6584	2
6586	2
6588	3
6821	2
6822	3
6824	4
7087	3
7158	3
7224	4
7401	3
7579	2
7581	2
7583	1

Name: Session ID, dtype: int64

*# The most popular genres that customers listened to*

```
new_df = df_listen_history.merge(new_audio, how = 'left', left_on =
'Audio ID', right_on = 'New_Id')
new_df.head()
```

	Customer ID	Session ID	Audio Order	Audio ID	Audio Type	Type
New_Id \						
0	5001	100520	1	101	Song	Song
101						
1	5001	100520	2	102	Song	Song
102						
2	5001	100520	3	103	Song	Song
103						
3	5001	100520	4	104	Song	Song
104						
4	5001	100520	5	105	Song	Song
105						

	ID	Name	Genre	Popularity
0	Song-101	Dance All Night	Pop	1
1	Song-102	Unbreakable Beat	Pop	2
2	Song-103	Sunset Boulevard	Pop	5
3	Song-104	Glowing Hearts	Pop	10
4	Song-105	Pop Rocks	Pop	52

```
new_df.Genre.value_counts()
```

Genre	
Pop	267
Hip Hop	88
Country	68

```
Jazz          48
Comedy        19
True Crime    15
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

## 5. Prep for Modeling

Create a DataFrame that is ready for modeling with each row representing a customer and the following numeric, non-null columns:

- Customer ID
- Whether a customer cancelled or not
- Whether a customer received a discount or not
- The number of listening sessions
- Percent of listening history consisting of Pop
- Percent of listening history consisting of Podcasts

```
# Create a dataframe ready for modeling
```

```
model = df_customers[['Customer ID', 'Cancelled', 'Discount?']]
model.head()
```

	Customer ID	Cancelled	Discount?
0	5001	0	0
1	5002	0	0
2	5004	1	0
3	5267	0	0
4	5338	0	0

```
# Calculate the number of listening sessions for each customer
```

```
number_of_listening_sessions = new_df.groupby('Customer ID')['Session ID'].nunique()
number_of_listening_sessions.head()
```

```
Customer ID
```

```
5001      8
5002      4
5004      1
5267      7
5338      4
```

```
Name: Session ID, dtype: int64
```

```
number_of_listening_sessions =
number_of_listening_sessions.to_frame().reset_index().rename(columns
={'Session ID' : 'Total Sessions'})
number_of_listening_sessions.head()
```

	Customer ID	Total Sessions
0	5001	8
1	5002	4
2	5004	1

3	5267	7
4	5338	4

```
model = model.merge(number_of_listening_sessions,how = 'left', on =
'Customer ID')
model.head()
```

	Customer ID	Cancelled	Discount?	Total Sessions
0	5001	0	0	8
1	5002	0	0	4
2	5004	1	0	1
3	5267	0	0	7
4	5338	0	0	4

```
# Percent pop
pd.get_dummies(new_df.Genre,dtype = int)
```

	Comedy	Country	Hip Hop	Jazz	Pop	True Crime
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0
2	0	0	0	0	1	0
3	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	0	0	0	0	1	0
..	...	...	...	...	...	...
500	0	0	0	1	0	0
501	1	0	0	0	0	0
502	0	0	1	0	0	0
503	0	0	1	0	0	0
504	0	0	1	0	0	0

[505 rows x 6 columns]

```
genre = pd.concat([new_df['Customer
ID'],pd.get_dummies(new_df.Genre,dtype = int)], axis =
1).groupby('Customer ID').sum().reset_index()
genre.head()
```

	Customer ID	Comedy	Country	Hip Hop	Jazz	Pop	True Crime
0	5001	0	0	26	0	34	0
1	5002	0	22	0	0	0	0
2	5004	0	0	0	0	9	0
3	5267	0	0	22	0	23	0
4	5338	0	18	0	0	0	0

```
Total_audio = df_listen_history.groupby('Customer ID')['Audio
ID'].count().to_frame().rename(columns={'Audio
ID':'Total'}).reset_index()
Total_audio.head()
```

	Customer ID	Total
0	5001	60



1	5002	22
2	5004	9
3	5267	45
4	5338	18

```
audio_final = genre.merge(Total_audio, how = 'left', on = 'Customer ID')
```

```
audio_final.head()
```

	Customer ID	Comedy	Country	Hip Hop	Jazz	Pop	True Crime	Total
0	5001	0	0	26	0	34	0	60
1	5002	0	22	0	0	0	0	22
2	5004	0	0	0	0	9	0	9
3	5267	0	0	22	0	23	0	45
4	5338	0	18	0	0	0	0	18

```
model['Percent Pop'] = audio_final.Pop/audio_final.Total *100
model.head()
```

	Customer ID	Cancelled	Discount?	Total Sessions	Percent Pop
0	5001	0	0	8	56.666667
1	5002	0	0	4	0.000000
2	5004	1	0	1	100.000000
3	5267	0	0	7	51.111111
4	5338	0	0	4	0.000000

```
model.head()
```

	Customer ID	Cancelled	Discount?	Total Sessions	Percent Pop
0	5001	0	0	8	56.666667
1	5002	0	0	4	0.000000
2	5004	1	0	1	100.000000
3	5267	0	0	7	51.111111
4	5338	0	0	4	0.000000

```
# Percent podcasts
```

```
model['Percent Podcast'] = ((audio_final['Comedy'] + audio_final['True Crime'])/audio_final.Total)*100
```

Visualize the relationships in the modeling DataFrame using a pair plot:

- What are some of your observations?
- What variables might do a good job predicting customer cancellation?

```
model.corr()
```

	Customer ID	Cancelled	Discount?	Total Sessions	\
Customer ID	1.000000	0.269942	0.648514	-0.337083	
Cancelled	0.269942	1.000000	0.471825	-0.333739	
Discount?	0.648514	0.471825	1.000000	-0.048877	
Total Sessions	-0.337083	-0.333739	-0.048877	1.000000	

Percent Pop	-0.076129	0.585630	0.112675	-0.131156
Percent Podcast	0.083083	-0.035414	0.062938	-0.125459
	Percent Pop	Percent Podcast		
Customer ID	-0.076129	0.083083		
Cancelled	0.585630	-0.035414		
Discount?	0.112675	0.062938		
Total Sessions	-0.131156	-0.125459		
Percent Pop	1.000000	-0.487193		
Percent Podcast	-0.487193	1.000000		

- Percent Pop can be a good predictor for model