The authortitle-ibid style

This citation style is a variant of the authortitle style. Immediately repeated citations are replaced by the abbreviation 'ibidem' unless the citation is the first one on the current page or double page spread (depending on the setting of the pagetracker package option). This style is intended for citations given in footnotes.

Additional package options

The ibidpage option

The scholarly abbreviation *ibidem* is sometimes taken to mean both 'same author + same title' and 'same author + same title + same page' in traditional citation schemes. By default, this is not the case with this style because it may lead to ambiguous citations. With <code>ibidpage=true</code> a page range postnote will be suppresse in an *ibidem* citation if the last citation was to the same page range. With <code>ibidpage=false</code> the postnote is not omitted. Citations to different page ranges than the previous always produce the page ranges with either setting. The default setting is <code>ibidpage=false</code>.

Consider the following example citations

The dashed option

By default, this style replaces recurrent authors/editors in the bibliography by a dash so that items by the same author or editor are visually grouped. This feature is controlled by the package option dashed. Setting dashed=false in the preamble will disable this feature. The default setting is dashed=true.

Hints

If you want terms such as *ibidem* to be printed in italics, redefine \mkibid as follows:

\renewcommand*{\mkibid}{\emph}

\footcite examples

This is just filler text. 1 This is just filler text. 2

¹Aristotle, *Rhetoric*. ²Ibid.

This is just filler text. 3 This is just filler text. 4

³Aristotle, *Rhetoric*, p. 55. ⁴Ibid., p. 55.

References

Aristotle. The Rhetoric of Aristotle with a commentary by the late Edward Meredith Cope. Ed. and comm. by Edward Meredith Cope. 3 vols. Cambridge University Press, 1877.