The alphalph package

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Abstract

The package provides methods to represent numbers with a limited set of symbols. Both LATEX and plain TEX are supported.

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1 Documentation

1.1 Introduction

 \LaTeX counters can be represented in different ways by using presentation commands:

\arabic, \roman, \Roman, \alph, \Alph, \fnsymbol

The ranges of supported counter values are more or less restricted. Only \arabic can be used with any counter value TeX supports.

Presentation	Supported	Ignored	Error message
command	domain	values	"Counter too large"
\arabic	-MAXMAX		
\roman, \Roman	1MAX	-MAX0	
\alph, \Alph	126	0	-MAX1, 27MAX
\fnsymbol	19	0	-MAX1, 10MAX

MAX = 2147483647

Ordinal numbers are often used in documents: numbering of chapters, sections, figures, footnotes and so on. The layouter chooses \Alph for chapter numbers and \fnsymbol for footnotes. But what can be done if there are more than 26 chapters or more than 10 footnotes? This package alphalph allows to define new presentation commands. They rely on a existing command and define presentations for values greater the limits. Three different methods are provided by the package. In the following use cases they are presentated.

1.2 Use cases

1.2.1 Number system based on symbols

Asume you are writing a book and your lecturer demands that chapter numbers must be letters. But you have already 30 chapters and you have only 26 letters?

In the decimal system the situation would be clear. If you run out of digits, you are using more digits to represent a number. This method can be also be used for letters. After chapter 26 with Z we us AA, AB, AC, and AD for the remaining chapters.

Happily this package already defines this presentation command:

```
\usepackage{alphalph}
\renewcommand*{\thechapter}{%
  \AlphAlph{\value{chapter}}%
}
```

\AlphAlph generates: A, B, C, ..., Z, AA, AB, ...

The other presentation command is \alphalph for lowercase letters.

1.2.2 Wrap symbols around

Nine footnote symbols are quite a few. Too soon the symbols are consumed and LATEX complains with the error "Counter too large". However, it could be acceptable to start again with the symbols from the beginning, especially if there are less than nine symbols on a page. This could be achieved by a counter reset. But finding the right place can be difficult or needs manual actions. Also a unique counter value can be desirable (e.g. for generating unique anchor/link names). Package alphalph allows you to define a macro that implements a "wrap around", but letting the value of the counter untouched:

```
\usepackage{alphalph}
\makeatletter
\newalphalph{\fnsymbolwrap}[wrap]{\@fnsymbol}{}
\makeatother
\renewcommand*{\thefootnote}{%
\fnsymbolwrap{\value{footnote}}%
}
```

\fnsymbolwrap generates: * (1), † (2), ‡ (3), ..., ‡‡ (9), * (10), † 11, ...

1.2.3 Multiple symbols

IATEX's standard set of footnote symbols contains doubled symbols at the higher positions. Could this principle be generalized? Yes, but first we need a clean footnote symbol list without doubled entries, example:

```
\usepackage{alphalph}
\makeatletter
\newcommand*{\finsymbolsingle}[1]{%
\ensuremath{%}
\ifcase#1%
\or *%
\or \dagger
\or \dagger
\or \mathsection
\or \mathparagraph
\else
\@ctrerr
\fi
}%
}
\makeatother
```

```
\newalphalph{\fnsymbolmult}[mult]{\fnsymbolsingle}{}
\renewcommand*{\thefootnote}{%
  \fnsymbolmult{\value{footnote}}%
}
```

The own definition of \fnsymbolsingle has the advantage that this list can easily modified. Otherwise you can use \@fnsymbol directly, because it uses the same first five symbols.

The same method can also be used for the chapter problem in the first discussed use case:

```
\usepackage{alphalph}
\makeatletter
\newalphalph{\AlphMult}[mult]{\@Alph}{26}
\makeatother
\renewcommand*{\chapter}{%
\AlphMult{\value{chapter}}%
}
```

\AlphMult then generates AA, BB, CC, and DD for chapters 27–30.

1.3 Glossary

Counter presentation command is a macro that expects a LATEX counter name as argument. Numbers cannot be used. Examples: \arabic, \alph, \fnsymbol.

Number presentation command is a macro that expects a number as argument. A number is anything that TEX accepts as number including \value. Examples: \alphalph, \AlphAlph, \alphalph@alph

However, \alph or \fnsymbol are not number presentation commands because they expect a counter name as argument. Happily LATEX counter presentation commands internally uses number presentation commands with the same name, but prefixed by '@'. Thus \@alph, \@fnsymbol are number presentation commands.

Symbols provider is a command that can be used to get a list of symbols. For example, \@Alph provides the 26 uppercase letters from 'A' to 'Z'. Basically a symbol provider is a number presentation command, usually with a limited range.

Number of symbols is the number of the last symbol slot of a symbol provider. Thus \@Alph generates 26 symbols, \@fnsymbol provides 9 symbols.

1.4 Package usage

The package alphalph can be used with both plain TFX and IATFX:

```
\label{eq:plain TeX: input alphalph.sty} $$ IAT_EX 2_{\varepsilon}: \cong \{alphalph\}$$ There aren't any options.
```

1.5 User commands

Both macros are number presentation commands that expects a number as argument. LATEX counters are used with \value.

The macros represents a number by letters. First single letters A..Z are used, then two letters AA..ZZ, three letters AAA...ZZZ, ...follow.

Macro \AlphAlph uses uppercase letters, \alphalph generates the lowercase variant.

$\langle number \rangle$	$\AlphAlph\{\langle number \rangle\}$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
1	A	a
2	В	Ъ
26	Z	z
27	AA	aa
30	AD	ad
2000	BXX	bxx
3752127	HELLO	hello
10786572	WORLD	world
2147483647	FXSHRXW	fxshrxw

```
\newalphalph \{\langle cmd \rangle\}\ [\langle method \rangle]\ \{\langle symbols\ provider \rangle\}\ \{\langle number\ of\ symbols \rangle\}
```

Macro \newalphalph defines $\langle cmd \rangle$ as new number presentation command. Like \newcommand an error is thrown, if macro $\langle cmd \rangle$ already exists.

The $\langle method \rangle$ is one of alph, wrap, or mult. The default is alph.

As symbol provider a number presentation command can be used, e.g. \@fn-symbol, \@Alph, or \alphalph@alph.

The last argument is the number of symbols. If the argument is empty, then \newalphalph tries to find this number itself. LaTeX's number presentation commands throw an error message, if the number is too large. This error message is put in a macro \@ctrerr. Thus \newalphalph calls the symbol provider and tests a number by typesetting it in a temporary box. The error macro \@ctrerr is catched, it proofs that the number is not supported. Also if the width of the result is zero the number is considered as unavailable.

The empty argument is useful for potentially variable lists. However if the end cannot be detected, then the number of symbols must be given. This is also a lot faster. Therefore don't let the argument empty without reason.

1.6 Programmer commands

```
\alphalph@Alph \{\langle number \rangle\} \alphalph@alph \{\langle number \rangle\}
```

They are basically the same as \@Alph and \@alph. Some languages of package babel redefine LATEX's macros to include some font setup that breaks expandibility. Therefore \AlphAlph and \alphalph are based on \alphalph@Alph and \alphalph@alph to get the letters. The behaviour of these symbol providers for numbers outside the range 1..26 is undefined.

1.7 Design principles

1.7.1 Number presentation commands

All number presentation commands that this package defines (including \alphalph and \AlphAlph) have the following properties:

- They are fully expandable. This means that they can safely
 - be written to a file,
 - used in moving arguments (LATEX: they are robust),
 - used in a \csname-\endcsname pair.
- If the argument is zero or negative, the commands expand to nothing like \romannumeral.
- The argument is a TeX number. Anything that would be accepted by \number is a valid argument:
 - explicite constants,
 - macros that expand to a number,
 - count registers, IATEX counter can used via \value, e.g.:
 \alphalph{\value{page}}

– ...

ε-TEX's numeric expressions are supported, if ε-TEX is available. Then \numexpr is applied to the argument. Package \calc's expressions are not supported. That would violate the expandibility.

1.7.2 General usability

TEX format: The package does not depend on LATEX, it can also be used by plain TEX, for example.

 ε -TEX: ε -TEXis supported, the macros are shorter and faster. But ε -TEX's extensions are not requirements. Without ε -TEX, just the implementation changes. The properties remain unchanged.

2 Implementation

2.1 Begin of package

```
1 (*package)
```

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with LATEX.

- $_3$ \catcode13=5 \% ^^M
- 4 \endlinechar=13 %
- 5 \catcode35=6 % #
- 6 \catcode39=12 % '
- 7 \catcode44=12 %,
- 8 \catcode45=12 % -9 \catcode46=12 % .
- 10 \catcode58=12 %:
- 10 \catcode56=12 \% .
 11 \catcode64=11 \% @
- 12 \catcode123=1 % {
- 13 \catcode125=2 % }
- 15 \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
- 16 \else
- 17 \def\empty{}%

```
\ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
18
       % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
19
20
     \else
       \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
21
22
        \def\x#1#2{\%}
23
         \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
24
        }%
       \else
25
        26
       \fi
27
       \x{alphalph}{The package is already loaded}%
28
       \aftergroup\endinput
29
30
     \fi
    \fi
32 \endgroup%
Package identification:
33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
34
    \color=5 \% ^M
35
    \endlinechar=13 %
36
    \catcode35=6 % #
37
    \catcode39=12 % '
    \catcode40=12 % (
38
    \cdot{catcode41=12 \%}
39
40 \catcode44=12 %,
41 \catcode45=12 % -
42 \catcode46=12 % .
43 \catcode47=12 % /
44 \catcode58=12 %:
45 \catcode64=11 % @
46 \catcode91=12 % [
47 \catcode93=12 % ]
48 \catcode123=1 % {
49 \catcode125=2 % }
    \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
50
     \def \x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup}
51
       \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
52
       \xdef#1{#4}%
53
     }%
54
55
    \else
     \def\x#1#2[#3]{\endgroup}
56
57
       #2[{#3}]%
58
       \ifx#1\@undefined
        \xdef#1{#3}%
59
       ۱fi
60
       \ifx#1\relax
61
        \xdef#1{#3}%
62
       \fi
63
     }%
64
65 \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@alphalph.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{alphalph}%
   [2016/05/16 v2.5 Convert numbers to letters (HO)]%
2.2
     Catcodes
69 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
    \catcode13=5 % ^^M
71 \endlinechar=13 %
72 \catcode123=1 % {
73 \catcode125=2 % }
74 \catcode64=11 % @
75 \def\x{\endgroup
     \expandafter\edef\csname AlPh@AtEnd\endcsname{%
```

```
\endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax
    77
    78
                                  \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax
                                  \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
    79
                                  \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
    80
                                  \colored{catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax}
    82
                                 \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
    83
                                 \color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=
                                 \verb|\catcode| 125 = \verb|\the| catcode| 125 \verb|\relax|
    84
                          7%
    85
    86 }%
    87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
   88 \catcode13=5 % ^^M
    89 \endlinechar=13 %
   90 \catcode35=6 % #
   91 \catcode64=11 % @
    92 \catcode123=1 % {
    93 \catcode125=2 % }
    94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
    95 \edef\AlPh@AtEnd{%
    96
                          \AlPh@AtEnd
                          \color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\the\color=\t
   97
  98
                   ጉ%
  99
                   \color= 1=\#2\relax
100 }
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}%!
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{39}{12}% '
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{40}{12}% (
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{41}{12}%)
105 \TMP@EnsureCode{43}{12}% +
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{44}{12}%,
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}%.
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}% /
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{59}{12}%;
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{60}{12}% <
111 \TMP@EnsureCode{62}{12}% >
112 \TMP@EnsureCode{91}{12}% [
113 \TMP@EnsureCode{93}{12}% ]
114 \TMP@EnsureCode{96}{12}%
115 \TMP@EnsureCode{124}{12}% |
116 \edg{AlPh@AtEnd}\\ \edg{AlPh@AtEnd}\\ \edg{armalendinput}
                           Package loading
117 \verb|\begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafte
118 \expandafter\ifx\csname RequirePackage\endcsname\relax
119 \input infwarerr.sty\relax
120 \input intcalc.sty\relax
121 \else
122 \RequirePackage{infwarerr}[2007/09/09]%
123 \RequirePackage{intcalc}[2007/09/09]%
124 \fi
2.4 \varepsilon-T<sub>E</sub>X detection
125 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
126 \expandafter\ifx\csname numexpr\endcsname\relax
127 \catcode124=9 % '!': ignore
128 \catcode43=14 % '+': comment
129 \else
130 \catcode124=14 % '!': comment
131 \catcode43=9 % '+': ignore
```

132 \fi

2.5 Help macros

```
\AlPh@Error
                                            133 \def\AlPh@Error#1{%
                                            134
                                                     \begingroup
                                                        \escapechar=92 % backslash
                                            135
                                                        \QPackageError{alphalph}{#1}\Qehc
                                            136
                                            137 \endgroup
                                            138 }
    \AlPh@IfDefinable
                                            139 \verb|\begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafte
                                            140 \expandafter\ifx\csname @ifdefinable\endcsname\relax
                                                     142
                                                            #2%
                                            143
                                                         \else
                                            144
                                                            \AlPh@Error{%
                                            145
                                            146
                                                              Command \string#1 already defined%
                                            147
                                                        \fi
                                            148
                                            149
                                                     }%
                                            150 \else
    \AlPh@IfDefinable
                                                     \let\AlPh@IfDefinable\@ifdefinable
                                            152 \fi
                                          The following commands moves the 'then' and 'else' part respectively behind the
\@ReturnAfterElseFi
                                           \if-construct. This prevents a too deep \if-nesting and so a T<sub>F</sub>X capacity error
       \@ReturnAfterFi
                                            because of a limited input stack size. I use this trick in several packages, so I
                                            don't prefix these internal commands in order not to have the same macros with
                                            different names. (It saves memory.)
                                            153 \long\def\@ReturnAfterElseFi#1\else#2\fi{\fi#1}
                                            154 \long\def\@ReturnAfterFi#1\fi{fi#1}
                                          LATEX defines commands for eating arguments. Define \@gobblefour if it is not
               \@gobblefour
                                            defined (plain T<sub>F</sub>X).
                                            155 \expandafter\ifx\csname @gobblefour\endcsname\relax
                                            156 \log \left( \frac{9}{9} \right)
                                            157 \fi
         AlPh@IfOptArg
                                            158 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
                                            159 \expandafter\ifx\csname kernel@ifnextchar\endcsname\relax
                                            160
                                                      \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
                                                      \expandafter\ifx\csname @ifnextchar\endcsname\relax
                                            161
                                                         \def\AlPh@IfOptArg#1#2{%
                                            162
                                                            \def\AlPh@TempA{#1}%
                                            163
                                            164
                                                            \def\AlPh@TempB{#2}%
                                                            \futurelet\AlPh@Token\AlPh@IfOptArgNext
                                            165
                                            166
                                            167
                                                         \let\AlPh@BracketLeft=[%]
                                            168
                                                         \def\AlPh@IfOptArgNext{%
                                            169
                                                            \ifx\AlPh@Token\AlPh@BracketLeft
                                            170
                                                               \expandafter\AlPh@TempA
                                            171
                                            172
                                                               \expandafter\AlPh@TempB
                                                            \fi
                                            173
                                            174
                                                        }%
```

```
\else
175
176
      \def\AlPh@IfOptArg{\@ifnextchar[}%]
177
178 \else
    \def\AlPh@IfOptArg{\kernel@ifnextchar[}%]
179
180 \fi
```

Symbol provider 2.6

2.6.1Alphabet

The output of \alphalph and \AlphAlph should be usable as part of command names (see \@namedef, \csname, ...). Unhappily some languages of package babel redefine LATEX's \@alph and \@Alph in a manner that they cannot be used in expandable context any more. Therefore package alphalph provides its own commands.

\alphalph@Alph \alphalph@alph

The two commands \AlPh@Alph and \AlPh@alph convert a number into a letter (uppercase and lowercase respectivly). The character **Q** is used as an error symbol, if the number isn't in the range of 1 until 26. Here we need no space after the number #1, because the error symbol @ for the zero case stops scanning the number. This error symbol should not appear anywhere (except for bugs).

```
181 \def\alphalph@Alph#1{%
182
    \ifcase#1%
183
    \or A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\or G\or H\or I\or J\or K\or L\or M%
184
    \AlPh@ctrerr
187
188
     @%
    \fi
189
190 }
191 \def\alphalph@alph#1{%
    \ifcase#1%
192
193
194
    \or a\or b\or c\or d\or e\or f\or g\or h\or i\or j\or k\or l\or m%
195
    \or n\or o\or p\or q\or r\or s\or t\or u\or v\or w\or x\or y\or z%
196
197
     \AlPh@ctrerr
198
     @%
   \fi
199
200 }
```

\AlPh@ctrerr Macro \AlPh@ctrerr is used as hook for the algorithm to get the available number of symbols.

201 \def\AlPh@ctrerr{}

Finding number of symbols

```
\AlPh@GetNumberOfSymbols
                           #1: symbols provider
                           202 \def\AlPh@GetNumberOfSymbols#1{%
                           203 \AlPh@TestNumber1!{#1}%
                               \ifAlPh@Unavailable
                           204
                                 \def\AlPh@Nimber{0}%
                           205
                                 \AlPh@Error{No symbols found}%
                           206
                           207
                                 \def\AlPh@Number{1}%
                           208
                                 \AlPh@ExpSearch2!{#1}%
                           209
                           210 \fi
```

211 }

\ifAlPh@Unavailable

```
212 \let\ifAlPh@Unavailable\iffalse
                   213 \def\AlPh@Unavailabletrue{%}
                   214 \global\let\ifAlPh@Unavailable\iftrue
                   216 \def\AlPh@Unavailablefalse{\%}
                   217 \global\el\ \global\let\ifAlPh@Unavailable\iffalse
                   218 }
\AlPh@TestNumber #1: number to be tested
                   #2: symbols provider
                   219 \def\AlPh@TestNumber#1!#2{%
                   220 \AlPh@Unavailablefalse
                   221 \begingroup
                         \scalebox0=\hbox{%}
                   222
                           \begingroup % color
                   223
                            \let\@ctrerr\AlPh@Unavailabletrue
                   224
                            \let\AlPh@ctrerr\AlPh@Unavailabletrue
                   225
                            #2{#1}%
                   226
                           \endgroup
                   227
                         }%
                   228
                   229
                         \ifdim\wd0=0pt %
                   230
                           \AlPh@Unavailabletrue
                   231
                         \fi
                   232
                        \endgroup
                   233 }
 \AlPh@ExpSearch #1: number to be tested
                   #2: symbols provider
                   234 \def\AlPh@ExpSearch#1!#2{%
                        \let\AlPh@Next\relax
                   236
                        \AlPh@TestNumber#1!{#2}%
                   237
                        \ifAlPh@Unavailable
                         \verb|\expandafter\AlPh@BinSearch\AlPh@Number!#1!{#2}|% \\
                   238
                   239
                        \else
                         \def\AlPh@Number{#1}%
                   240
                         \ifnum#1>1073741823 %
                   241
                           \AlPh@TestNumber2147483647!{#2}%
                   242
                           \ifAlPh@Unavailable
                   243
                            \AlPh@BinSearch#1!2147483647!{#2}%
                   244
                           \else
                   245
                            \def\AlPh@Number{0}%
                   246
                   247
                            \AlPh@Error{%
                   248
                             Maximal symbol number not found%
                   249
                            }%
                   250
                           \fi
                   251
                         \else
                           \def\AlPh@Next{%
                   252
                            \expandafter\AlPh@ExpSearch\number\intcalcShl{#1}!{#2}%
                   253
                           }%
                   254
                   255
                         \fi
                        \fi
                   256
                        \AlPh@Next
                   257
                   258 }
  \AlPh@BinSearch #1: available number
                   #2: unavailable number, #2 > #1
                   #3: symbols provider
                   259 \def\AlPh@BinSearch#1!#2!#3{%
                   260 \quad \verb|\expandafter\AlPh@ProcessBinSearch|
                   262 #1!#2!{#3}%
```

```
263 }
\AlPh@ProcessBinSearch #1: number to be tested, \#2 \le \#1 \le \#3
                         #2: available number
                         #3: unavailable number
                         #4: symbols provider
                        264 \def\AlPh@ProcessBinSearch#1!#2!#3!#4{%
                             \let\AlPh@Next\relax
                             \ifnum#1>#2 %
                        266
                               \ifnum#1<#3 %
                        267
                                \AlPh@TestNumber#1!{#4}%
                        268
                        269
                                \ifAlPh@Unavailable
                        270
                                 \def\AlPh@Next{%
                                   \verb|\AlPh@BinSearch#2!#1!{#4}||
                        271
                                 }%
                        272
                        273
                                \else
                                 \def\AlPh@Next{%
                        274
                                  \AlPh@BinSearch#1!#3!{#4}%
                        275
                        276
                                 }%
                        277
                        278
                               \else
                        279
                                \def\AlPh@Number{#2}%
                        280
                              \fi
```

2.8 Methods

\AlPh@Next

281

282

284 285 }

\else

283 \fi

The names of method macros start with \AlPh@Method. These macros do the main job in converting a number to its representation. A method command is called with three arguments. The first argument is the number of symbols. The second argument is the basic macro for converting a number with limited number range. The last parameter is the number that needs converting.

2.8.1 Common methods

\def\AlPh@Number{#2}%

```
\AlPh@CheckPositive #1: number to be checked #2: continuation macro
                   #3: number of symbols (hidden here)
                   #4: symbol provider (hidden here)
                   286 \def\AlPh@CheckPositive#1!#2{%
                       \ifnum#1<1 %
                        \expandafter\@gobblefour
                   288
                   289
                       \fi
                   290
                       #2{#1}%
                   291 }
                   2.8.2 Method 'alph'
\AlPh@Method@alph #1: number of symbols
                   #2: symbols provider
                   #3: number to be converted
                   292 \def\AlPh@Method@alph#1#2#3{%
                   293 \expandafter\AlPh@CheckPositive
                   294 | \number#3!%
                   \AlPh@ProcessAlph
                   296
                         {#1}{#2}%
                   297
                   298 }
```

```
\AlPh@ProcessAlph #1: current number
                   #2: number of symbols
                   #3: symbols provider
                   299 \def\AlPh@ProcessAlph#1#2#3{%
                   300 \ifnum#1>#2 %
                         \@ReturnAfterElseFi{%
                   301
                          \expandafter\AlPh@StepAlph\number
                   302
                   303
                           \intcalcInc{%
                             \intcalcMod{\intcalcDec{#1}}{#2}%
                   304
                   305
                          \expandafter!\number
                   306
                   307
                           308
                          !{#2}{#3}%
                   309
                         }%
                   310
                       \else
                         \@ReturnAfterFi{%
                   311
                          #3{#1}%
                   312
                        }%
                   313
                   314 \fi
                   315 }
    \AlPh@StepAlph #1: current last digit
                   #2: new current number
                   #3: number of symbols
                   #4: symbols provider
                   316 \def\AlPh@StepAlph#1!#2!#3#4{\%}
                   317 \AlPh@ProcessAlph{#2}{#3}{#4}%
                   318 #4{#1}%
                   319 }
                   2.8.3 Method 'wrap'
                   #1: number of symbols
\AlPh@Method@wrap
                   #2: symbols provider
                   #3: number to be converted
                   320 \def\AlPh@Method@wrap#1#2#3{%}
                   321 \expandafter\AlPh@CheckPositive
                   322 | \number#3!%
                   323 + \the\numexpr#3!%
                   324
                         \AlPh@ProcessWrap
                   325
                         {#1}{#2}%
                   326 }
 \AlPh@ProcessWrap #1: number to be converted
                   #2: number of symbols
                   #3: symbols provider
                   327 \def\AlPh@ProcessWrap#1#2#3{\%}
                   328
                       \ifnum#1>#2 %
                         \verb|\QReturnAfterElseFi|{\%}
                   329
                          \expandafter\AlPh@StepWrap\number
                   330
                           331
                          !{#3}%
                   332
                         }%
                   333
                   334
                        \else
                         \@ReturnAfterFi{%
                   335
                   336
                          #3{#1}%
                         }%
                   337
                   338 \fi
                   339 }
```

```
\AlPh@StepWrap #1: final number
                #2: symbols provider
                340 \def\AlPh@StepWrap#1!#2{\%
                341 #2{#1}%
                342 }
```

2.8.4 Method 'mult'

After the number of symbols is exhausted, repetitions of the symbol are used.

```
x := \text{number to be converted}
                                              n := number of symbols
                                               r := \text{repetition length}
                                                  s := \text{symbol slot}
                                               r = ((x-1) \div n) + 1
                                             s = ((x-1) \mod n) + 1
\AlPh@Method@mult #1: number of symbols
                    #2: symbols provider
                    #3: number to be converted
                    343 \def\AlPh@Method@mult#1#2#3{%
                    344 \expandafter\AlPh@CheckPositive
                    345 | \number#3!%
                    \AlPh@ProcessMult
                    347
                          {#1}{#2}%
                    348
                    349 }
 \AlPh@ProcessMult #1: number to be converted
                    #2: number of symbols
                    #3: symbols provider
                    350 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Mult#1#2#3}}\%
                        \ifnum#1>#2 %
                    351
                          \@ReturnAfterElseFi{%
                    352
                           \verb|\expandafter\AlPh@StepMult\romannumeral| \\
                    353
                            354
                            000%
                    355
                           \expandafter!\number
                    356
                            \intcalcInc{\intcalcMod{\intcalcDec{#1}}{#2}}%
                    357
                    358
                           !{#3}%
                         }%
                    359
                        \else
                    360
                    361
                          \@ReturnAfterFi{%
                    362
                           #3{#1}%
                    363
                         }%
                    364 \fi
                    365 }
   \AlPh@StepMult #1#2: repetitions coded as list of character 'm'
                    #3: symbol slot
                    #4: symbols provider
                    366 \def\AlPh@StepMult#1#2!#3!#4{%
                    367
                       \ifx\\#2\\%
                    368
                        \else
                    369
                         \@ReturnAfterFi{%
                    370
                           \AlPh@StepMult#2!#3!{#4}%
                         }%
                    371
                    372 \fi
                    373 #4{#3}%
```

374 }

2.9 User interface

```
Macro \newalphalph had three arguments in versions below 2.0. For the new
       \newalphalph
                     method argument we use an optional argument an first position.
                     [#2]: method name: alph (default), wrap, mult
                     hash-ok #3: symbols provider
                     #4: number of symbols
                     375 \AlPh@IfDefinable\newalphalph{%
                         \def\newalphalph#1{%
                     377
                           \AlPh@IfOptArg{%
                            \AlPh@newalphalph{\#1}\%
                     378
                           14%
                     379
                            \AlPh@newalphalph{#1}[alph]%
                     380
                           ጉ%
                     381
                     382 }%
                     383 }
                    #1: cmd #2: method name
 \AlPh@newalphalph
                     #3: symbols provider
                     #4: number of symbols
                     384 \def\AlPh@newalphalph#1[#2]#3#4{%
                         \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
                     385
                         \verb|\expandafter| if x \csname AlPh@Method@#2\endcsname| relax| \\
                     386
                           \AlPh@Error{%
                     387
                            Unknown method %
                     388
                              #2'%
                     389 L
                     390 +
                              `\detokenize{#2}'%
                     391
                           }%
                     392
                         \else
                     393
                           \ifx\\#4\\%
                            \AlPh@GetNumberOfSymbols{#3}%
                     394
                     395
                            \ifcase\AlPh@Number
                     396
                            \else
                              \begingroup
                     397
                               \escapechar=92 % backslash
                     398
                               \@PackageInfo{alphalph}{%
                     399
                                Number of symbols for \string#1 is \AlPh@Number
                     400
                     401
                               }%
                              \endgroup
                     402
                              \expandafter\AlPh@NewAlphAlph
                     403
                              \csname AlPh@Method@#2\expandafter\endcsname
                     404
                     405
                              \AlPh@Number!{#1}{#3}%
                     406
                            \fi
                     407
                           \else
                            \expandafter\AlPh@NewAlphAlph
                     408
                            \csname AlPh@Method@#2\expandafter\endcsname
                     409
                             \number#4!%
                     410 l
                     411 +
                             \the\numexpr#4!%
                            {#1}{#3}%
                     412
                     413
                     414
                         \fi
                     415 }%
\AlPh@NewAlphAlph #1: method macro
                     #2: number of symbols
                     #3: cmd
                     #4: symbols provider
                     416 \def\AlPh@NewAlphAlph#1#2!#3#4{%
                         \AlPh@IfDefinable#3{%
                     417
                           \ifnum#2>0 %
                     418
                            \def#3{#1{#2}{#4}}%
                     419
```

```
420
                                                                                                                                                 \else
                                                                                                                                                           \AlPh@Error{%
                                                                                               421
                                                                                                                                                                                  Definition of \string#3 failed,\MessageBreak
                                                                                               422
                                                                                               423
                                                                                                                                                                                  because number of symbols (#2) is not positive%
                                                                                               424
                                                                                               425
                                                                                                                                               \fi
                                                                                               426
                                                                                                                                }%
                                                                                               427 }
\AlphAlph
                                                                                               428 \newalphalph\AlphAlph\alphalph@Alph{26}
        \alphalph
                                                                                               429 \newalphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\alphalph\al
                                                                                               430 \AlPh@AtEnd%
                                                                                               431 \langle /package \rangle
```

3 Test

3.1 Catcode checks for loading

```
432 (*test1)
433 \catcode`\{=1 %
434 \catcode`\}=2 %
435 \catcode`\#=6 %
436 \catcode`\@=11 %
437 \expandafter\ifx\csname count@\endcsname\relax
438 \countdef\count@=255 %
440 \expandafter\ifx\csname @gobble\endcsname\relax
441 \long\def\@gobble#1{}\%
442 \fi
443 \exp{\text{andafter}} \ CSname Offrstofone\endcsname\relax
444 \long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}%
445 \fi
446 \expandafter\ifx\csname loop\endcsname\relax
447 \expandafter\@firstofone
448 \else
    \expandafter\@gobble
449
450 \fi
451 {%
    452
      \def\body{#1}%
453
      \iterate
454
455 }%
    \def\iterate{%
456
      \body
457
       \let\next\iterate
458
459
460
       \let\next\relax
461
      \fi
462
      \next
463 }%
464 \let\repeat=\fi
465 }%
466 \def\RestoreCatcodes{}
467 \count@=0 %
468 \loop
469 \edef\RestoreCatcodes{%
      \RestoreCatcodes
```

```
471
     \catcode\the\count@=\the\catcode\count@\relax
472
    }%
473 \ifnum\count@<255 %
    \advance\count@ 1 %
475 \repeat
476
477 \def\RangeCatcodeInvalid#1#2{%
478
    \count@=#1\relax
479
    \loop
     \catcode\count@=15 %
480
    \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
481
     \advance\count@ 1 %
482
    \repeat
483
484 }
485 \def\RangeCatcodeCheck#1#2#3{%
    \count@=#1\relax
486
487
    \loop
     \ifnum#3=\catcode\count@
488
     \else
489
490
       \errmessage{%
        Character \the\count@\space
491
        with wrong catcode \the\catcode\count@\space
492
        instead of \number#3%
493
494
       }%
495
496
    \index(0) = \frac{2\pi}{2}
497
     \advance\count@ 1 %
498
    \repeat
499 }
500 \def\space{ }
501 \expandafter\ifx\csname LoadCommand\endcsname\relax
502
    \def\LoadCommand{\input alphalph.sty\relax}%
503 \fi
504 \def\Test{%
    \RangeCatcodeInvalid{0}{47}%
505
506 \RangeCatcodeInvalid{58}{64}%
507 \RangeCatcodeInvalid{91}{96}%
508 \RangeCatcodeInvalid{123}{255}%
509 \catcode`\@=12 %
510 \catcode`\\=0 %
511 \catcode`\%=14 %
512 \LoadCommand
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{0}{36}{15}%
513
514
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{37}{37}{14}%
515
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{38}{47}{15}%
516
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{48}{57}{12}%
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{58}{63}{15}%
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{64}{64}{12}%
518
519
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{65}{90}{11}%
520
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{91}{91}{15}%
    521
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{93}{96}{15}%
522
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{97}{122}{11}%
523
    \RangeCatcodeCheck{123}{255}{15}\%
524
525
    \RestoreCatcodes
526 }
527 \Test
528 \csname @@end\endcsname
529 \end
530 (/test1)
```

4 Macro tests

```
531 (*test2)
533 \setminus nofiles
534 \documentclass{article}
535 (*noetex)
536 \makeatletter
537 \let\saved@numexpr\numexpr
538 \newcommand*{\DisableNumexpr}{%
    \let\numexpr\@undefined
540 }
541 \newcommand*{\RestoreNumexpr}{%
    \let\numexpr\saved@numexpr
543 }
544 \DisableNumexpr
545 (/noetex)
546 \usepackage{alphalph}[2016/05/16]
547 (noetex) \RestoreNumexpr
548 \usepackage{qstest}
549 \IncludeTests{*}
550 \LogTests{log}{*}{*}
551
552 \newcommand*{\TestCmd}[3]{%
    \setbox0=\hbox{%
553
              \DisableNumexpr
554 (noetex)
      \left\{ 41\left\{ 42\right\} \right\}
555
      \expandafter\Expect\expandafter{\TestString}{#3}%
556
      \left( \frac{\#1}{\#2} \right)
557
      \expandafter\Expect\expandafter{\TestString}{#3}%
558
559
     \text{Expect}*{\text{wd0}}{0.0pt}%
560
561 }
562
564 \new<br/>alphalph
LaTeXAlphAlph
@Alph{26}
565 \new<br/>alphalph
LaTeXalphalph
Qalph{26}
566 \newalphalph\AlphWrap[wrap]\alphalph@Alph{26}
567 \newalphalph\alphwrap[wrap]\alphalph@alph{26}
568 \newalphalph\LaTeXAlphWrap[wrap]\@Alph{26}
569 \newalphalph\LaTeXalphwrap[wrap]\@alph{26}
570 \def\LastSymbol#1{%
571
    \ifx\\#1\\%
572
    \else
      \@LastSymbol#1\@nil
573
574
     \fi
575 }
576 \ensuremath{\mbol\#1\#2\ensuremath{\mbol\#1\#2\ensuremath}}
    \ifx\\#2\\%
577
      #1%
578
579
     \else
      \@LastSymbol#2\@nil
580
    \fi
581
582 }
583 \makeatother
584 \newcommand*{\TestAlph}[2]{%
   \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\AlphAlph{#2}}{#1}%
585
     \label{lowercase} $$\operatorname{\TestCallCmd\alphalph}{\#2}}{\#1}\%
586
     \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXAlphAlph{#2}}{#1}%
587
     \label{lowercase} $$\operatorname{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXalphalph{\#2}}{\#1}\%$
588
     \edef\WrapString{\LastSymbol{#2}}%
589
     \ensuremath{\verb| Lexpandafter{WrapString}{\#1}|} \\
590
591 }
```

```
592 \newcommand*{\TestAlphWrap}[2]{%
    \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\AlphWrap{#1}}{#2}%
     \lowercase{\TestCallCmd\alphwrap{#1}}{#2}%
594
     \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXAlphWrap{#1}}{#2}%
596
    \label{lowercase} $$\operatorname{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXalphwrap}$$\#1$}{\#2}%
597 }
598 \newcommand*{\TestCallCmd}[3]{%
599
    \TestCmd#1{#3}{#2}%
600 }
601 \begin{qstest}{AlphSymbols}{alphalph, AlphAlph, symbols}
    \TestAlph{1}{a}%
602
    \TestAlph{2}{b}%
603
604 \TestAlph{3}{c}%
605 \TestAlph{4}{d}%
606 \TestAlph{5}{e}%
607 TestAlph{6}{f}%
608 \TestAlph{7}{g}%
609 \TestAlph{8}{h}%
610 \TestAlph{9}{i}%
611 \TestAlph{10}{j}%
612 \TestAlph{11}{k}%
    \TestAlph{12}{l}%
613
    \TestAlph{13}{m}%
614
    \TestAlph{14}{n}%
615
    \TestAlph{15}{o}%
    TestAlph{16}{p}%
617
618
    TestAlph{17}{q}%
619
    TestAlph{18}{r}%
620
    TestAlph{19}{s}%
621
    TestAlph{20}{t}%
622 \TestAlph{21}{u}%
623 \TestAlph{22}{v}%
624 \TestAlph{23}{w}%
625 \TestAlph{24}{x}%
626 \TestAlph{25}{y}%
627 \TestAlph{26}{z}%
628 \end{qstest}
629 \begin{qstest}{AlphRange}{alphalph, range}
630 \TestAlph{0}{}%
631 \TestAlph{-1}{}%
632 TestAlph{-2147483647}{}
633 \TestAlph{27}{aa}%
    \TestAlph{28}{ab}%
634
635
    \TestAlph{52}{az}%
636
    \TestAlph{53}{ba}%
    \TestAlph{78}{bz}%
    \TestAlph{79}{ca}%
    \TestAlph{702}{zz}%
    \TestAlph{703}{aaa}%
641
    \TestAlph{2147483647}{fxshrxw}%
642 \end{qstest}
643
644 \makeatletter
645 \newcommand*{\myvocals}[1]{%
    \footnote{Moreover} 1X \cap A \cap E \cap I \cap O \cap U \in Y \cap A
647 }
648 \makeatother
649 \new alphalph\vocals vocals\mbox{myvocals}{5}
650 \newcommand*{\TestVocals}{%
651
    \TestCmd\vocalsvocals
652 }
653 \begin{qstest}{vocals}{vocals}
```

```
\TestVocals{0}{}%
654
          \TestVocals{1}{A}%
655
          \TestVocals{2}{E}%
656
          \TestVocals{3}{I}%
          \TestVocals{4}{O}%
659
          \TestVocals{5}{U}%
660
         \TestVocals{6}{AA}%
661
          \TestVocals{7}{AE}%
662
         \TestVocals{8}{AI}%
         \TestVocals{9}{AO}%
663
         \TestVocals{10}{AU}%
664
665 \TestVocals{11}{EA}%
666 \TestVocals{24}{OO}%
667 \TestVocals{25}{OU}%
668 \TestVocals{26}{UA}%
669 \TestVocals{29}{UO}%
670 \TestVocals{30}{UU}%
         \TestVocals{31}{AAA}%
671
         \TestVocals{155}{UUU}%
672
673
         \TestVocals{156}{AAAA}%
          \TestVocals{2147483647}{AIIOOEEIOIIUOE}%
674
675 \end{qstest}
676
677 \makeatletter
678 \newalphalph\AlphMult[mult]{\alphalph@Alph}{26}
      \newalphalph\alphmult[mult]{\alphalph@alph}{26}
680 \newalphalph\LaTeXAlphMult[mult]{\@Alph}{26}
681 \newalphalph\LaTeXalphmult[mult]{\@alph}{26}
682 \makeatother
683 \newcommand*{\TestMult}[2]{%
          \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\AlphMult{#2}}{#1}%
684
          \label{lowercase} $$\operatorname{\TestCallCmd\alphmult}$$\#2$}{\#1}\%
685
686
          \uppercase{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXAlphMult{#2}}{#1}%
          \label{lowercase} $$\operatorname{\TestCallCmd\LaTeXalphmult}$$\#1}\%$
687
688 }
689 \begin{qstest}{mult}{mult}
         TestMult{0}{}
691
         \text{TestMult}_{-1}{}
         \TestMult{-2147483647}{}%
692
693
         \text{TestMult}\{1\}\{a\}\%
         \TestMult{2}{b}%
694
         TestMult{26}{z}%
695
         \TestMult{27}{aa}%
696
697
          \TestMult{28}{bb}%
698
          \TestMult{52}{zz}%
          \TestMult{53}{aaa}%
          \TestMult{54}{bbb}%
701
          \TestMult{259}{yyyyyyyyy}}%
702
          \TestMult{260}{zzzzzzzzz}\%
703
          \TestMult{261}{aaaaaaaaaa}%
          \TestMult{262}{bbbbbbbbbb}%
704
705 \end{qstest}
706
       \def\myvocalsB#1{%
707
708
          709 }
710 \begin{qstest}{symbolnum}{symbolnum}
          \makeatletter
712
          \def\Test#1#2{%
             \left\langle \text{TestCmd}\right\rangle
713
             \label{lem:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma
714
             \Expect*{\AlPh@Number}{#2}%
715
```

```
}%
716
    Test\@alph{26}\%
717
    \Test\@Alph{26}%
718
    \Test\@fnsymbol{9}%
719
    \Test\myvocalsB{5}%
    \Test\alphalph@alph{26}%
721
722
    \Test\alphalph@Alph{26}%
723 \end{qstest}
724
725 \begin{qstest}{list}{list}
    \makeatletter
726
    \def\catch#1\relax{%
727
      \def\FoundList{\catch#1}%
728
729
    \def\Test[#1]#2#3#4{%
730
      \let\testcmd\relax
731
      732
733
      \text{testcmd}{#3}|\relax
      \ensuremath{\verb| expandafter{FoundList}{\#4|}}\%
734
735
      %
736
      \let\SavedCatch\catch
      \def\catch{\noexpand\catch\noexpand\foo}%
737
      \left(\frac{\#4}}{\%}\right)
738
      \@onelevel@sanitize\Result
739
      \let\catch\SavedCatch
740
      \let\testcmd\relax
741
      \new alphalph \testcmd [\{\#1\}] {\catch \foo} {\#2} \%
742
743
      \text{testcmd}{#3}|\relax
744
      \verb|\@one| @ sanitize \\| Found List \\|
745
      \Expect*{\FoundList}*{\Result}%
    7%
746
    747
    Test[alph]{26}{12}{\cdot {12}}
748
749
    Test[alph]{26}{27}{\operatorname{tch}{1}}\\
    Test[alph]{26}{78}{\cdot catch{2}\cdot catch{26}}%
750
    Test[wrap]{26}{7}{\cdot catch{7}}%
    Test[wrap]{26}{14}{\cdot (atch{14})}%
    Test[wrap]{26}{80}{\cdot catch{2}}%
754
    Test[wrap]{26}{700}{\cdot catch{24}}%
755
    Test[mult]{26}{4}{\operatorname{catch}{4}}%
    \texttt{Test[mult]} \ \{26\} \ \{17\} \ \{\texttt{17}\} \} \%
756
    757
758 \end{qstest}
760 \begin{document}
761 \end{document}
762 (/test2)
```

5 Installation

5.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/alphalph.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/alphalph.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

¹http://ctan.org/pkg/alphalph

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TEX Files" (CTAN:tds/tds.pdf). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

5.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

Script installation. Check the directory TDS:scripts/oberdiek/ for scripts that need further installation steps. Package attachfile2 comes with the Perl script pdfatfi.pl that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as pdfatfi. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

5.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain TeX:

```
tex alphalph.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

5.4 Refresh file name databases

If your TEX distribution (teTEX, mikTEX, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, teTEX users run texhash or mktexlsr.

5.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with IATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain TEX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{alphalph.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIATEX:

```
pdflatex alphalph.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist alphalph.idx
pdflatex alphalph.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist alphalph.idx
pdflatex alphalph.dtx
```

6 Catalogue

The following XML file can be used as source for the TEX Catalogue. The elements caption and description are imported from the original XML file from the Catalogue. The name of the XML file in the Catalogue is alphalph.xml.

```
763 (*catalogue)
764 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='us-ascii'?>
765 <!DOCTYPE entry SYSTEM 'catalogue.dtd'>
766 <entry datestamp='$Date$' modifier='$Author$' id='alphalph'>
767
     <name>alphalph</name>
     <caption>Convert numbers to letters.</caption>
769
     <authorref id='auth:oberdiek'/>
     <copyright owner='Heiko Oberdiek' year='1999,2006-2008,2010,2011'/>
770
771
     <license type='lppl1.3'/>
772
     <version number='2.5'/>
773
     <description>
      Provides commands <tt>\alphalph</tt> and <tt>\AlphAlph.</tt> They
774
      are like <tt>\number</tt> but the expansion consists of lowercase
775
776
      and uppercase letters respectively (1 to a, 26 to z, 27 to aa, 52
      to zz, 53 to ba, 702 to zz, 703 to aaa, etc.). Can be used as a
777
778
      replacement for LaTeX's <tt>\@alph</tt> and <tt>\@Alph</tt>
779
780
      781
      The package is part of the <xref refid='oberdiek'>oberdiek</xref>
782
      bundle.
783
    </description>
     <documentation details='Package documentation'</pre>
784
       href='ctan:/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/alphalph.pdf'/>
785
786 <ctan file='true' path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/alphalph.dtx'/>
787
    <miktex location='oberdiek'/>
     <texlive location='oberdiek'/>
    <install path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/oberdiek.tds.zip'/>
790 </entry>
791 (/catalogue)
```

7 History

[1999/03/19 v0.1]

• The first version was built as a response to a question² of Will Douglas³ and the request⁴ of Donald Arsenau⁵, published in the newsgroup comp.text.tex: "Re: alph counters > 26"⁶

```
^2\mathrm{Url:\ http://groups.google.com/group/comp.text.tex/msg/17a74cd721641038}
```

 $^{^3}$ Will Douglas's email address: william.douglas@wolfson.ox.ac.uk

 $^{^4\}mathrm{Url:\ http://groups.google.com/group/comp.text.tex/msg/8f9768825640315f}$

⁵Donald Arsenau's email address: asnd@reg.triumf.ca

 $^{^6\}mathrm{Url}$: http://groups.google.com/group/comp.text.tex/msg/cec563eef8bf65d0

• Copyright: LPPL (CTAN:macros/latex/base/lppl.txt)

[1999/04/12 v1.0]

- Documentation added in dtx format.
- ε -T_EX support added.

[1999/04/13 v1.1]

- Minor documentation change.
- First CTAN release.

[1999/06/26 v1.2]

- First generic code about \ProvidesPackage improved.
- Documentation: Installation part revised.

[2006/02/20 v1.3]

- Reload check (for plain TEX)
- New DTX framework.
- LPPL 1.3

[2006/05/30 v1.4]

• \newalphalph added.

[2007/04/11 v1.5]

• Line ends sanitized.

[2007/09/09 v2.0]

- New implementation that uses package \intcalc. This removes the dependency on ε -T_EX.
- \newalphalph is extended to support new methods 'wrap' and 'multi'.
- Documentation rewritten.

[2008/08/11 v2.1]

- Code is not changed.
- URLs updated from www.dejanews.com to groups.google.com.

[2010/03/01 v2.2]

• Compatibility with iniT_EX.

[2010/04/18 v2.3]

• Documentation fixes (Martin Münch).

[2011/05/13 v2.4]

- Documentation fixes (Jim Diamond) and using package hologo for the documentation.
- Catalogue file added.

$[2016/05/16\ v2.5]$

• Documentation updates.

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