# Reproducing a Study of Stochastic Volatility + Market Inefficiency

>>> Fun with Multi Linear Regression

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# Original Study:

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

WORKING PAPER SERIES

# Examining the Sources of Excess Return Predictability: Stochastic Volatility or Market Inefficiency?

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Working Paper 2018-14

https://www.frbsf.org/economic-research/publications/working-papers/2018/14/

# Stochastic Volatility

sto · chas · tic

/stə<sup>l</sup>kastik/ adjective TECHNICAL

> randomly determined; having a random probability distribution or pattern that may be analyzed statistically but may not be predicted precisely.

the volatility of asset prices is not constant ]

The efficient-market hypothesis is a theory that asset prices fully reflect all available information.

A direct implication is that it is impossible to "beat the market" consistently on a risk-adjusted basis since market prices should only react to new information.

# Findings:

>>> Not Investment
Advice

We show that the sentiment-momentum variable is positively correlated with fluctuations in Google searches for the term "stock market," suggesting that the sentiment-momentum variable helps to predict excess returns because it captures shifts in investor attention, particularly during stock market declines.

"

# Data Sources:

Variance Risk Premium: <a href="https://sites.google.com/site/haozhouspersonalhomepage">https://sites.google.com/site/haozhouspersonalhomepage</a>

EOM Nominal S&P, Nominal Dividends / Nominal Risk Free Rate: http://www.hec.unil.ch/agoyal/

University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment: <a href="http://www.sca.isr.umich.edu/">http://www.sca.isr.umich.edu/</a>

Google Trends: <a href="https://trends.google.com/trends/?geo=US">https://trends.google.com/trends/?geo=US</a>

Quand1 API: https://www.quandl.com/

Yahoo Finance: <a href="https://finance.yahoo.com/">https://finance.yahoo.com/</a>

Study Covers 1990-03 through 2017-12

# **Key Terms & Independent Variables:**

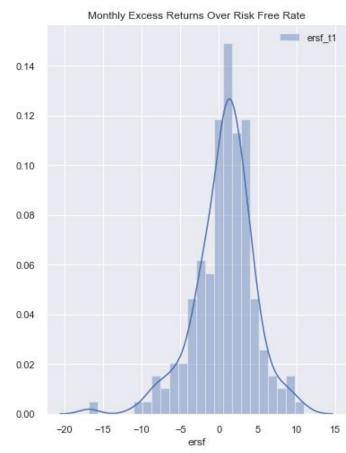
```
price-dividend ratio index closing value / cumulative nominal dividends >> " pd "
fed funds rate delta 12 month change in federal funds rate >> " ff12_D "
variance risk premium 3 month moving average in difference between implied volatility from option on the
index and realized volatility of the index >> " vrp3 "
fed funds rate delta 12 month change in federal funds rate >> " ff12_D "
consumer sentiment delta 12 month change in UM Consumer Sentiment >> " sent12_D "
excess stock return delta 1 month change in excess return (over the risk free rate) - a measure of return
momentum >> " ersf D "
interaction consumer sentiment delta X excess stock return delta >> " sent_x_ersf_D "
google search term momentum 1 month change in volume of google searches for the term "Stock
Market" >> " Google_D "
```

# Target Variable:

excess return in month t+1 12 month change in federal funds rate >> " ersf\_t1 "

# Monthly Excess Returns over Risk Free Rate

#### Distribution of Monthly Returns

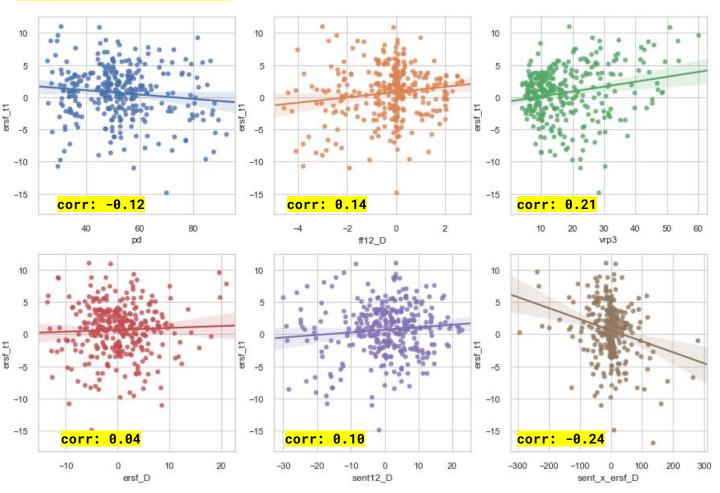


Mean: 0.65

Standard Deviation: 4.1

Minimum: -16.8% Maximum: 10.9%

Correlation Plots target variable vs. independent variables



## Baseline Model

price-dividend / federal funds rate / variance risk premium / sentiment change (12mo) X return momentum

0LS	(Statsmodel)	

Dep. Variable:	ersf_t1	R-squared:	0.174
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.164
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	17.29
Date:	Sun, 21 Apr 2019	<pre>Prob (F-statistic):</pre>	6.93E-13
Time:	23:03:43	Log-Likelihood:	-913.55
No. Observations:	334	AIC:	1837
Df Residuals:	329	BIC:	1856
Df Model:	4		

t

2.305

-3.777

5.352

5.391

-3.844

2.026

38.189

238

5.10E-09

P>|t|

0.022

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

[0.025

0.281

-0.087

0.550

0.070

-0.021

0.975]

3.548

-0.027

1.189

0.150

-0.007

Original Study R-Squared:

std err

0.831

0.015

0.162

0.020

0.004

Prob(JB):

Cond. No.

Durbin-Watson:

Jarque-Bera (JB):

Covariance Type: nonrobust

Intercept

sent\_x\_ersf\_D

Prob(Omnibus):

pd

ff12\_D

Omnibus:

Kurtosis:

Skew:

vrp3

coef 1.914

-0.057

0.870

0.110

-0.014

29.202

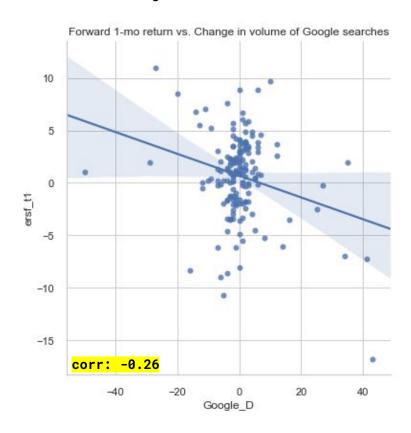
-0.648

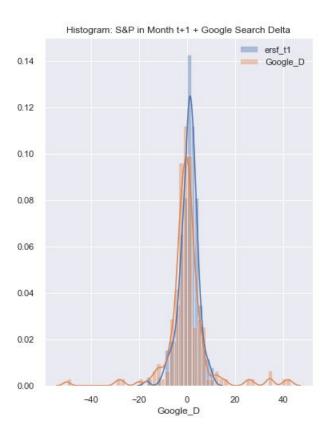
4.031

0

# Adding Change in Volume of Google Searches

google search term momentum 1 month change in volume of google searches for the term "Stock
Market" >> " Google\_D "





# Final Model

price-dividend / federal funds rate / variance risk premium / sentiment change (12mo) X return momentum / <mark>Google Delta</mark>

OLS	(Statsmodel
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**Kurtosis:** 

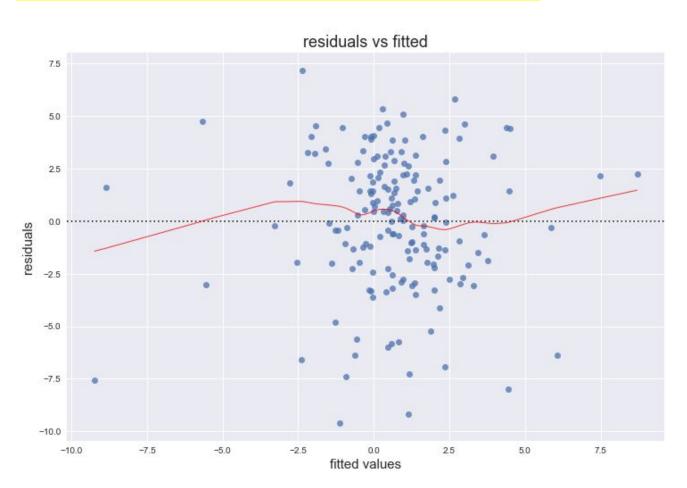
3.138

Dep. Variable:	ersf_t1	R-squared:	0.311			D: CC .
Model:	0LS	Adj. R-squa	ıı 0.29	Different Timeframe:		
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic	14.63		Goo	ogle Trends
Date:	Sun, 21 Apr 2019	Prob (F-sta	17.89E-12			tavailable
Time:	23:03:47	Log-Likelih	ı -435.44			until 2004.
No. Observations:	168	AIC:	882.9			ers 2004-01 gh 2017-12.
Df Residuals:	162	BIC:	901.6		ciii oug	, <u></u>
Df Model:	5					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]	
Intercept	6.3421	3.122	2.031	0.0440	0.177	12.508
pd	-0.1484	0.058	-2.557	0.0110	-0.263	-0.034
ff12_D	1.6608	0.287	5.784	0.0000	1.094	2.228
vrp3	0.1386	0.03	4.649	0.0000	0.08	0.197
sent_x_ersf_D	-0.0087	0.005	-1.909	0.0580	-0.018	0
Google_D	-0.0847	0.028	-3.066	0.0030	-0.139	-0.03
Omnibus:	9.6	Durbin-Wats	a 1.89		7 0 1	5 0
Prob(Omnibus):	0.008	Jarque-Bera	9.844	Origina	al Study	y R-Squared:
Skew:	-0.589	<pre>Prob(JB):</pre>	0.00728	<mark>29.1%</mark>		

724

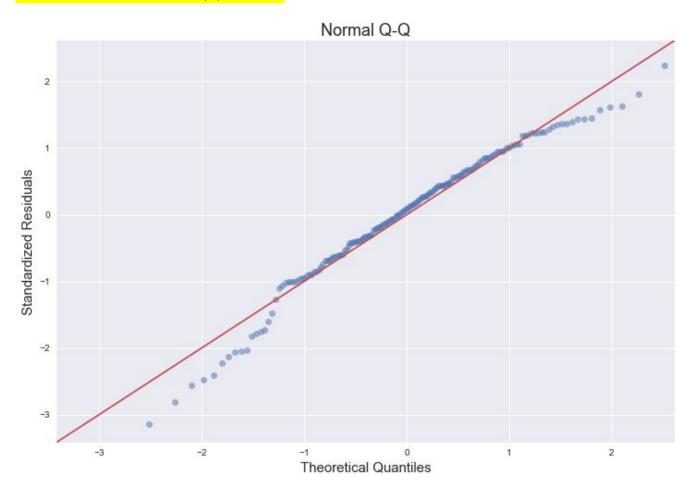
Cond. No.

# Final Model - Residuals vs. Fitted Values



The residual plots are fairly well distributed around the horizontal line, with no discernible pattern; a linear regression model appears to be appropriate.

# Final Model - QQ Plot



The QQ Plot shows indicates that the residuals are fairly normally distributed, with some significant outliers towards the tails.

## Predicting 2018 Forward Month Stock Returns

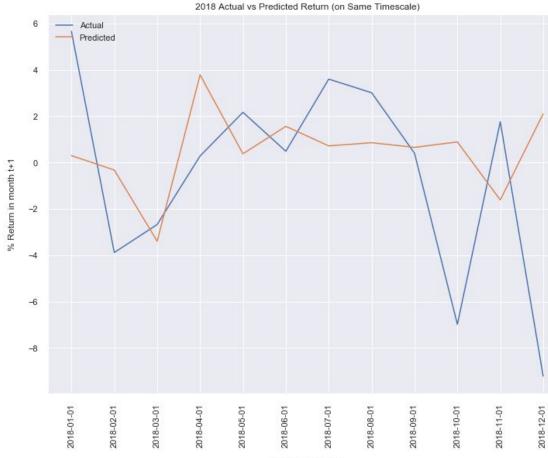
#### Running the Final Model on Untrained 2018 Data:

Applying a simple "Buy / Sell" Signal. If the Predicted Return is > 0, Buy (or Hold), if Predicted Return is < 0, Sell. Following this signal would have resulted in a -1.6% return on the year versus a -6.3% return with a pure "Buy and Hold" strategy. The amount show the results of investing \$10,000 on 12/31/2017, and following the monthly signal. While this is a useful heuristic for applying the model, the actual model Root Mean Squared Error was fairly high, at 4.76% (compared to 3.23% on the Trained Dataset).

actual	model	correct	invested	ersf	pred_ret_next_mo	month
\$10,566	\$10,566	TRUE	TRUE	5.66	0.30	2018-01
\$10,155	\$10,566	TRUE	FALSE	-3.88	-0.32	2018-02
\$9,884	\$10,566	TRUE	FALSE	-2.67	-3.39	2018-03
\$9,912	\$10,595	TRUE	TRUE	0.28	3.78	2018-04
\$10,126	\$10,824	TRUE	TRUE	2.16	0.38	2018-05
\$10,175	\$10,877	TRUE	TRUE	0.49	1.56	2018-06
\$10,541	\$11,268	TRUE	TRUE	3.60	0.72	2018-07
\$10,858	\$11,607	TRUE	TRUE	3.01	0.85	2018-08
\$10,902	\$11,654	TRUE	TRUE	0.40	0.65	2018-09
\$10,141	\$10,840	FALSE	TRUE	-6.98	0.89	2018-10
\$10,319	\$10,840	FALSE	FALSE	1.76	-1.61	2018-11
\$9,368	\$9,842	FALSE	TRUE	-9.21	2.10	2018-12

-1.58% -6.32%

## Predicting 2018 Forward Month Stock Returns



The Model failed to predict some of the extreme market moves in 2018.

The negative 9.6% return in December has a Z-Score of -2.54 compared to the mean return from 2004 - 2017, with only a 1.1% probability of such an extreme move in either direction.

Date (month t+1)

# Next Steps:

Incorporate Additional Variables:

- Volume Weighted Moving Average
- Twitter Sentiment
- Breadth Advance / Decline
- Sentiment Put / Call Ratios