

2021 年 12 月大学英语六级考试真题第二套 (沪江网校版 参考答案)

作文 (父母过度保护孩子)

Nowadays, the one-child policy has triggered a controversial issue as to Chinese parents overprotecting their children. Some believe that parents can never put too much emphasis on planning and preparing things for their children while others argue that this is extremely harmful for these youngsters. Such phenomenon can be attributed to the following factors.

First and foremost, the strict one-child policy in the past three decades has brought the issue that couples cherish their only child and endeavor to prepare thoroughly for them. Planning everything and making every decision in advance, these parents fear that their children might make mistakes or get hurt. What's more, youngsters are likely to depend on their parents both mentally and financially. I am a case in point. It is not exaggerated to say that parents are the persons I trust in most.

As far as I am concerned, parents should be aware that overprotecting will only do harm to their children. In addition, youngsters should think independently and rely on their own when it comes to making decisions. Moreover, society should help spread the dangers of indulging children. Only by doing so can we make family education in a balanced way.

结尾段第二种写法:

From my perspective, it is crucial that our society should encourage parents to be aware of this negative impact of overprotecting children and encourage youngsters to

make plans and decisions independently. Only by doing so can we make family education in a balanced way.

听力 (第二套)

1. D) He was fighting a throat infection.
2. C) He slipped on ice and fell.
3. B) Call the repair shop to fix it.
4. C) Offer David some refreshments.
5. D) She is a historian of military history.
6. D) It is a war novel set in the future.
7. B) She conducted surveys of many soldiers.
8. A) She doesn't have much freedom for imagination.
9. D) A glass bottle.
10. C) To combat counterfeits.
11. B) It appears in the shape of a cocoa seed.
12. C) It improves their mood considerably
13. A) Social anxiety.
14. B) Human brains tend to dwell on negative events.
15. A) Contagious.
16. C) It is mainly based on agriculture.
17. D) Sugar.
18. B) They live a poor life.
19. B) They will end up lonely, dependent and dissatisfied.
20. D) Failure to spend sufficient quality time with them.
21. B) It will help them to handle disappointment.

- 22. C) Saying the wrong thing at the wrong time.
- 23. A) Complaining about their previous job.
- 24. C) Those who take initiative in their work.
- 25. A) Ability to shoulder new responsibilities.

阅读

选词填空: If you think life is wonderful and expect it to stay.....

- 26.B)beyond
- 27.H)noteworthy
- 28.A)affect
- 29.L)span
- 30.J)premature
- 31.M)specifically
- 32.c)conceded
- 33.E)foster
- 34.D)correlation
- 35.O)trait

信息匹配: No one in fashion is surprised that Barberry burnt 28 million of stock

36.[G]Over-production is perhaps the biggest concern for Burberry . While there has been much outrage at the elitist 愚 connotation of burning goods rather than making them affordable....

37.[B] The practice of destroying unsold stock, and even rolls of unused fabric , is commonplace for luxury labels .Becoming too widely available at a cheaper price through discount stores discourages full -price sales...

38.[K] While these are honorable schemes, it makes it harder for Burberry to defend these latest figures . Fifteen years ago, Burberry was at crisis point as their signature check pattern was widely imitated by cheap, imitation brands ..

39.[E] In an online forum post, which asked if it's true that Louis Vuitton burned its bags, Ahmed Bouchfaa, who claimed to work for Louis Vuitton, responded that the brand holds sales of old stock for staff members twice a year....

40.[L] Bina believes that brands need to readdress their exclusivity tactic. "Exclusivity itself is being challenged," she says. "I think that goes hand in hand with how luxury is challenged"

41.[D] A source, who chose to remain anonymous, shared her experience working in a Burberry store in New York in October 2016. "My job was to toss items in boxes so they could be absent to be burned.

42.[F] Richemont, who owns several luxury brands, hit the headlines in May for taking back 437 million of watches for destruction in the last two years to avoid marked down price. It's not just luxury brands either.....

43.[J] One such partnership is with Elvis & Kresse, an accessories brand working with Reclaimed materials. Co-founder Kresse Wesling said, "Late last year we launched an Ambitious five - year partnership with the Burberry Foundation.

44.[A] Last week, Burberry's annual report revealed that 28.6 million worth of stock was burnt last year. The news has let investors and consumers outraged but comes as little surprise to those in the fashion industry.

45.[H] In September 2016, Burberry switched to a "see now, buy now" catwalk show format. The move was a switch to leverage on the coverage of their fashion weeks how to make stock available immediately to consumers.

仔细阅读:

Social media is absolutely everywhere Billions of people....

46.D) Whether social media should be used to screen job candidates.

47.A) Moral or legal issues might arise.

48.A) When it is separated from context.

49.B) By using it in a legitimate way.

50.C) Seeking advice from management and legal experts.

In recent years, the food industry has increased its use of labels...

- 51.D)Consumers' increasing desire for clear product information.
- 52.A) Stressing the absence of certain elements in their products.
- 53.D)They cause anxiety about food among consumers.
- 54.C) Erode consumer trust and reduce sales.
- 55.B)Exercise caution about the use of absence claims.

翻译：井冈山

井冈山地处湖南江西两省交界处，因其辉煌的革命历史被誉为“中国革命红色摇篮”。1927年10月，毛泽东、朱德等老一辈革命家率领中国工农红军来到这里，开展了艰苦卓绝的斗争创建了第一个农村革命根据地，点燃了中国革命的星星之火，开辟了“农村包围**(besiege)**城市，武装夺取政权”这一具有中国特色的革命道路，中国革命从这里迈向胜利。井冈山现有100多处革命旧址，成为一个“没有围墙的革命历史博物馆”，是爱国主义和革命传统教育的重要基地。

参考译文：

Jinggangshan, located at the boundary between Hunan and Jiangxi Province, is well known as "the birth place of Chinese revolution", due to its glorious revolutionary history. In October, 1927, the old revolutionists including Mao Zedong and Zhu De, led the Chinese labor workers and peasant army here to launch the arduous struggle. It was also in Jinggangshan that they fought to establish the first rural revolution base, ignite the sparks of Chinese revolution, and paved a revolutionary way with Chinese characteristics to "besiege the cities with the countryside and seize the central power with military force." It is right from here that the Chinese revolution has marched towards its eventual success. With over 100 revolutionary sites, Jinggangshan itself has become a museum of the Chinese revolutionary history and an important base for patriotism and education of traditions stemmed from the revolution.