The LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ Sources

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File a

ltdirchk.dtx

1 LaTeX System Dependent Initialisations

This file implements the semi-automatic determination of various system dependent parts of the initialisation. The actual definitions may be placed in a file `texsys.cfg`. Thus for operating systems for which the tests here do not result in acceptable settings, a 'hand written' `texsys.cfg` may be produced.

The macros that must be defined are:

`\@currdir` `\@currdir`⟨*filename*⟩⟨*space*⟩ should expand to a form of the filename that uniquely refers to the 'current directory' if this is possible. (The expansion should also end with a space.) on UNIX, this is `\def\@currdir{./}`. For more exotic operating systems you may want to make `\@currdir` a macro with arguments delimited by `.` and/or ⟨*space*⟩. If the operating system has no concept of directory structure, this macro should be defined to be empty.

`\input@path` If the primitive `\openin` searches the same directories as the primitive `\input`, then it is possible to tell (using `\ifeof`) whether a file exists before trying to input it. For systems like this, `\input@path` should be left undefined.

If `\openin` does not 'follow' `\input` then `\input@path` must be defined to be a list of directories to search for input files. The format for each directory is as for `\@currdir`, normally just a prefix is required, but it may be a macro with space-delimited argument. That is, if ⟨*dir*⟩ is an entry in the input path, TeX will try to load the expansion of ⟨*dir*⟩⟨*filename*⟩⟨*space*⟩

So either ⟨*dir*⟩ should be defined as a macro with argument delimited by space, or it should just expand to a directory name, including the final directory separator, so that it may be concatenated with the ⟨*filename*⟩. This means that for UNIX-like syntax, each ⟨*dir*⟩ should end with a slash, `/`.

`\input@path` should expand to a list of such directories, each in a `{}` group.

`\filename@parse` After a call of the form: `\filename@parse{`⟨*filename*⟩`}`, the three macros `\filename@area`,`\filename@base`,`\filename@ext` should be defined to be the 'area' (or directory), basename and extension respectively. If there was no extension specified in ⟨*filename*⟩, `\filename@ext` should be `\let` to `\relax` (so this case may be tested with `\@ifundefined{filename@ext}` and, perhaps a default extension substituted).

Normally one would not need to define this macro in `texsys.cfg` as the automatic tests can supply parsers that work with UNIX and VMS and Macintosh syntax, as well as a basic parser that will cover many other cases. However some operating systems may need a 'hand produced' parser in which case it should be defined in this file.

The UNIX parser also works for most MSDOS TeX versions. Currently if the UNIX, VMS or Macintosh parser is not used, `\filename@parse` is defined to always return an empty area, and to split the argument into basename and extension at the first '`.`' that occurs in the name. Parsers for other formats may be defined in `texsys.cfg`, in which case they will be used in preference to the default definitions.

`\@TeXversion` `\@TeXversion` is now set automatically by the initialisation tests in this file. You should not need to set it in `texsys.cfg`, however the following documentation

is left for information. LaTeX does not set this variable exactly, the automatic tests set it to:
2 for any version, v, $v < 3.0$
3 for any version, v, $3.0 \leq v \leq 3.14$
⟨*undefined*⟩ otherwise.
However these values are accurate enough for LaTeX to take appropriate action for these old TeXs.

If your TeX is older than version 3.141, then you should define `\@TeXversion` (using `\def`) to be the version number. If you do not do this[1] , LaTeX will not work around a bug in old TeX versions, and so error messages will appear in a very strange format, with `^^J` appearing instead of line breaks:

```
! LaTeX Error: \rubbish undefined.^^J^^JSee the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion
 for explanation.^^JType  H <return>  for immediate help.
 ...

l.3 \renewcommand{\rubbish}
                           {}
?
```

However if you put `\def\@TeXversion{3.14}` in `texsys.cfg` the following format will be used:

```
! LaTeX Error: \rubbish undefined.

See the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion for explanation.
Type  H <return>  for immediate help.
! .
 ...

l.3 \renewcommand{\rubbish}
                           {}
?
```

Note that this has an extra line `! .` which does not appear in error messages that use the default settings with a current version of TeX, but this should not cause any confusion we hope.

2 Initialisation

As this file is read at a very early stage, some definitions that are normally considered to be part of the format must be made here.

2.1 INITEX

```
1 ⟨*dircheck⟩
2 ⟨*initex⟩
3 ⟨initex⟩\ifnum\catcode`\{=1
4 ⟨initex⟩   \errmessage
5 ⟨initex⟩   {LaTeX must be made using an initex with no format preloaded}
```

[1] Actually if your TeX is really old, version 2, LaTeX can detect this, and sets `\@TeXversion` to 2 if it is not set in the `cfg` file.

```
⟨initex⟩\fi
\catcode`\{=1
\catcode`\}=2
```

If LuaTEX is in use the extensions and other new primitives have to be activated: this is done as early as possible. Older versions of LuaTEX do not hide the primitives: a version check is not needed as the version itself will be missing in the case where action is needed!

```
\ifx\directlua\undefined
\else
  \ifx\luatexversion\undefined
```

Enable e-TeX/pdfTeX/Umath primitives with their natural names

```
    \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",%
                tex.extraprimitives('etex', 'pdftex', 'umath'))}
```

In current formats enable primitives with unprefixed names. the latexrelease guards allow the primitives to be defined with a `\luatex` prefix if older formats are specified.

```
⟨/initex⟩
⟨/dircheck⟩
⟨*initex, latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\ifx\directlua\undefined\else
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}{\luatexluafunction}
⟨latexrelease⟩                              {LuaTeX (prefixed names)}%
    \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",%
                tex.extraprimitives("omega", "aleph", "luatex"))}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\luatexluafunction}
⟨latexrelease⟩                              {LuaTeX (prefixed names)}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\directlua{
⟨latexrelease⟩  tex.enableprimitives(
⟨latexrelease⟩    "luatex",
⟨latexrelease⟩    tex.extraprimitives("core","omega", "aleph", "luatex")
⟨latexrelease⟩  )
⟨latexrelease⟩  local i
⟨latexrelease⟩  local t = { }
⟨latexrelease⟩  for _,i in pairs(tex.extraprimitives("luatex")) do
⟨latexrelease⟩    if not string.match(i,"^U") then
⟨latexrelease⟩      if not string.match(i, "^luatex") then
⟨latexrelease⟩        table.insert(t,i)
⟨latexrelease⟩      end
⟨latexrelease⟩    else
⟨latexrelease⟩      if string.match(i,"^Uchar$") then
⟨latexrelease⟩        table.insert(t,i)
⟨latexrelease⟩      end
⟨latexrelease⟩    end
⟨latexrelease⟩  end
⟨latexrelease⟩  for _,i in pairs(t) do
⟨latexrelease⟩    tex.print(
⟨latexrelease⟩      "\noexpand\\let\noexpand\\" .. i
⟨latexrelease⟩        .. "\noexpand\\undefined"
⟨latexrelease⟩    )
⟨latexrelease⟩  end
⟨latexrelease⟩}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\fi
⟨/initex, latexrelease⟩
⟨*dircheck⟩
⟨*initex⟩
  \fi
\fi
```

A test can now be made for eTEX.

```
⟨initex⟩\ifx\eTeXversion\undefined
⟨initex⟩   \errmessage
⟨initex⟩     {LaTeX requires e-TeX}
⟨initex⟩   \expandafter\endinput
⟨initex⟩\fi
```

That distraction over, back to the basics of a format.

```
\catcode`\#=6
\catcode`\^=7
\chardef\active=13
\catcode`\@=11
\countdef\count@=255
\let\bgroup={ \let\egroup=}
\ifx\@@input\@undefined\let\@@input\input\fi
\ifx\@@end\@undefined\let\@@end\end\fi
\chardef\@inputcheck0
\chardef\sixt@@n=16
\newlinechar`\^^J
\def\typeout{\immediate\write17}
\def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do\{\do\}\do\$\do\&%
  \do\#\do\^\do\_\do\%\do\~}
\def\@makeother#1{\catcode`#1=12\relax}
\def\space{ }
\def\@tempswafalse{\let\if@tempswa\iffalse}
\def\@tempswatrue{\let\if@tempswa\iftrue}
\let\if@tempswa\iffalse
\def\loop#1\repeat{\def\iterate{#1\relax\expandafter\iterate\fi}%
  \iterate \let\iterate\relax}
\let\repeat\fi
⟨/initex⟩
```

2.2 Some bits of 2e

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1<10 0\fi\number#1}
\long\def\@firstoftwo#1#2{#1}
\long\def\@secondoftwo#1#2{#2}
```

This is a special version of `\ProvidesFile` for initex use.

```
\def\ProvidesFile#1{%
  \begingroup
    \catcode`\ 10 %
    \ifnum \endlinechar<256 %
      \ifnum \endlinechar>\m@ne
        \catcode\endlinechar 10 %
      \fi
    \fi
    \@makeother\/%
```

```
    \@ifnextchar[{\@providesfile{#1}}{\@providesfile{#1}[]}}
\def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
    \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
    \@addtofilelist{ #2}%
    \endgroup}
\long\def\@addtofilelist#1{}
\def\@empty{}
\catcode`\%=12
\def\@percentchar{%}
\catcode`\%=14
\let\@currdir\@undefined
\let\input@path\@undefined
\let\filename@parse\@undefined
```

\strip@prefix

```
\def\strip@prefix#1>{}
```
⟨/2ekernel⟩

3 texsys.cfg

As mentioned above, any site specific definitions required to describe the filename handling must be entered into a file `texsys.cfg`. If `texsys.cfg` can not be located by `\openin`, we write a default version out. The default version only contains comments, so we do not actually input the file in that case. The automatic tests later will, hopefully, correctly define the required macros.

The tricky code below checks to see if `texsys.cfg` exists. If it does not, all the text in this file between START and END is copied verbatim to a new file `texsys,cfg`. If `texsys.cfg` is found, then it is simply input. This is only done when this file is being used unstripped.

⟨*docstrip⟩
```
\openin15=texsys.cfg
\ifeof15
\typeout{** Writing a default texsys.cfg}
\immediate\openout15=texsys.cfg
\begingroup
\catcode`\^^M\active%
\let^^M\par%
\def\reserved@a#1^^M{%
 \def\reserved@b{#1}%
 \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c\endgroup\else%
     \immediate\write15{#1}%
     \expandafter\reserved@a\fi}%
\def\reserved@d#1START^^M{\let\do\@makeother\dospecials\reserved@a}%
\catcode`\%=12
\def\reserved@c{%END}
\reserved@d
```
START

3.1 texsys.cfg

This file contains the site specific definitions of the four macros `\@currdir`, `\input@path`, `\filename@parse` and `\@TeXversion`.

As distributed it only contains comments, however this 'empty' file will work on many systems because of the automatic tests built into `ltdirchk.dtx`. You *are* allowed to edit this file to add definitions of these macros appropriate to your system.

The macros that must be defined are:

`\@currdir` `\@currdir`⟨*filename*⟩⟨*space*⟩ should expand to a form of the filename that uniquely refers to the 'current directory' if this is possible. (The expansion should also end with a space.) on UNIX, this is `\def\@currdir{./}`. For more exotic operating systems you may want to make `\@currdir` a macro with arguments delimited by `.` and/or ⟨*space*⟩. If the operating system has no concept of directory structure, this macro should be defined to be empty.

`\input@path` If the primitive `\openin` searches the same directories as the primitive `\input`, then it is possible to tell (using `\ifeof`) whether a file exists before trying to input it. For systems like this, `\input@path` should be left undefined.

If `\openin` does not 'follow' `\input` then `\input@path` must be defined to be a list of directories to search for input files. The format for each directory is as for `\@currdir`, normally just a prefix is required, but it may be a macro with space-delimited argument. That is, if ⟨*dir*⟩ is an entry in the input path, TEXwill try to load the expansion of

⟨*dir*⟩⟨*filename*⟩⟨*space*⟩

So either ⟨*dir*⟩ should be defined as a macro with argument delimited by space, or it should just expand to a directory name, including the final directory separator, so that it may be concatenated with the ⟨*filename*⟩. This means that for UNIX-like syntax, each ⟨*dir*⟩ should end with a slash, `/`. One exception to this rule is that the input path should *always* contain the empty directory `{}` as this will allow 'full pathnames' to be used, and the 'current directory' to be searched.

`\input@path` should expand to a list of such directories, each in a `{}` group.

`\filename@parse` After a call of the form: `\filename@parse{`⟨*filename*⟩`}`, the three macros `\filename@area`,`\filename@base`,`\filename@ext` should be defined to be the 'area' (or directory), basename and extension respectively. If there was no extension specified in ⟨*filename*⟩, `\filename@ext` should be `\let` to `\relax` (so this case may be tested with `\@ifundefined{filename@ext}` and, perhaps a default extension substituted).

Normally one would not need to define this macro in `texsys.cfg` as the automatic tests can supply parsers that work with UNIX and VMS syntax, as well as a basic parser that willcover many other cases. However some operating systems may need a 'hand produced' parser in which case it should be defined in this file.

The UNIX parser also works for most MSDOS TEX versions. Currently if the UNIX or VMS parser is not used, `\filename@parse` is defined to always return an empty area, and to split the argument into basename and extension at the first '`.`' that occurs in the name. Parsers for other formats may be defined in `texsys.cfg`, in which case they will be used in preference to the default definitions.

`\@TeXversion` You should not need to set this macro in `texsys.cfg`. LATEX tests to set this automatically. See the comments in the opening section of `ltdirchk.dtx`.

The following sections give examples of definitions which might work on various systems. These are currently mainly untested as I only have access to a few systems, all of which do not need this file as the automatic tests work. All the code is commented out.

3.2 UNIX (web2c)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
%\def\@currdir{./}
%\let\input@path\@undefined
```

3.3 UNIX (other)

Apparently some commercial UNIX implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever directories are used at your site): note that the directory names should end with `/`.

```
% \def\@currdir{./}
% \def\input@path{%
%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/distrib/}%
%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/contrib/}%
%   {/usr/local/lib/tex/inputs/local/}%
% }
```

3.4 MSDOS (emtex)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
% \def\@currdir{./}
% \let\input@path\@undefined
```

3.5 MSDOS (other)

Some PC implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever directories are used at your site): note that the directory names should end with `/`. This assumes the implementation uses UNIX style `/` as the directory separator.

```
% \def\@currdir{./}
% \def\input@path{%
%   {c:/tex/inputs/distrib/}%
%   {c:/tex/inputs/contrib/}%
%   {c:/tex/inputs/local/}%
% }
```

3.6 VMS (DECUS TEX, PD VMS 3.6)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
% \def\@currdir{[]}
% \let\input@path\@undefined
```

3.7 VMS (???)

Some VMS implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following:

```
% \def\@currdir{[]}
% \def\input@path{%
%   {tex_inputs:}%
%   {SOMEDISK:[SOME.TEX.DIRECTORY]}%
% }
```

3.8 MACINTOSH (OzTeX 1.6)

This implementation does make `\openin` and `\input` look in the same places. Acceptable settings are made by `ltdirchk.dtx`, and so this file may be empty. The definitions below are therefore just for information.

```
% \def\@currdir{:}
% \let\input@path\@undefined
```

3.9 MACINTOSH (other)

Some Macintosh implementations have different paths for `\openin` and `\input`. For these one could use definitions like the following (with whatever folders are used on your machine): note that the directory names should end with `:`, and they should contain *no* spaces.

```
% \def\@currdir{:}
% \def\input@path{%
%   {Hard-Disk:Applications:TeX:TeX-inputs:}%
%   {Hard-Disk:Applications:TeX:My-inputs:}%
% }
```

3.10 FAKE EXAMPLE

This example is for an operating system that has filenames of the form `<area>name` For maximum compatibility with macro sets, you want `name.ext` to be mapped to `<ext>name`. and `<area>name.ext` to be mapped to `<area.ext>name`. `\input` does this mapping automatically, but `\openin` does not, and does not look in the same places as `\input`. `<>name` is the desired 'current directory' syntax.

the following code would possibly work:

```
% \def\@dir#1#2 {%
%   \@d@r{#1}#2..\@nil}
% \def\@d@r#1#2.#3.#4\@nil{%
%   <\ifx\@dir#1\@dir\else#1\ifx\@dir#3\@dir\else.\fi\fi#3>#2 }
%
% \def\@currdir{\@dir{}}
% \def\input@path{%
%   {\@dir{area.one}}%
%   {\@dir{area.two}}%
% }
```

END

```
\immediate\closeout15
```

If `texsys.cfg` did exist, then input it.

```
\else
\typeout{** Using the existing texsys.cfg}
\closein15
\input texsys.cfg
\fi
```
⟨/docstrip⟩

If the stripped version of this file is being used (in latex2e.ltx) then texsys.cfg should be there, so just input it.

⟨dircheck⟩`\input texsys.cfg`

4 Setting `\@currdir`

`\@currdir` `\IfFileExists` This is a local definition of `\IfFileExists`. It tries to relocate `texsxys.aux`. If it succeeds, then the `\@currdir` syntax has been determined. If all the tests fail then `\@currdir` will be set to `\@empty`, and `ltxcheck` will warn of this when it checks the format.

```
\begingroup
\count@\time
\divide\count@ 60
\count2=-\count@
\multiply\count2 60
\advance\count2 \time
```

`\today` The current date and time stamp.

```
\edef\today{%
  \the\year/\two@digits{\the\month}/\two@digits{\the\day}:%
    \two@digits{\the\count@}:\two@digits{\the\count2}}
```

Create a file `texsys.aux` (hopefully in the current directory), then try to locate it again.

```
\immediate\openout15=texsys.aux
\immediate\write15{\today^^J}
\immediate\closeout15 %
```

`#1` is the file to try, `#2` is what to do on success, `#3` on failure.

```
\def\IfFileExists#1#2#3{%
  \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
  \ifeof\@inputcheck
     #3\relax
  \else
    \read\@inputcheck to \reserved@a
    \ifx\reserved@a\today
      \typeout{#1 found}#2\relax
    \else
      \typeout{BAD: old file \reserved@a (should be \today)}%
      #3\relax
    \fi
  \fi
  \closein\@inputcheck}
\endlinechar=-1
```

If `\@currdir` has not been pre-defined in `texsys.cfg` then test for UNIX, VMS and Oz-TEX-Mac. syntax.

```
\ifx\@currdir\@undefined
  \IfFileExists{./texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{./}}%
    {\IfFileExists{[]texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{[]}}%
      {\IfFileExists{:texsys.aux}{\gdef\@currdir{:}}{}}}
```

If it is still undefined at this point, all the above tests failed. Earlier versions interactively prompted for a definition at this point, but it seems impossible to reliably obtain information from users at this point in the installation. This version of the file produces a format with no user-interaction. Later if the format is not suitable for the system, `texsys.cfg` may be edited and the format re-made.

```
  \ifx\@currdir\@undefined
    \global\let\@currdir\@empty
    \typeout{^^J^^J%
      !! No syntax for the current directory could be found^^J%
      }%
  \fi
```

Otherwise `\@currdir` was defined in `texsys.cfg`. In this case check that the syntax specified works on this system. (In case a complete LaTeX system has been copied from one system to another.) If the test fails, give up. The installer should remove or correct the offending `texsys.cfg` and try again.

```
\else
  \IfFileExists{\@currdir texsys.aux}{}{%
    \edef\reserved@a{\errhelp{%
      texsys.cfg specifies the current directory syntax to be^^J%
      \meaning\@currdir^^J%
      but this does not work on this system.^^J%
      Remove texsys.cfg and restart.}}\reserved@a
    \errmessage{Bad texsys.cfg file: \noexpand\@currdir}\@@end}
```

The version of `\@currdir` in `texsys.cfg` looks OK.

```
\fi

\immediate\closeout15 %
\endgroup

\typeout{^^J^^J%
         \noexpand\@currdir set to:
           \expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\@currdir.^^J%
         }
```

Stop here if the file is being used unstripped.

```
⟨*docstrip⟩
\relax\endinput
⟨/docstrip⟩
```

5 Setting `\input@path`

Earlier versions of this file attempted to automatically test whether `\input@path` was required, and interactively prompt for a path if necessary. This was not found to be very reliable The first-time installer of LaTeX 2_ε can not be expected to have enough information to supply the correct information to the prompts. Now

the interaction is omitted. After the format is made the installer can attempt to run the test document `ltxcheck.tex` through LaTeX 2_ε. This will check, amongst other things, whether `texsys.cfg` will need to be edited and the format remade.

`\input@path` Now set up the `\input@path`.

`\input@path` should either be undefined, or a list of directories as described in the introduction.

```
\typeout{^^J%
  Assuming \noexpand\openin and \noexpand\input^^J%
  \ifx\input@path\@undefined
```

`\input@path` has not been pre-defined.

```
    have the same search path.^^J%
  \else
```

`\input@path` has been defined in `texsys.cfg`.

```
    have different  search paths.^^J%
    LaTeX will use the path specified by \noexpand\input@path:^^J%
  \fi
  }
```

6 Filename Parsing

`\filename@parse` Split a filename into its components.

```
\ifx\filename@parse\@undefined
  \def\reserved@a{./}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a
```

`\filename@parse` was not specified in `texsys.cfg`, but `\@currdir` looks like UNIX...

```
  \typeout{^^JDefining UNIX/DOS style filename parser.^^J}
  \def\filename@parse#1{%
    \let\filename@area\@empty
    \expandafter\filename@path#1/\\}
```

Search for the last `/`.

```
  \def\filename@path#1/#2\\{%
    \ifx\\#2\\%
       \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
    \else
       \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1/}%
       \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
    \fi
    \reserved@a}
\else\def\reserved@a{[]}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a
```

`\filename@parse` was not specified in `texsys.cfg`, but `\@currdir` looks like VMS...

```
  \typeout{^^JDefining VMS style filename parser.^^J}
  \def\filename@parse#1{%
    \let\filename@area\@empty
    \expandafter\filename@path#1]\\}
```

Search for the last `]`.

```
    \def\filename@path#1]#2\\{%
      \ifx\\#2\\%
         \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
      \else
         \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1]}%
         \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
      \fi
      \reserved@a}
  \else\def\reserved@a{:}\ifx\@currdir\reserved@a
```

`\filename@parse` was not specified in `texsys.cfg`, but `\@currdir` looks like Macintosh...

```
    \typeout{^^JDefining Mac style filename parser.^^J}
    \def\filename@parse#1{%
      \let\filename@area\@empty
      \expandafter\filename@path#1:\\}
```

Search for the last `:`.

```
    \def\filename@path#1:#2\\{%
      \ifx\\#2\\%
         \def\reserved@a{\filename@simple#1.\\}%
      \else
         \edef\filename@area{\filename@area#1:}%
         \def\reserved@a{\filename@path#2\\}%
      \fi
      \reserved@a}
  \else
```

`\filename@parse` was not specified in `texsys.cfg`. So just make a simple parser that always sets `\filename@area` to empty.

```
    \typeout{^^JDefining generic filename parser.^^J}
    \def\filename@parse#1{%
      \let\filename@area\@empty
      \expandafter\filename@simple#1.\\}
  \fi\fi\fi
```

`\filename@simple` is used by all three versions. Finally we can split off the extension.

```
  \def\filename@simple#1.#2\\{%
    \ifx\\#2\\%
       \let\filename@ext\relax
    \else
       \edef\filename@ext{\filename@dot#2\\}%
    \fi
    \edef\filename@base{#1}}
```

Remove a final dot, added earlier.

```
  \def\filename@dot#1.\\{#1}
\else
```

Otherwise, `\filename@parse` was specified in `texsys.cfg`.

```
  \typeout{^^J^^J%
    \noexpand\filename@parse was defined in texsys.cfg:^^J%
```

```
    \expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\filename@parse.^^J%
    }
\fi
```

7 TEX Versions

\@TeXversion TEX versions older than than 3.141 require `\@TeXversion` to be set. This can be determined automatically due to a trick suggested by Bernd Raichle. (Actually this will not always get the correct version number, eg TEX3.14 would be detected as TEX3, but LATEX only needs to take account of TEX's older than 3, or between 3 and 3.14.

```
\ifx\@TeXversion\@undefined
  \ifx\@undefined\inputlineno
    \def\@TeXversion{2}
  \else
   {\catcode`\^^J=\active
     \def\reserved@a#1#2\@@{\if#1\string^3\fi}
     \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\reserved@a\string^^J\@@}
     \ifx\reserved@a\@empty\else\gdef\@TeXversion{3}\fi}
  \fi
\fi
```

⟨/dircheck⟩

8 ltxcheck.tex

After the format has been made, and article.cls moved with the other files to the 'standard input directory' as specified in `install.txt`, the format may be checked by running the file `ltxcheck.tex`.

File b
ltplain.dtx

9 Plain TEX

LATEX includes almost all of the functionality of Knuth's original 'Basic Macros' That is, the plain TEX format described in Appendix B of the TEXBook. However, some of the user commands are not much use so, in order to save memory, we may remove them from the kernel into a package. Here is a list of the commands that may be removed (PROBABLY NOT COMPLETE).

```
\magstep    \magstephalf
\mathhexbox
\vglue      \vgl@
\hglue      \hgl@
```

This file is by now very small as most of it has been moved to more appropriate kernel files: it may disappear completely one day.

LATEX font definitions are done using NFSS2 so none of PLAIN's font definitions are in LATEX.

LATEX has its own tabbing environment, so PLAIN's is disabled.

LATEX uses its own output routine, so most of the plain one was removed.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\catcode`\{=1 % left brace is begin-group character
\catcode`\}=2 % right brace is end-group character
\catcode`\$=3 % dollar sign is math shift
\catcode`\&=4 % ampersand is alignment tab
\catcode`\#=6 % hash mark is macro parameter character
\catcode`\^=7 % circumflex and uparrow are for superscripts
\catcode`\_=8 % underline and downarrow are for subscripts
\catcode`\^^I=10 % ascii tab is a blank space
\chardef\active=13 \catcode`\~=\active % tilde is active
\catcode`\^^L=\active \def^^L{\par}% ascii form-feed is \par
\message{catcodes,}
```

We had to define the `\catcodes` right away, before the message line, since `\message` uses the `{` and `}` characters. When INITEX (the TEX initializer) starts up, it has defined the following `\catcode` values:

`\catcode`\^^@=9 %` ascii null is ignored
`\catcode`\^^M=5 %` ascii return is end-line
`\catcode`\\=0 %` backslash is TeX escape character
`\catcode`\%=14 %` percent sign is comment character
`\catcode`\ =10 %` ascii space is blank space
`\catcode`\^^?=15 %` ascii delete is invalid
`\catcode`\A=11 ... \catcode`\Z=11 %` uppercase letters
`\catcode`\a=11 ... \catcode`\z=11 %` lowercase letters
all others are type 12 (other)

Here is a list of the characters that have been specially catcoded:

```
\def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do\{\do\}\do\$\do\&%
  \do\#\do\^\do\_\do\%\do\~}
```

(not counting ascii null, tab, linefeed, formfeed, return, delete) Each symbol in the list is preceded by , which can be defined if you want to do something to every item in the list.

We make `@` signs act like letters, temporarily, to avoid conflict between user names and internal control sequences of plain format.

```
\catcode`@=11
```

To make the plain macros more efficient in time and space, several constant values are declared here as control sequences. If they were changed, anything could happen; so they are private symbols.

Small constants are defined using `\chardef`.

```
\chardef\@ne=1
\chardef\tw@=2
\chardef\thr@@=3
\chardef\sixt@@n=16
\chardef\@cclv=255
```

Constants above 255 defined using `\mathchardef`.

```
\mathchardef\@cclvi=256
\mathchardef\@m=1000
\mathchardef\@M=10000
\mathchardef\@MM=20000
```

Allocation of registers

Here are macros for the automatic allocation of `\count`, `\box`, `\dimen`, `\skip`, `\muskip`, and `\toks` registers, as well as `\read` and `\write` stream numbers, `\fam` codes, `\language` codes, and `\insert` numbers.

```
\message{registers,}
```

When a register is used only temporarily, it need not be allocated; grouping can be used, making the value previously in the register return after the close of the group. The main use of these macros is for registers that are defined by one macro and used by others, possibly at different nesting levels. All such registers should be defined through these macros; otherwise conflicts may occur, especially when two or more macro packages are being used at the same time.

The following counters are reserved:

0 to 9	page numbering
10	count allocation
11	dimen allocation
12	skip allocation
13	muskip allocation
14	box allocation
15	toks allocation
16	read file allocation
17	write file allocation
18	math family allocation
19	language allocation
20	insert allocation
21	the most recently allocated number
22	constant -1

New counters are allocated starting with 23, 24, etc. Other registers are allocated starting with 10. This leaves 0 through 9 for the user to play with safely, except that counts 0 to 9 are considered to be the page and subpage numbers (since they are displayed during output). In this scheme, `\count` 10 always contains the number of the highest-numbered counter that has been allocated, `\count` 14 the highest-numbered box, etc. Inserts are given numbers 254, 253, etc., since they require a `\count`, `\dimen`, `\skip`, and `\box` all with the same number; `\count` 20 contains the lowest-numbered insert that has been allocated. Of course, `\box`255 is reserved for `\output`; `\count`255, `\dimen`255, and `\skip`255 can be used freely.

It is recommended that macro designers always use `\global` assignments with respect to registers numbered
1, 3, 5, 7, 9,
and always non-`\global` assignments with respect to registers
0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 255.
This will prevent "save stack buildup" that might otherwise occur.

```
\count10=22 % allocates \count registers 23, 24, ...
\count11=9 % allocates \dimen registers 10, 11, ...
\count12=9 % allocates \skip registers 10, 11, ...
\count13=9 % allocates \muskip registers 10, 11, ...
\count14=9 % allocates \box registers 10, 11, ...
\count15=9 % allocates \toks registers 10, 11, ...
\count16=-1 % allocates input streams 0, 1, ...
\count17=-1 % allocates output streams 0, 1, ...
\count18=3 % allocates math families 4, 5, ...
\count19=0 % allocates \language codes 1, 2, ...
\count20=255 % allocates insertions 254, 253, ...
```

`\insc@unt` `\allocationnumber` The insertion counter and most recent allocation.

```
\countdef\insc@unt=20
\countdef\allocationnumber=21
```

`\m@ne` The constant -1.

```
\countdef\m@ne=22 \m@ne=-1
```

`\wlog` Write on log file (only)

```
\def\wlog{\immediate\write\m@ne}
```

`\count@` `\dimen@` `\dimen@i` `\dimen@ii` `\skip@` `\toks@` Here are abbreviations for the names of scratch registers that don't need to be allocated.

```
\countdef\count@=255
\dimendef\dimen@=0
\dimendef\dimen@i=1 % global only
\dimendef\dimen@ii=2
\skipdef\skip@=0
\toksdef\toks@=0
```

`\newcount` `\newdimen` `\newskip` `\newmuskip` `\newbox` `\newread` `\newwrite` `\newlanguage` Now, we define `\newcount`, `\newbox`, etc. so that you can say `\newcount\foo` and `\foo` will be defined (with `\countdef`) to be the next counter.

To find out which counter `\foo` is, you can look at `\allocationnumber`.

Since there's no `\boxdef` command, `\chardef` is used to define a `\newbox`, `\newinsert`, `\newfam`, and so on.

LaTeX change: remove `\outer` from `\newcount` and `\newdimen` (FMi) This is necessary to use `\newcount` inside `\if...` later on. Also remove from `\newskip`, `\newbox` `\newwrite` and `\newfam` (DPC) to save later redefinition.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newcount}{Extended Allocation}%
\def\newcount {\e@alloc\count \countdef {\count10}\insc@unt\float@count}
\def\newdimen {\e@alloc\dimen \dimendef {\count11}\insc@unt\float@count}
\def\newskip  {\e@alloc\skip  \skipdef  {\count12}\insc@unt\float@count}
\def\newmuskip
           {\e@alloc\muskip\muskipdef{\count13}\m@ne\e@alloc@top}
```

For compatibility use `\chardef` in the classical range.

```
\def\newbox   {\e@alloc\box
                   {\ifnum\allocationnumber<\@cclvi
                      \expandafter\chardef
                     \else
                      \expandafter\e@alloc@chardef
                     \fi}
                                          {\count14}\insc@unt\float@count}
\def\newtoks  {\e@alloc\toks \toksdef{\count15}\m@ne\e@alloc@top}
\def\newread  {\e@alloc\read \chardef{\count16}\m@ne\sixt@@n}
```

Skip `\write18` due to its traditional use as a shell-escape.

```
\ifx\directlua\@undefined
  \def\newwrite   {\e@alloc\write \chardef{\count17}\m@ne\sixt@@n}
\else
  \def\newwrite   {\e@alloc\write
                   {\ifnum\allocationnumber=18
                     \advance\count17\@ne
                     \allocationnumber\count17 %
                    \fi
                    \global\chardef}%
                   {\count17}%
                   \m@ne
                   {128}}
\fi
\def\new@mathgroup
  {\e@alloc\mathgroup\chardef{\count18}\m@ne\e@mathgroup@top}
\let\newfam\new@mathgroup

\ifx\directlua\@undefined
  \def\newlanguage  {\e@alloc\language \chardef{\count19}\m@ne\@cclvi}
\else
  \def\newlanguage  {\e@alloc\language \chardef{\count19}\m@ne{16384}}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩

⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newcount}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newcount{\alloc@0\count\countdef\insc@unt}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newdimen{\alloc@1\dimen\dimendef\insc@unt}
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newskip{\alloc@2\skip\skipdef\insc@unt}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newmuskip{\alloc@3\muskip\muskipdef\@cclvi}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newbox{\alloc@4\box\chardef\insc@unt}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newtoks{\alloc@5\toks\toksdef\@cclvi}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newread{\alloc@6\read\chardef\sixt@@n}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newwrite{\alloc@7\write\chardef\sixt@@n}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\new@mathgroup{\alloc@8\fam\chardef\sixt@@n}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newlanguage{\alloc@9\language\chardef\@cclvi}
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newfam\new@mathgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\e@alloc@chardef` `\e@alloc@top` The upper limit of extended registers, which leaves this number (eg `\dimen32767`) always unallocated by these macros. cf traditional `\dimen255`.

```
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\e@alloc@chardef}{Extended Allocation}%
\ifx\directlua\@undefined
  \ifx\widowpenalties\@undefined
```

classic tex has 2^8 registers.

```
    \mathchardef\e@alloc@top=255
    \let\e@alloc@chardef\chardef
  \else
```

etex and xetex have 2^{15} registers.

```
    \mathchardef\e@alloc@top=32767
    \let\e@alloc@chardef\mathchardef
  \fi
\else
```

luatex has 2^{16} registers.

```
  \chardef\e@alloc@top=65535
  \let\e@alloc@chardef\chardef
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\e@alloc@chardef}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@top\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@chardef\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\e@mathgroup@top` The upper limit of extended math groups (`\fam`) 16 in classic TEX and e-TEX, but 256 in Unicode TeX variants.

```
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\e@mathgroup@top}{Extended Allocation}%
\ifx\Umathcode\@undefined
```

classic and e tex have 16 fam (0–15).

```
  \chardef\e@mathgroup@top=16
\else
```

xetex and luatex have 256 fam (0–255).

```
  \chardef\e@mathgroup@top=256
\fi
```

```
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\e@mathgroup@top}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@mathgroup@top\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\e@alloc` A modified version of `\alloc@` that takes the count register rather than just the final digit of its number (assuming `\count1`x). It also has an extra argument to give the top of the extended range.

```
              #1  #2      #3     #4    #5          #6
  \e@alloc type defcmd current top extended-top newname
```

Note that if just a single allocation range is required (not omitting a range up to 255 for inserts) then −1 should be used for the first upper bound argument, `#4`.

```
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\e@alloc}{Extended Allocation}%

\def\e@alloc#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \global\advance#3\@ne
  \e@ch@ck{#3}{#4}{#5}#1%
  \allocationnumber#3\relax
  \global#2#6\allocationnumber
  \wlog{\string#6=\string#1\the\allocationnumber}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\e@alloc}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\e@ch@ck` Extended check command. If the first range is exceeded, bump to 256 (or 266 for counts) and try again, testing the extended range.

`\extrafloats` Allocate matching registers from the top of the extended range and add to `\@freelist`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%

\gdef\e@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%
  \ifnum#1<#2\else
```

If we've reached the classical top limit, bump to 256 or 266 for counts (count 256–265 are reserved by the allocation system).

```
    \ifnum#1=#2\relax
      \global#1\@cclvi
      \ifx\count#4\global\advance#1 10 \fi
    \fi
```

Check we are below the extended limit.

```
    \ifnum#1<#3\relax
    \else
      \errmessage{No room for a new \string#4}%
    \fi
  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\e@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifnum#1<#2\else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifnum#1=#2\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩      #1\@cclvi
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifx\count#4\advance#1 10 \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifnum#1<#3\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \errmessage{No room for a new #4}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\e@ch@ck}{Extended Allocation (checking)}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@ch@ck\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\extrafloats}{Extra floats}%
\let\float@count\e@alloc@top
```

`\extrafloats`

```
\ifx\numexpr\@undefined
```

In classic TeX use `\newinsert` to allocate float boxes.

```
\def\extrafloats#1{%
\count@#1\relax
\ifnum\count@>\z@
\newinsert\reserved@a
\global\expandafter\chardef
            \csname bx@\the\allocationnumber\endcsname\allocationnumber
\@cons\@freelist{\csname bx@\the\allocationnumber\endcsname}%
\advance\count@\m@ne
\expandafter\extrafloats
\expandafter\count@
\fi
}%
\else
```

In e-tex take float boxes from the top of the extended range.

```
\def\extrafloats#1{%
\ifnum#1>\z@
\count@\numexpr\float@count-1\relax
  \ch@ck0\count@\count
  \ch@ck1\count@\dimen
```

```
  \ch@ck2\count@\skip
  \ch@ck4\count@\box
\global\e@alloc@chardef\float@count\count@
\global\expandafter\e@alloc@chardef
            \csname bx@\the\float@count\endcsname\float@count
\@cons\@freelist{\csname bx@\the\float@count\endcsname}%
\expandafter
\extrafloats\expandafter{\numexpr#1-1\relax}%
\fi}%
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\extrafloats}{Extra floats}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\float@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\extrafloats\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\alloc@

```
\def\alloc@#1#2#3#4#5{\global\advance\count1#1\@ne
  \ch@ck#1#4#2%
  \allocationnumber\count1#1%
  \global#3#5\allocationnumber
  \wlog{\string#5=\string#2\the\allocationnumber}}
```

\newinsert

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newinsert}{Extended \newinsert}%
\ifx\numexpr\@undefined
```

If e-TEX is not available use the original plain TEX definition of `\newinsert`.

```
\def\newinsert#1{\global\advance\insc@unt \m@ne
  \ch@ck0\insc@unt\count
  \ch@ck1\insc@unt\dimen
  \ch@ck2\insc@unt\skip
  \ch@ck4\insc@unt\box
  \allocationnumber\insc@unt
  \global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
  \wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}}
\else
```

The highest register allowed with `\insert`.

```
\ifx\directlua\@undefined
  \chardef\e@insert@top255
\else
  \chardef\e@insert@top\e@alloc@top
\fi
```

If the classic registers are exausted, take an insert from the free float list and use `\extrafloats` to add a new float to that list.

```
\def\newinsert#1{%
\@tempswafalse
\global\advance\insc@unt\m@ne
\ifnum\count10<\insc@unt
\ifnum\count11<\insc@unt
\ifnum\count12<\insc@unt
\ifnum\count14<\insc@unt
  \@tempswatrue
\fi\fi\fi\fi
\if@tempswa
\allocationnumber\insc@unt
\else
\global\advance\insc@unt\@ne
  \extrafloats\@ne
  \@next\@currbox\@freelist
    {\ifnum\@currbox<\e@insert@top
      \allocationnumber\@currbox
     \else
     \ch@ck0\m@ne\insert
     \fi}%
     {\ch@ck0\m@ne\insert}%
\fi
\global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
\wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}%
}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newinsert}{Extended \newinsert}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@insert@top\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\newinsert#1{\global\advance\insc@unt \m@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ch@ck0\insc@unt\count
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ch@ck1\insc@unt\dimen
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ch@ck2\insc@unt\skip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ch@ck4\insc@unt\box
⟨latexrelease⟩  \allocationnumber\insc@unt
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\chardef#1\allocationnumber
⟨latexrelease⟩  \wlog{\string#1=\string\insert\the\allocationnumber}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\ch@ck

```
\gdef\ch@ck#1#2#3{%
  \ifnum\count1#1<#2\else
    \errmessage{No room for a new #3}%
  \fi}
```

\newhelp

```
\def\newhelp#1#2{\newtoks#1#1\expandafter{\csname#2\endcsname}}
```

\maxdimen
\hideskip

Here are some examples of allocation.

```
\newdimen\maxdimen \maxdimen=16383.99999pt % the largest legal <dimen>
\newskip\hideskip \hideskip=-1000pt plus 1fill % negative but can grow

\p@
\z@
\z@skip
\voidb@x
\newdimen\p@ \p@=1pt % this saves macro space and time
\newdimen\z@ \z@=0pt % can be used both for 0pt and 0
\newskip\z@skip \z@skip=0pt plus0pt minus0pt
\newbox\voidb@x % permanently void box register
```

Assign initial values to TEX's parameters

```
\message{parameters,}
```

All of TEX's numeric parameters are listed here, but the code is commented out if no special value needs to be set. INITEX makes all parameters zero except where noted.

```
\pretolerance=100
\tolerance=200 % INITEX sets this to 10000
\hbadness=1000
\vbadness=1000
\linepenalty=10
\hyphenpenalty=50
\exhyphenpenalty=50
\binoppenalty=700
\relpenalty=500
\clubpenalty=150
\widowpenalty=150
\displaywidowpenalty=50
\brokenpenalty=100
\predisplaypenalty=10000
```

\postdisplaypenalty=0
\interlinepenalty=0
\floatingpenalty=0, set during \insert
\outputpenalty=0, set before TeX enters \output

```
\doublehyphendemerits=10000
\finalhyphendemerits=5000
\adjdemerits=10000
```

\looseness=0, cleared by TeX after each paragraph
\pausing=0
\holdinginserts=0
\tracingonline=0
\tracingmacros=0
\tracingstats=0
\tracingparagraphs=0
\tracingpages=0
\tracingoutput=0

```
\tracinglostchars=1
```

\tracingcommands=0
\tracingrestores=0
\language=0

```
\uchyph=1
```

```
\lefthyphenmin=2 \righthyphenmin=3 set below
\globaldefs=0
\maxdeadcycles=25 % INITEX does this
\hangafter=1 % INITEX does this, also TeX after each paragraph
\fam=0
\mag=1000 % INITEX does this
\escapechar=‘\\ % INITEX does this
```

```
\defaulthyphenchar=‘\-
\defaultskewchar=-1
```

```
\endlinechar=‘\^^M % INITEX does this
\newlinechar=-1      \LaTeX\ sets this in ltdefns.dtx.
```

```
\delimiterfactor=901
```

```
\time=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\day=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\month=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
\year=now % TeX does this at beginning of job
```

In LaTeX we don't want box information in the transcript unless we do a full tracing.

```
\showboxbreadth=-1
\showboxdepth=-1
\errorcontextlines=-1
```

```
\hfuzz=0.1pt
\vfuzz=0.1pt
\overfullrule=5pt
\maxdepth=4pt
\splitmaxdepth=\maxdimen
\boxmaxdepth=\maxdimen
```

```
\lineskiplimit=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines
```

```
\delimitershortfall=5pt
\nulldelimiterspace=1.2pt
\scriptspace=0.5pt
```

```
\mathsurround=0pt
\predisplaysize=0pt, set before TeX enters $$
\displaywidth=0pt, set before TeX enters $$
\displayindent=0pt, set before TeX enters $$
```

```
\parindent=20pt
```

```
\hangindent=0pt, zeroed by TeX after each paragraph
\hoffset=0pt
\voffset=0pt


\baselineskip=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines
\lineskip=0pt, changed by \normalbaselines
```

```
\parskip=0pt plus 1pt
\abovedisplayskip=12pt plus 3pt minus 9pt
\abovedisplayshortskip=0pt plus 3pt
\belowdisplayskip=12pt plus 3pt minus 9pt
\belowdisplayshortskip=7pt plus 3pt minus 4pt
```

```
\leftskip=0pt
\rightskip=0pt
\topskip=10pt
\splittopskip=10pt
\tabskip=0pt
\spaceskip=0pt
\xspaceskip=0pt
\parfillskip=0pt plus 1fil
```

\normalbaselineskip
\normallineskip
\normallineskiplimit

We also define special registers that function like parameters:

```
\newskip\normalbaselineskip \normalbaselineskip=12pt
\newskip\normallineskip \normallineskip=1pt
\newdimen\normallineskiplimit \normallineskiplimit=0pt
```

\interfootlinepenalty

```
\newcount\interfootnotelinepenalty \interfootnotelinepenalty=100
```

Definitions for preloaded fonts

\magstephalf
\magstep

```
\def\magstephalf{1095 }
\def\magstep#1{\ifcase#1 \@m\or 1200\or 1440\or 1728\or
               2074\or 2488\fi\relax}
```

Macros for setting ordinary text

\frenchspacing
\nonfrenchspacing

```
\def\frenchspacing{\sfcode`\.\@m \sfcode`\?\@m \sfcode`\!\@m
  \sfcode`\:\@m \sfcode`\;\@m \sfcode`\,\@m}
\def\nonfrenchspacing{\sfcode`\.3000\sfcode`\?3000\sfcode`\!3000%
  \sfcode`\:2000\sfcode`\;1500\sfcode`\,1250 }
```

\normalbaselines

```
\def\normalbaselines{\lineskip\normallineskip
  \baselineskip\normalbaselineskip \lineskiplimit\normallineskiplimit}
```

\M
\I

Save a bit of space by using `\let` here.

```
\def\^^M{\ } % control <return> = control <space>
\let\^^I\^^M % same for <tab>
```

\lq
\rq

```
\def\lq{`}
\def\rq{'}
```

\lbrack
\rbrack

```
\def\lbrack{[}
\def\rbrack{]}
```

\aa
\AA

These are not from plain.tex but they are similar to other commands found here and nowhere else, being alternate input forms for characters.

```
\def \aa {\r a}
\def \AA {\r A}
```

\endgraf
\endline

```
\let\endgraf=\par
\let\endline=\cr
```

\space

```
\def\space{ }
```

\empty This probably ought to go altogether, but let it to the LaTeX version to save space.

```
\let\empty\@empty
```

\null

```
\def\null{\hbox{}}
```

\bgroup
\egroup

```
\let\bgroup={
\let\egroup=}
```

\obeylines
\obeyspaces In \obeylines, we say \let^^M=\par instead of \def^^M{\par} since this allows, for example, \let\par=\cr \obeylines \halign{...

```
{\catcode`\^^M=\active % these lines must end with %
  \gdef\obeylines{\catcode`\^^M\active \let^^M\par}%
  \global\let^^M\par} % this is in case ^^M appears in a \write
\def\obeyspaces{\catcode`\ \active}
{\obeyspaces\global\let =\space}
```

\loop
\iterate
\repeat We use Kabelschacht's method of doing loops, see TUB 8#2 (1987). (unless that breaks something :-). It turned out to need an extra \relax: see pr/642 (\loop could do one iteration too much in certain cases).

```
\long\def \loop #1\repeat{%
  \def\iterate{#1\relax  % Extra \relax
               \expandafter\iterate\fi
               }%
  \iterate
  \let\iterate\relax
}
```

This setting of \repeat is needed to make \loop...\if...\repeat skippable within another \if....

```
\let\repeat=\fi
```

LaTeX defines \smallskip, etc. in ltspace.dtx.

\nointerlineskip
\offinterlineskip

```
\def\nointerlineskip{\prevdepth-\@m\p@}
\def\offinterlineskip{\baselineskip-\@m\p@
  \lineskip\z@ \lineskiplimit\maxdimen}
```

\vglue
\hglue

```
\def\vglue{\afterassignment\vgl@\skip@=}
\def\vgl@{\par \dimen@\prevdepth \hrule \@height\z@
  \nobreak\vskip\skip@ \prevdepth\dimen@}
\def\hglue{\afterassignment\hgl@\skip@=}
\def\hgl@{\leavevmode \count@\spacefactor \vrule \@width\z@
  \nobreak\hskip\skip@ \spacefactor\count@}
```

LaTeX defines ~ in `ltdefns.dtx`.

`\slash` This generates a / acting a bit like - but still allows hyphenation in the word part preceding it (but not after).

```
\def\slash{/\penalty\exhyphenpenalty}
```

`\break` `\nobreak` `\allowbreak`

```
\def\break{\penalty-\@M}
\def\nobreak{\penalty \@M}
\def\allowbreak{\penalty \z@}
```

`\filbreak` `\goodbreak`

```
\def\filbreak{\par\vfil\penalty-200\vfilneg}
\def\goodbreak{\par\penalty-500 }
```

`\eject` Define `\eject` as in plain TeX but define `\supereject` only in the compatibility file.

```
\def\eject{\par\break}
```

`\removelastskip`

```
\def\removelastskip{\ifdim\lastskip=\z@\else\vskip-\lastskip\fi}
```

`\smallbreak` `\medbreak` `\bigbreak`

```
\def\smallbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\smallskipamount
  \removelastskip\penalty-50\smallskip\fi}
\def\medbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\medskipamount
  \removelastskip\penalty-100\medskip\fi}
\def\bigbreak{\par\ifdim\lastskip<\bigskipamount
  \removelastskip\penalty-200\bigskip\fi}
```

`\m@th`

```
\def\m@th{\mathsurround\z@}
```

`\underbar` Due to LaTeX's redefinition of `\underline` plain TeX's `\underbar` can be done in a simpler fashion (but do we need it at all?).

```
\def\underbar#1{\underline{\sbox\tw@{#1}\dp\tw@\z@\box\tw@}}
```

`\strutbox` LaTeX sets `\strutbox` in `\set@fontsize`.

`\strut`

```
\newbox\strutbox
\def\strut{\relax\ifmmode\copy\strutbox\else\unhcopy\strutbox\fi}
```

`\hidewidth` For alignment entries that can stick out.

```
\def\hidewidth{\hskip\hideskip}
```

`\narrower`

```
\def\narrower{%
  \advance\leftskip\parindent
  \advance\rightskip\parindent}
```

LaTeX defines `\ae` and similar commands elsewhere.

```
\chardef\%=`\%
\chardef\&=`\&
\chardef\#=`\#
```

Most text commands are actually encoding specific and therefore defined later, so commented out or removed from this file.

`\leavevmode` begins a paragraph, if necessary

```
\def\leavevmode{\unhbox\voidb@x}
```

`\mathhexbox`

```
\def\mathhexbox#1#2#3{\mbox{$\m@th \mathchar"#1#2#3$}}
```

`\ialign`

```
\def\ialign{\everycr{}\tabskip\z@skip\halign} % initialized \halign
```

`\oalign` `\o@lign` `\ooalign`

```
\def\oalign#1{\leavevmode\vtop{\baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip.25ex%
  \ialign{##\crcr#1\crcr}}}
\def\o@lign{\lineskiplimit\z@ \oalign}
\def\ooalign{\lineskiplimit-\maxdimen \oalign}
```

`\sh@ft` The definition of this macro in plain.tex was improved in about 1997; but as a result its usage was changed and its new definition is not appropriate for LaTeX.

Since the version given here has been in use by LaTeX for many years it does not seem prudent to remove it now. As far as we can tell it has only been used to define `\b` and `\d` but this cannot be certain.

```
\def\sh@ft#1{\dimen@.00#1ex\multiply\dimen@\fontdimen1\font
  \kern-.0156\dimen@} % compensate for slant in lowered accents
```

`\ltx@sh@ft` This is the LaTeX version of the second incarnation of the plain macro `\sh@ft`, which takes a dimension as its argument. It shifts a pseudo-accent horizontally by an amount proportional to the product of its argument and the slant-per-point (fontdimen 1).

```
\def\ltx@sh@ft #1{%
  \dimen@ #1%
  \kern \strip@pt
    \fontdimen1\font \dimen@
  } % kern by #1 times the current slant
```

LaTeX change: the text commands such as `\d`, `\b`, `\c`, `\copyright`, `\TeX` are now defined elsewhere.

LaTeX change: Make `\t` work in a moving argument. Now defined elsewhere.

`\hrulefill` `\dotfill` LaTeX change: `\kern\z@` added to end of `\hrulefill` and `\dotfill` to make them work in 'tabular' and 'array' environments. (Change made 24 July 1987). LaTeX change: `\leavevmode` added at beginning of `\dotfill` and `\hrulefill` so that they work as expected in vertical mode.

```
\def\hrulefill{\leavevmode\leaders\hrule\hfill\kern\z@}
```

The box in `\dotfill` originally contained (in plain.tex):
`\mkern 1.5mu .\mkern 1.5mu;`
the width of .44em differs from this by .04pt which is probably an acceptable difference within leaders.

```
\def\dotfill{%
  \leavevmode
  \cleaders \hb@xt@ .44em{\hss.\hss}\hfill
  \kern\z@}
```

INITEX sets `\sfcode x=1000` for all x, except that `\sfcode‘X=999` for uppercase letters. The following changes are needed:

```
\sfcode‘\)=0 \sfcode‘\’=0 \sfcode‘\]=0
```

The `\nonfrenchspacing` macro will make further changes to `\sfcode` values.

Definitions related to output

`\magnification` doesn't work in LaTeX.

```
\def\magnification{\afterassignment\m@g\count@}
\def\m@g{\mag\count@
  \hsize6.5truein\vsize8.9truein\dimen\footins8truein}
```

`\showoverfull` The following commands are used in debugging:

```
\def\showoverfull{\tracingonline\@ne}
```

`\showoutput`
`\loggingoutput`

```
\gdef\loggingoutput{\tracingoutput\@ne
    \showboxbreadth\maxdimen\showboxdepth\maxdimen\errorstopmode}
\gdef\showoutput{\loggingoutput\showoverfull}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

`\tracingall`
`\loggingall`

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/20}{\loggingall}{etex tracing}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\ifx\tracingscantokens\@undefined
\gdef\loggingall{%
  \tracingstats\tw@
  \tracingpages\@ne
  \tracinglostchars\@ne
  \tracingparagraphs\@ne
  \errorcontextlines\maxdimen
  \loggingoutput
  \tracingmacros\tw@
  \tracingcommands\tw@
  \tracingrestores\@ne
  }%
\else
\gdef\loggingall{%
  \tracingstats\tw@
  \tracingpages\@ne
  \tracinglostchars\tw@
  \tracingparagraphs\@ne
  \tracinggroups\@ne
  \tracingifs\@ne
  \tracingscantokens\@ne
  \tracingnesting\@ne
  \errorcontextlines\maxdimen
  \loggingoutput
  \tracingmacros\tw@
  \tracingcommands\thr@@
  \tracingrestores\@ne
  \tracingassigns\@ne
}%
\fi
```

```
\gdef\tracingall{\showoverfull\loggingall}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\loggingall}{etex tracing}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\loggingall{\tracingcommands\tw@\tracingstats\tw@
⟨latexrelease⟩   \tracingpages\@ne\tracinglostchars\@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩   \tracingmacros\tw@\tracingparagraphs\@ne\tracingrestores\@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩   \errorcontextlines\maxdimen\loggingoutput}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \gdef\tracingall{\loggingall\showoverfull}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

\tracingnone
\hideoutput

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/20}{\tracingnone}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {turn off etex tracing}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\ifx\tracingscantokens\@undefined
\def\tracingnone{%
  \tracingonline\z@
  \tracingcommands\z@
  \showboxdepth\m@ne
  \showboxbreadth\m@ne
  \tracingoutput\z@
  \errorcontextlines\m@ne
  \tracingrestores\z@
  \tracingparagraphs\z@
  \tracingmacros\z@
  \tracinglostchars\@ne
  \tracingpages\z@
  \tracingstats\z@
}%
\else
\def\tracingnone{%
  \tracingassigns\z@
  \tracingrestores\z@
  \tracingonline\z@
  \tracingcommands\z@
  \showboxdepth\m@ne
  \showboxbreadth\m@ne
  \tracingoutput\z@
  \errorcontextlines\m@ne
  \tracingnesting\z@
  \tracingscantokens\z@
  \tracingifs\z@
  \tracinggroups\z@
  \tracingparagraphs\z@
  \tracingmacros\z@
  \tracinglostchars\@ne
  \tracingpages\z@
  \tracingstats\z@
}%
\fi
\def\hideoutput{%
  \tracingoutput\z@
  \showboxbreadth\m@ne
```

```
  \showboxdepth\m@ne
  \tracingonline\m@ne
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\tracingnone}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {turn off etex tracing}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\tracingnone\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\hideoutput\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

LaTeX change: `\showhyphens` Defined later.
Punctuation affects the spacing.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\nonfrenchspacing
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File c
ltvers.dtx

10 Version Identification

First we identify the date and version number of this release of LaTeX, and set `\everyjob` so that it is printed at the start of every LaTeX run.

`\fmtname`
`\fmtversion`
`\patch@level`

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\fmtname{LaTeX2e}
\edef\fmtversion
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\edef\latexreleaseversion
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
   {2017-04-15}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\patch@level{0}
```

Check that the format being made is not too old. The error message complains about 'more than 5 years' but in fact the error is not triggered until 65 months.

This code is currently not activated as we don't know if we already got to the last official 2e version (due to staff shortage or due to a successor (think positive:-)).

```
\iffalse
\def\reserved@a#1/#2/#3\@nil{%
  \count@\year
  \advance\count@-#1\relax
  \multiply\count@ by 12\relax
  \advance\count@\month
  \advance\count@-#2\relax}
\expandafter\reserved@a\fmtversion\@nil
```

`\count@` is now the age of this file in months. Take a generous definition of 'year' so this message is not generated too often.

```
\ifnum\count@>65
  \typeout{^^J%
!!!
```

```
  \ifnum\patch@level=0
    \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
      \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion>}}
    \immediate
    \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion>}
  \else\ifnum\patch@level>0
    \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
      \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> patch level \patch@level}}
    \immediate
    \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> patch level \patch@level}
  \else
    \everyjob\expandafter{\the\everyjob
      \typeout{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> pre-release\patch@level}}
    \immediate
    \write16{\fmtname \space<\fmtversion> pre-release\patch@level}
    \fi
  \fi
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

`\IncludeInRelease`

```
⟨2ekernel⟩\let\@currname\@empty
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\IncludeInRelease#1{\kernel@ifnextchar[%
  {\@IncludeInRelease{#1}}
  {\@IncludeInRelease{#1}[#1]}}
```

If a specific date has not been specified in `latexrelease` use '`#1`'.

```
\def\@IncludeInRelease#1[#2]{\@IncludeInRele@se{#2}}
\def\@IncludeInRele@se#1#2#3{%
  \toks@{[#1] #3}%
  \expandafter\ifx\csname\string#2+\@currname+IIR\endcsname\relax
    \ifnum\expandafter\@parse@version#1//00\@nil
          >\expandafter\@parse@version\fmtversion//00\@nil
      \GenericInfo{}{Skipping: \the\toks@}%
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobble@IncludeInRelease
    \else
      \GenericInfo{}{Applying: \the\toks@}%
      \expandafter\let\csname\string#2+\@currname+IIR\endcsname\@empty
    \fi
  \else
    \GenericInfo{}{Already applied: \the\toks@}%
    \expandafter\@gobble@IncludeInRelease
  \fi
}
\long\def\@gobble@IncludeInRelease#1\EndIncludeInRelease{}
\let\EndIncludeInRelease\relax
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

File d
ltdefns.dtx

11 Definitions

This section contains commands used in defining other macros.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

11.1 Initex initialisations

`\two@digits` Prefix a number less than 10 with '0'.

```
2 \def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1<10 0\fi\number#1}
```

`\typeout` Display something on the terminal.

```
3 \def\typeout#1{\begingroup\set@display@protect
4     \immediate\write\@unused{#1}\endgroup}
```

`\newlinechar` A char to be used as new-line in output to files.

```
5 \newlinechar‘\^^J
```

11.2 Saved versions of TEX primitives

The TeX primitive `\foo` is saved as `\@@foo`. The following primitives are handled in this way:

`\@@par`

```
6 \let\@@par=\par
7 %\let\@@input=\input    %%% moved earlier
8 %\let\@@end=\end        %%%
```

`\@@hyph` Save original primitive definition.

```
9 \let\@@hyph=\-
```

`\@@italiccorr` Save the original italic correction.

```
10 \let\@@italiccorr=\/
```

`\@height` `\@depth` `\@width` `\@minus` `\@plus` The following definitions save token space. E.g., using `\@height` instead of height saves 5 tokens at the cost in time of one macro expansion.

```
11 \def\@height{height} \def\@depth{depth} \def\@width{width}
12 \def\@minus{minus}
13 \def\@plus{plus}
```

`\hb@xt@` The next one is another 100 tokens worth.

```
14 \def\hb@xt@{\hbox to}

15 \message{hacks,}
```

11.3 Command definitions

This section defines the following commands:

`\@namedef` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`
Expands to `\def\{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`, except name can contain any characters.

`\@nameuse` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`
Expands to `\{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`.

`\@ifnextchar` `X{`⟨*YES*⟩`}{`⟨*NO*⟩`}`
Expands to ⟨*YES*⟩ if next character is an 'X', and to ⟨*NO*⟩ otherwise. (Uses `\reserved@a`–`\reserved@c`.) NOTE: GOBBLES ANY SPACE FOLLOWING IT.

`\@ifstar` `{`⟨*YES*⟩`}{`⟨*NO*⟩`}`
Gobbles following spaces and then tests if next the character is a '*'. If it is, then it gobbles the '*' and expands to ⟨*YES*⟩, otherwise it expands to ⟨*NO*⟩.

`\@dblarg` `{`⟨*CMD*⟩`}{`⟨*ARG*⟩`}`
Expands to `\{`⟨*CMD*⟩`}[`⟨*ARG*⟩`]{`⟨*ARG*⟩`}`. Use `\@dblarg\CS` when `\CS` takes arguments `[ARG1]{ARG2}`, where default is `ARG1` = `ARG2`.

`\@ifundefined` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}{`⟨*YES*⟩`}{`⟨*NO*⟩`}`
: If `\NAME` is undefined then it executes ⟨*YES*⟩, otherwise it executes ⟨*NO*⟩. More precisely, true if `\NAME` either undefined or = `\relax`.

`\@ifdefinable` `\NAME{`⟨*YES*⟩`}` Executes ⟨*YES*⟩ if the user is allowed to define `\NAME`, otherwise it gives an error. The user can define `\NAME` if `\@ifundefined{NAME}` is true, '`NAME`' ≠ '`relax`' and the first three letters of '`NAME`' are not '`end`', and if `\endNAME` is not defined.

`\newcommand` `*{`⟨*\FOO*⟩`}[`⟨*i*⟩`]{`⟨*TEXT*⟩`}`
User command to define `\FOO` to be a macro with i arguments (i = 0 if missing) having the definition ⟨*TEXT*⟩. Produces an error if `\FOO` already defined.

Normally the command is defined to be `\long` (ie it may take multiple paragraphs in its argument). In the star-form, the command is not defined as `\long` and a blank line in any argument to the command would generate an error.

`\renewcommand` `*{`⟨*\FOO*⟩`}[`⟨*i*⟩`]{`⟨*TEXT*⟩`}`
Same as `\newcommand`, except it checks if `\FOO` already defined.

`\newenvironment` `*{`⟨*FOO*⟩`}[`⟨*i*⟩`]{`⟨*DEF1*⟩`}{`⟨*DEF2*⟩`}`
equivalent to:
`\newcommand{\FOO}[i]{DEF1} \def{\endFOO}{DEF2}`
(or the appropriate star forms).

`\renewenvironment`
Obvious companion to `\newenvironment`.

`\@cons` : See description of `\output` routine.

`\@car` `\@car T1 T2 ... Tn\@nil` == `T1` (unexpanded)

`\@cdr` `\@cdr T1 T2 ... Tn\@nil` == `T2 ... Tn` (unexpanded)

`\typeout` `{`⟨*message*⟩`}`
Produces a warning message on the terminal.

`\typein` `{`⟨*message*⟩`}`
Types message, asks the user to type in a command, then executes it

`\typein` `[`⟨*\CS*⟩`]{`⟨*MSG*⟩`}`
Same as above, except defines `\CS` to be the input instead of executing it.

`\typein`

```
16 \def\typein{%
```

```
  \let\@typein\relax
  \@testopt\@xtypein\@typein}
\ifx\directlua\@undefined
\def\@xtypein[#1]#2{%
 \typeout{#2}%
 \advance\endlinechar\@M
 \read\@inputcheck to#1%
 \advance\endlinechar-\@M
 \@typein}%
\else
\def\@xtypein[#1]#2{%
  \typeout{#2}%
  \begingroup \endlinechar\m@ne
  \read\@inputcheck to#1%
  \expandafter\endgroup
  \expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{#1}%
  \@typein}%
\fi
```

`\@namedef`

```
\def\@namedef#1{\expandafter\def\csname #1\endcsname}
```

`\@nameuse`

```
\def\@nameuse#1{\csname #1\endcsname}
```

`\@cons`

```
\def\@cons#1#2{\begingroup\let\@elt\relax\xdef#1{#1\@elt #2}\endgroup}
```

`\@car`
`\@cdr`

```
\def\@car#1#2\@nil{#1}
\def\@cdr#1#2\@nil{#2}
```

`\@carcube` `\@carcube T1 ... Tn\@nil` = T1 T2 T3 , $n > 3$

```
\def\@carcube#1#2#3#4\@nil{#1#2#3}
```

`\@onlypreamble`
`\@preamblecmds`

This macro adds its argument to the list of commands stored in `\@preamblecmds` to be disabled after `\begin{document}`. These commands are redefined to generate `\@notprerr` at this point.

```
\def\@preamblecmds{}
\def\@onlypreamble#1{%
  \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\@preamblecmds\expandafter{%
      \@preamblecmds\do#1}}
\@onlypreamble\@onlypreamble
\@onlypreamble\@preamblecmds
```

`\@star@or@long`

Look ahead for a `*`. If present reset `\l@ngrel@x` so that the next definition, `#1`, will be non-long.

```
\def\@star@or@long#1{%
  \@ifstar
   {\let\l@ngrel@x\relax#1}%
   {\let\l@ngrel@x\long#1}}
```

\l@ngrel@x This is either \relax or \long depending on whether the *-form of a definition command is being executed.

```
\let\l@ngrel@x\relax
```

\newcommand User level \newcommand.

```
\def\newcommand{\@star@or@long\new@command}
```

\new@command

```
\def\new@command#1{%
  \@testopt{\@newcommand#1}0}
```

\@newcommand Handling arguments for \newcommand.

\@argdef

\@xargdef

```
\def\@newcommand#1[#2]{%
  \kernel@ifnextchar [{\@xargdef#1[#2]}%
                {\@argdef#1[#2]}}
```

Define #1 if it is definable.

Both here and in \@xargdef the replacement text is absorbed as an argument because if we are not allowed to make the definition we have to get rid of it completely.

```
\long\def\@argdef#1[#2]#3{%
   \@ifdefinable #1{\@yargdef#1\@ne{#2}{#3}}}
```

Handle the second optional argument.

```
\long\def\@xargdef#1[#2][#3]#4{%
  \@ifdefinable#1{%
```

Define the actual command to be:
\def\foo{\@protected@testopt\foo\\foo{default}}
where \\foo is a csname generated from applying \csname and \string to \foo, ie the actual name contains a backslash and therefore can't clash easily with existing command names. "Default" is the contents of the second optional argument of (re)newcommand.

```
    \expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{%
        \expandafter
        \@protected@testopt
        \expandafter
        #1%
        \csname\string#1\endcsname
        {#3}}%
```

Now we define the internal macro ie \\foo which is supposed to pick up all arguments (optional and mandatory).

```
      \expandafter\@yargdef
        \csname\string#1\endcsname
         \tw@
         {#2}%
         {#4}}}
```

\@testopt This macro encapsulates the most common call to \@ifnextchar, saving several tokens each time it is used in the definition of a command with an optional argument. #1 The code to execute in the case that there is a [need not be a single token but can be any sequence of commands that 'expects' to be followed by [.

If this command were only used in `\newcommand` definitions then `#1` would be a single token and the braces could be omitted from `{#1}` in the definition below, saving a bit of memory.

```
\long\def\@testopt#1#2{%
  \kernel@ifnextchar[{#1}{#1[{#2}]}}
```

`\@protected@testopt` Robust version of `\@testopt`. The extra argument (`#1`) must be a single token. If protection is needed the call expands to `\protect` applied to this token, and the 2nd and 3rd arguments are discarded (by `\@x@protect`). Otherwise `\@testopt` is called on the 2nd and 3rd arguments.

This method of making commands robust avoids the need for using up two csnames per command, the price is the extra expansion time for the `\ifx` test.

```
\def\@protected@testopt#1{%
  \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
    \expandafter\@testopt
  \else
    \@x@protect#1%
  \fi}
```

`\@yargdef` `\@yargd@f` These generate a primitive argument specification, from a LaTeX `[`⟨*digit*⟩`]` form; in fact ⟨*digit*⟩ can be anything such that `\number` ⟨*digit*⟩ is single digit.

Reorganised slightly so that `\renewcommand{\reserved@a}[1]{foo}` works. I am not sure this is worth it, as a following `\newcommand` would over-write the definition of `\reserved@a`.

Recall that LaTeX2.09 goes into an infinite loop with
`\renewcommand[1]{\@tempa}{foo}`
(DPC 6 October 93).

Reorganised again (DPC 1999). Rather than make a loop to construct the argument spec by counting, just extract the required argument spec by using a delimited argument (delimited by the digit). This is faster and uses less tokens. The coding is slightly odd to preserve the old interface (using `#2 = \tw@` as the flag to surround the first argument with `[]`. But the new method did not allow for the number of arguments `#3` not being given as an explicit digit; hence (further expansion of this argument and use of) `\number` was added later in 1999.

It is not clear why these are still `\long`.

```
\long \def \@yargdef #1#2#3{%
  \ifx#2\tw@
    \def\reserved@b##11{[####1]}%
  \else
    \let\reserved@b\@gobble
  \fi
  \expandafter
    \@yargd@f \expandafter{\number #3}#1%
}
```

```
\long \def \@yargd@f#1#2{%
  \def \reserved@a ##1#1##2##{%
    \expandafter\def\expandafter#2\reserved@b ##1#1%
    }%
  \l@ngrel@x \reserved@a 0##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8##9###1%
}
```

\@reargdef

```
\long\def\@reargdef#1[#2]{%
  \@yargdef#1\@ne{#2}}
```

\renewcommand Check the command name is already used. If not give an error message. Then temporarily disable \@ifdefinable then call \newcommand. (Previous version \let#1=\relax but this does not work too well if #1 is \@temp*a–e*.)

```
\def\renewcommand{\@star@or@long\renew@command}
```

\renew@command

```
\def\renew@command#1{%
  \begingroup \escapechar\m@ne\xdef\@gtempa{{\string#1}}\endgroup
  \expandafter\@ifundefined\@gtempa
     {\@latex@error{\noexpand#1undefined}\@ehc}%
     \relax
  \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
  \new@command#1}
```

\@ifdefinable \@@ifdefinable \@rc@ifdefinable Test is user is allowed to define a command.

```
\long\def\@ifdefinable #1#2{%
      \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\@gobble\string #1}%
     \@ifundefined\reserved@a
         {\edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\@carcube \reserved@a xxx\@nil}%
          \ifx \reserved@b\@qend \@notdefinable\else
            \ifx \reserved@a\@qrelax \@notdefinable\else
              #2%
            \fi
          \fi}%
         \@notdefinable}
```

Saved definition of \@ifdefinable.

```
\let\@@ifdefinable\@ifdefinable
```

Version of \@ifdefinable for use with \renewcommand. Does not do the check this time, but restores the normal definition.

```
\long\def\@rc@ifdefinable#1#2{%
  \let\@ifdefinable\@@ifdefinable
  #2}
```

\newenvironment Define a new user environment. #1 is the environment name. #2# Grabs all the tokens up to the first {. These will be any optional arguments. They are not parsed at this point, but are just passed to \@newenv which will eventually call \newcommand. Any optional arguments will then be parsed by \newcommand as it defines the command that executes the 'begin code' of the environment.

This #2# trick removed with version 1.2i as it fails if a { occurs in the optional argument. Now use \@ifnextchar directly.

```
\def\newenvironment{\@star@or@long\new@environment}
```

\new@environment

```
\def\new@environment#1{%
  \@testopt{\@newenva#1}0}
```

\@newenva

```
\def\@newenva#1[#2]{%
   \kernel@ifnextchar [{\@newenvb#1[#2]}{\@newenv{#1}{[#2]}}}
```

\@newenvb

```
\def\@newenvb#1[#2][#3]{\@newenv{#1}{[#2][{#3}]}}
```

\renewenvironment Redefine an environment. For \renewenvironment disable \@ifdefinable and then call \newenvironment. It is OK to \let the argument to \relax here as there should not be a @temp... environment.

```
\def\renewenvironment{\@star@or@long\renew@environment}
```

\renew@environment

```
\def\renew@environment#1{%
  \@ifundefined{#1}%
     {\@latex@error{Environment #1 undefined}\@ehc
     }\relax
  \expandafter\let\csname#1\endcsname\relax
  \expandafter\let\csname end#1\endcsname\relax
  \new@environment{#1}}
```

\@newenv The internal version of \newenvironment.

Call \newcommand to define the ⟨*begin-code*⟩ for the environment. \def is used for the ⟨*end-code*⟩ as it does not take arguments. (but may contain \pars)

Make sure that an attempt to define a 'graf' or 'group' environment fails.

```
\long\def\@newenv#1#2#3#4{%
  \@ifundefined{#1}%
    {\expandafter\let\csname#1\expandafter\endcsname
                          \csname end#1\endcsname}%
    \relax
  \expandafter\new@command
     \csname #1\endcsname#2{#3}%
     \l@ngrel@x\expandafter\def\csname end#1\endcsname{#4}}
```

\newif And here's a different sort of allocation: For example, \newif\iffoo creates \footrue, \foofalse to go with \iffoo.

```
\def\newif#1{%
  \count@\escapechar \escapechar\m@ne
    \let#1\iffalse
    \@if#1\iftrue
    \@if#1\iffalse
  \escapechar\count@}
```

\@if

```
\def\@if#1#2{%
  \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\@gobbletwo\string#1%
                     \expandafter\@gobbletwo\string#2\endcsname
                        {\let#1#2}}
```

\providecommand \providecommand takes the same arguments as \newcommand, but discards them if #1 is already defined, Otherwise it just acts like \newcommand. This implementation currently leaves any discarded definition in \reserved@a (and possibly

\\reserved@a) this wastes a bit of space, but it will be reclaimed as soon as these scratch macros are redefined.

```
\def\providecommand{\@star@or@long\provide@command}
```

\provide@command

```
\def\provide@command#1{%
  \begingroup
    \escapechar\m@ne\xdef\@gtempa{{\string#1}}%
  \endgroup
  \expandafter\@ifundefined\@gtempa
    {\def\reserved@a{\new@command#1}}%
    {\def\reserved@a{\renew@command\reserved@a}}%
   \reserved@a}%
```

\CheckCommand `\CheckCommand` takes the same arguments as `\newcommand`. If the command already exists, with the same definition, then nothing happens, otherwise a warning is issued. Useful for checking the current state befor a macro package starts redefining things. Currently two macros are considered to have the same definition if they are the same except for different default arguments. That is, if the old definition was: `\newcommand\xxx[2][a]{(#1)(#2)}` then `\CheckCommand\xxx[2][b]{(#1)(#2)}` would *not* generate a warning, but, for instance `\CheckCommand\xxx[2]{(#1)(#2)}` would.

```
\def\CheckCommand{\@star@or@long\check@command}
```

`\CheckCommand` is only available in the preamble part of the document.

```
\@onlypreamble\CheckCommand
```

\check@command

```
\def\check@command#1#2#{\@check@c#1{#2}}
\@onlypreamble\check@command
```

\@check@c `\CheckCommand` itself just grabs all the arguments we need, without actually looking for `[` optional argument forms. Now define `\reserved@a`. If `\\reserved@a` is then defined, compare it with the "`\#1`' otherwise compare `\reserved@a` with `#1`.

```
\long\def\@check@c#1#2#3{%
  \expandafter\let\csname\string\reserved@a\endcsname\relax
  \renew@command\reserved@a#2{#3}%
  \@ifundefined{\string\reserved@a}%
   {\@check@eq#1\reserved@a}%
   {\expandafter\@check@eq
            \csname\string#1\expandafter\endcsname
            \csname\string\reserved@a\endcsname}}
\@onlypreamble\@check@c
```

\@check@eq Complain if `#1` and `#2` are not `\ifx` equal.

```
\def\@check@eq#1#2{%
  \ifx#1#2\else
     \@latex@warning@no@line
                {Command \noexpand#1 has
                 changed.\MessageBreak
                 Check if current package is valid}%
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@check@eq
```

\@gobble The \@gobble macro is used to get rid of its argument.

\@gobbletwo
\@gobblefour

```
\long\def \@gobble #1{}
\long\def \@gobbletwo #1#2{}
\long\def \@gobblefour #1#2#3#4{}
```

\@firstofone Some argument-grabbers.

\@firstoftwo
\@secondoftwo

```
\long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}
\long\def\@firstoftwo#1#2{#1}
\long\def\@secondoftwo#1#2{#2}
```

\@iden \@iden is another name for \@firstofone for compatibility reasons.

```
\let\@iden\@firstofone
```

\@thirdofthree Another grabber now used in the encoding specific section.

```
\long\def\@thirdofthree#1#2#3{#3}
```

\@expandtwoargs A macro to totally expand two arguments to another macro

```
\def\@expandtwoargs#1#2#3{%
\edef\reserved@a{\noexpand#1{#2}{#3}}\reserved@a}
```

\@backslashchar A category code 12 backslash.

```
\edef\@backslashchar{\expandafter\@gobble\string\\}
```

11.4 Robust commands and protect

Fragile and robust commands are one of the thornier issues in LaTeX's commands. Whilst typesetting documents, LaTeX makes use of many of TeX's features, such as arithmetic, defining macros, and setting variables. However, there are (at least) three different occasions when these commands are not safe. These are called 'moving arguments' by LaTeX, and consist of:

- writing information to a file, such as indexes or tables of contents.
- writing information to the screen.
- inside an \edef, \message, \mark, or other command which evaluates its argument fully.

The method LaTeX uses for making fragile commands robust is to precede them with \protect. This can have one of five possible values:

- \relax, for normal typesetting. So \protect\foo will execute \foo.
- \string, for writing to the screen. So \protect\foo will write \foo.
- \noexpand, for writing to a file. So \protect\foo will write \foo followed by a space.
- \@unexpandable@protect, for writing a moving argument to a file. So \protect\foo will write \protect\foo followed by a space. This value is also used inside \edefs, \marks and other commands which evaluate their arguments fully.

- `\@unexpandable@noexpand`, for performing a deferred write inside an `\edef`. So `\protect\foo` will write `\foo` followed by a space. If you want `\protect\foo` to be written, you should use `\@unexpandable@protect`. (Removed as never used).

`\@unexpandable@protect` `\@unexpandable@noexpand`

These commands are used for setting `\protect` inside `\edef`s.

```
\def\@unexpandable@protect{\noexpand\protect\noexpand}
%\def\@unexpandable@noexpand{\noexpand\noexpand\noexpand}
```

`\DeclareRobustCommand` `\declare@robustcommand`

This is a package-writers command, which has the same syntax as `\newcommand`, but which declares a protected command. It does this by having
`\DeclareRobustCommand\foo`
define `\foo` to be `\protect\foo<space>`,
and then use `\newcommand\foo<space>`.
Since the internal command is `\foo<space>`, when it is written to an auxiliary file, it will appear as `\foo`.

We have to be a bit cleverer if we're defining a short command, such as `\_`, in order to make sure that the auxiliary file does not include a space after the command, since `\_ a` and `\_a` aren't the same. In this case we define `\_` to be:

```
\x@protect\_\protect\_<space>
```

which expands to:

```
\ifx\protect\@typeset@protect\else
   \@x@protect@\_
\fi
\protect\_<space>
```

Then if `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect` (normally `\relax`) then we just perform `\_<space>`, and otherwise `\@x@protect@` gobbles everything up and expands to `\protect\_`.

Note: setting `\protect` to any value other than `\relax` whilst in 'typesetting' mode will cause commands to go into an infinite loop! In particular, setting `\relax` to `\@empty` will cause `\_` to loop forever. It will also break lots of other things, such as protected `\ifmmode`s inside `\halign`s. If you really really have to do such a thing, then please set `\@typeset@protect` to be `\@empty` as well. (This is what the code for `\patterns` does, for example.)

More fun with `\expandafter` and `\csname`.

```
\def\DeclareRobustCommand{\@star@or@long\declare@robustcommand}

\def\declare@robustcommand#1{%
   \ifx#1\@undefined\else\ifx#1\relax\else
      \@latex@info{Redefining \string#1}%
   \fi\fi
   \edef\reserved@a{\string#1}%
   \def\reserved@b{#1}%
   \edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\reserved@b}%
   \edef#1{%
      \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
         \noexpand\x@protect
         \noexpand#1%
```

```
      \fi
      \noexpand\protect
      \expandafter\noexpand\csname
         \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \endcsname
   }%
   \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
   \expandafter\new@command\csname
      \expandafter\@gobble\string#1 \endcsname
}
```

`\@x@protect`
`\x@protect`

```
\def\x@protect#1{%
   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect\else
      \@x@protect#1%
   \fi
}
\def\@x@protect#1\fi#2#3{%
   \fi\protect#1%
}
```

`\@typeset@protect`

```
\let\@typeset@protect\relax
```

`\set@display@protect`
`\set@typeset@protect`

These macros set `\protect` appropriately for typesetting or displaying.

```
\def\set@display@protect{\let\protect\string}
\def\set@typeset@protect{\let\protect\@typeset@protect}
```

`\protected@edef`
`\protected@xdef`
`\unrestored@protected@xdef`
`\restore@protect`

The commands `\protected@edef` and `\protected@xdef` perform 'safe' `\edef`s and `\xdef`s, saving and restoring `\protect` appropriately. For cases where restoring `\protect` doesn't matter, there's an 'unsafe' `\unrestored@protected@xdef`, useful if you know what you're doing!

```
\def\protected@edef{%
   \let\@@protect\protect
   \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
   \afterassignment\restore@protect
   \edef
}
\def\protected@xdef{%
   \let\@@protect\protect
   \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
   \afterassignment\restore@protect
   \xdef
}
\def\unrestored@protected@xdef{%
   \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
   \xdef
}
\def\restore@protect{\let\protect\@@protect}
```

`\protect`

The normal meaning of `\protect`

```
\set@typeset@protect
```

\MakeRobust The macro firstly checks if the controls sequence in question exists at all.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\MakeRobust}{\MakeRobust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\MakeRobust#1{%
  \@ifundefined{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1}{%
    \@latex@error{The control sequence `\string#1' is undefined!%
      \MessageBreak There is nothing here to make robust}%
    \@eha
  }%
```

Then we check if the macro is already robust. We do this by testing if the internal name for a robust macro is defined, namely `\foo␣`. If it is already defined do nothing, otherwise set `\foo␣` equal to `\foo` and redefine `\foo` so that it acts like a macro defined with `\DeclareRobustCommand`.

```
  {%
    \@ifundefined{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space}%
    {%
      \expandafter\let\csname
      \expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname=#1%
      \edef\reserved@a{\string#1}%
      \def\reserved@b{#1}%
      \edef\reserved@b{\expandafter\strip@prefix\meaning\reserved@b}%
      \edef#1{%
        \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
          \noexpand\x@protect\noexpand#1%
        \fi
        \noexpand\protect\expandafter\noexpand
        \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}%
    }%
    {\@latex@info{The control sequence `\string#1' is already robust}}%
   }%
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\MakeRobust}{\MakeRobust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\MakeRobust\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

11.5 Internal defining commands

These commands are used internally to define other LaTeX commands.

\@ifundefined Check if first arg is undefined or `\relax` and execute second or third arg depending,

```
\def\@ifundefined#1{%
  \expandafter\ifx\csname#1\endcsname\relax
    \expandafter\@firstoftwo
  \else
    \expandafter\@secondoftwo
  \fi}
```

\@qend The following define `\@qend` and `\@qrelax` to be the strings '`end`' and '`relax`'
\@qrelax with the characters `\catcode`d 12.

```
\edef\@qend{\expandafter\@cdr\string\end\@nil}
\edef\@qrelax{\expandafter\@cdr\string\relax\@nil}
```

`\@ifnextchar` `\@ifnextchar` peeks at the following character and compares it with its first argument. If both are the same it executes its second argument, otherwise its third.

```
\long\def\@ifnextchar#1#2#3{%
  \let\reserved@d=#1%
  \def\reserved@a{#2}%
  \def\reserved@b{#3}%
  \futurelet\@let@token\@ifnch}
```

`\kernel@ifnextchar` This macro is the kernel version of `\@ifnextchar` which is used in a couple of places to prevent the AMS variant from being used since in some places this produced chaos (for example if an `fd` file is loaded in a random place then the optional argument to `\ProvidesFile` could get printed there instead of being written only in the log file. This happened when there was a space or a newline between the mandatory and optional arguments! It should really be fixed in the `amsmath` package one day, but...

Note that there may be other places in the kernel where this version should be used rather than the original, but variable, version.

```
\let\kernel@ifnextchar\@ifnextchar
```

`\@ifnch` `\@ifnch` is a tricky macro to skip any space tokens that may appear before the character in question. If it encounters a space token, it calls xifnch.

```
\def\@ifnch{%
  \ifx\@let@token\@sptoken
    \let\reserved@c\@xifnch
  \else
    \ifx\@let@token\reserved@d
      \let\reserved@c\reserved@a
    \else
      \let\reserved@c\reserved@b
    \fi
  \fi
  \reserved@c}
```

`\@sptoken` The following code makes `\@sptoken` a space token. It is important here that the control sequence `\:` consists of a non-letter only, so that the following whitespace is significant. Together with the fact that the equal sign in a `\let` may be followed by only one optional space the desired effect is achieved. NOTE: the following hacking must precede the definition of `\:` as math medium space.

```
\def\:{\let\@sptoken= } \:  % this makes \@sptoken a space token
```

`\@xifnch` In the following definition of `\@xifnch`, `\:` is again used to get a space token as delimiter into the definition.

```
\def\:{\@xifnch} \expandafter\def\: {\futurelet\@let@token\@ifnch}
```

`\makeatletter` `\makeatother` Make internal control sequences accessible or inaccessible.

```
\def\makeatletter{\catcode`\@11\relax}
\def\makeatother{\catcode`\@12\relax}
```

\@ifstar The new implementation below avoids passing the ⟨*true code*⟩ Through one more `\def` than the ⟨*false code*⟩, which previously meant that `#` had to be written as `####` in one argument, but `##` in the other. The `*` is gobbled by `\@firstoftwo`.

```
\def\@ifstar#1{\@ifnextchar *{\@firstoftwo{#1}}}
```

\@dblarg
\@xdblarg

```
\long\def\@dblarg#1{\kernel@ifnextchar[{#1}{\@xdblarg{#1}}}
\long\def\@xdblarg#1#2{#1[{#2}]{#2}}
```

\@sanitize The command `\@sanitize` changes the catcode of all special characters except for braces to 'other'. It can be used for commands like `\index` that want to write their arguments verbatim. Needless to say, this command should only be executed within a group, or chaos will ensue.

```
\def\@sanitize{\@makeother\ \@makeother\\\@makeother\$\@makeother\&%
\@makeother\#\@makeother\^\@makeother\_\@makeother\%\@makeother\~}
```

\@onelevel@sanitize This makes the whole "meaning" of `#1` (its one-level expansion) into catcode 12 tokens: it could be used in `\DeclareRobustCommand`.

If it is to be used on default float specifiers, this should be done when they are defined.

```
\def \@onelevel@sanitize #1{%
  \edef #1{\expandafter\strip@prefix
            \meaning #1}%
}
```

12 Discretionary Hyphenation

\-
\@dischyph Moved here to be after the definition of `\DeclareRobustCommand`.

The primitive `\-` command adds a discretionary hyphen using the current font's `\hyphenchar`. Monospace fonts are usually declared with `\hyphenchar` set to -1 to suppress hyhenation.

LaTeX, from LaTeX2.09 in 1986 defined `\-` by

```
\def\-{\discretionary{-}{}{}}
```

The following comment was added when these commands were first set up, 19 April 1986:

> the `\-` command is redefined to allow it to work in the `\ttfamily` type style, where automatic hyphenation is suppressed by setting `\hyphenchar` to -1. The original primitive TeX definition is saved as `\@@hyph` just in case anyone needs it.

LaTeX 2_ε, between 1993 and 2017, had a comment at this point saying that the definition "would probably change" because the definition always uses `-`. The definition used below was given in comments at this point during time.

In 2017 we finally enabled this definition by default, with the older LaTeX definition accessible via latexrelease as usual.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/04/15}{\-}{Use \hyphenchar in \-}%
```

Temporary definition of `\@latex@info`, final definition is later.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\@latex@info#1{}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand{\-}{%
  \discretionary{%
    \char \ifnum\hyphenchar\font<\z@
            \defaulthyphenchar
          \else
            \hyphenchar\font
          \fi
               }{}{}%
}
\let\@dischyph=\-
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\-}{Use \hyphenchar in \-}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\-{\discretionary{-}{}{}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\@dischyph=\-
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩

⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File e
ltalloc.dtx

13 Counters

This section deals with counter and other variable allocation.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

The following are from plain TEX:

`\z@` A zero dimen or number. It's more efficient to write `\parindent\z@` than `\parindent 0pt`.

`\@ne` The number 1.

`\m@ne` The number −1.

`\tw@` The number 2.

`\sixt@@n` The number 16.

`\@m` The number 1000.

`\@MM` The number 20000.

`\@xxxii` The constant 32.

```
2 \chardef\@xxxii=32
```

`\@Mi` `\@Mii` `\@Miii` `\@miv` Constants 1001–1004.

```
3 \mathchardef\@Mi=10001
4 \mathchardef\@Mii=10002
5 \mathchardef\@Miii=10003
6 \mathchardef\@Miv=10004
```

`\@tempcnta` `\@tempcntb` Scratch count registers used by LATEX kernel commands.

```
7 \newcount\@tempcnta
8 \newcount\@tempcntb
```

`\if@tempswa` General boolean switch used by LATEX kernel commands.

```
9 \newif\if@tempswa
```

`\@tempdima` `\@tempdimb` `\@tempdimc` Scratch dimen registers used by LATEX kernel commands.

```
10 \newdimen\@tempdima
11 \newdimen\@tempdimb
12 \newdimen\@tempdimc
```

`\@tempboxa` Scratch box register used by LATEX kernel commands.

```
13 \newbox\@tempboxa
```

`\@tempskipa` `\@tempskipb` Scratch skip registers used by LATEX kernel commands.

```
14 \newskip\@tempskipa
15 \newskip\@tempskipb
```

`\@temptokena` Scratch token register used by LaTeX kernel commands.

```
\newtoks\@temptokena
```

`\@flushglue` Glue used for `\right-` & `\leftskip` = 0pt plus 1fil

```
\newskip\@flushglue \@flushglue = 0pt plus 1fil
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File f
ltcntrl.dtx

14 Program control structure

This section defines a number of control structure macros, such as while-loops and for-loops.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{control,}
```

`\@whilenum` TEST `\do` {BODY}
`\@whiledim` TEST `\do` {BODY} : These implement the loop
while TEST do BODY od
where TEST is a TeX `\ifnum` or `\ifdim` test, respectively.
They are optimized for the normal case of TEST initially false.

`\@whilesw` SWITCH `\fi` {BODY} : Implements the loop
while SWITCH do BODY od
Optimized for normal case of SWITCH initially false.

`\@for` NAME := LIST `\do` {BODY} : Assumes that LIST expands to A1,A2,
... ,An .
Executes BODY n times, with NAME = Ai on the i-th iteration.
Optimized for the normal case of n = 1. Works for n=0.

`\@tfor` NAME := LIST `\do` {BODY}
if, before expansion, LIST = T1 ... Tn where each Ti is a token or {...}, then executes BODY n times, with NAME = Ti on the i-th iteration. Works for n=0.

NOTES: 1. These macros use no `\@temp` sequences.
2. These macros do not work if the body contains anything that looks syntactically to TeX like an improperly balanced `\if` `\else` `\fi`.

```
\@whilenum TEST \do {BODY} ==
 BEGIN
   if  TEST
     then  BODY
           \@iwhilenum{TEST \relax BODY}
 END

\@iwhilenum {TEST BODY} ==
 BEGIN
   if  TEST
     then  BODY
```

```
          \@nextwhile = def(\@iwhilenum)
      else  \@nextwhile = def(\@whilenoop)
    fi
    \@nextwhile {TEST BODY}
  END

 \@whilesw SWITCH \fi {BODY} ==
  BEGIN
    if SWITCH
      then BODY
           \@iwhilesw {SWITCH BODY}\fi
    fi
  END

 \@iwhilesw {SWITCH BODY} \fi ==
  BEGIN
    if SWITCH
      then BODY
           \@nextwhile = def(\@iwhilesw)
      else \@nextwhile = def(\@whileswnoop)
    fi
    \@nextwhile {SWITCH BODY} \fi
  END
```

\@whilenoop
\@whilenum
\@iwhilenum

```
\long\def\@whilenum#1\do #2{\ifnum #1\relax #2\relax\@iwhilenum{#1\relax
    #2\relax}\fi}
\long\def\@iwhilenum#1{\ifnum #1\expandafter\@iwhilenum
        \else\expandafter\@gobble\fi{#1}}
```

\@whiledim
\@iwhiledim

```
\long\def\@whiledim#1\do #2{\ifdim #1\relax#2\@iwhiledim{#1\relax#2}\fi}
\long\def\@iwhiledim#1{\ifdim #1\expandafter\@iwhiledim
       \else\expandafter\@gobble\fi{#1}}
```

\@whileswnoop
\@whilesw
\@iwhilesw

```
\long\def\@whilesw#1\fi#2{#1#2\@iwhilesw{#1#2}\fi\fi}
\long\def\@iwhilesw#1\fi{#1\expandafter\@iwhilesw
        \else\@gobbletwo\fi{#1}\fi}
```

```
 \@for NAME := LIST \do {BODY} ==
    BEGIN \@forloop expand(LIST),\@nil,\@nil \@@ NAME {BODY}
END

 \@forloop CAR, CARCDR, CDRCDR \@@ NAME {BODY} ==
   BEGIN
     NAME = CAR
     if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
       else BODY;
```

```
                NAME = CARCDR
                if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
                  else BODY
                       \@iforloop CDRCDR \@@ NAME \do {BODY}
                fi
    fi
  END

\@iforloop CAR, CDR \@@ NAME {BODY} =
    NAME = CAR
    if def(NAME) = def(\@nnil)
       then  \@nextwhile = def(\@fornoop)
       else  BODY ;
             \@nextwhile = def(\@iforloop)
    fi
    \@nextwhile name cdr {body}

\@tfor NAME := LIST \do {BODY}
   =  \@tforloop LIST \@nil \@@ NAME {BODY}

\@tforloop car cdr \@@ name {body} =
    name = car
    if def(name) = def(\@nnil)
       then  \@nextwhile == \@fornoop
       else  body ;
             \@nextwhile == \@forloop
    fi
    \@nextwhile name cdr {body}
```

\@nnil

```
\def\@nnil{\@nil}
```

\@empty

```
\def\@empty{}
```

\@fornoop

```
\long\def\@fornoop#1\@@#2#3{}
```

\@for

```
\long\def\@for#1:=#2\do#3{%
  \expandafter\def\expandafter\@fortmp\expandafter{#2}%
  \ifx\@fortmp\@empty \else
    \expandafter\@forloop#2,\@nil,\@nil\@@#1{#3}\fi}
```

\@forloop

```
\long\def\@forloop#1,#2,#3\@@#4#5{\def#4{#1}\ifx #4\@nnil \else
       #5\def#4{#2}\ifx #4\@nnil \else#5\@iforloop #3\@@#4{#5}\fi\fi}
```

\@iforloop

```
\long\def\@iforloop#1,#2\@@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\ifx #3\@nnil
       \expandafter\@fornoop \else
      #4\relax\expandafter\@iforloop\fi#2\@@#3{#4}}
```

\@tfor

```
\def\@tfor#1:={\@tf@r#1 }
\long\def\@tf@r#1#2\do#3{\def\@fortmp{#2}\ifx\@fortmp\space\else
    \@tforloop#2\@nil\@nil\@@#1{#3}\fi}
\long\def\@tforloop#1#2\@@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\ifx #3\@nnil
       \expandafter\@fornoop \else
      #4\relax\expandafter\@tforloop\fi#2\@@#3{#4}}
```

\@break@tfor Break out of a \@tfor loop. This should be called *inside* the scope of an \if. See \@iffileonpath for an example.

```
\long\def\@break@tfor#1\@@#2#3{\fi\fi}
```

\@removeelement Removes an element from a comma-separated list and puts it into a control sequence, called as \@removeelement{⟨*element*⟩}{⟨*list*⟩}{⟨*cs*⟩}. Due to the implementation method the ⟨*element*⟩ is not allowed to contain braces.

```
\def\@removeelement#1#2#3{%
  \def\reserved@a##1,#1,##2\reserved@a{##1,##2\reserved@b}%
  \def\reserved@b##1,\reserved@b##2\reserved@b{%
    \ifx,##1\@empty\else##1\fi}%
  \edef#3{%
    \expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a,#2,\reserved@b,#1,\reserved@a}}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File g
lterror.dtx

15 Error handling

This section defines LaTeX's error commands.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

The '2ekernel' code ensures that a `\usepackage{autoerr}` is essentially ignored if a 'full' format is being used that has the error messages already in the format.

These days we don't support autoloading approach any longer, but this part bit is kept in case it is used in old documents.

```
2 \expandafter\let\csname ver@autoerr.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

15.1 General commands

`\MessageBreak` This command prints a new-line inside a message, followed by a continuation line begun with `\@msg@continuation`. Normally it is defined to be `\relax`, but inside messages, it is let to `\@message@break`.

```
3 \let\MessageBreak\relax
```

`\GenericInfo` This takes two arguments: a continuation and a message, and sends the result to the log file.

```
4 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericInfo}[2]{%
5   \begingroup
6     \def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
7     \set@display@protect
8     \immediate\write\m@ne{#2\on@line.}%
9   \endgroup
10 }
```

`\GenericWarning` This takes two arguments: a continuation and a message, and sends the result to the screen.

```
11 \DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericWarning}[2]{%
12   \begingroup
13     \def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
14     \set@display@protect
15     \immediate\write\@unused{^^J#2\on@line.^^J}%
16   \endgroup
17 }
```

`\GenericError` This macro takes four arguments: a continuation, an error message, where to go for further information, and the help information. It displays the error message, and sets the error help (the result of typing `h` to the prompt), and does a horrible hack to turn the last context line (which by default is the only context line) into just three dots. This could be made more efficient.

```
18 \bgroup
19 \lccode`\@=`\ %
```

```
\lccode`\~=`\ %
\lccode`\}=`\ %
\lccode`\{=`\ %
\lccode`\T=`\T%
\lccode`\H=`\H%
\catcode`\ =11\relax%
\lowercase{%
\egroup%
```

Unfortunately TEX versions older than 3.141 have a bug which means that `^^J` does not force a linebreak in `\message` and `\errmessage` commands. So for these old TEX's we use `\typeout` to produce the message, and then have an empty `\errmessage` command. This causes an extra line of the form

```
! .
```

To appear on the terminal, but if you do not like it, you can always upgrade your TEX! In order for your format to use this version, you must define the macro `\@TeXversion` to be the version number, e.g., 3.14 of the underlying TEX. See the comments in `ltdircheck.dtx`.

```
\dimen@\ifx\@TeXversion\@undefined4\else\@TeXversion\fi\p@%
\ifdim\dimen@>3.14\p@%
```

First the 'standard case'.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericError}[4]{%
\begingroup%
\immediate\write\@unused{}%
\def\MessageBreak{^^J}%
\set@display@protect%
\edef%
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
{{#4}}%
\errhelp
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
\let
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
\@empty
\def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
\def~{\errmessage{%
#2.^^J^^J%
#3^^J%
Type  H <return>  for immediate help%
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
}}%
~%
\endgroup}%
\else%
```

Secondly the version for old TEX's.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\GenericError}[4]{%
\begingroup%
```

```
\immediate\write\@unused{}%
\def\MessageBreak{^^J}%
\set@display@protect%
\edef%
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
{{#4}}%
\errhelp
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
\let
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
\errmessage
\def\MessageBreak{^^J#1}%
\def~{\typeout{! %
#2.^^J^^J%
#3^^J%
Type  H <return>  for immediate help.}%
%    %<-------------------do not delete this space!------------------->%
\@err@                                                                  %
{}}%
~%
\endgroup}%
\fi}%
```

\PackageError
\PackageWarning
\PackageWarningNoLine
\PackageInfo
\ClassError
\ClassWarning
\ClassWarningNoLine
\ClassInfo

These commands are intended for use by package and class writers, to give information to authors. The syntax is:

\PackageError{⟨*package*⟩}{⟨*error*⟩}{⟨*help*⟩}
\PackageWarning{⟨*package*⟩}{⟨*warning*⟩}
\PackageWarningNoLine{⟨*package*⟩}{⟨*warning*⟩}
\PackageInfo{⟨*package*⟩}{⟨*info*⟩}

and similarly for classes. The `Error` commands print the ⟨*error*⟩ message, and present the interactive prompt; if the author types `h`, then the ⟨*help*⟩ information is displayed. The `Warning` commands produce a warning but do not present the interactive prompt. The `WarningNoLine` commands do the same, but don't print the input line number. The `Info` commands write the message to the `log` file. Within the messages, the command `\MessageBreak` can be used to break a line, `\protect` can be used to protect command names, and `\space` is a space, for example:

```
\newcommand{\foo}{FOO}
\PackageWarning{ethel}{%
   Your hovercraft is full of eels,\MessageBreak
   and \protect\foo\space is \foo}
```

produces:

```
Package ethel warning: Your hovercraft is full of eels,
(ethel)                and \foo is FOO on input line 54.
```

```
\gdef\PackageError#1#2#3{%
   \GenericError{%
      (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Package #1 Error: #2%
   }{%
      See the #1 package documentation for explanation.%
   }{#3}%
}
\def\PackageWarning#1#2{%
   \GenericWarning{%
      (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Package #1 Warning: #2%
   }%
}
\def\PackageWarningNoLine#1#2{%
   \PackageWarning{#1}{#2\@gobble}%
}
\def\PackageInfo#1#2{%
   \GenericInfo{%
      (#1) \@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Package #1 Info: #2%
   }%
}
\gdef\ClassError#1#2#3{%
   \GenericError{%
      (#1) \space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Class #1 Error: #2%
   }{%
      See the #1 class documentation for explanation.%
   }{#3}%
}
\def\ClassWarning#1#2{%
   \GenericWarning{%
      (#1) \space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Class #1 Warning: #2%
   }%
}
\def\ClassWarningNoLine#1#2{%
   \ClassWarning{#1}{#2\@gobble}%
}
\def\ClassInfo#1#2{%
   \GenericInfo{%
      (#1) \space\space\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      Class #1 Info: #2%
   }%
}
```

\@latex@error
\@latex@warning
\@latex@warning@no@line
\@latex@info
\@latex@info@no@line

Errors and other info, for use in the LaTeX core.

```
\gdef\@latex@error#1#2{%
   \GenericError{%
      \space\space\space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      LaTeX Error: #1%
   }{%
      See the LaTeX manual or LaTeX Companion for explanation.%
   }{#2}%
}
\def\@latex@warning#1{%
   \GenericWarning{%
      \space\space\space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      LaTeX Warning: #1%
   }%
}
\def\@latex@warning@no@line#1{%
   \@latex@warning{#1\@gobble}}
\def\@latex@info#1{%
   \GenericInfo{%
      \@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
   }{%
      LaTeX Info: #1%
   }%
}
\def\@latex@info@no@line#1{%
  \@latex@info{#1\@gobble}}
```

`\@font@warning` and `\@font@info` are defined later since they have to be redefined by the `tracefnt` package.

```
\def\@font@warning#1{%
   \GenericWarning{%
      {(font)\@spaces\@spaces}%
      {Font Warning: #1}%
 }
\def\@font@info#1{%
   \GenericInfo{%
      (font)\space\@spaces
   }{%
      Font Info: #1%
   }%
 }
```

\c@errorcontextlines

`\errorcontextlines` as a LaTeX counter, so that it may be be manipulated with `\setcounter` (once it is defined :-)

```
\let\c@errorcontextlines\errorcontextlines
\c@errorcontextlines=-1
```

\on@line

The message ‘ on input line n’.

```
\def\on@line{ on input line \the\inputlineno}
```

\@warning
\@@warning
\@latexerr

Older LaTeX messages. For the moment, these \let to the new message commands. They may be changed later, once only obsolete packages and classes contain them.

```
\let\@warning\@latex@warning
\let\@@warning\@latex@warning@no@line
\global\let\@latexerr\@latex@error
```

\@spaces

Four spaces.

```
\def\@spaces{\space\space\space\space}
```

15.2 Specific errors

\@eha
\@ehb
\@ehc
\@ehd

The more common error help messages.

```
\gdef\@eha{%
  Your command was ignored.\MessageBreak
  Type \space I <command> <return> \space to replace it %
  with another command,\MessageBreak
  or \space <return> \space to continue without it.}
\gdef\@ehb{%
  You've lost some text. \space \@ehc}
\gdef\@ehc{%
  Try typing \space <return> %
  \space to proceed.\MessageBreak
  If that doesn't work, type \space X <return> \space to quit.}
\gdef\@ehd{%
  You're in trouble here.  \space\@ehc}
```

\@notdefinable

Error message generated in \@ifdefinable from calls to one of the commands \newcommand, \newlength or \newtheorem specifying an already-defined command name or one that begins \end....

```
\gdef\@notdefinable{%
 \@latex@error{%
   Command \@backslashchar\reserved@a\space
   already defined.\MessageBreak
   Or name \@backslashchar\@qend... illegal,
   see p.192 of the manual}\@eha}
```

\@nolnerr

Generated by \newline and \\ when called in vertical mode.

```
\gdef\@nolnerr{%
  \@latex@error{There's no line here to end}\@eha}
```

\@nocounterr

Generated by \setcounter, \addtocounter or \newcounter if applied to an undefined counter ⟨*cnt*⟩.

\@nocnterr

Obsolete error message generated in LaTeX2.09 by \setcounter, \addtocounter or \newcounter for undefined counter. DO NOT use for LaTeX 2ε it MIGHT vanish! Use \@nocounterr{⟨*cnt*⟩} instead.

```
\gdef\@nocounterr#1{%
  \@latex@error{No counter '#1' defined}\@eha}
\gdef\@nocnterr{\@nocounterr?}
```

`\@ctrerr` Called when trying to print the value of a counter numbered by letters that's greater than 26.

```
\gdef\@ctrerr{%
  \@latex@error{Counter too large}\@ehb}
```

`\@nodocument` Error produced if paragraphs are typeset in the preamble.

```
\gdef\@nodocument{%
  \@latex@error{Missing \protect\begin{document}}\@ehd}
```

`\@badend` Called by `\end` that doesn't match its `\begin`. RmS 1992/08/24: added code to `\@badend` to display position of non-matching `\begin`. FMi 1993/01/14: missing space added.

```
\gdef\@badend#1{%
  \@latex@error{\protect\begin{\@currenvir}\@currenvline
                      \space ended by \protect\end{#1}}\@eha}
```

`\@badmath` Called by `\[`, `\]`, `\(` or `\)` when used in wrong mode.

```
\gdef\@badmath{%
  \@latex@error{Bad math environment delimiter}\@eha}
```

`\@toodeep` Called by a list environment nested more than six levels deep, or an enumerate or itemize nested more than four levels.

```
\gdef\@toodeep{%
  \@latex@error{Too deeply nested}\@ehd}
```

`\@badpoptabs` Called by `\endtabbing` when not enough `\poptabs` have occurred, or by `\poptabs` when too many have occurred.

```
\gdef\@badpoptabs{%
  \@latex@error{\protect\pushtabs\space and \protect\poptabs
      \space don't match}\@ehd}
```

`\@badtab` Called by `\>`, `\+` , `\-` or `\<` when stepping to an undefined tab.

```
\gdef\@badtab{%
 \@latex@error{Undefined tab position}\@ehd}
```

`\@preamerr` This error is special: it appears in places where we normally have to `\protect` expansions. However, to prevent a protection of the error message itself (which would result in the message getting printed not issued on the terminal) we need to locally reset `\protect` to `\relax`.

```
\gdef\@preamerr#1{%
  \begingroup
    \let\protect\relax
    \@latex@error{\ifcase #1 Illegal character\or
     Missing @-exp\or Missing p-arg\fi\space
     in array arg}\@ehd
  \endgroup}
```

`\@badlinearg` Occurs in `\line` and `\vector` command when a bad slope argument is encountered.

```
\gdef\@badlinearg{%
  \@latex@error{%
       Bad \protect\line\space or \protect\vector
       \space argument}\@ehb}
```

`\@parmoderr` Occurs in a float environment or a `\marginpar` when encountered in inner vertical mode.

```
\gdef\@parmoderr{%
  \@latex@error{Not in outer par mode}\@ehb}
```

`\@fltovf` Occurs in float environment or `\marginpar` when there are no more free boxes for storing floats.

```
\gdef\@fltovf{%
  \@latex@error{Too many unprocessed floats}\@ehb}
```

`\@latexbug` Occurs in output routine. This is bad news.

```
\gdef\@latexbug{%
  \@latex@error{This may be a LaTeX bug}{Call for help}}
```

`\@badcrerr` This error was removed and replaced by `\@nolnerr`.

```
%\def\@badcrerr {\@latex@error{Bad use of \protect\\}\@ehc}
```

`\@noitemerr` `\addvspace` or `\addpenalty` was called when not in vmode. Probably caused by a missing `\item`.

```
\gdef\@noitemerr{%
  \@latex@error{Something's wrong--perhaps a missing %
      \protect\item}\@ehc}
```

`\@notprerr` A command that can be used only in the preamble appears after the command `\begin{document}`.

```
\gdef\@notprerr{%
  \@latex@error{Can be used only in preamble}\@eha}
```

`\@inmatherr` Issued by commands that don't work correctly within math (like `\item`). There is no real error recovery happening, e.g., the user might get additional errors afterwards.

```
\gdef\@inmatherr#1{%
   \relax
   \ifmmode
    \@latex@error{Command \protect#1 invalid in math mode}\@ehc
   \fi}
```

`\@invalidchar` An error for use with invalid characters. This is commented out, since we decided to use catcode 15 instead.

```
%\def\@invalidchar{\@latex@error{Invalid character in input}\@ehc}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

As well as the above error commands some error messages are directly coded to save space. The Messages already present in LaTeX2.09 inlcuded:

`Environment --- undefined`

Issued by `\begin` for undefined environment.

`tab overflow`

Occurs in `\= when` maximum number of tabs exceeded.

`\< in mid line`

Occurs in `\<` when it appears in middle of line.

`Float(s) lost`

In output routine, caused by a float environment or `\marginpar` occurring in inner vertical mode.

File h
ltpar.dtx

16 Paragraphs

This section of the kernel declares the commands used to set \par and \everypar when ever their function needs to be changed for a long time.

16.1 Implementation

There are two situations in which \par may be changed:

- Long-term changes, in which the new value is to remain in effect until the current environment is left. The environments that change \par in this way are the following:
  - All list environments (itemize, quote, etc.)
  - Environments that turn \par into a noop: tabbing, array and tabular.
- Temporary changes, in which \par is restored to its previous value the next time it is executed. The following are all such uses.
  - \end when preceded by \@endparenv, which is called by \endtrivlist
  - The mechanism for avoiding page breaks and getting the spacing right after section heads.

\@setpar To permit the proper interaction of these two situations, long-term changes are made by the \@setpar{⟨*VAL*⟩} command. It's function is:

To set \par. It \def's \par and \@par to ⟨*VAL*⟩.

\@restorepar Short-term changes are made by the usual \def\par commands. The original values are restored after a short-term change by the \@restorepar commands.

\@@par \@@par always is defined to be the original TEX \par.

\everypar \everypar is changed only for the short term. Whenever \everypar is set non-null, it should restore itself to null when executed.

The following commands change \everypar in this way:

- \item
- \end when preceded by \@endparenv, which is called by endtrivlist
- \minipage

When dealing with \par and \everypar remember the following two warnings:

1. Commands that make short-term changes to \par and \everypar must take account of the possibility that the new commands and the ones that do the restoration may be executed inside a group. In particular, \everypar is executed inside a group whenever a new paragraph begins with a left brace. The \everypar command that restores its definition should be local to the current group (in case the command is inside a minipage used inside someplace

where \everypar has been redefined). Thus, if \everypar is redefined to do an \everypar{} it could take several executions of \everypar before the restoration "holds". This usually causes no problem. However, to prevent the extra executions from doing harm, use a global switch to keep anything harmful in the new \everypar from being done twice.

2. Commands that change \everypar should remember that \everypar might be supposed to set the following switches false:

   - @nobreak
   - @minipage

   they should do the setting if necessary.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\message{par,}
```

\@setpar
\@par

Initiate a long-term change to \par.

```
\def\@setpar#1{\def\par{#1}\def\@par{#1}}
```

The default definition of \@par will ensure that if \@restorepar defines \par to execute \@par it will redefine itself to the primitive \@@par after one iteration.

```
\def\@par{\let\par\@@par\par}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

\@restorepar

Restore from a short-term change to \par.

```
\def\@restorepar{\def\par{\@par}}
```

File i
ltspace.dtx

17 Spacing

This section deals with spacing, and line- and page-breaking.

17.1 User Commands

`\nopagebreak` `[`⟨*i*⟩`]` : ⟨*i*⟩ = 0,...,4.
Default argument = 4. Puts a penalty into the vertical list output as follows:
0 : penalty = 0
1 : penalty = `\@lowpenalty`
2 : penalty = `\@medpenalty`
3 : penalty = `\@highpenalty`
4 : penalty = 10000

`\pagebreak` `[`⟨*i*⟩`]` : same as except negatives of its penalty

`\linebreak` `[`⟨*i*⟩`]` : analog of the above

`\nolinebreak` `[`⟨*i*⟩`]` : analog of the above

`\samepage` : inhibits page breaking most places by setting the following penalties to 10000:
`\interlinepenalty`
`\postdisplaypenalty`
`\interdisplaylinepenalty`
`\@beginparpenalty`
`\@endparpenalty`
`\@itempenalty`
`\@secpenalty`
`\interfootnotelinepenalty`

`\\` : initially defined to be `\newline`
`\\[`⟨*length*⟩`]` : initially defined to be `\vspace{`⟨*length*⟩`}\newline`
Note: `\\*` adds a `\vadjust{\penalty 10000}`
OBSOLETE COMMANDS (which never made it into the manual):
`\obeycr` : defines ¡CR¿ == `\\\relax`
`\restorecr` : restores ¡CR¿ to its usual meaning.

17.2 Chris' comments

There are several aspects of the handling of space in horizontal mode that are inconsistent or do not work well in some cases. These are largely concerned with ignoring the effect of space tokens that would otherwise typeset an inter-word space.

Negating the effect of such space tokens is achieved by two mechanisms:

- `\unskip` is used to remove the glue just added by a space that has already had its effect; it is sometimes invoked after an `\ifdim` test on `\lastskip` (see below);
- `\ignorespaces` is used to ignore space-tokens yet to come.

The test done on \lastskip is sometimes for equality with zero and sometimes for being positive. Recall also that the test is only on the natural length of the glue and that no glue cannot be distinguished from glue whose natural length is zero: to summarise, a pretty awful test. It is not clear why these tests are not all the same; I think that they should all be for equality. One place where \unskip is often used is just before a \par (which itself internally does an \unskip) and one bit of code (in \@item) even has two \unskips before a \par. These uses may be fossil code but if they are necessary, maybe \@killglue would be even safer.

Such removal of glue by \unskip may sometimes have the wrong result, removing not the glue from a space-token but other explicit glue; this is sometimes not what is intended.

A common way to prevent such removal is to add an \hskip\z@ after the glue that should not be removed. This protects that glue against one \unskip with no test but not against more than one. It does work for 'tested \unskips'. This is used by \hspace* but not by \hspace; this is inconsistent as the star is supposed to prevent removal only at the beginning of a line, not at the end, or in a tabular, etc.

If this reason for removing glue were the only consideration then a tested-\unskip and protection by \hskip\z@ would suffice but would need to be consistently implemented.

However, the class of invisibles, commands and environments tries to be even cleverer: one of these tries to leave only one inter-word space whenever there is one before it and one after it; and it does this quite well.

But problems can arise when there is not a space-token on both sides of it; in particular, when an invisible appears at the beginning or end of a piece of text the method still leaves one space token whereas usually in these cases it should leave none.

Also, the current rules do not work well when more than one such command appears consecutively, separated by space-tokens; it leaves glue between every other invisible.

There is also a question about what these commands should do when they occur next to spaces that do not come from space tokens but, for example, from \hspace. Should they still produce 'just one space'? If so, which one? It is good to note that the manual is sufficiently cautious about invisibles that we are not obliged to make anything work.

Another interesting side-road to explore is whether the space-tokens either side of an \hspace{...} should be ignored.

One alternative to the current algorithm that is often suggested is that all glue around the invisible should be consolidated into a space after it (usually without stating how much glue should be put there). The command \nolinebreak is implemented this way (and \linebreak should also be). This does not work correctly for the following common case:

```
... some text
\index{some-word}
some-word and more text.
```

This is optimal coding since it is normal to index a word that gets split across a page-break on its starting page. This would, on the other hand, fix another common (and documented) failure of the current system: when the invisible is

the last thing in a paragraph the space before it is not removed and, worse, it is also hidden from the paragraph-ending mechanism so that an 'empty' line can be created at the end of the paragraph.

Another deficiency (I think) of the current system is that the following is treated as having the `\index` command between the paragraphs, which is probably not what the author intended (since there is no empty line after it).

```
\index{beginnings}
Beginnings of paragraphs ...
```

I know of no algorithm that will handle satisfactorily even all the most common cases; note that it could be that the best algorithm may be different for different invisibles since, for example, the common uses and expected behaviour of `\index`, `\marginpar`, `\linebreak`, `\pagebreak` and `\vspace` are somewhat different. [For example, is `\vspace` ever used in the middle of a paragraph?]

One method that can (and is) used to make invisible commands produce no space when used at the beginning of text is to put in some glue that is nearly enough the same as no glue or glue of zero length in all respects except for the precise test for not being exactly equal to zero; examples of such glue are `\hskip 1sp` and, possibly better but more complex, `\hskip -1sp \hskip 1sp`. However, this only works when it is known that user-supplied text is about to start.

Some similar concerns apply to the handling of space and penalties in vertical mode; there is an extra hurdle here as `\unskip` does not work on the main vertical list. The complexity of the tests done by `\addvspace` have never been explained.

The implementation of space hacks etc for vertical mode is another major area that needs further attention; my earlier experiments did not produce much improvement over the current unsatisfactory situation.

One particular problem is what happens when the following very natural coding is used (part of the problem here is that this looks like an hmode problem, but it is not):

```
... end of text.

\begin{enumerate}
  \item \label{item:xxx} Item text.
\end{enumerate}
```

17.3 Some immediate actions

- Fix bug in `\linebreak`.
- Fix bug in `\\*`.
- Reimplement `\\`, etc, removing extra `\vadjust`s and getting better error trapping (this seems to involve a lot more tokens).
- Investigate whether `\\`, etc need to be errors in vmode; I think that they could be noops (maybe with a warning).
- Make all(?) `\unskips` include test for zero skip (rather than other tests or no test).

- Consider replacing `\hskip 1sp` by something better (here called an 'infinitesimal' skip).
- Look at all `\hskip\z@` (or similar) to see if they should be changed to an 'infinitesimal' skip.
- Resolve the inconsistency between `\hspace` and `\hspace*`.
- Remove unnecessary `\unskips`.
- Investigate and rationalise the 'newline' code.
- Find better algorithms for all sorts of things or, easier(?), fix TEX itself.

17.4 The code

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{spacing,}
```

\pagebreak
\nopagebreak

```
3 \def\pagebreak{\@testopt{\@no@pgbk-}4}
4 \def\nopagebreak{\@testopt\@no@pgbk4}
```

\@no@pgbk

```
5 \def\@no@pgbk #1[#2]{%
6   \ifvmode
7     \penalty #1\@getpen{#2}%
8   \else
9     \@bsphack
10    \vadjust{\penalty #1\@getpen{#2}}%
11    \@esphack
12  \fi}
```

\linebreak
\nolinebreak

```
13 \def\linebreak{\@testopt{\@no@lnbk-}4}
14 \def\nolinebreak{\@testopt\@no@lnbk4}
```

\@no@lnbk

```
15 \def\@no@lnbk #1[#2]{%
16   \ifvmode
17     \@nolnerr
18   \else
19     \@tempskipa\lastskip
20     \unskip
21     \penalty #1\@getpen{#2}%
22     \ifdim\@tempskipa>\z@
23       \hskip\@tempskipa
24       \ignorespaces
25     \fi
26   \fi}
```

\samepage

```
27 \def\samepage{\interlinepenalty\@M
28    \postdisplaypenalty\@M
```

```
  \interdisplaylinepenalty\@M
  \@beginparpenalty\@M
  \@endparpenalty\@M
  \@itempenalty\@M
  \@secpenalty\@M
  \interfootnotelinepenalty\@M}
```

\\ The purpose of the new code is to fix a few bugs; however, it also attempts to optimize the following, in order of priority:

1. efficient execution of plain \\;
2. efficient execution of \\[...];
3. memory use;
4. name-space use.

The changes should make no difference to the typeset output. It appears to be safe to use \reserved@e and \reserved@f here (other reserved macros are somewhat disastrous).

These changes made \newline even less robust than it had been, so now it is explicitly robust, like \\.

\@normalcr The internal definition of the 'normal' definition of \\.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\\{%
  \let \reserved@e \relax
  \let \reserved@f \relax
  \@ifstar{\let \reserved@e \vadjust \let \reserved@f \nobreak
              \@xnewline}%
           \@xnewline}
\expandafter\let\expandafter\@normalcr
     \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string\\ \endcsname
```

\newline A simple form of the 'normal' definition of \\.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\newline{\@normalcr\relax}
```

\@xnewline

```
\def\@xnewline{\@ifnextchar[% ] bracket matching
                  \@newline
                 {\@gnewline\relax}}
```

\@newline

```
\def\@newline[#1]{\let \reserved@e \vadjust
                    \@gnewline {\vskip #1}}
```

\@gnewline The \nobreak added to prevent null lines when \\ ends an overfull line. Change made 24 May 89 as suggested by Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Schöpf

```
\def\@gnewline #1{%
  \ifvmode
    \@nolnerr
  \else
    \unskip \reserved@e {\reserved@f#1}\nobreak \hfil \break
  \fi}
```

\@getpen

```
\def\@getpen#1{\ifcase #1 \z@ \or \@lowpenalty\or
         \@medpenalty \or \@highpenalty
         \else \@M \fi}
```

\if@nobreak Switch used to avoid page breaks caused by \label after a section heading, etc. It should be **GLOBALLY** set true after the \nobreak and **globally** set false by the next invocation of \everypar.

Commands that reset \everypar should globally set it false if appropriate.

```
\def\@nobreakfalse{\global\let\if@nobreak\iffalse}
\def\@nobreaktrue {\global\let\if@nobreak\iftrue}
\@nobreakfalse
```

\@savsk Registers used to save the space factor and last skip.
\@savsf

```
\newdimen\@savsk
\newcount\@savsf
```

\@bsphack \@bsphack and \@esphack used by macros such as \index and \begin{@float} ... \end{@float} that want to be invisible — i.e., not leave any extra space when used in the middle of text. Such a macro should begin with \@bsphack and end with \@esphack The macro in question should not create any text, nor change the mode.

Before giving the current definition we give an extended definition that is currently not used (because it doesn't work as advertised:-)

These are generalised hacks which attempt to do sensible things when 'invisible commands' appear in vmode too.

They need to cope with space in both hmode (plus spacefactor) and vmode, and also cope with breaks etc. In vmode this means ensuring that any following \addvspace, etc sees the correct glue in \lastskip.

In fact, these improved versions should be used for other cases of 'whatsits, thingies etc' which should be invisible. They are only for commands, not environments (see notes on \@Esphack).

BTW, anyone know why the standard hacks are surrounded by \ifmmode\else rather than simply \ifhmode?

And are there any cases where saving the spacefactor is essential? I have some extensions where it is, but it does not appear to be so in the standard uses.

```
\def \@bsphack{%
  \relax \ifvmode
    \@savsk \lastskip
    \ifdim \lastskip=\z@
    \else
      \vskip -\lastskip
    \fi
  \else
    \ifhmode
      \@savsk \lastskip
      \@savsf \spacefactor
    \fi
  \fi
}
```

I think that, in vmode, it is the safest to put in a `\nobreak` immediately after such things since writes, inserts etc followed by glue give valid breakpoints and, in general, it is possible to create breaks but impossible to destroy them.

```
\def \@esphack{%
   \relax \ifvmode
     \nobreak
     \ifdim \@savsk=\z@
     \else
       \vskip\@savsk
     \fi
   \else
     \ifhmode
       \spacefactor \@savsf
       \ifdim \@savsk>\z@
         \ignorespaces
       \fi
     \fi
   \fi
}
```

For the moment we are going to ignore the vertical versions until they are correct.

```
\def\@bsphack{%
  \relax
  \ifhmode
    \@savsk\lastskip
    \@savsf\spacefactor
  \fi}
```

`\@esphack` Companion to `\@bsphack`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@esphack{%
  \relax
  \ifhmode
    \spacefactor\@savsf
    \ifdim\@savsk>\z@

      \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
        \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
      \fi
      \ignorespaces
    \fi
  \fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@esphack{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifhmode
⟨latexrelease⟩    \spacefactor\@savsf
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩      \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ignorespaces
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@esphack{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifhmode
⟨latexrelease⟩    \spacefactor\@savsf
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ignorespaces
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@Esphack` A variant of `\@esphack` that sets the `@ignore` switch to true (as `\@esphack` used to do previously). This is currently used only for floats and similar environments. w

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@Esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@Esphack{%
  \relax
  \ifhmode
    \spacefactor\@savsf
    \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
      \nobreak \hskip\z@skip
      \@ignoretrue
      \ignorespaces
    \fi
   \fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@Esphack}{hyphenation after space hack}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@Esphack{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifhmode
⟨latexrelease⟩    \spacefactor\@savsf
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifdim\@savsk>\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩      \@ignoretrue
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ignorespaces
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@vbsphack` Another variant which is useful for invisible things which should not live in vmode (this is how some people feel about marginals).

If it occurs in vmode then it enters hmode and ensures that `\@savsk` is nonzero so that the `\ignorespaces` is put in later. It is not used at present.

```
\def \@vbsphack{ %
   \relax \ifvmode
     \leavevmode
     \@savsk 1sp
     \@savsf \spacefactor
   \else
     \ifhmode
       \@savsk \lastskip
       \@savsf \spacefactor
     \fi
   \fi
}
```

17.5 Vertical spacing

LaTeX supports the plain TeX commands `\smallskip`, `\medskip` and `\bigskip`. However, it redefines them using `\vspace` instead of `\vskip`.

Extra vertical space is added by the command `\addvspace{`⟨*skip*⟩`}`, which adds a vertical skip of ⟨*skip*⟩ to the document. The sequence `\addvspace{`⟨*s1*⟩`}` `\addvspace{`⟨*s2*⟩`}` is equivalent to `\addvspace{`⟨*maximum of s1, s2*⟩`}`.

`\addvspace` should be used only in vertical mode, and gives an error if it's not. The `\addvspace` command does *not* add vertical space if `@minipage` is true. The minipage environment uses this to inhibit the addition of extra vertical space at the beginning.

Penalties are put into the vertical list with the `\addpenalty{`⟨*penalty*⟩`}` command. It works properly when `\addpenalty` and `\addvspace` commands are mixed.

The `@nobreak` switch is set true used when in vertical mode and no page break should occur. (Right now, it is used only by the section heading commands to inhibit page breaking after a heading.)

```
\addvspace{SKIP} ==
 BEGIN
  if vmode
    then if @minipage
           else if \lastskip =0
                   then  \vskip SKIP
                   else  if \lastskip < SKIP
                            then  \vskip -\lastskip
                                  \vskip SKIP
                            else if SKIP < 0 and \lastskip >= 0
                                   then \vskip -\lastskip
                                        \vskip \lastskip + SKIP
         fi      fi       fi      fi
    else useful error message (CAR).
  fi
 END
```

`\@xaddvskip` Internal macro for `\vspace` handling the case that space has previously been added.

```
\def\@xaddvskip{%
  \ifdim\lastskip<\@tempskipb
    \vskip-\lastskip
    \vskip\@tempskipb
  \else
    \ifdim\@tempskipb<\z@
      \ifdim\lastskip<\z@
      \else
        \advance\@tempskipb\lastskip
        \vskip-\lastskip
        \vskip \@tempskipb
      \fi
    \fi
  \fi}
```

`\addvspace` Add vertical space taking into account space already added, as described above.

```
\def\addvspace#1{%
  \ifvmode
     \if@minipage\else
       \ifdim \lastskip =\z@
         \vskip #1\relax
       \else
       \@tempskipb#1\relax
         \@xaddvskip
       \fi
     \fi
  \else
    \@noitemerr
  \fi}
```

`\addpenalty`

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                      {\addpenalty}{\addpenalty}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

Fix provided by Donald (though the original fix was not good enough). In 2005 Plamen Tanovski discovered that this fix wasn't good enough either as the `\vskip` kept getting bigger if several `\addpenalty` commands followed each other. Donald kindly send a new fix.

```
\def\addpenalty#1{%
  \ifvmode
    \if@minipage
    \else
      \if@nobreak
      \else
        \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
          \penalty#1\relax
        \else
          \@tempskipb\lastskip
```

We have to make sure the final `\vskip` seen by TEX is the correct one, namely `\@tempskipb`. However we may have to adjust for `\prevdepth` when placing the penalty but that should not affect the skip we pass on to TEX.

```
          \begingroup
            \@tempskipa\@tempskipb
            \advance \@tempskipb
              \ifdim\prevdepth>\maxdepth\maxdepth\else
```

If `\prevdepth` is -1000pt due to `\nointerlineskip` we better not add it!

```
                \ifdim \prevdepth = -\@m\p@ \z@ \else \prevdepth \fi
              \fi
            \vskip -\@tempskipb
            \penalty#1%
            \ifdim\@tempskipa=\@tempskipb
```

Do nothing if the `\prevdepth` check made no adjustment.

```
            \else
```

Combine the prevdepth adjustment into a single skip.

```
              \advance\@tempskipb -\@tempskipa
              \vskip \@tempskipb
            \fi
```

The final skip is always the specified length.

```
            \vskip \@tempskipa
          \endgroup
        \fi
      \fi
    \fi
  \else
    \@noitemerr
  \fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\addpenalty}{\addpenalty}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\addpenalty#1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifvmode
⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@minipage
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \if@nobreak
⟨latexrelease⟩      \else
⟨latexrelease⟩        \ifdim\lastskip=\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩          \penalty#1\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩        \else
⟨latexrelease⟩          \@tempskipb\lastskip
⟨latexrelease⟩          \vskip -\lastskip
⟨latexrelease⟩          \penalty#1%
⟨latexrelease⟩          \vskip\@tempskipb
⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@noitemerr
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\vspace`
`\@vspace`
`\@vspacer`

The new code for these commands depends on the following facts:

- The value of prevdepth is changed only when a box or rule is created and added to a vertical list;
- The value of prevdepth is used only when a box is created and added to a vertical list;
- The value of prevdepth is always local to the building of one vertical list.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\vspace{\@ifstar\@vspacer\@vspace}
\def\@vspace #1{%
  \ifvmode
    \vskip #1
    \vskip\z@skip
   \else
     \@bsphack
     \vadjust{\@restorepar
              \vskip #1
              \vskip\z@skip
              }%
     \@esphack
   \fi}
\def\@vspacer#1{%
  \ifvmode
    \dimen@\prevdepth
    \hrule \@height\z@
    \nobreak
    \vskip #1
    \vskip\z@skip
    \prevdepth\dimen@
  \else
    \@bsphack
    \vadjust{\@restorepar
             \hrule \@height\z@
             \nobreak
             \vskip #1
             \vskip\z@skip}%
    \@esphack
  \fi}
```

\smallskip
\medskip
\bigskip

```
\def\smallskip{\vspace\smallskipamount}
\def\medskip{\vspace\medskipamount}
\def\bigskip{\vspace\bigskipamount}
```

\smallskipamount
\medskipamount
\bigskipamount

```
\newskip\smallskipamount \smallskipamount=3pt plus 1pt minus 1pt
\newskip\medskipamount   \medskipamount  =6pt plus 2pt minus 2pt
\newskip\bigskipamount   \bigskipamount =12pt plus 4pt minus 4pt
```

17.6 Horizontal space (and breaks)

\nobreakdashes

This idea is borrowed from the amsmath package but here we define a robust command.

This command is a low-level command designed for use only before hyphens or dashes (such as `-`, `--`, or `---`).

It could probably be better implemented: it may need its own private token register and temporary command.

Setting the hyphen in a box and then unboxing it means that the normal penalty will not be added after it—and if the penalty is not there a break will not be taken (unless an explicit penalty or glue follows, thus the final `\nobreak`).

Note that even if it is not followed by a '-', it still leaves vmode and sets the spacefactor; so use it carefully!

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\nobreakdashes}{%
  \leavevmode
  \toks@{}%
  \def\reserved@a##1{\toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@-}%
                     \futurelet\@let@token \reserved@b}%
  \def\reserved@b   {\ifx\@let@token -%
                        \expandafter\reserved@a
                     \else
                       \setbox\z@ \hbox{\the\toks@\nobreak}%
                       \unhbox\z@
                       \spacefactor\sfcode`\-
                     \fi}%
  \futurelet\@let@token \reserved@b
}
```

`\nobreakspace` `\@xobeysp` This is a robust command that produces a horizontal space at which, in paragraph-mode, a line-break is not possible. We then define an active `~` to expand to it since this is the documented behaviour of `~`. One reason for introducing this is that some 8-bit input encodings have a slot for such a space and we do not want to use active characters as the LaTeX internal commands.

The braces in the definition of `~` are needed to ensure that a following space is preserved when reading to/from internal files.

We need to keep `\@xobeysp` as it is widely used; so here it is let to the non-robust command `\nobreakspace` .

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\nobreakspace}{%
   \leavevmode\nobreak\ }
\catcode `\~=13
\def~{\nobreakspace{}}
\expandafter\let\expandafter\@xobeysp\csname nobreakspace \endcsname
```

`\,` Used in paragraph mode produces a `\thinspace`. It has the ordinary definition in math mode. Useful for quotes inside quotes, as in ``` ``\,`Foo', he said.'' ```

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\,}{%
   \relax\ifmmode\mskip\thinmuskip\else\thinspace\fi
}
```

`\@` Placed before a '.', makes it a sentence-ending period. Does the right thing for other punctuation marks as well. Does this by setting spacefactor to 1000.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\@}{Space after \@}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

```
\def\@{\spacefactor\@m{}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@}{Space after \@}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@{\spacefactor\@m}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\hspace`

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\hspace{\@ifstar\@hspacer\@hspace}
```

`\@hspace`

```
\def\@hspace#1{\hskip #1\relax}
```

`\@hspacer` extra `\hskip 0pt` added 1985/17/12 to guard against a following `\unskip \relax` added 13 Oct 88 for usual TEX lossage replaced both changes by `\hskip\z@skip` 27 Nov 91

```
\def\@hspacer#1{\vrule \@width\z@\nobreak
                \hskip #1\hskip \z@skip}
```

`\fill`

```
\newskip\fill
\fill = 0pt plus 1fill
```

`\stretch`

```
\def\stretch#1{\z@ \@plus #1fill\relax}
```

`\thinspace`
`\negthinspace`
`\enspace`

```
\def\thinspace{\kern .16667em }
\def\negthinspace{\kern-.16667em }
\def\enspace{\kern.5em }
```

`\enskip`
`\quad`
`\qquad`

```
\def\enskip{\hskip.5em\relax}
\def\quad{\hskip1em\relax}
\def\qquad{\hskip2em\relax}
```

`\obeycr`
`\restorecr`

The following definitions will probably get deleted or moved to compatibility mode soon.

```
{\catcode`\^^M=13 \gdef\obeycr{\catcode`\^^M13 \def^^M{\\\relax}%
    \@gobblecr}%
{\catcode`\^^M=13 \gdef\@gobblecr{\@ifnextchar
\@gobble\ignorespaces}}
\gdef\restorecr{\catcode`\^^M5 }}
```

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File j
ltlogos.dtx

18 Logos

Various logos are defined here.

`\TeX` The TEX logo, adjusted so that a full stop after the logo counts as ending a sentence.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\TeX{T\kern-.1667em\lower.5ex\hbox{E}\kern-.125emX\@}
```

`\LaTeX` The LATEX logo.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeX}{L\kern-.36em%
        {\sbox\z@ T%
         \vbox to\ht\z@{\hbox{\check@mathfonts
                              \fontsize\sf@size\z@
                              \math@fontsfalse\selectfont
                              A}%
                       \vss}%
        }%
        \kern-.15em%
        \TeX}
```

`\LaTeXe` The LATEX 2_ε logo as proposed by A-W designers.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\LaTeXe}{\mbox{\m@th
  \if b\expandafter\@car\f@series\@nil\boldmath\fi
  \LaTeX\kern.15em2$_{\textstyle\varepsilon}$}}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File k
ltfiles.dtx

19 File Handling

The following user commands are defined in this part:

`\document` (ie `\begin{document}`)
Reads in the .AUX files and `\catcode`'s `@` to 12.

`\nofiles`
Suppresses all file output by setting `\@filesw` false.

`\includeonly` `{`⟨*NAME1, ... ,NAMEn*⟩`}`
Causes only parts NAME1, ... ,NAMEn to be read by their `\include` commands. Works by setting partsw true and setting `\@partlist` to NAME1, ... ,NAMEn.

`\include` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`
Does an `\input` NAME unless `\@partsw` is true and NAME is not in `\@partlist`. If `\@filesw` is true, then it directs .AUX output to NAME.AUX, including a checkpoint at the end.

`\input` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}`
The same as TeX's `\input`, except it allows optional braces around the file name. In LaTeX 2_ε, it also avoids the primitive 'missing file' error, if the file can not be found.

`\IfFileExists` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}{`⟨*then*⟩`}{`⟨*else*⟩`}`
If the file exists on the system, execute *then* otherwise execute *else*.

`\InputIfFileExists` `{`⟨*NAME*⟩`}{`⟨*then*⟩`}{`⟨*else*⟩`}`
If the file exists on the system, execute *then* and input *NAME* otherwise execute *else*.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{files,}
```

```
VARIABLES, SWITCHES AND INTERNAL COMMANDS:
  \@mainaux     : Output file number for main .AUX file.
  \@partaux     : Output file number for current part's .AUX file.
  \@auxout      : Either \@mainout or \@partout, depending on
                  which .AUX file output goes to.
  \@input{foo} : If file foo exists, then \input's it,
                  otherwise types a warning message.
  @filesw       : Switch – set false if no .AUX, .TOC, .IDX etc
                    files are to be written
  @partsw       : Set true by a \includeonly command.
  \@partlist    : Set to the argument of the \includeonly command.

  \cp@FOO       : The checkpoint for \include'd file FOO.TEX, written
                  by \@writeckpt at the end of file FOO.AUX


\includeonly{FILELIST} ==
 BEGIN
```

```
  \@partsw   := T
  \@partlist := FILELIST
 END

\include{FILE} ==
 BEGIN
  \clearpage
  if \@filesw = T
    then  \immediate\write\@mainaux{\string\@input{FILE.AUX}}
  fi
  if  \@partsw = T
    then \@tempswa := F
         \reserved@b == FILE
         for \reserved@a := \@partlist
             do if eval(\reserved@a) = eval(\reserved@b)
                  then \@tempswa := T           fi
             od
  fi

  if \@tempswa = T
     then \@auxout := \@partaux
          if \@filesw = T
            then  \immediate\openout\@partaux{FILE.AUX}
                  \immediate\write\@partaux{\relax}
          fi
          \@input{FILE.TEX}
          \clearpage
          \@writeckpt{FILE}
          if @filesw then \closeout \@partaux fi
          \@auxout := \@mainaux
     else \cp@FILE
  fi
 END

\@writeckpt{FILE} ==
 BEGIN
   if \@filesw = T
       \immediate\write on file \@partaux:
                \@setckpt{FILE}{                  %% }
       for \reserved@a := \cl@@ckpt
          do  \immediate\write on file \@partaux:
                \global\string\setcounter

{eval(\reserved@a)}{eval(\c@eval(\reserved@a))}
          od                                      %% {
       \immediate\write on file \@partaux:  }
   fi
 END

\@setckpt{FILE}{LIST} ==
```

```
BEGIN
  G \cp@FILE := LIST
END

INITIALIZATION
  \@tempswa := T
```

`\@inputcheck` `\@unused` Allocate read stream for testing and output stream.

```
\newread\@inputcheck
\newwrite\@unused
```

`\@mainaux` `\@partaux`

```
\newwrite\@mainaux
\newwrite\@partaux
```

`\if@filesw` `\if@partsw`

```
\newif\if@filesw \@fileswtrue
\newif\if@partsw \@partswfalse
```

`\@clubpenalty` This stores the current normal (non-infinite) value of `\clubpenalty`; it should therefore be reset whenever the normal value is changed (as in the bibliography in the standard styles).

```
\newcount\@clubpenalty
\@clubpenalty \clubpenalty
```

`\document`

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/03/10}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\document}{Save language for hyphenation}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

Cancel the `\begingroup` from `\begin`.

```
\def\document{\endgroup
```

If some options on `\documentclass` haven't been used by any package we will now give a warning since this is most certainly a misspelling.

```
  \ifx\@unusedoptionlist\@empty\else
    \@latex@warning@no@line{Unused global option(s):^^J%
            \@spaces[\@unusedoptionlist]}%
  \fi
  \@colht\textheight
  \@colroom\textheight \vsize\textheight
  \columnwidth\textwidth
  \@clubpenalty\clubpenalty
  \if@twocolumn
    \advance\columnwidth -\columnsep
    \divide\columnwidth\tw@ \hsize\columnwidth \@firstcolumntrue
  \fi
  \hsize\columnwidth \linewidth\hsize
  \begingroup\@floatplacement\@dblfloatplacement
    \makeatletter\let\@writefile\@gobbletwo
```

```
    \global \let \@multiplelabels \relax
    \@input{\jobname.aux}%
  \endgroup
  \if@filesw
    \immediate\openout\@mainaux\jobname.aux
    \immediate\write\@mainaux{\relax}%
  \fi
```

Dateline 1991/03/26: FMi added `\process@table` to support NFSS; This will also work with old lfonts if no other style defines `\process@table`. The following line forces the initialization of the math fonts.

```
  \process@table
  \let\glb@currsize\@empty  %% Force math initialization.
  \normalsize
  \everypar{}%
```

So that punctuation in headings is not disturbed by verbatim or other local changes to the space factor codes, save the document default here. This will be locally reset by the output routine. For special cases a class may want to define `\normalsfcodes` directly, in case that definition will be used. (This is an old bug, problem existed in LaTeX2.0x and plain TeX.)

```
  \ifx\normalsfcodes\@empty
    \ifnum\sfcode`\.=\@m
      \let\normalsfcodes\frenchspacing
    \else
      \let\normalsfcodes\nonfrenchspacing
    \fi
  \fi
```

For similar reasons also save the default language, this will be reset locally in the output routine. In particular it allows hyphenation in the page head even if the page break happens in verbatim. If this has already been set by a package, set to the value of `\language` at this spoint.

```
  \ifx\document@default@language\m@ne
    \chardef\document@default@language\language
  \fi
```

Way back in 1991 (08/26) FMi & RmS set the `\@noskipsec` switch to true in the preamble and to false here. This was done to trap lists and related text in the preamble but it does not catch everything; hence Change 1.1g was introduced.

```
  \@noskipsecfalse
  \let \@refundefined \relax
```

Just before disabling the preamble commands we execute the begin document hook which contains any code contributed by `\AtBeginDocument`. Also disable the gathering of the file list, if no `\listfiles` has been issued. `\AtBeginDocument` is redefined at this point so that and such commands that get into the hook do not chase their tail...

```
  \let\AtBeginDocument\@firstofone
  \@begindocumenthook
```

Most of the following assignments will be done globally in case the user adds something like `\begin{multicols}` to the document hook, i.e. starts are group in `\begin{document}`.

Since a value of exactly 0pt for `\topskip` causes `\twocolumn[]` to misbehave, we add this check, hoping that it will not cause any problems elsewhere.

```
\ifdim\topskip<1sp\global\topskip 1sp\relax\fi
\global\@maxdepth\maxdepth
\global\let\@begindocumenthook\@undefined
\ifx\@listfiles\@undefined
  \global\let\@filelist\relax
  \global\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
\fi
```

At the very end we disable all preamble commands. This has to happen after the begin document hooks was executed so that this hook can still use such commands.

```
\gdef\do##1{\global\let ##1\@notprerr}%
\@preamblecmds
```

The next line saves tokens and also allows `\@nodocument` to be used directly to trap preamble errors.

```
\global\let \@nodocument \relax
```

The next line is a pure safety measure in case a do list is ever expanded at the wrong place. In addition it will save a few tokens to get rid of the above definition.

```
\global\let\do\noexpand
```

Use of `\AtBeginDocument` hook might mean that we are already in horizontal mode, so ignore the space after `\begin{document}`.

```
  \ignorespaces}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\document}{Save language for hyphenation}
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\document{\endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\@unusedoptionlist\@empty\else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@latex@warning@no@line{Unused global option(s):^^J%
⟨latexrelease⟩             \@spaces[\@unusedoptionlist]}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@colht\textheight
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@colroom\textheight \vsize\textheight
⟨latexrelease⟩  \columnwidth\textwidth
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@clubpenalty\clubpenalty
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@twocolumn
⟨latexrelease⟩    \advance\columnwidth -\columnsep
⟨latexrelease⟩    \divide\columnwidth\tw@ \hsize\columnwidth
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@firstcolumntrue
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \hsize\columnwidth \linewidth\hsize
⟨latexrelease⟩  \begingroup\@floatplacement\@dblfloatplacement
⟨latexrelease⟩    \makeatletter\let\@writefile\@gobbletwo
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global \let \@multiplelabels \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@input{\jobname.aux}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@filesw
⟨latexrelease⟩    \immediate\openout\@mainaux\jobname.aux
⟨latexrelease⟩    \immediate\write\@mainaux{\relax}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩  \process@table
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\glb@currsize\@empty
⟨latexrelease⟩  \normalsize
⟨latexrelease⟩  \everypar{}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\normalsfcodes\@empty
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifnum\sfcode`\.=\@m
⟨latexrelease⟩      \let\normalsfcodes\frenchspacing
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \let\normalsfcodes\nonfrenchspacing
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@noskipsecfalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let \@refundefined \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\AtBeginDocument\@firstofone
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@begindocumenthook
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifdim\topskip<1sp\global\topskip 1sp\relax\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\@maxdepth\maxdepth
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\let\@begindocumenthook\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\@listfiles\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\let\@filelist\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \gdef\do##1{\global\let ##1\@notprerr}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@preamblecmds
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\let \@nodocument \relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\let\do\noexpand
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ignorespaces}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\document
```

`\normalsfcodes` The setting of `\@empty` is just a flag. This command may be defined in a class or package file. If it is still `\@empty` at `\begin{document}` it will be defined to be `\frenchspacing` or `\nonfrenchspacing`, depending on which of those appears to be in effect at that point.

```
\let\normalsfcodes\@empty
```

`\nofiles` Set `\@fileswfalse` which suppresses the places where LaTeX makes `\immediate` writes. The `\makeindex` and `\makeglossary` are disabled. `\protected@write` is redefined not to write to the file specified, but rather to write a blank line to the log file. This ensures that a ⟨*whatsit*⟩ node is still created, and so spacing is not affected by the `\nofiles` command; to ensure this more generally, the `\if@nobreak` test is needed.

```
\def\nofiles{%
  \@fileswfalse
  \typeout{No auxiliary output files.^^J}%
  \long\def\protected@write##1##2##3%
    {\write\m@ne{}\if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi}%
  \let\makeindex\relax
  \let\makeglossary\relax}
\@onlypreamble\nofiles
```

`\protected@write` This takes three arguments: an output stream, some initialization code, and some text to write. It then writes this, with appropriate handling of `\protect` and

\thepage.

```
\long\def \protected@write#1#2#3{%
      \begingroup
       \let\thepage\relax
       #2%
       \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
       \edef\reserved@a{\write#1{#3}}%
       \reserved@a
      \endgroup
      \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi
}

\let\@auxout=\@mainaux
```

\includeonly

```
\def\includeonly#1{%
  \@partswtrue
  \edef\@partlist{\zap@space#1 \@empty}}
\@onlypreamble\includeonly
```

\include In the definition of \include, \def\reserved@b changed to \edef\reserved@b to be consistent with the \edef in \includeonly. (Suggested by Rainer Schöpf & Frank Mittelbach. Change made 20 Jul 88.)

Changed definition of \include to allow space at end of file name — otherwise, typing \include{foo } would cause LaTeX to overwrite foo.tex. Change made 24 May 89, suggested by Rainer Schöpf and Frank Mittelbach

Made \include check for being used inside an \include'd file, as this will not work and cause surprising results.

```
\def\include#1{\relax
  \ifnum\@auxout=\@partaux
    \@latex@error{\string\include\space cannot be nested}\@eha
  \else \@include#1 \fi}
```

\@include

```
\def\@include#1 {%
  \clearpage
  \if@filesw
    \immediate\write\@mainaux{\string\@input{#1.aux}}%
  \fi
  \@tempswatrue
  \if@partsw
    \@tempswafalse
    \edef\reserved@b{#1}%
    \@for\reserved@a:=\@partlist\do
      {\ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b\@tempswatrue\fi}%
  \fi
  \if@tempswa
    \let\@auxout\@partaux
    \if@filesw
      \immediate\openout\@partaux #1.aux
      \immediate\write\@partaux{\relax}%
    \fi
    \@input@{#1.tex}%
```

```
    \clearpage
    \@writeckpt{#1}%
    \if@filesw
      \immediate\closeout\@partaux
    \fi
  \else
```

If the file is not included, reset `\deadcycles`, so that a long list of non-included files does not generate an 'Output loop' error.

```
    \deadcycles\z@
    \@nameuse{cp@#1}%
  \fi
  \let\@auxout\@mainaux}
```

`\@writeckpt`

```
\def\@writeckpt#1{%
  \if@filesw
    \immediate\write\@partaux{\string\@setckpt{#1}\@charlb}%
    {\let\@elt\@wckptelt \cl@@ckpt}%
    \immediate\write\@partaux{\@charrb}%
  \fi}
```

`\@wckptelt`

```
\def\@wckptelt#1{%
  \immediate\write\@partaux{%
    \string\setcounter{#1}{\the\@nameuse{c@#1}}}}
```

`\@setckpt` RmS 93/08/31: introduced `\@setckpt`

```
\def\@setckpt#1{\global\@namedef{cp@#1}}
```

`\@charlb` `\@charrb` The following defines `\@charlb` and `\@charrb` to be `{` and `}`, respectively with `\catcode` 11.

```
{\catcode`[=1 \catcode`]=2
\catcode`{=11 \catcode`}=11
\gdef\@charlb[{]
\gdef\@charrb[}]
]% }brace matching
```

19.1 Safe Input Macros

`\IfFileExists`

```
\long\def \IfFileExists#1#2#3{%
  \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
  \ifeof\@inputcheck
    \ifx\input@path\@undefined
      \def\reserved@a{#3}%
    \else
      \def\reserved@a{\@iffileonpath{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
    \fi
  \else
    \closein\@inputcheck
    \edef\@filef@und{#1 }%
    \def\reserved@a{#2}%
```

```
  \fi
  \reserved@a}
```

`\@iffileonpath` If the file is not found by `\openin`, and `\input@path` is defined, look in all the directories specified in `\input@path`.

```
\long\def\@iffileonpath#1{%
  \let\reserved@a\@secondoftwo
  \expandafter\@tfor\expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter
              :\expandafter=\input@path\do{%
    \openin\@inputcheck\reserved@b#1 %
    \ifeof\@inputcheck\else
      \edef\@filef@und{\reserved@b#1 }%
      \let\reserved@a\@firstoftwo%
      \closein\@inputcheck
      \@break@tfor
    \fi}%
  \reserved@a}
```

`\InputIfFileExists` Now define `\InputIfFileExists` to input `#1` if it seems to exist. Immediately prior to the input, `#2` is executed. If the file `#1` does not exist, execute '`#3`'.

```
\long\def \InputIfFileExists#1#2{%
  \IfFileExists{#1}%
    {#2\@addtofilelist{#1}\@@input \@filef@und}}
```

`\input` Input a file: if the argument is given in braces use safe input macros, otherwise use TEX's primitive `\input` command (which is called `\@@input` in LATEX).

```
\def\input{\@ifnextchar\bgroup\@iinput\@@input}
```

`\@iinput` Define `\@iinput` (i.e., `\input`) in terms of `\InputIfIfileExists`.

```
\def\@iinput#1{%
  \InputIfFileExists{#1}{}%
  {\filename@parse{#1}%
   \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\@missingfileerror
     {\filename@area\filename@base}%
     {\ifx\filename@ext\relax tex\else\filename@ext\fi}}%
   \reserved@a}}
```

`\@input` Define `\@input` in terms of `\IfIfileExists`. So this is a 'safe input' command, but the files input are not listed by `\listfiles`.

We don't want `.aux`, `.toc` files etc be listed by `\listfiles`. However, something like `.bbl` probably should be listed and thus should be implemented not by `\@input`.

```
\def\@input#1{%
  \IfFileExists{#1}{\@@input\@filef@und}{\typeout{No file #1.}}}
```

`\@input@` Version of `\@input` that does add the file to `\@filelist`.

```
\def\@input@#1{\InputIfFileExists{#1}{}{\typeout{No file #1.}}}
```

`\@missingfileerror` This 'error' command avoids TEX's primitive missing file loop.

Missing file error. Prompt for a new filename, offering a default extension.

```
\gdef\@missingfileerror#1#2{%
     \typeout{^^J! LaTeX Error: File `#1.#2' not found.^^J^^J%
```

```
      Type X to quit or <RETURN> to proceed,^^J%
      or enter new name. (Default extension: #2)^^J}%
     \message{Enter file name: }%
     {\endlinechar\m@ne
      \global\read\m@ne to\@gtempa}%
    \ifx\@gtempa\@empty
    \else
      \def\reserved@a{x}\ifx\reserved@a\@gtempa\batchmode\@@end\fi
      \def\reserved@a{X}\ifx\reserved@a\@gtempa\batchmode\@@end\fi
      \filename@parse\@gtempa
      \edef\filename@ext{%
        \ifx\filename@ext\relax#2\else\filename@ext\fi}%
     \edef\reserved@a{%
       \noexpand\InputIfFileExists
         {\filename@area\filename@base.\filename@ext}%
         {}%
         {\noexpand\@missingfileerror
            {\filename@area\filename@base}{\filename@ext}}}%
      \reserved@a
    \fi}
```

`\@obsoletefile` For compatibility with LaTeX 2.09 document styles, we distribute files called `article.sty`, `book.sty`, `report.sty`, `slides.sty` and `letter.sty`. These use the command `\@obsoletefile`, which produces a warning message.

```
\def\@obsoletefile#1#2{%
   \@latex@warning@no@line{inputting `#1' instead of obsolete `#2'}}
\@onlypreamble\@obsoletefile
```

19.2 Listing files

`\@filelist` A list of files input so far. The initial value of `\@gobble` eats the comma before the first file name.

```
\let\@filelist\@gobble
```

`\@addtofilelist` Add to the list of files input so far. This 'real' definition is only used for 'cfg' files during initex. An initial definition of `\@gobble` has already been set.

```
%\def\@addtofilelist#1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,#1}}
```

`\listfiles` A preamble command to cause `\end{document}` to list files input from the main file.

```
\def\listfiles{%
  \let\listfiles\relax
  \def\@listfiles##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8##9\@@{%
     \def\reserved@d{\\}%
     \@tfor\reserved@c:=##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8\do{%
       \ifx\reserved@c\reserved@d
         \edef\filename@area{ \filename@area}%
       \fi}}%

  \def\@dofilelist{%
     \typeout{^^J *File List*}%
     \@for\@currname:=\@filelist\do{%
       \filename@parse\@currname
```

```
      \edef\reserved@a{%
         \filename@base.%
         \ifx\filename@ext\relax tex\else\filename@ext\fi}%
      \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@b
                              \csname ver@\reserved@a\endcsname
      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@listfiles\expandafter
            \filename@area\filename@base\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\@@
      \typeout{%
        \filename@area\reserved@a
        \ifx\reserved@b\relax\else\@spaces\reserved@b\fi}}%
    \typeout{ ***********^^J}}}
```

The `\@filelist` will be de-activated if `\listfiles` does not appear in the preamble. `\begin{document}` contains code equivalent to the following:

```
\AtBeginDocument{%
  \ifx\@listfiles\@undefined
    \let\@filelist\relax
    \let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
  \fi}
```

```
\@onlypreamble\listfiles
```

`\@dofilelist`

```
\let\@dofilelist\relax
```

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File l
ltoutenc.dtx

20 Font encodings

This section of the kernel contains commands for declaring encoding-specific commands, such as accents. It also contains the code for some of the encoding files, including `omlenc.def`, `omsenc.def`, `t1enc.def` and `ot1enc.def` files, which define the `OLM`, `OMS`, `T1` and `OT1` encodings, and the `fontenc` package for selecting encodings.

The `fontenc` package has options for encodings, of which the last option is the default encoding. For example, to use the `OT2`, `OT3` and `T1` encodings, with `T1` as the default, you say:

```
\usepackage[OT2,OT3,T1]{fontenc}
```

The standard kernel set-up loads font encoding files and selects an encoding as follows.

```
\input {omlenc.def}
\input  {t1enc.def}
\input {ot1enc.def}
\input {omsenc.def}
\fontencoding{OT1}
```

Note that the files in the standard `inputenc` package depend on this behaviour of the kernel.

The syntax for declaring encoding-specific commands is:

`\DeclareTextCommand{`⟨*command*⟩`}{`⟨*encoding*⟩`}`
`[`⟨*number*⟩`][`⟨*default*⟩`]{`⟨*commands*⟩`}`

This command is like `\newcommand`, except that it defines a command which is specific to one encoding. The resulting command is always robust, even if its definition is fragile. For example, the definition of `\l` in the `OT1` encoding is:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\l}{OT1}{{\@xxxii l}}
```

`\DeclareTextCommand` takes the same optional arguments as `\newcommand`.

`\ProvideTextCommand{`⟨*command*⟩`}{`⟨*encoding*⟩`}`
`[`⟨*number*⟩`][`⟨*default*⟩`]{`⟨*commands*⟩`}`

This acts like `\DeclareTextCommand`, but does nothing if the command is already defined.

`\DeclareTextSymbol{`⟨*command*⟩`}{`⟨*encoding*⟩`}{`⟨*slot*⟩`}`

This command defines a text symbol, with a particular slot in that encoding. The commands:

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT1}{25}
\DeclareTextCommand{\ss}{OT1}{\char25 }
```

have the same effect, but the \DeclareTextSymbol is faster.

\DeclareTextAccent{⟨*command*⟩}{⟨*encoding*⟩}{⟨*slot*⟩}

This command declares a text accent. The commands:

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\"}{OT1}{127}
\DeclareTextCommand{\"}{OT1}{\add@accent {127}}
```

have the same effect.

\DeclareTextComposite{⟨*command*⟩}
{⟨*encoding*⟩}{⟨*argument*⟩}{⟨*slot*⟩}

This command declares a composite letter, for example in the T1 encoding \'{a} is slot 225, which is declared by:

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{a}{225}
```

The *command* will normally have been declared with \DeclareTextAccent, or as a one-argument \DeclareTextCommand.

\DeclareTextComposite is the most common example of using the more general declaration \DeclareTextCompositeCommand, which can define a composite to be an arbitrary piece of text.

\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{⟨*command*⟩}
{⟨*encoding*⟩}{⟨*argument*⟩}{⟨*text*⟩}

For example, in the OT1 encoding Å has a hand-crafted definition this is declared as follows

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT1}{A}
 {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
  \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}
```

The *command* will normally have been declared with \DeclareTextAccent, or as a one-argument \DeclareTextCommand.

The commands defined using the above declarations can be used in two ways. Normally they are used by just calling the command in the appropriate encoding, for example \ss. However, sometimes you may wish to use a command in an encoding where it is not defined. If the command has no arguments, then you can use it in another encoding by calling \UseTextSymbol:

\UseTextSymbol{⟨*encoding*⟩}{⟨*command*⟩}

For example, \UseTextSymbol{OT1}{\ss} has the same effect as:

```
{\fontencoding{OT1}\selectfont\ss}
```

If the command has one argument then you can use it in another encoding by calling \UseTextAccent:

\UseTextAccent{⟨*encoding*⟩}{⟨*command*⟩}{⟨*text*⟩}

For example, if the current encoding is OT2 then \UseTextAccent{OT1}{\'}{a} has the same effect as:

```
{\fontencoding{OT1}\selectfont\'{\fontencoding{OT2}\selectfont a}}
```

You can also declare a default definition for a text command, which will be used if the current encoding has no appropriate definition. Such use will also set the definition for this command in the current encoding to equal this default definition; this makes subsequent uses of the command much faster.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{⟨command⟩}{⟨definition⟩}
```

For example, the default definition of the command `\textonequarter` (which produces the fraction $\frac{1}{4}$) could be built using math mode:

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textonequarter}{\ensuremath {\frac14}}
```

There is a matching `\Provide` command which will not override an existing default definition:

```
\ProvideTextCommandDefault{⟨command⟩}{⟨definition⟩}
```

The most common use for these commands is to use symbols from other encodings, so there are some optimizations provided:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{⟨command⟩}⟨encoding⟩}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{⟨command⟩}⟨encoding⟩}
```

are short for:

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{⟨command⟩}
                    {\UseTextSymbol{⟨encoding⟩}{⟨command⟩}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault[1]{⟨command⟩}
                {\UseTextAccent{⟨encoding⟩}{⟨command⟩}{#1}}
```

For example, to make `OT1` the default encoding for `\ss` and `\'` you say:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ss}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\'}{OT1}
```

Note that you can use these commands on any zero- or one-argument commands declared with `\DeclareText*` or `\ProvideText*`, not just those defined using `\DeclareTextSymbol` or `\DeclareTextAccent`.

20.1 Removing encoding-specific commands

In some cases encoding definitions are given to provide some limited support since nothing better is available, for example, the definition for `\textdollar` in `OT1` is a hack since $ and £ actually share the same slot in this encoding. Thus if such a glyph becomes available in a different encoding (e.g., `TS1`) one would like to get rid of the flacky one and make the default definition point to the new encoding. In such a case defining

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{TS1}{36}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{TS1}
```

is not enough since if typesetting in `OT1` LaTeX will still find the encoding specific-definition for `OT1` and therefore ignore the new default. Therefore to ensure that in this case the `TS1` version is used we have to remove the `OT1` declaration:

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}
```

Since the $ sign is a proper glyph in the T1 encoding there is no point removing its definition and forcing LaTeX to pick up the TS1 version if typesetting in this encoding. However, assume you want to use the variant dollar sign, i.e., $ for your dollars. In that case you have to get rid of the T1 declaration as well, e.g., the following would do that for you:

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar} {T1}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdollar}
                          {\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\textdollaroldstyle}
```

20.2 The order of declarations

If an encoding-specific command is defined for more than one encoding, then it will execute fastest in the encoding in which it was defined last since its top-level definition will be set up to execute in that encoding without any overhead.

For this reason the file fonttext.ltx currently first loads the definitions for the T1 encoding and then those for the OT1 encoding so that typesetting in OT1 is optimized since that is (still) the default. However, when T1 is explicitly requested (via \usepackage[T1]{fontenc}) the top-level definitions are automatically changed to favour T1 since its declarations are reloaded in the process.

For the same reason default declarations should never come last since they are implemented as a special encoding themselves (with the name ?). Specifying them last would simply mean to make those encoding-specific commands equally inefficient in all encodings. Therefore the textcomp package, for example, first sets up all defaults to point to TS1 and then declares the commands in the TS1 encoding.

20.3 Docstrip modules

This .dtx file is be used to generate several related files containing font encoding definitions. The mutually exclusive docstrip options are listed here.

T1	generates t1enc.def for the Cork encoding.
TS1	generates ts1enc.def for the Text Companion encoding.
TS1sty	generates textcomp.sty, package that sets up use of the Text Companion encoding.
OT1	generates ot1enc.def for Knuth's CM encoding.
OMS	generates omsenc.def for Knuth's math symbol encoding.
OML	generates omlenc.def for Knuth's math letters encoding.
OT4	generates ot4enc.def for the Polish extension to the OT1 encoding, created by B. Jackowski and M. Ryćko for use with the Polish version of Computer Modern and Computer Concrete.
TU	generates tuenc.def for Unicode font encoding.
package	generates fontenc.sty for selecting encodings.
2ekernel	for the kernel commands.

20.4 Definitions for the kernel

20.4.1 Declaration commands

This section contains definitions for commands such as accents which depend on the current encoding. These commands will usually be kept in `.def` files, for example `ot1enc.def` contains the definitions for the `OT1` encoding.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\message{font encodings,}
```

Far too many macros in one block here!

\DeclareTextCommand
\ProvideTextCommand
\DeclareTextSymbol
\@dec@text@cmd
\chardef@text@cmd
\@changed@cmd
\@changed@x
\TextSymbolUnavailable
\@inmathwarn

If you say:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\foo}{T1}...
```

then `\foo` is defined to be `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo`, where `\T1\foo` is *one* control sequence, not two! We then call `\newcommand` to define `\T1\foo`.

```
\def\DeclareTextCommand{%
   \@dec@text@cmd\newcommand}
\def\ProvideTextCommand{%
   \@dec@text@cmd\providecommand}
\def\@dec@text@cmd#1#2#3{%
   \expandafter\def\expandafter#2%
      \expandafter{%
         \csname#3-cmd\expandafter\endcsname
         \expandafter#2%
         \csname#3\string#2\endcsname
      }%
   \let\@ifdefinable\@rc@ifdefinable
   \expandafter#1\csname#3\string#2\endcsname}
```

This command was introduced to fix a major bug in `\@dec@text@cmd` without changing that command itself. This was thought to be necessary because it is defined in more than one package. (Perhaps the more serious bug is to put complex low-level commands like this in packages?)

The problem it solves is that whereas both `\newcommand` and `\providecommand` (used just above) both handle the resetting of `\@ifdefinable` (following its disabling in `\@dec@text@cmd`), the primitive `\chardef` neither needs the disabling, nor does the resetting.

```
\def\chardef@text@cmd{%
   \let\@ifdefinable\@@ifdefinable
   \chardef
  }
\def\DeclareTextSymbol#1#2#3{%
   \@dec@text@cmd\chardef@text@cmd#1{#2}#3\relax
  }
```

The declarations are only available before `\begin{document}`.

```
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextCommand
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextSymbol
```

The sneaky bit in all this is what `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo` does. There are five possibilities, depending on the current values of `\protect`, `\cf@encoding` and `\ifmmode`:

- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect` and `\cf@encoding` is `T1`, then we execute `\T1\foo`. This should be the normal behaviour, and is optimized for speed.
- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) `OT1`, and `\OT1\foo` is defined, then we execute `\OT1\foo`.
- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) `OT1`, we're in text mode, and `\OT1\foo` is undefined, then we define `\OT1\foo` to be the default value of `\foo`, and execute `\OT1\foo`.
- If `\protect` is `\@typeset@protect`, `\cf@encoding` is (say) `OT1`, we're in math mode, and `\OT1\foo` is undefined, then we execute the default value of `\foo`. (This is necessary so that things like `$X_\copyright$` work properly.)
- If `\protect` is not `\@typeset@protect` then we execute `\noexpand\foo`. For example, if we are writing to a file, then this results in `\foo` being written. If we are in a `\mark`, then `\foo` will be put in the mark—since `\foo` is robust, it will then survive all the things which may happen to it whilst it's a `\mark`.

So after all that, we will either execute the appropriate definition of `\foo` for the current encoding, or we will execute `\noexpand\foo`.

The default value of `\foo` is `\?\foo` if it is defined, and an error message otherwise.

When the encoding is changed from `T1` to `OT1`, `\T1-cmd` is defined to be `\@changed@cmd` and `\OT1-cmd` is defined to be `\@current@cmd`. This means that the test for what the current encoding is can be performed quickly.

```
\def\@current@cmd#1{%
   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
      \@inmathwarn#1%
   \else
      \noexpand#1\expandafter\@gobble
   \fi}
\def\@changed@cmd#1#2{%
   \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
      \@inmathwarn#1%
      \expandafter\ifx\csname\cf@encoding\string#1\endcsname\relax
         \expandafter\ifx\csname ?\string#1\endcsname\relax
            \expandafter\def\csname ?\string#1\endcsname{%
               \TextSymbolUnavailable#1%
            }%
         \fi
         \global\expandafter\let
               \csname\cf@encoding \string#1\expandafter\endcsname
               \csname ?\string#1\endcsname
      \fi
      \csname\cf@encoding\string#1%
         \expandafter\endcsname
   \else
      \noexpand#1%
   \fi}

\gdef\TextSymbolUnavailable#1{%
```

```
    \@latex@error{%
       Command \protect#1 unavailable in encoding \cf@encoding%
    }\@eha}
```

The command `\@inmathwarn` produces a warning message if we are currently in math mode. Note that since this command is used inside text commands, it can't call `\relax` before the `\ifmmode`. This means that it is possible for the warning to fail to be issued at the beginning of a row of an halign whose template enters math mode. This is probably a bad feature, but there's not much that can be done about it, since adding a `\relax` would break ligatures and kerning between text symbols.

A more efficient solution would be to make `\@inmathwarn` and `\@inmatherr` equal to `\@empty` and `\relax` by default, and to have `\everymath` reset them to their usual definitions. This is left for future investigation (for example it may break some third party code).

```
\def\@inmathwarn#1{%
   \ifmmode
      \@latex@warning{Command \protect#1 invalid in math mode}%
   \fi}
```

`\DeclareTextCommandDefault` `\ProvideTextCommandDefault` These define commands with encoding `?`.

Note that `\DeclareTextCommandDefault` can only be used in the preamble, but that the `\Provide` version is allowed in inputenc `.def` files, so is allowed anywhere.

```
\def\DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{%
   \DeclareTextCommand#1?}
\def\ProvideTextCommandDefault#1{%
   \ProvideTextCommand#1?}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextCommandDefault
%\@onlypreamble\ProvideTextCommandDefault
```

They require `\?-cmd` to be initialized as `\@changed@cmd`.

```
\expandafter\let\csname?-cmd\endcsname\@changed@cmd
```

`\DeclareTextAccent` This is just a disguise for defining a TEX `\accent` command.

```
\def\DeclareTextAccent#1#2#3{%
   \DeclareTextCommand#1{#2}{\add@accent{#3}}}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextAccent
```

`\add@accent` To save space this code is shared between all text accents that are set using the `\accent` primitive. The argument is pre-set in a box so that any font loading that is needed is already done within the box. This is needed because font-loading involves grouping and that would prevent the accent mechanism from working so that the accent would not be positioned over the argument. Declarations that change the font should be allowed (only low-level ones are at present) inside the argument of an accent command, but not size changes, as they involve `\setbox` operations which also inhibit the mechanism of the `\accent` primitive.

Note that the whole process is within a group. For a detailed discussion of this reimplementation and its deficiencies, see pr/3160.

```
\def\add@accent#1#2{\hmode@bgroup
```

Turn off the group in `\UseTextSymbol` in case this is used inside the argument of `\add@accent`.

```
    \let\hmode@start@before@group\@firstofone
    \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{#2%
```

When presetting the argument in a box we record its `\spacefactor` for later use after the accent got typeset. This way something like `\'A` gets the spacefactor of `A` (i.e., 999) rather than the default value of 1000.

```
        \global\mathchardef\accent@spacefactor\spacefactor}%
    \accent#1 #2\egroup\spacefactor\accent@spacefactor}
```

Default definition for `\accent@spacefactor` prevents a horrible death of the above macro inside an unprotected `\edef`.

```
\let\accent@spacefactor\relax
```

`\hmode@bgroup`

```
\def\hmode@bgroup{\leavevmode\bgroup}
```

`\DeclareTextCompositeCommand` `\DeclareTextComposite` `\@text@composite` `\@text@composite@x` `\@strip@args`

Another amusing game to play with `\expandafter`, `\csname`, and `\string`. When you say `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\foo}{T1}{a}{bar}`, we look to see if the expansion of `\T1\foo` begins with `\@text@composite`, and if it doesn't, we redefine `\T1\foo` to be:

```
#1 -> \@text@composite \T1\foo #1\@empty \@text@composite {...}
```

where `...` is the previous definition of `\T1\foo`. Finally, we define `\\T1\foo-a` to expand to `bar`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/04/15}{\DeclareTextCompositeCommand}
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {test for undeclared accent}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1#2#3#4{%
  \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@a\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
  \ifx\reserved@a\relax
   \DeclareTextCommand#1{#2}{%
     \@latex@error{\string#1 undeclared in encoding #2}\@eha}%
   \@latex@info{Composite with undeclared \string#1 in encoding #2}%
   \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@a\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
  \fi
  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ifx
  \expandafter\@car\reserved@a\relax\relax\@nil \@text@composite \else
      \edef\reserved@b##1{%
         \def\expandafter\noexpand
            \csname#2\string#1\endcsname####1{%
            \noexpand\@text@composite
               \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
               ####1\noexpand\@empty\noexpand\@text@composite
               {##1}}}%
      \expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter{\reserved@a{##1}}%
   \fi
   \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\string\csname
      #2\endcsname\string#1-\string#3\@empty\endcsname{#4}%
 }
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\DeclareTextCompositeCommand}
⟨latexrelease⟩                              {test for undeclared accent}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1#2#3#4{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@a
⟨latexrelease⟩                       \csname#2\string#1\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ifx
⟨latexrelease⟩  \expandafter\@car\reserved@a\relax\relax\@nil
⟨latexrelease⟩                                  \@text@composite \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \edef\reserved@b##1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩         \def\expandafter\noexpand
⟨latexrelease⟩           \csname#2\string#1\endcsname####1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩           \noexpand\@text@composite
⟨latexrelease⟩             \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩             ####1\noexpand\@empty\noexpand\@text@composite
⟨latexrelease⟩             {##1}}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter{\reserved@a{##1}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\string\csname
⟨latexrelease⟩      #2\endcsname\string#1-\string#3\@empty\endcsname{#4}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

```
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextCompositeCommand
```

This all works because:

```
\@text@composite \T1\foo A\@empty \@text@composite {...}
```

expands to `\\T1\foo-A` if `\\T1\foo-A` has been defined, and `{...}` otherwise.

Note that `\@text@composite` grabs the first token of the argument and puts just that in the csname. This is so that `\'{\textit{e}}` will work—it checks whether `\\T1\'-\textit` is defined (which presumably it isn't) and so expands to `{\accent 1 \textit{e}}`.

This trick won't always work, for example `\'{{\itshape e}}` will expand to (with spaces added for clarity):

```
\csname \string \T1\' - \string {\itshape e} \@empty \endcsname
```

which will die pretty horribly. Unfortunately there's not much can be done about this if we're going to use `\csname` lookups as a fast way of accessing composites.

This has an unfortunate 'misfeature' though, which is that in the T1 encoding, `\'{aa}` produces á. This is not the expected behaviour, and should perhaps be fixed if the fix doesn't affect performance too badly.

Finally, it's worth noting that the `\@empty` is used in `\@text@composite` so that accents will work even when the argument is empty. If you say `\'{}` then this looks up `\\T1\'-\@empty`, which ought to be `\relax`, and so all is well. If we didn't include the `\@empty`, then `\'{}` would expand to:

```
\csname \string \T1\' - \string \endcsname
```

so the `\endcsname` would be `\string`'ed and the whole of the rest of the document would be put inside the `\csname`. This would not be good.

```
\def\@text@composite#1#2#3\@text@composite{%
   \expandafter\@text@composite@x
      \csname\string#1-\string#2\endcsname}
```

Originally the `\@text@composite@x` macro had two arguments and if `#1` was not `\relax` it was executed, otherwise `#2` was executed. All this happened within the `\ifx` code so that neither `#1` nor `#2` could have picked up any additional arguments form the input stream. This has now being changed using the typical `\@firstoftwo` / `\@secondoftwo` coding. This way the final expansion will happen without any `\else` or `\fi` intervening in the case that we need to get a further token from the input stream.

```
\def\@text@composite@x#1{%
   \ifx#1\relax
      \expandafter\@secondoftwo
   \else
      \expandafter\@firstoftwo
   \fi
   #1}
```

The command `\DeclareTextComposite` uses `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand` to declare a command which expands out to a single glyph.

```
\catcode\z@=11\relax
\def\DeclareTextComposite#1#2#3#4{%
   \def\reserved@a{\DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1{#2}{#3}}%
   \bgroup
      \lccode\z@#4%
      \lowercase{%
   \egroup
      \reserved@a ^^@}}
\catcode\z@=15\relax
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextComposite
```

`\UseTextAccent` `\UseTextSymbol` `\@use@text@encoding`

These fragile commands access glyphs from different encodings. They use grotty low-level calls to the font selection scheme for speed, and in order to make sure that `\UseTextSymbol` doesn't do anything which you're not allowed to do between an `\accent` and its glyph.

For a detailed discussion of this reimplementation and its deficiencies, see pr/3160.

```
\def\UseTextAccent#1#2#3{%
  \hmode@start@before@group
   {%
```

Turn off the group in `\UseTextSymbol` in case this is used inside the arguments of `\UseTextAccent`.

```
    \let\hmode@start@before@group\@firstofone
    \let\@curr@enc\cf@encoding
    \@use@text@encoding{#1}%
    #2{\@use@text@encoding\@curr@enc#3}%
   }}
\def\UseTextSymbol#1#2{%
       \hmode@start@before@group
       {%
          \def\@wrong@font@char{\MessageBreak
             for \noexpand\symbol`\string#2'}%
          \@use@text@encoding{#1}%
```

```
          #2%
        }%
    }
\def\@use@text@encoding#1{%
   \edef\f@encoding{#1}%
   \xdef\font@name{%
      \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
   \pickup@font
   \font@name
   \@@enc@update}
```

`\hmode@start@before@group` The `\hmode@start@before@group` starts hmode and should be immediately followed by an explicit `{...}`. Its purpose is to ensure that hmode is started before this group is opened. Inside `\add@accent` and `\UseTextAccent` it is redefined to remove this group so that it doesn't conflict with the `\accent` primitive.

For a detailed discussion see pr/3160.

```
\let\hmode@start@before@group\leavevmode
```

`\DeclareTextSymbolDefault` `\DeclareTextAccentDefault` Some syntactic sugar. Again, these should probably be optimized for speed.

```
\def\DeclareTextSymbolDefault#1#2{%
   \DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{\UseTextSymbol{#2}#1}}
\def\DeclareTextAccentDefault#1#2{%
   \DeclareTextCommandDefault#1{\UseTextAccent{#2}#1}}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextSymbolDefault
\@onlypreamble\DeclareTextAccentDefault
```

`\UndeclareTextCommand` This command safely removes an encoding specific declaration for a given encoding. It is helpful if one intends to use the default definition always and therefore wants to get rid of a declaration for some specific encoding.

```
\def\UndeclareTextCommand#1#2{%
```

If there is no declaration for the current encoding do nothing. (This makes a hash table entry but without eTEX we can't do anything about that).

```
  \expandafter\ifx\csname#2\string#1\endcsname\relax
  \else
```

Else: throw away that declaration.

```
    \global\expandafter\let\csname#2\string#1\endcsname
          \@undefined
```

But this is unfortunately not enough, we have to take a look at the top-level definition of the encoding specific command which for a command `\foo` would look similar to `\T1-cmd \foo \T1\foo` (three tokens).

Of course, instead of `T1` one could see a different encoding name; which one depends the encoding for which `\foo` was declared last.

Now assume we have just removed the declaration for `\foo` in `T1` and the top-level of `\foo` expands to the above. Then we better change that pretty fast otherwise we do get an "undefined csname error" when we try to typeset `\foo` within `T1` instead of getting the default definition for `\foo`. And what is the best way to change that top-level definition? Well, the only "encoding" we know for sure will still be around is the default encoding denoted by `?`.

Thus in case the last token of the top-level expansion is now undefined we change the declaration to look like `\?-cmd \foo \?\foo` which is done by the following (readable?) code:

```
      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
      \ifx\expandafter\@thirdofthree#1\@undefined
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter#1\expandafter
           {\csname ?-cmd\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter
            #1\csname?\string#1\endcsname}%
      \fi
 \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\UndeclareTextCommand
```

20.4.2 Hyphenation

\patterns
\@@patterns
\hyphenation
\@@hyphenation

We redefine `\patterns` and `\hyphenation` to allow the use of commands declared with `\DeclareText*` to be used inside them.

```
%\let\@@patterns\patterns
%\let\@@hyphenation\hyphenation
%\def\patterns{%
%   \bgroup
%      \let\protect\@empty
%      \let\@typeset@protect\@empty
%      \let\@changed@x\@changed@x@mouth
%   \afterassignment\egroup
%   \@@patterns
%}
%\def\hyphenation{%
%   \bgroup
%      \let\protect\@empty
%      \let\@typeset@protect\@empty
%      \let\@changed@x\@changed@x@mouth
%   \afterassignment\egroup
%   \@@hyphenation
%}
```

20.4.3 Miscellania

\a

The `\a` command is used to access the accent commands even when they have been redefined (for example by the `tabbing` environment). Its internal name is `\@tabacckludge`.

The `\string` within the `\csname` guards against something like `'` being active at the point of use.

```
\def\@tabacckludge#1{\expandafter\@changed@cmd
                                  \csname\string#1\endcsname\relax}
\let\a=\@tabacckludge
```

20.4.4 Default encodings

We define the default encodings for most commands to be either OT1, OML or OMS. These defaults are in the kernel and therefore fonts with these encodings

must be available unless these defaults are redefined elsewhere. Recall that the standard kernel loads the encoding files for these encodings, and also that for the T1 encoding.

The naming conventions in the kernel are not what we would use if we were starting from scratch... Those defined by DEK (like `\ae` and `\ss`) or by the TEX Users Group Technical Working Group on multi-lingual typesetting (like `\th` and `\ng`) have short names. Those which were added to the kernel in 1993 and early 1994 are named after their Adobe glyph names (like `\guillemotleft` and `\quotedblbase`). Unfortunately, this naming scheme won't work for all glyphs, since some names (like `\space`) are already used, and some (like `\endash`) are very likely to be defined by users. So we're now using the naming scheme of `\text` followed by the Adobe name, (like `\textendash` and `\textsterling`). Except that some glyphs don't have Adobe names, so we're using the names used by fontinst for those (like `\textcompwordmark`). Sigh.

Some accents from OT1:

```
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\"}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\'}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\.}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\=}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\H}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\^}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\`}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\b}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\c}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\d}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\r}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\u}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\v}{OT1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\~}{OT1}
```

Some symbols from OT1:

```
%\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\AA}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\AE}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\L}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\OE}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\O}{OT1}
%\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\aa}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ae}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\i}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\j}{OT1}

\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ij}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\IJ}{OT1}

\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\l}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\oe}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\o}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\ss}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textemdash}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textendash}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textexclamdown}{OT1}
%\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthyphenchar}{OT1}
%\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texthyphen}{OT1}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquestiondown}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotedblleft}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotedblright}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquoteleft}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquoteright}{OT1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsterling}{OT1}
```

Some symbols from OMS:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasteriskcentered}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbackslash}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbar}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbardbl}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbraceleft}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbraceright}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbullet}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdaggerdbl}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdagger}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textparagraph}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperiodcentered}{OMS}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsection}{OMS}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\textcircled}{OMS}
```

Some symbols from OML:

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textless}{OML}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textgreater}{OML}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\t}{OML}
```

Some defaults we can fake.

The interface for defining `\copyright` changed, it used to use `\expandafter` to add braces at the appropriate points.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcopyright}{\textcircled{c}}
% \expandafter\def\expandafter
%                 \copyright\expandafter{\expandafter{\copyright}}

\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textasciicircum}{\^{}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textasciitilde}{\~{}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcompwordmark}{\leavevmode\kern\z@}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textunderscore}{%
  \leavevmode \kern.06em\vbox{\hrule\@width.3em}}

\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textvisiblespace}{%
   \mbox{\kern.06em\vrule \@height.3ex}%
   \vbox{\hrule \@width.3em}%
   \hbox{\vrule \@height.3ex}}
```

Using `\fontdimen3` in the next definition is some sort of a kludge (since it is the interword stretch) but it makes the ellipsis come out right in mono-spaced fonts too (since there it is zero).

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textellipsis}{%
   .\kern\fontdimen3\font
   .\kern\fontdimen3\font
   .\kern\fontdimen3\font}

%\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textregistered}{\textcircled{\scshape r}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textregistered}{\textcircled{%
     \check@mathfonts\fontsize\sf@size\z@\math@fontsfalse\selectfont R}}
```

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texttrademark}{\textsuperscript{TM}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\SS}{SS}

\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textordfeminine}{\textsuperscript{a}}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textordmasculine}{\textsuperscript{o}}
```

20.4.5 Math material

Some commands can be used in both text and math mode:

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\$}{\ifmmode\mathdollar\else\textdollar\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\{}{\ifmmode\lbrace\else\textbraceleft\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\}}{\ifmmode\rbrace\else\textbraceright\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\P}{\ifmmode\mathparagraph\else\textparagraph\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\S}{\ifmmode\mathsection\else\textsection\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\dag}{\ifmmode{\dagger}\else\textdagger\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\ddag}{\ifmmode{\ddagger}\else\textdaggerdbl\fi}
```

For historical reasons `\copyright` needs `{}` around the definition in maths.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\_}{%
   \ifmmode\nfss@text{\textunderscore}\else\textunderscore\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\copyright}{%
   \ifmmode{\nfss@text{\textcopyright}}\else\textcopyright\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\pounds}{%
   \ifmmode\mathsterling\else\textsterling\fi}

\DeclareRobustCommand{\dots}{%
   \ifmmode\mathellipsis\else\textellipsis\fi}

\let\ldots\dots
```

Default definition of the commabelow accent.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}{\textcommabelow}{comma accent}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareTextCommandDefault\textcommabelow[1]
  {\hmode@bgroup\ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\raise-.31ex
   \hbox{\check@mathfonts\fontsize\ssf@size\z@
   \math@fontsfalse\selectfont,}\hidewidth}\egroup}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\textcommabelow}{comma accent}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\textcommabelow\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-G\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-K\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-k\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-L\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-l\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-N\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-n\endcsname\@undefined
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-R\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-r\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

Default definition of the commaabove accent(E.G.).

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2016/02/01}{\textcommaabove}{comma above}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareTextCommandDefault\textcommaabove[1]{%
  \hmode@bgroup
  \ooalign{%
    \hidewidth
    \raise.7ex\hbox{%
      \check@mathfonts\fontsize\ssf@size\z@\math@fontsfalse\selectfont‘%
    }%
   \hidewidth\crcr
   \null#1\crcr
  }%
  \egroup
}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\textcommaabove}{comma above}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\textcommaabove\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\OT1\string\c-g\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩   \let\csname\string\T1\string\c-g\endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

20.5 Definitions for the OT1 encoding

The definitions for the ‘TEX text’ (OT1) encoding.

Declare the encoding.

```
⟨*OT1⟩
\DeclareFontEncoding{OT1}{}{}
```

Declare the accents.

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\"}{OT1}{127}
\DeclareTextAccent{\’}{OT1}{19}
\DeclareTextAccent{\.}{OT1}{95}
\DeclareTextAccent{\=}{OT1}{22}
\DeclareTextAccent{\^}{OT1}{94}
\DeclareTextAccent{\‘}{OT1}{18}
\DeclareTextAccent{\~}{OT1}{126}
\DeclareTextAccent{\H}{OT1}{125}
\DeclareTextAccent{\u}{OT1}{21}
\DeclareTextAccent{\v}{OT1}{20}
\DeclareTextAccent{\r}{OT1}{23}
```

Some accents have to be built by hand: Note that `\ooalign` and `\o@lign` must be inside a group. In these definitions we no longer use the helper function `\sh@ft` from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\b}{OT1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}%
     \vbox to.2ex{\hbox{\char22}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\c}{OT1}[1]
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent24 #1%
    \else{\ooalign{\unhbox\z@\crcr\hidewidth\char24\hidewidth}}\fi}
\DeclareTextCommand{\d}{OT1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup
    \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}
```

Declare the text symbols.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{OT1}{29}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{OT1}{30}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{OT1}{31}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{OT1}{26}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{OT1}{16}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{OT1}{17}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{OT1}{27}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{OT1}{28}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT1}{25}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{OT1}{124}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{OT1}{123}
```

Using the ligatures helps with OT1 fonts that have `\textexclamdown` and `\textquestiondown` in unusual positions.

```
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{OT1}{60}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{OT1}{62}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textexclamdown}{OT1}{!`}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textquestiondown}{OT1}{?`}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphenchar}{OT1}{`\-}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphen}{OT1}{`\-}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{OT1}{92}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{OT1}{`\"}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteleft}{OT1}{`\`}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteright}{OT1}{`\'}
```

Some symbols which are faked from others:

```
% \DeclareTextCommand{\aa}{OT1}
%    {{\accent23a}}
\DeclareTextCommand{\L}{OT1}
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{L}\hb@xt@\wd\z@{\hss\@xxxii L}}
\DeclareTextCommand{\l}{OT1}
   {\hmode@bgroup\@xxxii l\egroup}
% \DeclareTextCommand{\AA}{OT1}
%    {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{h}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
%     \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}
```

In the OT1 encoding Å has a hand-crafted definition, so we have here the first recorded explicit use of `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand`.

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT1}{A}
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
    \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}
```

The dutch language uses the letter 'ij'. It is available in `T1` encoded fonts, but not in the `OT1` encoded fonts. Therefor we fake it for the `OT1` encoding.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\ij}{OT1}{%
```

```
  \nobreak\hskip\z@skip i\kern-0.02em j\nobreak\hskip\z@skip}
\DeclareTextCommand{\IJ}{OT1}{%
  \nobreak\hskip\z@skip I\kern-0.02em J\nobreak\hskip\z@skip}
```

In the OT1 encoding, £ and $ share a slot.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT1}{\hmode@bgroup
   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
      \slshape
   \else
      \upshape
   \fi
   \char`\$\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT1}{\hmode@bgroup
   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
      \itshape
   \else
      \fontshape{ui}\selectfont
   \fi
   \char`\$\egroup}
```

Here we are adding some more composite commands to the `OT1` encoding. This makes the use of certain accents with `i` compatible with their use with the `T1` encoding; this enables them to become true LaTeX internal representations. However, it will make these accents work a little less fast since a check will always be made for the existence of a composite.

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT1}{i}{`\i}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT1}{\i}{`\i}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\`}{OT1}{i}{\@tabacckludge`\i}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\'}{OT1}{i}{\@tabacckludge'\i}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\^}{OT1}{i}{\^\i}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\"}{OT1}{i}{\"\i}
```

T1 encoding is given more extensive set of overloads for `\c` But here we just adjust `\c{g}`.

```
\ifx\textcommaabove\@undefined\else
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{OT1}{g}{\textcommaabove{g}}
\fi
```

⟨/OT1⟩

20.6 Definitions for the T1 encoding

The definitions for the 'Extended TeX text' (T1) encoding.

Declare the encoding.

```
⟨*T1⟩
\DeclareFontEncoding{T1}{}{}
```

Declare the accents.

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\`}{T1}{0}
\DeclareTextAccent{\'}{T1}{1}
\DeclareTextAccent{\^}{T1}{2}
\DeclareTextAccent{\~}{T1}{3}
\DeclareTextAccent{\"}{T1}{4}
\DeclareTextAccent{\H}{T1}{5}
```

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\r}{T1}{6}
\DeclareTextAccent{\v}{T1}{7}
\DeclareTextAccent{\u}{T1}{8}
\DeclareTextAccent{\=}{T1}{9}
\DeclareTextAccent{\.}{T1}{10}
```

Some accents have to be built by hand. Note that `\ooalign` and `\o@lign` must be inside a group. In these definitions we no longer use the helper function `\sh@ft` from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\b}{T1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}%
     \vbox to.2ex{\hbox{\char9}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\c}{T1}[1]
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent11 #1%
     \else{\ooalign{\unhbox\z@\crcr
        \hidewidth\char11\hidewidth}}\fi}
\DeclareTextCommand{\d}{T1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup
    \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\k}{T1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup\ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textogonekcentered}{T1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup\ooalign{%
                \null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12\hidewidth}\egroup}
```

Some symbols are constructed.

Slot 24 contains a small circle intended for construction of these two glyphs.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
   {\%\char 24 }          % space or ‘relax as delimiter?
\DeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
   {\%\char 24\char 24 }  % space or ‘relax as delimiter?
```

Declare the text symbols.

```
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\AA}{T1}{197}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{T1}{198}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\DH}{T1}{208}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\DJ}{T1}{208}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\L}{T1}{138}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\NG}{T1}{141}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{T1}{215}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{T1}{216}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\SS}{T1}{223}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\TH}{T1}{222}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\aa}{T1}{229}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{T1}{230}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\dh}{T1}{240}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\dj}{T1}{158}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotleft}{T1}{19}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotright}{T1}{20}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglleft}{T1}{14}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglright}{T1}{15}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{T1}{25}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{T1}{26}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ij}{T1}{188}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\IJ}{T1}{156}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\l}{T1}{170}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ng}{T1}{173}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{T1}{247}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{T1}{248}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\quotedblbase}{T1}{18}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\quotesinglbase}{T1}{13}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{T1}{255}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicircum}{T1}{`\^}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciitilde}{T1}{`\~}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbackslash}{T1}{`\\}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbar}{T1}{`\|}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceleft}{T1}{`\{}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceright}{T1}{`\}}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcompwordmark}{T1}{23}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{T1}{`\$}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{T1}{22}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{T1}{21}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{T1}{189}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textgreater}{T1}{`\>}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphenchar}{T1}{127}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphen}{T1}{`\-}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textless}{T1}{`\<}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{T1}{190}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{T1}{16}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{T1}{17}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedbl}{T1}{`\"}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteleft}{T1}{`\`}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteright}{T1}{`\'}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{T1}{159}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsterling}{T1}{191}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textunderscore}{T1}{95}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textvisiblespace}{T1}{32}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\th}{T1}{254}
```

Declare the composites.

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{i}{`\i}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{\i}{`\i}
```

”80 = 128

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{A}{128}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{A}{129}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{C}{130}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{C}{131}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{D}{132}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{E}{133}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{E}{134}
\DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{G}{135}
```

”88 = 136

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{L}{136}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{L}{137}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{N}{139}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{N}{140}
\DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{O}{142}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{R}{143}
```

"90 = 144

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{R}{144}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{S}{145}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{S}{146}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{S}{147}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{T}{148}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{T}{149}
\DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{U}{150}
\DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{U}{151}
```

"98 = 152

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{Y}{152}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{Z}{153}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{Z}{154}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{Z}{155}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{I}{157}
```

"A0 = 160

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{a}{160}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{a}{161}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{c}{162}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{c}{163}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{d}{164}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{e}{165}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{T1}{e}{166}
\DeclareTextComposite{\u}{T1}{g}{167}
```

"A8 = 168

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{l}{168}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{l}{169}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{n}{171}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{n}{172}
\DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{o}{174}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{r}{175}
```

"B0 = 176

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{r}{176}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{s}{177}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{s}{178}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{s}{179}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{t}{180}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{t}{181}
\DeclareTextComposite{\H}{T1}{u}{182}
\DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{u}{183}
```

"B8 = 184

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{y}{184}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{z}{185}
\DeclareTextComposite{\v}{T1}{z}{186}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{T1}{z}{187}
```

"C0 = 192

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\`}{T1}{A}{192}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{A}{193}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{A}{194}
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{A}{195}
```

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{A}{196}
\DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{A}{197}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{C}{199}
```

"C8 = 200

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{E}{200}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{E}{201}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{E}{202}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{E}{203}
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{I}{204}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{I}{205}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{I}{206}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{I}{207}
```

"D0 = 208

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{N}{209}
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{O}{210}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{O}{211}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{O}{212}
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{O}{213}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{O}{214}
```

"D8 = 216

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{U}{217}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{U}{218}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{U}{219}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{U}{220}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{Y}{221}
```

"E0 = 224

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{a}{224}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{a}{225}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{a}{226}
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{a}{227}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{a}{228}
\DeclareTextComposite{\r}{T1}{a}{229}
\DeclareTextComposite{\c}{T1}{c}{231}
```

"E8 = 232

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{e}{232}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{e}{233}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{e}{234}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{e}{235}
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{i}{236}
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{\i}{236}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{i}{237}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{\i}{237}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{i}{238}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{\i}{238}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{i}{239}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{\i}{239}
```

"F0 = 240

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{n}{241}
\DeclareTextComposite{\‘}{T1}{o}{242}
\DeclareTextComposite{\’}{T1}{o}{243}
```

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{o}{244}
\DeclareTextComposite{\~}{T1}{o}{245}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{o}{246}
```

"F8 = 248

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\`}{T1}{u}{249}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{u}{250}
\DeclareTextComposite{\^}{T1}{u}{251}
\DeclareTextComposite{\"}{T1}{u}{252}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{T1}{y}{253}

\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\k}{T1}{o}{\textogonekcentered{o}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\k}{T1}{O}{\textogonekcentered{O}}

\ifx\textcommaabove\@undefined\else
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{g}{\textcommaabove{g}}
\fi
\ifx\textcommabelow\@undefined\else
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{G}{\textcommabelow{G}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{K}{\textcommabelow{K}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{k}{\textcommabelow{k}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{L}{\textcommabelow{L}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{l}{\textcommabelow{l}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{N}{\textcommabelow{N}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{n}{\textcommabelow{n}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{R}{\textcommabelow{R}}
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\c}{T1}{r}{\textcommabelow{r}}
\fi
```

⟨/T1⟩

20.7 Definitions for the OMS encoding

The definitions for the 'TEX math symbol' (OMS) encoding. Even though this is meant to be a math font, it includes some of the standard LATEX text symbols.

Declare the encoding.

⟨*OMS⟩

```
\DeclareFontEncoding{OMS}{}{}
```

Declare the symbols. Note that slot 13 has in places been named `\Orb`: please root out and destroy this impolity wherever you find it!

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasteriskcentered}{OMS}{3}   % "03
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbackslash}{OMS}{110}        % "6E
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbar}{OMS}{106}              % "6A
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbardbl}{OMS}{107}           % "6B
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceleft}{OMS}{102}        % "66
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceright}{OMS}{103}       % "67
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbullet}{OMS}{15}            % "0F
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdaggerdbl}{OMS}{122}        % "7A
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdagger}{OMS}{121}           % "79
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textparagraph}{OMS}{123}        % "7B
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textperiodcentered}{OMS}{1}     % "01
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{OMS}{120}          % "78
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbigcircle}{OMS}{13}         % "0D
\DeclareTextCommand{\textcircled}{OMS}[1]{\hmode@bgroup
```

```
   \ooalign{%
      \hfil \raise .07ex\hbox {\upshape#1}\hfil \crcr
      \char 13 % "0D
   }%
 \egroup}
⟨/OMS⟩
```

20.8 Definitions for the OML encoding

The definitions for the 'TEX math italic' (OML) encoding. Even though this is meant to be a math font, it includes some of the standard LATEX text symbols.

Declare the encoding.

```
⟨*OML⟩
\DeclareFontEncoding{OML}{}{}
```

Declare the symbols.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textless}{OML}{'\<}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textgreater}{OML}{'\>}
\DeclareTextAccent{\t}{OML}{127}  % "7F
⟨/OML⟩
```

20.9 Definitions for the OT4 encoding

These definitions are for the Polish extension to the 'TEX text' (OT1) encoding. This encoding was created by B. Jackowski and M. Ryćko for use with the Polish version of Computer Modern and Computer Concrete. In positions 0–127 it is identical to OT1 but it contains some additional characters in the upper half. The LATEX support was developed by Mariusz Olko.

The PL fonts that use it are available as follows:

Metafont sources `ftp://ftp.gust.org.pl/TeX/language/polish/pl-mf.zip`;

Font files `ftp://ftp.gust.org.pl/TeX/language/polish/pl-tfm.zip`.

Declare the encoding.

```
⟨*OT4⟩
\DeclareFontEncoding{OT4}{}{}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{OT4}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

Declare the accents.

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\"}{OT4}{127}
\DeclareTextAccent{\'}{OT4}{19}
\DeclareTextAccent{\.}{OT4}{95}
\DeclareTextAccent{\=}{OT4}{22}
\DeclareTextAccent{\^}{OT4}{94}
\DeclareTextAccent{\`}{OT4}{18}
\DeclareTextAccent{\~}{OT4}{126}
\DeclareTextAccent{\H}{OT4}{125}
\DeclareTextAccent{\u}{OT4}{21}
\DeclareTextAccent{\v}{OT4}{20}
\DeclareTextAccent{\r}{OT4}{23}
```

The ogonek accent is available only under a e A & E. But we have to provide some definition for `\k`. Some other accents have to be built by hand as in OT1:

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\k}{OT4}[1]{%
    \TextSymbolUnavailable{\k{#1}}#1}
```

In these definitions we no longer use the helper function `\sh@ft` from plain.tex since that now has two incompatible definitions.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\b}{OT4}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup\o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-3ex}%
     \vbox to.2ex{\hbox{\char22}\vss}\hidewidth}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\c}{OT4}[1]
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{#1}\ifdim\ht\z@=1ex\accent24 #1%
    \else{\ooalign{\unhbox\z@\crcr\hidewidth\char24\hidewidth}}\fi}
\DeclareTextCommand{\d}{OT4}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup
    \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}\egroup}
```

Declare the text symbols.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}{OT4}{29}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}{OT4}{30}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\O}{OT4}{31}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\L}{OT4}{138}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}{OT4}{26}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotleft}{OT4}{174}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotright}{OT4}{175}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\i}{OT4}{16}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\j}{OT4}{17}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\l}{OT4}{170}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\o}{OT4}{28}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}{OT4}{27}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\quotedblbase}{OT4}{255}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}{OT4}{25}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}{OT4}{124}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}{OT4}{123}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}{OT4}{60}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphenchar}{OT4}{`\-}
%\DeclareTextSymbol{\texthyphen}{OT4}{`\-}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}{OT4}{62}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}{OT4}{92}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}{OT4}{`\"}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteleft}{OT4}{`\`}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteright}{OT4}{`\'}
```

Definition for Å as in OT1:

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\r}{OT4}{A}
   {\leavevmode\setbox\z@\hbox{!}\dimen@\ht\z@\advance\dimen@-1ex%
    \rlap{\raise.67\dimen@\hbox{\char23}}A}
```

In the OT4 encoding, £ and $ share a slot.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}{OT4}{\hmode@bgroup
   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
      \slshape
   \else
      \upshape
   \fi
   \char`\$\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT4}{\hmode@bgroup
   \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
      \itshape
   \else
```

```
      \fontshape{ui}\selectfont
   \fi
   \char`\$\egroup}
```

Declare the composites.

```
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{A}{129}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{C}{130}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{E}{134}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{N}{139}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{S}{145}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{Z}{153}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT4}{Z}{155}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{a}{161}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{c}{162}
\DeclareTextComposite{\k}{OT4}{e}{166}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{n}{171}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{s}{177}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{z}{185}
\DeclareTextComposite{\.}{OT4}{z}{187}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{O}{211}
\DeclareTextComposite{\'}{OT4}{o}{243}
```

⟨/OT4⟩

20.10 Definitions for the TS1 encoding

```
⟨*TS1⟩
\DeclareFontEncoding{TS1}{}{}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{TS1}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

Some accents have to be built by hand. Note that `\ooalign` and `\o@lign` must be inside a group.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\capitalcedilla}{TS1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup
    \ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char11\hidewidth}\egroup}
\DeclareTextCommand{\capitalogonek}{TS1}[1]
   {\hmode@bgroup
    \ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\char12\hidewidth}\egroup}
```

Accents for capital letters.

These commands can be used by the end user either directly or through definitions of the type

```
\DeclareTextCompositeCommand{\'}{T1}{X}{\capitalacute X}
```

None of the latter definitions are provided by default, since they are probably rarely used.

"00 = 0

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalgrave}{TS1}{0}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalacute}{TS1}{1}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalcircumflex}{TS1}{2}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitaltilde}{TS1}{3}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitaldieresis}{TS1}{4}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalhungarumlaut}{TS1}{5}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalring}{TS1}{6}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalcaron}{TS1}{7}
```

"08 = 8

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalbreve}{TS1}{8}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalmacron}{TS1}{9}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitaldotaccent}{TS1}{10}
```

Tie accents.

The tie accent was borrowed from the `cmmi` font. The tc fonts now provide four tie accents, the first two are done in the classical way with assymetric glyphs hanging out of their boxes; the new ties are centered in their boxes like all other accents. They need a name: please tell us if you know what to call them.

" =

```
\DeclareTextAccent{\t}{TS1}{26}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitaltie}{TS1}{27}
\DeclareTextAccent{\newtie}{TS1}{28}
\DeclareTextAccent{\capitalnewtie}{TS1}{29}
```

Compund word marks.

The text companion fonts contain two compound word marks of different heights, one has `cap_height`, the other `asc_height`.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcapitalcompwordmark}{TS1}{23}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textascendercompwordmark}{TS1}{31}
```

The text companion symbols.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotestraightbase}{TS1}{13}
```

"10 = 16

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotestraightdblbase}{TS1}{18}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwelveudash}{TS1}{21}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreequartersemdash}{TS1}{22}
```

"18 = 24

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textleftarrow}{TS1}{24}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrightarrow}{TS1}{25}
```

"20 = 32

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textblank}{TS1}{32}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}{TS1}{36}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotesingle}{TS1}{39}
```

"28 = 40

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasteriskcentered}{TS1}{42}
```

Note that '054 is a comma and '056 is a full stop: these make numbers using oldstyle digits easier to input.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdblhyphen}{TS1}{45}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textfractionsolidus}{TS1}{47}
```

Oldstyle digits.

"30 = 48

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textzerooldstyle}{TS1}{48}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textoneoldstyle}{TS1}{49}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwooldstyle}{TS1}{50}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreeoldstyle}{TS1}{51}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textfouroldstyle}{TS1}{52}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textfiveoldstyle}{TS1}{53}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsixoldstyle}{TS1}{54}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsevenoldstyle}{TS1}{55}
```

"38 = 56

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texteightoldstyle}{TS1}{56}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textnineoldstyle}{TS1}{57}
```

More text companion symbols.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlangle}{TS1}{60}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textminus}{TS1}{61}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrangle}{TS1}{62}
```

"48 = 72

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmho}{TS1}{77}
```

The big circle is here to define the command `\textcircled`. Formerly it was taken from the `cmsy` font.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbigcircle}{TS1}{79}
\DeclareTextCommand{\textcircled}{TS1}[1]{\hmode@bgroup
   \ooalign{%
      \hfil \raise .07ex\hbox {\upshape#1}\hfil \crcr
      \char 79   % '117 = "4F
   }%
 \egroup}
```

More text companion symbols.

"50 = 80

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textohm}{TS1}{87}
```

"58 = 88

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlbrackdbl}{TS1}{91}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrbrackdbl}{TS1}{93}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textuparrow}{TS1}{94}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdownarrow}{TS1}{95}
```

"60 = 96

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciigrave}{TS1}{96}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textborn}{TS1}{98}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdivorced}{TS1}{99}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdied}{TS1}{100}
```

"68 = 104

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textleaf}{TS1}{108}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmarried}{TS1}{109}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmusicalnote}{TS1}{110}
```

"78 = 120

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttildelow}{TS1}{126}
```

This glyph, `\textdblhyphenchar` is hanging, like the hyphenchar of the ec fonts.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdblhyphenchar}{TS1}{127}
```

"80 = 128

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciibreve}{TS1}{128}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicaron}{TS1}{129}
```

This next glyph is *not* the same as `\textquotedbl`.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textacutedbl}{TS1}{130}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textgravedbl}{TS1}{131}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdagger}{TS1}{132}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdaggerdbl}{TS1}{133}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbardbl}{TS1}{134}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textperthousand}{TS1}{135}
```

"88 = 136

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbullet}{TS1}{136}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcelsius}{TS1}{137}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollaroldstyle}{TS1}{138}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcentoldstyle}{TS1}{139}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textflorin}{TS1}{140}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcolonmonetary}{TS1}{141}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textwon}{TS1}{142}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textnaira}{TS1}{143}
```

"90 = 144

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textguarani}{TS1}{144}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeso}{TS1}{145}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlira}{TS1}{146}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrecipe}{TS1}{147}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobang}{TS1}{148}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobangdown}{TS1}{149}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdong}{TS1}{150}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttrademark}{TS1}{151}
```

"98 = 152

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpertenthousand}{TS1}{152}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpilcrow}{TS1}{153}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbaht}{TS1}{154}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textnumero}{TS1}{155}
```

This next name may change. For the following sign we know only a german name, which is abzüglich. The meaning is something like "commercial minus". An ASCII ersatz is ./. (dot slash dot). The temporary English name is `\textdiscount`.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiscount}{TS1}{156}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textestimated}{TS1}{157}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textopenbullet}{TS1}{158}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textservicemark}{TS1}{159}
```

"A0 = 160

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlquill}{TS1}{160}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrquill}{TS1}{161}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcent}{TS1}{162}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsterling}{TS1}{163}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcurrency}{TS1}{164}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textyen}{TS1}{165}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbrokenbar}{TS1}{166}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}{TS1}{167}
```

"A8 = 168

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciidieresis}{TS1}{168}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcopyright}{TS1}{169}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textordfeminine}{TS1}{170}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcopyleft}{TS1}{171}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlnot}{TS1}{172}
```

The meaning of the circled-P is “sound recording copyright”.

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcircledP}{TS1}{173}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textregistered}{TS1}{174}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciimacron}{TS1}{175}
```

”B0 = 176

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdegree}{TS1}{176}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpm}{TS1}{177}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwosuperior}{TS1}{178}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreesuperior}{TS1}{179}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciiacute}{TS1}{180}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmu}{TS1}{181} % micro sign
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textparagraph}{TS1}{182}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textperiodcentered}{TS1}{183}
```

”B8 = 184

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textreferencemark}{TS1}{184}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonesuperior}{TS1}{185}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textordmasculine}{TS1}{186}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsurd}{TS1}{187}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonequarter}{TS1}{188}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonehalf}{TS1}{189}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreequarters}{TS1}{190}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texteuro}{TS1}{191}
```

”E0 = 208

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttimes}{TS1}{214}
```

”F0 = 240

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiv}{TS1}{246}
```

⟨/TS1⟩

20.11 Definitions for the TU encoding

The TU encoding was originally introduced in the contributed package `fontspec` as a Unicode encoding for XeTeX and LuaTeX.

Normally for these engines, the input consists of Unicode characters encoded in UTF-8. There is therefore little need to use the traditional (ASCII) encoding-specific commands

However, sometimes (e.g. for backwards compatibility) it can be useful to access these Unicode characters via such ASCII-based markup. The commands provided here Cover the characters in the T1 and TS1 encodings, but specified in Unicode position. Almost all the command names have been mechanically extracted form the `inputenc` UTF-8 support, which is essentially doing a reverse mapping from UTF-8 data to LaTeX LICR commands.

A few additional names for character which were supported in the original `fontspec` version of this file have also been added, even though they are not currently in the default `inputenc` UTF-8 declarations.

⟨*TU⟩

In the base interface the Unicode encoding is always known as TU But we parameterise the encoding name to allow for modelling differences in Unicode support by different fonts.

```
\providecommand\UnicodeEncodingName{TU}
```

As the Unicode encoding, TU, is only currently available with XeTeX or LuaTeX, we detect these engines first, and make adjustments for the differing font loading syntax. For other engines, we issue a warning then abort this file, switching back to T1 encoding.

```
\begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
\expandafter\ifx\csname XeTeXrevision\endcsname\relax
  \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
  \expandafter\ifx\csname directlua\endcsname\relax
```

Not LuaTeX or XeTeX, abort with a warning.

```
    \PackageWarningNoLine{fontenc}
      {\UnicodeEncodingName\space
       encoding is only available with XeTeX and LuaTeX.\MessageBreak
       Defaulting to T1 encoding}
      \def\encodingdefault{T1}
    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endinput
  \else
```

LuaTeX.

```
    \def\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures{+tlig;}
    \def\reserved@a#1{%
      \def\@remove@tlig##1{\@remove@tlig@##1\@nil#1\@nil\relax}
      \def\@remove@tlig@##1#1{\@remove@tlig@@##1}}
    \edef\reserved@b{\detokenize{+tlig;}}
    \expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter{\reserved@b}
    \def\@remove@tlig@@#1\@nil#2\relax{#1}
    \def\remove@tlig#1{%
      \begingroup
      \font\remove@tlig
      \expandafter\@remove@tlig\expandafter{\fontname\font}%
      \remove@tlig
      \char#1\relax
      \endgroup
    }
  \fi
\else
```

XeTeX

```
  \def\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures{mapping=tex-text;}
  \def\remove@tlig#1{\XeTeXglyph\numexpr\XeTeXcharglyph#1\relax}
\fi
\def\UnicodeFontFile#1#2{"[#1]:#2"}
\def\UnicodeFontName#1#2{"#1:#2"}
```

Declare the encoding

```
\DeclareFontEncoding\UnicodeEncodingName{}{}
```

Declare accent command to use a postpended combining character rather than the TeX `\accent` primitive

```
\def\add@unicode@accent#1#2{%
  \if\relax\detokenize{#2}\relax^^a0\else#2\fi
  \char#1\relax}
```

```
\def\DeclareUnicodeAccent#1#2#3{%
  \DeclareTextCommand{#1}{#2}{\add@unicode@accent{#3}}%
}
```

Wrapper around `\DeclareTextCompositeCommand` that uses the declared composite if it exists in the current font or falls back to the default definition for the TU accent if not.

```
{
\catcode\z@=11\relax
\gdef\DeclareUnicodeComposite#1#2#3{%
   \def\reserved@a##1##2{%
     \DeclareTextCompositeCommand#1\UnicodeEncodingName{#2}{%
   \iffontchar\font#3 ##2%
      \else ##1\fi}}%
    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\extract@default@composite
    \csname\UnicodeEncodingName\string#1\endcsname{#2}\@nil
   \bgroup
      \lccode\z@#3 %
      \lowercase{\egroup
      \expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter{\reserved@b}{^^@}}}%
}
\def\extract@default@composite#1{%
 \ifx\@text@composite#1%
   \expandafter\extract@default@composite@a
 \else
   \expandafter\extract@default@composite@b\expandafter#1%
 \fi}
\def\extract@default@composite@a#1\@text@composite#2\@nil{%
  \def\reserved@b{#2}}
\def\extract@default@composite@b#1#2\@nil{%
  \def\reserved@b{#1#2}}
\DeclareTextCommand\textquotesingle \UnicodeEncodingName{%
                                        \remove@tlig{"0027}}
\DeclareTextCommand\textasciigrave  \UnicodeEncodingName{%
                                        \remove@tlig{"0060}}
\DeclareTextCommand\textquotedbl    \UnicodeEncodingName{%
                                        \remove@tlig{"0022}}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdollar}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"0024}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textless}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"003C}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textgreater}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"003E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbackslash}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"005C}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicircum}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"005E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textunderscore}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"005F}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceleft}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"007B}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbar}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"007C}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbraceright}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"007D}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciitilde}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"007E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textexclamdown}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A1}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcent}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A2}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsterling}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A3}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcurrency}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A4}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textyen}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A5}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbrokenbar}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A6}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsection}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciidieresis}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A8}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcopyright}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"00A9}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textordfeminine}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"00AA}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotleft}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"00AB}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlnot}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"00AC}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textregistered}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"00AE}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciimacron}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"00AF}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdegree}           \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B0}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpm}               \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B1}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttwosuperior}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B2}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreesuperior}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B3}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciiacute}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B4}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmu}               \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B5}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textparagraph}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textperiodcentered}   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonesuperior}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"00B9}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textordmasculine}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BA}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guillemotright}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BB}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonequarter}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BC}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textonehalf}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BD}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textthreequarters}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BE}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquestiondown}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"00BF}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\AE}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00C6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\DH}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00D0}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttimes}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"00D7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\O}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"00D8}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\TH}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00DE}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ss}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00DF}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ae}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00E6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\dh}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00F0}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiv}              \UnicodeEncodingName{"00F7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\o}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"00F8}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\th}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"00FE}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\DJ}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0110}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\dj}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0111}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\i}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"0131}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\IJ}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0132}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ij}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0133}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\L}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"0141}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\l}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"0142}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\NG}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"014A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\ng}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"014B}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\OE}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0152}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\oe}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"0153}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textflorin}           \UnicodeEncodingName{"0192}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\j}                    \UnicodeEncodingName{"0237}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciicaron}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"02C7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textasciibreve}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"02D8}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textacutedbl}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"02DD}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textgravedbl}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"02F5}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttildelow}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"02F7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbaht}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"0E3F}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\SS}                   \UnicodeEncodingName{"1E9E}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcompwordmark}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"200C}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textendash}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2013}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textemdash}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2014}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbardbl}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2016}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteleft}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2018}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquoteright}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"2019}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\quotesinglbase}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"201A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblleft}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"201C}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textquotedblright}   \UnicodeEncodingName{"201D}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\quotedblbase}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"201E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdagger}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2020}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdaggerdbl}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2021}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbullet}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2022}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textellipsis}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"2026}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textperthousand}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"2030}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpertenthousand}  \UnicodeEncodingName{"2031}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglleft}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2039}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\guilsinglright}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"203A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textreferencemark}   \UnicodeEncodingName{"203B}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobang}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"203D}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textfractionsolidus} \UnicodeEncodingName{"2044}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlquill}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2045}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrquill}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2046}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdiscount}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"2052}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcolonmonetary}   \UnicodeEncodingName{"20A1}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlira}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"20A4}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textnaira}           \UnicodeEncodingName{"20A6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textwon}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"20A9}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdong}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"20AB}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texteuro}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"20AC}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textpeso}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"20B1}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcelsius}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"2103}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textnumero}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2116}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textcircledP}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"2117}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrecipe}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"211E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textservicemark}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"2120}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\texttrademark}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2122}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textohm}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"2126}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmho}             \UnicodeEncodingName{"2127}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textestimated}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"212E}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textleftarrow}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2190}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textuparrow}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"2191}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrightarrow}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"2192}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdownarrow}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"2193}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textminus}           \UnicodeEncodingName{"2212}
```

Not all fonts have U+2217 but using U+002A requires some adjustment.

```
\DeclareTextCommand{\textasteriskcentered}\UnicodeEncodingName{%
  \iffontchar\font"2217 \char"2217 \else
    \begingroup
      \fontsize
       {\the\dimexpr1.2\dimexpr\f@size pt\relax}%
       {\f@baselineskip}%
      \selectfont
```

```
      \raisebox{-0.6ex}[\dimexpr\height-0.6ex][0pt]{*}%
    \endgroup
  \fi
}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textsurd}            \UnicodeEncodingName{"221A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textlangle}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"2329}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textrangle}          \UnicodeEncodingName{"232A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textblank}           \UnicodeEncodingName{"2422}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textvisiblespace}    \UnicodeEncodingName{"2423}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textopenbullet}      \UnicodeEncodingName{"25E6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textbigcircle}       \UnicodeEncodingName{"25EF}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmusicalnote}     \UnicodeEncodingName{"266A}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textmarried}         \UnicodeEncodingName{"26AD}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textdivorced}        \UnicodeEncodingName{"26AE}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\textinterrobangdown} \UnicodeEncodingName{"2E18}
```

Accents must be declared before the composites that use them.

```
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\`}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0300}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\'}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0301}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\^}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0302}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\~}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0303}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\=}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0304}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\u}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0306}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\.}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0307}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\"}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0308}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\r}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"030A}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\H}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"030B}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\v}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"030C}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\b}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0332}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\d}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0323}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\c}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0327}
\DeclareUnicodeAccent{\k}                \UnicodeEncodingName{"0328}
\DeclareTextCommand\textcommabelow       \UnicodeEncodingName[1]
  {\hmode@bgroup\ooalign{\null#1\crcr\hidewidth\raise-.31ex
    \hbox{\check@mathfonts\fontsize\ssf@size\z@
    \math@fontsfalse\selectfont,}\hidewidth}\egroup}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}              {}{"005E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}              {}{"007E}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}             {A}{"00C0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}             {A}{"00C1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}             {A}{"00C2}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}             {A}{"00C3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}             {A}{"00C4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\r}             {A}{"00C5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}             {C}{"00C7}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}             {E}{"00C8}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}             {E}{"00C9}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}             {E}{"00CA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}             {E}{"00CB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}             {I}{"00CC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}             {I}{"00CD}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}             {I}{"00CE}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}             {I}{"00CF}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {N}{"00D1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {O}{"00D2}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {O}{"00D3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {O}{"00D4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {O}{"00D5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {O}{"00D6}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {U}{"00D9}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {U}{"00DA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {U}{"00DB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {U}{"00DC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {Y}{"00DD}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {a}{"00E0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {a}{"00E1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {a}{"00E2}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {a}{"00E3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {a}{"00E4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\r}            {a}{"00E5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {c}{"00E7}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {e}{"00E8}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {e}{"00E9}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {e}{"00EA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {e}{"00EB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            \i {"00EC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {i}{"00EC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            \i {"00ED}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {i}{"00ED}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            \i {"00EE}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {i}{"00EE}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            \i {"00EF}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {i}{"00EF}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {n}{"00F1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {o}{"00F2}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {o}{"00F3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {o}{"00F4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {o}{"00F5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {o}{"00F6}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\`}            {u}{"00F9}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {u}{"00FA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {u}{"00FB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {u}{"00FC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {y}{"00FD}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {y}{"00FF}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {A}{"0100}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {a}{"0101}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {A}{"0102}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {a}{"0103}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {A}{"0104}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {a}{"0105}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {C}{"0106}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {c}{"0107}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {C}{"0108}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {c}{"0109}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {C}{"010A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {c}{"010B}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {C}{"010C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {c}{"010D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {D}{"010E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {d}{"010F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {E}{"0112}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {e}{"0113}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {E}{"0114}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {e}{"0115}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {E}{"0116}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {e}{"0117}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {E}{"0118}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {e}{"0119}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {E}{"011A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {e}{"011B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {G}{"011C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {g}{"011D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {G}{"011E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {g}{"011F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {G}{"0120}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {g}{"0121}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {G}{"0122}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {g}{"0123}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {H}{"0124}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {h}{"0125}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {I}{"0128}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            \i {"0129}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {i}{"0129}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {I}{"012A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            \i {"012B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {i}{"012B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {I}{"012C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            \i {"012D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {i}{"012D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {I}{"012E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            \i {"012F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {i}{"012F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {I}{"0130}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {J}{"0134}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            \j {"0135}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {j}{"0135}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {K}{"0136}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {k}{"0137}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {L}{"0139}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {l}{"013A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {L}{"013B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {l}{"013C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {L}{"013D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {l}{"013E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {N}{"0143}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {n}{"0144}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {N}{"0145}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {n}{"0146}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {N}{"0147}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {n}{"0148}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {O}{"014C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {o}{"014D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {O}{"014E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {o}{"014F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\H}            {O}{"0150}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\H}            {o}{"0151}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {R}{"0154}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {r}{"0155}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {R}{"0156}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {r}{"0157}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {R}{"0158}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {r}{"0159}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {S}{"015A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {s}{"015B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {S}{"015C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {s}{"015D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {S}{"015E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {s}{"015F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {S}{"0160}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {s}{"0161}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {T}{"0162}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\c}            {t}{"0163}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {T}{"0164}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {t}{"0165}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {U}{"0168}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\~}            {u}{"0169}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {U}{"016A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}            {u}{"016B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {U}{"016C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\u}            {u}{"016D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\r}            {U}{"016E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\r}            {u}{"016F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\H}            {U}{"0170}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\H}            {u}{"0171}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {U}{"0172}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}            {u}{"0173}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {W}{"0174}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {w}{"0175}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {Y}{"0176}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\^}            {y}{"0177}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\"}            {Y}{"0178}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {Z}{"0179}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}            {z}{"017A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {Z}{"017B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}            {z}{"017C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {Z}{"017D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {z}{"017E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {A}{"01CD}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {a}{"01CE}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {I}{"01CF}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            \i {"01D0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {i}{"01D0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {O}{"01D1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}            {o}{"01D2}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {U}{"01D3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {u}{"01D4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              \AE{"01E2}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              \ae{"01E3}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {G}{"01E6}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {g}{"01E7}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {K}{"01E8}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {k}{"01E9}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}              {O}{"01EA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\k}              {o}{"01EB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              \j {"01F0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\v}              {j}{"01F0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}              {G}{"01F4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\'}              {g}{"01F5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\textcommabelow}{S}{"0218}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\textcommabelow}{s}{"0219}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\textcommabelow}{T}{"021A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\textcommabelow}{t}{"021B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              {Y}{"0232}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              {y}{"0232}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}              {B}{"1E02}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\.}              {b}{"1E03}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {B}{"1E04}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {b}{"1E05}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {D}{"1E0C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {d}{"1E0D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              {G}{"1E20}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\=}              {g}{"1E21}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {H}{"1E24}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {h}{"1E25}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {K}{"1E32}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {k}{"1E33}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {L}{"1E36}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {l}{"1E37}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {M}{"1E42}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {m}{"1E43}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {N}{"1E46}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {n}{"1E47}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {R}{"1E5A}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {r}{"1E5B}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {S}{"1E62}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {s}{"1E63}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {T}{"1E6C}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {t}{"1E6D}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {V}{"1E7E}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {v}{"1E7F}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {W}{"1E88}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {w}{"1E89}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {Z}{"1E92}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {z}{"1E93}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {A}{"1EA0}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {a}{"1EA1}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {E}{"1EB8}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}              {e}{"1EB9}
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {I}{"1ECA}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {i}{"1ECB}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {O}{"1ECC}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {o}{"1ECD}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {U}{"1EE4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {u}{"1EE5}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {Y}{"1EF4}
\DeclareUnicodeComposite{\d}            {y}{"1EF5}
```

⟨/TU⟩

21 Package files

This file now also contains some packages that provide access to the more specialised encodings.

21.1 The fontenc package

This package allows authors to specify which encodings they will use. For each encoding FOO, the package looks to see if the encoding FOO has already been declared. If it has not, the file `fooenc.def` is loaded. The default encoding is set to be FOO.

In addition the package at the moment contains extra code to extend the `\@uclclist` (list of upper/lower case pairs) for encodings that involve cyrillic characters. THIS IS A TEMPORARY SOLUTION and will not stay this way forever (or so we hope) but right now we are missing a proper interface for this and didn't wanted to rush it.

⟨*package⟩

Here we define a macro that extends the `\@uclclist` if needed and afterwards turns itself in a noop.

```
\def\update@uclc@with@cyrillic{%
 \expandafter\def\expandafter\@uclclist\expandafter
  {\@uclclist
  \cyra\CYRA\cyrabhch\CYRABHCH\cyrabhchdsc\CYRABHCHDSC\cyrabhdze
  \CYRABHDZE\cyrabhha\CYRABHHA\cyrae\CYRAE\cyrb\CYRB\cyrbyus
  \CYRBYUS\cyrc\CYRC\cyrch\CYRCH\cyrchldsc\CYRCHLDSC\cyrchrdsc
  \CYRCHRDSC\cyrchvcrs\CYRCHVCRS\cyrd\CYRD\cyrdelta\CYRDELTA
  \cyrdje\CYRDJE\cyrdze\CYRDZE\cyrdzhe\CYRDZHE\cyre\CYRE\cyreps
  \CYREPS\cyrerev\CYREREV\cyrery\CYRERY\cyrf\CYRF\cyrfita
  \CYRFITA\cyrg\CYRG\cyrgdsc\CYRGDSC\cyrgdschcrs\CYRGDSCHCRS
  \cyrghcrs\CYRGHCRS\cyrghk\CYRGHK\cyrgup\CYRGUP\cyrh\CYRH
  \cyrhdsc\CYRHDSC\cyrhhcrs\CYRHHCRS\cyrhhk\CYRHHK\cyrhrdsn
  \CYRHRDSN\cyri\CYRI\cyrie\CYRIE\cyrii\CYRII\cyrishrt\CYRISHRT
  \cyrishrtdsc\CYRISHRTDSC\cyrizh\CYRIZH\cyrje\CYRJE\cyrk\CYRK
  \cyrkbeak\CYRKBEAK\cyrkdsc\CYRKDSC\cyrkhcrs\CYRKHCRS\cyrkhk
  \CYRKHK\cyrkvcrs\CYRKVCRS\cyrl\CYRL\cyrldsc\CYRLDSC\cyrlhk
  \CYRLHK\cyrlje\CYRLJE\cyrm\CYRM\cyrmdsc\CYRMDSC\cyrmhk\CYRMHK
  \cyrn\CYRN\cyrndsc\CYRNDSC\cyrng\CYRNG\cyrnhk\CYRNHK\cyrnje
  \CYRNJE\cyrnlhk\CYRNLHK\cyro\CYRO\cyrotld\CYROTLD\cyrp\CYRP
  \cyrphk\CYRPHK\cyrq\CYRQ\cyrr\CYRR\cyrrdsc\CYRRDSC\cyrrhk
  \CYRRHK\cyrrtick\CYRRTICK\cyrs\CYRS\cyrsacrs\CYRSACRS
  \cyrschwa\CYRSCHWA\cyrsdsc\CYRSDSC\cyrsemisftsn\CYRSEMISFTSN
```

```
  \cyrsftsn\CYRSFTSN\cyrsh\CYRSH\cyrshch\CYRSHCH\cyrshha\CYRSHHA
  \cyrt\CYRT\cyrtdsc\CYRTDSC\cyrtetse\CYRTETSE\cyrtshe\CYRTSHE
  \cyru\CYRU\cyrushrt\CYRUSHRT\cyrv\CYRV\cyrw\CYRW\cyry\CYRY
  \cyrya\CYRYA\cyryat\CYRYAT\cyryhcrs\CYRYHCRS\cyryi\CYRYI\cyryo
  \CYRYO\cyryu\CYRYU\cyrz\CYRZ\cyrzdsc\CYRZDSC\cyrzh\CYRZH
  \cyrzhdsc\CYRZHDSC}%
 \let\update@uclc@with@cyrillic\relax
}
```

Here we process each option:

```
\DeclareOption*{%
   \let\encodingdefault\CurrentOption
   \edef\reserved@f{%
     \lowercase{\def\noexpand\reserved@f{\CurrentOption enc.def}}}%
   \reserved@f
   \InputIfFileExists\reserved@f
        {}{\PackageError{fontenc}%
         {Encoding file `\reserved@f' not found.%
          \MessageBreak
           You might have misspelt the name of the encoding}%
         {Necessary code for this encoding was not
          loaded.\MessageBreak
          Thus calling the encoding later on will
          produce further error messages.}}%
  \let\reserved@f\relax
```

In case the current encoding is one of a list of known cyrillic ones we extend the `\@uclclist`:

```
  \expandafter\in@\expandafter{\CurrentOption}%
                              {T2A,T2B,T2C,X2,LCY,OT2}%
  \ifin@
```

But only if it hasn't already been extended. This might happen if there are several calls to fontenc loading one of the above encodings. If we don't do this check the `\@uclclist` gets unnecessarily big, slowing down the processing at runtime.

```
     \expandafter\in@\expandafter\cyra\expandafter
                              {\@uclclist}%
     \ifin@
     \else
       \update@uclc@with@cyrillic
     \fi
  \fi
}
\ProcessOptions*
\fontencoding\encodingdefault\selectfont
```

To save some space we get rid of the macro extending the `\@uclclist` (might have happened already).

```
\let\update@uclc@with@cyrillic\relax
```

Finally we pretend that the fontenc package wasn't read in. This allows for using it several times, e.g., in a class file and in the preamble (at the cost of not getting any version info). That kind of hackery shows that using a general purpose package just for loading an encoding is not the right kind of interface for setting up encodings — it will get replaced at some point in the future.

```
\global\expandafter\let\csname ver@fontenc.sty\endcsname\relax
\global\expandafter\let\csname opt@fontenc.sty\endcsname\relax
\global\let\@ifl@ter@@\@ifl@ter
\def\@ifl@ter#1#2#3#4#5{\global\let\@ifl@ter\@ifl@ter@@}
```
⟨/package⟩

21.2 The textcomp package

This one is for the TS1 encoding which contains text symbols for use with the T1-encoded text fonts. It therefore first inputs the file TS1enc.def and then sets (or resets) the defaults for the symbols it contains. The result of this is that when one of these symbols is accessed and the current encoding does not provide it, the symbol will be supplied by a silent, local change to this encoding.

⟨*TS1sty⟩

Since many PostScript fonts only implement a subset of TS1 many commands only produce black blobs of ink. To resolve the resulting problems a number of options have been introduced and some code has been developed to distinguish sub-encodings.

The sub-encodings have a numerical id and are defined as follows for TS1:

#5 those TS1 symbols that are also in the ISO-Adobe character set; without textcurrency, which is often misused for the Euro. Older Type1 fonts from the non-TEX world provide only this subset.

#4 = #5 + \texteuro. Most newer fonts provide this.

#3 = #4 + \textomega. Can also be described as TS1∩(ISO-Adobe∪MacRoman). (Except for the missing "currency".)

#2 = #3 + \textestimated + \textcurrency. Can also be described as TS1 ∩ Adobe-Western-2. This may be relevant for OpenType fonts, which usually show the Adobe-Western-2 character set.

#1 = TS1 without \textcircled and \t. These two glyphs are often not implemented and if their kernel defaults are changed commands like \copyright unnecessarily fail.

#0 = full TS1

And here a summary to go in the transcript file:

```
\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Sub-encoding information:\MessageBreak
    \space\space 5 = only ISO-Adobe without
                                \string\textcurrency\MessageBreak
    \space\space 4 = 5 + \string\texteuro\MessageBreak
    \space\space 3 = 4 + \string\textohm\MessageBreak
    \space\space 2 = 3 + \noexpand\textestimated+
                                  \string\textcurrency\MessageBreak
    \space\space 1 = TS1 - \noexpand\textcircled-
                                           \string\t\MessageBreak
    \space\space 0 = TS1 (full)\MessageBreak
    Font families with sub-encoding setting implement\MessageBreak
    only a restricted character set as indicated.\MessageBreak
    Family '?' is the default used for unknown fonts.\MessageBreak
    See the documentation for details\@gobble}
```

\DeclareEncodingSubset An encoding subset to which a font family belongs is declared by the command \DeclareEncodingSubset that takes the major encoding as the first argument (e.g., TS1), the family name as the second argument (e.g., cmr), and the subset encoding id as a third, (e.g., 0 for cmr).

The default encoding subset to use when nothing is known about the current font family is named ?.

```
\def\DeclareEncodingSubset#1#2#3{%
  \@ifundefined{#1:#2}%
    {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Setting #2 sub-encoding to #1/#3}}%
    {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Changing #2 sub-encoding to #1/#3}}%
  \@namedef{#1:#2}{#3}}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareEncodingSubset
```

The options for the package are the following:

safe for unknown font families enables only symbols that are also in the ISO-Adobe character set; without "currency", which is often misused for the Euro. Older Type1 fonts from the non-TeX world provide only this subset.

euro enables the "safe" symbols plus the \texteuro command. Most newer fonts provide this.

full enables all TS1 commands; useful only with fonts like EC or CM bright.

almostfull same as "full", except that \textcircled and \t are *not* redefined from their defaults to avoid that commands like \copyright suddenly no longer work.

force ignore all subset encoding definitions stored in the package itself or in the configuration file and always use the default subset as specified by one of the other options (seldom useful, only dangerous).

\iftc@forced Switch used to implement the force option

```
\newif\iftc@forced   \tc@forcedfalse
```

This is implemented by defining the default subset:

```
\DeclareOption{full}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{0}}
\DeclareOption{almostfull}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{1}}
\DeclareOption{euro}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{4}}
\DeclareOption{safe}{\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{?}{5}}
```

The default is "almostfull" which means that old documents will work except that \textcircled and \t will use the kernel defaults (with the advantage that this also works if the current font (as often the case) doesn't implement these glyphs.

The "force" option simply sets the switch to true.

```
\DeclareOption{force}{\tc@forcedtrue}
```

The suggestions to user is to use the "safe" option always unless that balks in which case they could switch to "almostfull" but then better check their output manually.

```
\def\tc@errorwarn{\PackageError}
\DeclareOption{warn}{\gdef\tc@errorwarn#1#2#3{\PackageWarning{#1}{#2}}}
\ExecuteOptions{almostfull}
\ProcessOptions\relax
```

\CheckEncodingSubset The command \CheckEncodingSubset will check if the current font family has the right encoding subset to typeset a certain command. It takes five arguments as follows: first argument is either \UseTextSymbol, \UseTextAccent depending on whether or not the symbol is a text symbol or a text accent.

The second argument is the encoding from which this symbol should be fetched.

The third argument is either a fake accessor command or an error message. the code in that argument (if ever executed) receives two arguments: #2 and #5 of \CheckEncodingSubset.

Argument four is the subset encoding id to test against: if this value is higher than the subset id of the current font family then we typeset the symbol, i.e., execute #1{#2}#5 otherwise it runs #3#5, e.g., to produce an error message or fake the glyph somehow.

Argument five is the symbol or accent command that is being checked.

For usage examples see definitions below.

```
\iftc@forced
```

If the "force" option was given we always use the default for testing against.

```
\def\CheckEncodingSubset#1#2#3#4#5{%
    \ifnum #4>%
        0\csname #2:?\endcsname
        \relax
   \expandafter\@firstoftwo
  \else
   \expandafter\@secondoftwo
 \fi
  {#1{#2}}{#3}%
  #5%
}
```

In normal circumstances the test is a bit more complicated: first check if there exists a macro \⟨*arg2*⟩:⟨*current-family*⟩ and if so use that value to test against, otherwise use the default to test against.

```
\else
\def\CheckEncodingSubset#1#2#3#4#5{%
    \ifnum #4>%
      \expandafter\ifx\csname #2:\f@family\endcsname\relax
        0\csname #2:?\endcsname
      \else
        \csname #2:\f@family\endcsname
      \fi
   \relax
   \expandafter\@firstoftwo
  \else
   \expandafter\@secondoftwo
 \fi
  {#1{#2}}{#3}%
  #5%
}
\fi
```

tc@subst

```
\def\tc@subst#1{%
   \tc@errorwarn{textcomp}%  % should be latex error if general
```

```
    {Symbol \string#1 not provided by\MessageBreak
     font family \f@family\space
     in TS1 encoding.\MessageBreak Default family used instead}\@eha
  \bgroup\fontfamily\textcompsubstdefault\selectfont#1\egroup
}
```

\textcompsubstdefault

```
\def\textcompsubstdefault{cmr}
```

\tc@error `\tc@error` is going to be used in arg `#3` of `\CheckEncodingSubset` when a symbol is not available in a certain font family. It gets pass the encoding it normally lives in (arg one) and the name of the symbol or accent that has a problem.

```
% error commands take argument:
% #1 symbol to be used
\def\tc@error#1{%
   \PackageError{textcomp}%  % should be latex error if general
    {Accent \string#1 not provided by\MessageBreak
     font family \f@family\space
     in TS1 encoding}\@eha
}
```

\tc@fake@euro `\tc@fake@euro` is an example of a "fake" definition to use in arg `#3` of `\CheckEncodingSubset` when a symbol is not available in a certain font family. Here we produce an Euro symbol by combining a "C" with a "=".

```
\def\tc@fake@euro#1{%
   \leavevmode
   \PackageInfo{textcomp}{Faking \noexpand#1for font family
                          \f@family\MessageBreak in TS1 encoding}%
   \valign{##\cr
      \vfil\hbox to 0.07em{\dimen@\f@size\p@
                           \math@fontsfalse
                           \fontsize{.7\dimen@}\z@\selectfont=\hss}%
      \vfil\cr%
      \hbox{C}\crcr
   }%
}
```

\tc@check@symbol
\tc@check@accent

These are two abbreviations that we use below to check symbols and accents in TS1. Only there to save some space, e.g., we can then write

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcurrency}{\tc@check@symbol3\textcurrency}
```

to ensure that `\textcurrency` is only typeset if the current font has a `TS1` subset id of less than 3. Otherwise `\tc@error` is called telling the user that for this font family `\textcurreny` is not available.

```
\def\tc@check@symbol{\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\tc@subst}
\def\tc@check@accent{\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}\tc@error}
```

We start with the commands that are "safe" and which can be unconditionally set up, first the accents...

```
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcedilla}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalogonek}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalgrave}{TS1}
```

```
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalacute}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcircumflex}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaltilde}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaldieresis}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalhungarumlaut}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalring}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalcaron}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalbreve}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitalmacron}{TS1}
\DeclareTextAccentDefault{\capitaldotaccent}{TS1}
```

. . . and then the other glyphs.

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcapitalcompwordmark}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textascendercompwordmark}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotestraightbase}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotestraightdblbase}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttwelveudash}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreequartersemdash}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdollar}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textquotesingle}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasteriskcentered}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textfractionsolidus}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textminus}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textlbrackdbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textrbrackdbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciigrave}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttildelow}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciibreve}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciicaron}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textgravedbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textacutedbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdagger}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdaggerdbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbardbl}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperthousand}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbullet}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcelsius}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textflorin}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttrademark}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcent}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsterling}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textyen}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textbrokenbar}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textsection}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciidieresis}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textcopyright}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textordfeminine}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textlnot}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textregistered}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciimacron}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdegree}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textpm}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttwosuperior}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreesuperior}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textasciiacute}{TS1}
```

```
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textmu}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textparagraph}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textperiodcentered}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonesuperior}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textordmasculine}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonequarter}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textonehalf}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textthreequarters}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\texttimes}{TS1}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\textdiv}{TS1}
```

The `\texteuro` is only available for subsets with id 4 or less. Otherwise we fake the glyph using `\tc@fake@euro`

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texteuro}
   {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextSymbol{TS1}\tc@fake@euro5\texteuro}
```

The `\textohm` is only available for subsets with id 3 or less. Otherwise we produce an error.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textohm}{\tc@check@symbol4\textohm}
```

The `\textestimated` and `\textcurrency` are only provided for fonts with subset encoding with id 2 or less.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textestimated}%
    {\tc@check@symbol3\textestimated}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcurrency}%
    {\tc@check@symbol3\textcurrency}
```

Nearly all of the remaining glyphs are provided only with fonts with id 1 or 0, i.e., are essentially complete.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\capitaltie}%
    {\tc@check@accent2\capitaltie}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\newtie}%
    {\tc@check@accent2\newtie}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\capitalnewtie}%
    {\tc@check@accent2\capitalnewtie}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textleftarrow}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textleftarrow}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrightarrow}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textrightarrow}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textblank}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textblank}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdblhyphen}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdblhyphen}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textzerooldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textzerooldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textoneoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textoneoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texttwooldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\texttwooldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textthreeoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textthreeoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textfouroldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textfouroldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textfiveoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textfiveoldstyle}
```

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsixoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textsixoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsevenoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textsevenoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\texteightoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\texteightoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnineoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textnineoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlangle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textlangle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrangle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textrangle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmho}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textmho}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textbigcircle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textbigcircle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textuparrow}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textuparrow}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdownarrow}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdownarrow}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textborn}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textborn}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdivorced}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdivorced}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdied}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdied}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textleaf}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textleaf}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmarried}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textmarried}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textmusicalnote}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textmusicalnote}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdblhyphenchar}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdblhyphenchar}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdollaroldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdollaroldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcentoldstyle}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textcentoldstyle}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcolonmonetary}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textcolonmonetary}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textwon}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textwon}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnaira}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textnaira}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textguarani}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textguarani}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpeso}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textpeso}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlira}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textlira}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrecipe}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textrecipe}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textinterrobang}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textinterrobang}
```

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textinterrobangdown}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textinterrobangdown}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdong}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdong}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpertenthousand}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textpertenthousand}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textpilcrow}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textpilcrow}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textbaht}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textbaht}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textnumero}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textnumero}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textdiscount}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textdiscount}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textopenbullet}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textopenbullet}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textservicemark}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textservicemark}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textlquill}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textlquill}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textrquill}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textrquill}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcopyleft}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textcopyleft}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcircledP}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textcircledP}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textreferencemark}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textreferencemark}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textsurd}%
    {\tc@check@symbol2\textsurd}
```

The `\textcircled` and `\t` are handled specially, unless the current font has a subset id of 0 (i.e. full `TS1`) we pick the symbols up from the the math font encodings, i.e., the third argument to `\CheckEncodingSubset` uses `\UseTextAccent` to get them from there.

```
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\textcircled}
  {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}%
    {\UseTextAccent{OMS}}1\textcircled}
\DeclareTextCommandDefault{\t}
  {\CheckEncodingSubset\UseTextAccent{TS1}%
    {\UseTextAccent{OML}}1\t}
```

Finally input the encoding-specific definitions for `TS1` thus making the top-level definitions optimised for this encoding (and not for the default encoding, see section 20.2).

```
\input{ts1enc.def}
```

Now having the new glyphs available we also want to make sure that they are used. For most cases this will automatically happen but for some glyphs there are inferior definitions already known to LaTeX which will prevent the usage of the `TS1` versions (see section 20.1 above). So we better get rid of them:

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT1}
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}  {OT1}
```

Similar declarations should probably be made for other encodings like OT4 if they are in use.

```
%\UndeclareTextCommand{\textsterling}{OT4}
%\UndeclareTextCommand{\textdollar}  {OT4}
```

From the T1 encoding there are two candidates for removal: ‰ and ‰ since these are both constructed from % followed by a tiny '₀' rather than being a single glyph. The problem with this approach is that in PostScript fonts this small zero is usually not available resulting in %▪ rather than ‰ while the real glyph (at least for \textperthousand) is available in the PostScript version of TS1. So for the moment we compromise by removing the T1 declaration for \textperthousand but keeping the one for \textpertenthousand. This will have the effect that with Computer Modern fonts everything will come out (although ‰ and ‰ are not taken from the same physical font) and with PostScript fonts ‰ will come out correctly while ‰ will most likely look like %▬ — which is probably an improvement over just getting a single '▪' to indicate a completely missing glyph, which would happen if we also 'undeclared' \textpertenthousand.

```
\UndeclareTextCommand{\textperthousand}{T1}
%\UndeclareTextCommand{\textpertenthousand}{T1}
```

21.2.1 Supporting oldstyle digits

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\oldstylenums[1]{%
 \begingroup
  \ifmmode
   \mathgroup\symletters #1%
  \else
   \CheckEncodingSubset\@use@text@encoding{TS1}%
       {\PackageWarning{textcomp}%
          {Oldstyle digits unavailable for
           family \f@family.\MessageBreak
           Lining digits used instead}}%
       \tw@{#1}%
   \fi
 \endgroup
}
```

21.2.2 Subset encoding defaults

For many font families commonly used in the TEX world we provide the subset encoding data here. Users can add additional font families in the file textcomp.cfg if they own other fonts.

However, if the option "forced" was given then all subset encoding specifications are ignored, so there is no point in setting any of them up:

```
\iftc@forced \else
```

Computer modern based fonts (e.g., CM, CM-Bright, Concrete):

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmr}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmss}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmtt}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmvtt}   {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmbr}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{cmtl}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ccr}     {0}
```

PSNFSS fonts:

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptm}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pcr}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{phv}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ppl}     {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pag}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pbk}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pnc}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pzc}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{bch}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{put}     {5}
```

Other CTAN fonts (probably not complete):

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{uag}     {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ugq}     {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ul8}     {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ul9}     {4}  % (LuxiSans, one day)
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{augie}   {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{dayrom}  {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{dayroms} {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxr}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxss}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pxtt}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txr}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txss}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{txtt}    {0}
```

Latin Modern and TeX Gyre:

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmr}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmdh}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmss}    {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmssq}   {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmvtt}   {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{lmtt}    {0}
```

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qhv}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qag}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qbk}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qcr}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qcs}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qpl}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qtm}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qzc}     {0}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{qhvc}    {0}
```

Fourier-GUTenberg:

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futs}    {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futx}    {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{futj}    {4}
```

Y&Y's Lucida Bright

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlh}     {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hls}     {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlst}    {3}
```

The remaining settings for Lucida are conservative: the following fonts contain the `\textohm` character but not the `\texteuro`, i.e., belong to neither subset 4 nor

subset 3. If you want to use the `\textohm` with these fonts copy these definition to `textcomp.cfg` and change the subset to 3. However in that case make sure that you do not use the `\texteuro`.

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlct}    {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlx}     {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlce}    {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcn}    {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcw}    {5}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{hlcf}    {5}
```

Other commercial families...

```
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pplx}    {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{pplj}    {3}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptmx}    {4}
\DeclareEncodingSubset{TS1}{ptmj}    {4}
```

If the file `textcomp.cfg` exists it will be loaded at this point. This allows to define further subset encodings for font families not covered by default.

```
\InputIfFileExists{textcomp.cfg}
  {\PackageInfo{textcomp}{Local configuration file used}}{}
\fi
```

⟨/TS1sty⟩

File m
ltcounts.dtx

22 Counters and Lengths

Commands for defining and using counters. This file defines:

`\newcounter` To define a new counter.

`\setcounter` To set the value of counters.

`\addtocounter` Increase the counter `#1` by the number `#2`.

`\stepcounter` Increase a counter by one.

`\refstepcounter` Increase a counter by one, also setting the value used by `\label`.

`\value` For accessing the value of the counter as a TEX number (as opposed to `\the`⟨*counter*⟩ which expands to the *printed* representation of ⟨*counter*⟩)

`\arabic` `\arabic{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: 1, 2, 3, ...

`\roman` `\roman{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: i, ii, iii, ...

`\Roman` `\Roman{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: I, II, III, ...

`\alph` `\alph{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: a, b, c, ...

`\Alph` `\Alph{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: A, B, C, ...

`\fnsymbol` `\fnsymbol{`⟨*counter*⟩`}`: ∗, †, ‡, ...

1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩

22.1 Environment Counter Macros

An environment foo has an associated counter defined by the following control sequences:

`\c@foo` Contains the counter's numerical value. It is defined by `\newcount\foocounter`.

`\thefoo` Macro that expands to the printed value of `\foocounter`. For example, if sections are numbered within chapters, and section headings look like
Section II-3. The Nature of Counters
then `\thesection` might be defined by:

```
\def\thesection
    {\@Roman{\c@chapter}-\@arabic{\c@section}}
```

`\p@foo` Macro that expands to a printed 'reference prefix' of counter foo. Any `\ref` to a value created by counter foo will produce the expansion of `\p@foo\thefoo` when the `\label` command is executed. See file `ltxref.dtx` for an extension of this mechanism.

`\cl@foo` List of counters to be reset when foo stepped. Has format `\@elt{countera}\@elt{counterb}\@elt{counterc}`.

NOTE:
`\thefoo` and `\p@foo` *must* be defined in such a way that `\edef\bar{\thefoo}` or `\edef\bar{\p@foo}` defines `\bar` so that it will evaluate to the counter value at the time of the `\edef`, even after `\foocounter` and any other counters have been changed. This will happen if you use the standard commands `\@arabic`, `\@Roman`, etc.

The following commands are used to define and modify counters.

`\refstepcounter{`⟨*foo*⟩`}`
Same as `\stepcounter`, but it also defines `\@currentreference` so that a subsequent `\label{`⟨*bar*⟩`}` command causes `\ref{`⟨*bar*⟩`}` to generate the current value of counter ⟨*foo*⟩.

`\@definecounter{`⟨*foo*⟩`}`
Initializes counter `{`⟨*foo*⟩`}` (with empty reset list), defines `\p@foo` and `\thefoo` to be null. Also adds ⟨*foo*⟩ to `\cl@@ckpt` – the reset list of a dummy counter `@ckpt` used for taking checkpoints for the `\include` system.

`\@addtoreset{`⟨*foo*⟩`}{`⟨*bar*⟩`}` : Adds counter ⟨*foo*⟩ to the list of counters `\cl@bar` to be reset when counter ⟨*bar*⟩ is stepped.

`\setcounter` `\setcounter{`⟨*foo*⟩`}{`⟨*val*⟩`}` : Globally sets `\foocounter` equal to ⟨*val*⟩.

```
\def\setcounter#1#2{%
  \@ifundefined{c@#1}%
    {\@nocounterr{#1}}%
    {\global\csname c@#1\endcsname#2\relax}}
```

`\addtocounter` `\addtocounter{`⟨*foo*⟩`}{`⟨*val*⟩`}` Globally increments `\foocounter` by ⟨*val*⟩.

```
\def\addtocounter#1#2{%
  \@ifundefined{c@#1}%
    {\@nocounterr{#1}}%
    {\global\advance\csname c@#1\endcsname #2\relax}}
```

`\newcounter` `\newcounter{`⟨*newctr*⟩`}[`⟨*oldctr*⟩`]` Defines ⟨*newctr*⟩ to be a counter, which is reset when counter ⟨*oldctr*⟩ is stepped. If ⟨*newctr*⟩ already defined produces '`c@newctr already defined`' error.

```
\def\newcounter#1{%
  \expandafter\@ifdefinable \csname c@#1\endcsname
    {\@definecounter{#1}}%
  \@ifnextchar[{\@newctr{#1}}{}}
```

`\value` `\value{`⟨*ctr*⟩`}` produces the value of counter ⟨*ctr*⟩, for use with a `\setcounter` or `\addtocounter` command.

```
\def\value#1{\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\@newctr`

```
\def\@newctr#1[#2]{%
  \@ifundefined{c@#2}{\@nocounterr{#2}}{\@addtoreset{#1}{#2}}}
```

`\stepcounter` `\stepcounter`foo Globally increments counter `\c@FOO` and resets all subsidiary counters.

```
\def\stepcounter#1{%
  \addtocounter{#1}\@ne
  \begingroup
    \let\@elt\@stpelt
    \csname cl@#1\endcsname
  \endgroup}
```

`\@stpelt` Rather than resetting the "within" counter to zero we set it to −1 and then run `\stepcounter` that moves it to 0 and also initiates resetting the next level down.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@stpelt}
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩                                  {Reset nested counters}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@stpelt#1{\global\csname c@#1\endcsname \m@ne\stepcounter{#1}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@stpelt}
⟨latexrelease⟩                                  {Reset nested counters}%%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@stpelt#1{\global\csname c@#1\endcsname \z@}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\cl@@ckpt`

```
\def\cl@@ckpt{\@elt{page}}
```

`\@definecounter`

```
\def\@definecounter#1{\expandafter\newcount\csname c@#1\endcsname
     \setcounter{#1}\z@
     \global\expandafter\let\csname cl@#1\endcsname\@empty
     \@addtoreset{#1}{@ckpt}%
     \global\expandafter\let\csname p@#1\endcsname\@empty
     \expandafter
     \gdef\csname the#1\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter
          {\expandafter\@arabic\csname c@#1\endcsname}}
```

`\@addtoreset`

```
\def\@addtoreset#1#2{\expandafter\@cons\csname cl@#2\endcsname {{#1}}}
```

Numbering commands for definitions of `\theCOUNTER` and `\list` arguments. All commands can now be used in text and math mode.

`\arabic` Representation of⟨*counter*⟩ as arabic numerals. Changed 29 Apr 86 to make it print the obvious thing it COUNTER not positive.

```
\def\arabic#1{\expandafter\@arabic\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\roman` Representation of ⟨*counter*⟩ as lower-case Roman numerals.

```
\def\roman#1{\expandafter\@roman\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\Roman` Representation of ⟨*counter*⟩ as upper-case Roman numerals.

```
\def\Roman#1{\expandafter\@Roman\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\alph` Representation of ⟨*counter*⟩ as a lower-case letter: 1 = a, 2 = b, etc.

```
\def\alph#1{\expandafter\@alph\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\Alph` Representation of ⟨*counter*⟩ as an upper-case letter: 1 = A, 2 = B, etc.

```
\def\Alph#1{\expandafter\@Alph\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\fnsymbol` Representation of ⟨*COUNTER*⟩ as a footnote symbol: 1 = ∗, 2 = †, etc.

```
\def\fnsymbol#1{\expandafter\@fnsymbol\csname c@#1\endcsname}
```

`\@arabic` `\@arabic\FOOcounter` Representation of `\FOOcounter` as arabic numerals.

```
\def\@arabic#1{\number #1}  %% changed 29 Apr 86
```

\@roman `\@roman\FOOcounter` Representation of `\FOOcounter` as lower-case Roman numerals.

```
\def\@roman#1{\romannumeral #1}
```

\@Roman `\@Roman\FOOcounter` Representation of `\FOOcounter` as upper-case Roman numerals.

```
\def\@Roman#1{\expandafter\@slowromancap\romannumeral #1@}
```

\@slowromancap Fully expandable macro to change a roman number to uppercase.

```
\def\@slowromancap#1{\ifx @#1% then terminate
     \else
       \if i#1I\else\if v#1V\else\if x#1X\else\if l#1L\else\if
       c#1C\else\if d#1D\else \if m#1M\else#1\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
       \expandafter\@slowromancap
     \fi
}
```

\@alph `\@alph\FOOcounter` Representation of `\FOOcounter` as a lower-case letter: 1 = a, 2 = b, etc.

```
\def\@alph#1{%
  \ifcase#1\or a\or b\or c\or d\or e\or f\or g\or h\or i\or j\or
   k\or l\or m\or n\or o\or p\or q\or r\or s\or t\or u\or v\or w\or x\or
    y\or z\else\@ctrerr\fi}
```

\@Alph `\@Alph\FOOcounter` Representation of `\FOOcounter` as an upper-case letter: 1 = A, 2 = B, etc.

```
\def\@Alph#1{%
  \ifcase#1\or A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\or G\or H\or I\or J\or
   K\or L\or M\or N\or O\or P\or Q\or R\or S\or T\or U\or V\or W\or X\or
    Y\or Z\else\@ctrerr\fi}
```

\@fnsymbol Typesetting old fashioned footnote symbols. This can be done both in text or math mode now.

This macro is another example of an ever recurring problem in TEX: Determining if something is text-mode or math-mode. It is imperative for the decision between text and math to be delayed until the actual typesetting is done as the code in question may go through an `\edef` or `\write` where an `\ifmmode` test would be executed prematurely. Hence in the implementation below, `\@fnsymbol` is not robust in itself but the parts doing the actual typesetting are.

In the case of `\@fnsymbol` we make use of the robust command `\TextOrMath` which takes two arguments and typesets the first if in text-mode and the second if in math-mode. Note that in order for this command to make the correct decision, it must insert a `\relax` token if run under regular TEX, which ruins any kerning between the preceding characters and whatever awaits typesetting. If you use eTEX as engine for LATEX (as recommended) this unfortunate side effect is not present.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@fnsymbol}{Use \TexOrMath}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@fnsymbol#1{%
   \ifcase#1\or \TextOrMath\textasteriskcentered *\or
```

```
  \TextOrMath \textdagger \dagger\or
  \TextOrMath \textdaggerdbl \ddagger \or
  \TextOrMath \textsection  \mathsection\or
  \TextOrMath \textparagraph \mathparagraph\or
  \TextOrMath \textbardbl \|\or
  \TextOrMath {\textasteriskcentered\textasteriskcentered}{**}\or
  \TextOrMath {\textdagger\textdagger}{\dagger\dagger}\or
  \TextOrMath {\textdaggerdbl\textdaggerdbl}{\ddagger\ddagger}\else
  \@ctrerr \fi
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@fnsymbol}{Use \TexOrMath}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@fnsymbol#1{\ensuremath{%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \ifcase#1\or *\or \dagger\or \ddagger\or \mathsection\or
⟨latexrelease⟩     \mathparagraph\or \|\or **\or \dagger\dagger
⟨latexrelease⟩     \or \ddagger\ddagger \else\@ctrerr\fi}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\TextOrMath` When using regular TEX, we make this command robust so that it always selects the correct branch in an `\ifmmode` switch with the usual disadvantage of ruining kerning. For the application we use it for here that shouldn't matter. The alternative would be to mimic `\IeC` from inputenc but then it wil have the disadvantage of choosing the wrong branch if appearing at the beginning of an alignment cell. However, users of eTEX will be pleasantly surprised to get the best of both worlds and no bad side effects.

First some code for checking if we are running eTEX but making sure not to permanently turn `\protected` into `\relax`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\TextOrMath}{\TextOrMath}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
\expandafter\ifx\csname protected\endcsname\relax
```

In case of ordinary TEX we define `\TextOrMath` as a robust command but make sure it always grabs its arguments. If we didn't do this it might very well gobble spaces in the input stream.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\TextOrMath{%
  \ifmmode  \expandafter\@secondoftwo
  \else     \expandafter\@firstoftwo  \fi}
\protected@edef\TextOrMath#1#2{\TextOrMath{#1}{#2}}
\else
```

For eTEX the situation is similar. The robust macro is a hidden one so that we again avoid problems of gobbling spaces in the input.

```
\protected\expandafter\def\csname TextOrMath\space\endcsname{%
  \ifmmode  \expandafter\@secondoftwo
  \else     \expandafter\@firstoftwo  \fi}
\edef\TextOrMath#1#2{%
  \expandafter\noexpand\csname TextOrMath\space\endcsname
  {#1}{#2}}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\TextOrMath}{\TextOrMath}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\TextOrMath\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩

⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File n
ltlength.dtx

23 Lengths

\newlength Declare #1 to be a new length command.
\setlength Set the length command, #1, to the value #2.
\addtolength Increase the value of the length command, #1, by the value #2.
\settowidth Set the length, #1 to the width of a box containing #2.
\settoheight Set the length, #1 to the height of a box containing #2.
\settodepth Set the length, #1 to the depth of a box containing #2.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\message{lengths,}
```

\newlength

```
\def\newlength#1{\@ifdefinable#1{\newskip#1}}
```

\setlength

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\setlength}{Using \setlength with \dimen0}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\setlength#1#2{#1 #2\relax}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\setlength}{Using \setlength with \dimen0}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\setlength#1#2{#1#2\relax}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\addtolength `\relax` added 24 Mar 86

```
\def\addtolength#1#2{\advance#1 #2\relax}
```

\settoheight The obvious analogs of `\settowidth`.
\settodepth
\settowidth

```
\def\@settodim#1#2#3{\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{{#3}}#2#1\@tempboxa
```

\@settodim Clear the memory afterwards (which might be a lot).

```
        \setbox\@tempboxa\box\voidb@x}
\def\settoheight{\@settodim\ht}
\def\settodepth {\@settodim\dp}
\def\settowidth {\@settodim\wd}
```

\@settopoint This macro takes the contents of the skip register that is supplied as its argument and removes the fractional part to make it a whole number of points. This can be used in class files to avoid values like `345.4666666pt` when calulating a dimension.

```
\def\@settopoint#1{\divide#1\p@\multiply#1\p@}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File o
ltfssbas.dtx

This file contains the main implementation of the 'low level' font selection commands. See other parts of the LaTeX distribution, or *The LaTeX Companion* for higher level documentation of the LaTeX 'New' Font Selection Scheme.

> **Warning:** The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

The '2ekernel' code ensures that a `\usepackage{autofss1}` is essentially ignored if a 'full' format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

Note the `autofss2` loading is currently disabled.

```
1 ⟨2ekernel⟩\expandafter\let\csname ver@autofss1.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

24 Preliminary macros

We define a number of macros that will be used later.

`\@nomath` `\@nomath` is used by most macros that will have no effect in math mode. It issues a warning message.

```
2 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
3 \def\@nomath#1{\relax\ifmmode
4    \@font@warning{Command \noexpand#1invalid in math mode}\fi}
```

`\no@alphabet@error` The macro `\no@alphabet@error` is called whenever the user requests a math *alphabet* that is not available in the current *version*. In math mode an error message is produced otherwise the command keeps silent. The argument is the name of the control sequence that identifies the math *alphabet*. The `\relax` at the beginning is necessary to prevent TeX from scanning too far in certain situations.

```
5 \gdef\no@alphabet@error#1{\relax \ifmmode
6     \@latex@error{Math\space alphabet\space identifier\space
7           \noexpand#1is\space undefined\space in\space math\space
8            version\space `\math@version'}%
9         {Your\space requested\space math\space alphabet\space
10         is\space undefined\space in\space the\space current\space
11          math\space version.^^JCheck\space the\space spelling\space
12          or\space use\space the\space \noexpand\SetMathAlphabet\space
13          command.}
14      \fi}
```

`\new@mathgroup` `\mathgroup` We also give a new name to `\newfam` and `\fam` to avoid verbal confusion (see the introduction).[2]

```
15 %\def\new@mathgroup{\alloc@8\mathgroup\chardef\sixt@@n}
16 \let\mathgroup\fam
17 %\let\newfam\new@mathgroup
18 \@onlypreamble\new@mathgroup
```

[2] For the same reason it seems advisable to `\let\fam` and `\newfam` equal to `\relax`, but this is commented out to retain compatibility to existing style files.

25 Macros for setting up the tables

\DeclareFontShape The macro \DeclareFontShape takes 6 arguments:

```
\def\DeclareFontShape{\begingroup
```

First we restore the catcodes of all characters used in the syntax.

```
  \nfss@catcodes
```

We use \expandafter \endgroup to restore catcode in case something goes wrong with the argument parsing (suggested by Tim Van Zandt)

\DeclareFontShape

```
  \expandafter\endgroup
  \DeclareFontShape@}
\def\DeclareFontShape@#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \expandafter\ifx\csname #1+#2\endcsname\relax
    \@latex@error{Font family `#1+#2' unknown}\@eha
  \else
    \expandafter
      \xdef\csname#1/#2/#3/#4\endcsname{\expandafter\noexpand
                                    \csname #5\endcsname}%
    \def\reserved@a{#6}%
    \global
    \expandafter\let\csname#5\expandafter\endcsname
       \ifx\reserved@a\@empty
         \@empty
       \else
         \reserved@a
       \fi
  \fi
 }
```

\DeclareFixedFont Define a direct font switch that avoids all overhead.

```
\def\DeclareFixedFont#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \begingroup
     \math@fontsfalse
     \every@math@size{}%
     \fontsize{#6}\z@
     \usefont{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
     \global\expandafter\let\expandafter#1\the\font
  \endgroup
 }
```

\do@subst@correction

```
\def\do@subst@correction{%
       \xdef\subst@correction{%
          \font@name
          \global\expandafter\font
            \csname \curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname
            \noexpand\fontname\font
           \relax}%
```

Calling \subst@correction after the current group means calling it after we have loaded the substitution font which is done inside a group.

```
       \aftergroup\subst@correction
}
```

\DeclareFontFamily

```
\def\DeclareFontFamily#1#2#3{%
```

If we want fast checking for the encoding scheme we can just check for `\T@..` being defined.

```
% \@tempswafalse
% \def\reserved@b{#1}%
% \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
%      \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \@tempswatrue\fi}%
% \cdp@list
% \if@tempswa
 \@ifundefined{T@#1}%
    {%
     \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#1' unknown}\@eha
    }%
    {%
```

Now we have to define the macro \⟨*#1*⟩+⟨*#2*⟩ to contain `#3`. But since most of the time `#3` will be empty we use `\let` in a tricky way rather than a simple `\def` since this will save internal memory. We store the argument `#3` in a temporary macro `\reserved@a`.

```
      \def\reserved@a{#3}%
```

We compare `\reserved@a` with `\@empty` If these two are the same we `\let` the 'extra' macro equal to `\@empty` which is not the same a doing a `\let` to `\reserved@a` — the latter would blow one extra memory location rather then reusing the one from `\@empty`.

```
      \global
      \expandafter\let\csname #1+#2\expandafter\endcsname
            \ifx \reserved@a\@empty
              \@empty
            \else \reserved@a
            \fi
    }%
}
```

\cdp@list We initialize the code page list to be empty.

```
\let\cdp@list\@empty
\@onlypreamble\cdp@list
```

\cdp@elt

```
\let\cdp@elt\relax
\@onlypreamble\cdp@elt
```

\DeclareFontEncoding

```
\def\DeclareFontEncoding{%
```

First we start with ignoring all blanks and newlines since every surplus space in the second or third argument will come out in a weird place in the document.

```
   \begingroup
   \nfss@catcodes
   \expandafter\endgroup
   \DeclareFontEncoding@}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncoding
```

```
\def\DeclareFontEncoding@#1#2#3{%
  \expandafter
  \ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
     \def\cdp@elt{\noexpand\cdp@elt}%
     \xdef\cdp@list{\cdp@list\cdp@elt{#1}%
                    {\default@family}{\default@series}%
                    {\default@shape}}%
```

To support encoding dependent commands (like accents) we initialise the command \⟨*encoding*⟩-cmd to be \@changed@cmd. (See ltoutenc.dtx for details.)

```
     \expandafter\let\csname#1-cmd\endcsname\@changed@cmd
  \else
     \@font@info{Redeclaring font encoding #1}%
  \fi
  \global\@namedef{T@#1}{#2}%
  \global\@namedef{M@#1}{\default@M#3}%
```

Keep a record of the last encoding being declared:

```
  \xdef\LastDeclaredEncoding{#1}%
  }
\@onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncoding@
```

\LastDeclaredEncoding The last encoding being declared by \DeclareFontEncoding.

```
\def\LastDeclaredEncoding{}
```

\DeclareFontSubstitution

```
\def\DeclareFontSubstitution#1#2#3#4{%
  \expandafter
  \ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
    \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#1' unknown}\@eha
  \else
    \begingroup
```

We loop through the \cdp@list and rebuild it anew in \toks@ thereby replacing the defaults for the encoding in question with the new defaults. It is important to store the encoding to test against expanded in \reserved@a since it might just be \LastDeclaredEncoding that is passed as #1.

```
       \edef\reserved@a{#1}%
       \toks@{}%
       \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{%
          \def\reserved@b{##1}%
          \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b
```

Here we use the new defaults but we use ##1 (i.e., the encoding name already stored previously) since we know that it is expanded.

```
             \addto@hook\toks@{\cdp@elt{##1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}%
          \else
```

If \reserved@a and \reserved@b differ then we simply copy from the old list to the new.

```
             \addto@hook\toks@{\cdp@elt{##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}}%
          \fi}%
        \cdp@list
```

```
        \xdef\cdp@list{\the\toks@}%
    \endgroup
    \global
    \@namedef{D@#1}{%
           \def\default@family{#2}%
           \def\default@series{#3}%
           \def\default@shape{#4}%
           }%
  \fi
 }
\@onlypreamble\DeclareFontSubstitution
```

`\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults`

```
\def\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults#1#2{%
  \ifx\relax#1\else
    \ifx\default@T\@empty\else
      \@font@info{Overwriting encoding scheme text defaults}%
    \fi
    \gdef\default@T{#1}%
  \fi
  \ifx\relax#2\else
    \ifx\default@M\@empty\else
      \@font@info{Overwriting encoding scheme math defaults}%
    \fi
    \gdef\default@M{#2}%
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults
```

`\default@T`
`\default@M`

```
\let\default@T\@empty
\let\default@M\@empty
```

`\DeclarePreloadSizes`

```
\def\DeclarePreloadSizes#1#2#3#4#5{%
 \@ifundefined{T@#1}%
   {\@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#1' unknown}\@eha}%
   {%
```

Don't know at the moment what this group here does!

```
    \begingroup
```

We define a macro `\reserved@f`[3] that grabs the next *size* and loads the corresponding font. This is done by delimiting `\reserved@f`'s only argument by the token `,` (comma).

```
    \def\reserved@f##1,{%
```

The end of the list will be detected when there are no more elements, i.e. when `\reserved@f`'s argument is empty. The trick used here is explained in Appendix D of the TEXbook: if the argument is empty the `\if` will select the first clause and `\let \reserved@f` equal to `\relax`. (We use the `>` character here since it cannot appear in font file names.)

```
        \if>##1>%
```

[3] We cannot use `\@tempa` since it is needed in `\pickup@font`.

```
157          \let\reserved@f\relax
158        \else
```

Otherwise, we define `\font@name` appropriately and call `\pickup@font` to do the work. Note that the requested `\curr@fontshape` combination must have been defined, or you will get an error. The definition of `\font@name` is carried out globally to be consistent with the rest of the code in this file.

```
159          \xdef\font@name{\csname#1/#2/#3/#4/##1\endcsname}%
160          \pickup@font
```

Now we forget the name of the font just loaded. More precisely, we set the corresponding control sequence to `\relax`. This means that later on, when the font is first used, the macro `\define@newfont` is called again to execute the 'extra' macro for this font.

```
161          \global\expandafter\let\font@name\relax
162        \fi
```

Finally we call `\reserved@f` again to process the next *size*. If `\reserved@f` was `\let` equal to `\relax` this will end the macro.

```
163        \reserved@f}%
```

We finish with reinserting the list of sizes after the `\reserved@f` macro and appending an empty element so that the end of the list is recognized properly.

```
164      \reserved@f#5,,%
165    \endgroup
166    }%
167 }
168 \@onlypreamble\DeclarePreloadSizes
```

`\ifmath@fonts` We need a switch to decide if we have to switch math fonts. For this purpose we provide `\ifmath@fonts` that can be set to true or false by the `\S@...` macros depending on if math fonts are provided for this size or not. The default is of course to switch all fonts.

```
169 \newif\ifmath@fonts \math@fontstrue
```

`\DeclareMathSizes` `\DeclareMathSizes*` `\DeclareMathSizes` takes the text size, math text size, math script size, and math scriptscript size as arguments and defines the right `\S@...` macro.

```
170 \def\DeclareMathSizes{%
171   \@ifstar{\@DeclareMathSizes\math@fontsfalse}%
172           {\@DeclareMathSizes{}}}
173 \@onlypreamble\DeclareMathSizes
```

`\@DeclareMathSizes` This modification by Michael J. Downes on comp.text.tex on 2002/10/17 allows the user to have settings such as
`\DeclareMathSizes{9.5dd}{9.5dd}{7.4dd}{6.6dd}`.

```
174 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
175 ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@DeclareMathSizes}%
176 ⟨latexrelease⟩                    {Arbitrary units in \DeclareMathSizes}%
177 ⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
178 \def\@DeclareMathSizes #1#2#3#4#5{%
179   \@defaultunits\dimen@ #2pt\relax\@nnil
180   \if $#3$%
181     \expandafter\let\csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname\math@fontsfalse
182   \else
```

```
    \@defaultunits\dimen@ii #3pt\relax\@nnil
    \@defaultunits\@tempdima #4pt\relax\@nnil
    \@defaultunits\@tempdimb #5pt\relax\@nnil
    \toks@{#1}%
    \expandafter\xdef\csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname{%
      \gdef\noexpand\tf@size{\strip@pt\dimen@ii}%
      \gdef\noexpand\sf@size{\strip@pt\@tempdima}%
      \gdef\noexpand\ssf@size{\strip@pt\@tempdimb}%
      \the\toks@
    }%
  \fi
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@DeclareMathSizes}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Arbitrary units in \DeclareMathSizes}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@DeclareMathSizes#1#2#3#4#5{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@defaultunits\dimen@#2pt\relax\@nnil
⟨latexrelease⟩    \if$#3$%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \expandafter \let
⟨latexrelease⟩        \csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩        \math@fontsfalse
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \expandafter \gdef
⟨latexrelease⟩      \csname S@\strip@pt\dimen@\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩            {\gdef\tf@size{#3}\gdef\sf@size{#4}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                              \gdef\ssf@size{#5}%
⟨latexrelease⟩             #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩                              }%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\@DeclareMathSizes
```

26 Selecting a new font

26.1 Macros for the user

\fontencoding
\f@encoding

As we said in the introduction a font is described by four parameters. We first define macros to specify the wanted *family*, *series*, or *shape*. These are simply recorded in internal macros `\f@family`, `\f@series`, and `\f@shape`, resp. We use `\edef`'s so that the arguments can also be macros.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\fontencoding[1]{%
    \expandafter\ifx\csname T@#1\endcsname\relax
      \@latex@error{Encoding scheme `#1' unknown}\@eha
    \else
      \edef\f@encoding{#1}%
      \ifx\cf@encoding\f@encoding
```

If the new encoding is the same as the old encoding we have nothing to do. However, in case we had a sequence of several encoding changes without a `\selectfont` in-between we can save processing by making sure that `\enc@update` is `\relax`.

```
222         \let\enc@update\relax
223       \else
```

If current and new encoding differ we define the macro `\enc@update` to contain all updates necessary at `\selectfont` time.

```
224         \let\enc@update\@@enc@update
225       \fi
226     \fi
227 }
```

`\@@enc@update`

```
228 \def\@@enc@update{%
```

When `\@@enc@update` is executed `\f@encoding` holds the encoding name for the new encoding and `\cf@encoding` the name of the last active encoding.

We start by setting the init command for encoding dependent macros to `\@changed@cmd`.

```
229           \expandafter
230           \let
231             \csname\cf@encoding -cmd\endcsname
232             \@changed@cmd
```

Then we turn the one for the new encoding to `\@current@cmd` (see `ltoutenc.dtx` for further explanations).

```
233           \expandafter
234           \let
235             \csname\f@encoding-cmd\endcsname
236             \@current@cmd
```

We execute the default settings `\default@T`, followed by the one for the new encoding.

```
237         \default@T
238         \csname T@\f@encoding\endcsname
```

Finally we change the default substitution values, disable `\enc@update` and make `\f@encoding` officially the current encoding.

```
239         \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname
240         \let\enc@update\relax
241         \let\cf@encoding\f@encoding
242 }
```

`\enc@update`

The default action in `\selectfont` is to do nothing.

```
243 \let\enc@update\relax
```

`\fontfamily` `\f@family` `\fontseries` `\f@series` `\fontshape` `\f@shape`

```
244 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontfamily[1]{\edef\f@family{#1}}
245 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontseries[1]{\edef\f@series{#1}}
246 \DeclareRobustCommand\fontshape [1]{\edef\f@shape{#1}}
```

Some handy abbreviation if you want to get some particular font in the current size. If also the size should change one has to issue a `\fontsize` command first.

```
247 \def\usefont#1#2#3#4{\fontencoding{#1}\fontfamily{#2}%
248               \fontseries{#3}\fontshape{#4}\selectfont
249               \ignorespaces}
```

\linespread The command \linespread changes the current \baselinestretch by calling \set@fontsize. The values for \f@size and \f@baselineskip will be left unchanged.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\linespread[1]
   {\set@fontsize{#1}\f@size\f@baselineskip}
```

\fontsize We also define a macro that allows to specify a size. In this case, however, we also need the value of \baselineskip. As the first argument to \set@fontsize we pass the current value of \baselinestretch. This will either match the internal value (in which case nothing changes, or it will be an updated value due to a user change of that macro using \renewcommand. If we would pass the internal \f@linespread such a change would be effectively overwritten by a size change.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\fontsize[2]
   {\set@fontsize\baselinestretch{#1}{#2}}
```

\f@linespread This macro holds the current internal value for \baselinestretch.

```
\let\f@family\@empty
\let\f@series\@empty
\let\f@shape\@empty
\let\f@size\@empty
\let\f@baselineskip\@empty
\let\f@linespread\@empty
```

\cf@encoding

```
\let\f@encoding\@empty
\let\cf@encoding\@empty
```

\@defaultunits The function \@defaultunits when wrapped around a dimen or skip assignment supplies default units. Usage:

\@defaultunits\dimen@=#1pt\relax\@nnil

Note: the \relax is *important*. Other units can be substituted for the 'pt' if desired.

We use \remove@to@nnil as an auxiliary macros for \@defaultunits. It just has to gobble the supplied default unit 'pt' or whatever, if it wasn't used in the assignment.

```
\def\@defaultunits{\afterassignment\remove@to@nnil}
```

\strip@pt \rem@pt This macro strips the characters pt produced by using \the on a dimen register.

```
\begingroup
  \catcode`P=12
  \catcode`T=12
  \lowercase{
    \def\x{\def\rem@pt##1.##2PT{##1\ifnum##2>\z@.##2\fi}}}
  \expandafter\endgroup\x
\def\strip@pt{\expandafter\rem@pt\the}
```

\mathversion \math@version \mathversion takes the math *version* name as argument, defines \math@version appropriately and switches to the font selected forcing a call to \glb@settings if the *version* is known to the system.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\mathversion[1]
         {\@nomath\mathversion
```

```
          \expandafter\ifx\csname mv@#1\endcsname\relax
          \@latex@error{Math version '#1' is not defined}\@eha\else
          \edef\math@version{#1}%
```

We need to force a math font setup both now and at the point where we return to the previous math version. Forcing a math font setup can simply be done by setting `\glb@currsize` to an invalid value since this will trigger the setup when the formula starts.

```
          \gdef\glb@currsize{}%
```

When the scope of the current `\mathversion` ends we need to restore the old setup. However this time we need to force it directly at least if we are inside math, otherwise we could wait. Another way to enhance this code here is todo the setting only if the version really has changed after all. This might be interesting in case of `amstext` and `boldsymbol`.

```
          \aftergroup\glb@settings
          \fi}
```

If TEX would support a hook just before the end of a formula (opposite of `\everymath` so to speak) the implementation of the algorithm would be much simpler because in that case we would set up the correct math fonts at this point without having to worry about incorrect settings due to nesting. The same would be true if in LATEX the use of `$` (as the primitive TEX command) would be impossible and instead only a higher-level interface would be available. Note that this does not mean that a `$` couldn't be the short-hand for starting and stopping that higher-level interface, it only means that the direct TEX function must be hidden.

Anyway, since we don't have this and won't have it in LATEX 2_ε we need to implement it in a somewhat slower way.

We test for the current math font setup on entry of a formula, i.e., on the hooks `\everymath` and `\everydisplay`. But since these hooks may contain user data we provide ourselves with an internal version of these hooks which stays frozen.

`\frozen@everymath` `\frozen@everydisplay`

New internal names for `\everymath` and `\everydisplay`.

```
\let\frozen@everymath\everymath
\let\frozen@everydisplay\everydisplay
```

`\everymath` `\everydisplay`

Now we provide now user hooks that will be called in the frozen internals.

```
\newtoks\everymath
\newtoks\everydisplay
```

`\frozen@everymath`

Now we define the behaviour of the frozen hooks: first check the math setup then call the user hook.

```
\frozen@everymath = {\check@mathfonts
                     \the\everymath}
```

`\frozen@everydisplay`

Ditto for the display hook.

```
\frozen@everydisplay = {\check@mathfonts
                        \the\everydisplay}
```

`\curr@math@size`

This holds locally the current math size.

```
\let\curr@math@size\@empty
```

26.2 Macros for loading fonts

\pickup@font The macro \pickup@font which is used in \selectfont is very simple: if the font name is undefined (i.e. not known yet) it calls \define@newfont to load it.

```
\def\pickup@font{%
    \expandafter \ifx \font@name \relax
       \define@newfont
    \fi}
```

\split@name \pickup@font assumes that \font@name is set but it is sometimes called when \f@family, \f@series, \f@shape, or \f@size may have the wrong settings (see, e.g., the definition of \getanddefine@fonts). Therefore we need a macro to extract font *family*, *series*, *shape*, and *size* from the font name. To this end we define \split@name which takes the font name as a list of characters of \catcode 12 (without the backslash at the beginning) delimited by the special control sequence \@nil. This is not very complicated: we first ensure that / has the right \catcode

```
{\catcode`\/=12
```

and define \split@name so that it will define our private \f@encoding, \f@family, \f@series, \f@shape, and \f@size macros.

```
\gdef\split@name#1/#2/#3/#4/#5\@nil{\def\f@encoding{#1}%
                                   \def\f@family{#2}%
                                   \def\f@series{#3}%
                                   \def\f@shape{#4}%
                                   \def\f@size{#5}}}
```

\curr@fontshape Abbreviation which may get removed again for speed.

```
\def\curr@fontshape{\f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/\f@shape}
```

\define@newfont Now we can tackle the problem of defining a new font.

```
\def\define@newfont{%
```

We have already mentioned that the token list that \split@name will get as argument must not start with a backslash. To reach this goal we will set the \escapechar to -1 so that the \string primitive will not generate an escape character. To keep this change local we open a group. We use \begingroup for this purpose since \define@newfont might be called in math mode, and an empty \bgroup...\egroup would add an empty Ord atom to the math list and thus affect the spacing.

Also locally redefine \typeout so that 'No file ...fd' Warnings become Font Info message just sent to the log file.

```
  \begingroup
    \let\typeout\@font@info
    \escapechar\m@ne
```

Then we extract *encoding scheme*, *family*, *series*, *shape*, and *size* from the font name. Note the four \expandafter's so that \font@name is expanded first, then \string, and finally \split@name.

```
    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
       \split@name\expandafter\string\font@name\@nil
```

If the \curr@fontshape combination is not available, (i.e. undefined) we call the macro \wrong@fontshape to take care of this case. Otherwise \extract@font will load the external font for us.

```
%    \expandafter\ifx
%        \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname \relax
      \try@load@fontshape % try always
%    \fi
    \expandafter\ifx
       \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname \relax
      \wrong@fontshape\else
```

To allow substitution we call the curr@fontshape macro which usually will expand to \relax but may hold code for substitution (see \subst@fontshape definition).

```
%      \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
      \extract@font\fi
```

We are nearly finished and must only restore the \escapechar by closing the group.

```
  \endgroup}
```

```
\def\try@load@fontshape{%
   \expandafter
   \ifx\csname \f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname\relax
     \@font@info{Try loading font information for
                    \f@encoding+\f@family}%
```

We predefine this combination to be \@empty which means that next time we don't try again unnecessary in case we don't find a .fd file. If the file contains a \DeclareFontFamily command than this setting will be overwritten.

```
    \global\expandafter\let
       \csname\f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname\@empty
```

Set the catcodes used in the syntax, but do it only once (this will be restored at the end of the font loading group).

```
     \nfss@catcodes
     \let\nfss@catcodes\relax
```

For increased portability make the external filename monocase, but look for the (old style) mixed case filename if the first attempt fails.

On any monocase system this means that the file is looked for twice which takes up time and string space, but at least for this release Check for both names to give people time to re-install their private fd files with lowercase names.

```
     \edef\reserved@a{%
       \lowercase{%
         \noexpand\InputIfFileExists{\f@encoding\f@family.fd}}}%
     \reserved@a\relax
          {\@input@{\f@encoding\f@family.fd}}%
   \fi}
```

\nfss@catcodes This macro should contain the standard \catcode assignments to all characters which are used in the commands found in an .fd file and which might have special \catcodes in the middle of a document. If necessary, this list can be extended in a package file using a suitable number of \expandafter, i.e.,

```
\expandafter\def\expandafter\nfss@catcodes
      \expandafter{\nfss@catcodes <additional settings>}
```

Note, that this macro might get executed several times since it is also called by `\DeclareFontShape`, thus it probably should not be misused as a general purpose hook.

```
\def\nfss@catcodes{%
```

We start by making `@` a letter and ignoring all blanks and newlines.

```
    \makeatletter
    \catcode`\ 9%
    \catcode`\^^I9%
    \catcode`\^^M9%
```

Then we set up `\`, `{`, `}`, `#` and `%` in case an `.fd` file is loaded during a verbatim environment.

```
    \catcode`\\\z@
    \catcode`\{\@ne
    \catcode`\}\tw@
    \catcode`\#6%
    \catcode`\^7%
    \catcode`\%14%
```

The we make sure that the important syntax parts have the right `\catcode`.

```
  \@makeother\<%
  \@makeother\>%
  \@makeother\*%
  \@makeother\.%
  \@makeother\-%
  \@makeother\/%
  \@makeother\[%
  \@makeother\]%
  \@makeother\`%
  \@makeother\'%
  \@makeother\"%
}
```

`\DeclareErrorFont` Declare the last resort shape! We assume that in this fontshape there is a 10pt font but it doesn't really matter. We only loose one macro name if the assumption is false. But at least the font should be there!

```
\def\DeclareErrorFont#1#2#3#4#5{%
     \xdef\error@fontshape{%
         \noexpand\expandafter\noexpand\split@name\noexpand\string
         \expandafter\noexpand\csname#1/#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
         \noexpand\@nil}%
```

Initialize all those internal variables which may or may not have values in the first seconds of NFSS' bootstraping process. Later on such values will be updated when an encoding is selected, etc.

We definitely don't want to set `\f@encoding`; we can set all the others since if they are left "blank" any selection would grap "error default values" as well. However, this probably should go also.

```
%      \gdef\f@encoding{#1}%
     \gdef\default@family{#2}%
     \gdef\default@series{#3}%
     \gdef\default@shape{#4}%
     \global\let\f@family\default@family
```

```
      \global\let\f@series\default@series
      \global\let\f@shape\default@shape
      \gdef\f@size{#5}%
      \gdef\f@baselineskip{#5pt}%
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareErrorFont
```

`\wrong@fontshape` Before we come to the macro `\extract@font` we have to take care of unknown `\curr@fontshape` combinations. The general strategy is to issue a warning and to try a default *shape*, then a default *series*, and finally a default *family*. If this last one also fails TEX will go into an infinite loop. But if the defaults are set incorrectly one deserves nothing else!

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\wrong@fontshape}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {Font substitution in preamble}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\wrong@fontshape{%
    \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname   % install defaults if in math
```

We remember the wanted `\curr@fontshape` combination which we will need in a moment.

```
    \edef\reserved@a{\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname}%
  \ifx\last@fontshape\reserved@a
     \errmessage{Corrupted NFSS tables}%
     \error@fontshape
  \else
```

Then we warn the user about the mess and set the shape to its default.

```
    \let\f@shape\default@shape
```

If the combination is not known, try the default *series*.

```
    \expandafter\ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
       \let\f@series\default@series
```

If this is still undefined, try the default *family*. Otherwise give up. We never try to change the encoding scheme!

```
        \expandafter
          \ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
           \let\f@family\default@family
```

If we change the font family and we are in the preamble then the corresponding `.fd` file may not been loaded yet. Therefore we try this now. Otherwise equating the requested font shape with the finally selected fontshape below will fail and can result in "NFSS tables corruped". After begin document that will not happen as all `.fd` files involved in substituation are loaded at `\begin{document}`.

```
            \begingroup
               \try@load@fontshape
            \endgroup
        \fi \fi
  \fi
```

At this point a valid `\curr@fontshape` combination must have been found. We inform the user about this fact.

The `\expandafter\string` here stops TEX adding the space that it usually puts after command names in messages. The similar construction with `\@undefined` just produces 'undefined', but saves a few tokens.

`\@wrong@font@char` is locally redefined in `\UseTextSymbol` from its normal (empty) definition, to report the symbol generating the font switch.

```
    \@font@warning{Font shape `\expandafter\string\reserved@a'
                     \expandafter\@gobble\string\@undefined\MessageBreak
                   using `\curr@fontshape' instead\@wrong@font@char}%
  \global\let\last@fontshape\reserved@a
```

We change `\@defaultsubs` to produce a warning at the end of the document.

The macro `\@defaultsubs` is initially `\relax` but gets changed here if some default font substitution happens. It is then executed in `\enddocument`.

```
  \gdef\@defaultsubs{%
    \@font@warning{Some font shapes were not available, defaults
                   substituted.\@gobbletwo}}%
```

If we substitute a `\curr@fontshape` combination by the default one we don't want the warning to be printed out whenever this (unknown) combination is used. Therefore we globally `\let` the macro corresponding to the wanted combination equal to its substitution. This requires the use of four `\expandafter`'s since `\csname`...`\endcsname` has to be expanded before `\reserved@a` (i.e. the requested combination), and this must happen before the `\let` is executed.

```
  \global\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let
     \expandafter\reserved@a
         \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
```

Now we can redefine `\font@name` accordingly. This *must* be done globally since it might occur in the group opened by `\define@newfont`. If we would this definition were local the closing `\endgroup` there would restore the old meaning of `\font@name` and then switch to the wrong font at the end of `\selectfont` although the correct font was loaded.

```
  \xdef\font@name{%
    \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
```

The last thing this macro does is to call `\pickup@font` again to load the font if it is not defined yet. At this point this code will loop endlessly if the defaults are not well defined.

```
  \pickup@font}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\wrong@fontshape}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Font substituation in preamble}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\wrong@fontshape{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \csname D@\f@encoding\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩    \edef\reserved@a{\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\last@fontshape\reserved@a
⟨latexrelease⟩     \errmessage{Corrupted NFSS tables}%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \error@fontshape
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \let\f@shape\default@shape
⟨latexrelease⟩    \expandafter\ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩       \let\f@series\default@series
⟨latexrelease⟩        \expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩          \ifx\csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩           \let\f@family\default@family
⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi \fi
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@font@warning{Font shape
⟨latexrelease⟩           `\expandafter\string\reserved@a'
⟨latexrelease⟩           \expandafter\@gobble\string\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩           \MessageBreak
⟨latexrelease⟩           using `\curr@fontshape' instead\@wrong@font@char}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\let\last@fontshape\reserved@a
⟨latexrelease⟩    \gdef\@defaultsubs{%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \@font@warning{Some font shapes were not available,
⟨latexrelease⟩                     defaults substituted.\@gobbletwo}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let
⟨latexrelease⟩       \expandafter\reserved@a
⟨latexrelease⟩           \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩    \xdef\font@name{%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \pickup@font}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@wrong@font@char` Normally empty but redefined in `\UseTextSymbol` so that the Font shape undefined message can refer to the symbol causing the problem.

```
\let\@wrong@font@char\@empty
```

`\@@defaultsubs` See above.

`\@defaultsubs`

```
\let\@defaultsubs\relax
```

`\strip@prefix` In `\extract@font` we will need a way to recover the replacement text of a macro. This is done by the primitive `\meaning` together with the macro `\strip@prefix` (for the details see appendix D of the TEXbook, p. 382).

```
\def\strip@prefix#1>{}
```

27 Assigning math fonts to *versions*

`\install@mathalphabet` This is just another name for `\gdef` but we can redefine it if necessary later on.

```
\let\install@mathalphabet\gdef
```

`\math@fonts`

```
\let\math@fonts\@empty
```

`\select@group` `\select@group` has four arguments: the new ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ (a control sequence), the ⟨*math group number*⟩, the extra macro for math mode and the `\curr@fontshape` definition macro name. We first check if we are in math mode.

```
%\def\select@group#1#2#3{\relax\ifmmode
```

We do these things locally using `\begingroup` instead of `\bgroup` to avoid the appearance of an empty Ord atom on the math list.

```
%  \begingroup
```

We set the math fonts for the *family* in question by calling `\getanddefine@fonts` in the correct environment.

```
%     \escapechar\m@ne
%    \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
```

We globally select the math fonts...

```
%    \globaldefs\@ne  \math@fonts
```

... and close the group to restore `\globaldefs` and `\escapechar`.

```
%  \endgroup
```

As long as no *size* or *version* change occurs the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ should simply switch to the installed *math group* instead of calling `\select@group` unnecessarily. So we globally redefine the first argument (the new ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩) to expand into a `\mathgroup` switch and then select this *alphabet*. Note that this redefinition will be overwritten by the next call to a *version* macro.
The original code for the end of `\select@group` was

```
\gdef#1{#3\mathgroup #2}#1\fi}
```

i.e. first redefining the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ and then calling the new definition to switch to the wanted ⟨*math group*⟩. Now we define the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ as a call to the `\use@mathgroup` command.

```
%  \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%
%          {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
```

But this is not sufficient, as we learned the hard way. The problem here is that the loading of the fonts that comprise the alphabet identifier `#1`, as well as the necessary math font assignments is deferred until it is used. This is OK so far, but if the fonts are switched within the current formula (which may happen if a sub-formula is a box that contains a math version switch) the font assignments for `#1` are not restored unless `#1` is used again. This is disastrous since TeX sees the wrong fonts at the end of the math formula, when it converts the math list into a horizontal list.

This is taken into account as follows: When a math alphabet identifier is used for the first time in a certain version it modifies the corresponding macro `\mv@`⟨*version*⟩ so that it calls `\getanddefine@fonts` directly in future as well. We use the macro `\extract@alph@from@version` to do this. It takes the math alphabet identifer `#1` and the math version macro as arguments.

```
%     \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version
%        \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname
%       \expandafter{\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%
%       #1%
%     \stepcounter{mv@\math@version}%
```

Finally, it is not possible to simply call the new definition since we have an argument (the third argument of `\use@mathgroup` or more exactly the argument od `\math@egroup` if the `margid` option is in force) which would swallow our closing `\fi`. So we use the `\expandafter` technique to remove the `\fi` before the `\use@mathgroup` is expanded.

```
%\expandafter #1\fi}
```

`\extract@alph@from@version` We proceed to the definition of the macro `\extract@alph@from@version`. As stated above, it takes a math alphabet identifier and a math version macro (e.g. `\mv@normal`) as its arguments.

```
\def\extract@alph@from@version#1#2#3{%
```

To extract and replace the definition of math alphabet identifier `#3` in macro `#1` we have to recall how this definition looks like: Somewhere in the replacement

text of #1 there is the sequence

\install@mathalphabet⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ #3{%
⟨*Definitions for* ⟩#3}

Hence, the first thing we do is to extract the tokens preceding this definitions, the definition itself, and the tokens following it. To this end we define one auxiliary macro \reserved@a.

```
\def\reserved@a##1\install@mathalphabet#3##2##3\@nil{%
```

When \reserved@a is expanded, it will have the tokens preceding the definition in question in its first argument (##1), the following tokens in its third argument (##3), and the replacement text for the math alphabet identifier #3 in its second argument. (##2). This is then recorded for later use in a temporary macro \reserved@b.

```
    \def\reserved@b{##2}%
```

Additionally, we define a macro \reserved@c to reconstruct the definitions for the math version in question from the tokens that will remain unchanged (##1 and ##3) and the yet to build new definitions for the math alphabet identifier #3.

```
    \def\reserved@c####1{\gdef#1{##1####1##3}}%
```

Then we execute our auxiliary macro.

```
  \expandafter\reserved@a#1\@nil
```

OK, so now we have to build the new definition for #3. To do so, we first extract the interesting parts out of the old one. The old definition looks like:

\select@group⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩
⟨*math group number*⟩⟨*math extra part*⟩
⟨*curr@fontshape definition*⟩

So we define a new temporary macro \reserved@a that extracts these parts.

```
  \def\reserved@a\select@group#3##1##2\@nil{%
```

This macro can now directly rebuild the math version definition by calling \reserved@c:

```
    \reserved@c{%
      \getanddefine@fonts{#2}##2%
      \install@mathalphabet#3{%
        \relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#3\fi
        \use@mathgroup##1{#2}}}%
```

In addtion it defines the alphabet the way it should be used from now on.

```
   \gdef#3{\relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#3\fi
           \use@mathgroup##1{#2}}}%
```

Finally, we only have to call this macro \reserved@a on the old definitions recorded in \reserved@b:

```
  \expandafter\reserved@a\reserved@b\@nil
  }
```

\math@bgroup
\math@egroup

Here are the default definitions for \math@bgroup and \math@egroup. We use \bgroup instead of \begingroup to avoid 'leaking out' of style changes. This has the side effect of always producing mathord atoms.

```
\let\math@bgroup\bgroup
\def\math@egroup#1{#1\egroup}
```

\calculate@math@sizes Here is the default definition for \calculate@math@sizes a more elaborate interface is under testing in mthscale.sty.

```
\gdef\calculate@math@sizes{%
  \@font@info{Calculating\space math\space sizes\space for\space
              size\space <\f@size>}%
  \dimen@\f@size \p@
  \@tempdimb \defaultscriptratio \dimen@
  \dimen@ \defaultscriptscriptratio \dimen@
  \expandafter\xdef\csname S@\f@size\endcsname{%
    \gdef\noexpand\tf@size{\f@size}%
    \gdef\noexpand\sf@size{\strip@pt\@tempdimb}%
    \gdef\noexpand\ssf@size{\strip@pt\dimen@}%
    \noexpand\math@fontstrue}}
```

\defaultscriptratio The default ratio for math sizes is:
\defaultscriptscriptratio 1 to \defaultscriptratio to \defaultscriptscriptratio.
By default this is 1 to .7 to .5.

```
\def\defaultscriptratio{.7}
\def\defaultscriptscriptratio{.5}
```

\noaccents@ If we don't have a definition for \noaccents@ we provide a dummy.

```
\ifx\noaccents@\@undefined
  \let\noaccents@\@empty
\fi
```

\showhyphens The \showhyphens command must be redefined since the version in plain.tex uses \tenrm. We have also made some further adjustments for its use in LaTeX.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}{\showhyphens}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {XeTeX support for \showhyphens}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
```

Version for engines other than XeTeX.

```
\gdef\showhyphens#1{%
  \setbox0\vbox{%
    \color@begingroup
    \everypar{}%
    \parfillskip\z@skip\hsize\maxdimen
    \normalfont
    \pretolerance\m@ne\tolerance\m@ne\hbadness\z@\showboxdepth\z@\ #1%
    \color@endgroup}}
\else
```

XeTeX version. When using system fonts XeTeX reports consecutive runs of characters as a single item in box logging, which means the standard \showhyphens does not work. This version typesets the text into a narrow box to force hyphenation and then reconstructs a horizontal list with explicit hyphens to generate the display. Note that the lmr OpenType font is forced, this works even if the characters are not in the font as hyphenation is attempted due to the width of the space and hyphen character. It may generate spurious Missing Character warnings in the log, these are however suppressed from the terminal output by ensuring that \tracingonline is locally zero.

```
\long\def\showhyphens#1{%
  \setbox0\vbox{%
    \usefont{TU}{lmr}{m}{n}%
    \hsize 1sp %
    \hbadness\@M
    \hfuzz\maxdimen
    \tracingonline\z@
    \everypar={}%
    \leftskip\z@skip
    \rightskip\z@skip
    \parfillskip\z@skip
    \hyphenpenalty=-\@M
    \pretolerance\m@ne
    \interlinepenalty\z@
    \clubpenalty\z@
    \widowpenalty\z@
    \brokenpenalty1127 %
    \setbox\z@\hbox{}%
    \noindent
    \hskip\z@skip
    #1%
    \par
```

Note here we stop the loop if made no progress, non-removable items may mean that we can not process the whole list (which would be testable as `\lastnodetype=-1`).

```
     \loop
     \@tempswafalse
     \ifnum\lastnodetype=11\unskip\@tempswatrue\fi
     \ifnum\lastnodetype=12\unkern\@tempswatrue\fi
     \ifnum\lastnodetype=13 %
      \count@\lastpenalty
      \unpenalty\@tempswatrue
    \fi
    \ifnum\lastnodetype=\@ne
     \setbox\tw@\lastbox\@tempswatrue
     \setbox0\hbox{\unhbox\tw@\unskip\unskip\unpenalty
                   \ifnum\count@=1127 \else\ \fi
                   \unhbox0}%
     \count@\z@
    \fi
    \if@tempswa
    \repeat
   \hbadness\z@
   \hsize\maxdimen
   \showboxdepth\z@
   \tolerance\m@ne
   \hyphenpenalty\z@
   \noindent\unhbox\z@
}}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\showhyphens}%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {XeTeX support for \showhyphens}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\showhyphens#1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \setbox0\vbox{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \color@begingroup
⟨latexrelease⟩    \everypar{}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \parfillskip\z@skip\hsize\maxdimen
⟨latexrelease⟩    \normalfont
⟨latexrelease⟩    \pretolerance\m@ne\tolerance\m@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩    \hbadness\z@\showboxdepth\z@\ #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \color@endgroup}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\addto@hook We need a macro to add tokens to a hook.

```
\long\def\addto@hook#1#2{#1\expandafter{\the#1#2}}
```

\@vpt

```
 \def\@vpt{5}
```

\@vipt

```
 \def\@vipt{6}
```

\@viipt

```
 \def\@viipt{7}
```

\@viiipt

```
 \def\@viiipt{8}
```

\@ixpt

```
 \def\@ixpt{9}
```

\@xpt

```
 \def\@xpt{10}
```

\@xipt

```
 \def\@xipt{10.95}
```

\@xiipt

```
 \def\@xiipt{12}
```

\@xivpt

```
 \def\@xivpt{14.4}
```

\@xviipt

```
 \def\@xviipt{17.28}
```

\@xxpt

```
 \def\@xxpt{20.74}
```

\@xxvpt

```
 \def\@xxvpt{24.88}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File p
ltfsstrc.dtx

28 Introduction

This package contains the code for tracing font loading and font changes. It basically overlays some of the low-level functions of NFSS with additional code used for tracing.

The package accepts the following options:

errorshow Write all information about font changes etc. only to the transcript file unless an error happens. This means that information about font substitution will not be shown on the terminal.

warningshow Show all NFSS warnings on the terminal. This setting corresponds to the default behaviour of NFSS if the `tracefnt` package is *not* loaded!

infoshow Show all NFSS warning and all NFSS info messages (that are normally only written to the transcript file) also on the terminal. This is the default if the `tracefnt` package is loaded.

debugshow In addition to `infoshow` show also changing of math fonts as far as possible (this option can produce a large amount of output.

loading Show the name of external fonts when they are loaded. This option shows only "newly" loaded fonts not those already preloaded in the format or the class file before the `tracefnt` package became active.

pausing Turn all font warnings into errors so that LaTeX will stop.

29 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TeX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DocStrip program.

When this file is processed directly by LaTeX this will produce the documentation as well.

```
1 ⟨*driver⟩
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3
4
5 %\OnlyDescription  % comment out for implementation details
6
7 \begin{document}
8    \DocInput{ltfsstrc.dtx}
9 \end{document}
10 ⟨/driver⟩
```

30 The Implementation

> **Warning:** Read the macro documentation with a grain of salt. It is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

If we are making a package file it is a good idea to test whether we are running under 2e. This code is actually placed at the very beginning of this file for easier maintenance, thus commented out here.

```
⟨*package⟩
%\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
%\ProvidesPackage{tracefnt}[??/??/?? v?.??
%                           Standard LaTeX package (font tracing)]
⟨/package⟩
```

The `debug` module makes use of commands contained in a special package file named `trace.sty`.[4]

```
⟨+debug⟩ \input trace.sty
```

31 Handling Options

`\tracingfonts` Here is the definition of the integer register for the font trace. As a default in a package file we use 1 to give error messages if fonts are substituted. If this code is used for debugging or tracing reasons in the format file (i.e. in `fam.dtx`) we use 0 as the default. But if no font trace is used we build a definition that will produce a warning message.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\tracingfonts{%
  \@font@warning{Command \noexpand\tracingfonts
            not provided.\MessageBreak
            Use the 'tracefnt' package.\MessageBreak Command found:}%
        \count@}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

The `\count@` in the line above will remove the number after `\tracingfonts`. Note that this definition will be overwritten be the next line if one of these modules are included.

```
⟨*package, trace, debug⟩
\newcount\tracingfonts
\tracingfonts=0
⟨/package, trace, debug⟩
```

The option `errorshow` turns off all warnings so that only real errors are shown. `warningshow` corresponds to the NFSS default (when `tracefnt` is not loaded). `infoshow` is the default for this package here; and `debugshow`, `loading`, and `pausing` extend the amount of information even further.

```
⟨*package⟩
\DeclareOption{errorshow}{%
   \def\@font@info#1{%
         \GenericInfo{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
```

[4] This package is not in distribution at the moment (and probably doesn't any longer work). Think of this part of the code as being historical artefacts.

```
                    {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}}%
    \def\@font@warning#1{%
         \GenericInfo{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                        {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}}%
     }
\DeclareOption{warningshow}{%
   \def\@font@info#1{%
         \GenericInfo{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                    {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}}%
    \def\@font@warning#1{%
         \GenericWarning{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                        {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}}%
     }
\DeclareOption{infoshow}{%
   \def\@font@info#1{%
         \GenericWarning{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                    {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}}%
    \def\@font@warning#1{%
         \GenericWarning{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                        {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}}%
     }
\DeclareOption{loading}{%
    \tracingfonts\tw@
   }
\DeclareOption{debugshow}{%
    \ExecuteOptions{infoshow}%
    \tracingfonts\thr@@
   }

\DeclareOption{pausing}{%
    \def\@font@warning#1{%
      \GenericError
            {(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
            {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}%
            {See the LaTeX Companion for details.}%
            {I'll stop for every LaTeX Font Warning because
             you requested\MessageBreak the 'pausing' option
             to the tracefnt package.}}%
   }
```

We make `infoshow` the default, which in turn defines `\font@warning` and `\font@info`.

```
\ExecuteOptions{infoshow}
\ProcessOptions
⟨/package⟩
```

We also need a default definition inside the kernel:

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\@font@info#1{%
         \GenericInfo{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
                    {LaTeX Font Info: \space\space\space#1}}%
\def\@font@warning#1{%
         \GenericWarning{(Font)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces\space\space}%
```

```
                                {LaTeX Font Warning: #1}}%
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

32 Macros common to `fam.tex` and `tracefnt.sty`

In the first versions of `tracefnt.dtx` some macros of `fam.dtx`[5] were redefined to included the extra tracing information. Now these macros are all defined in this file (i.e. removed from `fam.dtx`) and different production versions can be obtained simply by specifying a different set of modules to include when generating `ltfss.dtx`.

32.1 General font loading

`\extract@font` This macro organizes the font loading. It first calls `\get@external@font` which will return in `\external@font` the name of the external font file (the `.tfm`) as it was determined by the NFSS tables.

```
⟨*2ekernel | package⟩
\def\extract@font{%
   \get@external@font
```

Then the external font is loaded and assigned to the font identifier stored inside `\font@name` (for this reason we need `\expandafter`).

```
   \global\expandafter\font\font@name\external@font\relax
```

When tracing we typeout the internal and external font name.

```
⟨*trace⟩
   \ifnum \tracingfonts >\@ne
   \@font@info{External font `\external@font'
               loaded as\MessageBreak \font@name}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

Finally we call the corresponding "loading action" macros to finish things. First the font is locally selected to allow the use of `\font` inside the loading action macros.

```
   \font@name \relax
```

The next two lines execute the "loading actions" for the family and then for the individual font shape.

```
   \csname \f@encoding+\f@family\endcsname
   \csname\curr@fontshape\endcsname
   \relax
      }
⟨/2ekernel | package⟩
```

The `\relax` at the end needs to be explained. This is inserted to prevent TEX from scanning too far when it is executing the replacement text of the loading code macros.

`\get@external@font` This function tries to find an external font name. It will place the name into the macro `\external@font`. If no font is found it will return the one that was defined via `\DeclareErrorFont`.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\get@external@font{%
```

[5] This file is currently not distributed in documented form. Its code is part of `ltfss.dtx`.

We don't know the external font name at the beginning.

```
\let\external@font\@empty
\edef\font@info{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\string
     \csname \curr@fontshape \endcsname}%
\try@size@range
```

If this failed, we'll try to substitute another size of the same font. This is done by the `\try@size@substitution` macro. It "knows about" `\do@extract@font`, `\font@name`, `\f@size`, and so on.

```
\ifx\external@font\@empty
   \try@size@substitution
   \ifx\external@font\@empty
      \@latex@error{Font \expandafter \string\font@name\space
                  not found}\@eha
      \error@fontshape
      \get@external@font
\fi\fi
}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

`\selectfont` The macro `\selectfont` is called whenever a font change must take place.

⟨*2ekernel | package⟩

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\selectfont
        {%
```

When `debug` is specified we actually want something like 'undebug'. The font selection is now stable so that using `\tracingall` on some other macros will show us a lot of unwanted information about font loading. Therefore we disable tracing during font loading as long as `\tracingfonts` is less than 4.

```
⟨+debug⟩  \pushtracing
⟨+debug⟩  \ifnum\tracingfonts<4 \tracingoff
⟨+debug⟩  \else \tracingon\p@selectfont \fi
```

If `\baselinestretch` was redefined by the user it will not longer match its internal counterpart `\f@linespread`. If so we call `\set@fontsize` to prepare `\size@update`.

```
    \ifx\f@linespread\baselinestretch \else
      \set@fontsize\baselinestretch\f@size\f@baselineskip \fi
```

Then we generate the internal name of the font by concatenating *family*, *series*, *shape*, and current *size*, with slashes as delimiters between them. This is much more readable than standard LaTeX's `\twfbf`, etc. We define `\font@name` globally, as always. The reason for this is explained later on.

```
    \xdef\font@name{%
      \csname\curr@fontshape/\f@size\endcsname}%
```

We call the macro `\pickup@font` which will load the font if necessary.

```
    \pickup@font
```

Then we select the font.

```
    \font@name
```

If `\tracingfonts` is greater than 2 we also show the font switch. We do this before `\glb@settings` is called since this macro might redefine `\font@name`.

⟨*trace⟩

```
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
      \@font@info{Switching to \font@name}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

Finally we call `\size@update`. This macro is normally empty but will contain actions (like setting the `\baselineskip`) that have to be carried out when the font size, the base `\baselineskip` or the `\baselinestretch` have changed.

```
    \size@update
```

A similar function is called to handle anything related to encoding updates. This one is changed from `\relax` by `\fontencoding`.

```
    \enc@update
```

Just before ending this macro we have to pop the tracing stack if it was pushed before.

```
⟨+debug⟩ \poptracing
    }
```

`\set@fontsize` The macro `\set@fontsize` does the actual work. First it assigns new values to `\f@size`, `\f@baselineskip` and `\f@linespread`.

```
\def\set@fontsize#1#2#3{%
    \@defaultunits\@tempdimb#2pt\relax\@nnil
    \edef\f@size{\strip@pt\@tempdimb}%
    \@defaultunits\@tempskipa#3pt\relax\@nnil
    \edef\f@baselineskip{\the\@tempskipa}%
    \edef\f@linespread{#1}%
```

For backward compatibility and for later testing within `\selectfont` the internal value of `\f@linespread` is passed back to `\baselinestretch`.

```
    \let\baselinestretch\f@linespread
```

Additional processing will happen within `\selectfont`. For this reason the macro `\size@update` (which will be called in `\selectfont`) will be defined to be:

```
      \def\size@update{%
```

First calculate the new `\baselineskip` and also store it in `normalbaselineskip`

```
        \baselineskip\f@baselineskip\relax
        \baselineskip\f@linespread\baselineskip
        \normalbaselineskip\baselineskip
```

then to set up a new `\strutbox`

```
        \setbox\strutbox\hbox{%
          \vrule\@height.7\baselineskip
                \@depth.3\baselineskip
                \@width\z@}%
```

We end with a bit of tracing information.

```
⟨*trace⟩
   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
      \ifx\f@linespread\@empty
        \let\reserved@a\@empty
      \else
        \def\reserved@a{\f@linespread x}%
      \fi
      \@font@info{Changing size to \f@size/\reserved@a
                \f@baselineskip}%
      \aftergroup\type@restoreinfo \fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

When all this is processed `\size@update` redefines itself to `\relax` so that in later calls of `\selectfont` no extra code will be executed.

```
        \let\size@update\relax}%
  }
```

Instead of defining this macro internally we might speed things up by placing the code into a separate macro and use `\let`!

`\size@update` Normally this macro does nothing; it will be redefined by `\set@fontsize` to initiate an update.

```
\let\size@update\relax
```

`\type@restoreinfo` This macro produces some info when a font size and/or baseline change will get restored.

```
⟨*trace⟩
   \def\type@restoreinfo{%
      \ifx\f@linespread\@empty
        \let\reserved@a\@empty
      \else
        \def\reserved@a{\f@linespread x}%
      \fi
      \@font@info{Restoring size to
                  \f@size/\reserved@a\f@baselineskip}}
⟨/trace⟩
```

`\glb@settings` `\glb@currsize` The macro `\glb@settings` globally selects all math fonts for the current size if necessary.

```
\def\glb@settings{%
```

When `\glb@settings` gains control a size change was requested and all previous font assignments need to be replaced. Therefore the old values of the fonts are no longer needed. For every *math group* the new assignments are appended to `\math@fonts`. But this happens only if the `math@fonts` switch is set to true. However, we always set up the correct math sizes for script and scriptscript fonts since they may be needed even if we don't set up the whole math machinery.

Here we set the math size, script size and scriptscript size. If the `S@...` macro is not defined we have to first calculate the three sizes.

```
    \expandafter\ifx\csname S@\f@size\endcsname\relax
      \calculate@math@sizes
    \fi
```

The effect of this is that `\calculate@math@sizes` may or may not define the `S@...` macro. In the first case the next time the same size is requested this macro is used, otherwise `\calculate@math@sizes` is called again. This also sets the `math@fonts` switch. If it is true we must switch the math fonts.

```
    \csname S@\f@size\endcsname
    \ifmath@fonts
⟨*trace⟩
      \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
        \@font@info{Setting up math fonts for
                    \f@size/\f@baselineskip}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

Inside a group we execute the macro for the current math *version*. This sets `\math@fonts` to a list of `\textfont...` assignments. `\getanddefine@fonts` (which may be called at this point) needs the `\escapechar` parameter to be set to -1.

```
      \begingroup
        \escapechar\m@ne
        \csname mv@\math@version \endcsname
```

Then we set `\globaldefs` to 1 so that all following changes are done globally. The math font assignments recorded in `\math@fonts` are executed and `\glb@currsize` is set equal to `\f@size`. This signals that the fonts for math in this size are set up.

```
        \globaldefs\@ne
        \math@fonts
        \let \glb@currsize \f@size
      \endgroup
```

Finally we execute any code that is supposed to happen whenever the math font setup changes. This register will be executed in local mode which means that everything that is supposed to have any effect should be done globally inside. We can't execute it within `\globaldefs\@ne` as we don't know what ends up inside this register, e.g., it might contain calculations which use some local registers to calculate the final (global) value.

```
       \the\every@math@size
```

Otherwise we announce that the math fonts are not set up for this size.

```
⟨*trace⟩
      \else
        \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
          \@font@info{No math setup for
                      \f@size/\f@baselineskip}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
    \fi
}
⟨/2ekernel | package⟩
```

`\baselinestretch` In `\selectfont` we used `\baselinestretch` as a factor when assigning a value to `\baselineskip`. We use 1 as a default (i.e. no stretch).

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\baselinestretch{1}
```

`\every@math@size` We must still define the hook `\every@math@size` we used in `\glb@settings`. We initialize it to nothing. It is important to remember that everything that goes into this hook should to global updates, local changes will have weird effects.

```
\newtoks\every@math@size
\every@math@size={}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

32.2 Math fonts setup

32.2.1 Outline of algorithm for math font sizes

TEX uses the the math fonts that are current when the end of a formula is reached. If we don't want to keep font setups local to every formula (which would result in

an enormous overhead, we have to be careful not to end up with the wrong setup in case formulas are nested, e.g., we need to be able to handle

```
$ a=b+c \mbox{ \small for all $b$ and $c\in Z$}$
```

Here the inner formulae `b` and `c\in Z` are typeset in `\small` but we have to return to `\normalsize` before we reach the closing `$` of the outer formula.

This is handled in the following way:

1. At any point in the document the global variable `\gbl@currsize` contains the point size for which the math fonts currently are set up.
2. Whenever we start a formula we compare its value with the local variable `\f@size` that describes the current text font size.
3. If both are the same we assume that we can use the current math font setup without adjustment.
4. If they differ we call `\gbl@settings` which changes the math font setup and updates `\gbl@currsize`.
   (a) If we are recursively inside another formula (`\if@inmath`) we ensure that `\gbl@settings` is executed again in the outer formula, so that the old setup is automatically restored.
   (b) Otherwise, we set the switch `@inmath` locally to `true` so that all nested formulae will be able to detect that they are nested in some outer formula.

The above algorithm has the following features:

- For sizes which are not containing any formula no math setup is done. Compared to the original algorithm of NFSS this results in the following savings:
  - No unnecessary loading of math fonts for sizes that are not used to typeset any math formulae (explicit or implicit ones).
  - No time overhead due to unnecessary changes of the math font setup on entrance and exit of the text font size.
- Math font setup changes for top-level formulae will survive (there is no restoration after the formula) thus any following formula in the same size will be directly typesetable. Compared to original implementation in NFSS2 the new algorithm has the overhead of one test per formula to see if the current math setup is valid (in the original algorithm the setup was always valid, thus no test was necessary).
- In nested formulae the math font setup is restored in the outer formula by a series of `\aftergroup` commands and checks. Compared to the original algorithm this involves additional checks ($2 \times \langle$non-math levels$\rangle$ per inner formula).

32.2.2 Code for math font size setting

`\check@mathfonts` In the `\check@mathfonts` macros we implement the steps 2 to 4 except that instead of a switch the macro `\init@restore@glb@settings` is used.

```
⟨*2ekernel | package⟩
\def\check@mathfonts{%
  \ifx \glb@currsize \f@size
⟨*trace⟩
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: no change \f@size\space
         curr/global (\curr@math@size/\glb@currsize)}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
  \else
⟨*trace⟩
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: setting up \f@size\space
         curr/global (\curr@math@size/\glb@currsize)}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
     \glb@settings
     \init@restore@glb@settings
  \fi
  \let\curr@math@size\f@size
  \def\init@restore@glb@settings{\aftergroup\restglb@settings}%
}
```

`\init@restore@glb@settings` This macros does by default nothing but get redefined inside `\check@mathfonts` to initiate fontsize restoring in nested formulas.

```
⟨-trace⟩\let\init@restore@glb@settings\relax
⟨*trace⟩
\def\init@restore@glb@settings{%
       \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: no resetting (not in
                    nested math)}\fi
}
⟨/trace⟩
```

`\restglb@settings` This macro will be executed the first time after the current formula.

```
\def\restglb@settings{%
⟨*trace⟩
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: restoring}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
      \begingroup
        \let\f@size\curr@math@size
        \ifx\glb@currsize \f@size
⟨*trace⟩
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: ... already okay (\f@size)}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
        \else
⟨*trace⟩
    \ifnum \tracingfonts>\thr@@
        \@font@info{*** MATH: ... to \f@size}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

```
249           \glb@settings
250         \fi
251       \endgroup
252 }
```

32.2.3 Other code for math

\use@mathgroup The `\use@mathgroup` macro should be used in user macros to select a math group. Depending on whether or not the `margid` option is in force it has two or three arguments. For this reason it should be called as the last macro.

First we test if we are inside math mode since we don't want to apply a useless definition.

```
253 \def\use@mathgroup#1#2{\relax\ifmmode
```

```
254 ⟨*trace⟩
255   \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
256     \count@#2\relax
257     \@font@info{Using \noexpand\mathgroup
258               (\the\count@) #2}\fi
259 ⟨/trace⟩
```

If so we first call the '=' macro (i.e. argument three) to set up special things for the selected math group. Then we call `\mathgroup` to select the group given by argument two and finally we place `#1` (i.e. the argument of the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ at the end. This part of the code is surrounded by two commands which behave like `\begingroup` and `\endgroup` if we want ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩s but will expand into `\@empty` if we want simply switches to a new math group. Since argument number 2 may be a digit instead of a control sequence we add a `\relax`. Otherwise something like `\mit{1}` would switch to math group 11 (and back) instead of printing an oldstyle 1.

```
260       \math@bgroup
261           \expandafter\ifx\csname M@\f@encoding\endcsname#1\else
262           #1\fi
263           \mathgroup#2\relax
```

Before we reinsert the swallowed token (arg. three) into the input stream, in the case that the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ isn't called in math mode, we remove the `\fi` with the `\expandafter` trick. This is necessary if the token is actually an macro with arguments. In such a case the `\fi` will be misinterpreted as the first argument which would be disastrous.

```
264       \expandafter\math@egroup\fi}%
```

The surrounding macros equal `\begingroup` and `\endgroup`. But using internal names makes it possible to overwrite their meaning in certain cases. This is for example used in $\mathcal{AMS}$-TEX macros for placing accents.

\math@egroup If the `margid` option is in force (which can be tested by looking at the definition of `\math@bgroup` we change the `\math@egroup` command a bit to display the current ⟨*math group number*⟩ after it closes the scope of ⟨*math alphabet*⟩ with `\endgroup`.

```
265 ⟨*trace⟩
266   \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup
267     \def\math@egroup#1{#1\egroup
```

```
      \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
     \@font@info{Restoring \noexpand\mathgroup
        (\ifnum\mathgroup=\m@ne default\else \the\mathgroup \fi)%
        }\fi}
  \fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

`\getanddefine@fonts` `\getanddefine@fonts` has two arguments: the ⟨*math group number*⟩ and the *family/series/shape* name as a control sequence.

```
\def\getanddefine@fonts#1#2{%
```

First we turn of tracing when `\tracingfonts` is less than 4.

```
⟨+debug⟩  \pushtracing
⟨+debug⟩  \ifnum\tracingfonts<4 \tracingoff
⟨+debug⟩  \else \tracingon\getanddefine@fonts \fi

⟨*trace⟩
  \ifnum \tracingfonts>\tw@
  \count@#1\relax
    \@font@info{\noexpand\mathgroup (\the\count@) #1 :=\MessageBreak
               \string#2 \tf@size/\sf@size/\ssf@size}\fi
⟨/trace⟩
```

We append the current `\tf@size` to `#2` to obtain the font name.[6] Again, `font@name` is defined globally, for the reasons explained in the description of `\wrong@fontshape`.

```
  \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\tf@size\endcsname}%
```

Then we call `\pickup@font` to load it if necessary. We remember the internal name as `\textfont@name`.

```
  \pickup@font \let\textfont@name\font@name
```

Same game for `\scriptfont` and `\scriptscriptfont`:

```
  \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\sf@size\endcsname}%
  \pickup@font \let\scriptfont@name\font@name
  \xdef\font@name{\csname \string#2/\ssf@size\endcsname}%
  \pickup@font
```

Then we append the new `\textfont...` assignments to the `\math@fonts`.

```
  \edef\math@fonts{\math@fonts
                \textfont#1\textfont@name
                \scriptfont#1\scriptfont@name
                \scriptscriptfont#1\font@name}%
```

Just before ending this macro we have to pop the tracing stack if it was pushed before.

```
⟨+debug⟩ \poptracing
    }
⟨/2ekernel | package⟩
```

[6] One might ask why this expansion does not generate a macro name that starts with an additional \ character. The solution is that `\escapechar` is set to −1 before `\getanddefine@fonts` is called.

33 Scaled font extraction

\ifnot@nil We begin with a simple auxiliary macro. It checks whether its argument is the token \@nil. If so, it expands to \@gobble which discards the following argument, otherwise it expands to \@firstofone which reproduces it argument.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\ifnot@nil#1{\def\reserved@a{#1}%
  \ifx\reserved@a\@nnil \expandafter\@gobble
  \else \expandafter\@firstofone\fi}
```

\remove@to@nnil \remove@angles \remove@star Three other auxiliary macros will be needed in the following: \remove@to@nnil gobbles up everything up to, and including, the next \@nnil token, and \remove@angles and \remove@star do the same for the character > and *, respectively, instead of \@nnil.

```
\def\remove@to@nnil#1\@nnil{}
\def\remove@angles#1>{\set@simple@size@args}
\def\remove@star#1*{#1}
```

\extract@sizefn This macro takes a size specification and parses it into size function and the optional and mandatory arguments.

```
\def\extract@sizefn#1*#2\@nil{%
  \if>#2>\set@size@funct@args#1\@nil
         \let\sizefn@info\@empty
  \else\expandafter\set@size@funct@args\remove@star#2\@nil
       \def\sizefn@info{#1}\fi
  }
```

\try@simple@size This function tries to extract the given size (specified by \f@size) for the requested font shape. The font information must already be present in \font@info. The central macro that does the real work is \extract@fontinfo. We will first give a simple example how this macro works, and describe it in full generality later.

Assume that the requested parameters are: *encoding scheme* 'OT1', *family* 'cm', *series* 'sansserif', *shape* 'normal', and *size* '12'. The corresponding font definitions have already been extracted from the macro \OT1/cm/sansserif/normal and stored in font@info. (Otherwise \extract@fontinfo doesn't get called.) This information consists of a token list made of characters of category code 12 of the form

```
<10*>cmss10<12*>cmss12<17*>cmss17
```

For reasonable packages one usually needs more sizes but this is sufficient to get the flavour. We will define a macro \extract@fontinfo to find the external font name ('cmss12') for us:

```
\def\extract@fontinfo#1<12*#2>#3<#4\@nnil{%
    \set@simple@size@args#3<#4\@nnil
    \execute@size@function{#2}}
```

so that when it gets called via

```
\extract@fontinfo<10*>cmss10<12*>cmss12<17*>cmss17\@nnil
```

#1 will contain all characters before <12*>, #2 will be empty, #3 will be exactly cmss12, and #3 will be 17>cmss17. The expansion is therefore

```
\set@simple@size@args cmss12<17*>cmss17\@nnil
\execute@size@function{}
```

This means: the default (empty) size function will be executed, with its optional argument argument set to empty and its mandatory argument set to cmss12 by \set@simple@size@args. As we discussed earlier, the effect of the default size function is to load the given external font (cmss12) at the specified size (12)—which is exactly what was intended.

But this is only part of the whole story. It may be that the size requested does not occur in the token list \font@info. And the simple definition of \extract@fontinfo we gave above does not allow to specify give more than one size specification in front of the external font name.

Let's address these two problems separately. The first one is solved with the following trick: We define \extract@fontinfo as follows:

```
\def\extract@fontinfo#1<12*#2>#3<#4\@nnil{%
  \ifnot@nil{#3}%
    {\set@simple@size@args#3<#4\@nnil
     \execute@size@function{#2}%
    }}%
```

How does this work? We call \extract@fontinfo via

```
\expandafter\extract@fontinfo\font@info<12*>\@nil<\@nnil
```

i.e. by appending <12*>\@nil<\@nnil. If the size ('12' in this case) appears in \font@info everything works as explained above, the only difference being that argument #4 of \extract@fontinfo additionally gets the tokens <12*>\@nil<\@nnil. However, if the size is not found everything up to the final <12*> is in argument #1, #3 gets \@nil, and #2 and #4 are empty. The macro \ifnot@nil will discard the calls to \set@simple@size@args and execute@size@function, and hence \font@info will continue to be equal to \@empty. This means that no simple size specification matching the requested size could be found.

The second problem (more than one simple size specification for one external font name) will be addressed in \set@simple@size@args below.

The macros are hidden inside other control sequences so that we have to build \extract@fontinfo in several steps.

So here's the actual definition of \extract@font in \try@simple@size.

```
% % this could be replaced by \try@size@range making the subst slower!
\def\try@simple@size{%
```

\reserved@a is made an abbreviation for the head of the definition of the macro \extract@fontinfo.

```
    \def\reserved@a{\def\extract@fontinfo####1}%
```

Now we can define \extract@fontinfo. Here we handle a small but convenient variation: in case of the default (empty) size function it is allowed to omit the * character.

```
    \expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter<\f@size>##2<##3\@nnil{%
        \ifnot@nil{##2}%
```

```
            {\set@simple@size@args##2<##3\@nnil
             \execute@size@function\sizefn@info
            }}%
```

Now we call `\extract@fontinfo`. Note the `<\@nil` tokens at the end.

```
    \expandafter\expandafter
    \expandafter\extract@fontinfo\expandafter\font@info
    \expandafter<\f@size>\@nil<\@nnil
}
```

`\set@simple@size@args` As promised above, the macro `\set@simple@size@args` will handle the case of several size specifications in a row. If another size specification follows, the very first token of its argument list is the character `<`. By starting the definition as follows,

```
\def\set@simple@size@args#1<{%
```

parameter `#1` is empty in this case, and contains the size function's arguments otherwise. We distinguish these two cases (Note that the character `<` cannot appear in `#1`) by calling `\remove@angles` for empty `#1` and `\extract@sizefn` otherwise. In the latter case we have to take care of the remaining character tokens and discard them. This is done by `\remove@to@nnil`. Note also the use of Kabelschacht's method.

```
          \if<#1<%
            \expandafter\remove@angles
          \else
            \extract@sizefn#1*\@nil
            \expandafter\remove@to@nnil
          \fi}
```

Now, we are through with the case of a simple size, except for calling the size function. This will be handled later, as it is the same mechanism for all types of size specification. We will now proceed to macors for extraction of size range specification.

`\extract@rangefontinfo` `\extract@rangefontinfo` goes through a font shape definition in the input until it recognizes the tokens `<\@nil->`. It looks for font ranges with font size functions. It's operation is rather simple: it discards everything up to the next size specification and passes this on to `\is@range` for inspection. The specification (parameter `#2` is inserted again, in case it is needed later.

```
\def\extract@rangefontinfo#1<#2>{%
      \is@range#2->\@nil#2>}
```

`\is@range` `\is@range` is again a sort of dispatcher macro: if the size specification it is looking at is not a range specification it discards it and calls `\extract@rangefontinfo` to continue the search. Otherwise it calls `\check@range` to check the requested size against the specified range.

From the way `\is@range` is called inside `\extract@rangefontinfo` we see that `#2` is the character `>` if the size specification found is a simple one (as it does not contain a `-` character. This is checked easily enough and `\extract@rangefontinfo` called again. Note that the extra tokens inserted after the `\@nil` in the call to `\is@range` appear at the beginning of the first argument to `\extract@rangefontinfo` and are hence ignored.

```
\def\is@range#1-#2\@nil{%
  \if>#2\expandafter\check@single\else
     \expandafter\check@range\fi}
```

\check@range `\check@range` takes lower bound as parameter `#1`, upper bound as `#2`, size function as `#3` and the size function's arguments as `#4`. If `#3` is the special token `\@nil` `\font@info` is exhausted and we can stop searching.

```
\def\check@range#1-#2>#3<#4\@nnil{%
 \ifnot@nil{#3}{%
```

If `#3` wasn't `\@nil` we have a range. We start by assuming that we have to recurse. Note that we have to reinsert an `<` as it was already removed by scanning.

```
    \def\reserved@f{\extract@rangefontinfo<#4\@nnil}%
```

We have to make sure that both boundaries are present, if not we have to set them. Here we check the upper bound. If `\upper@bound` is zero after the assignment we set it to `\maxdimen` (upper open range). We need to use a ⟨*dimen*⟩ register for the scan since we may have a decimal number as the boundary.

```
    \upper@bound0#2\p@
    \ifdim\upper@bound=\z@ \upper@bound\maxdimen\fi
```

Now we check the upper boundary against `\f@size`. If it is larger or equal than `\f@size` this range is no good and we have to recurse.

```
    \ifdim \f@size \p@<\upper@bound
```

Otherwise we have to check the lower bound. This time it is not necessary to scan the boundary value into a register because if it is empty we get zero as desired. We could even omit the `0` which would result in `1pt` as default lower boundary. If `\f@size` is smaller than the boundary we have to recurse.

```
      \lower@bound0#1\p@
      \ifdim \f@size \p@<\lower@bound
       \else
```

If both tests are passed we can try executing the size function.

```
        \set@simple@size@args#3<#4\@nnil
        \execute@size@function\sizefn@info
```

If the function was successful it should have left an external font name in `\external@font`. We use this to see if we can stop scanning. Otherwise we recurse.

```
        \ifx\external@font\@empty
        \else
          \let\reserved@f\@empty
        \fi
      \fi
    \fi
    \reserved@f}}
```

\lower@bound \upper@bound We use two dimen registers `\lower@bound` and `\upper@bound` to store the lower and upper endpoints of the range we found.

```
\newdimen\lower@bound
\newdimen\upper@bound
```

\check@single

\check@single takes the size as parameter #1, size function as #2 and the size function's arguments as #3. We can assume that there is always something in the pipeline since the very last entry is a faked range (see above).

```
\def\check@single#1>#2<#3\@nnil{%
```

We start by assuming that we have to recurse. Note that we have to reinsert an < as it was already removed by scanning.

```
    \def\reserved@f{\extract@rangefontinfo<#3\@nnil}%
```

Now we check the the size against \f@size. If it is not equal \f@size it is no good and we have to recurse.

```
    \ifdim \f@size \p@=#1\p@
```

Otherwise if this test is passed we can try executing the size function.

```
      \set@simple@size@args#2<#3\@nnil
      \execute@size@function\sizefn@info
```

If the function was successful it should have left an external font name in \external@font. We use this to see if we can stop scanning. Otherwise we recurse.

```
      \ifx\external@font\@empty
      \else
        \let\reserved@f\@empty
      \fi
    \fi
    \reserved@f}
```

\set@size@funct@args
\set@size@funct@args@

This macro sets the optional and mandatory arguments for a size function. If the optional argument is not present it is set to the empty token list. The mandatory argument is delimited by the token \@nil.

```
\def\set@size@funct@args{\@ifnextchar[%
  \set@size@funct@args@{\set@size@funct@args@[]}}
\def\set@size@funct@args@[#1]#2\@nil{%
  \def\mandatory@arg{#2}%
  \def\optional@arg{#1}}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

\DeclareSizeFunction

This function defines a new size function hiding the internal from the designer. The body of the size function may use \optional@arg and \mandatory@arg denoting the optional and mandatory argument that may follow the size specification <...>.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\DeclareSizeFunction#1#2{\@namedef{s@fct@#1}{#2}}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareSizeFunction
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

\execute@size@function

This macro is very simple. The only point worth noting is that calling an undefined size function will do nothing (actually execute a \relax).

```
⟨*2ekernel | package⟩
\def\execute@size@function#1{%
⟨*trace⟩
          \@ifundefined{s@fct@#1}%
            {\errmessage{Undefined font size function #1}%
```

```
380              \s@fct@}%
381             {\csname s@fct@#1\endcsname}%
382 ⟨/trace⟩
383 ⟨-trace⟩       \csname s@fct@#1\endcsname
384 }
385 ⟨/2ekernel | package⟩
```

`\try@size@range` This macro tries to find a suitable range for requested size (specified by `\f@size`) in `\font@info`. All the relevant action is done in `\extract@rangefontinfo`. All that needs to be done is to stuff in the token list in `\font@info` so that `\extract@rangefontinfo` can inspect it. Note the `<-*\@nil><` token at the end to stop scanning.

```
386 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
387 \def\try@size@range{%
388     \expandafter\extract@rangefontinfo\font@info <-*>\@nil<\@nnil
389 }
```

`\try@size@substitution` This is the last thing that can be tried. If the desired `\f@size` is found neither among the simple size specifications nor in one of the ranges the whole list of size specifications is searched for a nearby simple size.

```
390 \gdef\try@size@substitution{%
```

First we do some initializations. `\@tempdimb` will hold the difference between the wanted size and the best solution found so far, so we initialise it with `\maxdimen`. The macro `\best@size` will hold the best size found, nothing found is indicated by the empty value.

```
391   \@tempdimb \maxdimen
392   \let \best@size \@empty
```

Now we loop over the specification

```
393   \expandafter \try@simples \font@info <\number\@M>\@nil<\@nnil
394 }
```

`\font@submax` `\fontsubfuzz` The macro `\font@submax` records the maximal deviation from the desired size encountered so far. Its value is used in a warning message at `\end{document}`. The macro `\fontsubfuzz` contains the amount that will not cause terminal warnings (warnings still go into the transcript file).

```
395 \def\font@submax{0pt}
396 \def\fontsubfuzz{.4pt}
397 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
398 ⟨+package⟩\def\fontsubfuzz{0pt}
```

`\try@simples` `\try@simples` goes through a font shape definition in the input until it recognizes the tokens `<*\@nil><`. It looks for simple sizes to determine the two closest sizes. It is assumed that simple sizes are in increasing order.

```
399 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
400 \gdef\try@simples#1<#2>{%
401   \tryif@simple#2->\tryif@simple}
```

`\tryis@simple` `\tryis@simple` is similar to `\is@range`. If it sees a simple size, it checks it against the value of `\f@size` and sets `\lower@font@size` or `\higher@font@size`. In the latter case, it stops the iteration. By adding `<\number\@M>` at the end of the line we always have an end point. This is a hack which probably should be corrected.

First it checks whether it is finished already, then whether the size specification in question is a simple one.

```
\gdef\tryif@simple#1-#2\tryif@simple{%
```

Most common case for `\reserved@f` first:

```
  \let \reserved@f \try@simples
  \if>#2%
```

If so, it compares it to the value of `\f@size`. This is done using a dimen register since there may be fractional numbers.

```
    \dimen@ #1\p@
    \ifdim \dimen@<\@M\p@
```

If `\dimen@` is `\@M\p@` we have reached the end of the fontspec (hopefully) otherwise we compare the value with `\f@size` and compute in `\@tempdimc` the absolute value of the difference between the two values.

```
      \ifdim \f@size\p@<\dimen@
        \@tempdimc \dimen@
        \advance\@tempdimc -\f@size\p@
      \else
        \@tempdimc \f@size\p@
        \advance\@tempdimc -\dimen@
      \fi
```

The result is then compared with the smallest difference we have encountered, if the new value (in `\@tempdimc` is smaller) we have found a size which is a better approximation so we make it the `\best@size` and adjust `\@tempdimb`.

```
      \ifdim \@tempdimc<\@tempdimb
        \@tempdimb \@tempdimc
        \def \best@size{#1}%
      \fi
```

When we have reached the end of the fontspec we substitute the best size found (if any). We code this inline to save macro space; in the past this was done by a macro called `\subst@size`.

```
    \else
```

`\subst@size` This macro substitutes the size recorded in `\best@size` for the unavailable size `\f@size`. `\font@submax` records the maximum difference between desired size and selected size in the whole run.

```
% %\subst@size             %% coded inline
% %\def\subst@size{%
  \ifx \external@font\@empty
    \ifx \best@size\@empty
    \else
      \ifdim \@tempdimb>\font@submax \relax
        \xdef \font@submax {\the\@tempdimb}%
      \fi
      \let \f@user@size \f@size
      \let \f@size \best@size
      \ifdim \@tempdimb>\fontsubfuzz\relax
        \@font@warning{Font\space shape\space
            `\curr@fontshape'\space in\space size\space
             <\f@user@size>\space not\space available\MessageBreak
             size\space <\f@size>\space substituted}%
```

```
      \fi
      \try@simple@size
      \do@subst@correction
    \fi
 \fi
% %}
```

This brings us back into the main part of `\tryif@simple`. Finally we get rid of any rubbish left over on the input stack.

```
      \let \reserved@f \remove@to@nnil
    \fi
  \fi
```

If it's a range iterate also.

```
  \reserved@f}
```

33.1 Sizefunctions

In the following we define some useful size functions.

`\s@fct@` This is the default size function. Mandatory argument is an external font name, optional argument a scale factor. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{}{\empty@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{s}{\empty@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\empty@sfcnt#1{%
      \@tempdimb \f@size\p@
      \ifx\optional@arg\@empty
      \else
        \@tempdimb \optional@arg\@tempdimb
        #1{Font\space shape\space `\curr@fontshape'\space
           will\space be\MessageBreak
           scaled\space to\space size\space \the\@tempdimb}%
      \fi
      \edef\external@font{\mandatory@arg\space at\the\@tempdimb}}
```

`\s@fct@gen` `\s@fct@sgen` This size function generates the external name from the mandatory argument and the requested user size, and thus can be used for external names where the size is encoded in the font name. The optional argument a scale factor. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{gen}{\gen@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{sgen}{\gen@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\gen@sfcnt{%
      \edef\mandatory@arg{\mandatory@arg\f@size}%
      \empty@sfcnt}
```

`\s@fct@genb` `\s@fct@sgenb` This size function is similar to `gen`, but for fonts where the size is encoded in the font name in centipoints, as in the DC fonts version 1.2. The font is scaled to `\f@size` if no optional argument is present, and to `\f@size` multiplied by the optional argument otherwise.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{genb}{\genb@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{sgenb}{\genb@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\genb@sfcnt{%
    \edef\mandatory@arg{\mandatory@arg\expandafter\genb@x\f@size..\@@}%
    \empty@sfcnt}
```

`\genb@x` `\genb@y` The auxiliary macros `\genb@x` and `\genb@y` are used to convert the `\f@size` into centipoints.

```
\def\genb@x#1.#2.#3\@@{\two@digits{#1}\genb@y#200\@@}
\def\genb@y#1#2#3\@@{#1#2}
```

`\s@fct@sub` This size function handles font substitution. The mandatory argument is a family/series/shape combination, the optional argument (if present) is ignored. The font encoding scheme cannot be changed. Therefore, the first thing we do is to prepend the encoding scheme.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{sub}{\sub@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{ssub}{\sub@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\sub@sfcnt#1{%
    \edef\mandatory@arg{\f@encoding/\mandatory@arg}%
```

Next action is split the arg into its individual components and allow for a late font shape load.

```
    \begingroup
     \expandafter\split@name\mandatory@arg/\@nil
     \try@load@fontshape
    \endgroup
```

Then we record the current `\f@size` since it may get clobbered.

```
    \let\f@user@size\f@size
```

Then we check whether this new combination is defined and give an error message if not. In this case we also switch to `\error@fontshape`.

```
    \expandafter
    \ifx\csname\mandatory@arg\endcsname\relax
      \errmessage{No\space declaration\space for\space
                  shape\space \mandatory@arg}%
      \error@fontshape
    \else
```

Otherwise we warn the user about the substitution taking place.

```
      #1{Font\space shape\space `\curr@fontshape'\space in\space
         size\space <\f@size>\space not\space available\MessageBreak
         Font\space shape\space `\mandatory@arg'\space tried\space
         instead}%
      \expandafter\split@name\mandatory@arg/\@nil
    \fi
```

Then we restart the font specification scan by calling `\get@external@font`.

```
    \edef\f@size{\f@user@size}%
    \get@external@font
```

Finally `\do@subst@correction` is called to get the font name right.

```
    \do@subst@correction
}
```

\s@fct@subf The `subf` size function allows substitution of another font. The mandatory argument is the external name of the font to be substituted, the optional argument a size scaling factor like in the default size function. The main difference to the default size function is the warning message.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{subf}{\subf@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{ssubf}{\subf@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\subf@sfcnt#1{%
      #1{Font\space shape\space `\curr@fontshape'\space in\space
         size\space \f@size\space not\space available\MessageBreak
        external\space font\space `\mandatory@arg'\space used}%
      \empty@sfcnt#1%
      }
```

\s@fct@fixed The `fixed` size function is for using a font at a different size than requested. A warning message is printed, and the external font to be used is taken from the mandatory argument. If an optional argument is present it is used as the 'at' size for the font. Otherwise the font is loaded at its design size.

```
\DeclareSizeFunction{fixed}{\fixed@sfcnt\@font@warning}
\DeclareSizeFunction{sfixed}{\fixed@sfcnt\@font@info}

\def\fixed@sfcnt#1{%
  \ifx\optional@arg\@empty
    \let\external@font\mandatory@arg
  \else
    \edef\external@font{\mandatory@arg\space at\optional@arg pt}%
  \fi
  #1{External\space font\space `\external@font'\space loaded\space
     for\space size\MessageBreak
     <\f@size>}%
}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File q
ltfsscmp.dtx

This file contains the implementation of commands giving compatibility with the original 'NFSS1' release of the Font Selection Scheme.

> **Warning:** The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

Version 1 of NFSS is obsolete now for about 20 years (and was "current" only for a short intermediate time) so with the 2015 release these internal interface commands are removed from the kernel and made available via latexrelease package so that backward compatibility remains ensured for very old documents.

```
⟨*latexrelease⟩
\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\new@fontshape}%
                             {NFSS version1 commands}%
\let\new@fontshape\@undefined
\let\warn@rel@i\@undefined
\let\scan@fontshape\@undefined
\let\scan@@fontshape\@undefined
\let\subst@fontshape\@undefined
\let\extra@def\@undefined
\let\default@mextra\@undefined
\let\preload@sizes\@undefined
\let\err@rel@i\@undefined
\let\newmathalphabet\@undefined
\let\newmathalphabet@\@undefined
\let\newmathalphabet@@@\@undefined
\let\if@no@font@opt\@undefined
\let\@no@font@optfalse\@undefined
\let\define@mathalphabet\@undefined
\let\define@mathgroup\@undefined
\let\addtoversion\@undefined
\EndIncludeInRelease
```

In older releases we provide the original definitions.

```
\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\new@fontshape}%
                             {NFSS version1 commands}%
```

`\new@fontshape` The interface is now `\DeclareFontShape`.

```
\gdef\new@fontshape#1#2#3#4{%
     \warn@rel@i\new@fontshape\DeclareFontShape
     \expandafter\scan@fontshape\@gobble#4<\@nil><<%
     \DeclareFontShape U{#1}{#2}{#3}\reserved@f}%
\@onlypreamble\new@fontshape
```

`\warn@rel@i` The warning message used above.

```
\gdef\warn@rel@i#1#2{%
 \@font@warning{***  NFSS release 1 command
                \noexpand#1found\MessageBreak
   ***  Update by using release 2 command
```

```
        \string#2.\MessageBreak
   ***  Recovery is probably possible}%
}%
\@onlypreamble\warn@rel@i
```

`\scan@fontshape` This will scan the old font shape definition syntax.

```
\gdef\scan@fontshape{%
  \let\reserved@f\@empty
  \let\reserved@e\@empty %        holds last info
  \scan@@fontshape
}%
\@onlypreamble\scan@fontshape
```

`\scan@@fontshape`

```
\gdef\scan@@fontshape#1>#2#3<{%
  \ifx\@nil#1%
    \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f\reserved@e}%
  \else
    \def\reserved@b{#1}%       nick names
    \def\reserved@c{#3}%
    \in@{ at}{#3}%
    \ifin@
      \in@{pt}{#3}%  not a proof but a good chance
      \ifin@
```

We grap also everything after pt and discard it if people have forgotten to place a percent sign there.

```
        \def\reserved@a##1 at##2pt##3\@nil{%
           \def\reserved@b{##2}%
           \def\reserved@c{##1}%
           }%
        \reserved@a#3\@nil
      \fi
    \fi
    \ifnum 0<0#2
      \edef\reserved@d{subf*\reserved@c}%
      \ifcase #2\or
      \or
      \else
        \errmessage{*** What's this? NFSS release 0? ***}%
      \fi
    \else
      \edef\reserved@d{#2\reserved@c}%
    \fi
    \ifx\reserved@d\reserved@e
      \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f<\reserved@b>}%
    \else
      \edef\reserved@f{\reserved@f\reserved@e<\reserved@b>}%add old info
      \let\reserved@e\reserved@d
    \fi
    \expandafter\scan@@fontshape
  \fi
}%
\@onlypreamble\scan@@fontshape
```

\subst@fontshape This is now also handled by the extend syntax of \DeclareFontShape.

```
\gdef\subst@fontshape#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
     \warn@rel@i\subst@fontshape\DeclareFontShape
     \DeclareFontShape{U}{#1}{#2}{#3}{<->sub*#4/#5/#6}{}}%
\@onlypreamble\subst@fontshape
```

\extra@def This was replaced by \DeclareFontFamily.

```
\gdef\extra@def#1#2#3{%
     \warn@rel@i\extra@def\DeclareFontFamily
     \DeclareFontFamily{U}{#1}{}%
}%
\@onlypreamble\extra@def
```

\default@mextra The new name is \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults but in this case we don't feel comfortable with this either.

```
\gdef\default@mextra{%
  \warn@rel@i\default@mextra\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults
```

We pick up the argument to \default@mextra implicitly as the second argument of \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults.

```
  \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults\relax
}%
\@onlypreamble\default@mextra
```

\preload@sizes The new interface is \DeclarePreloadSizes.

```
\gdef\preload@sizes{%
     \warn@rel@i\preload@sizes\DeclarePreloadSizes
     \DeclarePreloadSizes U%
}%
\@onlypreamble\preload@sizes
```

\err@rel@i This macro is used in cases where emulation with NFSS2 features is not really possible.

```
\gdef\err@rel@i#1#2{%
  \@latex@error{***  NFSS release 1 command \noexpand#1found%
          ^^J***  Recovery not possible. Use \string#2}%
       {The new release of NFSS doesn't support the
        \noexpand#1command^^Jany longer.
        Please upgrade your file to the syntax of NFSS
        release 2^^Jusing the \noexpand#2command.}%
```

Let's die.

```
  \batchmode\input.\relax
}%
\@onlypreamble\err@rel@i
```

\newmathalphabet \newmathalphabet is the old form.
\newmathalphabet@@
\newmathalphabet@@@

```
\gdef\newmathalphabet{%
  \if@no@font@opt
    \@latex@error{*** NFSS release 1 command
                    \noexpand\newmathalphabet found%
     ^^J \space*** Automatic recovery not possible.%
     ^^J \space*** TYPE H for Help%
              }%
```

```
      {Please look at the file usrguide.tex for hints on
       how to resolve this problem.}%
  \else
     \warn@rel@i\newmathalphabet\DeclareMathAlphabet
  \fi
  \@ifstar\newmathalphabet@@@
          \newmathalphabet@@}%
\gdef\newmathalphabet@@#1{\DeclareMathAlphabet#1{U}{}{}{}}%
\gdef\newmathalphabet@@@#1#2#3#4{%
       \DeclareMathAlphabet{#1}{U}{#2}{#3}{#4}}%
\@onlypreamble\newmathalphabet
\@onlypreamble\newmathalphabet@@
\@onlypreamble\newmathalphabet@@@
```

`\if@no@font@opt`
`\@no@font@optfalse`

```
\global\let\if@no@font@opt\iftrue
\gdef\@no@font@optfalse{\let\if@no@font@opt\iffalse}%
```

`\define@mathalphabet` This is a case where dying is best.

```
\gdef\define@mathalphabet{%
      \err@rel@i\define@mathalphabet\DeclareMathAlphabet
}%
\@onlypreamble\define@mathalphabet
```

`\define@mathgroup` And here is another one

```
\gdef\define@mathgroup{%
      \err@rel@i\define@mathgroup\DeclareSymbolFont
}%
\@onlypreamble\define@mathgroup
```

`\addtoversion` `\addtoversion` is the old form.

```
\def\addtoversion#1#2{%
  \warn@rel@i\addtoversion\SetMathAlphabet
  \SetMathAlphabet#2{#1}{U}}%
\@onlypreamble\addtoversion
```

Finishing off this huge `\IncludeInRelease` argument:

```
\EndIncludeInRelease
```

⟨/latexrelease⟩

File r
ltfssdcl.dtx

This file contains the main implementation of the font selection scheme commands. See other parts of the LaTeX distribution, or *The LaTeX Companion* for higher level documentation of these commands.

> **Warning:** The macro documentation is still basically the documentation from the first NFSS release and therefore in some cases probably not completely accurate.

34 Interface Commands

`\in@` `\ifin@`

`\@in` is a utility macro with two arguments. It determines whether its first argument occurs in its second and sets the switch `\ifin@` accordingly. The first argument may not contain braces nor `#` (more precisely, tokens of category code 1, 2, or 6).

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\in@#1#2%
 {%
   \begingroup
     \def\in@@##1#1{}%
     \toks@\expandafter{\in@@#2{}{}#1}%
     \edef\in@@{\the\toks@}%
   \expandafter\endgroup
   \ifx\in@@\@empty
     \in@false
   \else
     \in@true
   \fi
 }
\newif\ifin@
```

Before the `\begin{document}` command several ⟨*math versions*⟩ and ⟨*math alphabet identifiers*⟩ may be declared. In principle, there should be exactly one family/series/shape combination be declared for each version/alphabet pair. But we want to allow for defaults as well for automagical filling of holes.

While building the tables for math alphabet identifiers and math versions we keep several lists:

- the list of all math versions, `\version@list`, each entry prefixed by the control sequence `\version@elt`, i.e. this list has the following form

  `\version@elt`⟨*version*$_1$⟩`\version@elt`⟨*version*$_2$⟩$\ldots$ `\version@elt`⟨*version*$_n$⟩

- the list of all math alphabet identifiers. Here every entry has the form:
  `\group@elt`⟨*math group number*⟩
  `{{`⟨*default family*⟩`}{`⟨*default series*⟩`}{`⟨*default shape*⟩`}}`.

- Each defined math alphabet identifier holds a list containing Information about the *versions* for which it is defined. This list has a more complicated structure: it looks as follows:

  \set@alpha⟨*the alphabet identifier itself*⟩
  \reserved@c⟨*math version*⟩⟨*font info*⟩
  ...
  \@nil

  where ⟨*font info*⟩ is either \reserved@e (if the combination is not defined yet) or

  {{⟨*family*⟩}{⟨*series*⟩}{⟨*shape*⟩}}

\version@list We initialize the version list to be empty.

```
\let\version@list=\@empty
\@onlypreamble\version@list
```

\version@elt

```
\let\version@elt\relax
\@onlypreamble\version@elt
```

\new@mathversion The macro \new@mathversion is called with the version control sequence as its argument.

```
%\def\new@mathversion#1{%
```

The first thing this macro does is to check if the version identifier is already present in \version@list. We enclose \version@list in braces since it might be empty (if no *version* is defined yet). But this means that we need a suitable number of \expandafter primitives.

```
%  \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
%  \ifin@
```

If so it prints an error message. The \next macro is used to get rid of the four characters \mv@ that would otherwise appear at the begin of the version name in the error message.

```
%    \@latex@error{Math version
%                ‘\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1’
%                already defined}\@eha
```

Otherwise we have a new version, and we can proceed with entering it into the tables. We add it to \version@list. This is very easy: we define \version@elt (which is the delimiter in \version@list) to protect itself and the following token from being expanded and simply redefine \version@list.

```
%  \else
%     \global\expandafter\newcount\csname c@\expandafter
%                                  \@gobble\string#1\endcsname
%     \global\csname c@\expandafter
%                                  \@gobble\string#1\endcsname\@ne
%     \def\version@elt{\noexpand\version@elt\noexpand}%
%     \edef\version@list{\version@list\version@elt#1}%
```

Then we prepare to enter the new version into all math alphabet identifier lists. Remember that these lists use `\reserved@c` as delimiter, and that there appears the control sequence `\reserved@e` that must not be expanded. Therefore we take suitable precautions.

```
%     \def\reserved@c{\noexpand\reserved@c\noexpand}%
%     \let\reserved@e\relax
```

We will now go through the `\alpha@list` to process every ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩ in turn. Since this list has `\group@elt` as a delimiter we define this control sequence. It has three arguments as every entry consists of three items (as explained above).

```
%     \def\group@elt##1##2##3{%
```

The first of these arguments is the ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩. We redefine it by appending the information about the new version at the end of the list contained in it. However, there is one subtlety: the definitions for `\reserved@c` and `\reserved@e` made above prevent the main part of the list from being expanded. But we still have to take care of the header and the trailer. To do this we remove the trailer by means of the macro `\remove@nil` which also protect the header from being expanded. Its definition is given below. Now we can prepare to add the new version.

```
%       \edef##1{\expandafter\remove@nil##1%
%                \reserved@c
%                #1%
%                \reserved@e
%                \noexpand\@nil}}%
```

Finally we call `\alpha@list` which will now execute the macro `\group@elt` once for every defined ⟨*math alphabet identifier*⟩. And that's all for now.

```
%     \alpha@list
%  \fi}
```

`\alpha@list` As we explained above every entry in `\alpha@list` has the form

`\alpha@elt`
⟨*alphabet identifier*⟩⟨*internal group number*⟩⟨*default font assignments*⟩...

We initialize it to `\@empty`.

```
\let\alpha@list\@empty
\@onlypreamble\alpha@list
```

`\alpha@elt`

```
\let\alpha@elt\relax
\@onlypreamble\alpha@elt
```

`\newgroup` Start the group (fam) allocation at 0. (Doesn't belong here.)

```
\count18=-1
```

`\stepcounter`

`\select@group` We surround `\select@group` with braces so that functions using it can be used directly after `_` or `^`. However, if we use oldstyle syntax where the math alphabet doesn't have arguments (ie if `\math@bgroup` is not `\bgroup`) we need to get rid of the extra group.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\select@group}{\select@group}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\select@group#1#2#3#4{%
 \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
 {%
 \ifmmode
  \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\e@mathgroup@top
     \begingroup
       \escapechar\m@ne
       \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
       \globaldefs\@ne  \math@fonts
     \endgroup
     \init@restore@version
     \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%
             {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
     \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
   \else
     \let#1\relax
     \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used in
                   version \math@version}%
        \@eha
   \fi
 \else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
 #1{#4}%
 }%
}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\select@group}{\select@group}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\select@group#1#2#3#4{%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩ {%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifmmode
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\sixt@@n
⟨latexrelease⟩     \begingroup
⟨latexrelease⟩       \escapechar\m@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩       \getanddefine@fonts
⟨latexrelease⟩         {\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
⟨latexrelease⟩       \globaldefs\@ne  \math@fonts
⟨latexrelease⟩     \endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩     \init@restore@version
⟨latexrelease⟩     \xdef#1{\noexpand\use@mathgroup\noexpand#2%
⟨latexrelease⟩             {\number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease⟩     \let#1\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩     \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used in
⟨latexrelease⟩                   version \math@version}%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \@eha
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩ \else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩ #1{#4}%
⟨latexrelease⟩ }%
⟨latexrelease⟩}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\restore@mathversion
```

`\init@restore@version`

```
\def\init@restore@version{%
        \global\let\init@restore@version\relax
        \xdef\restore@mathversion
             {\expandafter\noexpand\csname mv@\math@version\endcsname
              \global\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname
              \number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\relax}%
        \aftergroup\dorestore@version
}
\@onlypreamble\init@restore@version
```

`\non@alpherr`

```
\gdef\non@alpherr#1{\@latex@error{%
```

The command here will have a space at the end of its name, so we make sure not to insert an extra one.

```
    \string#1allowed only in math mode}\@ehd}
```

`\dorestore@version`

```
\def\dorestore@version
 {\ifmmode
    \aftergroup\dorestore@version
  \else
    \gdef\init@restore@version{%
        \global\let\init@restore@version\relax
        \xdef\restore@mathversion
             {\expandafter\noexpand\csname mv@\math@version\endcsname
              \global\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname
              \number\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\relax}%
        \aftergroup\dorestore@version
    }%
    \begingroup
      \let\getanddefine@fonts\@gobbletwo
      \restore@mathversion
    \endgroup
  \fi}%
\@onlypreamble\dorestore@version
```

`\document@select@group` We surround `\select@group` with braces so that functions using it can be used directly after `_` or `^`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
⟨latexrelease⟩   {\document@select@group}{\document@select@group}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\document@select@group#1#2#3#4{%
 \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
```

```
{%
\ifmmode
  \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\e@mathgroup@top
    \begingroup
      \escapechar\m@ne
      \getanddefine@fonts{\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
      \globaldefs\@ne  \math@fonts
    \endgroup
    \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version
        \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname
        \expandafter{\number\csname
                       c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%
         #1%
    \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
  \else
    \let#1\relax
    \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used
                  in version \math@version}%
       \@eha
 \fi
\else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
#1{#4}%
}%
}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\document@select@group}{\document@select@group}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\document@select@group#1#2#3#4{%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifx\math@bgroup\bgroup\else\relax\expandafter\@firstofone\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩ {%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifmmode
⟨latexrelease⟩   \ifnum\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname<\sixt@@n
⟨latexrelease⟩     \begingroup
⟨latexrelease⟩       \escapechar\m@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩       \getanddefine@fonts
⟨latexrelease⟩         {\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}#3%
⟨latexrelease⟩       \globaldefs\@ne  \math@fonts
⟨latexrelease⟩     \endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩     \expandafter\extract@alph@from@version
⟨latexrelease⟩         \csname mv@\math@version\expandafter\endcsname
⟨latexrelease⟩         \expandafter{\number\csname
⟨latexrelease⟩                        c@mv@\math@version\endcsname}%
⟨latexrelease⟩          #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \global\advance\csname c@mv@\math@version\endcsname\@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease⟩     \let#1\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩     \@latex@error{Too many math alphabets used
⟨latexrelease⟩                   in version \math@version}%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \@eha
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩ \else \expandafter\non@alpherr\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩ #1{#4}%
⟨latexrelease⟩ }%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\process@table

```
\def\process@table{%
    \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{%
        \@font@info{Checking defaults for
                  ##1/##2/##3/##4}%
        \expandafter
        \ifx\csname##1/##2/##3/##4\endcsname\relax
```

Grouping is important for two reasons, first `\cdp@elt` will get redefined if `\Declare...` functions are executed within the external `.fd` file and secondly `\try@load@fontshape` changes a lot of catcodes without surrounding itself with a group.

```
          \begingroup
           \def\f@encoding{##1}\def\f@family{##2}%
           \try@load@fontshape
          \endgroup
        \fi
        \expandafter
        \ifx\csname##1/##2/##3/##4\endcsname\relax
             \@latex@error{This NFSS system isn't set up properly}%
                       {For encoding scheme ##1 the defaults
                        ##2/##3/##4 do not form a valid font shape}%
        \else
             \@font@info{... okay}%
        \fi}%
    \cdp@list
```

Now we make sure that `\error@fontshape` is okay.

```
    \begingroup
       \escapechar\m@ne
       \error@fontshape
       \expandafter\ifx\csname \curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
          \begingroup
            \try@load@fontshape
           \endgroup
       \fi
       \expandafter\ifx\csname \curr@fontshape\endcsname\relax
         \@latex@error{This NFSS system isn't set up properly}%
            {The system maintainer forgot to specify a suitable
             substitution
             font shape using the \noexpand\DeclareErrorFont
             command}%
       \fi
    \endgroup
```

Set `\select@group` to its meaning used within the document body.

```
    \let\select@group\document@select@group
```

Install the default font attributes they are currently pointing to error font shape. Don't use `\reset@font` since that would trigger `\selectfont`.

```
    \fontencoding{\encodingdefault}%
```

```
    \fontfamily{\familydefault}%
    \fontseries{\seriesdefault}%
    \fontshape{\shapedefault}%
```

kill all macros not longer needed. we need to add many more!!!!!!

```
 \everyjob{}%
}
\@onlypreamble\process@table

%\@onlypreamble\set@mathradical
```

\DeclareMathVersion

```
\def\DeclareMathVersion#1{%
  \expandafter\new@mathversion\csname mv@#1\endcsname}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathVersion
```

\new@mathversion

```
\def\new@mathversion#1{%
  \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
  \ifin@
    \@font@info{Redeclaring math version
                `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1'}%
  \else
    \expandafter\newcount\csname c@\expandafter
                                  \@gobble\string#1\endcsname
    \def\version@elt{\noexpand\version@elt\noexpand}%
    \edef\version@list{\version@list\version@elt#1}%
  \fi
```

\toks@ is used to gather all tokens for the math version. \count@ will be used to count the math groups we add to this version.

```
  \toks@{}%
  \count@\z@
```

Now we loop over \group@list to add all math groups defined so far to the version and at the same time to count them.

```
  \def\group@elt##1##2{%
       \advance\count@\@ne
       \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
       }%
  \group@list
```

We set the counter for this math version to the number of math groups found in \group@list.

```
  \global\csname c@\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname\count@
```

Now we loop over \alpha@list to add all math alphabets known so far. We have to distinguish the case that an alphabet by default should produce an error in new versions.

```
  \def\alpha@elt##1##2##3{%
       \ifx##2\no@alphabet@error
         \toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@\install@mathalphabet##1%
             {\no@alphabet@error##1}}%
       \else
         \toks@\expandafter{\the\toks@\install@mathalphabet##1%
             {\select@group##1##2##3}}%
```

```
       \fi
          }%
  \alpha@list
```

Finally we define the math version to expand to the contents of `\toks@`.

```
  \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
}
\@onlypreamble\new@mathversion
```

`\DeclareSymbolFont`

```
\def\DeclareSymbolFont#1#2#3#4#5{%
 \@tempswafalse
 \edef\reserved@b{#2}%
 \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
      \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \@tempswatrue\fi}%
 \cdp@list
 \if@tempswa
   \@ifundefined{sym#1}{%
      \ifnum\count18<15 %
        \expandafter\new@mathgroup\csname sym#1\endcsname
        \expandafter\new@symbolfont\csname sym#1\endcsname
                          {#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
      \else
         \@latex@error{Too many symbol fonts declared}\@eha
      \fi
     }%
     {%
      \@font@info{Redeclaring symbol font `#1'}%
```

Update the group list.

```
      \def\group@elt##1##2{%
           \noexpand\group@elt\noexpand##1%
           \expandafter\ifx\csname sym#1\endcsname##1%
             \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
           \else
               \noexpand##2%
           \fi}%
      \xdef\group@list{\group@list}%
```

Update the version list.

```
      \def\version@elt##1{%
          \expandafter
          \SetSymbolFont@\expandafter##1\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\expandafter
              \endcsname \csname sym#1\endcsname
          }%
      \version@list
     }%
  \else
    \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#2' unknown}\@eha
  \fi
  }
\@onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFont
```

`\group@list`

```
\let\group@list\@empty
\@onlypreamble\group@list
```

`\group@elt`

```
\let\group@elt\relax
\@onlypreamble\group@elt
```

`\new@symbolfont`

```
\def\new@symbolfont#1#2#3#4#5{%
    \toks@\expandafter{\group@list}%
    \edef\group@list{\the\toks@\noexpand\group@elt\noexpand#1%
                       \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname}%
    \def\version@elt##1{\toks@\expandafter{##1}%
                    \edef##1{\the\toks@\noexpand\getanddefine@fonts
                    #1\expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname}%
                   \global\advance\csname c@\expandafter
                                  \@gobble\string##1\endcsname\@ne
                 }%
    \version@list
}
\@onlypreamble\new@symbolfont
```

`\SetSymbolFont`

```
\def\SetSymbolFont#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
 \@tempswafalse
 \edef\reserved@b{#3}%
 \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
      \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \@tempswatrue\fi}%
 \cdp@list
 \if@tempswa
  \expandafter\SetSymbolFont@
    \csname mv@#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname#3/#4/#5/#6\expandafter
    \endcsname \csname sym#1\endcsname
 \else
  \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#3' unknown}\@eha
 \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\SetSymbolFont
```

`\SetSymbolFont@`

```
\def\SetSymbolFont@#1#2#3{%
  \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
  \ifin@
    \expandafter\in@\expandafter#3\expandafter{\group@list}%
    \ifin@
      \begingroup
        \expandafter\get@cdp\string#2\@nil\reserved@a
        \toks@{}%
        \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
             \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1{##2}}%
            }%
        \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
          \ifnum##1=#3%
             \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts#3#2}%
```

```
            \expandafter\get@cdp\string##2\@nil\reserved@b
            \ifx\reserved@a\reserved@b\else
               \@font@info{Encoding `\reserved@b' has changed
                   to `\reserved@a' for symbol font\MessageBreak
                  `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#3' in the
                   math version `\expandafter
                   \@gobblefour\string#1'}%
            \fi
            \@font@info{%
               Overwriting symbol font
               `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#3' in
                version `\expandafter
               \@gobblefour\string#1'\MessageBreak
               \@spaces \expandafter\@gobble\string##2 -->
                        \expandafter\@gobble\string#2}%
          \else
             \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
          \fi}%
         #1%
         \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
      \endgroup
    \else
       \@latex@error{Symbol font `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#3'
                  not defined}\@eha
    \fi
  \else
    \@latex@error{Math version `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1'
       is not
       defined}{You probably misspelled the name of the math
       version.^^JOr you have to specify an additional package.}%
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\SetSymbolFont@
```

\get@cdp

```
\def\get@cdp#1#2/#3\@nil#4{\def#4{#2}}
\@onlypreamble\get@cdp
```

\DeclareMathAlphabet

```
\def\DeclareMathAlphabet#1#2#3#4#5{%
 \@tempswafalse
 \edef\reserved@b{#2}%
 \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
      \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \@tempswatrue\fi}%
 \cdp@list
 \if@tempswa
   \expandafter\ifx
   \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
   \relax
      \new@mathalphabet#1{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
   \else
```

Check if it is already a math alphabet.

```
      \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@{\string\select@group}%
```

```
        {\expandafter\meaning\csname \expandafter
         \@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}}%
    \reserved@a
    \ifin@
      \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#1}%
      \def\version@elt##1{%
        \expandafter\SetMathAlphabet@\expandafter
           ##1\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\expandafter\endcsname

           \csname M@#2\expandafter\endcsname
           \csname \expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname#1}%
      \version@list
    \else
```

Check if it is a math alphabet defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet`.

```
      \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@{\string\use@mathgroup}%
        {\expandafter\meaning\csname \expandafter
         \@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}}%
      \reserved@a
      \ifin@
```

In that case overwriting is simple since there is nothing inserted in the math version macros.

```
        \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#1}%
        \new@mathalphabet#1{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
```

Otherwise panic.

```
      \else
        \@latex@error{Command `\string#1' already defined}\@eha
      \fi
    \fi
  \fi
 \else
  \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#2' unknown}\@eha
 \fi
  }
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathAlphabet
```

`\new@mathalphabet`

```
\def\new@mathalphabet#1#2#3#4#5{%
    \toks@\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
    \edef#1{\expandafter\noexpand\csname \expandafter
            \@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname
            \if/#5/%
               \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
               \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
            \else
               \expandafter\noexpand\csname M@#2\endcsname
               \expandafter\noexpand\csname#2/#3/#4/#5\endcsname
            \fi
           }%
    \toks2\expandafter{#1}%
    \edef\alpha@list{\the\toks@\noexpand\alpha@elt\the\toks2}%
    \def\version@elt##1{\toks@\expandafter{##1}%
                    \edef##1{\the\toks@\install@mathalphabet
```

```
                              \expandafter\noexpand
                              \csname \expandafter\@gobble
                                 \string#1\space\endcsname
                             {\if/#5/%
                               \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
                               \noexpand#1%
                              \else
                               \noexpand\select@group\the\toks2
                              \fi}}%
                  }%
    \version@list
    \expandafter\edef\csname \expandafter\@gobble
                \string#1\space\endcsname{\if/#5/%
              \noexpand\no@alphabet@error
              \noexpand#1%
            \else
              \noexpand\select@group\the\toks2
            \fi}%
    \edef#1{\noexpand\protect
            \expandafter\noexpand\csname \expandafter
            \@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname}%
}
\@onlypreamble\new@mathalphabet
```

\SetMathAlphabet

```
\def\SetMathAlphabet#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
 \@tempswafalse
 \edef\reserved@b{#3}%
 \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{\def\reserved@c{##1}%
      \ifx\reserved@b\reserved@c \@tempswatrue\fi}%
 \cdp@list
 \if@tempswa
  \expandafter\SetMathAlphabet@
    \csname mv@#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname#3/#4/#5/#6\expandafter
    \endcsname \csname M@#3\expandafter\endcsname
    \csname \expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname#1%
 \else
  \@latex@error{Encoding scheme  `#3' unknown}\@eha
 \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\SetMathAlphabet
```

\SetMathAlphabet@

```
\def\SetMathAlphabet@#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\version@list}%
  \ifin@
    \expandafter\in@\expandafter#4\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
    \ifin@
      \begingroup
        \toks@{}%
        \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
             \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
            }%
        \def\reserved@c##1##2##3##4{%                % for message below
```

```
            \expandafter\@gobble\string##4}%
        \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
          \ifx##1#4%
             \addto@hook\toks@
                {\install@mathalphabet#4{\select@group#4#3#2}}%
             \@font@info{Overwriting math alphabet
                `\string#5' in version `\expandafter
                 \@gobblefour\string#1'\MessageBreak
                 \@spaces \reserved@c##2 -->
                        \expandafter\@gobble\string#2}%
          \else
             \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1{##2}}%
          \fi
          }%
        #1%
        \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
      \endgroup
    \else
```

If the math alphabet was defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet` we have remove its external definition and add it as a normal math alphabet to every version before trying to change it in one version.

```
      \edef\reserved@a{%
        \noexpand\in@{\string\use@mathgroup}{\meaning#4}}%
      \reserved@a
      \ifin@
        \def\reserved@b##1\use@mathgroup##2##3{%
            \def\reserved@b{##3}\def\reserved@c{##2}}%
        \expandafter\reserved@b#4%
        \begingroup
          \def\install@mathalphabet##1##2{%
              \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet##1{##2}}%
              }%
           \def\getanddefine@fonts##1##2{%
             \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts##1##2}%
             \ifnum##1=\reserved@b
                \expandafter
                \addto@hook\expandafter\toks@
                \expandafter{\expandafter\install@mathalphabet
                \expandafter#4\expandafter
                      {\expandafter\select@group\expandafter
                        #4\reserved@c##2}}%
             \fi
                     }%
          \def\version@elt##1{%
              \toks@{}%
              ##1%
              \xdef##1{\the\toks@}%
             }%
          \version@list
        \endgroup
```

Put it into the `\alpha@list` with default 'error'

```
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\alpha@list\expandafter
            {\alpha@list
```

```
              \alpha@elt #4\no@alphabet@error \no@alphabet@error}%
          \gdef#4{\no@alphabet@error #5}% fake things :-)
```

Then call the internal setting routine again:

```
          \SetMathAlphabet@{#1}{#2}{#3}#4#5%
        \else
          \@latex@error{Command `\string#5' not defined as a
                        math alphabet}%
             {Use \noexpand\DeclareMathAlphabet to define it.}%
        \fi
    \fi
  \else
    \@latex@error{Math version `\expandafter\@gobblefour\string#1'
       is not
       defined}{You probably misspelled the name of the math
       version.^^JOr you have to specify an additional package.}%
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\SetMathAlphabet@
```

\DeclareMathAlphabet could do with more checks like allowing single number in #4 lowercase in #4 etc

```
\def\DeclareMathAccent#1#2#3#4{%
  \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
     \expandafter{\group@list}%
  \ifin@
    \begingroup
      \count\z@=#4\relax
      \count\tw@\count\z@
      \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
      \count@\count\z@
      \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
      \advance\count\tw@-\count@
      \if\relax\noexpand#1% is command?
        \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
           {\expandafter\@gobble\string\mathaccent}{\meaning#1}}%
        \reserved@a
        \ifin@
          \expandafter\set@mathaccent
             \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
             {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
          \@font@info{Redeclaring math accent \string#1}%
        \else
          \expandafter\ifx
          \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
          \relax
            \expandafter\set@mathaccent
               \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
               {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
          \else
            \@latex@error{Command `\string#1' already defined}\@eha
          \fi
        \fi
      \else
       \@latex@error{Not a command name: `\noexpand#1'}\@eha
```

```
      \fi
    \endgroup
  \else
    \@latex@error{Symbol font `#3' is not defined}\@eha
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathAccent
```

`\set@mathaccent`

```
\def\set@mathaccent#1#2#3#4{%
  \xdef#2{\mathaccent"\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}}
\@onlypreamble\set@mathaccent
```

`\DeclareMathSymbol`

```
\def\DeclareMathSymbol#1#2#3#4{%
  \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
     \expandafter{\group@list}%
  \ifin@
    \begingroup
      \count\z@=#4\relax
      \count\tw@\count\z@
      \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
      \count@\count\z@
      \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
      \advance\count\tw@-\count@
      \if\relax\noexpand#1% is command?
        \edef\reserved@a
          {\noexpand\in@{\expandafter\@gobble\string\mathchar}%
                        {\meaning#1}}%
        \reserved@a
        \ifin@
          \expandafter\set@mathsymbol
             \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
             {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
          \@font@info{Redeclaring math symbol \string#1}%
        \else
            \expandafter\ifx
            \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
            \relax
            \expandafter\set@mathsymbol
               \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2%
               {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
          \else
            \@latex@error{Command `\string#1' already defined}\@eha
          \fi
        \fi
      \else
        \expandafter\set@mathchar
          \csname sym#3\endcsname#1#2
          {\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
      \fi
    \endgroup
  \else
    \@latex@error{Symbol font `#3' is not defined}\@eha
```

```
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathSymbol
```

`\set@mathchar`

```
\def\set@mathchar#1#2#3#4{%
  \global\mathcode`#2="\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}
\@onlypreamble\set@mathchar
```

`\set@mathsymbol`

```
\def\set@mathsymbol#1#2#3#4{%
  \global\mathchardef#2"\mathchar@type#3\hexnumber@#1#4\relax}
\@onlypreamble\set@mathsymbol
```

```
%\def\mathsymbol#1#2#3{%
%  \@tempcnta=#3\relax
%  \@tempcntb\@tempcnta
%  \divide\@tempcnta\sixt@@n
%  \count@\@tempcnta
%  \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
%  \advance\@tempcntb-\count@
%  \mathchar"\mathchar@type#1\hexnumber@#2%
%             \hexnumber@\@tempcnta\hexnumber@\@tempcntb\relax}
%
%\def\DeclareMathAlphabetCharacter#1#2#3{%
%  \DeclareMathSymbol{#1}7{#2}{#3}}
```

`\DeclareMathDelimiter`

```
\def\DeclareMathDelimiter#1{%
  \if\relax\noexpand#1%
    \expandafter\@DeclareMathDelimiter
  \else
    \expandafter\@xxDeclareMathDelimiter
  \fi
  #1}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathDelimiter
```

`\@xxDeclareMathDelimiter` This macro checks if the second arg is a "math type" such as `\mathopen`. The undocumented original code didn't use math types when the delimiter was a single letter. For this reason the coding is a bit strange as it tries to support the undocumented syntax for compatibility reasons.

```
\def\@xxDeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4{%
```

7 is the default value returned in the case that `\mathchar@type` is passed something unexpected, like a math symbol font name. We locally move `\mathalpha` out of the way so if you use that the right branch is taken. This will still fail if an explicit number 7 is used!

```
   \begingroup
    \let\mathalpha\mathord
    \ifnum7=\mathchar@type{#2}%
      \endgroup
```

If this branch is taken we have old syntax (5 arguments).

```
      \expandafter\@firstofone
    \else
```

If this branch is taken `\mathchar@type` is different from 7 so we assume new syntax. In this case we also use the arguments to set up the letter as a math symbol for the case where it is not used as a delimiter.

```
      \endgroup
      \DeclareMathSymbol#1{#2}{#3}{#4}%
```

Then we arrange that `\@xDeclareMathDelimiter` only gets `#1`, `#3`, `#4` ... as it does not expect a math type as argument.

```
      \expandafter\@firstoftwo
    \fi
    {\@xDeclareMathDelimiter#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}
\@onlypreamble\@xxDeclareMathDelimiter
```

`\@DeclareMathDelimiter`

```
\def\@DeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \expandafter\in@\csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
     \expandafter{\group@list}%
  \ifin@
    \expandafter\in@\csname sym#5\expandafter\endcsname
       \expandafter{\group@list}%
    \ifin@
      \begingroup
        \count\z@=#4\relax
        \count\tw@\count\z@
        \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
        \count@\count\z@
        \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
        \advance\count\tw@-\count@
        \edef\reserved@c{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
      %
        \count\z@=#6\relax
        \count\tw@\count\z@
        \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
        \count@\count\z@
        \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
        \advance\count\tw@-\count@
        \edef\reserved@d{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
      %
        \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
            {\expandafter\@gobble\string\delimiter}{\meaning#1}}%
        \reserved@a
        \ifin@
          \expandafter\set@mathdelimiter
             \csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
             \csname sym#5\endcsname#1#2%
             \reserved@c\reserved@d
          \@font@info{Redeclaring math delimiter \string#1}%
        \else
            \expandafter\ifx
            \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
            \relax
            \expandafter\set@mathdelimiter
              \csname sym#3\expandafter\endcsname
              \csname sym#5\endcsname#1#2%
```

```
              \reserved@c\reserved@d
            \else
              \@latex@error{Command `\string#1' already defined}\@eha
            \fi
          \fi
      \endgroup
    \else
      \@latex@error{Symbol font `#5' is not defined}\@eha
    \fi
  \else
    \@latex@error{Symbol font `#3' is not defined}\@eha
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\@DeclareMathDelimiter
```

`\@xDeclareMathDelimiter`

```
\def\@xDeclareMathDelimiter#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
     \expandafter{\group@list}%
  \ifin@
    \expandafter\in@\csname sym#4\expandafter\endcsname
       \expandafter{\group@list}%
    \ifin@
      \begingroup
        \count\z@=#3\relax
        \count\tw@\count\z@
        \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
        \count@\count\z@
        \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
        \advance\count\tw@-\count@
        \edef\reserved@c{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
      %
        \count\z@=#5\relax
        \count\tw@\count\z@
        \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
        \count@\count\z@
        \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
        \advance\count\tw@-\count@
        \edef\reserved@d{\hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
        \expandafter\set@@mathdelimiter
           \csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname\csname sym#4\endcsname#1%
           \reserved@c\reserved@d
      \endgroup
    \else
      \@latex@error{Symbol font `#4' is not defined}\@eha
    \fi
  \else
    \@latex@error{Symbol font `#2' is not defined}\@eha
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\@xDeclareMathDelimiter
```

`\set@mathdelimiter` We have to end the definition of a math delimiter like `\lfloor` with a space and not with `\relax` as we did before, because otherwise constructs involving

\abovewithdelims will prematurely end (pr/1329)

```
\def\set@mathdelimiter#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \xdef#3{\delimiter"\mathchar@type#4\hexnumber@#1#5%
                                     \hexnumber@#2#6 }}
\@onlypreamble\set@mathdelimiter
```

\set@@mathdelimiter

```
\def\set@@mathdelimiter#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \global\delcode`#3="\hexnumber@#1#4\hexnumber@#2#5\relax}
\@onlypreamble\set@@mathdelimiter
```

\DeclareMathRadical

```
\def\DeclareMathRadical#1#2#3#4#5{%
```

Below is a crude fix to make this macro work if #1 is undefined or \relax. Should be improved!

```
  \expandafter\ifx
       \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\endcsname
       \relax
     \let#1\radical
  \fi
  \edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\in@
       {\expandafter\@gobble\string\radical}{\meaning#1}}%
  \reserved@a
  \ifin@
    \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
       \expandafter{\group@list}%
    \ifin@
      \expandafter\in@\csname sym#4\expandafter\endcsname
         \expandafter{\group@list}%
      \ifin@
        \begingroup
          \count\z@=#3\relax
          \count\tw@\count\z@
          \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
          \count@\count\z@
          \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
          \advance\count\tw@-\count@
          \edef\reserved@c{%
            \hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
          \count\z@=#5\relax
          \count\tw@\count\z@
          \divide\count\z@\sixt@@n
          \count@\count\z@
          \multiply\count@\sixt@@n
          \advance\count\tw@-\count@
          \edef\reserved@d{%
            \hexnumber@{\count\z@}\hexnumber@{\count\tw@}}%
```

Coded inline instead of using \set@mathradical

```
% \expandafter\set@mathradical
%    \csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
%    \csname sym#4\endcsname#1%
%    \reserved@c\reserved@d
```

```
          \xdef#1{\radical"\expandafter\hexnumber@
                                \csname sym#2\endcsname\reserved@c
                              \expandafter\hexnumber@
                                \csname sym#4\endcsname\reserved@d
                  \relax}%
        \endgroup
      \else
        \@latex@error{Symbol font `#4' is not defined}\@eha
      \fi
    \else
      \@latex@error{Symbol font `#2' is not defined}\@eha
    \fi
  \else
    \@latex@error{Command `\string#1' already defined}\@eha
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareMathRadical
```

Definition below was wrong it contained `\delimiter` !

```
\def\set@mathradical#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \xdef#3{\radical"\hexnumber@#1#4\hexnumber@#2#5\relax}}
```

`\mathalpha` just a dummy currently

```
\let\mathalpha\relax
```

`\mathchar@type`

```
\def\mathchar@type#1{%
  \ifodd 2#11 #1\else             % is this non-negative number?
    \ifx#1\mathord 0\else
     \ifx#1\mathop   1\else
       \ifx#1\mathbin 2\else
         \ifx#1\mathrel 3\else
           \ifx#1\mathopen 4\else
             \ifx#1\mathclose 5\else
               \ifx#1\mathpunct 6\else
                   7%             % anything else is variable ord
               \fi
             \fi
           \fi
         \fi
       \fi
     \fi
    \fi
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\mathchar@type
```

`\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet`

```
\def\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet#1#2{%
   \expandafter\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@
     \csname \expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname{#2}#1}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet
```

`\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@`

```
\def\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@#1#2#3{%
```

We use the switch `\if@tempswa` to decide if we can declare this symbol font alphabet.

```
    \@tempswatrue
```

First check if `#2` is known to be a symbol font

```
  \expandafter\in@\csname sym#2\expandafter\endcsname
     \expandafter{\group@list}%
  \ifin@
```

Check if `#1` is defined as a math alphabet defined via `\DeclareMathAlphabet`:

```
    \expandafter\in@\expandafter#1\expandafter{\alpha@list}%
    \ifin@
```

If so remove it from the `\alpha@list` and from all math version macros.

```
      \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#3}%
      \toks@{}%
      \def\alpha@elt##1##2##3{%
          \ifx##1#1\else\addto@hook\toks@{\alpha@elt##1##2##3}\fi}%
      \alpha@list
      \xdef\alpha@list{\the\toks@}%
```

Now we loop over all versions and remove the math alphabet:

```
      \def\version@elt##1{%
          \begingroup
            \toks@{}%
            \def\getanddefine@fonts####1####2{%
               \addto@hook\toks@{\getanddefine@fonts####1####2}}%
            \def\install@mathalphabet####1####2{%
               \ifx####1#1\else
                 \addto@hook\toks@{\install@mathalphabet
                                   ####1{####2}}\fi}%
            ##1%
            \xdef##1{\the\toks@}%
          \endgroup
          }%
      \version@list
    \else
```

If `#3` is not defined as a math alphabet check if it is defined at all:

```
      \expandafter\ifx
      \csname\expandafter\@gobble\string#1\space\endcsname
      \relax
```

If it is undefined, fine otherwise check if it is a math alphabet defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet`:

```
      \else
        \edef\reserved@a{%
          \noexpand\in@{\string\use@mathgroup}{\meaning#1}}%
        \reserved@a
        \ifin@
          \@font@info{Redeclaring math alphabet \string#3}%
        \else
```

Since the command `#3` is defined to be something which is not a math alphabet we have to skip redefining it.

```
          \@tempswafalse
```

```
          \@latex@error{Command `\string#3' already defined}\@eha
        \fi
      \fi
    \fi
  \else
```

Since the symbol font is not known we better skip defining this alphabet.

```
    \@tempswafalse
    \@latex@error{Unknown symbol font `#2'}\@eha
  \fi
  \if@tempswa
```

When we reach this point we are allowed to define `#1` to be a symbol font math alphabet. This means that we have to set it to

`\use@mathgroup` ⟨*math-settings*⟩ `\sym`⟨*name*⟩

The ⟨*math-settings*⟩ are the one for the encoding that is used in the font shape where `\sym`⟨*name*⟩ is pointing to. This means that we have to get it from the information stored in `\group@list`. Thus we loop through that list after defining `\group@elt` in a suitable way.

```
    \def\group@elt##1##2{%
       \expandafter\ifx\csname sym#2\endcsname##1%
       \expandafter\reserved@a\string##2\@nil
       \fi}%
    \def\reserved@a##1##2/##3\@nil{%
       \def\reserved@a{##2}}%
    \group@list
    \toks@{\relax\ifmmode \else \non@alpherr#1\fi}%
    \edef#1{\the\toks@
            \noexpand\use@mathgroup
            \expandafter\noexpand\csname M@\reserved@a\endcsname
            \csname sym#2\endcsname}%
    \def#3{\protect#1}%
  \fi
}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet@
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File s
ltfssini.dtx

This file contains the top level LaTeX interface to the font selection scheme commands. See other parts of the LaTeX distribution, or *The LaTeX Companion* for higher level documentation of these commands.

35 NFSS Initialisation

Finally, there are six commands that are to be used in LaTeX and that we will therefore protect against expansion at the wrong point: `\fontfamily`, `\fontseries`, `\fontshape`, `\fontsize`, `\selectfont`, and `\mathversion`.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

35.1 Providing math *versions*

LaTeX provides two *versions*. We call them normal and bold, respectively.

```
2 \DeclareMathVersion{normal}
3 \DeclareMathVersion{bold}
```

Now we define the standard font change commands. We don't allow the use of `\rmfamily` etc. in math mode.

First the changes to another *family*:

```
4 \DeclareRobustCommand\rmfamily
5         {\not@math@alphabet\rmfamily\mathrm
6          \fontfamily\rmdefault\selectfont}
7 \DeclareRobustCommand\sffamily
8         {\not@math@alphabet\sffamily\mathsf
9          \fontfamily\sfdefault\selectfont}
10 \DeclareRobustCommand\ttfamily
11         {\not@math@alphabet\ttfamily\mathtt
12          \fontfamily\ttdefault\selectfont}
```

Then the commands changing the *series*:

```
13 \DeclareRobustCommand\bfseries
14         {\not@math@alphabet\bfseries\mathbf
15          \fontseries\bfdefault\selectfont}
16 \DeclareRobustCommand\mdseries
17         {\not@math@alphabet\mdseries\relax
18          \fontseries\mddefault\selectfont}
19 \DeclareRobustCommand\upshape
20         {\not@math@alphabet\upshape\relax
21          \fontshape\updefault\selectfont}
```

Then the commands changing the *shape*:

```
22 \DeclareRobustCommand\slshape
23         {\not@math@alphabet\slshape\relax
24          \fontshape\sldefault\selectfont}
25 \DeclareRobustCommand\scshape
26         {\not@math@alphabet\scshape\relax
27          \fontshape\scdefault\selectfont}
```

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\itshape
        {\not@math@alphabet\itshape\mathit
         \fontshape\itdefault\selectfont}
```

\em
\eminnershape

We also have to define the *emphasize* font change command (i.e. `\em`). This command will look is the current font is sloped (i.e. has a positive `\fontdimen1`) and will then select either `\upshape` or `\itshape`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\eminnershape}{\eminnershape}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\em
        {\@nomath\em \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
                        \eminnershape \else \itshape \fi}%
\def\eminnershape{\upshape}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\eminnershape}{\eminnershape}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\DeclareRobustCommand\em
⟨latexrelease⟩        {\@nomath\em \ifdim \fontdimen\@ne\font >\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩                        \upshape \else \itshape \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\eminnershape\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\not@math@alphabet

This function generates an error message when it is called in math mode. The same function should be defined in `newlfont.sty`.

```
\def\not@math@alphabet#1#2{%
   \relax
   \ifmmode
     \@latex@error{Command \noexpand#1invalid in math mode}%
        {%
         Please
         \ifx#2\relax
            define a new math alphabet^^J%
            if you want to use a special font in math mode%
          \else
```

We have to a `\noexpand` below to prevent expansion of `#2`. In case of `#1` we can omit this (due to the current definition of robust commands since they do come out right there :-).

```
            use the math alphabet \noexpand#2instead of
            the #1command%
         \fi
         .
        }%
   \fi}
```

Finally we provide two abbreviations to switch to the LaTeX *versions*.

```
\def\boldmath{\@nomath\boldmath
              \mathversion{bold}}
\def\unboldmath{\@nomath\unboldmath
              \mathversion{normal}}
```

Here we switch to the default math version by defining the internal macro `\math@version`. We dare not to call `\mathversion` at this place because this would call `\glb@settings`.

```
\def\math@version{normal}
```

35.2 Miscellaneous

`\newfont` `\symbol` We start by defining a few macros that are part of standard LaTeX's user interface. The use of these functions is not encouraged, but they will allow to process older documents without changes to the source.

```
\def\newfont#1#2{\@ifdefinable#1{\font#1=#2\relax}}
\def\symbol#1{\char #1\relax}
```

`\@setfontsize` `\@setsize` This abbreviation is used by LaTeX's user level size changing commands, such as `\large`.

```
\def\@setfontsize#1#2#3{\@nomath#1%
```

For the benefit of people relying on keeping the name of the current font command saved in `\@currsize` we define it. To ensure that `\@setfontsize` keeps being robust we omit this assignment during times where `\protect` differs from `\@typeset@protect`.

```
    \ifx\protect\@typeset@protect
      \let\@currsize#1%
    \fi
    \fontsize{#2}{#3}\selectfont}
```

For compatibility we also define `\@setsize` the 209 command

```
⟨*compat⟩
\def\@setsize#1#2#3#4{\@setfontsize#1{#4}{#2}}
⟨/compat⟩
```

`\oldstylenums` This macro implements old style numerals but only works if we assume that the standard math fonts are used. Thus it needs changing in case other math encodings are used.

```
\def\oldstylenums#1{%
  \begingroup
```

Provide spacing using the interword space of the current font.

```
    \spaceskip\fontdimen\tw@\font
```

Then switch to the math italic font. We don't change the current value of `\f@series` which means that you can use bold numerals if `\bfseries` is in force. As family we use `\rmdefault` which means that this only works if there exist an `OML` encoded version of that font or rather a corresponding `.fd` file (which is the case for standard LaTeX fonts even though they only contain substitutions).

```
    \usefont{OML}{\rmdefault}{\f@series}{it}%
    \mathgroup\symletters #1%
  \endgroup
}
```

`\hexnumber@` To set up LaTeX's special math character definitions we first provide a macro to generate hexadecimal numbers. It is a rather simple `\ifcase`.

```
\def\hexnumber@#1{\ifcase\number#1
```

```
0\or 1\or 2\or 3\or 4\or 5\or 6\or 7\or 8\or
9\or A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\fi}
```

`\nfss@text` In it simplest form `\nfss@text` is an `\mbox`. This will produce unbreakable text outside math and inside math you will get text with the same fonts as outside. The only drawback is that such item won't change sizes in subscripts. But this behavior can be easily changed. With the `amstex` style option one will get a sub style called `amstext` which will redefine the `\nfss@text` macro to produce correct text in all sizes.

We have to use `\def` instead of the shorter `\let` since `\mbox` is undefined when we reach this point.

```
\def\nfss@text#1{{\mbox{#1}}}
```

`\copyright` The definition of `\copyright` was changed so that it works in other type styles, and to make it robust. We leave the family untouched so that the copyright notice will come out differently if a different font family is in use. This command is commented out, since it is now defined in ltoutenc.dtx.

```
%\DeclareRobustCommand\copyright
%    {{\ooalign{\hfil
%     \raise.07ex\hbox{\mdseries\upshape c}\hfil\crcr
%     \mathhexbox20D}}}
```

`\normalfont` `\reset@font` `\p@reset@font` The macro `\reset@font` is used in LaTeX to switch to a standard font, in order to initialize the current font in situations where typesetting is done in a new visual context (e.g. in a footnote). We define it here to allow the test for the new LaTeX version above but nevertheless are able to run all kind of mixtures.

The user interface name for `\reset@font` is `\normalfont`:

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\normalfont
                  {\usefont\encodingdefault
                           \familydefault
                           \seriesdefault
                           \shapedefault
                    \relax}
\let\reset@font\normalfont
```

We left out the special LaTeX fonts which are not automatically included in the base version of the font selection since these fonts contain only a few characters which are also included in the AMS fonts so anybody who is using these fonts doesn't need them. But for compatibility reasons we will define these symbols.

```
\def\not@base#1{\@latex@error
  {Command \noexpand#1not provided in base LaTeX2e}%
  {Load the latexsym or the amsfonts package to
   define this symbol}}
\def\mho{\not@base\mho}
\def\Join{\not@base\Join}
\def\Box{\not@base\Box}
\def\Diamond{\not@base\Diamond}
\def\leadsto{\not@base\leadsto}
\def\sqsubset{\not@base\sqsubset}
\def\sqsupset{\not@base\sqsupset}
\def\lhd{\not@base\lhd}
```

```
\def\unlhd{\not@base\unlhd}
\def\rhd{\not@base\rhd}
\def\unrhd{\not@base\unrhd}
```

We now initialize all variables set by `\DeclareErrorFont`. These values are not really important since they will be overwritten later on by the definition in `fontdef.ltx`.

However, if `fontdef.cfg` is corrupted then at least a hopefully suitable error font is present.

```
\DeclareErrorFont{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{10}  %% don't modify this setting
                                       %% overwrite it in fontdef.cfg
                                       %% if necessary
```

We now load the customizable parts of NFSS.

```
\InputIfFileExists{fonttext.cfg}
           {\typeout{=====================================^^J%
                     ^^J%
                      Local config file fonttext.cfg used^^J%
                     ^^J%
                     =====================================}%
             \def\@addtofilelist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
            }
           {\input{fonttext.ltx}}
\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
```

Ditto for math although I don't think that we will get a lot of customisation :-)

```
\InputIfFileExists{fontmath.cfg}
           {\typeout{=====================================^^J%
                     ^^J%
                      Local config file fontmath.cfg used^^J%
                     ^^J%
                     =====================================}%
             \def\@addtofilelist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
            }
           {\input{fontmath.ltx}}
\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
```

Then we preload several fonts. This file might be customized *without* changing the behavior of the format (i.e. necessary font definitions will be loaded at runtime if they are not preloaded). This is done in the file `preload.ltx`.

```
\InputIfFileExists{preload.cfg}
           {\typeout{=====================================^^J%
                     ^^J%
                      Local config file preload.cfg used^^J%
                     ^^J%
                     =====================================}%
             \def\@addtofilelist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
            }
           {\input{preload.ltx}}
\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
```

`\@acci` `\@accii` `\@acciii`

We also save the values of some accents in `\@acci`, `\@accii` and `\@acciii` so they can be restored by a `minipage` inside a `tabbing` environment.

```
\let\@acci\' \let\@accii\‘ \let\@acciii\=
```

\cal Here were the two old ⟨*alphabet identifiers*⟩.
\mit

149 ⟨/2ekernel⟩

File t
fontdef.dtx

36 Introduction

This file is used to generate the files `fonttext.ltx` (text font declarations) and `fontmath.ltx` (math font declarations), which are used during the format generation. It contains the declaration of the standard text encodings used at the site as well as a minimal subset of font shape groups that NFSS will look at to ensure that the specified encodings are valid.

The math part contains the setup for math encodings as well as the default math symbol declarations that belong to the encoding.

It is possible to change this setup (by using other fonts, or defaults) without losing the ability to process documents written at other sites. Portability in this sense means that a document will compile without errors. It does not mean, however, that identical output will be produced. For this it is necessary that the distributed setup is used at both installations.

37 Customization

You are not allowed to change this source file! If you want to change the default encodings and/or the font shape groups preloaded you should should create a copy of `fonttext.ltx` under the name `fonttext.cfg` and change this copy. If LaTeX 2_ε finds a file of this name it will use it, otherwise it uses the standard file which is `fontdef.ltx`.

If you don't plan to use Computer Modern much or at all, it might (!) be a good idea to make your own `fonttext.cfg`. Look at the comments below (docstrip module 'text') to see what should should go into such a file.

To change the math font setup use a copy of `fontmath.ltx` under the name `fontmath.cfg` and change this copy. However, dealing with this interface is even more a job for an expert than changing the text font setup — in short, we don't encourage either.

> **Warning:** please note that we don't support customised LaTeX versions. Thus, before sending in a bug report please try your test file with a LaTeX format which is not customised and send in the log from that version (unless the problem goes away).

Please note: the following standard encodings have to be defined in all local variants of `font....cfg` to guarantee that all LaTeX installations behave in the same way.

`T1`	Cork TeX text encoding
`OT1`	old TeX text encoding
`U`	unknown encoding
`OML`	old TeX math letters encoding
`OMS`	old TeX math symbols encoding
`OMX`	old TeX math extension symbols encoding
`TU`	Unicode

Notice that some of these encodings are 'old' in the sense that we hope that they will be superseded soon by encoding standards defined by the TEX user community. Therefore this set of default encodings may change in the future.

The first candidate is `OT1` which will soon be replaced by `T1`, the official TEX text encoding.

> **Warning:** If you add additional encodings to this file there is no guarantee any longer that files processable at your installation will also be processable at other installations. Thus, if you make use of such an encoding in your document, e.g. if you intend to typeset in Cyrillic (`OT2` encoding), you need to specify this encoding in the preamble of your document prior to sending it to another installation. Once the encoding is specified in that place in your document, the document is processable at all LATEX installations (provided they have suitable fonts installed).
>
> For this reason we suggest that you define a short package file that sets up an additional encoding used at your site (rather than putting the encoding into this file) since this package can easily be shipped with your document.

38 The `docstrip` modules

The following modules are used to direct `docstrip` in generating external files:

driver	produce a documentation driver file
text	produce the file `fonttext.ltx`
math	produce the file `fontmath.ltx`
cfgtext	produce a dummy `fonttext.cfg` file
cfgmath	produce a dummy `fontmath.cfg` file

A typical `docstrip` command file would then have entries like:

```
\generateFile{fonttext.ltx}{t}{\from{fontdef.dtx}{text}}
```

39 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TEX, i.e. the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

```
1 ⟨*driver⟩
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 \GetFileInfo{fontdef.dtx}
4 \begin{document}
5    \DocInput{fontdef.dtx}
6 \end{document}
7 ⟨/driver⟩
```

40 The fonttext.ltx file

The identification is done earlier on with a \ProvidesFile declaration.

```
⟨*text⟩
\typeout{=== Don't modify this file, use a .cfg file instead ===^^J}
```

40.1 Encodings

This file declares the standard encodings for text and math fonts. All others should be declared in packages or in the documents directly.

For every text encoding there are normally a number of encoding specific commands, e.g. accents, special characters, etc. (The definition for such a command might have to change when the encoding is changed, because the character is in a different position, or not available at all, or the accent is produced in a different way.) This is handled by a general mechanism which is described in ltoutenc.dtx.

By convention, text encoding specific declarations, including the declaration \DeclareFontEncoding, are kept in separate file of the form ⟨*enc*⟩enc.def, e.g. ot1enc.def. This allows other applications to make use of the declarations as well.

Similar to the default encoding, the loading of the encoding files for the two major text encodings shouldn't be changed. In particular, the inputenc package depends on this.

```
\input {omlenc.def}
\input  {t1enc.def}
\input {ot1enc.def}       % <- should come after T1 for speed
\input {omsenc.def}

\ifx\Umathchar\@undefined
```

We then set set the default text font encoding. This will hopefully change some day to T1. This setting should *not* be changed to produce a portable format.

```
\fontencoding{OT1}

\else
```

Unicode.

```
\input {tuenc.def}
\fontencoding{TU}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{TU}{lmr}{m}{n}
\begingroup
\nfss@catcodes
\input  {tulmr.fd}
\input  {tulmss.fd}
\input  {tulmtt.fd}
\endgroup

\DeclareFontSubstitution{TU}{lmr}{m}{n}
```

End of Unicode branch.

```
\fi
```

If different encodings for text fonts are in use one could put the common setup into \DeclareFontEncodingDefaults. There is now a better mechanism so using this interface is discouraged!

```
\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults{}{}
```

Then we define the default substitution for every encoding. This release of LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ assumes that the ec fonts are available. It is possible to change this to point to some other font family (e.g., Times with the appropriate encoding if it is available) without making documents non-portable. However, in such a case documents will produce different page breaks at other sites. The substitution defaults can all be changed without losing portability as long as there are font shape definitions for the selected substitutions.

```
\DeclareFontSubstitution{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

For every encoding declaration, LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ will try to verify that the given substitution information makes sense, i.e. that it is impossible to go into an endless loop if font substitution happens. This is done at the moment the `\begin{document}` is encountered. LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ will then check that for every encoding the substitution defaults form a valid font shape group, which means that it will check if there is a `\DeclareFontShape` declaration for this combination. We will therefore load the corresponding `.fd` files now. If we don't do this they would be loaded at verification time (i.e. at `\begin{document}` which would delay processing unnecessarily.

> **Warning:** Please note that this means that you have to regenerate the format whenever you change any of these `.fd` files since LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ will not read `.fd` files if it already knows about the encoding/family combination.

The `\nfss@catcodes` ensures that white space is ignored in any definitions made in the fd files.

```
\begingroup
\nfss@catcodes
\input  {t1cmr.fd}
\input  {ot1cmr.fd}
\endgroup
```

We also load some other font definition files which are normally needed in a document. This is only done for processing speed and you can comment the next two lines out to save some memory. If necessary these files are then loaded when your document is processed. (Loading `.fd` files is a less drastic step compared to preloading fonts because the number of fonts is limited 255 at (nearly) every TeX installation, while the amount of main memory is not a limiting factor at most installations.)

```
\begingroup
\nfss@catcodes
\input {ot1cmss.fd}
\input {ot1cmtt.fd}
\endgroup
```

Even with all the precautions it is still possible that NFSS will run into problems, for example, when a `.fd` file contains corrupted data. To guard against such cases NFSS has a very low-level fallback font that is installed with the following line.

```
\DeclareErrorFont{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{10}
```

This means, "if everything else fails use Computer Modern Roman normal shape at 10pt in the old text encoding". You can change the font used but the encoding should be the same as the one specified with `\fontencoding` above.

40.2 Defaults

To allow the use of `\rmfamily`, `\sffamily`, etc. in documents even if non-standard families are used we provide nine macros which hold the name of the corresponding families, series, and so on. This makes it easy to use other font families (like Times Roman, etc.). One simply has to redefine these defaults.

All these hooks have to be defined in this file but you can change their meaning (except for `\encodingdefault`) without making documents non-portable.

`\encodingdefault` `\rmdefault` `\sfdefault` `\ttdefault` The following three definitions set up the meaning for `\rmfamily`, `\sffamily`, and `\ttfamily`.

```
⟨/text⟩
⟨*text | latexrelease⟩
\ifx\Umathchar\@undefined
\newcommand\encodingdefault{OT1}
\newcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
\newcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
\newcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}
\else
\newcommand\encodingdefault{TU}
\newcommand\rmdefault{lmr}\fontfamily{\rmdefault}
\newcommand\sfdefault{lmss}
\newcommand\ttdefault{lmtt}
\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\encodingdefault}{TU encoding default}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\ifx\Umathchar\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\encodingdefault{OT1}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}
⟨latexrelease⟩\else
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\encodingdefault{TU}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\rmdefault{lmr}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\sfdefault{lmss}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\ttdefault{lmtt}
⟨latexrelease⟩\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\encodingdefault}{TU encoding default}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\encodingdefault{OT1}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
⟨latexrelease⟩\renewcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}
⟨/text | latexrelease⟩
⟨*text⟩
```

`\bfdefault` `\mddefault` Series changing commands are influenced by the following hooks.

```
\newcommand\bfdefault{bx}
\newcommand\mddefault{m}
```

`\itdefault` `\sldefault` `\scdefault` `\updefault` Shape changing commands use the following hooks.

```
\newcommand\itdefault{it}
\newcommand\sldefault{sl}
```

```
\newcommand\scdefault{sc}
\newcommand\updefault{n}
```

\familydefault
\seriesdefault
\shapedefault

Finally we have the hooks that describe the behaviour of the `\normalfont` command. To stay portable, the definition of `\encodingdefault` should *not* be changed and should match the setting above for `\fontencoding`. All other values can be set according to your taste.

```
\newcommand\familydefault{\rmdefault}
\newcommand\seriesdefault{\mddefault}
\newcommand\shapedefault{\updefault}
```

This finishes the low-level setup in `fonttext.ltx`.

```
⟨/text⟩
```

41 The `fontmath.ltx` file

The identification is done earlier on with a `\ProvidesFile` declaration.

```
⟨*math⟩
\typeout{=== Don't modify this file, use a .cfg file instead ===^^J}
```

41.1 The font encodings used

```
\DeclareFontEncoding{OML}{}{}
\DeclareFontEncoding{OMS}{}{}
\DeclareFontEncoding{OMX}{}{}
```

Finally a declaration for `U` encoding which serves for all fonts that do not fit standard encodings. For math this sets up `\noaccents@` providing for AMS-LaTeX. This macro is used therein to handle accented characters if they are not supported by the font. In other words, if fonts with `U` encoding are used in math, all accents (like from `\breve`) are obtained from some other font that has them.

```
\DeclareFontEncoding{U}{}{\noaccents@}
```

The encodings for math are next:

```
\DeclareFontSubstitution{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{OMX}{cmex}{m}{n}
\DeclareFontSubstitution{U}{cmr}{m}{n}
```

```
\begingroup
\nfss@catcodes
\input  {omlcmm.fd}
\input  {omscmsy.fd}
\input  {omxcmex.fd}
\input  {ucmr.fd}
\endgroup
```

41.1.1 Symbolfont and Alphabet declarations

We now define the basic symbol fonts used by LaTeX. These four symbol fonts must be defined by this file.

It is possible to make the symbol fonts point to other external fonts without losing the ability to process documents written at other sites, as long as one defines the same symbol font names with the same encodings, e.g. `operators` with `OT1`

etc. If other encodings are used documents become non-portable. Such a change should therefore be done in a package file.

```
\DeclareSymbolFont{operators}   {OT1}{cmr} {m}{n}
\DeclareSymbolFont{letters}     {OML}{cmm} {m}{it}
\DeclareSymbolFont{symbols}     {OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
\DeclareSymbolFont{largesymbols}{OMX}{cmex}{m}{n}
\SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}{OT1}{cmr} {bx}{n}
\SetSymbolFont{letters}  {bold}{OML}{cmm} {b}{it}
\SetSymbolFont{symbols}  {bold}{OMS}{cmsy}{b}{n}
```

Below are the seven math alphabets which are defined by NFSS. Again they must be defined by this file. However, as before you can change the fonts used without losing portability, but you should be careful when changing the encoding since that may make documents come out wrong.

```
\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathrm}    {operators}
\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathnormal}{letters}
\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet{\mathcal}   {symbols}
\DeclareMathAlphabet       {\mathbf}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}
\DeclareMathAlphabet       {\mathsf}{OT1}{cmss}{m}{n}
\DeclareMathAlphabet       {\mathit}{OT1}{cmr}{m}{it}
\DeclareMathAlphabet       {\mathtt}{OT1}{cmtt}{m}{n}
```

Given the currently available fonts we cannot bold-en `\mathbf` and `\mathtt` but in principle one could use 'ultra bold' or something. The alphabets defined via `\DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet` will change automatically in a new math version if the corresponding symbol font changes.

```
\SetMathAlphabet\mathsf{bold}{OT1}{cmss}{bx}{n}
\SetMathAlphabet\mathit{bold}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{it}
```

41.2 Math font sizes

The declarations below declare the text, script and scriptscript size to be used for each text font size.

All occurrences of sizes longer than a single character are replaced with the macro name that holds them, saving a number of tokens (but losing a bit of speed, so this may not stay this way).

```
\DeclareMathSizes{5}{5}{5}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{6}{6}{5}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{7}{7}{5}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{8}{8}{6}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{9}{9}{6}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xpt}{\@xpt}{7}{5}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xipt}{\@xipt}{8}{6}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xiipt}{\@xiipt}{8}{6}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xivpt}{\@xivpt}{\@xpt}{7}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xviipt}{\@xviipt}{\@xiipt}{\@xpt}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xxpt}{\@xxpt}{\@xivpt}{\@xiipt}
\DeclareMathSizes{\@xxvpt}{\@xxvpt}{\@xxpt}{\@xviipt}
```

41.3 The math symbol assignments

We start by setting up math codes for most of the characters typed in directly from the keyboard. Most of them are normally already setup up in the same way

by IniTEX. However, we repeat them here to have a complete setup which can be exchanged with another if desired.

41.3.1 The letters

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{a}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`a}
\DeclareMathSymbol{b}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`b}
\DeclareMathSymbol{c}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`c}
\DeclareMathSymbol{d}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`d}
\DeclareMathSymbol{e}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`e}
\DeclareMathSymbol{f}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`f}
\DeclareMathSymbol{g}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`g}
\DeclareMathSymbol{h}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`h}
\DeclareMathSymbol{i}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`i}
\DeclareMathSymbol{j}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`j}
\DeclareMathSymbol{k}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`k}
\DeclareMathSymbol{l}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`l}
\DeclareMathSymbol{m}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`m}
\DeclareMathSymbol{n}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`n}
\DeclareMathSymbol{o}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`o}
\DeclareMathSymbol{p}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`p}
\DeclareMathSymbol{q}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`q}
\DeclareMathSymbol{r}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`r}
\DeclareMathSymbol{s}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`s}
\DeclareMathSymbol{t}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`t}
\DeclareMathSymbol{u}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`u}
\DeclareMathSymbol{v}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`v}
\DeclareMathSymbol{w}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`w}
\DeclareMathSymbol{x}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`x}
\DeclareMathSymbol{y}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`y}
\DeclareMathSymbol{z}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`z}

\DeclareMathSymbol{A}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{B}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{C}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{D}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{E}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{F}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{G}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`G}
\DeclareMathSymbol{H}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`H}
\DeclareMathSymbol{I}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`I}
\DeclareMathSymbol{J}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`J}
\DeclareMathSymbol{K}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`K}
\DeclareMathSymbol{L}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`L}
\DeclareMathSymbol{M}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`M}
\DeclareMathSymbol{N}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`N}
\DeclareMathSymbol{O}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`O}
\DeclareMathSymbol{P}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`P}
\DeclareMathSymbol{Q}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Q}
\DeclareMathSymbol{R}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`R}
\DeclareMathSymbol{S}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`S}
\DeclareMathSymbol{T}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`T}
\DeclareMathSymbol{U}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`U}
\DeclareMathSymbol{V}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`V}
\DeclareMathSymbol{W}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`W}
```

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{X}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`X}
\DeclareMathSymbol{Y}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Y}
\DeclareMathSymbol{Z}{\mathalpha}{letters}{`Z}
```

41.3.2 The digits

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{0}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`0}
\DeclareMathSymbol{1}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`1}
\DeclareMathSymbol{2}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`2}
\DeclareMathSymbol{3}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`3}
\DeclareMathSymbol{4}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`4}
\DeclareMathSymbol{5}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`5}
\DeclareMathSymbol{6}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`6}
\DeclareMathSymbol{7}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`7}
\DeclareMathSymbol{8}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`8}
\DeclareMathSymbol{9}{\mathalpha}{operators}{`9}
```

41.3.3 Punctuation, brace, etc. keys

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{!}{\mathclose}{operators}{"21}
\DeclareMathSymbol{*}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"03} % \ast
\DeclareMathSymbol{+}{\mathbin}{operators}{"2B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{,}{\mathpunct}{letters}{"3B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{-}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"00}
\DeclareMathSymbol{.}{\mathord}{letters}{"3A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{"3A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{;}{\mathpunct}{operators}{"3B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{=}{\mathrel}{operators}{"3D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{?}{\mathclose}{operators}{"3F}
```

The following symbols are defined as delimiters below which automatically defines them as math symbols.

```
%\DeclareMathSymbol{(}{\mathopen}{operators}{"28}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{)}{\mathclose}{operators}{"29}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{/}{\mathord}{letters}{"3D}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{[}{\mathopen}{operators}{"5B}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{]}{\mathclose}{operators}{"5D}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{|}{\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{<}{\mathrel}{letters}{"3C}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{>}{\mathrel}{letters}{"3E}
```

Should all of the following being activated by default? Probably not.

```
%\DeclareMathSymbol{`\{}{\mathopen}{symbols}{"66}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{`\}}{\mathclose}{symbols}{"67}
%\DeclareMathSymbol{`\\}{\mathord}{symbols}{"6E} % \backslash
\mathcode`\ ="8000 % \space
\mathcode`\'="8000 % ^\prime
\mathcode`\_="8000 % \_
```

41.3.4 Delimitercodes for characters

[to be completed]

Finally, IniTEX sets all `\delcode` values to -1, except `\delcode`.=0

```
\DeclareMathDelimiter{(}{\mathopen} {operators}{"28}{largesymbols}{"00}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{)}{\mathclose}{operators}{"29}{largesymbols}{"01}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{[}{\mathopen} {operators}{"5B}{largesymbols}{"02}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{]}{\mathclose}{operators}{"5D}{largesymbols}{"03}
```

The next two are considered to be relations when not used in the context of a delimiter! And worse, they do even represent different glyphs when being used as delimiter and not as delimiter. This is a user level syntax inherited from plain TEX. Therefore we explicitly redefine the math symbol definitions for these symbols afterwards.

```
\DeclareMathDelimiter{<}{\mathopen}{symbols}{"68}{largesymbols}{"0A}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{>}{\mathclose}{symbols}{"69}{largesymbols}{"0B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{<}{\mathrel}{letters}{"3C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{>}{\mathrel}{letters}{"3E}
```

And here is another case where the non-delimiter version produces a glyph different from the delimiter version.

```
\DeclareMathDelimiter{/}{\mathord}{operators}{"2F}{largesymbols}{"0E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{/}{\mathord}{letters}{"3D}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{|}{\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}{largesymbols}{"0C}
\expandafter\DeclareMathDelimiter\@backslashchar
                          {\mathord}{symbols}{"6E}{largesymbols}{"0F}
```

N.B. `{` and `}` should NOT get delcodes; otherwise parameter grouping fails!

41.4 Symbols accessed via control sequences

41.4.1 Greek letters

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\alpha}{\mathord}{letters}{"0B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\beta}{\mathord}{letters}{"0C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\gamma}{\mathord}{letters}{"0D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\delta}{\mathord}{letters}{"0E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\epsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{"0F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\zeta}{\mathord}{letters}{"10}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\eta}{\mathord}{letters}{"11}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\theta}{\mathord}{letters}{"12}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\iota}{\mathord}{letters}{"13}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\kappa}{\mathord}{letters}{"14}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\lambda}{\mathord}{letters}{"15}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mu}{\mathord}{letters}{"16}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\nu}{\mathord}{letters}{"17}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\xi}{\mathord}{letters}{"18}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\pi}{\mathord}{letters}{"19}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\rho}{\mathord}{letters}{"1A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sigma}{\mathord}{letters}{"1B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\tau}{\mathord}{letters}{"1C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\upsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{"1D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\phi}{\mathord}{letters}{"1E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\chi}{\mathord}{letters}{"1F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\psi}{\mathord}{letters}{"20}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\omega}{\mathord}{letters}{"21}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\varepsilon}{\mathord}{letters}{"22}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\vartheta}{\mathord}{letters}{"23}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\varpi}{\mathord}{letters}{"24}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\varrho}{\mathord}{letters}{"25}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\varsigma}{\mathord}{letters}{"26}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\varphi}{\mathord}{letters}{"27}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Gamma}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"00}
```

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Delta}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"01}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Theta}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"02}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Lambda}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"03}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Xi}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"04}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Pi}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"05}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Sigma}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"06}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Upsilon}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"07}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Phi}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"08}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Psi}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"09}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Omega}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"0A}
```

41.4.2 Ordinary symbols

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\aleph}{\mathord}{symbols}{"40}
\def\hbar{{\mathchar'26\mkern-9muh}}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\imath}{\mathord}{letters}{"7B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\jmath}{\mathord}{letters}{"7C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ell}{\mathord}{letters}{"60}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\wp}{\mathord}{letters}{"7D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Re}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Im}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\partial}{\mathord}{letters}{"40}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\infty}{\mathord}{symbols}{"31}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\prime}{\mathord}{symbols}{"30}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\emptyset}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\nabla}{\mathord}{symbols}{"72}
\def\surd{{\mathchar"1270}}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\top}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bot}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3F}
\def\angle{{\vbox{\ialign{$\m@th\scriptstyle##$\crcr
      \not\mathrel{\mkern14mu}\crcr
      \noalign{\nointerlineskip}
      \mkern2.5mu\leaders\hrule \@height.34pt\hfill\mkern2.5mu\crcr}}}}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\triangle}{\mathord}{symbols}{"34}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\forall}{\mathord}{symbols}{"38}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\exists}{\mathord}{symbols}{"39}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\neg}{\mathord}{symbols}{"3A}
    \let\lnot=\neg
\DeclareMathSymbol{\flat}{\mathord}{letters}{"5B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\natural}{\mathord}{letters}{"5C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sharp}{\mathord}{letters}{"5D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\clubsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\diamondsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\heartsuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\spadesuit}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7F}
```

41.4.3 Large Operators

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\coprod}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"60}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigvee}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"57}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigwedge}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"56}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\biguplus}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"55}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcap}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"54}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcup}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"53}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\intop}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"52}
    \def\int{\intop\nolimits}
```

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\prod}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"51}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sum}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"50}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigotimes}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"4E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigoplus}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"4C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigodot}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"4A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ointop}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"48}
    \def\oint{\ointop\nolimits}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigsqcup}{\mathop}{largesymbols}{"46}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\smallint}{\mathop}{symbols}{"73}
```

41.4.4 Binary symbols

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\triangleleft}{\mathbin}{letters}{"2F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\triangleright}{\mathbin}{letters}{"2E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigtriangleup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"34}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigtriangledown}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"35}
   \let \varbigtriangledown \bigtriangledown
   \let \varbigtriangleup \bigtriangleup
```

These last two synonyms are needed because the stamryrd package redefines them as Operators.

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\wedge}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"5E}
   \let\land=\wedge
\DeclareMathSymbol{\vee}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"5F}
   \let\lor=\vee
\DeclareMathSymbol{\cap}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"5C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\cup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"5B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ddagger}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"7A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\dagger}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"79}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sqcap}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"75}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sqcup}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"74}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\uplus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"5D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\amalg}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"71}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\diamond}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"05}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bullet}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\wr}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"6F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\div}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"04}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\odot}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\oslash}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\otimes}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ominus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"09}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\oplus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"08}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mp}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"07}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\pm}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"06}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\circ}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bigcirc}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"0D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\setminus}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"6E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\cdot}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"01}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ast}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"03}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\times}{\mathbin}{symbols}{"02}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\star}{\mathbin}{letters}{"3F}
```

41.4.5 Relations

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\propto}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"2F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sqsubseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"76}
```

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sqsupseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"77}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\parallel}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"6B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mid}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"6A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\dashv}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"61}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\vdash}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"60}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\nearrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"25}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\searrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"26}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\nwarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"2D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\swarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"2E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftrightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"2C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Leftarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"28}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\Rightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"29}
\def\neq{\not=} \let\ne=\neq
\DeclareMathSymbol{\leq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"14}
   \let\le=\leq
\DeclareMathSymbol{\geq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"15}
   \let\ge=\geq
\DeclareMathSymbol{\succ}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\prec}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\approx}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"19}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\succeq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"17}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\preceq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"16}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\supset}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\subset}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\supseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"13}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\subseteq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"12}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\in}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"32}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ni}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"33}
    \let\owns=\ni
\DeclareMathSymbol{\gg}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1D}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ll}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"1C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\not}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"36}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\leftrightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"24}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\leftarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"20}
   \let\gets=\leftarrow
\DeclareMathSymbol{\rightarrow}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"21}
   \let\to=\rightarrow
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mapstochar}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"37}
   \def\mapsto{\mapstochar\rightarrow}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\sim}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"18}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\simeq}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"27}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\perp}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"3F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\equiv}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"11}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\asymp}{\mathrel}{symbols}{"10}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\smile}{\mathrel}{letters}{"5E}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\frown}{\mathrel}{letters}{"5F}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\leftharpoonup}{\mathrel}{letters}{"28}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\leftharpoondown}{\mathrel}{letters}{"29}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrel}{letters}{"2A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\rightharpoondown}{\mathrel}{letters}{"2B}
```

Here cometh much profligate robustification of math constructs. Warning: some of these commands may become non-robust if an AMS package is loaded.

Further potential problems: some math font packages may make unfortunate

assumptions about some of these definitions that are not true of the robust versions we need.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \cong{\mathrel{\mathpalette\@vereq\sim}} % congruence sign
\def\@vereq#1#2{\lower.5\p@\vbox{\lineskiplimit\maxdimen\lineskip-.5\p@
    \ialign{$\m@th#1\hfil##\hfil$\crcr#2\crcr=\crcr}}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \notin{\mathrel{\m@th\mathpalette\c@ncel\in}}
\def\c@ncel#1#2{\m@th\ooalign{$\hfil#1\mkern1mu/\hfil$\crcr$#1#2$}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \rightleftharpoons{\mathrel{\mathpalette\rlh@{}}}
\def\rlh@#1{\vcenter{\m@th\hbox{\ooalign{\raise2pt
          \hbox{$#1\rightharpoonup$}\crcr
        $#1\leftharpoondown$}}}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \doteq{\buildrel\textstyle.\over=}
```

41.4.6 Arrows

```
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \joinrel{\mathrel{\mkern-3mu}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \relbar{\mathrel{\smash-}} % \smash, because -
                             % has the same height as +
```

In contrast to `plain.tex` `\Relbar` got braces around the equal sign to guard against it being "math active" expanding to `\futurelet...`. This might be the case when packages are implementing shorthands for math, e.g. `=>` meaning `\Rightarrow` etc. It would actually be better not to use `=` in such definitions but instead define something like `\mathequalsign` and use this. However we can't do this now as it would break other math layouts where characters are in different places (since those wouldn't know about the need for a new command name).

```
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \Relbar{\mathrel{=}}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\lhook}{\mathrel}{letters}{"2C}
   \def\hookrightarrow{\lhook\joinrel\rightarrow}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\rhook}{\mathrel}{letters}{"2D}
   \def\hookleftarrow{\leftarrow\joinrel\rhook}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \bowtie{\mathrel\triangleright\joinrel\mathrel\triangleleft}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \models{\mathrel{|}\joinrel\Relbar}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \Longrightarrow{\Relbar\joinrel\Rightarrow}
```

LaTeX Change: `\longrightarrow` and `\longleftarrow` redefined to make then robust.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\longrightarrow
     {\relbar\joinrel\rightarrow}
\DeclareRobustCommand\longleftarrow
     {\leftarrow\joinrel\relbar}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \Longleftarrow{\Leftarrow\joinrel\Relbar}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \longmapsto{\mapstochar\longrightarrow}
```

```
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \longleftrightarrow{\leftarrow\joinrel\rightarrow}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \Longleftrightarrow{\Leftarrow\joinrel\Rightarrow}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \iff{\;\Longleftrightarrow\;}
```

41.4.7 Punctuation symbols

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\ldotp}{\mathpunct}{letters}{"3A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\cdotp}{\mathpunct}{symbols}{"01}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{"3A}
```

This is commented out, since `\ldots` is now defined in ltoutenc.dtx.

```
%\def\@ldots{\mathinner{\ldotp\ldotp\ldotp}}
%\DeclareRobustCommand\ldots
%          {\relax\ifmmode\@ldots\else\mbox{$\m@th\@ldots\,$}\fi}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \cdots{\mathinner{\cdotp\cdotp\cdotp}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \vdots{\vbox{\baselineskip4\p@ \lineskiplimit\z@
    \kern6\p@\hbox{.}\hbox{.}\hbox{.}}}
\DeclareRobustCommand
  \ddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise7\p@
    \vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}}\mkern2mu
    \raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}
```

41.4.8 Math accents

```
\DeclareMathAccent{\acute}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"13}
\DeclareMathAccent{\grave}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"12}
\DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"7F}
\DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"7E}
\DeclareMathAccent{\bar}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"16}
\DeclareMathAccent{\breve}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"15}
\DeclareMathAccent{\check}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"14}
\DeclareMathAccent{\hat}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"5E}
\DeclareMathAccent{\vec}{\mathord}{letters}{"7E}
\DeclareMathAccent{\dot}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"5F}
\DeclareMathAccent{\widetilde}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"65}
\DeclareMathAccent{\widehat}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"62}
```

For some reason plain TEX never bothered to provide a ring accent in math (although it is available in the fonts), but since we got a request for it here we go:

```
\DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{operators}{"17}
```

41.4.9 Radicals

```
\DeclareMathRadical{\sqrtsign}{symbols}{"70}{largesymbols}{"70}
```

41.4.10 Over and under something, etc

```
\def\overrightarrow#1{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
      \rightarrowfill\crcr\noalign{\kern-\p@\nointerlineskip}
      $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}
\def\overleftarrow#1{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
      \leftarrowfill\crcr\noalign{\kern-\p@\nointerlineskip}%
```

```
      $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}
\def\overbrace#1{\mathop{\vbox{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@}%
      \downbracefill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}%
      $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr}}}\limits}
\def\underbrace#1{\mathop{\vtop{\m@th\ialign{##\crcr
   $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr
   \noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}%
   \upbracefill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@}}}}\limits}
```

(quite a waste of tokens, IMHO — Frank)

```
\def\skew#1#2#3{{\muskip\z@#1mu\divide\muskip\z@\tw@ \mkern\muskip\z@
    #2{\mkern-\muskip\z@{#3}\mkern\muskip\z@}\mkern-\muskip\z@}{}}
\def\rightarrowfill{$\m@th\smash-\mkern-7mu%
  \cleaders\hbox{$\mkern-2mu\smash-\mkern-2mu$}\hfill
  \mkern-7mu\mathord\rightarrow$}
\def\leftarrowfill{$\m@th\mathord\leftarrow\mkern-7mu%
  \cleaders\hbox{$\mkern-2mu\smash-\mkern-2mu$}\hfill
  \mkern-7mu\smash-$}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\braceld}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7A}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bracerd}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\bracelu}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7C}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\braceru}{\mathord}{largesymbols}{"7D}
\def\downbracefill{$\m@th \setbox\z@\hbox{$\braceld$}%
  \braceld\leaders\vrule \@height\ht\z@ \@depth\z@\hfill\braceru
  \bracelu\leaders\vrule \@height\ht\z@ \@depth\z@\hfill\bracerd$}
\def\upbracefill{$\m@th \setbox\z@\hbox{$\braceld$}%
  \bracelu\leaders\vrule \@height\ht\z@ \@depth\z@\hfill\bracerd
  \braceld\leaders\vrule \@height\ht\z@ \@depth\z@\hfill\braceru$}
```

41.4.11 Delimiters

```
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\lmoustache}   % top from (, bottom from )
   {\mathopen}{largesymbols}{"7A}{largesymbols}{"40}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rmoustache}   % top from ), bottom from (
   {\mathclose}{largesymbols}{"7B}{largesymbols}{"41}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\arrowvert}    % arrow without arrowheads
   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}{largesymbols}{"3C}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\Arrowvert}    % double arrow without arrowheads
   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6B}{largesymbols}{"3D}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\Vert}
   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6B}{largesymbols}{"0D}
\let\|=\Vert
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\vert}
   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6A}{largesymbols}{"0C}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\uparrow}
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"22}{largesymbols}{"78}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\downarrow}
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"23}{largesymbols}{"79}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\updownarrow}
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"6C}{largesymbols}{"3F}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\Uparrow}
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"2A}{largesymbols}{"7E}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\Downarrow}
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"2B}{largesymbols}{"7F}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\Updownarrow}
```

```
   {\mathrel}{symbols}{"6D}{largesymbols}{"77}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\backslash}    % for double coset G\backslash H
   {\mathord}{symbols}{"6E}{largesymbols}{"0F}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rangle}
   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"69}{largesymbols}{"0B}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\langle}
   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"68}{largesymbols}{"0A}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rbrace}
   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"67}{largesymbols}{"09}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\lbrace}
   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"66}{largesymbols}{"08}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rceil}
   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"65}{largesymbols}{"07}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\lceil}
   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"64}{largesymbols}{"06}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rfloor}
   {\mathclose}{symbols}{"63}{largesymbols}{"05}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\lfloor}
   {\mathopen}{symbols}{"62}{largesymbols}{"04}
```

\lgroup
\rgroup
\bracevert

There are three plain TEX delimiters which are not fully supported by NFSS, since they partly point into a bold cmr font. Allocating a full symbol font, just to have three delimiters seems a bit too much given the limited space available. For this reason only the extensible sizes are supported. If this is not desired one can use, without losing portability, define `\mathbf` and `\mathtt` as font symbol alphabet (setting up `cmr/bx/n` and `cmtt/m/n` as symbol fonts first) and modify the delimiter declarations to point with their small variant to those symbol fonts. (This is done in `oldlfont.dtx` so look there for examples.)

```
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\lgroup} % extensible ( with sharper tips
     {\mathopen}{largesymbols}{"3A}{largesymbols}{"3A}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\rgroup} % extensible ) with sharper tips
     {\mathclose}{largesymbols}{"3B}{largesymbols}{"3B}
\DeclareMathDelimiter{\bracevert} % the vertical bar that extends braces
     {\mathord}{largesymbols}{"3E}{largesymbols}{"3E}
```

41.5 Math versions of text commands

The `\mathunderscore` here is really a text definition, so it has been put back into `ltoutenc.dtx` (by Chris, 30/04/97) and should be removed from here.

These symbols are the math versions of text commands such as `\P`, `\$`, etc.

\mathparagraph
\mathsection
\mathdollar
\mathsterling
\mathunderscore

These math symbols are not in plain TEX.

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mathparagraph}{\mathord}{symbols}{"7B}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mathsection}{\mathord}{symbols}{"78}
\DeclareMathSymbol{\mathdollar}{\mathord}{operators}{"24}
\def\mathsterling{\mathit{\mathchar"7024}}
\def\mathunderscore{\kern.06em\vbox{\hrule\@width.3em}}
```

\mathellipsis

This is plain TEX's `\ldots`.

```
\def\mathellipsis{\mathinner{\ldotp\ldotp\ldotp}}%
```

41.6 Other special functions and parameters

41.6.1 Biggggg

```
\def\big#1{{\hbox{$\left#1\vbox to8.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}}
\def\Big#1{{\hbox{$\left#1\vbox to11.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}}
\def\bigg#1{{\hbox{$\left#1\vbox to14.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}}
\def\Bigg#1{{\hbox{$\left#1\vbox to17.5\p@{}\right.\n@space$}}}
\def\n@space{\nulldelimiterspace\z@ \m@th}
```

41.6.2 The log-like functions

`\operator@font` The `\operator@font` determines the symbol font used for log-like functions.

```
\def\operator@font{\mathgroup\symoperators}
```

41.6.3 Parameters

```
\thinmuskip=3mu
\medmuskip=4mu plus 2mu minus 4mu
\thickmuskip=5mu plus 5mu
```

This finishes the low-level setup in `fontmath.ltx`.

⟨/math⟩

42 Default cfg files

We provide default `cfg` files here to ensure that on installations that search large file trees we do not pick up some strange customisation files from somewhere.

```
⟨*cfgtext | cfgmath | cfgprel⟩
%%
%%
%%
%% Load the standard setup:
%%
⟨+cfgtext⟩\input{fonttext.ltx}
⟨+cfgmath⟩\input{fontmath.ltx}
⟨+cfgprel⟩\input{preload.ltx}
%%
%% Small changes could go here; see documentation in cfgguide.tex for
%% allowed modifications.
%%
%% In particular it is not allowed to misuse this configuration file
%% to modify internal LaTeX commands!
%%
%% If you use this file as the basis for configuration please change
%% the \ProvidesFile lines to clearly identify your modification, e.g.,
%%
⟨+cfgtext⟩%%   \ProvidesFile{fonttext.cfg}[2001/06/01
⟨+cfgmath⟩%%  \ProvidesFile{fonttext.cfg}[2001/06/01
⟨+cfgprel⟩%%   \ProvidesFile{preload.cfg}[2001/06/01
%%                                  Customised local font setup]
%%
%%
⟨/cfgtext | cfgmath | cfgprel⟩
```

File u
preload.dtx

43 Overview

This file contains an number of possible settings for preloading fonts during installation of NFSS2 (which is used by LaTeX 2_ε). It will be used to generate the following files:

preload.min	minimal subset of fonts necessary to run NFSS2
preload.ori	preload of CM fonts similar to the old `lfonts.tex`
preload.ltx	The standard selection of preloads
cmpreloa.xpt	preload of CM fonts for 10pt document size
cmpreloa.xip	preload of CM fonts for 11pt document size
cmpreloa.xii	preload of CM fonts for 12pt document size
dcpreloa.xpt	preload of DC fonts for 10pt size
dcpreloa.xip	preload of DC fonts for 11pt size
dcpreloa.xii	preload of DC fonts for 12pt size

These files are for installations that make use of Computer Modern fonts either old encoding (OT1) or Cork encoding (T1). The Computer Modern fonts with Cork encoding are known as DC-fonts.

Most important is `preload.ltx` which is used during format generation. You are *not* allowed to change this file.

44 Customization

You can customize the preloaded fonts in your LaTeX 2_ε system by installing a file with the name `preload.cfg`. If this file exists it will be used in place of the system file `preload.ltx`. You can, for example, copy one of the files mentioned above (that can be generated from this source) to `preload.cfg`.

Or you can define completely other preloads. In that case start from `preload.min` since that contains the fonts that have to be preloaded by *all* LaTeX 2_ε systems.

Avoid using `preload.ori`, it will load so many fonts that on most installations it is nearly impossible to load other font families afterwards. This file is only generated to show what fonts have been preloaded by LaTeX 2.09.

If you normally use other fonts than Computer Modern `preload.min` might be best.

> **Warning:** If you preload fonts with encodings other than the normally supported encodings you have to declare that encoding in a `fontdef.cfg` configuration file (see the documentation in the file `fontdef.dtx`). Adding an extra encoding to the format might produce non-portable documents, thus this should be avoided if possible.

45 Module switches for the DOCSTRIP program

The DOCSTRIP will generate the above file from this source using the following module directives:

driver	produce a documentation driver file
preload	produce a preload. . . file
cm	for OT1 encoded Computer Modern
dc	for T1 encoded Computer Modern
min	produce minimal subset
xpt	produce 10pt preloads
xipt	produce 11pt preloads
xiipt	produce 12pt preloads
ori	produce preloads similar to old `lfonts.tex`
tex	produce preload.ltx

A typical DOCSTRIP command file would then have entries like:

```
\generateFile{preload.min}{t}{\from{preload.dtx}{preload,min}}
```

for generating preload files.

46 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TEX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

```
1 ⟨*driver⟩
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 %\OnlyDescription  % comment out for implementation details
4 \begin{document}
5    \DocInput{preload.dtx}
6 \end{document}
7 ⟨/driver⟩
```

47 The code

We begin by loading the math extension font (cmex10) and the LATEX line and circle fonts. It is necessary to do this explicitly since these are used by `lplain.tex` and `latex.tex`. Since the internal font name contains `/` characters and digits we construct the name via `\csname`. These are the only fonts (!) that must be loaded in this file.

All `\DeclarePreloadSizes` can be removed or others can be added, they only influence the processing speed.

```
8 \expandafter\font\csname OMX/cmex/m/n/10\endcsname=cmex10\relax
9 \font\tenln  =line10   \font\tenlnw  =linew10\relax
10 \font\tencirc=lcircle10 \font\tencircw=lcirclew10\relax
```

The above fonts should not be touched but anything below this point here in the preload suggestions can be modified without any problems.

```
11 ⟨-tex⟩%****************************************
```

```
⟨-tex⟩% Start any modification below this point **
⟨-tex⟩%*****************************************
⟨-tex⟩
%%
%% Computer Modern Roman:
%%-----------------------
⟨*ori⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
        {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74,24.88}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}{9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{sl}{10,10.95,12}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{it}{7,8,9,10,10.95,12}
⟨/ori⟩
⟨+xpt & cm⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
⟨+xpt & dc⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
⟨+xipt & cm⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
⟨+xipt & dc⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
⟨+xiipt & cm⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
⟨+xiipt & dc⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{T1}{cmr}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
%%
%% Computer Modern Sans:
%%----------------------
⟨+ori⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmss}{m}{n}{10,10.95,12}
%%
%% Computer Modern Typewriter:
%%----------------------------
⟨+ori⟩ \DeclarePreloadSizes{OT1}{cmtt}{m}{n}{9,10,10.95,12}
%%
%% Computer Modern Math:
%%----------------------
⟨*ori⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}
         {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}
         {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
⟨/ori⟩
```

The math fonts are the same for both DC and CM fonts. So far there isn't an agreed on standard.

```
⟨*xpt⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{5,7,10}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{5,7,10}
⟨/xpt⟩
⟨*xipt⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{6,8,10.95}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{6,8,10.95}
⟨/xipt⟩
⟨*xiipt⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OML}{cmm}{m}{it}{6,8,12}
\DeclarePreloadSizes{OMS}{cmsy}{m}{n}{6,8,12}
⟨/xiipt⟩
%%
%% LaTeX symbol fonts:
%%--------------------
```

```
⟨*ori⟩
\DeclarePreloadSizes{U}{lasy}{m}{n}
          {5,6,7,8,9,10,10.95,12,14.4,17.28,20.74}
⟨/ori⟩
⟨/preload⟩
```

File v
ltfntcmd.dtx

Abstract

The commands defined in this file `ltfntcmd` are part of the kernel code for LaTeX 2_ε/NFSS2.

It is also meant to serve as documentation for package writers since it demonstrates how to define high-level font changing commands using a small number of creator functions.

48 Introduction

Font changes such as `\bfseries`, `\sffamily`, etc. are declarations; this means that their scope is delimited by the grouping structure, either by the next `\end` of some environment or by explicitly using a group, e.g., writing something like `{\bfseries...}` in the source. If you make the mistake of writing `\bfseries{...}` (thinking of `\bfseries` as a command with one argument) then the result is rather striking.

Font declarations are an artifact of the TeX system and for several reasons it is better to avoid them on the user level whenever possible. In LaTeX3 they will probably all be replaced by environments and by font commands taking one argument.

This file defines a creator function for such declarative font switches. This function creates commands which can be used in both math and text.

This file also defines a number of high-level commands (all starting with `\text..`) that have one argument and typeset this argument in the requested way. Thus these commands are for typesetting short pieces of text in a specific family, series or shape. These are all produced as examples of the use of a creator function which is itself also defined in this file.

Table 1 shows all these high-level commands in action. A further advantage of using these commands is that they automatically take care of any necessary italic correction on either side of their argument.

Thus, when using such commands, one does not have to worry about forgetting the italic correction when changing fonts. Only in very few situations is this additional space wrong but, for example, most typographers recommend omitting the italic correction if a small punctuation character, like a comma, directly follows the font change. Since the amount of correction required is partly a matter of taste, you can define in what situations the italic correction should be suppressed. This is done by putting the characters that should cancel a preceding italic correction in the list `\nocorrlist`.[7] The default definition for this list is produced by the following.

```
\newcommand \nocorrlist {,.}
```

[7] Any package that changes the `\catcode` of a character inside `\nocorrlist` must then explicitly reset the list. Otherwise the changed character will no longer be recognized by the suppression algorithm.

Command	*Corresponds to*	*Action*
`\textrm{..}`	`\rmfamily`	Typeset argument in roman family
`\textsf{..}`	`\sffamily`	Typeset argument in sans serif family
`\texttt{..}`	`\ttfamily`	Typeset argument in `typewriter` family
`\textmd{..}`	`\mdseries`	Typeset argument in medium series
`\textbf{..}`	`\bfseries`	Typeset argument in **bold** series
`\textup{..}`	`\upshape`	Typeset argument in normal shape
`\textit{..}`	`\itshape`	Typeset argument in *italic* shape
`\textsl{..}`	`\slshape`	Typeset argument in *slanted* shape
`\textsc{..}`	`\scshape`	Typeset argument in SMALL CAPS shape
`\emph{..}`	`\em`	Typeset argument *emphasized*

Table 1: Font-change commands with arguments

The font change commands provided here all start with `\text..` to emphasize that they are for use in normal text and to be easily memorable. They automatically take care of any necessary italic correction on either side of the argument.

It is best to declare the most often used characters first, because this will make the processing slightly faster. For example,

```
\emph{When using the \NFSS{} high-level commands,
the \emph{proper} use of italic corrections is
automatically taken care of}. Only
\emph{sometimes} one has to help \LaTeX{} by
adding a \verb=\nocorr= command.
```

which results in:

> *When using the NFSS high-level commands, the* proper *use of italic corrections is automatically taken care of.* Only *sometimes* one has to help LaTeX by adding a `\nocorr` command.

In contrast, the use of the declaration forms is often more appropriate when you define your own commands or environments.

```
\newenvironment{bfitemize}{\begin{itemize}\normalfont\bfseries}
                          {\end{itemize}}
\begin{bfitemize}
\item This environment produces boldface items.
\item It is defined in terms of \LaTeX's
  \texttt{itemize} environment and NFSS
  declarations.
\end{bfitemize}
```

This gives:

- **This environment produces boldface items.**

- **It is defined in terms of LaTeX's `itemize` environment and NFSS declarations.**

In addition to global customization of when to insert the italic correction, it is of course sometimes necessary to explicitly insert one with `\/`.

It is also possible to suppress the italic correction in individual instances. For this, the command `\nocorr` is provided.

The `\nocorr` must appear as the first or last token inside the braces of the argument of the `\text...` commands, at that end of the text where you wish to suppress the italic correction.

It is worth pointing out here that inserting a `\/` in places where it can have no function (i.e. anywhere except immediately after a slanted letter) is not an error—it will just be silently ignored. Unfortunately this is not true if the redefinition of `\/` in `amstex.sty` is used as this version can cause space to be removed immediately before the `\/`.

49 The implementation

`\DeclareTextFontCommand` This is the creator function for `\text..` commands. It gives a warning if `\foo` or `\fragfoo` is already defined.

In math mode it simply puts the font declaration and text into a box (possibly an automagically sized one).

Otherwise it first scans the text to see where `\nocorr` occurs within it. This sets the `\check@ic` commands to do what is necessary concerning the italic correction at both ends.

The algorithm for deciding whether to put in an italic correction is not very subtle: one is added whenever the newly current font is not itself positively sloped, unless the next token is a character in the 'nocorr' list. At the end of the text this is done after closing the group so as to check the 'outer font'. Note that this will often result in adding an italic correction token after a character in an unsloped font; we believe (in early 2003) that this is perhaps inefficient but not dangerous.

It also now checks for empty contents of the text command and optimises this case. Some care is also taken to check that doing dangerous things in vertical mode is avoided.

The italic correction token is added to the horizontal list before (in the list) an immediately preceding non-zero glob of glue (skip) and any non-zero penalty preceding that since, in the typical case, this puts it immediately after the last character in the preceding word.

Note that it is necessary to put in the `\aftergroup\maybe@ic` at the end of the group so that it comes after any other aftergroup tokens and immediately before the following tokens. It is also necessary to remove the `\fi` from the token list before the group ends; this is done by adding an `\expandafter` just before the closing brace.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \def \DeclareTextFontCommand #1#2{%
3   \DeclareRobustCommand#1[1]{%
4     \ifmmode
5       \nfss@text{#2##1}%
6     \else
7       \hmode@bgroup
```

```
      \text@command{##1}%
      #2\check@icl ##1\check@icr
      \expandafter
     \egroup
   \fi
                       }%
}
```

`\textrm` `\textsf` `\texttt` `\textnormal` Now we define the `\text`⟨*family*⟩ commands in terms of the above; `\texttt` does not look very nice!

```
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textrm}{\rmfamily}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textsf}{\sffamily}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\texttt}{\ttfamily}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textnormal}{\normalfont}
```

`\textbf` `\textmd` For the series attribute:

```
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textbf}{\bfseries}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textmd}{\mdseries}
```

`\textit` `\textsl` `\textsc` `\textup` And for the shapes:

```
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textit}{\itshape}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textsl}{\slshape}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textsc}{\scshape}
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textup}{\upshape}
```

`\emph` Finally we have the `\em` font change declaration of LaTeX. The corresponding definition with argument is

```
\DeclareTextFontCommand{\emph}{\em}
```

`\nocorr` This is just a label, so it does nothing; it should also be unexpandable.

```
\let \nocorr \relax
```

`\check@icl` `\check@icr` We define these defaults in case some error causes them to be expanded at the wrong time.

```
\let \check@icl \@empty
\let \check@icr \@empty
```

`\text@command` `\check@nocorr@` This checks for a `\nocorr` as the first token in its argument and also for one in any other position not protected within braces (the latter is treated as if it were at the end of the argument).

Is this the correct action in the 'empty' case? It is efficient but typographically it is, strictly, incorrect!

```
\def \text@command #1{%
  \def \reserved@a {#1}%
  \ifx \reserved@a \@empty
    \let \check@icl \@empty
    \let \check@icr \@empty
  \else
```

`\space` is a reserved word in LaTeX or actually already in plain TeX. If somebody really redefines it so many things will break that I don't see any reason to make this routine here slower than necessary.

```
%    \def \reserved@b { }%
```

```
%    \ifx \reserved@a \reserved@b
    \ifx \reserved@a \space
      \let \check@icl \@empty
      \let \check@icr \@empty
    \else
      \check@nocorr@ #1\nocorr\@nil
    \fi
  \fi
}
\def \check@nocorr@ #1#2\nocorr#3\@nil {%
```

The two checks are initialised here to their values in the normal case.

```
  \let \check@icl \maybe@ic
  \def \check@icr {\ifvmode \else \aftergroup \maybe@ic \fi}%
  \def \reserved@a {\nocorr}%
  \def \reserved@b {#1}%
  \def \reserved@c {#3}%
  \ifx \reserved@a \reserved@b
    \ifx \reserved@c \@empty
```

In this case there is a `\nocorr` at the start but not at the end, so `\check@icl` should be empty.

```
      \let \check@icl \@empty
    \else
```

Otherwise there is a `\nocorr` both at the start and elsewhere, so no italic corrections should be added.

```
      \let \check@icl \@empty
      \let \check@icr \@empty
    \fi
  \else
    \ifx \reserved@c \@empty
```

In this case there is no `\nocorr` anywhere, so we need to check for an italic correction at both the beginning and the end. This has been set up as the default so no code is needed here.

```
    \else
```

In this case there is no `\nocorr` at the start but there is one elsewhere, so no `\aftergroup` is needed.

```
      \let \check@icr \@empty
    \fi
  \fi
}
```

`\ifmaybe@ic` Switch used soley within `\maybe@ic` not interfering with other switches.

```
\newif\ifmaybe@ic
```

`\maybe@ic` `\maybe@ic@` These macros implement the italic correction.

```
\def \maybe@ic {\futurelet\@let@token\maybe@ic@}
\def \maybe@ic@ {%
```

We first check to see if the current font is positively sloped. (But do not forget the message Rainer sent about an upright font with non-zero slope! Or is this an urban myth?) It has been suggested that this should test against a small positive value, but what?

```
  \ifdim  \fontdimen\@ne\font>\z@
  \else
    \maybe@ictrue
```

It would be possible, but probably not worthwhile, to continue the forward scan beyond any closing braces.

```
    \expandafter\@tfor\expandafter\reserved@a\expandafter:\expandafter=%
        \nocorrlist
```

We have to hide the `\@let@token` in the macro `\t@st@ic` rather than testing it directly in the loop since it might be `\let` to a `\fi` or `\else`, which would result in chaos.

```
    \do \t@st@ic
```

Frank thinks that the next bit it is inefficient if done after the second change. Chris thinks that most all of this is inefficient for the commonest cases: but that is the price of a cleverer algorithm. It is certainly needed to deal with the use of `\nolinebreak`.

```
    \ifmaybe@ic \sw@slant \fi
  \fi
}
```

`\t@st@ic` The next token in the input stream is stored in `\@let@token` via a `\let`, the current token from `\nocorrlist` is stored via `\def` in `\reserved@a`. To compare them we have to fiddle around a bit.

If the only things to check were characters then this could be done via an `\if` thus their catcodes would not matter; but this will not work whilst `\futurelet` is used above.

```
\def \t@st@ic {%
  \expandafter\let\expandafter\reserved@b\expandafter=\reserved@a\relax
  \ifx\reserved@b\@let@token
```

If they are the same we record the fact and jump out of the loop.

```
    \maybe@icfalse
    \@break@tfor
  \fi
}
```

`\sw@slant` The definition of the mysterious `\sw@slant` command is as follows.

`\fix@penalty`

```
\def \sw@slant {%
```

It is surely correct to put in an italic correction when there is no skip. If the last thing on the list is actually a zero skip (including things whose dimension part is zero, such as `\hfill`), or anything other than a character, then the italic correction will have no effect.

In order to work correctly with unbreakable spaces from `~` (and other common forms of line-breaking control) we also move back across a penalty before the glue.

```
  \ifdim \lastskip=\z@
    \fix@penalty
  \else
    \skip@ \lastskip
    \unskip
    \fix@penalty
    \hskip \skip@
```

```
  \fi
}
```

The above code means: "If there is a non-zero space just before the current position (`\ifdim...`) save the amount of that space (`\skip@\lastskip`), remove it (`\unskip`), then do a similar thing if there is a penalty just before the skip, and finally put the space back in."

Since zero glue cannot be distinguished in this context from no glue, we dare not put in an `\hskip` in this case as this may produce an unwanted breakpoint. This is not satisfactory.

The penalty before the glue is handled similarly, with the same caveats concerning the zero case. Is this the first recorded use of `\unpenalty` in standard LaTeX code?

```
\def \fix@penalty {%
  \ifnum \lastpenalty=\z@
    \@@italiccorr
  \else
    \count@ \lastpenalty
    \unpenalty
    \@@italiccorr
    \penalty \count@
  \fi
}
```

`\nocorrlist` This holds the list of characters that should prevent italic correction. They should be ordered by decreasing frequency of use. If any such character is made active later on one needs to redefine the list so that the active character becomes part of it.

```
\def \nocorrlist {,.}
```

`\nfss@text` This command will by default behave like a LaTeX `\mbox` but may be redefined by packages such as `amstext.sty` to be a bit cleverer.

```
\ifx \nfss@text\@undefined
  \def \nfss@text {\leavevmode\hbox}
\fi
```

`\DeclareOldFontCommand` This is the function used to create declarative font-changing commands that can also be used to change alphabets in math-mode.

Usage: `\DeclareOldFontCommand \fn{`⟨*font-change decls*⟩`}` ⟨*math-alphabet*⟩

Here `\fn` is the font-declaration command being defined, ⟨*font-change decls*⟩ is the declaration it will expand to in text-mode, and ⟨*math-alphabet*⟩ is the (single) math alphabet specifier which is to be used in math-mode.

It does not care whether the command being defined already exists but it does give a warning if it redefines anything.

Here are some typical examples of its use in conjunction with more basic NFSS2 font commands.

```
\DeclareOldFontCommand{\rm}{\normalfont\rmfamily}{\mathrm}
\DeclareOldFontCommand{\sf}{\normalfont\sffamily}{\mathsf}
\DeclareOldFontCommand{\tt}{\normalfont\ttfamily}{\mathtt}
```

```
\def \DeclareOldFontCommand #1#2#3{%
  \DeclareRobustCommand #1{\@fontswitch {#2}{#3}}%
}
```

`\@fontswitch` `\@@math@egroup` `\@@math@egroup` These two commands actually do the necessary tests and declarative font- or alphabet-changing.

```
\def \@fontswitch #1#2{%
  \ifmmode
     \let \math@bgroup \relax
     \def \math@egroup {\let \math@bgroup \@@math@bgroup
                        \let \math@egroup \@@math@egroup}%
```

We need to have a `\relax` in the following line in case the `#2` is something like `\mathsf` grabbing the next token as an argument. For this reason the code also uses explicit arguments again (see pr/1275).

```
     #2\relax
  \else
     #1%
  \fi
}
\let \@@math@bgroup \math@bgroup
\let \@@math@egroup \math@egroup
```

These commands are available only in the preamble.

```
\@onlypreamble \DeclareTextFontCommand
\@onlypreamble \DeclareOldFontCommand
```

50 Initialization

`\normalsize` This is defined to produce an error.

```
\def\normalsize{%
  \@latex@error {The font size command \protect\normalsize\space
              is not defined:\MessageBreak
              there is probably something wrong with
              the class file}\@eha
}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File w
ltpageno.dtx

51 Page Numbering

Page numbers are produced by a page counter, used just like any other counter. The only difference is that `\c@page` contains the number of the next page to be output (the one currently being produced), rather than one minus it. Thus, it is normally initialized to 1 rather than 0. `\c@page` is defined to be `\count0`, rather than a count assigned by `\newcount`.

`\pagenumbering` The user sets the pagenumber style with the `\pagenumbering{`⟨*foo*⟩`}` command, which sets the page counter to 1 and defines `\thepage` to be `\foo`. For example, `\pagenumbering{roman}` causes pages to be numbered i, ii, etc.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\message{page nos.,}

\countdef\c@page=0 \c@page=1
\def\cl@page{}
\def\pagenumbering#1{%
  \global\c@page \@ne \gdef\thepage{\csname @#1\endcsname
   \c@page}}

⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File x
ltxref.dtx

52 Cross Referencing

The user writes `\label{`⟨*foo*⟩`}` to define the following cross-references:

`\ref{`⟨*foo*⟩`}`: value of most recently incremented referencable counter. in the current environment. (Chapter, section, theorem and enumeration counters counters are referencable, footnote counters are not.)

`\pageref{`⟨*foo*⟩`}`: page number at which `\label{foo}` command appeared. where foo can be any string of characters not containing '`\`', '`{`' or '`}`'.

Note: The scope of the `\label` command is delimited by environments, so
`\begin{theorem} \label{foo} ... \end{theorem} \label{bar}`
defines `\ref{foo}` to be the theorem number and `\ref{bar}` to be the current section number.

Note: `\label` does the right thing in terms of spacing – i.e., leaving a space on both sides of it is equivalent to leaving a space on either side.

52.1 Cross Referencing

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{x-ref,}
```

This is implemented as follows. A referencable counter CNT is incremented by the command `\refstepcounter{`CNT`}` , which sets `\@currentlabel` == `{`CNT`}`{eval(`\p@cnt\theCNT)`}. The command `\label{`FOO`}` then writes the following on file `\@auxout` :

```
      \newlabel{FOO}{{eval(\@currentlabel)}{eval(\thepage)}}

\ref{FOO} ==
  BEGIN
    if \r@foo undefined
      then  @refundefined := G T
            ??
            Warning: 'reference foo on page ... undefined'
      else  \@car \eval(\r@FOO)\@nil
    fi
  END

\pageref{foo} =
  BEGIN
    if \r@foo undefined
      then  @refundefined := G T
            ??
            Warning: 'reference foo on page ... undefined'
      else  \@cdr \eval(\r@FOO)\@nil
    fi
  END
```

\G@refundefinedtrue
\@refundefined

This does not save on name-space (since \G@refundefinedfalse was never needed) but it does make the implementation of such one-way switches more consistent. The extra macro to make the change is used since this change appears several times.

Note despite its name, \G@refundefinedtrue does *not* correspond to an \if command, and there is no matching ...false. It would be more natural to call the command \G@refundefined (as inspection of the change log will reveal) but unfortunately such a change would break any package that had defined a \ref-like command that mimicked the definition of \ref, calling \G@refundefinedtrue. Inspection of the TEX archives revealed several such packages, and so this command has been named ...true so that the definition of \ref need not be changed, and the packages will work without change.

```
% \newif\ifG@refundefined
% \def\G@refundefinedtrue{\global\let\ifG@refundefined\iftrue}
% \def\G@refundefinedfalse{\global\let\ifG@refundefined\iffalse}
\def\G@refundefinedtrue{%
  \gdef\@refundefined{%
    \@latex@warning@no@line{There were undefined references}}}
\let\@refundefined\relax
```

\ref
\pageref
\@setref

Referencing a \label. RmS 91/10/25: added a few extra \reset@font, as suggested by Bernd Raichle

RmS 92/08/14: made \ref and \pageref robust

RmS 93/09/08: Added setting of refundefined switch.

```
\def\@setref#1#2#3{%
  \ifx#1\relax
   \protect\G@refundefinedtrue
   \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
   \@latex@warning{Reference `#3' on page \thepage \space
            undefined}%
  \else
   \expandafter#2#1\null
  \fi}
\def\ref#1{\expandafter\@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname\@firstoftwo{#1}}
\def\pageref#1{\expandafter\@setref\csname r@#1\endcsname
                                    \@secondoftwo{#1}}
```

\newlabel

This command will be written to the .aux file to pass label information from one run to another.

\@newl@bel

The internal form of \newlabel and \bibcite. Note that this macro does it's work inside a group. That way the local assignments it needs to do don't clutter the save stack. This prevents large documents with many labels to run out of save stack.

```
\def\@newl@bel#1#2#3{{%
  \@ifundefined{#1@#2}%
    \relax
    {\gdef \@multiplelabels {%
       \@latex@warning@no@line{There were multiply-defined labels}}%
     \@latex@warning@no@line{Label `#2' multiply defined}}%
  \global\@namedef{#1@#2}{#3}}}
```

```
\def\newlabel{\@newl@bel r}
\@onlypreamble\@newl@bel
```

\if@multiplelabels
\@multiplelabels

This is redefined to produce a warning if at least one label is defined more than once. It is executed by the `\enddocument` command.

```
\let \@multiplelabels \relax
```

\label
\refstepcounter

The commands `\label` and `\refstepcounter` have been changed to allow `\protect`'ed commands to work properly. For example,

```
\def\thechapter{\protect\foo{\arabic{chapter}.\roman{section}}}
```

will cause a `\label{bar}` command to define `\ref{bar}` to expand to something like `\foo{4.d}`. Change made 20 Jul 88.

```
\def\label#1{\@bsphack
  \protected@write\@auxout{}%
          {\string\newlabel{#1}{{\@currentlabel}{\thepage}}}%
  \@esphack}
\def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}%
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel
       {\csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
```

\@currentlabel

For `\label` commands that come before any environment

```
\def\@currentlabel{}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

52.2 An extension of counter referencing

At the moment a reference to a counter `foo` will generate the equivalent of `\p@foo\thefoo` although not quite in this form. For some applications it would be nice of one could have `\thefoo` being an argument to `\p@foo` to be able to put material before and after the number generated by `\thefoo`. This can be easily achieved with a small change to one of the kernel commands as follows:

```
\def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}%
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel
       {\csname p@#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
```

The trick is to ensure that `\csname the#1\endcsname` is turned into a single token before `\p@...` is expanded further. This way, if the `\p@...` command is a macro with one argument it will receive `\the...`. With the kernel code (i.e., without the `\expandafter`) it will instead pick up `\csname` which would be disastrous.

Using `\expandafter` instead of braces delimiting the argument is better because, assuming that the `\p@...` command is not defined as a macro with one argument, the braces will stay and prohibit kerning that might otherwise happen between the glyphs generated by `\the...` and surrounding glyphs.

We have refrained from making this change in the kernel code although for existing documents it would be 100% backward compatible. The reason being

that any class or package making use of this functionality would then horribly fail with older LaTeX installations.

Instead we suggest that people who are interested in using this functionality in a document class or package add the redefinition to the class file. To ensure that this redefinition is properly applied they might want to test for the original definition first, e.g.

```
\CheckCommand*\refstepcounter[1]{\stepcounter{#1}%
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel
       {\csname p@#1\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
\renewcommand*\refstepcounter[1]{\stepcounter{#1}%
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel
       {\csname p@#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}%
}
```

File y
ltmiscen.dtx

53 Miscellaneous Environments

This section implements the basic environment mechanism, and also a few specific environments including `document`, The math environments and related commands, the 'flushing' environments, (`center`, `flushleft`, `flushright`), and `verbatim`.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{environments,}
```

53.1 Environments

`\begin{foo}` and `\end{foo}` are used to delimit environment `foo`.

`\begin{foo}` starts a group and calls `\foo` if it is defined, otherwise it does nothing.

`\end{foo}` checks to see that it matches the corresponding `\begin` and if so, it calls `\endfoo` and does an `\endgroup`. Otherwise, `\end{foo}` does nothing.

If `\end{foo}` needs to ignore blanks after it, then `\endfoo` should globally set the `@ignore` switch true with `\@ignoretrue` (this will automatically be global).

NOTE: `\@@end` is defined to be the `\end` command of TEX82.

`\enddocument` is the user's command for ending the manuscript file.

`\stop` is a panic button — to end TEX in the middle.

```
\enddocument ==
  BEGIN
   \@checkend{document}    %% checks for unmatched \begin
   \clearpage
   \begingroup
     if @filesw = true
       then   close file @mainaux
              if G@refundefined = true
               then LaTeX Warning: 'There are undefined references.' fi
              if @multiplelabels = true
                then LaTeX Warning:
                     'One or more label(s) multiply defined.'
                else
                \@setckpt {ARG1}{ARG2} == null
                \newlabel{LABEL}{VAL} ==
                     BEGIN
                       \reserved@a == VAL
                       if def(\reserved@a) = def(\r@LABEL)
                         else @tempswa := true              fi
                     END
                \bibcite{LABEL}{VAL} == null
                     BEGIN
                       \reserved@a == VAL
                       if def(\reserved@a) = def(\g@LABEL)
                         else @tempswa := true              fi
```

```
                    END
                @tempswa := false
                make @ a letter
                \input \jobname.AUX
                if @tempswa = true
                  then LaTeX Warning: 'Label may have changed.
                                      Rerun to get cross-references right.'
      fi      fi      fi
    \endgroup
    finish up
  END

  \@writefile{EXT}{ENTRY} ==
      if tf@EXT undefined
        else \write\tf@EXT{ENTRY}
      fi
```

`\@currenvir` The name of the current environment. Initialized to `document` to so that `\end{document}` works correctly.

```
\def\@currenvir{document}
```

`\if@ignore`
`\@ignoretrue`
`\@ignorefalse`

```
\def\@ignorefalse{\global\let\if@ignore\iffalse}
\def\@ignoretrue {\global\let\if@ignore\iftrue}
\@ignorefalse
```

`\ignorespacesafterend`

```
\let\ignorespacesafterend\@ignoretrue
```

`\enddocument`

```
\def\enddocument{%
```

The `\end{document}` hook is executed first. If necessary it can contain a `\clearpage` to output dangling floats first. In this position it can also contain something like `\end{foo}` so that the whole document effectively starts and ends with some special environment. However, this must be used with care, eg if two applications would use this without knowledge of each other the order of the environments will be wrong after all. `\AtEndDocument` is redefined at this point so that and such commands that get into the hook do not chase their tail...

```
  \let\AtEndDocument\@firstofone
  \@enddocumenthook
  \@checkend{document}%
  \clearpage
  \begingroup
    \if@filesw
      \immediate\closeout\@mainaux
      \let\@setckpt\@gobbletwo
      \let\@newl@bel\@testdef
```

The previous line is equiv to setting

```
\def\newlabel{\@testdef r}%
\def\bibcite{\@testdef b}%
```

We use `\@@input` to load the `.aux` file, so that it doesn't show up in the list of files produced by `\listfiles`.

```
      \@tempswafalse
      \makeatletter \@@input\jobname.aux
    \fi
    \@dofilelist
```

First we check for font size substitution bigger than `\fontsubfuzz`. The `\relax` is necessary because this is a macro not a register.

```
    \ifdim \font@submax >\fontsubfuzz\relax
```

In case you wonder about the `\@gobbletwo` inside the message below, this is a horrible hack to remove the tokens `\on@line.` that are added by `\@font@warning` at the end.

```
      \@font@warning{Size substitutions with differences\MessageBreak
                  up to \font@submax\space have occurred.\@gobbletwo}%
    \fi
```

The macro `\@defaultsubs` is initially `\relax` but gets redefined to produce a warning if there have been some default font substitutions.

```
    \@defaultsubs
```

The macro `\@refundefined` is initially `\relax` but gets redefined to produce a warning if there are undefined refs.

```
    \@refundefined
```

If a label is defined more than once, `\@tempswa` will always be true and thus produce a "Label(s) may ..." warning. But since a rerun will not solve that problem (unless one uses a package like `varioref` that generates labels on the fly), we suppress this message.

```
    \if@filesw
      \ifx \@multiplelabels \relax
        \if@tempswa
          \@latex@warning@no@line{Label(s) may have changed.
              Rerun to get cross-references right}%
        \fi
      \else
        \@multiplelabels
      \fi
    \fi
  \endgroup
  \deadcycles\z@\@@end}
```

`\@testdef`

```
\def\@testdef #1#2#3{%
  \def\reserved@a{#3}\expandafter \ifx \csname #1@#2\endcsname
 \reserved@a  \else \@tempswatrue \fi}
```

`\@writefile`

```
\long\def\@writefile#1#2{%
  \@ifundefined{tf@#1}\relax
    {\@temptokena{#2}%
     \immediate\write\csname tf@#1\endcsname{\the\@temptokena}%
    }%
}
```

\stop

```
\def\stop{\clearpage\deadcycles\z@\let\par\@@par\@@end}


\everypar{\@nodocument} %% To get an error if text appears before the
\nullfont               %% \begin{document}
```

\begin, \end, and \@checkend changed so \end{document} will catch an unmatched \begin. Changed 24 May 89 as suggested by Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Sch\"opf.

```
\begin{NAME} ==
 BEGIN
   IF \NAME undefined  THEN  \reserved@a == BEGIN report error
END
                       ELSE  \reserved@a ==
                                  (\@currenvir :=L NAME) \NAME
   FI
   @ignore :=G F       %% Added 30 Nov 88
   \begingroup
   \@endpe := F
   \@currenvir :=L NAME
   \NAME
 END

\end{NAME} ==
 BEGIN
  \endNAME
  \@checkend{NAME}
  \endgroup
  IF @endpe = T                %% @endpe set True by \@endparenv
    THEN \@doendpe             %% \@doendpe redefines \par and
\everypar
                               %% to suppress paragraph indentation in
  FI                           %% immediately following text
  IF @ignore = T
    THEN @ignore :=G F
         \ignorespaces
  FI
 END

\@checkend{NAME} ==
 BEGIN
  IF \@currenvir = NAME
    ELSE \@badend{NAME}
  FI
 END
```

\begin

```
\def\begin#1{%
  \@ifundefined{#1}%
    {\def\reserved@a{\@latex@error{Environment #1 undefined}\@eha}}%
    {\def\reserved@a{\def\@currenvir{#1}%
     \edef\@currenvline{\on@line}%
     \csname #1\endcsname}}%
  \@ignorefalse
  \begingroup\@endpefalse\reserved@a}
```

\end

```
\def\end#1{%
  \csname end#1\endcsname\@checkend{#1}%
  \expandafter\endgroup\if@endpe\@doendpe\fi
  \if@ignore\@ignorefalse\ignorespaces\fi}
```

\@checkend

```
\def\@checkend#1{\def\reserved@a{#1}\ifx
      \reserved@a\@currenvir \else\@badend{#1}\fi}
```

\@currenvline We do need a default value for \@currenvline on top-level since the document environment cancels the brace group. This means that a mismatch with \begin{document} will not produce a line number. Thus the outer default must be \@empty or we will end up with two spaces.

```
\let\@currenvline\@empty
```

53.2 Center, Flushright, Flushleft

```
\message{center,}
```

\center, \flushright and \flushleft set
  \rightskip = 0pt or \@flushglue (as appropriate)
  \leftskip = 0pt or \@flushglue (as appropriate)
  \parindent = 0pt
  \parfillskip   = 0pt. (except \flushleft)
  \\   == \par \vskip -\parskip
  \\[LENGTH] == \\ \vskip LENGTH
  *   == \par \penalty 10000 \vskip -\parskip
  *[LEN]   == * \vskip LENGTH

They invoke the trivlist environment to handle vertical spacing before and after them.

\centering, \raggedright and \raggedleft are the declaration analogs of the above.

\raggedright has a more universal effect, however. It sets \@rightskip := flushglue. Every environment, like the list environments,
that set \rightskip to its 'normal' value set it to \@rightskip

\@centercr

```
\def\@centercr{\ifhmode \unskip\else \@nolnerr\fi
       \par\@ifstar{\nobreak\@xcentercr}\@xcentercr}
```

\@xcentercr

```
\def\@xcentercr{\addvspace{-\parskip}\@ifnextchar
    [\@icentercr\ignorespaces}
```

\@icentercr

```
\def\@icentercr[#1]{\vskip #1\ignorespaces}
```

center We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.

```
\def\center{\trivlist \centering\item\relax}
\def\endcenter{\endtrivlist}
```

\centering

```
\def\centering{%
  \let\\\@centercr
  \rightskip\@flushglue\leftskip\@flushglue
  \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}
```

\@rightskip

```
\newskip\@rightskip \@rightskip \z@skip
```

flushleft We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.

```
\def\flushleft{\trivlist \raggedright\item\relax}
\def\endflushleft{\endtrivlist}
```

\raggedright

```
\def\raggedright{%
  \let\\\@centercr\@rightskip\@flushglue \rightskip\@rightskip
  \leftskip\z@skip
  \parindent\z@}
```

flushright We use \relax to prevent \item scanning too far.

```
\def\flushright{\trivlist \raggedleft\item\relax}
\def\endflushright{\endtrivlist}
```

\raggedleft

```
\def\raggedleft{%
  \let\\\@centercr
  \rightskip\z@skip\leftskip\@flushglue
  \parindent\z@\parfillskip\z@skip}
```

```
\message{verbatim,}
```

53.3 Verbatim

The verbatim environment uses the fixed-width `\ttfamily` font, turns blanks into spaces, starts a new line for each carriage return (or sequence of consecutive carriage returns), and interprets *every* character literally. I.e., all special characters `\, {, $`, etc. are `\catcode`'d to 'other'.

The command `\verb` produces in-line verbatim text, where the argument is delimited by any pair of characters. E.g., `\verb #...#` takes '`...`' as its argument, and sets it verbatim in `\ttfamily` font.

The *-variants of these commands are the same, except that spaces print as the TEXbook's space character instead of as blank spaces.

`\@vobeyspaces`

```
{\catcode`\ =\active%
\gdef\@vobeyspaces{\catcode`\ \active\let \@xobeysp}}
```

`\@xobeysp`

`\@xverbatim`
`\@sxverbatim`

```
\begingroup \catcode `|=0 \catcode `[= 1
\catcode`]=2 \catcode `\{=12 \catcode `\}=12
\catcode`\\=12 |gdef|@xverbatim#1\end{verbatim}[#1|end[verbatim]]
|gdef|@sxverbatim#1\end{verbatim*}[#1|end[verbatim*]]
|endgroup
```

`\@verbatim` Real start of verbatim environment We use `\relax` to prevent `\item` scanning too far.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017-04-15}{\@verbatim}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Disable hyphenation in verbatim}%
\def\@verbatim{\trivlist \item\relax
  \if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi
  \leftskip\@totalleftmargin\rightskip\z@skip
  \parindent\z@\parfillskip\@flushglue\parskip\z@skip
```

Added `\@@par` to clear possible `\parshape` definition from a surrounding list (the verbatim guru says). Switch language when in vertical mode.

```
  \@@par
```

Set `\language` here to suppress hyphenation. Done this way rather than setting `\hyphenchar` as that is a global setting.

```
  \language\l@nohyphenation
  \@tempswafalse
  \def\par{%
    \if@tempswa
```

A `\leavevmode` added: needed if, for example, a blank verbatim line is the first thing in a list item (wow!).

```
      \leavevmode \null \@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty
    \else
      \@tempswatrue
      \ifhmode\@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty\fi
    \fi}%
```

To allow customization we hide the font used in a separate macro.

```
  \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
  \obeylines \verbatim@font \@noligs
```

To avoid a breakpoint after the labels box, we remove the penalty put there by the list macros: another use of `\unpenalty`!

```
  \everypar \expandafter{\the\everypar \unpenalty}%
}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000-00-00}{\@verbatim}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Disable hyphenation in verbatim}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@verbatim{\trivlist \item\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \leftskip\@totalleftmargin\rightskip\z@skip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \parindent\z@\parfillskip\@flushglue\parskip\z@skip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@@par
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@tempswafalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \def\par{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@tempswa
⟨latexrelease⟩      \leavevmode \null \@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \@tempswatrue
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifhmode\@@par\penalty\interlinepenalty\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
⟨latexrelease⟩  \obeylines \verbatim@font \@noligs
⟨latexrelease⟩  \hyphenchar\font\m@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩  \everypar \expandafter{\the\everypar \unpenalty}%
⟨latexrelease⟩}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\verbatim` `\endverbatim` (RmS 93/09/19) Protected against 'missing item' error message triggered by empty verbatim environment.

```
\def\verbatim{\@verbatim \frenchspacing\@vobeyspaces \@xverbatim}
\def\endverbatim{\if@newlist \leavevmode\fi\endtrivlist}
```

`\verbatim@font` Macro to select the font used for verbatim typesetting. It also does other work if necessary for the font used.

```
\def\verbatim@font{\normalfont\ttfamily}
```

`verbatim*`

```
\@namedef{verbatim*}{\@verbatim\@sxverbatim}
\expandafter\let\csname endverbatim*\endcsname =\endverbatim
```

`\@makeother`

```
\def\@makeother#1{\catcode`#112\relax}
```

`\verb@balance@group`

```
\let\verb@balance@group\@empty
```

`\verb@egroup`

```
\def\verb@egroup{\global\let\verb@balance@group\@empty\egroup}
```

\verb@eol@error

```
\begingroup
  \obeylines%
  \gdef\verb@eol@error{\obeylines%
    \def^^M{\verb@egroup\@latex@error{%
            \noexpand\verb ended by end of line}\@ehc}}%
\endgroup
```

\verb Typesetting a small piece verbatim.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017-04-15}{\verb}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Disable hyphenation in verb}%
\def\verb{\relax\ifmmode\hbox\else\leavevmode\null\fi
  \bgroup
    \verb@eol@error \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
    \verbatim@font\@noligs
```

Set \language here to suppress hyphenation. Done this way rather than setting \hyphenchar as that is a global setting.

```
    \language\l@nohyphenation
    \@ifstar\@sverb\@verb}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000-00-00}{\verb}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Disable hyphenation in verb}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\verb{\relax\ifmmode\hbox\else\leavevmode\null\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \bgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩    \verb@eol@error \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
⟨latexrelease⟩    \verbatim@font\@noligs
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@ifstar\@sverb\@verb}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\@sverb Definitions of \@sverb and \@verb changed so \verb+ foo+ does not lose leading blanks when it comes at the beginning of a line. Change made 24 May 89. Suggested by Frank Mittelbach and Rainer Schöpf.

```
\def\@sverb#1{%
  \catcode`#1\active
  \lccode`\~`#1%
  \gdef\verb@balance@group{\verb@egroup
     \@latex@error{\noexpand\verb illegal in command argument}\@ehc}%
  \aftergroup\verb@balance@group
  \lowercase{\let~\verb@egroup}}%
```

\@verb

```
\def\@verb{\@vobeyspaces \frenchspacing \@sverb}
```

\verbatim@nolig@list

```
\def\verbatim@nolig@list{\do\`\do\<\do\>\do\,\do\'\do\-}
```

\do@noligs

```
\def\do@noligs#1{%
```

```
  \catcode`#1\active
  \begingroup
     \lccode`\~`#1\relax
     \lowercase{\endgroup\def~{\leavevmode\kern\z@\char`#1}}}
```

`\@noligs` To stay compatible with packages that use `\@noligs` we keep it.

```
\def\@noligs{\let\do\do@noligs \verbatim@nolig@list}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File z
ltmath.dtx

54 Math setup

This file contains a lot of the original plain TEX code, as well as the LATEX environments for math. It still needs sorting out.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{math definitions,}
```

54.1 Math commands based on plain TEX

54.1.1 The log-like functions

\log The standard operators:

```
3 \def\log{\mathop{\operator@font log}\nolimits}
4 \def\lg{\mathop{\operator@font lg}\nolimits}
5 \def\ln{\mathop{\operator@font ln}\nolimits}
6 \def\lim{\mathop{\operator@font lim}}
7 \def\limsup{\mathop{\operator@font lim\,sup}}
8 \def\liminf{\mathop{\operator@font lim\,inf}}
9 \def\sin{\mathop{\operator@font sin}\nolimits}
10 \def\arcsin{\mathop{\operator@font arcsin}\nolimits}
11 \def\sinh{\mathop{\operator@font sinh}\nolimits}
12 \def\cos{\mathop{\operator@font cos}\nolimits}
13 \def\arccos{\mathop{\operator@font arccos}\nolimits}
14 \def\cosh{\mathop{\operator@font cosh}\nolimits}
15 \def\tan{\mathop{\operator@font tan}\nolimits}
16 \def\arctan{\mathop{\operator@font arctan}\nolimits}
17 \def\tanh{\mathop{\operator@font tanh}\nolimits}
18 \def\cot{\mathop{\operator@font cot}\nolimits}
19 \def\coth{\mathop{\operator@font coth}\nolimits}
20 \def\sec{\mathop{\operator@font sec}\nolimits}
21 \def\csc{\mathop{\operator@font csc}\nolimits}
22 \def\max{\mathop{\operator@font max}}
23 \def\min{\mathop{\operator@font min}}
24 \def\sup{\mathop{\operator@font sup}}
25 \def\inf{\mathop{\operator@font inf}}
26 \def\arg{\mathop{\operator@font arg}\nolimits}
27 \def\ker{\mathop{\operator@font ker}\nolimits}
28 \def\dim{\mathop{\operator@font dim}\nolimits}
29 \def\hom{\mathop{\operator@font hom}\nolimits}
30 \def\det{\mathop{\operator@font det}}
31 \def\exp{\mathop{\operator@font exp}\nolimits}
32 \def\Pr{\mathop{\operator@font Pr}}
33 \def\gcd{\mathop{\operator@font gcd}}
34 \def\deg{\mathop{\operator@font deg}\nolimits}
```

\bmod And some operators have to be done by hand:

```
35 \def\bmod{%
36   \nonscript\mskip-\medmuskip\mkern5mu%
```

```
  \mathbin{\operator@font mod}\penalty900\mkern5mu%
  \nonscript\mskip-\medmuskip}

\pmod
\def\pmod#1{%
  \allowbreak\mkern18mu({\operator@font mod}\,\,#1)}
```

54.1.2 Biggggg

\big Variants on \big and friends for use with delimiters:

```
\def\bigl{\mathopen\big}
\def\bigm{\mathrel\big}
\def\bigr{\mathclose\big}
\def\Bigl{\mathopen\Big}
\def\Bigm{\mathrel\Big}
\def\Bigr{\mathclose\Big}
\def\biggl{\mathopen\bigg}
\def\biggm{\mathrel\bigg}
\def\biggr{\mathclose\bigg}
\def\Biggl{\mathopen\Bigg}
\def\Biggm{\mathrel\Bigg}
\def\Biggr{\mathclose\Bigg}
```

54.1.3 The UNSORTED Rest

The other math commands are lifted from plain TEX.

\jot
```
\newdimen\jot
\jot=3pt
```

\interdisplaylinepenalty
```
\newcount\interdisplaylinepenalty
\interdisplaylinepenalty=100
```

\choose
```
\def\choose{\atopwithdelims()}
```

\brack
```
\def\brack{\atopwithdelims[]}
```

\brace
```
\def\brace{\atopwithdelims\{\}}
```

\mathpalette
```
\def\mathpalette#1#2{%
  \mathchoice
    {#1\displaystyle{#2}}%
    {#1\textstyle{#2}}%
    {#1\scriptstyle{#2}}%
    {#1\scriptscriptstyle{#2}}}
```

```
\root
\rootbox
\r@@t
\newbox\rootbox
\def\root#1\of{%
  \setbox\rootbox\hbox{$\m@th\scriptscriptstyle{#1}$}%
  \mathpalette\r@@t}
\def\r@@t#1#2{%
  \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th#1\sqrtsign{#2}$}%
  \dimen@\ht\z@ \advance\dimen@-\dp\z@
  \mkern5mu\raise.6\dimen@\copy\rootbox
  \mkern-10mu\box\z@}

\phantom
\hphantom
\vphantom
\newif\ifv@
\newif\ifh@
\def\vphantom{\v@true\h@false\ph@nt}
\def\hphantom{\v@false\h@true\ph@nt}
\def\phantom{\v@true\h@true\ph@nt}
\def\ph@nt{%
  \ifmmode
    \expandafter\mathpalette\expandafter\mathph@nt
  \else
    \expandafter\makeph@nt
  \fi}
\def\makeph@nt#1{%
  \setbox\z@\hbox{\color@begingroup#1\color@endgroup}\finph@nt}
\def\mathph@nt#1#2{%
  \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th#1{#2}$}\finph@nt}
\def\finph@nt{%
  \setbox\tw@\null
  \ifv@ \ht\tw@\ht\z@ \dp\tw@\dp\z@\fi
  \ifh@ \wd\tw@\wd\z@\fi \box\tw@}

\mathstrut
\def\mathstrut{\vphantom(}

\smash
\def\smash{%
  \relax % \relax, in case this comes first in \halign
  \ifmmode
    \expandafter\mathpalette\expandafter\mathsm@sh
  \else
    \expandafter\makesm@sh
  \fi}
\def\makesm@sh#1{%
  \setbox\z@\hbox{\color@begingroup#1\color@endgroup}\finsm@sh}
\def\mathsm@sh#1#2{%
  \setbox\z@\hbox{$\m@th#1{#2}$}\finsm@sh}
\def\finsm@sh{\ht\z@\z@ \dp\z@\z@ \box\z@}
```

```
\buildrel
107 \def\buildrel#1\over#2{\mathrel{\mathop{\kern\z@#2}\limits^{#1}}}

\cases
108 \def\cases#1{\left\{\,\vcenter{\normalbaselines\m@th
109     \ialign{$##\hfil$&\quad{##}\hfil\crcr#1\crcr}}\right.}

\matrix
110 \def\matrix#1{\null\,\vcenter{\normalbaselines\m@th
111     \ialign{\hfil$##$\hfil&&\quad\hfil$##$\hfil\crcr
112       \mathstrut\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}
113       #1\crcr\mathstrut\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}}}\,}

\pmatrix
114 \def\pmatrix#1{\left(\matrix{#1}\right)}

\bordermatrix
115 \def\bordermatrix#1{\begingroup \m@th
116   \@tempdima 8.75\p@
117   \setbox\z@\vbox{%
118     \def\cr{\crcr\noalign{\kern2\p@\global\let\cr\endline}}%
119     \ialign{$##$\hfil\kern2\p@\kern\@tempdima&\thinspace\hfil$##$\hfil
120       &&\quad\hfil$##$\hfil\crcr
121       \omit\strut\hfil\crcr\noalign{\kern-\baselineskip}%
122       #1\crcr\omit\strut\cr}}%
123   \setbox\tw@\vbox{\unvcopy\z@\global\setbox\@ne\lastbox}%
124   \setbox\tw@\hbox{\unhbox\@ne\unskip\global\setbox\@ne\lastbox}%
125   \setbox\tw@\hbox{$\kern\wd\@ne\kern-\@tempdima\left(\kern-\wd\@ne
126     \global\setbox\@ne\vbox{\box\@ne\kern2\p@}%
127     \vcenter{\kern-\ht\@ne\unvbox\z@\kern-\baselineskip}\,\right)$}%
128   \null\;\vbox{\kern\ht\@ne\box\tw@}\endgroup}

\openup
129 \def\openup{\afterassignment\@penup\dimen@}
130 \def\@penup{\advance\lineskip\dimen@
131   \advance\baselineskip\dimen@
132   \advance\lineskiplimit\dimen@}

\displaylines
133 \newif\ifdt@p
134 \def\displ@y{\global\dt@ptrue\openup\jot\m@th
135   \everycr{\noalign{\ifdt@p \global\dt@pfalse \ifdim\prevdepth>-1000\p@
136       \vskip-\lineskiplimit \vskip\normallineskiplimit \fi
137       \else \penalty\interdisplaylinepenalty \fi}}
138 \def\@lign{\tabskip\z@skip\everycr{}} % restore inside \displ@y
139 \def\displaylines#1{\displ@y \tabskip\z@skip
140   \halign{\hb@xt@\displaywidth{$\@lign\hfil\displaystyle##\hfil$}\crcr
141     #1\crcr}}

\sp
\sb
142 \let\sp=^
143 \let\sb=_
```

\>
\;
\!

```
%\def\,{\mskip\thinmuskip}      % already defined in ltspace
\def\>{\mskip\medmuskip}
\def\;{\mskip\thickmuskip}
\def\!{\mskip-\thinmuskip}
```

*

```
\def\*{\discretionary{\thinspace\the\textfont2\char2}{}{}}
```

\: Nickname for the medium space since \> is not available inside `tabbing`.

```
\let\:=\>
```

\active@math@prime This is the definition of the active math prime.

```
\def\active@math@prime{^\bgroup\prim@s}
```

\prime@s

```
{\catcode`\'=\active \global\let'\active@math@prime}

\def\prim@s{%
  \prime\futurelet\@let@token\pr@m@s}

\def\pr@m@s{%
  \ifx'\@let@token
    \expandafter\pr@@@s
  \else
    \ifx^\@let@token
      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\pr@@@t
    \else
      \egroup
    \fi
  \fi}

\def\pr@@@s#1{\prim@s}

\def\pr@@@t#1#2{#2\egroup}

{\catcode`\_=\active \gdef_{\_}} % _ in math is
                                 % either subscript or \_
```

54.2 Math Environments

\(Produces `$...$` with checks that `\(` isn't used in math mode, and that `\)` is only
\) used in math mode begun with `\(`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\(}{Make \( robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\({%
  \relax\ifmmode\@badmath\else$\fi}%
\DeclareRobustCommand\){%
  \relax\ifmmode\ifinner$\else\@badmath\fi\else \@badmath\fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\(}{Make \( robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\({%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩  \relax\ifmmode\@badmath\else$\fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname\string( \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\){%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \relax\ifmmode\ifinner$\else\@badmath\fi\else \@badmath\fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname\string) \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\[` `\]` Produces `$$...$$` with checks that `\[` isn't used in math mode, and that `\]` is only used in display math mode (though there is no real test that this display math started with `\[` and not with `$$`).

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\[}{Make \[ robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\[{%
   \relax\ifmmode
      \@badmath
   \else
      \ifvmode
         \nointerlineskip
         \makebox[.6\linewidth]{}%
      \fi
      $$%%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
   \fi
}%
\DeclareRobustCommand\]{%
   \relax\ifmmode
      \ifinner
         \@badmath
      \else
         $$%%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
      \fi
   \else
      \@badmath
   \fi
   \ignorespaces
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\[}{Make \[ robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\[{%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \relax\ifmmode
⟨latexrelease⟩      \@badmath
⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifvmode
⟨latexrelease⟩         \nointerlineskip
⟨latexrelease⟩         \makebox[.6\linewidth]{}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩      $$%%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname\string[ \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\]{%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩   \relax\ifmmode
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifinner
⟨latexrelease⟩         \@badmath
⟨latexrelease⟩      \else
⟨latexrelease⟩         $$%%$$ BRACE MATCH HACK
⟨latexrelease⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \@badmath
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \ignorespaces
⟨latexrelease⟩}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname\string] \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`math` `displaymath` Disguises for `\(...\)` and `\[...\]`.

```
\let\math=\(
\let\endmath=\)

\def\displaymath{\[}
\def\enddisplaymath{\]\@ignoretrue}
```

`equation` `\c@equation` Numbered equations, using the counter `\c@equation`. *Note*: The document style must define `\theequation` etc., and do the appropriate `\@addtoreset`. It should also redefine `\@eqnnum` if another format for the equation number is desired other than the standard (...), or to move the equation numbers to the flushleft. (See comment on the `\def` of `\@eqnnum`.)

```
\@definecounter{equation}
\def\equation{$$\refstepcounter{equation}}
\def\endequation{\eqno \hbox{\@eqnnum}$$\@ignoretrue}
```

`\@eqnnum` Produces the equation number for equation and eqnarray environments. The following definition is for flushright numbers; for flushleft numbers, see leqno.clo. The equation number is set in black roman type even if an eqnarray environment appears in an italic environment.

```
\def\@eqnnum{{\normalfont \normalcolor (\theequation)}}
```

`\stackrel` A disguise for plain TEX's buildrel.

```
\def\stackrel#1#2{\mathrel{\mathop{#2}\limits^{#1}}}
```

`\frac` A disguise for plain TEX's `\over`.

```
\def\frac#1#2{{\begingroup#1\endgroup\over#2}}
```

`\sqrt` `\@sqrt` Add an optional argument to plain's `\sqrt` to give the nth root of an expression $\sqrt[n]{e}$.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\sqrt{\@ifnextchar[\@sqrt\sqrtsign}
\def\@sqrt[#1]{\root #1\of}
```

`eqnarray` `\@eqcnt` `\@eqpen` `\if@eqnsw` `\@eqnsel` Here's the eqnarray environment: Default is for left-hand side of equations to be flushright. To make them flushleft, `\let\@eqnsel = \hfil`.

```
\newcount\@eqcnt
```

```
\newcount\@eqpen
\newif\if@eqnsw\@eqnswtrue
\newskip\@centering
\@centering = 0pt plus 1000pt
```

To get a proper `\@currentlabel` we have to redefine it for the whole display. Note that we can't use `\refstepcounter` as this results in `\@currentlabel` getting restored at the wrong and thus always writing the first label to the `.aux` file.

```
\def\eqnarray{%
   \stepcounter{equation}%
   \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
   \global\@eqnswtrue
   \m@th
   \global\@eqcnt\z@
   \tabskip\@centering
   \let\\\@eqncr
   $$\everycr{}\halign to\displaywidth\bgroup
       \hskip\@centering$\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}$\@eqnsel
      &\global\@eqcnt\@ne\hskip \tw@\arraycolsep \hfil${##}$\hfil
      &\global\@eqcnt\tw@ \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
         $\displaystyle{##}$\hfil\tabskip\@centering
      &\global\@eqcnt\thr@@ \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup
         \tabskip\z@skip
      \cr
}
```

```
\def\endeqnarray{%
      \@@eqncr
      \egroup
      \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne
   $$\@ignoretrue
}
```

```
\let\@eqnsel=\relax
```

`\nonumber` Switches off equation numbering.

```
\def\nonumber{\global\@eqnswfalse}
```

`\@eqncr` `\@xeqncr` `\@yeqncr`

```
\def\@eqncr{%
   {\ifnum0=`}\fi
   \@ifstar{%
      \global\@eqpen\@M\@yeqncr
   }{%
      \global\@eqpen\interdisplaylinepenalty \@yeqncr
   }%
}
```

```
\def\@yeqncr{\@testopt\@xeqncr\z@skip}
```

```
\def\@xeqncr[#1]{%
   \ifnum0=`{\fi}%
   \@@eqncr
   \noalign{\penalty\@eqpen\vskip\jot\vskip #1\relax}%
}
```

\@@eqncr

```
\def\@@eqncr{\let\reserved@a\relax
    \ifcase\@eqcnt \def\reserved@a{& & &}\or \def\reserved@a{& &}%
     \or \def\reserved@a{&}\else
       \let\reserved@a\@empty
       \@latex@error{Too many columns in eqnarray environment}\@ehc\fi
     \reserved@a \if@eqnsw\@eqnnum\stepcounter{equation}\fi
     \global\@eqnswtrue\global\@eqcnt\z@\cr}
```

eqnarray* Here's the eqnarray* environment:

\@seqncr

```
\let\@seqncr=\@eqncr
\@namedef{eqnarray*}{\def\@eqncr{\nonumber\@seqncr}\eqnarray}
\@namedef{endeqnarray*}{\nonumber\endeqnarray}
```

\lefteqn `\lefteqn{FORMULA}` typesets `FORMULA` in display math style flushleft in a box of width zero.

```
\def\lefteqn#1{\rlap{$\displaystyle #1$}}
```

\ensuremath In math mode, `\ensuremath{text}` is equivalent to text; in LR or paragraph mode, it is equivalent to `$text$`. `\relax` is not needed in front of the `\ifmmode` as `\protect` will be `\let` to `\relax`. This version (due to Donald Arseneau) avoids duplicating its argument in the 'then' and 'else' part of the `\ifmath` which is necessary in nested 'tabular' like environments. See amslatex/2104.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\ensuremath}{%
  \ifmmode
    \expandafter\@firstofone
  \else
    \expandafter\@ensuredmath
  \fi}
```

\@ensuredmath The `\relax` stops `\ensuremath{}` starting display math.

```
\long\def\@ensuredmath#1{$\relax#1$}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

54.3 External options to the standard document classes

54.3.1 Left equation numbering

\@eqnnum To put the equation number on the left side of an equation we have to use a little trick. The number is shifted `\displaywidth` to the left inside a box of (approximately) zero width. This fails when the quation is too wide, the equation number than may overprint the equation itself.

⟨*leqno⟩

```
\renewcommand\@eqnnum{\hb@xt@.01\p@{}%
                      \rlap{\normalfont\normalcolor
                        \hskip -\displaywidth(\theequation)}}
```

⟨/leqno⟩

54.3.2 Flush left equations

To get the displayed math environments to print the contents flush left (with an indentation) we have to redefine all of LaTeX 2_ε's displayed math environments.

`\mathindent` The amount of indentation of the equations is stored in a register.

```
⟨*fleqn⟩
\newdimen\mathindent
```

The setting of `\mathindent` has to be deferred until the class file has been processed, because `\leftmargini` is still 0pt wide at the moment `fleqn.clo` is read in.

```
\AtEndOfClass{\mathindent\leftmargini}
```

`\[` Begin display math;

```
\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\[}{Make \[ robust}%
\DeclareRobustCommand\[{\relax
                \ifmmode\@badmath
                \else
                  \begin{trivlist}%
                    \@beginparpenalty\predisplaypenalty
                    \@endparpenalty\postdisplaypenalty
                    \item[]\leavevmode
                    \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup $\m@th\displaystyle %$
                      \hskip\mathindent\bgroup
                \fi}
\EndIncludeInRelease

\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\[}{Make \[ robust}%
\renewcommand\[{\relax
                \ifmmode\@badmath
                \else
                  \begin{trivlist}%
                    \@beginparpenalty\predisplaypenalty
                    \@endparpenalty\postdisplaypenalty
                    \item[]\leavevmode
                    \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup $\m@th\displaystyle %$
                      \hskip\mathindent\bgroup
                \fi}
\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\]` end display math;

```
\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\]}{Make \] robust}%
\DeclareRobustCommand\]{\relax
                \ifmmode
                      \egroup $\hfil% $
                    \egroup
                  \end{trivlist}%
                \else \@badmath
                \fi}
\EndIncludeInRelease

\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\]}{Make \] robust}%
\renewcommand\]{\relax
                \ifmmode
```

```
                        \egroup $\hfil% $
                      \egroup
                    \end{trivlist}%
                  \else \@badmath
                  \fi}
\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`equation` The equation environment

```
\renewenvironment{equation}%
    {\@beginparpenalty\predisplaypenalty
     \@endparpenalty\postdisplaypenalty
     \refstepcounter{equation}%
     \trivlist \item[]\leavevmode
       \hb@xt@\linewidth\bgroup $\m@th% $
         \displaystyle
         \hskip\mathindent}%
        {$\hfil % $
         \displaywidth\linewidth\hbox{\@eqnnum}%
       \egroup
     \endtrivlist}
```

`eqnarray` The eqnarray environment

```
\renewenvironment{eqnarray}{%
    \stepcounter{equation}%
    \def\@currentlabel{\p@equation\theequation}%
    \global\@eqnswtrue\m@th
    \global\@eqcnt\z@
    \tabskip\mathindent
    \let\\=\@eqncr
    \setlength\abovedisplayskip{\topsep}%
    \ifvmode
      \addtolength\abovedisplayskip{\partopsep}%
    \fi
```

When the documentclass uses a non-zero `\parskip` setting the `\topsep` might have a negative value to compensate for that. Therefore we add `\parskip` to `\abovedisplayskip`.

```
    \addtolength\abovedisplayskip{\parskip}%
    \setlength\belowdisplayskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
    \setlength\belowdisplayshortskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
    \setlength\abovedisplayshortskip{\abovedisplayskip}%
    $$\everycr{}\halign to\linewidth% $$
    \bgroup
      \hskip\@centering
      $\displaystyle\tabskip\z@skip{##}$\@eqnsel&%
      \global\@eqcnt\@ne \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep \hfil${##}$\hfil&%
      \global\@eqcnt\tw@ \hskip \tw@\arraycolsep
        $\displaystyle{##}$\hfil \tabskip\@centering&%
      \global\@eqcnt\thr@@
        \hb@xt@\z@\bgroup\hss##\egroup\tabskip\z@skip\cr}%
      {\@@eqncr
    \egroup
    \global\advance\c@equation\m@ne$$% $$
    \@ignoretrue
```

```
407     }
408 ⟨/fleqn⟩
```

File A
ltlists.dtx

55 List, and related environments

The generic commands for creating an indented environment – `enumerate`, `itemize`, `quote`, etc – are:

`\list{`⟨*LABEL*⟩`}{`⟨*COMMANDS*⟩`}` ... `\endlist`

which can be invoked by the user as the list environment. The LABEL argument specifies item labeling. COMMANDS contains commands for changing the horizontal and vertical spacing parameters.

Each item of the environment is begun by the command `\item[`ITEMLABEL`]` which produces an item labeled by ITEMLABEL. If the argument is missing, then the LABEL argument of the `\list` command is used as the item label.

The label is formed by putting `\makelabel{`⟨*ITEMLABEL*⟩`}` in an hbox whose width is either its natural width or else `\labelwidth`, whichever is larger. The `\list` command defines `\makelabel` to have the default definition:

`\makelabel{`⟨*ARG*⟩`}` == BEGIN `\hfil` ARG END

which, for a label of width less than `\labelwidth`, puts the label flushright, `\labelsep` to the left of the item's text. However, `\makelabel` can be `\let` to another command by the `\list`'s COMMANDS argument.

A `\usecounter{`⟨*foo*⟩`}` command in the second argument causes the counter *foo* to be initialized to zero, and stepped by every `\item` command without an argument. (`\label` commands within the list refer to this counter.)

When you leave a list environment, returning either to an enclosing list or normal text mode, LaTeX begins a new paragraph if and only if you leave a blank line after the `\end` command. This is accomplished by the `\@endparenv` command.

Blank lines are ignored every other reasonable place–i.e.:

- Between the `\begin{list}` and the first `\item`,
- Between the `\item` and the text of that item.
- Between the end of the last item and the `\end{list}`.

For an environment like quotation, in which items are not labeled, the entire environment is a single item. It is defined by letting `\quotation` == `\list{}{...}\item\relax`. (Note the `\relax`, there in case the first character in the environment is a '['.) The spacing parameters provide a great deal of flexability in designing the format, including the ability to let the indentation of the first paragraph be different from that of the subsequent ones.

The trivlist environment is equivalent to a list environment whose second argument sets the following parameter values:

`\leftmargin` **= 0:** causes no indentation of left margin

`\labelwidth` **= 0:** see below for precise effect this has.

`\itemindent` **= 0:** with a null label, makes first paragraph have no indentation. Succeeding paragraphs have `\parindent` indentation. To give first paragraph same indentation, set `\itemindent` = `\parindent` before the `\item[]`.

Every `\item` in a trivlist environment must have an argument—in many cases, this will be the null argument (`\item[]`). The trivlist environment is mainly used for paragraphing environments, like verbatim, in which there is no margin change. It provides the same vertical spacing as the list environment, and works reasonably well when it occurs immediately after an `\item` command in an enclosing list.

55.1 List and Trivlist

The following variables are used inside a list environment:

`\@totalleftmargin` The distance that the prevailing left margin is indented from the outermost left margin,

`\linewidth` The width of the current line. Must be initialized to `\hsize`.

`\@listdepth` A count for holding current list nesting depth.

`\makelabel` A macro with a single argument, used to generate the label from the argument (given or implied) of the `\item` command. Initialized to `\@mklab` by the `\list` command. This command must produce some stretch—i.e., an `\hfil`.

`\@inlabel` A switch that is false except between the time an `\item` is encountered and the time that TEX actually enters horizontal mode. Should be tested by commands that can be messed up by the list environment's use of `\everypar`.

`\box\@labels` When `@inlabel = true`, it holds the labels to be put out by `\everypar`.

`@noparitem` A switch set by `\list` when `@inlabel = true`. Handles the case of a `\list` being the first thing in an item.

`@noparlist` A switch set true for a list that begins an item. No `\topsep` space is added before or after `\item`'s such a list.

`@newlist` Set true by `\list`, set false by the first text (by `\everypar`).

`@noitemarg` Set true when executing an `\item` with no explicit argument. Used to save space. To save time, make two separate `\@item` commands.

`@nmbrlist` Set true by `\usecounter` command, causes list to be numbered.

`\@listctr` `\def`'ed by `\usecounter` to name of counter.

`\@noskipsec` A switch set true by a sectioning command when it is creating an in-text heading with `\everypar`.

Throughout a list environment, `\hsize` is the width of the current line, measured from the outermost left margin to the outermost right margin. Environments like tabbing should use `\linewidth` instead of `\hsize`.

Here are the parameters of a list that can be set by commands in the `\list`'s COMMANDS argument. These parameters are all TeX skips or dimensions (defined by `\newskip` or `\newdimen`), so the usual TEX or LATEX commands can be used to set them. The commands will be executed in vmode if and only if the `\list` was preceded by a `\par` (or something like an `\end{list}`), so the spacing parameters can be set according to whether the list is inside a paragraph or is its own paragraph.

55.2 Vertical Spacing (skips)

`\topsep`: Space between first item and preceding paragraph.

`\partopsep`: Extra space added to `\topsep` when environment starts a new paragraph (is called in vmode).

`\itemsep`: Space between successive items.

`\parsep`: Space between paragraphs within an item – the `\parskip` for this environment.

55.3 Penalties

`\@beginparpenalty`: put at the beginning of a list

`\@endparpenalty`: put at end of list

`\@itempenalty`: put between items.

55.4 Horizontal Spacing (dimens)

`\leftmargin`: space between left margin of enclosing environment (or of page if top level list) and left margin of this list. Must be nonnegative.

`\rightmargin`: analogous.

`\listparindent`: extra indentation at beginning of every paragraph of a list except the one started by the `\item` command. May be negative! Usually, labeled lists have `\listparindent` equal to zero.

`\itemindent`: extra indentation added right BEFORE an item label.

`\labelwidth`: nominal width of box that contains the label. If the natural width of the label <= `\labelwidth`, then the label is flushed right inside a box of width `\labelwidth` (with an `\hfil`). Otherwise, a box of the natural width is employed, which causes an indentation of the text on that line.

`\labelsep`: space between end of label box and text of first item.

55.5 Default Values

Defaults for the list environment are set as follows. First, `\rightmargin`, `\listparindent` and `\itemindent` are set to 0pt. Then, one of the commands `\@listi`, `\@listii`, ... , `\@listvi` is called, depending upon the current level of the list. The `\@list` ... commands should be defined by the document style. A convention that the document style should follow is to set `\leftmargin` to `\leftmargini`,..., `\leftmarginvi` for the appropriate level. Items that aren't changed may be left alone, but everything that could possibly be changed must be reset.

```
  \list{LABEL}{COMMANDS} ==
   BEGIN
     if \@listdepth > 5
       then LaTeX error: 'Too deeply nested'
       else \@listdepth :=G \@listdepth + 1
     fi
     \rightmargin      := 0pt
     \listparindent    := 0pt
     \itemindent       := 0pt
     \eval(@list \romannumeral\the\@listdepth)  %% Set default values:
     \@itemlabel       :=L LABEL
     \makelabel        == \@mklab
     @nmbrlist         :=L false
     COMMANDS

     \@trivlist                % commands common to \list and
\trivlist

     \parskip          :=L \parsep
     \parindent        :=L \listparindent
     \linewidth        :=L \linewidth - \rightmargin -\leftmargin
     \@totalleftmargin :=L \@totalleftmargin + \leftmargin
     \parshape 1 \@totalleftmargin \linewidth
     \ignorespaces                    % gobble space up to \item
    END

 \endlist == BEGIN \@listdepth :=G \@listdepth -1
                 \endtrivlist
             END

 \@trivlist ==
  BEGIN
     if @newlist = T then \@noitemerr fi
                      %% This command removed for some forgotten
reason.
     \@topsepadd :=L \topsep
     if @noskipsec then leave vertical mode fi  %% Added 11 Jun 85
     if vertical mode
       then \@topsepadd :=L \@topsepadd + \partopsep
       else \unskip \par             % remove glue from end of last line
```

```
      fi
      if @inlabel = true
         then @noparitem :=L true
              @noparlist :=L true
         else @noparlist :=L false
              \@topsep    :=L \@topsepadd
      fi
      \@topsep          :=L \@topsep + \parskip  %% Change 4 Sep 85
      \leftskip         :=L 0pt          % Restore paragraphing
parameters
      \rightskip        :=L \@rightskip
      \parfillskip      :=L 0pt + 1fil

   NOTE: \@setpar called on every \list in case \par has been
   temporarily  munged before the \list command.
      \@setpar{if @newlist = false then {\@@par} fi}
      \@newlist          :=G T
      \@outerparskip     :=L \parskip
 END

 \trivlist  ==
 BEGIN
  \parsep      := \parskip
  @nmbrlist := F
  \@trivlist
  \labelwidth := 0
  \leftmargin := 0
  \itemindent := \parindent
  \@itemlabel :=L "empty"           %% added 93/12/13
  \makelabel{LABEL} == LABEL
 END

 \endtrivlist ==
   BEGIN
     if @inlabel = T then \indent fi
     if horizontal mode then \unskip \par fi
     if @noparlist = true
       else if \lastskip > 0
                then \@tempskipa := \lastskip
                     \vskip - \lastskip
                     \vskip \@tempskipa -\@outerparskip + \parskip
            fi
            \@endparenv
     fi
   END

 \@endparenv ==
   BEGIN
    \addpenalty{@endparpenalty}
    \addvspace{\@topsepadd}
```

```
   \endgroup     %% ends the \begin command's \begingroup
   \par  ==   BEGIN
               \@restorepar
               \everypar{}
               \par
             END
   \everypar == BEGIN remove \lastbox \everypar{} END
   \begingroup  %% to match the \end commands \endgroup
  END

\item == BEGIN if math mode then WARNING fi
                 if  next char = [
                 then  \@item
                 else  @noitemarg := true
                       \@item[@itemlabel]
         END

\@item[LAB] ==
   BEGIN
    if @noparitem = true
      then @noparitem := false
                % NOTE: then clause  hardly every taken,
                %  so made a macro \@donoparitem
           \box\@labels :=G \hbox{\hskip -\leftmargin
                                  \box\@labels
                                  \hskip \leftmargin }
           if @minipage = false then
              \@tempskipa := \lastskip
              \vskip -\lastskip
              \vskip \@tempskipa + \@outerparskip - \parskip
           fi
      else if @inlabel = true
             then \indent \par   % previous item empty.
           fi
           if hmode then 2 \unskip's
                         % To remove any space at end of prev.
                         % paragraph that could cause a blank line.
                  \par
           fi
           if @newlist = T
              then if @nobreak = T    % Kludge if list follows \section
                     then \addvspace{\@outerparskip - \parskip}
                     else \addpenalty{\@beginparpenalty}
                          \addvspace{\@topsep}
                          \addvspace{-\parskip}   %% added 4 Sep 85
                   fi
              else \addpenalty{\@itempenalty}
                   \addvspace{\itemsep}
           fi
           @inlabel :=G true
```

```
      fi

      \everypar{ @minipage :=G F
                 @newlist :=G F
                 if  @inlabel = true
                   then @inlabel :=G false
                        \hskip -\parindent
                        \box\@labels
                        \penalty 0
                              %% 3 Oct 85  – allow line break here
                        \box\@labels :=G null
                 fi
                 \everypar{} }
      @nobreak :=G false
      if  @noitemarg = true
        then @noitemarg := false
             if @nmbrlist
               then \refstepcounter{\@listctr}
      fi     fi
      \@tempboxa   :=L \hbox{\makelabel{LAB}}
      \box\@labels :=G \@labels \hskip \itemindent
                       \hskip - (\labelwidth + \labelsep)
                       if \wd \@tempboxa > \labelwidth
                          then \box\@tempboxa
                          else \hbox to \labelwidth
{\unhbox\@tempboxa}
                       fi
                       \hskip\labelsep
      \ignorespaces                          %gobble space up to text
    END

    \makelabel{LABEL} == ERROR    %% default to catch lonely \item


    \usecounter{CTR} == BEGIN  @nmbrlist :=L true
                               \@listctr == CTR
                               \setcounter{CTR}{0}
                        END
```

DEFINE `\dimen`'s and `\count`

```
\topskip
\partopsep
\itemsep
\parsep
\@topsep
\@topsepadd
\outerparskip
```

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \newskip\topsep
3 \newskip\partopsep
4 \newskip\itemsep
5 \newskip\parsep
6 \newskip\@topsep
7 \newskip\@topsepadd
8 \newskip\@outerparskip
```

```
      \leftmargin
     \rightmargin
  \listparindent
     \itemindent
     \labelwidth
       \labelsep
\@totalleftmargin
\newdimen\leftmargin
\newdimen\rightmargin
\newdimen\listparindent
\newdimen\itemindent
\newdimen\labelwidth
\newdimen\labelsep
\newdimen\linewidth
\newdimen\@totalleftmargin \@totalleftmargin=\z@

     \leftmargini
    \leftmarginii
   \leftmarginiii
    \leftmarginiv
     \leftmarginv
    \leftmarginvi
\newdimen\leftmargini
\newdimen\leftmarginii
\newdimen\leftmarginiii
\newdimen\leftmarginiv
\newdimen\leftmarginv
\newdimen\leftmarginvi

      \@listdepth
    \@itempenalty
\@beginparpenalty
  \@endparpenalty
\newcount\@listdepth \@listdepth=0
\newcount\@itempenalty
\newcount\@beginparpenalty
\newcount\@endparpenalty

        \@labels
\newbox\@labels

      \if@inlabel
   \@inlabelfalse
    \@inlabeltrue
      \if@newlist
   \@newlistfalse
    \@newlisttrue
    \if@noparitem
 \@noparitemfalse
  \@noparitemtrue
   \if@noparlist
 \@noparlistfalse
  \@noparlisttrue
   \if@noitemarg
 \@noitemargfalse
  \@noitemargtrue
     \if@newlist
   \@newlistfalse
    \@newlisttrue
\newif\if@inlabel \@inlabelfalse

\newif\if@newlist   \@newlistfalse

\newif\if@noparitem \@noparitemfalse

\newif\if@noparlist \@noparlistfalse

\newif\if@noitemarg \@noitemargfalse

\newif\if@nmbrlist  \@nmbrlistfalse

            \list
\def\list#1#2{%
  \ifnum \@listdepth >5\relax
    \@toodeep
  \else
    \global\advance\@listdepth\@ne
  \fi
  \rightmargin\z@
```

```
  \listparindent\z@
  \itemindent\z@
  \csname @list\romannumeral\the\@listdepth\endcsname
  \def\@itemlabel{#1}%
  \let\makelabel\@mklab
  \@nmbrlistfalse
  #2\relax
  \@trivlist
  \parskip\parsep
  \parindent\listparindent
  \advance\linewidth -\rightmargin
  \advance\linewidth -\leftmargin
  \advance\@totalleftmargin \leftmargin
  \parshape \@ne \@totalleftmargin \linewidth
  \ignorespaces}
```

`\par@deathcycles`

```
\newcount\par@deathcycles
```

`\@trivlist` Because `\par` is sometimes made a no-op it is possible for a missing `\item` to produce a loop that does not fill memory and so never gets trapped by TEX. We thus need to trap this here by seting `\par` to count the number of times a paragraph ii is called with no progress being made started.

```
\def\@trivlist{%
  \if@noskipsec \leavevmode \fi
  \@topsepadd \topsep
  \ifvmode
    \advance\@topsepadd \partopsep
  \else
    \unskip \par
  \fi
  \if@inlabel
    \@noparitemtrue
    \@noparlisttrue
  \else
    \if@newlist \@noitemerr \fi
    \@noparlistfalse
    \@topsep \@topsepadd
  \fi
  \advance\@topsep \parskip
  \leftskip \z@skip
  \rightskip \@rightskip
  \parfillskip \@flushglue
  \par@deathcycles \z@
  \@setpar{\if@newlist
              \advance\par@deathcycles \@ne
              \ifnum \par@deathcycles >\@m
                \@noitemerr
                {\@@par}%
              \fi
            \else
              {\@@par}%
            \fi}%
  \global \@newlisttrue
```

```
  \@outerparskip \parskip}
```

\trivlist

```
\def\trivlist{%
  \parsep\parskip
  \@nmbrlistfalse
  \@trivlist
  \labelwidth\z@
  \leftmargin\z@
  \itemindent\z@
```

We initialise `\@itemlabel` so that a `trivlist` with an `\item` not having an optional argument doesn't produce an error message.

```
  \let\@itemlabel\@empty
  \def\makelabel##1{##1}}
```

\endlist

```
\def\endlist{%
  \global\advance\@listdepth\m@ne
  \endtrivlist}
```

The definition of `\trivlist` used to be in ltspace.dtx so that other commands could be 'let to it'. They now use `\def`.

\endtrivlist

```
\def\endtrivlist{%
  \if@inlabel
    \leavevmode
    \global \@inlabelfalse
  \fi
  \if@newlist
    \@noitemerr
    \global \@newlistfalse
  \fi
  \ifhmode\unskip \par
```

We also check if we are in math mode and issue an error message if so (hoping that `\@currenvir` resolves suitably). Otherwise the usual "perhaps a missing item" error will get triggered later which is confusing.

```
  \else
    \@inmatherr{\end{\@currenvir}}%
  \fi
  \if@noparlist \else
    \ifdim\lastskip >\z@
      \@tempskipa\lastskip \vskip -\lastskip
      \advance\@tempskipa\parskip \advance\@tempskipa -\@outerparskip
      \vskip\@tempskipa
    \fi
    \@endparenv
  \fi
}
```

\@endparenv
\@doendpe

To suppress the paragraph indentation in text immediately following a paragraph-making environment, `\everypar` is changed to remove the space, and `\par` is

redefined to restore \everypar. Instead of redefining \par and \everypar, \@endparenv was changed to set the @endpe switch, letting \end redefine \par and \everypar.

This allows paragraph-making environments to work right when called by other environments. (Changed 27 Oct 86)

```
\def\@endparenv{%
  \addpenalty\@endparpenalty\addvspace\@topsepadd\@endpetrue}

⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@doendpe}{clubpenalty fix}%
\def\@doendpe{\@endpetrue
     \def\par{\@restorepar
```

If a section heading changes \clubpenalty to keep lines after it together then this modification is restored via the \everypar mechanism at the start of the next paragraph. As we destroy the contents of this token here we explicity set \clubpenalty back to its default.

```
              \clubpenalty\@clubpenalty
              \everypar{}\par\@endpefalse}\everypar
```

Use \setbox0=\lastbox instead of \hskip -\parindent so that a \noindent becomes a no-op when used before a line immediately following a list environment(23 Oct 86).

```
               {{\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
                \everypar{}\@endpefalse}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease

⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@doendpe}{clubpenalty fix}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@doendpe{\@endpetrue
⟨latexrelease⟩     \def\par{\@restorepar\everypar{}\par\@endpefalse}\everypar
⟨latexrelease⟩                {{\setbox\z@\lastbox}\everypar{}\@endpefalse}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

\if@endpe
\@endpefalse
\@endpeltrue

```
\newif\if@endpe
\@endpefalse
```

\@mklab

```
\def\@mklab#1{\hfil #1}
```

\item

```
\def\item{%
  \@inmatherr\item
  \@ifnextchar [\@item{\@noitemargtrue \@item[\@itemlabel]}}
```

\@donoparitem

```
\def\@donoparitem{%
  \@noparitemfalse
  \global\setbox\@labels\hbox{\hskip -\leftmargin
                              \unhbox\@labels
                               \hskip \leftmargin}%
  \if@minipage\else
    \@tempskipa\lastskip
    \vskip -\lastskip
```

```
    \advance\@tempskipa\@outerparskip
    \advance\@tempskipa -\parskip
    \vskip\@tempskipa
  \fi}
```

\@item

```
\def\@item[#1]{%
  \if@noparitem
    \@donoparitem
  \else
    \if@inlabel
      \indent \par
    \fi
    \ifhmode
      \unskip\unskip \par
    \fi
    \if@newlist
      \if@nobreak
        \@nbitem
      \else
        \addpenalty\@beginparpenalty
        \addvspace\@topsep
        \addvspace{-\parskip}%
      \fi
    \else
      \addpenalty\@itempenalty
      \addvspace\itemsep
    \fi
    \global\@inlabeltrue
  \fi
  \everypar{%
    \@minipagefalse
    \global\@newlistfalse
```

This `\if@inlabel` check is needed in case an item starts of inside a group so that `\everypar` does not become empty outside that group. nobreakfalse, etc etc.

```
    \if@inlabel
      \global\@inlabelfalse
```

The paragraph indent is now removed by using `\setbox...` since this makes `\noindent` a no-op here, as it should be. Thus the following comment is redundant but is left here for the sake of future historians: this next command was changed from an hskip to a kern to avoid a break point after the parindent box: the skip could cause a line-break if a very long label occurs in raggedright setting.

If `\noindent` was used after `\item` want to cancel the `\itemindent` skip. This case can be detected as the indentation box will be void.

```
      {\setbox\z@\lastbox
       \ifvoid\z@
         \kern-\itemindent
       \fi}%
      \box\@labels
      \penalty\z@
    \fi
```

This code is intended to prevent a page break after the first line of an item that comes immediately after a section title. It may be sensible to always forbid a page break after one line of an item? As with all such settings of `\clubpenalty` it is local so will have no effect if the item starts in a group.

Only resetting `\@nobreak` when it is true is now essential since now it is sometimes set locally.

```
    \if@nobreak
      \@nobreakfalse
      \clubpenalty \@M
    \else
      \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
      \everypar{}%
    \fi}%

  \if@noitemarg
    \@noitemargfalse
    \if@nmbrlist

      \refstepcounter\@listctr
    \fi
  \fi
```

We use `\sbox` to support colour commands.

```
  \sbox\@tempboxa{\makelabel{#1}}%
  \global\setbox\@labels\hbox{%
    \unhbox\@labels
    \hskip \itemindent
    \hskip -\labelwidth
    \hskip -\labelsep
    \ifdim \wd\@tempboxa >\labelwidth
      \box\@tempboxa

    \else
      \hbox to\labelwidth {\unhbox\@tempboxa}%
    \fi
    \hskip \labelsep}%
  \ignorespaces}
```

`\makelabel`

```
\def\makelabel#1{%
  \@latex@error{Lonely \string\item--perhaps a missing
        list environment}\@ehc}
```

`\@nbitem`

```
\def\@nbitem{%
  \@tempskipa\@outerparskip
  \advance\@tempskipa -\parskip
  \addvspace\@tempskipa}
```

`\usecounter`

```
\def\usecounter#1{\@nmbrlisttrue\def\@listctr{#1}\setcounter{#1}\z@}
```

55.6 Itemize and Enumerate

Enumeration is done with four counters: `enumi`, `enumii`, `enumiii` and `enumiv`, where `enum`N controls the numbering of the Nth level enumeration. The label is generated by the commands `\labelenumi` ... `\labelenumiv`, which should be defined by the document style. Note that `\p@enum`N`\theenum`N defines the output of a `\ref` command. A typical definition might be:

```
\def\theenumii{\alph{enumii}}
\def\p@enumii{\theenumi}
\def\labelenumii{(\theenumii)}
```

which will print the labels as '(a)', '(b)', ... and print a `\ref` as '3a'.

The item numbers are moved to the right of the label box, so they are always a distance of `\labelsep` from the item.

`\@enumdepth` holds the current enumeration nesting depth.

Itemization is controlled by four commands: `\labelitemi`, `\labelitemii`, `\labelitemiii`, and `\labelitemiv`. To cause the second-level list to be bulleted, you just define `\labelitemii` to be •. `\@itemspacing` and `\@itemdepth` are the analogs of `\@enumspacing` and `\@enumdepth`.

```
\enumerate ==
  BEGIN
    if \@enumdepth > 3
      then errormessage: "Too deeply nested".
      else \@enumdepth :=L \@enumdepth + 1
           \@enumctr :=L eval(enum@\romannumeral\the\@enumdepth)
           \list{\label(\@enumctr)}
                {\usecounter{\@enumctr}
                 \makelabel{LABEL} ==  \hss \llap{LABEL}}
    fi
  END

\endenumerate == \endlist
```

`\@enumdepth`

```
226 \newcount\@enumdepth \@enumdepth = 0
```

`\c@enumi`
`\c@enumii`
`\c@enumii`
`\c@enumiv`

```
227 \@definecounter{enumi}
228 \@definecounter{enumii}
229 \@definecounter{enumiii}
230 \@definecounter{enumiv}
```

`enumerate`

```
231 \def\enumerate{%
232   \ifnum \@enumdepth >\thr@@\@toodeep\else
233     \advance\@enumdepth\@ne
234     \edef\@enumctr{enum\romannumeral\the\@enumdepth}%
235       \expandafter
236       \list
237         \csname label\@enumctr\endcsname
```

```
        {\usecounter\@enumctr\def\makelabel##1{\hss\llap{##1}}}%
  \fi}
\let\endenumerate =\endlist
```

```
\itemize ==
  BEGIN
    if \@itemdepth > 3
      then  errormessage: 'Too deeply nested'.
      else \@itemdepth :=L \@itemdepth + 1
           \@itemitem  ==
eval(labelitem\romannumeral\the\@itemdepth)
           \list{\@nameuse{\@itemitem}}
                 {\makelabel{LABEL} ==  \hss \llap{LABEL}}
    fi
  END

\enditemize ==  \endlist
```

\@itemdepth

```
\newcount\@itemdepth \@itemdepth = 0
```

itemize

```
\def\itemize{%
  \ifnum \@itemdepth >\thr@@\@toodeep\else
    \advance\@itemdepth\@ne
    \edef\@itemitem{labelitem\romannumeral\the\@itemdepth}%
    \expandafter
    \list
      \csname\@itemitem\endcsname
      {\def\makelabel##1{\hss\llap{##1}}}%
  \fi}
\let\enditemize =\endlist
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File B
ltboxes.dtx

56 LaTeX Box commands

\makebox `\makebox[⟨wid⟩][⟨pos⟩]{⟨obj⟩}`
Puts ⟨*obj*⟩ in an `\hbox` of width ⟨*wid*⟩, positioned by ⟨*pos*⟩.

The possible ⟨*pos*⟩ are:
`s` stretched,
`l` flushleft,
`r` flushright,
`c` (default) centred.

If ⟨*wid*⟩ is missing, then ⟨*pos*⟩ is also missing and ⟨*obj*⟩ is put in an `\hbox` of its natural width.

`\makebox(⟨x⟩,⟨y⟩)[⟨pos⟩]{⟨obj⟩}`
Puts ⟨*obj*⟩ in an `\hbox` of width x∗`\unitlength` and height y∗`\unitlength`. ⟨*pos*⟩ arguments are `s`, `l`, `r` or `c` (default) for stretched, flushleft, flushright or centred, and `t` or `b` for top, bottom – or combinations like `tr` or `rb`. Default for horizontal and vertical are centered. Note that in this picture mode version of `\makebox` a [b] aligns on the *bottom* of the text as documented. If you want to align on the *baseline* use `\makebox( , )[b]{\raisebox{0pt}[\height][0pt]{xyz}}` or `\makebox( , )[b]{\smash{xyz}}`

\mbox `\mbox{⟨obj⟩}` The same as `\makebox{⟨obj⟩}`, but is more efficient as no checking for optional arguments is done.

\newsavebox `\newsavebox{\cmd}` : If `\cmd` is undefined, then defines it to be a TEX box register.

\savebox `\savebox{\cmd} ...` : `\cmd` is defined to be a TEX box register, and the '...' are any `\makebox` arguments. It is like `\makebox`, except it doesn't produce text but saves the value in `\box \cmd`.

\sbox `\sbox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨obj⟩}` is an efficient abbreviation for `\savebox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨obj⟩}`.

lrbox `\begin{lrbox}{⟨cmd⟩}⟨text⟩\end{lrbox}` is equivalent to `\sbox{⟨cmd⟩}{⟨text⟩}`
except that any white space at the beginning and end of ⟨*text*⟩ is ignored.

\framebox `\framebox ...` : like `\makebox`, except it puts a 'frame' around the box. The frame is made of lines of thickness `\fboxrule`, separated by space `\fboxsep` from the text – except for `\framebox(X,Y) ...` , where the thickness of the lines is as for the picture environment, and there is no separation added.

\fbox `\fbox{⟨obj⟩}` is an abbreviation for `\framebox{⟨obj⟩}`.

\parbox `\parbox[⟨pos⟩][⟨height⟩][⟨inner-pos⟩]{⟨width⟩}{⟨text⟩}` : Makes a box with `\hsize` ⟨*width*⟩, positioned by ⟨*pos*⟩ as follows: c : `\vcenter` (placed in `$...$` if not in math mode) b : `\vbox` t : `\vtop` default value is c. Sets `\hsize` := ⟨*width*⟩ and calls `\@parboxrestore`, which does the following: Restores the original definitions of:

\par
\\
\-
\’
\‘
\=

Resets the following parameters:

\parindent	=	0pt	
\parskip	=	0pt	added 20 Jan 87
\linewidth	=	\hsize	
\@totalleftmargin	=	0pt	
\leftskip	=	0pt	
\rightskip	=	0pt	
\@rightskip	=	0pt	
\parfillskip	=	0pt plus 1fil	
\lineskip	=	\normallineskip	
\baselineskip	=	\normalbaselineskip	

Calls \sloppy

Note: \@arrayparboxrestore same as \@parboxrestore but it doesn't restore \\.

minipage

minipage : Similar to \parbox, except it also makes this look like a page by setting

\textwidth == \columnwidth == box width

changes footnotes by redefining:

\@mpfn == mpfootnote

\thempfn == \thempfootnote

\@footnotetext == \@mpfootnotetext

resets the following list environment parameters:

\@listdepth == \@mplistdepth

where \@mplistdepth is initialized to zero,

and executes \@minipagerestore to allow the document style to reset any other parameters it desires. It sets @minipage true, and resets \everypar to set it false. This switch keeps \addvspace from putting space at the top of a minipage.

Change added 24 May 89: \minipage sets @minipage globally; \endminipage resets it false.

\rule

\rule[⟨*raised*⟩]{⟨*width*⟩}{⟨*height*⟩} : Makes a ⟨*width*⟩ ∗ ⟨*height*⟩ rule, raised ⟨*raised*⟩.

\underline

\underline{⟨*text*⟩} : Makes an underlined hbox with ⟨*text*⟩ in it.

\raisebox

\raisebox{⟨*distance*⟩}[⟨*height*⟩][⟨*depth*⟩]{⟨*box*⟩} :

Raises ⟨*box*⟩ up by ⟨*distance*⟩ length (down if ⟨*distance*⟩ negative). Makes TEX think that the new box extends ⟨*height*⟩ above the line and ⟨*depth*⟩ below, for a total vertical length of ⟨*height*⟩+⟨*depth*⟩. Default values of ⟨*height*⟩ & ⟨*depth*⟩ = actual height and depth of box in new position.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\message{boxes,}
```

\makebox

\makebox User level command just looks for optional [or (.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\makebox}{Make \makebox robust}%
```

```
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\makebox{%
  \leavevmode
  \@ifnextchar(%)
    \@makepicbox
    {\@ifnextchar[\@makebox\mbox}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\makebox}{Make \makebox robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\makebox{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \leavevmode
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ifnextchar(%)
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@makepicbox
⟨latexrelease⟩    {\@ifnextchar[\@makebox\mbox}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname makebox \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\mbox` The basic horizontal box command for LaTeX.

```
\long\def\mbox#1{\leavevmode\hbox{#1}}
```

`\@makebox` Look for a possible second optional argument (defaults to `c`).

```
\def\@makebox[#1]{%
  \@ifnextchar [{\@imakebox[#1]}{\@imakebox[#1][c]}}
```

`\@begin@tempboxa` Helper macro for supporting `\height`, `\width` etc. Grab `#1` into `\@tempboxa` and measure it.

```
\long\def\@begin@tempboxa#1#2{%
   \begingroup
     \setbox\@tempboxa#1{\color@begingroup#2\color@endgroup}%
     \def\width{\wd\@tempboxa}%
     \def\height{\ht\@tempboxa}%
     \def\depth{\dp\@tempboxa}%
     \let\totalheight\@ovri
     \totalheight\height
     \advance\totalheight\depth}
```

`\@end@tempboxa` End the group started by `\@begin@tempboxa`, so that the scope of `\height` only includes the 'length' argument to the user-command.

```
\let\@end@tempboxa\endgroup
```

`\bm@c` `\bm@l` `\bm@r` `\bm@s` `\bm@t` `\bm@b` Set up spacing.

```
\def\bm@c{\hss\unhbox\@tempboxa\hss}
\def\bm@l{\unhbox\@tempboxa\hss}\let\bm@t\bm@l
\def\bm@r{\hss\unhbox\@tempboxa}\let\bm@b\bm@r
\def\bm@s{\unhbox\@tempboxa}
```

`\@imakebox` Internal form of `\makebox`.

```
\long\def\@imakebox[#1][#2]#3{%
  \@begin@tempboxa\hbox{#3}%
    \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%       support calc
    \hb@xt@\@tempdima{\csname bm@#2\endcsname}%
  \@end@tempboxa}
```

`\@makepicbox` Picture mode form of `\makebox`.

```
\def\@makepicbox(#1,#2){%
  \@ifnextchar[{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)}{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[]}}
```

`\@imakepicbox` picture mode version

```
\long\def\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]#4{%
  \vbox to#2\unitlength
   {\let\mb@b\vss \let\mb@l\hss\let\mb@r\hss
    \let\mb@t\vss
    \@tfor\reserved@a :=#3\do{%
      \if s\reserved@a
        \let\mb@l\relax\let\mb@r\relax
      \else
        \expandafter\let\csname mb@\reserved@a\endcsname\relax
      \fi}%
    \mb@t
    \hb@xt@ #1\unitlength{\mb@l #4\mb@r}%
    \mb@b
```

This kern ensures that a `b` option aligns on the bottom of the text rather than the baseline. this is the documented behaviour in the LaTeXBook. The kern is removed in compatibility mode.

```
    \kern\z@}}
```

`\set@color` This macro is initially a no-op, but the colour package will redefine it to insert a `\special`.

```
\let\set@color\relax
```

`\color@begingroup` `\color@endgroup` `\color@setgroup` `\normalcolor` `\color@hbox` `\color@vbox` `\color@endbox` These macros are initially a no-op, but the colour package will redefine them to be `\begingroup`, `\endgroup`, `\begingroup\set@color`, `\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup`, `\color@endgroup\egroup`. and ⟨*set to main document colour*⟩ respectively.

```
\let\color@begingroup\relax
\let\color@endgroup\relax
\let\color@setgroup\relax
\let\normalcolor\relax
\let\color@hbox\relax
\let\color@vbox\relax
\let\color@endbox\relax
```

`\newsavebox` Allocate a new 'savebox'.

```
\def\newsavebox#1{\@ifdefinable{#1}{\newbox#1}}
```

`\savebox` Save `#1` in a box register.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\savebox}{Make \savebox robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\savebox[1]{%
  \@ifnextchar(%)
    {\@savepicbox#1}{\@ifnextchar[{\@savebox#1}{\sbox#1}}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                   {\savebox}{Make \savebox robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\savebox#1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@ifnextchar(%)
⟨latexrelease⟩     {\@savepicbox#1}{\@ifnextchar[{\@savebox#1}{\sbox#1}}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname savebox \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\sbox` Save `#1` in a box register.

```
\long\def\sbox#1#2{\setbox#1\hbox{%
  \color@setgroup#2\color@endgroup}}
```

`\@savebox` Look for second optional argument.

```
\def\@savebox#1[#2]{%
  \@ifnextchar [{\@isavebox#1[#2]}{\@isavebox#1[#2][c]}}
```

`\@isavebox`

```
\long\def\@isavebox#1[#2][#3]#4{%
  \sbox#1{\@imakebox[#2][#3]{#4}}}
```

`\@savepicbox` Picture mode version of `\savebox`.

```
\def\@savepicbox#1(#2,#3){%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)}{\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)[]}}
```

`\@isavepicbox` Picture mode version of `\savebox`.

```
\long\def\@isavepicbox#1(#2,#3)[#4]#5{%
  \sbox#1{\@imakepicbox(#2,#3)[#4]{#5}}}
```

`\lrbox` `lrbox`: the new environment form of `\sbox`. Use `\aftergroup` tricks to enable a *local* assignment to be made to the box, in a way that it still has an effect *outside* the `lrbox` environment.

```
\def\lrbox#1{%
  \edef\reserved@a{%
    \endgroup
    \setbox#1\hbox{%
      \begingroup\aftergroup}%
        \def\noexpand\@currenvir{\@currenvir}%
        \def\noexpand\@currenvline{\on@line}}%
  \reserved@a
    \@endpefalse
    \color@setgroup
      \ignorespaces}
```

`\endlrbox` End the `lrbox` environment.

```
\def\endlrbox{\unskip\color@endgroup}
```

`\usebox` unchanged

```
\def\usebox#1{\leavevmode\copy #1\relax}
```

`\frame` The following definition of `\frame` was written by Pavel Curtis (Extra space removed 14 Jan 88) RmS 92/08/24: Replaced occurrence of `\@halfwidth` by `\@wholewidth`

```
\long\def\frame#1{%
  \leavevmode
  \hbox{%
    \hskip-\@wholewidth
    \vbox{%
      \vskip-\@wholewidth
      \hrule \@height\@wholewidth
      \hbox{%
        \vrule\@width\@wholewidth
        #1%
        \vrule\@width\@wholewidth}%
      \hrule\@height\@wholewidth
      \vskip-\@wholewidth}%
    \hskip-\@wholewidth}}
```

`\fboxrule` `\fboxsep` user level parameters,

```
\newdimen\fboxrule
\newdimen\fboxsep
```

`\fbox` Abbreviated framed box command.

```
\long\def\fbox#1{%
  \leavevmode
  \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{%
    \color@begingroup
      \kern\fboxsep{#1}\kern\fboxsep
    \color@endgroup}%
  \@frameb@x\relax}
```

`\framebox` Framed version of `\makebox`.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                   {\framebox}{Make \framebox robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\framebox{%
  \@ifnextchar(%)
    \@framepicbox{\@ifnextchar[\@framebox\fbox}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                   {\framebox}{Make \framebox robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\framebox{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ifnextchar(%)
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@framepicbox{\@ifnextchar[\@framebox\fbox}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname framebox \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@framebox` Deal with optional arguments.

```
\def\@framebox[#1]{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
```

```
    {\@iframebox[#1]}%
    {\@iframebox[#1][c]}}
```

`\@iframebox` The handling the optional arguments. In order to set the whole box, including the frame to the specified dimension, we first determine that dimension from the natural size of the text, `#3`. calculated width.

```
\long\def\@iframebox[#1][#2]#3{%
  \leavevmode
  \@begin@tempboxa\hbox{#3}%
    \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
    \setbox\@tempboxa\hb@xt@\@tempdima
         {\kern\fboxsep\csname bm@#2\endcsname\kern\fboxsep}%
    \@frameb@x{\kern-\fboxrule}%
  \@end@tempboxa}
```

`\@frameb@x` Common part of `\framebox` and `\fbox`. `#1` is a negative kern in the `\framebox` case so that the vertical rules do not add to the width of the box.

```
\def\@frameb@x#1{%
  \@tempdima\fboxrule
  \advance\@tempdima\fboxsep
  \advance\@tempdima\dp\@tempboxa
  \hbox{%
    \lower\@tempdima\hbox{%
      \vbox{%
        \hrule\@height\fboxrule
        \hbox{%
          \vrule\@width\fboxrule
          #1%
          \vbox{%
            \vskip\fboxsep
            \box\@tempboxa
            \vskip\fboxsep}%
          #1%
          \vrule\@width\fboxrule}%
        \hrule\@height\fboxrule}%
                           }%
        }%
}
```

`\@framepicbox` Picture mode version.

```
\def\@framepicbox(#1,#2){%
  \@ifnextchar[{\@iframepicbox(#1,#2)}{\@iframepicbox(#1,#2)[]}}
```

`\@iframepicbox` Picture mode version.

```
\long\def\@iframepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]#4{%
  \frame{\@imakepicbox(#1,#2)[#3]{#4}}}
```

`\parbox` The main vertical-box command for LaTeX.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\parbox}{Make \parbox robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\parbox{%
```

```
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    \@iparbox
    {\@iiiparbox c\relax[s]}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\parbox}{Make \parbox robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\parbox{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ifnextchar[%]
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@iparbox
⟨latexrelease⟩    {\@iiiparbox c\relax[s]}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname parbox \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@iparbox` Optional argument handling.

```
\def\@iparbox[#1]{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@iiparbox{#1}}%
    {\@iiiparbox{#1}\relax[s]}}
```

`\@iiparbox` Optional argument handling.

```
\def\@iiparbox#1[#2]{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@iiiparbox{#1}{#2}}%
    {\@iiiparbox{#1}{#2}[#1]}}
```

`\@iiiparbox` The internal version of `\parbox`.

`\@parboxto`

```
\let\@parboxto\@empty
\long\def\@iiiparbox#1#2[#3]#4#5{%
  \leavevmode
  \@pboxswfalse
  \setlength\@tempdima{#4}%
  \@begin@tempboxa\vbox{\hsize\@tempdima\@parboxrestore#5\@@par}%
    \ifx\relax#2\else
      \setlength\@tempdimb{#2}%
      \edef\@parboxto{to\the\@tempdimb}%
    \fi
    \if#1b\vbox
    \else\if #1t\vtop
    \else\ifmmode\vcenter
    \else\@pboxswtrue $\vcenter
    \fi\fi\fi
    \@parboxto{\let\hss\vss\let\unhbox\unvbox
       \csname bm@#3\endcsname}%
    \if@pboxsw \m@th$\fi
  \@end@tempboxa}
```

`\@arrayparboxrestore` Restore various paragraph parameters.

The rational for allowing two normally global flags to be set locally here was stated originally by Donald Arsenau and extended by Chris Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should

never appear within boxes or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as in `\set@nobreak`; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017-04-15}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\normallineskiplimit}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {reset \lineskiplimit}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@arrayparboxrestore{%
  \let\if@nobreak\iffalse
  \let\if@noskipsec\iffalse
  \let\par\@@par
  \let\-\@dischyph
```

Redefined accents to allow changes in font encoding

```
  \let\'\@acci\let\`\@accii\let\=\@acciii
  \parindent\z@ \parskip\z@skip
  \everypar{}%
  \linewidth\hsize
  \@totalleftmargin\z@
  \leftskip\z@skip \rightskip\z@skip \@rightskip\z@skip
  \parfillskip\@flushglue
  \lineskip\normallineskip
  \lineskiplimit\normallineskiplimit
  \baselineskip\normalbaselineskip
  \sloppy}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000-00-00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\normallineskiplimit}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {reset \lineskiplimit}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@arrayparboxrestore{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\if@nobreak\iffalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\if@noskipsec\iffalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\par\@@par
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\-\@dischyph
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\'\@acci\let\`\@accii\let\=\@acciii
⟨latexrelease⟩  \parindent\z@ \parskip\z@skip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \everypar{}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \linewidth\hsize
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@totalleftmargin\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩  \leftskip\z@skip \rightskip\z@skip \@rightskip\z@skip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \parfillskip\@flushglue \lineskip\normallineskip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \baselineskip\normalbaselineskip
⟨latexrelease⟩  \sloppy}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\parboxrestore` Restore various paragraph parameters, and also `\\`.

```
\def\@parboxrestore{\@arrayparboxrestore\let\\\@normalcr}
```

\if@minipage Switch that is true at the start of a minipage.

```
\def\@minipagefalse{\global\let\if@minipage\iffalse}
\def\@minipagetrue {\global\let\if@minipage\iftrue}
\@minipagefalse
```

\minipage Essentially an environment form of \parbox.

```
\def\minipage{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    \@iminipage
    {\@iiiminipage c\relax[s]}}
```

\@iminipage Optional argument handling.

```
\def\@iminipage[#1]{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@iiminipage{#1}}%
    {\@iiiminipage{#1}\relax[s]}}
```

\@iiminipage Optional argument handling.

```
\def\@iiminipage#1[#2]{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@iiiminipage{#1}{#2}}%
    {\@iiiminipage{#1}{#2}[#1]}}
```

\@iiiminipage Internal form of minipage.

```
\def\@iiiminipage#1#2[#3]#4{%
  \leavevmode
  \@pboxswfalse
  \setlength\@tempdima{#4}%
  \def\@mpargs{{#1}{#2}[#3]{#4}}%
  \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox\bgroup
    \color@begingroup
      \hsize\@tempdima
      \textwidth\hsize \columnwidth\hsize
      \@parboxrestore
      \def\@mpfn{mpfootnote}\def\thempfn{\thempfootnote}\c@mpfootnote\z@
      \let\@footnotetext\@mpfootnotetext
      \let\@listdepth\@mplistdepth \@mplistdepth\z@
      \@minipagerestore
      \@setminipage}
```

\@minipagerestore Hook so that other styles can reset other commands in a minipage.

```
\let\@minipagerestore=\relax
```

\endminipage

```
\def\endminipage{%
    \par
    \unskip
    \ifvoid\@mpfootins\else
      \vskip\skip\@mpfootins
      \normalcolor
      \footnoterule
      \unvbox\@mpfootins
    \fi
```

```
    \@minipagefalse   %% added 24 May 89
  \color@endgroup
  \egroup
  \expandafter\@iiiparbox\@mpargs{\unvbox\@tempboxa}}
```

`\@mplistdepth` `\@mpfootins` Versions of `\@listdepth` and `\footins` local to minipage.

```
\newcount\@mplistdepth
\newinsert\@mpfootins
```

`\@mpfootnotetext` Minipage version of `\@footnotetext`.

Final `\strut` added 27 Mar 89, on suggestion by Don Hosek

```
\long\def\@mpfootnotetext#1{%
  \global\setbox\@mpfootins\vbox{%
    \unvbox\@mpfootins
    \reset@font\footnotesize
    \hsize\columnwidth
    \@parboxrestore
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel
         {\csname p@mpfootnote\endcsname\@thefnmark}%
    \color@begingroup
      \@makefntext{%
        \rule\z@\footnotesep\ignorespaces#1\@finalstrut\strutbox}%
    \color@endgroup}}

\newif\if@pboxsw
```

`\rule` Draw a rule of the specified size.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\rule}{Make \rule robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\rule{\@ifnextchar[\@rule{\@rule[\z@]}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\rule}{Make \rule robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\rule{\@ifnextchar[\@rule{\@rule[\z@]}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname rule \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@rule` Internal form of `\rule`.

```
\def\@rule[#1]#2#3{%
  \leavevmode
  \hbox{%
    \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
    \setlength\@tempdimb{#2}%
    \setlength\@tempdimc{#3}%
    \advance\@tempdimc\@tempdima
    \vrule\@width\@tempdimb\@height\@tempdimc\@depth-\@tempdima}}
```

`\@@underline` Saved primitive `\underline`.

```
\let\@@underline\underline
```

`\underline` LaTeX version works outside math.

```
\def\underline#1{%
  \relax
  \ifmmode\@@underline{#1}%
  \else $\@@underline{\hbox{#1}}\m@th$\relax\fi}
```

`\raisebox` Raise a box, and change its vertical dimensions.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\raisebox}{Make \raisebox robust}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand\raisebox[1]{%
  \leavevmode
  \@ifnextchar[{\@rsbox{#1}}{\@irsbox{#1}[]}}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\raisebox}{Make \raisebox robust}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\raisebox#1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \leavevmode
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ifnextchar[{\@rsbox{#1}}{\@irsbox{#1}[]}}
⟨latexrelease⟩\expandafter\let\csname raisebox \endcsname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@rsbox` Optional argument handling.

```
\def\@rsbox#1[#2]{%
  \@ifnextchar[{\@iirsbox{#1}[#2]}{\@irsbox{#1}[#2]}}
```

`\@argrsbox` ...

`\@irsbox` Internal version of `\raisebox` (less than two optional args).

```
\long\def\@irsbox#1[#2]#3{%
  \@begin@tempboxa\hbox{#3}%
    \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
    \ifx\\#2\\\else\setlength\@tempdimb{#2}\fi
    \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\raise\@tempdima\box\@tempboxa}%
    \ifx\\#2\\\else\ht\@tempboxa\@tempdimb\fi
    \box\@tempboxa
  \@end@tempboxa}
```

`\@iirsbox` Internal version of `\raisebox` (two optional args).

```
\long\def\@iirsbox#1[#2][#3]#4{%
  \@begin@tempboxa\hbox{#4}%
    \setlength\@tempdima{#1}%
    \setlength\@tempdimb{#2}%
    \setlength\dimen@{#3}%
    \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\raise\@tempdima\box\@tempboxa}%
    \ht\@tempboxa\@tempdimb
    \dp\@tempboxa\dimen@
    \box\@tempboxa
  \@end@tempboxa}
```

\@finalstrut This macro adds a special strut the *depth* of the box given as `#1`, and height and width 0pt. It is used for ensuring that the last line of a paragraph has the correct depth in 'p' columns of tables and in footnotes. In vertical mode nothing is done, as adding the strut (as done in 2.09) would start a new paragraph. It would be possible to inspect `\prevdepth` to check the depth of the just-completed paragraph, but we do not do that here. Actually we do even less now, skip the vmode test as it broke tabular 'p' columns. .

The `\nobreak` was added (1995/10/31) to allow hyphenation of the final word of the paragraph.

```
\def\@finalstrut#1{%
  \unskip\ifhmode\nobreak\fi\vrule\@width\z@\@height\z@\@depth\dp#1}
```

56.1 Some low-level constructs

The following commands are basically inherited from plain TEX.

\leftline \rightline \centerline \@@line These macros place text on a full line either centred or left or right adjusted.

```
\def\@@line{\hb@xt@\hsize}
\def\leftline#1{\@@line{#1\hss}}
\def\rightline#1{\@@line{\hss#1}}
\def\centerline#1{\@@line{\hss#1\hss}}
```

\rlap \llap These macros place text to the left or right of the current reference point without taking up space.

```
\def\rlap#1{\hb@xt@\z@{#1\hss}}
\def\llap#1{\hb@xt@\z@{\hss#1}}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File C
lttab.dtx

57 Tabbing, Tabular and Array Environments

This section deals with 'Lining It Up in Columns'. First the `tabbing` environment is defined, and then in second part, `tabular` together with its variants, `tabular*` and `array`.

Note that the `tabular` defined here is essentially the original LaTeX 2.09 version, not the extended version described in *The LaTeX Companion*. Use the `array` package to obtain the extended version.

57.1 tabbing

`\dimen(\@firsttab` + i) = distance of tab stop i from left margin
0 <= i <= 15 (?).

`\dimen\@firsttab` is initialized to `\@totalleftmargin`, so it starts at the prevailing left margin.

`\@maxtab`	= number of highest defined tab register probably = `\@firsttab` + 12
`\@nxttabmar`	= tab stop number of next line's left margin
`\@curtabmar`	= tab stop number of current line's left margin
`\@curtab`	= number of the current tab. At start of line, it equals `\@curtabmar`
`\@hightab`	= largest tab number currently defined.
`\@tabpush`	= depth of `\pushtab`'s

`\box\@curline`	= contents of current line, excluding left margin skip, and excluding contents of current field
`\box\@curfield`	= contents of current field

@rjfield	= switch: T iff the last field of the line should be right-justified at the right margin.

`\tabbingsep`	= distance left by the `\'` command between the current position and the field that is "left-shifted".

UTILITY MACROS

`\@stopfield`	: closes the current field
`\@addfield`	: adds the current field to the current line.
`\@contfield`	: continues the current field
`\@startfield`	: begins the next field
`\@stopline`	: closes the current line and outputs it
`\@startline`	: starts the next line
`\@ifatmargin`	: an `\if` that is true iff the current line.

has width zero

```
\@startline ==
 BEGIN
  \@curtabmar :=G \@nxttabmar
  \@curtab :=G \@curtabmar
  \box\@curline :=G null
  \@startfield
  \strut
 END

\@stopline ==
 BEGIN
  \unskip
  \@stopfield
  if @rjfield = T
    then  @rjfield :=G F
          \@tempdima := \@totalleftmargin + \linewidth
          \hb@xt@ \@tempdima{\@itemfudge
                             \hskip \dimen\@curtabmar
                             \box\@curline
                             \hfil
                             \box\@curfield}
    else \@addfield
         \hbox {\@itemfudge
                \hskip \dimen\@curtabmar
                \box\@curline}
  fi
 END

\@startfield ==
 BEGIN
   \box\@curfield :=G \hbox {
 END

\@stopfield ==
 BEGIN
    }
 END

\@contfield ==
 BEGIN
  \box\@curfield :=G \hbox { \unhbox\@currfield  %%} brace
matching
 END
\@addfield ==
 BEGIN
  \box\@curline :=G \unbox\@curline * \unbox\@curfield
 END
```

```
\@ifatmargin ==
 BEGIN
  if  dim of box\@curline = 0pt  then
 END


\tabbing ==
 BEGIN
  \lineskip :=L 0pt
  \> == \@rtab
  \< == \@ltab
  \= == \@settab
  \+ == \@tabplus
  \- == \@tabminus
  \‘ == \@tabrj
  \’ == \@tablab
  \\ == BEGIN \@stopline \@startline END
  \\[DIST] == BEGIN
              \@stopline \vskip DIST \@startline\ignorespaces
END
  \\* == BEGIN \@stopline \penalty 10000 \@startline END
  \\*[DIST] == BEGIN \@stopline \penalty 10000 \vskip DIST
                     \@startline\ignorespaces              END
  \@hightab :=  \@nxttabmar :=G \@firsttab
  \@tabpush :=G 0
  \dimen\@firsttab := \@totalleftmargin
  @rjfield :=G F
  \trivlist  \item\relax
  if @minipage = F then \vskip \parskip fi
  \box\@tabfbox = \rlap{\indent\the\everypar}
                          % note: \the\everypar sets @inlabel :=G F
  \@itemfudge == BEGIN \box\@tabfbox END
  \@startline
  \ignorespaces
 END

\@endtabbing ==
 BEGIN
  \@stopline
  if \@tabpush > 0 then error message: "unmatched \poptabs'' fi
  \endtrivlist
 END

\@rtab ==
 BEGIN
  \@stopfield
  \@addfield
  if \@curtab < \@hightab
    then \@curtab :=G \@curtab + 1
    else error message “Undefined Tab”    fi
```

```
  \@tempdima := \dimen\@curtab - \dimen\@curtabmar
                        - width of box \@curline
  \box\@curline :=G \hbox{\unhbox\@curline + \hskip\@tempdima}
  \@startfield
 END

\@settab ==
 BEGIN
  \@stopfield
  \@addfield
  if \@curtab < \@maxtab
    then \@curtab :=G \@curtab+1
    else error message: "Too many tabs"      fi
  if \@curtab > \@hightab
    then \@hightab :=L \@curtab     fi
  \dimen\@curtab :=L \dimen\@curtabmar + width of \box\@curline
  \@startfield
 END

\@ltab ==
 BEGIN
  \@ifatmargin
    then if \@curtabmar > \@firsttab
           then \@curtab :=G \@curtab - 1
                \@curtabmar :=G \@curtabmar - 1
           else error message "Too many untabs"       fi
    else error message "Left tab in middle of line"
  fi
 END

\@tabplus ==
 BEGIN
       if  \@nxttabmar < \@hightab
           then \@nxttabmar :=G \@nxttabmar+1
           else error message "Undefined tab"
       fi
 END

\@tabminus ==
 BEGIN
       if \@nxttabmar > \@firsttab
           then \@nxttabmar :=G \@nxttabmar-1
           else error message "Too many untabs"
       fi
 END

\@tabrj ==
 BEGIN \@stopfield
       \@addfield
       @rjfield :=G T
```

```
      \@startfield
 END

\@tablab ==
 BEGIN \@stopfield
     \box\@curline G:= \hbox{\box\@curline %% 'G' added 17 Jun 86
                           \hskip - width of \box\@curfield
                           \hskip -\tabbingsep
                           \box\@curfield
                           \hskip \tabbingsep }
      \@startfield
 END

\pushtabs ==
  BEGIN
    \@stopfield
    \@tabpush :=G \@tabpush + 1
    \begingroup
    \@contfield
  END

\poptabs ==
 BEGIN
   \@stopfield
   if \@tabpush > 0
     then \endgroup
          \@tabpush :=G \@tabpush - 1
     else error message: "Too many \poptabs''
   fi
   \@contfield
 END
```

\a The accents \‘ , \’ , and \= that have been redefined inside a tabbing environment can be called by typing \a‘ , \a’ , and \a=. The macro \a is defined in ltoutenc.dtx.

The '2ekernel' code ensures that a \usepackage{autotabg} is essentially ignored if a 'full' format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

```
1 ⟨2ekernel⟩\expandafter\let\csname ver@autotabg.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

\@firsttab
\@maxtab

```
2 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
3 \newdimen\@gtempa
4 \chardef\@firsttab=\the\allocationnumber
5 \newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa
6 \newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa
7 \newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa\newdimen\@gtempa
8 \newdimen\@gtempa
9 \chardef\@maxtab=\the\allocationnumber
10 \dimen\@firsttab=0pt
```

\@nxttabmar
\@curtabmar
\@curtab
\@hightab
\@tabpush

```
\newcount\@nxttabmar
\newcount\@curtabmar
\newcount\@curtab
\newcount\@hightab
\newcount\@tabpush
```

\@curline
\@curfield
\@tabfbox

```
\newbox\@curline
\newbox\@curfield
\newbox\@tabfbox
```

\if@rjfield

```
\newif\if@rjfield
```

\@startline

It is, in some sense, an error if the current margin tab setting is higher than the value of \@hightab (which is a local variable). That this is allowed is a fundamental design flaw which is not going to be corrected now.

```
\gdef\@startline{%
     \ifnum \@nxttabmar >\@hightab
       \@badtab
       \global\@nxttabmar \@hightab
     \fi
     \global\@curtabmar \@nxttabmar
     \global\@curtab \@curtabmar
     \global\setbox\@curline \hbox {}%
     \@startfield
     \strut}
```

\@stopline

```
\gdef\@stopline{%
  \unskip
  \@stopfield
  \if@rjfield
    \global\@rjfieldfalse
    \@tempdima\@totalleftmargin
    \advance\@tempdima\linewidth
    \hb@xt@\@tempdima{%
      \@itemfudge\hskip\dimen\@curtabmar
      \box\@curline
      \hfil
      \box\@curfield}%
  \else
    \@addfield
    \hbox{\@itemfudge\hskip\dimen\@curtabmar\box\@curline}%
  \fi}
```

\@startfield

```
\gdef\@startfield{%
  \global\setbox\@curfield\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup}
```

\@stopfield

```
\gdef\@stopfield{%
  \color@endgroup\egroup}
```

\@contfield

```
\gdef\@contfield{%
  \global\setbox\@curfield\hbox\bgroup\color@begingroup
  \unhbox\@curfield}
```

\@addfield

```
\gdef\@addfield{\global\setbox\@curline\hbox{\unhbox
     \@curline\unhbox\@curfield}}
```

\@ifatmargin

```
\gdef\@ifatmargin{\ifdim \wd\@curline =\z@}
```

\@tabcr

```
\gdef\@tabcr{\@stopline \@ifstar{\penalty \@M \@xtabcr}\@xtabcr}
```

\@xtabcr

```
\gdef\@xtabcr{\@ifnextchar[\@itabcr{\@startline\ignorespaces}}
```

\@itabcr

```
\gdef\@itabcr[#1]{\vskip #1\@startline\ignorespaces}
```

```
\gdef\kill{\@stopfield\@startline\ignorespaces}
```

\tabbing We use \relax to prevent \item from scanning too far.

```
\gdef\tabbing{\lineskip \z@skip\let\>\@rtab\let\<\@ltab\let\=\@settab
     \let\+\@tabplus\let\-\@tabminus\let\‘\@tabrj\let\’\@tablab
     \let\\=\@tabcr
     \@hightab\@firsttab
     \global\@nxttabmar\@firsttab
     \dimen\@firsttab\@totalleftmargin
     \global\@tabpush\z@ \global\@rjfieldfalse
     \trivlist \item\relax
     \if@minipage\else\vskip\parskip\fi

     \setbox\@tabfbox\hbox{%
       \rlap{\hskip\@totalleftmargin\indent\the\everypar}}%
     \def\@itemfudge{\box\@tabfbox}%
     \@startline\ignorespaces}
```

\endtabbing

```
\gdef\endtabbing{%
  \@stopline\ifnum\@tabpush >\z@ \@badpoptabs \fi\endtrivlist}
```

\@rtab Omitted \global added to \@rtab 17 Jun 86

```
\gdef\@rtab{\@stopfield\@addfield\ifnum \@curtab<\@hightab
      \global\advance\@curtab \@ne \else\@badtab\fi
      \@tempdima\dimen\@curtab
      \advance\@tempdima -\dimen\@curtabmar
      \advance\@tempdima -\wd\@curline
      \global\setbox\@curline\hbox{\unhbox\@curline\hskip\@tempdima}%
      \@startfield\ignorespaces}
```

\@settab

```
\gdef\@settab{\@stopfield\@addfield
  \ifnum \@curtab <\@maxtab
    \ifnum\@curtab =\@hightab
      \advance\@hightab \@ne
    \fi
    \global\advance\@curtab \@ne
  \else
    \@latex@error{Tab overflow}\@ehd
  \fi
  \dimen\@curtab \dimen\@curtabmar
  \advance\dimen\@curtab \wd\@curline
  \@startfield
  \ignorespaces}
```

\@ltab

```
\gdef\@ltab{\@ifatmargin\ifnum\@curtabmar >\@firsttab
      \global\advance\@curtab \m@ne \global\advance\@curtabmar\m@ne\else
      \@badtab\fi\else
      \@latex@error{\string\<\space in mid line}\@ehd\fi\ignorespaces}
```

\@tabplus

```
\gdef\@tabplus{%
  \ifnum\@nxttabmar<\@hightab
    \global\advance\@nxttabmar\@ne
  \else
    \@badtab
  \fi
  \ignorespaces}
```

\@tabminus

```
\gdef\@tabminus{%
  \ifnum\@nxttabmar>\@firsttab
    \global\advance\@nxttabmar\m@ne
  \else
    \@badtab
  \fi
  \ignorespaces}
```

\@tabrj

```
\gdef\@tabrj{%
  \@stopfield\@addfield\global\@rjfieldtrue\@startfield\ignorespaces}
```

\@tablab \setbox\@curline made \global in \@tablab. 17 Jun 86

```
\gdef\@tablab{%
  \@stopfield
  \global\setbox\@curline\hbox{%
    \box\@curline
    \hskip-\wd\@curfield \hskip-\tabbingsep
    \box\@curfield
    \hskip\tabbingsep}%
  \@startfield
  \ignorespaces}
```

\pushtabs

```
\gdef\pushtabs{%
  \@stopfield\@addfield\global\advance\@tabpush \@ne \begingroup
        \@contfield}
```

\poptabs It is, in some sense, an error if, after the endgroup, the current tab setting is higher than the new value of `\@hightab` (which is a local variable). That this is allowed is a fundamental design flaw which is not going to be corrected now.

```
\gdef\poptabs{\@stopfield\@addfield
  \ifnum \@tabpush >\z@
    \endgroup
    \global\advance\@tabpush \m@ne
    \ifnum \@curtab >\@hightab
      \global \@curtab \@hightab
      \@badtab
    \fi
  \else
    \@badpoptabs
  \fi
  \@contfield}
```

\tabbingsep

```
\newdimen\tabbingsep
```

57.2 array and tabular environments

ARRAY PARAMETERS:

`\arraycolsep`
: half the width separating columns in an array environment

`\tabcolsep`
: half the width separating columns in a tabular environment

`\arrayrulewidth`
: width of rules

`\doublerulesep`
: space between adjacent rules in array or tabular

`\arraystretch`
: line spacing in array and tabular environments is done by placing a strut in every row of height and depth `\arraystretch` times the height and depth of the strut produced by an ordinary `\strut` command.

PREAMBLE:

The PREAMBLE argument of an array or tabular environment can contain the following:

l,r,c : indicate where entry is to be placed.
| : for vertical rule
@{EXP} : inserts the text EXP in every column. `\arraycolsep` or `\tabcolsep` spacing is suppressed.
*{N}{PRE} : equivalent to writing N copies of PRE in the preamble. PRE may contain *{N'}{EXP'} expressions.
p{LEN} : makes entry in parbox of width LEN.

SPECIAL ARRAY COMMANDS:

`\multicolumn{N}{FORMAT}{ITEM}` : replaces the next N column items by ITEM, formatted according to FORMAT. FORMAT should contain at most one l,r or c. If it contains none, then ITEM is ignored.

`\vline` : draws a vertical line the height of the current row. May appear in an array element entry.

`\hline` : draws a horizontal line between rows. Must appear either before the first entry (to appear above the first row) or right after a `\\` command. If followed by another `\hline`, then adds a `\vskip` of `\doublerulesep`.

`\cline{i-j}` : draws horizontal lines between rows covering columns i through j, inclusive. Multiple commands may follow one another to provide lines covering several disjoint columns

`\extracolsep{WIDTH}` : for use inside an @ in the preamble. Causes a WIDTH space to be added between columns for the rest of the columns. This is in addition to the ordinary intercolumn space.

```
\array ==
  BEGIN
    \@acol    == \@arrayacol
    \@classz  == \@arrayclassz
    \@classiv == \@arrayclassiv
    \\        == \@arraycr
    \@halignto == NULL
    \@tabarray
  END

\endarray{NAME} ==  BEGIN  \crcr }}  END

\tabular  ==
  BEGIN
    \@halignto == NULL
    \@tabular
  END

\tabular*{WIDTH} ==
  BEGIN
    \@halignto == to WIDTH
    \@tabular
  END

\@tabular ==
  BEGIN
    \leavevmode
```

```
    \hbox { $
       \@acol    == \@tabacol
       \@classz  == \@tabclassz
       \@classiv == \@tabclassiv
       \\        == \@tabularcr
       \@tabarray
  END

\endtabular == BEGIN \crcr}} $} END

\@tabarray == if next char = [ then \@array else \@array[c] fi

\@array[POS]{PREAMBLE} ==
  BEGIN
    define \@arstrutbox to make \@arstrut produce strut of height
      and depth \arraystretch times the height and
      depth of a normal strut.
    \@mkpream{PREAMBLE}
    \@preamble == \halign \@halignto {\tabskip=0pt\@arstrut
                            eval{\@preamble}\tabskip = 0pt\cr %%}
    \@startpbox == \@@startpbox
    \@endpbox == \@@endpbox
    if POS = t then \vtop
               else if POS = b then \vbox
                                   else \vcenter
    fi              fi
   {
    \par          ==L {} % changed 92/09/18
    \@sharp       == #
    \protect      == \relax
    \lineskip     :=L 0pt
    \baselineskip :=L 0pt
    \@preamble
  END


\@arraycr ==
 BEGIN
   $              %% Prevents extra space at end of row's last entry.
   if next char = [
    then  \@argarraycr
    else  $ \cr          %% Needed to balance $
 END

\@argarraycr[LENGTH] ==
 BEGIN
   $                    %% Needed to balance $ of \@arraycr
   if LENGTH > 0
     then  \@tempdima := depth of \@arstrutbox + LENGTH
           \vrule height 0pt width 0pt depth \@tempdima
```

```
            \cr
        else  \cr \noalign{\vskip LENGTH}
    END
```

\@tabularcr and \@argtabularcr same as \@arraycr and \@argarraycr except without the extra $'s.

\extracolsep

```
140 \def\extracolsep#1{\tabskip #1\relax}
```

\array

```
141 \def\array{\let\@acol\@arrayacol \let\@classz\@arrayclassz
142  \let\@classiv\@arrayclassiv
143  \let\\\@arraycr\let\@halignto\@empty\@tabarray}
```

\endarray
\endtabular
\endtabular*

```
144 \def\endarray{\crcr\egroup\egroup}
145 \def\endtabular{\crcr\egroup\egroup $\egroup}
146 \expandafter \let \csname endtabular*\endcsname = \endtabular
```

\tabular

```
147 \def\tabular{\let\@halignto\@empty\@tabular}
```

\tabular*

Note that the change to use \setlength slightly alters the timing of the expansion and use of the length in #1 but this is very unlikely to have any practical effect.

```
148 \@namedef{tabular*}#1{%
149  \setlength\dimen@{#1}%
150    \edef\@halignto{to\the\dimen@}\@tabular}
```

\@tabular

```
151 \def\@tabular{\leavevmode \hbox \bgroup $\let\@acol\@tabacol
152    \let\@classz\@tabclassz
153    \let\@classiv\@tabclassiv \let\\\@tabularcr\@tabarray}
```

\@tabarray

RmS 91/11/04 added \m@th.

```
154 \def\@tabarray{\m@th\@ifnextchar[\@array{\@array[c]}}
```

RmS 1993/11/03 changed \halign to \ialign and removed superfluous \tabskip assignment

\@array

```
155 \def\@array[#1]#2{%
156   \if #1t\vtop \else \if#1b\vbox \else \vcenter \fi\fi
157   \bgroup
```

This next bit of code sets up the strut and then builds the halign and its preamble according to the specification in the second argument.

This code has been moved inside the box. A side effect of this has been to expose what was a buglet in the previous version: since the \@arstrut below is expanded and contains an \ifmmode then it could produce an unnecessary extra box in every row, thus wasting 'lots of' main memory.

```
\setbox\@arstrutbox\hbox{%
  \vrule \@height\arraystretch\ht\strutbox
         \@depth\arraystretch \dp\strutbox
         \@width\z@}%
\@mkpream{#2}%
\edef\@preamble{%
  \ialign \noexpand\@halignto
    \bgroup \@arstrut \@preamble \tabskip\z@skip \cr}%
```

That is the end of setting up the preamble; now we reset things before executing the halign built-up in `\@preamble`. The restorations could be done by introducing an extra group, thus saving tokens.

```
\let\@startpbox\@@startpbox \let\@endpbox\@@endpbox
\let\tabularnewline\\%
  \let\par\@empty
  \let\@sharp##%
  \set@typeset@protect
  \lineskip\z@skip\baselineskip\z@skip
```

If the parsing of the preamble goes wrong there my be some characters left which TEX then tries to typeset, i.e., we would be in horizontal mode. That would produce an endless loop because the `\halign` expects vertical mode thus issues a `\par` but that is a no-op at this point. So we better test this case issue some error message and make a crude recovery by ending that horizontal mode with force. A better fix would be to ensure that we never pick up more than a single character token (not done).

```
  \ifhmode \@preamerr\z@ \@@par\fi
  \@preamble}
```

`\@arraycr` Array version of `\\`.

```
\def\@arraycr{%
  ${\ifnum0=`}\fi\@ifstar\@xarraycr\@xarraycr}
```

`\@arraycr`

```
\def\@xarraycr{\@ifnextchar[\@argarraycr{\ifnum0=`{\fi}${}\cr}}
```

`\@argarraycr`

```
\def\@argarraycr[#1]{%
  \ifnum0=`{\fi}${}\ifdim #1>\z@ \@xargarraycr{#1}\else
   \@yargarraycr{#1}\fi}
```

`\tabularnewline` Tabular version of `\\`.

```
\let\tabularnewline\relax
```

`\@tabularcr`

```
\def\@tabularcr{%
  {\ifnum0=`}\fi\@ifstar\@xtabularcr\@xtabularcr}
```

`\@xtabularcr`

```
\def\@xtabularcr{\@ifnextchar[\@argtabularcr{\ifnum0=`{\fi}\cr}}
```

`\@argtabularcr`

```
\def\@argtabularcr[#1]{%
```

```
  \ifnum0=`{\fi}%
    \ifdim #1>\z@
      \unskip\@xargarraycr{#1}%
    \else
      \@yargarraycr{#1}%
    \fi}
```

\@xargarraycr

```
\def\@xargarraycr#1{\@tempdima #1\advance\@tempdima \dp \@arstrutbox
   \vrule \@height\z@ \@depth\@tempdima \@width\z@ \cr}
```

\@yargarraycr

```
\def\@yargarraycr#1{\cr\noalign{\vskip #1}}
```

\multicolumn

\multicolumn{NUMBER}{FORMAT}{ITEM} ==
BEGIN
\multispan{NUMBER}
\begingroup
\@addamp == null
\@mkpream{FORMAT}
\@sharp == ITEM
\protect == \relax
\@startpbox == \@@startpbox
\@endpbox == \@@endpbox
\@arstrut
\@preamble
\endgroup
END

The command `\def\@addamp{}` was removed from `\multicolumn` on 6 Dec 86 because it caused embedded array environments not to work. I think that it was included originally to prevent an error message if the 2nd argument to the `\multicolumn` command had two column specifiers.

8 Feb 89 — `\hbox{}` added after `\@preamble` to correct bug that occurred if `\multicolumn` preceded `\\[D]` with `D > 0`, caused by `\\[]` command doing an `\unskip`, which removed `\tabcolsep` glue inserted by `\multicolumn`.

This has been made long so that, for example, a `p`-column can contain multiple paragraphs; maybe the arguments of `@`-expressions should also be able to contain multiple paragraphs.

```
\long\def\multicolumn#1#2#3{\multispan{#1}\begingroup
  \@mkpream{#2}%
  \def\@sharp{#3}\set@typeset@protect
  \let\@startpbox\@@startpbox\let\@endpbox\@@endpbox
  \@arstrut \@preamble\hbox{}\endgroup\ignorespaces}
```

Codes for classes and character numbers of array, tabular and multicolumn arguments.

Character	Class	Number
c	0	0
l	0	1

r	0	2
|	1	-
@	2	-
p	3	-
{@-exp}	4	-
{p-arg}	5	-

`\@testpach \foo` : expands `\foo`, which should be an array parameter token, and sets `\@chclass` and `\@chnum` to its class and number. Uses `\@lastchclass` to distinguish 4 and 5

Preamble error codes
0: 'illegal character'
1: 'Missing @-exp'
2: 'Missing p-arg'

```
\@addamp ==
  BEGIN if @firstamp = true then @firstamp := false
                                 else &                          fi
  END

\@mkpream TOKENLIST ==
  BEGIN
   @firstamp      := T
   \@lastchclass := 6
   \@preamble     == null
   \@sharp        == \relax
   \protect       == BEGIN \noexpand\protect\noexpand END
   \@startpbox    == \relax
   \@endpbox      == \relax
   \@expast{TOKENLIST}
   for \@nextchar := expand(\reserved@a)
     do  \@testpach{\@nextchar}
         case of \@chclass
           0 -> \@classz
           1 -> \@classi
             ...
           5 -> \@classv
         end case
         \@lastchclass := \@chclass
     od
     case of \@lastchclass
        0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep              % lrc
        1 ->                                   % |
        2 -> \@preamerr1 % 'Missing @-exp'     % @
        3 -> \@preamerr2 % 'Missing p-arg'     % p
        4 ->                                   % @-exp
        5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep               % p-exp
     end case
```

```
   END

  \@arrayclassz ==
    BEGIN
      \@preamble := \@preamble *
                case of \@lastchclass
                   0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
                   1 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
                   2 ->  % impossible
                   3 ->  % impossible
                   4 -> \@addamp
                   5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
                   6 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
                 end case
               * case of \@chnum
                    0 -> \hfil$\relax\@sharp$\hfil
                    1 -> $\relax\@sharp$\hfil
                    2 -> \hfil$\relax\@sharp$
                 end case
    END

 \@tabclassz == similar to \@arrayclassz

 \@classi ==
  BEGIN
    \@preamble := \@preamble *
                  case of \@lastchclass
                     0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@arrayrule
                     1 -> \hskip \doublerulesep \@arrayrule
                     2 -> % impossible
                     3 -> % impossible
                     4 -> \@arrayrule
                     5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@arrayrule
                     6 -> \@arrayrule
                  end case
  END

 \@classii ==
  BEGIN
    \@preamble := \@preamble *
                  case of \@lastchclass
                     0     ->
                     1     -> \hskip .5\arrayrulewidth
                     2     -> % impossible
                     else ->
                  end case
  END
```

```
\@classiii ==
 BEGIN
   \@preamble := \@preamble *
              case of \@lastchclass
                 0 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
                 1 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
                 2 -> % impossible
                 3 -> % impossible
                 4 -> \@addamp
                 5 -> \hskip \arraycolsep \@addamp \hskip
\arraycolsep
                 6 -> \@addamp \hskip \arraycolsep
               end case
 END

\@arrayclassiv  ==
     BEGIN  \@preamble := \@preamble * $ \@nextchar$  END

\@tabclassiv   == same as \@arrayclassv except without the $ ... $

\@classv ==
  BEGIN
   \@preamble :=
       \@preamble * \@startpbox{\@nextchar}\ignorespaces\@sharp
                              \@endpbox
  END

\@expast{S}:
 Sets \reserved@a := S with all instances of *{N}{STRING}
 replaced by N copies of STRING, where N > 0.  An *
 appearing inside braces is ignored, but *-expressions
 inside STRING are expanded, so nested *-expressions are
 handled properly.

\@expast{S} == BEGIN  \@xexpast S *0x\@@  END

\@xexpast S1 *{N}{S2} S3 \@@ ==
 BEGIN
   \reserved@a   := S1
   \@tempcnta := N
   if \@tempcnta > 0
     then  while \@tempcnta > 0 do \reserved@a   := \reserved@a S2
                                   \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - 1 od
           \reserved@b == \@xexpast
     else  \reserved@b == \@xexnoop
   fi
   \expandafter \reserved@b \reserved@a S3 \@@
 END
```

```
    \@xexnoop
                199 \def\@xexnoop #1\@@{}

     \@expast
                200 \def\@expast#1{\@xexpast #1*0x\@@}

    \@xexpast
                201 \def\@xexpast#1*#2#3#4\@@{%
                202   \edef\reserved@a{#1}%
                203   \@tempcnta#2\relax
                204   \ifnum\@tempcnta>\z@
                205     \@whilenum\@tempcnta>\z@\do
                206        {\edef\reserved@a{\reserved@a#3}\advance\@tempcnta \m@ne}%
                207     \let\reserved@b\@xexpast
                208   \else
                209     \let\reserved@b\@xexnoop
                210   \fi
                211   \expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a #4\@@}

 \if@firstamp
     \@addamp   212 \newif\if@firstamp
                213 \def\@addamp{%
                214   \if@firstamp
                215     \@firstampfalse
                216   \else
                217     \edef\@preamble{\@preamble &}%
                218   \fi}

  \@arrayacol
    \@tabacol   219 \def\@arrayacol{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble \hskip \arraycolsep}}
    \@ampacol   220 \def\@tabacol{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble \hskip \tabcolsep}}
\@acolampacol   221 \def\@ampacol{\@addamp \@acol}
                222 \def\@acolampacol{\@acol\@addamp\@acol}

    \@mkpream
                223 \def\@mkpream#1{\@firstamptrue\@lastchclass6
                224   \let\@preamble\@empty
                225   \let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
                226   \let\@sharp\relax
                227   \let\@startpbox\relax\let\@endpbox\relax
                228   \@expast{#1}%
                229   \expandafter\@tfor \expandafter
                230     \@nextchar \expandafter:\expandafter=\reserved@a\do
                231        {\@testpach\@nextchar
                232     \ifcase \@chclass \@classz \or \@classi \or \@classii \or \@classiii
                233       \or \@classiv \or\@classv \fi\@lastchclass\@chclass}%
                234   \ifcase \@lastchclass \@acol
                235       \or \or \@preamerr \@ne\or \@preamerr \tw@\or \or \@acol \fi}

\@arrayclassz
                236 \def\@arrayclassz{\ifcase \@lastchclass \@acolampacol \or \@ampacol \or
                237    \or \or \@addamp \or
                238    \@acolampacol \or \@firstampfalse \@acol \fi
```

```
\edef\@preamble{\@preamble
  \ifcase \@chnum
     \hfil$\relax\@sharp$\hfil \or $\relax\@sharp$\hfil
    \or \hfil$\relax\@sharp$\fi}}
```

\@tabclassz RmS 91/08/14 inserted extra braces around entry for NFSS

```
\def\@tabclassz{%
  \ifcase\@lastchclass
    \@acolampacol
  \or
    \@ampacol
  \or
  \or
  \or
    \@addamp
  \or
    \@acolampacol
  \or
    \@firstampfalse\@acol
  \fi
  \edef\@preamble{%
    \@preamble{%
      \ifcase\@chnum
        \hfil\ignorespaces\@sharp\unskip\hfil
      \or

        \hskip1sp\ignorespaces\@sharp\unskip\hfil
      \or
        \hfil\hskip1sp\ignorespaces\@sharp\unskip
      \fi}}}
```

\@classi

```
\def\@classi{%
  \ifcase\@lastchclass
    \@acol\@arrayrule
  \or
    \@addtopreamble{\hskip \doublerulesep}\@arrayrule
  \or
  \or
  \or
    \@arrayrule
  \or
    \@acol\@arrayrule
  \or
    \@arrayrule
  \fi}
```

\@classii

```
\def\@classii{%
  \ifcase\@lastchclass
  \or
    \@addtopreamble{\hskip .5\arrayrulewidth}%
  \fi}
```

```
\@classiii
\def\@classiii{\ifcase \@lastchclass \@acolampacol \or
   \@addamp\@acol \or
   \or \or \@addamp \or
   \@acolampacol \or \@ampacol \fi}

\@tabclassiv
\def\@tabclassiv{\@addtopreamble\@nextchar}

\@arrayclassiv
\def\@arrayclassiv{\@addtopreamble{$\@nextchar$}}

\@classv
\def\@classv{\@addtopreamble{\@startpbox{\@nextchar}\ignorespaces
\@sharp\@endpbox}}

\@addtopreamble
\def\@addtopreamble#1{\edef\@preamble{\@preamble #1}}

\@chclass
\@lastchclass
\@chnum
\newcount\@chclass
\newcount\@lastchclass
\newcount\@chnum

\arraycolsep
\tabcolsep
\arrayrulewidth
\doublerulesep
\newdimen\arraycolsep
\newdimen\tabcolsep
\newdimen\arrayrulewidth
\newdimen\doublerulesep

\arraystretch
\def\arraystretch{1}    % Default value.

\@arstrutbox
\@arstrut
\newbox\@arstrutbox
\def\@arstrut{%
  \relax\ifmmode\copy\@arstrutbox\else\unhcopy\@arstrutbox\fi}

\@arrayrule
\def\@arrayrule{\@addtopreamble{\hskip -.5\arrayrulewidth
   \vrule \@width \arrayrulewidth\hskip -.5\arrayrulewidth}}

\@testpatch
\def\@testpach#1{\@chclass \ifnum \@lastchclass=\tw@ 4 \else
    \ifnum \@lastchclass=3 5 \else
     \z@ \if #1c\@chnum \z@ \else
                              \if #1l\@chnum \@ne \else
                              \if #1r\@chnum \tw@ \else
          \@chclass \if #1|\@ne \else
                    \if #1@\tw@ \else
                    \if #1p3 \else \z@ \@preamerr 0\fi
  \fi  \fi  \fi  \fi  \fi  \fi
\fi}
```

\hline

```
\def\hline{%
  \noalign{\ifnum0=`}\fi\hrule \@height \arrayrulewidth \futurelet
   \reserved@a\@xhline}
```

\@xhline

```
\def\@xhline{\ifx\reserved@a\hline
               \vskip\doublerulesep
```

Measure from the middle of the rules.

```
               \vskip-\arrayrulewidth
             \fi
      \ifnum0=`{\fi}}
```

\vline

```
\def\vline{\vrule \@width \arrayrulewidth}
```

\cline
\@cline

The old LaTeX2.09 implementation of \cline used up quite a lot of memory and two precious count registers. This new (1995/09/14) implementation does not use any count registers. It is coded in a way that depends heavily on the definition of \multispan so that command has been moved here from the file ltplain.dtx.

These counters are no longer declared.

```
\newcount\@cla
\newcount\@clb
```

```
\def\cline#1{\@cline#1\@nil}
```

```
\def\@cline#1-#2\@nil{%
  \omit
```

Use the counter from \multispan.

```
  \@multicnt#1%
  \advance\@multispan\m@ne
  \ifnum\@multicnt=\@ne\@firstofone{&\omit}\fi
  \@multicnt#2%
  \advance\@multicnt-#1%
  \advance\@multispan\@ne
```

The original had \unskip at this point, but how could a skip get here ???

```
  \leaders\hrule\@height\arrayrulewidth\hfill
  \cr
```

This is back spacing is fairly horrible, but it is what happened in the old version... An alternative would be to make \cline look ahead for a following \cline as does \hline. This would alter the spacing in existing documents so keep the old version in the kernel. Perhaps a package should do this differently.

```
  \noalign{\vskip-\arrayrulewidth}}
```

\mscount

The \mscount counter is no longer declared, saving a csname and a register. It is declared in compatibility mode.

\multispan
\@multispan
\sp@n

Modify \multispan slightly from its plain TeX definition to allow more efficient code sharing with \multicolumn. Also share a count register with \multiput.

```
\def\multispan{\omit\@multispan}
```

```
\def\@multispan#1{%
  \@multicnt#1\relax
  \loop\ifnum\@multicnt>\@ne \sp@n\repeat}
\def\sp@n{\span\omit\advance\@multicnt\m@ne}
```

`\@startpbox` `\@endpbox` Helper macros for 'p' columns.

`\@startpbox{`⟨*width*⟩`}` *text* `\egroup` is essentially `\parbox{`⟨*width*⟩`}{`⟨*text*⟩`}`

`\@endpbox` is essentially `\unskip \strut \par \egroup\hfil` (Changed 14 Jan 89) (changed again 1994/05/13)

```
\def\@startpbox#1{\vtop\bgroup \setlength\hsize{#1}\@arrayparboxrestore}
\def\@endpbox{\@finalstrut\@arstrutbox\par\egroup\hfil}
```

14 Jan 89: Def of `\@endpbox` changed from
`\def\@endpbox{\par\vskip\dp\@arstrutbox\egroup\hfil}`
so vertical spacing works out right if the last line of a 'p' entry has a descender.

`\@@startpbox` `\@@endpbox`

```
\let\@@startpbox=\@startpbox
\let\@@endpbox=\@endpbox
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File D
ltpictur.dtx

58 Picture Mode

Picture mode commands. In addition to the commands available in LaTeX2.09, This section adds the new `\qbezier` command for drawing curves.

`\qbezier` `\qbezier[`$\langle N \rangle$`](`$\langle AX,AY \rangle$`)(`$\langle BX,BY \rangle$`)(`$\langle CX,CY \rangle$`)` plots a quadratic Bezier curve from (⟨*AX,AY*⟩) to (⟨*CX,CY*⟩), with (⟨*BX,BY*⟩) as the third Bezier point, using $N + 1$ points equally spaced parametrically. If $N = 0$ (the default value), then a sufficient number of points are used to draw a connected curve–except that at most `\qbeziermax` + 1 points are drawn. A "point" is a square of side `\@wholewidth`.

`\bezier` In addition, to be compatible with the old `bezier` package, a variant of this command, `\bezier`, is defined, in which the first argument is not optional.

```
\unitlength      = value of dimension argument
\@wholewidth     = current line width
\@halfwidth      = half of current line width
\@linefnt        = font for drawing lines
\@circlefnt      = font for drawing circles

\linethickness{DIM} : Sets the width of horizontal and vertical lines
    in a picture to DIM.  Does not change width of slanted lines
    or circles.   Width of all lines reset by \thinlines and
    \thicklines

\picture(XSIZE,YSIZE)(XORG,YORG)
  BEGIN
    \@picht :=L YSIZE * \unitlength
    box \@picbox :=
         \hb@xt@ XSIZE * \unitlength
           {\hskip -XORG * \unitlength
            \lower YORG * \unitlength
            \hbox{
            \ignorespaces     %% added 13 June 89
  END

\endpicture ==
  BEGIN
                  } \hss }
                  height of \@picbox := \@picht
                  depth  of \@picbox := 0
                  \mbox{\box\@picbox}   %% change 26 Aug 91
  END

\put(X, Y){OBJ} ==
  BEGIN
```

```
      \@killglue
      \raise Y * \unitlength  \hb@xt@ 0pt { \hskip X * \unitlength
                                            OBJ \hss
}
      \ignorespaces
    END

 \multiput(X,Y)(DELX,DELY){N}{OBJ} ==
    BEGIN
     \@killglue
     \@multicnt := N
     \@xdim  := X * \unitlength
     \@ydim  := Y * \unitlength
     while \@multicnt > 0
       do \raise \@ydim \hb@xt@ 0pt { \hskip \@xdim
                                          OBJ \hss   }
          \@multicnt := \@multicnt - 1
          \@xdim     := \@xdim + DELX * \unitlength
          \@ydim     := \@ydim + DELY * \unitlength
       od
     \ignorespaces
    END
```

`\shortstack[POS]{TEXT}` : Makes a `\vbox` containing TEXT stacked as a one-column array, positioned l, r or c as indicated by POS.

The '2ekernel' code ensures that a `\usepackage{autopict}` is essentially ignored if a 'full' format is being used that has picture mode already in the format.

```
1 ⟨2ekernel⟩\expandafter\let\csname ver@autopict.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
```

`\@wholewidth` `\@halfwidth`

```
2 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
3 \newdimen\@wholewidth
4 \newdimen\@halfwidth
```

`\unitlength`

```
5 \newdimen\unitlength \unitlength =1pt
```

`\@picbox` `\@picht`

```
6 \newbox\@picbox
7 \newdimen\@picht
```

`\picture` `#1` should be white space.

`\pictur@` `#1` should be a `(` (eating any white space before the bracket),

```
8 \long\gdef\picture#1{\pictur@#1}
9 \gdef\pictur@(#1){%
10  \@ifnextchar({\@picture(#1)}{\@picture(#1)(0,0)}}
```

\@picture

```
\gdef\@picture(#1,#2)(#3,#4){%
  \@picht#2\unitlength
  \setbox\@picbox\hb@xt@#1\unitlength\bgroup
    \hskip -#3\unitlength
    \lower #4\unitlength\hbox\bgroup
      \ignorespaces}
```

\endpicture

```
\gdef\endpicture{%
  \egroup\hss\egroup
    \ht\@picbox\@picht\dp\@picbox\z@
    \mbox{\box\@picbox}}
```

In the definitions of \put and \multiput, \hskip was replaced by \kern just in case arg #3 = "plus". (Bug detected by Don Knuth. changed 20 Jul 87).

```
\long\gdef\put(#1,#2)#3{%
  \@killglue\raise#2\unitlength
  \hb@xt@\z@{\kern#1\unitlength #3\hss}%
  \ignorespaces}
```

\multiput #3 had better be a (.

```
\gdef\multiput(#1,#2)#3{%
  \@xdim #1\unitlength
  \@ydim #2\unitlength
   \@multiput(}
```

\multiput

```
\long\gdef\@multiput(#1,#2)#3#4{%
  \@killglue\@multicnt #3\relax
  \@whilenum \@multicnt >\z@\do
    {\raise\@ydim\hb@xt@\z@{\kern\@xdim #4\hss}%
     \advance\@multicnt\m@ne
     \advance\@xdim#1\unitlength\advance\@ydim#2\unitlength}%
  \ignorespaces}
```

\@killglue

```
\gdef\@killglue{\unskip\@whiledim \lastskip >\z@\do{\unskip}}
```

\thinlines
\thicklines

```
\gdef\thinlines{\let\@linefnt\tenln \let\@circlefnt\tencirc
  \@wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenln \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}
\gdef\thicklines{\let\@linefnt\tenlnw \let\@circlefnt\tencircw
  \@wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenlnw \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}
```

\linethickness

```
\gdef\linethickness#1{\@wholewidth #1\relax \@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth}
```

\ishortstack

```
\gdef\shortstack{\@ifnextchar[\@shortstack{\@shortstack[c]}}
```

\@ishortstack

```
\gdef\@shortstack[#1]{%
  \leavevmode
  \vbox\bgroup
    \baselineskip-\p@\lineskip 3\p@
    \let\mb@l\hss\let\mb@r\hss
    \expandafter\let\csname mb@#1\endcsname\relax
    \let\\\@stackcr
    \@ishortstack}
```

\@ishortstack

```
\gdef\@ishortstack#1{\ialign{\mb@l {##}\unskip\mb@r\cr #1\crcr}\egroup}
```

\@stackcr
\@ixstackcr

```
\gdef\@stackcr{\@ifstar\@ixstackcr\@ixstackcr}
\gdef\@ixstackcr{\@ifnextchar[\@istackcr{\cr\ignorespaces}}
```

\@istackcr

```
\gdef\@istackcr[#1]{\cr\noalign{\vskip #1}\ignorespaces}
```

```
\line(X,Y){LEN} ==
BEGIN
 \@xarg    := X
 \@yarg    := Y
 \@linelen := LEN * \unitlength
 if \@xarg = 0
     then \@vline
     else if \@yarg = 0
             then \@hline
             else \@sline
          if
 if
END

\@sline ==
 BEGIN
   if \@xarg < 0
     then @negarg := T
          \@xarg  := -\@xarg
          \@yyarg := -\@yarg
     else @negarg := F
          \@yyarg := \@yarg
   fi
   \@tempcnta := |\@yyarg|
   if \@tempcnta > 6
     then error: 'LATEX ERROR: Illegal \line or \vector argument.'
          \@tempcnta := 0
   fi
   \box\@linechar := \hbox{\@linefnt \@getlinechar(\@xarg,\@yyarg)
}
```

```
    if \@yarg > 0 then \@upordown = \raise
                          \@clnht := 0
                  else \@upordown = \lower
                       \@clnht := height of \box\@linechar
    fi
    \@clnwd  := width of \box\@linechar
    if @negarg
      then \hskip - width of \box\@linechar
           \reserved@a == \hskip - 2* width of box \@linechar
      else \reserved@a == \relax
    fi
 %% Put out integral number of line segments
    while \@clnwd <  \@linelen
      do  \@upordown \@clnht \copy\@linechar
          \reserved@a
          \@clnht := \@clnht + ht of \box\@linechar
          \@clnwd := \@clnwd + width of \box\@linechar
      od

 %% Put out last segment
    \@clnht := \@clnht - height of \box\@linechar
    \@clnwd := \@clnwd - width of \box\@linechar
    \@tempdima   := \@linelen - \@clnwd
    \@tempdimb   := \@tempdima - width of \box\@linechar
    if @negarg  then \hskip -\@tempdimb
                else \hskip  \@tempdimb
    fi
    \@tempdima   := 1000 * \@tempdima
    \@tempcnta   := \@tempdima / width of \box\@linechar
    \@tempdima   := (\@tempcnta * ht of \box\@linechar)/1000
    \@clnht := \@clnht + \@tempdima
    if \@linelen < width of box\@linechar
        then \hskip width of box\@linechar
        else \hbox{\@upordown \@clnht \copy\@linechar}
    fi
END

\@hline ==
  BEGIN
    if \@xarg < 0 then  \hskip -\@linelen \fi
    \vrule height \@halfwidth depth \@halfwidth width \@linelen
    if \@xarg < 0 then  \hskip -\@linelen \fi
 END

\@vline == if \@yarg < 0 \@downline else \@upline  fi


\@getlinechar(X,Y) ==
  BEGIN
    \@tempcnta := 8*X - 9
```

```
    if Y > 0
      then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + Y
      else \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - Y + 64
    fi
    \char\@tempcnta
  END

\vector(X,Y){LEN} ==
BEGIN
 \@xarg    := X
 \@yarg    := Y
 \@linelen := LEN * \unitlength
 if \@xarg = 0
    then \@vvector
    else if \@yarg = 0
           then \@hvector
           else \@svector
         if
 if
END

\@hvector ==
  BEGIN
    \@hline
    {\@linefnt if \@xarg < 0 then  \@getlarrow(1,0)
                             else  \@getrarrow(1,0)
               fi}
  END

\@vvector == if \@yarg < 0 \@downvector else \@upvector  fi

\@svector ==
 BEGIN
  \@sline
  \@tempcnta := |\@yarg|
    if  \@tempcnta < 5
       then  \hskip - width of \box\@linechar
             \@upordown \@clnht \hbox
                      {\@linefnt
                       if @negarg then \@getlarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)
                                  else \@getrarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)
                       fi }
       else  error: 'LATEX ERROR: Illegal \line or \vector argument.'
    fi
 END

\@getlarrow(X,Y) ==
 BEGIN
  if Y = 0
    then \@tempcnta := '33
```

```
      else \@tempcnta := 16 * X  -  9
           \@tempcntb := 2 * Y
           if \@tempcntb > 0
             then  \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta  +  \@tempcntb
             else  \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta  -  \@tempcntb +  64
           fi
    fi
    \char\@tempcnta
   END

  \@getrarrow(X,Y) ==
   BEGIN
    \@tempcntb := |Y|
    case of \@tempcntb
      0 : \@tempcnta := '55
      1 : if X < 3
            then \@tempcnta :=  24*X - 6
            else if X = 3
                   then \@tempcnta := 49
                   else \@tempcnta := 58  fi
          fi
      2 : if X < 3
            then \@tempcnta :=  24*X - 3
            else \@tempcnta := 51      % X must = 3
          fi
      3 : \@tempcnta := 16*X - 2
      4 : \@tempcnta := 16*X + 7
    endcase
    if Y < 0
      then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 64
    fi
    \char\@tempcnta
   END
```

\if@negarg

```
55 \newif\if@negarg
```

\line

```
56 \gdef\line(#1,#2)#3{\@xarg #1\relax \@yarg #2\relax
57   \@linelen #3\unitlength
58   \ifdim\@linelen<\z@\@badlinearg\else
59     \ifnum\@xarg =\z@ \@vline
60       \else \ifnum\@yarg =\z@ \@hline \else \@sline\fi
61     \fi
62   \fi}
```

\@sline

```
63 \gdef\@sline{%
64   \ifnum\@xarg<\z@ \@negargtrue \@xarg -\@xarg \@yyarg -\@yarg
65   \else \@negargfalse \@yyarg \@yarg \fi
66 \ifnum \@yyarg >\z@ \@tempcnta\@yyarg \else \@tempcnta -\@yyarg \fi
```

```
\ifnum\@tempcnta>6 \@badlinearg\@tempcnta\z@ \fi
\ifnum\@xarg>6 \@badlinearg\@xarg \@ne \fi
\setbox\@linechar\hbox{\@linefnt\@getlinechar(\@xarg,\@yyarg)}%
```

If we have something like `\line(5,5){30}` the `\@linechar` will not contain a char and later on we will end in an infinite loop. So we check the width of the box and put in something as an emergency fix if necessary.

```
\ifdim\wd\@linechar=\z@
   \setbox\@linechar\hbox{.}%
   \@badlinearg
\fi
\ifnum \@yarg >\z@ \let\@upordown\raise \@clnht\z@
   \else\let\@upordown\lower \@clnht \ht\@linechar\fi
\@clnwd \wd\@linechar
\if@negarg
  \hskip -\wd\@linechar \def\reserved@a{\hskip -2\wd\@linechar}%
\else
     \let\reserved@a\relax
\fi
\@whiledim \@clnwd <\@linelen \do
  {\@upordown\@clnht\copy\@linechar
   \reserved@a
   \advance\@clnht \ht\@linechar
   \advance\@clnwd \wd\@linechar}%
\advance\@clnht -\ht\@linechar
\advance\@clnwd -\wd\@linechar
\@tempdima\@linelen\advance\@tempdima -\@clnwd
\@tempdimb\@tempdima\advance\@tempdimb -\wd\@linechar
\if@negarg \hskip -\@tempdimb \else \hskip \@tempdimb \fi
\multiply\@tempdima \@m
\@tempcnta \@tempdima
\@tempdima \wd\@linechar \divide\@tempcnta \@tempdima
\@tempdima \ht\@linechar \multiply\@tempdima \@tempcnta
\divide\@tempdima \@m
\advance\@clnht \@tempdima
\ifdim \@linelen <\wd\@linechar
   \hskip \wd\@linechar
```

Warn if line gets so short that it can't be printed. But don't warn if it is exactly zero since that was probably deliberate (e.g., to get a vector head only).

```
   \ifdim \@linelen = \z@
   \else
     \@picture@warn
   \fi
   \else\@upordown\@clnht\copy\@linechar\fi}
```

`\@hline`

```
\gdef\@hline{\ifnum \@xarg <\z@ \hskip -\@linelen \fi
\vrule \@height \@halfwidth \@depth \@halfwidth \@width \@linelen
\ifnum \@xarg <\z@ \hskip -\@linelen \fi}
```

`\getlinechar`

```
\gdef\@getlinechar(#1,#2){\@tempcnta#1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta 8%
  \advance\@tempcnta -9\ifnum #2>\z@ \advance\@tempcnta #2\relax\else
```

```
  \advance\@tempcnta -#2\relax\advance\@tempcnta 64 \fi
  \char\@tempcnta}

\vector
\gdef\vector(#1,#2)#3{\@xarg #1\relax \@yarg #2\relax
  \@tempcnta \ifnum\@xarg<\z@ -\@xarg\else\@xarg\fi
  \ifnum\@tempcnta<5\relax
  \@linelen #3\unitlength
  \ifdim\@linelen<\z@\@badlinearg\else
    \ifnum\@xarg =\z@ \@vvector
      \else \ifnum\@yarg =\z@ \@hvector \else \@svector\fi
    \fi
  \fi
  \else\@badlinearg\fi}

\@hvector
\gdef\@hvector{\@hline\hb@xt@\z@{\@linefnt
 \ifnum \@xarg <\z@ \@getlarrow(1,0)\hss\else
    \hss\@getrarrow(1,0)\fi}}

\@vvector
\gdef\@vvector{\ifnum \@yarg <\z@ \@downvector \else \@upvector \fi}

\@svector
\gdef\@svector{\@sline
  \@tempcnta\@yarg \ifnum\@tempcnta <\z@ \@tempcnta -\@tempcnta\fi
  \ifnum\@tempcnta <5%
    \hskip -\wd\@linechar
    \@upordown\@clnht \hbox{\@linefnt  \if@negarg
    \@getlarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)\else \@getrarrow(\@xarg,\@yyarg)\fi}%
  \else\@badlinearg\fi}

\@getlarrow
\gdef\@getlarrow(#1,#2){\ifnum #2=\z@ \@tempcnta 27 % '33
  \else
  \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta \sixt@@n
  \advance\@tempcnta -9 \@tempcntb #2\relax\multiply\@tempcntb \tw@
  \ifnum \@tempcntb >\z@ \advance\@tempcnta \@tempcntb
  \else\advance\@tempcnta -\@tempcntb\advance\@tempcnta 64
  \fi\fi\char\@tempcnta}


\@getrarrow
\gdef\@getrarrow(#1,#2){\@tempcntb #2\relax
\ifnum\@tempcntb <\z@ \@tempcntb -\@tempcntb\relax\fi
\ifcase \@tempcntb\relax \@tempcnta 45  % '55
\or
\ifnum #1<\thr@@ \@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
24\advance\@tempcnta -6 \else \ifnum #1=\thr@@ \@tempcnta 49
\else\@tempcnta 58 \fi\fi\or
\ifnum #1<\thr@@ \@tempcnta=#1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
24\advance\@tempcnta -\thr@@ \else \@tempcnta 51 \fi\or
\@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
```

```
\sixt@@n \advance\@tempcnta -\tw@ \else
\@tempcnta #1\relax\multiply\@tempcnta
\sixt@@n \advance\@tempcnta 7 \fi\ifnum #2<\z@ \advance\@tempcnta 64 \fi
\char\@tempcnta}
```

\@vline

```
\gdef\@vline{\ifnum \@yarg <\z@ \@downline \else \@upline\fi}
```

\@upline

```
\gdef\@upline{%
  \hb@xt@\z@{\hskip -\@halfwidth \vrule \@width \@wholewidth
   \@height \@linelen \@depth \z@\hss}}
```

\@downline

```
\gdef\@downline{%
  \hb@xt@\z@{\hskip -\@halfwidth \vrule \@width \@wholewidth
   \@height \z@ \@depth \@linelen \hss}}
```

\@upvector

```
\gdef\@upvector{\@upline\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\@linefnt\char 54}% '66
  \raise \@linelen \hb@xt@\z@{\lower \ht\@tempboxa\box\@tempboxa\hss}}
```

\@downvector

```
\gdef\@downvector{\@downline\lower \@linelen
      \hb@xt@\z@{\@linefnt\char 63  % '77
      \hss}}
```

\dashbox{D}(X,Y) ==
BEGIN
leave vertical mode
\hb@xt@ 0pt {
\baselineskip := 0pt
\lineskip := 0pt
%% HORIZONTAL DASHES
\@dashdim := X * \unitlength
\@dashcnt := \@dashdim + 200 % to prevent roundoff error
\@dashdim := D * \unitlength
\@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / \@dashdim
if \@dashcnt is odd
then \@dashdim := 0pt
\@dashcnt := (\@dashcnt + 1) / 2
else \@dashdim := \@dashdim / 2
\@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / 2 - 1
\box\@dashbox := \hbox{\vrule height \@halfwidth
depth \@halfwidth width \@dashdim}
\put(0,0){\copy\@dashbox}
\put(0,Y){\copy\@dashbox}
\put(X,0){\hskip -\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}
\put(X,Y){\hskip -\@dashdim\box\@dashbox}
\@dashdim := 3 * \@dashdim
fi

```
\box\@dashbox := \hbox{\vrule height \@halfwidth
                       depth \@halfwidth width D * \unitlength
                       \hskip D * \unitlength}
\@tempcnta := 0
\put(0,0){\hskip \@dashdim
          while \@tempcnta < \@dascnt
            do \copy\@dashbox
               \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
            od
         }
\@tempcnta := 0
put(0,Y){\hskip \@dashdim
          while \@tempcnta < \@dascnt
            do \copy\@dashbox
               \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
            od
         }

%% vertical dashes
      \@dashdim := Y * \unitlength
      \@dashcnt := \@dashdim + 200 % to prevent roundoff error
      \@dashdim := D * \unitlength
      \@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / \@dashdim
      if \@dashcnt is odd
        then \@dashdim := 0pt
             \@dashcnt := (\@dashcnt + 1) / 2
        else \@dashdim := \@dashdim / 2
             \@dashcnt := \@dashcnt / 2 - 1
             \box\@dashbox   := \hbox{\hskip -\@halfwidth
                                      \vrule width \@wholewidth
                                              height \@dashdim  }
             \put(0,0){\copy\@dashbox}
             \put(X,0){\copy\@dashbox}
             \put(0,Y){\lower\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}
             \put(X,Y){\lower\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}
             \@dashdim := 3 * \@dashdim
      fi
      \box\@dashbox := \hbox{\vrule width \@wholewidth
                               height D * \unitlength       }
      \@tempcnta := 0
      put(0,0){\hskip -\halfwidth
               \vbox{while \@tempcnta < \@dashcnt
                      do \vskip D*\unitlength
                         \copy\@dashbox
                         \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
                      od
                     \vskip \@dashdim
                    } }
      \@tempcnta := 0
      put(X,0){\hskip -\halfwidth
```

```
                    \vbox{while \@tempcnta < \@dashcnt
                           do \vskip D*\unitlength
                              \copy\@dashbox
                              \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 1
                           od
                          \vskip \@dashdim
                         }
                   }
    }      % END DASHES

  \@imakepicbox(X,Y)
 END
```

\dashbox

```
166 \gdef\dashbox#1(#2,#3){\leavevmode\hb@xt@\z@{\baselineskip \z@skip
167 \lineskip \z@skip
168 \@dashdim #2\unitlength
169 \@dashcnt \@dashdim \advance\@dashcnt 200
170 \@dashdim #1\unitlength\divide\@dashcnt \@dashdim
171 \ifodd\@dashcnt\@dashdim \z@
172 \advance\@dashcnt \@ne \divide\@dashcnt \tw@
173 \else \divide\@dashdim \tw@ \divide\@dashcnt \tw@
174 \advance\@dashcnt \m@ne
175 \setbox\@dashbox \hbox{\vrule \@height \@halfwidth \@depth \@halfwidth
176 \@width \@dashdim}\put(0,0){\copy\@dashbox}%
177 \put(0,#3){\copy\@dashbox}%
178 \put(#2,0){\hskip-\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}%
179 \put(#2,#3){\hskip-\@dashdim\box\@dashbox}%
180 \multiply\@dashdim \thr@@
181 \fi
182 \setbox\@dashbox \hbox{\vrule \@height \@halfwidth \@depth \@halfwidth
183 \@width #1\unitlength\hskip #1\unitlength}\@tempcnta\z@
184 \put(0,0){\hskip\@dashdim \@whilenum \@tempcnta <\@dashcnt
185 \do{\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcnta \@ne }}\@tempcnta\z@
186 \put(0,#3){\hskip\@dashdim \@whilenum \@tempcnta <\@dashcnt
187 \do{\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcnta \@ne }}%
188 \@dashdim #3\unitlength
189 \@dashcnt \@dashdim \advance\@dashcnt 200
190 \@dashdim #1\unitlength\divide\@dashcnt \@dashdim
191 \ifodd\@dashcnt \@dashdim \z@
192 \advance\@dashcnt \@ne \divide\@dashcnt \tw@
193 \else
194 \divide\@dashdim \tw@ \divide\@dashcnt \tw@
195 \advance\@dashcnt \m@ne
196 \setbox\@dashbox\hbox{\hskip -\@halfwidth
197 \vrule \@width \@wholewidth
198 \@height \@dashdim}\put(0,0){\copy\@dashbox}%
199 \put(#2,0){\copy\@dashbox}%
200 \put(0,#3){\lower\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}%
201 \put(#2,#3){\lower\@dashdim\copy\@dashbox}%
202 \multiply\@dashdim \thr@@
203 \fi
204 \setbox\@dashbox\hbox{\vrule \@width \@wholewidth
```

```
\@height #1\unitlength}\@tempcnta\z@
\put(0,0){\hskip -\@halfwidth \vbox{\@whilenum \@tempcnta <\@dashcnt
\do{\vskip #1\unitlength\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcnta \@ne }%
\vskip\@dashdim}}\@tempcnta\z@
\put(#2,0){\hskip -\@halfwidth \vbox{\@whilenum \@tempcnta<\@dashcnt
\do{\vskip #1\unitlength\copy\@dashbox\advance\@tempcnta \@ne }%
\vskip\@dashdim}}\@makepicbox(#2,#3)}
```

CIRCLES AND OVALS

USER COMMANDS:

`\circle{D}` : Produces the circle with the diameter as close as possible to D * `\unitlength`. `\put(X,Y){\circle{D}}` puts the circle with its center at (X,Y).

`\oval(X,Y)` : Makes an oval as round as possible that fits in the rectangle of width X * `\unitlength` and height Y * `\unitlength`. The reference point is the center.

`\oval(X,Y)[POS]` : Save as `\oval(X,Y)` except it draws only the half or quadrant of the oval indicated by POS. E.G., `\oval(X,Y)[t]` draws just the top half and `\oval(X,Y)[br]` draws just the bottom right quadrant. In all cases, the reference point is the same as the unqualified `\oval(X,Y)` command.

`\@ovvert {DELTA1} {DELTA2}` : Makes a vbox containing either the left side or the right side of the oval being constructed. The baseline will coincide with the outside bottom edge of the oval; the left side of the box will coincide with the left edge of the vertical rule. The width of the box will be `\@tempdima`.
DELTA1 and DELTA2 are added to the character number in `\@tempcnta`
to get the characters for the top and bottom quarter circle pieces.

`\@ovhorz` : Makes an hbox containing the straight rule for either the top or the bottom of the oval being constructed. The baseline will coincide with bottom edge of the rule; the left side of the box will coincide with the left side of the oval. The width of the box will be `\@ovxx`.

`\@getcirc {DIAM}` : Sets `\@tempcnta` to the character number of the top-right quarter circle with the largest diameter less than or equal to DIAM.
Sets `\@tempboxa` to an hbox containing that character.
Sets `\@tempdima` to `\wd \@tempboxa`, which is the distance from the circle's left outside edge to its right inside edge.
(These characters are like those described in the

TeXbook, pp. 389-90.)

```
\@getcirc {DIAM} ==
  BEGIN
    \@tempcnta       := integer coercion of (DIAM + 2pt)
                                          + 2pt added 1 Nov 88
    \@tempcnta       := \@tempcnta / integer coercion of 4pt
    if \@tempcnta > 10
      then \@tempcnta := 10 fi
    if \@tempcnta > 0
      then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta-1
      else LaTeX Warning: Oval too small.
    fi
    \@tempcnta       := 4 * \@tempcnta
    \@tempboxa       := \hbox{\@circlefnt \char \@tempcnta}
    \@tempdima       := \wd \@tempboxa
  END

\@put{X}{Y}{OBJ} ==
  BEGIN
    \raise Y \hb@xt@ 0pt{\hskip X OBJ \hss}
  END

\@oval(X,Y)[POS] ==
  BEGIN
    \begingroup
      \boxmaxdepth := \maxdimen
      @ovt := @ovb := @ovl := @ovr := true
      for all E in POS
        do  @ovE := false od
      \@ovxx      := X * \unitlength
      \@ovyy      := Y * \unitlength
      \@tempdimb := min(\@ovxx,\@ovyy)
      \@getcirc{\@tempdimb-2pt}   %% "-2pt" added 7 Dec 89
      \@ovro     := \ht \@tempboxa
      \@ovri     := \dp \@tempboxa
      \@ovdx     := \@ovxx - \@tempdima
      \@ovdx     := \@ovdx/2
      \@ovdy     := \@ovyy - \@tempdima
      \@ovdy     := \@ovyy/2
      \@circlefnt
      \@tempboxa :=
          \hbox{
                if @ovr
                  then \@ovvert{3}{2} \kern -\@tempdima
                fi
                if @ovl
                  then \kern \@ovxx \@ovvert{0}{1} \kern
-\@tempdima
                       \kern -\@ovxx
```

```
                fi
                if @ovt
                  then \@ovhorz \kern -\@ovxx
                fi
                if @ovb
                  then \raise \@ovyy \@ovhorz
                fi
               }
      \@ovdx    := \@ovdx + \@ovro
      \@ovdy    := \@ovdy + \@ovro
     \ht\@tempboxa := \dp\@tempboxa := 0
      \@put{-\@ovdx}{-\@ovdy}{\box\@tempboxa}
   \endgroup
  END

\@ovvert {DELTA1} {DELTA2} ==
  BEGIN
     \vbox to \@ovyy {
                     if @ovb
                       then \@tempcntb := \@tempcnta + DELTA1
                            \kern -\@ovro
                            \hbox { \char \@tempcntb }
                            \nointerlineskip
                       else \kern \@ovri \kern \@ovdy
                     fi
                     \leaders \vrule width \@wholewidth \vfil
                     \nointerlineskip
                     if @ovt
                       then \@tempcntb := \@tempcnta + DELTA2
                            \hbox { \char \@tempcntb }
                       else \kern \@ovdy \kern \@ovro
                     fi
                    }
  END

\@ovhorz ==
  BEGIN
   \hb@xt@ \@ovxx{
                  \kern \@ovro
                  if @ovr
                    then
                    else \kern \@ovdx
                  fi
                  \leaders \hrule height \@wholewidth \hfil
                  if @ovl
                    then
                    else \kern \@ovdx
                  fi
                  \kern \@ovri
                 }
```

```
  END

\circle{DIAM} ==
  BEGIN
   \begingroup
   \boxmaxdepth := maxdimen
   \@tempdimb := DIAM *\unitlength
   if \@tempdimb > 15.5pt
     then \@getcirc{\@tempdimb}
          \@ovro := \ht \@tempboxa
          \@tempboxa := \hbox{
                  \@circlefnt
                  \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 2
                  \char \@tempcnta
                  \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - 1
                  \char \@tempcnta
                  \kern -2\@tempdima
                  \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + 2
                  \raise \@tempdima \hbox { \char \@tempcnta }
                  \raise \@tempdima \box\@tempboxa
                 }
          \ht\@tempboxa := \dp\@tempboxa := 0
          \@put{-\@ovro}{-\@ovro}{\@tempboxa}
     else
          \@circ{\@tempdimb}{96}
   fi
  \endgroup
  END

 \circle*{DIAM}  ==  \@dot{DIAM} ==
\@circ{DIAM*\unitlength}{112}

 \@circ{DIAM}{CHAR} ==
  BEGIN
   \@tempcnta := integer coercion of (DIAM + .5pt)/1pt.
   if \@tempcnta > 15 then \@tempcnta := 15 fi
   if \@tempcnta > 1  then \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta - 1 fi
   \@tempcnta := \@tempcnta + CHAR
   \@circlefnt
   \char \@tempcnta
  END
```

\if@ovt
\if@ovb
\if@ovl
\if@ovr

If producing the Top Bottom Left or Right of an oval.

```
212 \newif\if@ovt
213 \newif\if@ovb
214 \newif\if@ovl
215 \newif\if@ovr
```

\@ovxx
\@ovyy
\@ovdx
\@ovdy
\@ovro
\@ovri

```
216 \newdimen\@ovxx
```

```
\newdimen\@ovyy
\newdimen\@ovdx
\newdimen\@ovdy
\newdimen\@ovro
\newdimen\@ovri
```

`\advance\@tempdima 2pt\relax` added 1 Nov 88 to fix bug in which size of drawn circle not monotonic function of argument of `\circle`, caused by different rounding for dimensions of large and small circles.

`\@getcirc`

```
\gdef\@getcirc#1{\@tempdima #1\relax \advance\@tempdima 2\p@
  \@tempcnta\@tempdima
  \@tempdima 4\p@ \divide\@tempcnta\@tempdima
  \ifnum \@tempcnta >10\relax
      \@picture@warn
      \@tempcnta 10\relax
  \fi
  \ifnum \@tempcnta >\z@ \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne
```

Warn if requirements for oval or circle can't be met.

```
    \else \@picture@warn \fi
  \multiply\@tempcnta 4\relax
  \setbox \@tempboxa \hbox{\@circlefnt
  \char \@tempcnta}\@tempdima \wd \@tempboxa}
```

`\@picture@warn` Generic warning for lines, vectors (used in `\@sline`) and oval or circle (used in `\@getcirc`) are not available at right size.

```
\def\@picture@warn{\@latex@warning{%
     \string\oval, \string\circle, or \string\line\space
     size unavailable}}
```

`\@put`

```
\gdef\@put#1#2#3{\raise #2\hb@xt@\z@{\hskip #1#3\hss}}
```

`\oval`

```
\gdef\oval(#1,#2){\@ifnextchar[{\@oval(#1,#2)}{\@oval(#1,#2)[]}}
```

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2016/03/31}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@ovhlinetrue}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Avoid almost zero length leaders}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

`\if@ovvline` `\if@ovhline` Tests whether horizontal or vertical lines are needed.

```
\newif\if@ovvline \@ovvlinetrue
\newif\if@ovhline \@ovhlinetrue
```

`\@oval`

```
\gdef\@oval(#1,#2)[#3]{\begingroup\boxmaxdepth \maxdimen
  \@ovttrue \@ovbtrue \@ovltrue \@ovrtrue

  \@ovvlinefalse \@ovhlinefalse
```

```
  \@tfor\reserved@a :=#3\do{\csname @ov\reserved@a false\endcsname}%
  \@ovxx #1\unitlength
  \@ovyy #2\unitlength

  \@tempdimb \ifdim \@ovyy >\@ovxx \@ovxx \@ovvlinetrue
  \else \@ovyy \ifdim \@ovyy =\@ovxx \else \@ovhlinetrue \fi\fi
  \advance \@tempdimb -2\p@
  \@getcirc \@tempdimb
  \@ovro \ht\@tempboxa \@ovri \dp\@tempboxa
  \@ovdx\@ovxx \advance\@ovdx -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdx \tw@
  \@ovdy\@ovyy \advance\@ovdy -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdy \tw@

  \ifdim \@ovdx >\z@ \@ovhlinetrue \fi
  \ifdim \@ovdy >\z@ \@ovvlinetrue \fi
  \@circlefnt \setbox\@tempboxa
  \hbox{\if@ovr \@ovvert32\kern -\@tempdima \fi
  \if@ovl \kern \@ovxx \@ovvert01\kern -\@tempdima \kern -\@ovxx \fi
  \if@ovt \@ovhorz \kern -\@ovxx \fi
  \if@ovb \raise \@ovyy \@ovhorz \fi}\advance\@ovdx\@ovro
  \advance\@ovdy\@ovro \ht\@tempboxa\z@ \dp\@tempboxa\z@
  \@put{-\@ovdx}{-\@ovdy}{\box\@tempboxa}%
  \endgroup}
```

`\@ovvert`

```
\gdef\@ovvert#1#2{\vbox to\@ovyy{%
    \if@ovb \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #1\relax
      \kern -\@ovro \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}\nointerlineskip
    \else \kern \@ovri \kern \@ovdy \fi

    \if@ovvline \leaders\vrule \@width \@wholewidth \fi
    \vfil \nointerlineskip
    \if@ovt \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #2\relax
      \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}%
    \else \kern \@ovdy \kern \@ovro \fi}}
```

`\@ovhorz`

```
\gdef\@ovhorz{\hb@xt@\@ovxx{\kern \@ovro
    \if@ovr \else \kern \@ovdx \fi

    \if@ovhline \leaders \hrule \@height \@wholewidth \fi
    \hfil
    \if@ovl \else \kern \@ovdx \fi
    \kern \@ovri}}

⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@ovhlinetrue}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {Avoid almost zero length leaders}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\if@ovvline\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\if@ovhline\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\@oval(#1,#2)[#3]{\begingroup\boxmaxdepth \maxdimen
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovttrue \@ovbtrue \@ovltrue \@ovrtrue
```

```
293 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@tfor\reserved@a :=#3\do
294 ⟨latexrelease⟩                {\csname @ov\reserved@a false\endcsname}%
295 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovxx #1\unitlength
296 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovyy #2\unitlength
297 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@tempdimb \ifdim \@ovyy >\@ovxx \@ovxx\else \@ovyy \fi
298 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \advance \@tempdimb -2\p@
299 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@getcirc \@tempdimb
300 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovro \ht\@tempboxa \@ovri \dp\@tempboxa
301 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovdx\@ovxx \advance\@ovdx -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdx \tw@
302 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@ovdy\@ovyy \advance\@ovdy -\@tempdima \divide\@ovdy \tw@
303 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@circlefnt \setbox\@tempboxa
304 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \hbox{\if@ovr \@ovvert32\kern -\@tempdima \fi
305 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@ovl
306 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \kern \@ovxx \@ovvert01\kern -\@tempdima \kern -\@ovxx
307 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
308 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@ovt \@ovhorz \kern -\@ovxx \fi
309 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@ovb \raise \@ovyy \@ovhorz \fi}\advance\@ovdx\@ovro
310 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \advance\@ovdy\@ovro \ht\@tempboxa\z@ \dp\@tempboxa\z@
311 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \@put{-\@ovdx}{-\@ovdy}{\box\@tempboxa}%
312 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \endgroup}
313 ⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\@ovvert#1#2{\vbox to\@ovyy{%
314 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@ovb \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #1\relax
315 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \kern -\@ovro \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}\nointerlineskip
316 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \else \kern \@ovri \kern \@ovdy \fi
317 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \leaders\vrule \@width \@wholewidth\vfil \nointerlineskip
318 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@ovt \@tempcntb \@tempcnta \advance \@tempcntb #2\relax
319 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \hbox{\char \@tempcntb}%
320 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \else \kern \@ovdy \kern \@ovro \fi}}
321 ⟨latexrelease⟩\gdef\@ovhorz{\hb@xt@\@ovxx{\kern \@ovro
322 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@ovr \else \kern \@ovdx \fi
323 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \leaders \hrule \@height \@wholewidth \hfil
324 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \if@ovl \else \kern \@ovdx \fi
325 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \kern \@ovri}}
326 ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
327 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\circle

```
328 \gdef\circle{\@inmatherr\circle\@ifstar\@dot\@circle}
```

\@circle

```
329 \gdef\@circle#1{%
330   \begingroup \boxmaxdepth \maxdimen \@tempdimb #1\unitlength
331    \ifdim \@tempdimb >15.5\p@ \@getcirc\@tempdimb
332       \@ovro\ht\@tempboxa
333      \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\@circlefnt
334       \advance\@tempcnta\tw@ \char \@tempcnta
335       \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne \char \@tempcnta \kern -2\@tempdima
336       \advance\@tempcnta\tw@
337       \raise \@tempdima \hbox{\char\@tempcnta}\raise \@tempdima
338         \box\@tempboxa}\ht\@tempboxa\z@ \dp\@tempboxa\z@
339       \@put{-\@ovro}{-\@ovro}{\box\@tempboxa}%
340    \else  \@circ\@tempdimb{96}\fi\endgroup}
```

\@dot Internal form of \circle*.

```
\gdef\@dot#1{\@tempdimb #1\unitlength \@circ\@tempdimb{112}}
```

\@circ

```
\gdef\@circ#1#2{\@tempdima #1\relax \advance\@tempdima .5\p@
   \@tempcnta\@tempdima \@tempdima \p@
   \divide\@tempcnta\@tempdima
   \ifnum\@tempcnta >15\relax \@tempcnta 15\relax \fi
   \ifnum \@tempcnta >\z@ \advance\@tempcnta\m@ne\fi
   \advance\@tempcnta #2\relax
   \@circlefnt \char\@tempcnta}
```

\@xarg
\@yarg
\@yyarg

Counters used for manipulating the 'slope' arguments.

```
\newcount\@xarg
\newcount\@yarg
\newcount\@yyarg
```

\@multicnt

Counter used in \multiput, and also \multicolumn.

```
\newcount\@multicnt
```

\@xdim
\yxdim

Length registers.

```
\newdimen\@xdim
\newdimen\@ydim
```

\@linechar

Box for holding a line segment character, for sloping lines.

```
\newbox\@linechar
```

\@linelen

Length of the line currently being built.

```
\newdimen\@linelen
```

\@clnwd
\@clnht

Height and width of current line segment.

```
\newdimen\@clnwd
\newdimen\@clnht
```

\@dashdim
\@dashbox
\@dashcnt

\dashbox internal registers.

```
\newdimen\@dashdim
\newbox\@dashbox
\newcount\@dashcnt
```

Initialization: "\thinlines"

```
\let\@linefnt\tenln
\let\@circlefnt\tencirc
\@wholewidth\fontdimen8\tenln
\@halfwidth .5\@wholewidth
```

58.1 Curves

The new \qbezier command, based on the old \bezier defined in bezier.sty.

\qbezier[N] == \bezier{N}

\bezier{N}(AX,AY)(BX,BY)(CX,CY) ==
BEGIN

```
IF N = 0
   THEN \@xdima := |BX - AX|
        \@xb := |CX - BX|
        \@xa := Max(\@xa, \@xb)
        \@ya := |BY - AY|
        \@yb := |CY - BY|
        \@ya := Max(\@ya, \@yb)
        @sc := Max(\@xa, \@ya)
        %% The coefficient .5 below is the degree of overlap of
        %% successive points, where 1 is no overlap and 0 is
        %% complete overlap.  A coefficient of C multiplies
        %% the number of points plotted by 1/C.
        %%
        \@xa := .5 * \@halfwidth
        @sc := @sc / \@halfwidth
        @sc := Max(@sc, qbeziermax)
    ELSE @sc := N
@scp := @sc+1
\@xb := 2 * (BX - AX) * \unitlength
\@xa := ((CX-AX)*\unitlength - \@xb)/@sc
\@yb := 2 * (BY - AY) * \unitlength
\@ya := ((CY-AY)*\unitlength - \@yb)/@sc
\@pictdot := square rule of width \@wholewidth
\count@ := 0
WHILE \count@ < @scp
  DO  \@xdim := ((\count@*\@xa + @xb) / @sc) * \count@
      \@ydim := ((\count@*\@ya + @yb) / @sc) * \count@
      plot pt with relative coords (\@xdim,\@ydim)
      \count@ := \count@+1
  OD
```

`\qbeziermax` The maximum number of points to plot.

```
\gdef\qbeziermax{500}
```

In the code below, to save registers `\@a` ... are not used. Instead other registers are reused.

```
\newcounter{@sc} -> \c@multicnt
\newcounter{@scp} -> \@tempcnta
\newdimen\@xa ->  \@ovxx
\newdimen\@xb ->  \@ovdx
\newdimen\@ya ->  \@ovyy
\newdimen\@yb ->  \@ovdy
\newsavebox{\@pictdot} -> \@tempboxa
```

`\qbezier` Main user-level command to plot quadratic bezier curves. `#2` should be `(`.

```
\newcommand\qbezier[2][0]{\bezier{#1}#2}
```

`\bezier` Form of `\bezier` compatible with 2.09 `bezier.sty`, but modified to ignore spaces between its arguments. `#2` should be white space, and `#4` should be `(`.

```
\gdef\bezier#1)#2(#3)#4({\@bezier#1)(#3)(}
```

\@bezier

```
\gdef\@bezier#1(#2,#3)(#4,#5)(#6,#7){%
  \ifnum #1=\z@
      \@ovxx #4\unitlength
        \advance\@ovxx -#2\unitlength
        \ifdim \@ovxx<\z@ \@ovxx -\@ovxx \fi
      \@ovdx #6\unitlength
        \advance\@ovdx -#4\unitlength
        \ifdim \@ovdx<\z@ \@ovdx -\@ovdx \fi
        \ifdim \@ovxx<\@ovdx \@ovxx \@ovdx \fi
      \@ovyy #5\unitlength
        \advance\@ovyy -#3\unitlength
        \ifdim \@ovyy<\z@ \@ovyy -\@ovyy \fi
      \@ovdy #7\unitlength
        \advance\@ovdy -#5\unitlength
        \ifdim \@ovdy<\z@  \@ovdy -\@ovdy \fi
        \ifdim \@ovyy<\@ovdy \@ovyy  \@ovdy \fi
      \@multicnt
         \ifdim \@ovxx>\@ovyy \@ovxx \else \@ovyy \fi
      \@ovxx .5\@halfwidth \divide\@multicnt\@ovxx
      \ifnum \qbeziermax<\@multicnt \@multicnt\qbeziermax\relax \fi
  \else \@multicnt#1\relax \fi
  \@tempcnta\@multicnt \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
  \@ovdx #4\unitlength \advance\@ovdx -#2\unitlength
      \multiply\@ovdx \tw@
  \@ovxx #6\unitlength \advance\@ovxx -#2\unitlength
      \advance\@ovxx -\@ovdx \divide\@ovxx\@multicnt
  \@ovdy #5\unitlength \advance\@ovdy -#3\unitlength
       \multiply\@ovdy \tw@
  \@ovyy #7\unitlength \advance\@ovyy -#3\unitlength
      \advance\@ovyy -\@ovdy \divide\@ovyy\@multicnt

  \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{%
            \hskip -\@halfwidth
            \vrule \@height\@halfwidth
                   \@depth \@halfwidth
                   \@width \@wholewidth}%
   \put(#2,#3){%
     \count@\z@
     \@whilenum{\count@<\@tempcnta}\do
        {\@xdim\count@\@ovxx
           \advance\@xdim\@ovdx
           \divide\@xdim\@multicnt
           \multiply\@xdim\count@
         \@ydim\count@\@ovyy
           \advance\@ydim\@ovdy
           \divide\@ydim\@multicnt
           \multiply\@ydim\count@
         \raise \@ydim
           \hb@xt@\z@{\kern\@xdim
                      \unhcopy\@tempboxa\hss}%
         \advance\count@\@ne}}}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File E
ltthm.dtx

59 Theorem Environments

The user creates his own theorem-like environments with the command
`\newtheorem{`⟨*name*⟩`}{`⟨*text*⟩`}[`⟨*counter*⟩`]` or
`\newtheorem{`⟨*name*⟩`}[`⟨*oldname*⟩`]{`⟨*text*⟩`}`
This defines the environment ⟨*name*⟩ to be just as one would expect a theorem environment to be, except that it prints ⟨*text*⟩ instead of "Theorem".

If ⟨*oldname*⟩ is given, then environments ⟨*name*⟩ and ⟨*oldname*⟩ use the same counter, so using a ⟨*name*⟩ environment advances the number of the next ⟨*name*⟩ environment, and vice-versa.

If ⟨*counter*⟩ is given, then environment ⟨*name*⟩ is numbered within ⟨*counter*⟩.

E.g., if ⟨*counter*⟩ = `subsection`, then the first ⟨*name*⟩ in subsection 7.2 is numbered ⟨*text*⟩ 7.2.1.

The way ⟨*name*⟩ environments are numbered can be changed by redefining `\the`⟨*name*⟩.

DOCUMENT STYLE PARAMETERS

`\@thmcounter{COUNTER}` : A command such that
`\edef\theCOUNTER{\@thmcounter{COUNTER}}`
defines `\theCOUNTER` to produce a number for a theorem environment. The default is:
BEGIN `\noexpand\arabic{COUNTER}` END

`\@thmcountersep` : A separator placed between a theorem number and the number of the counter within which it is numbered. E.g., to make the third theorem of section 7.2 be numbered 7.2-3, `\@thmcountersep` should be `\def`'ed to '-'. Its default is '.'.

`\@begintheorem{NAME}{NUMBER}` : A command that begins a theorem environment for a 'theorem' named 'NAME NUMBER' – e.g., `\@begintheorem{Lemma}{3.7}` starts Lemma 3.7.

`\@opargbegintheorem{NAME}{NUMBER}{OPARG}` : A command that begins a theorem environment for a 'theorem' named 'NAME NUMBER' with optional argument OPARG – e.g., `\@begintheorem{Lemma}{3.7}{Jones}` starts 'Lemma 3.7 (Jones):'.

`\@endtheorem` : A command that ends a theorem environment.

`\newtheorem{NAME}{TEXT}[COUNTER]` ==

```
   BEGIN
     if \NAME is definable
       then \@definecounter{NAME}
            if COUNTER present
              then \@newctr{NAME}[COUNTER] fi
                   \theNAME ==  BEGIN \theCOUNTER \@thmcountersep
                                      eval\@thmcounter{NAME}
END
              else \theNAME ==  BEGIN eval\@thmcounter{NAME} END
            \NAME == \@thm{NAME}{TEXT}
            \endNAME == \@endtheorem
       else  error
     fi
   END

 \newtheorem{NAME}[OLDNAME]{TEXT}==
   BEGIN
     if counter OLDNAME nonexistent
       then ERROR
       else
            if \NAME is definable
              then BEGIN
                   \theNAME == \theOLDNAME
                   \NAME == \@thm{OLDNAME}{TEXT}
                   \endNAME == \@endtheorem
                   END
              else  error
            fi
     fi
   END

 \@thm{NAME}{TEXT} ==
   BEGIN
    \refstepcounter{NAME}
    if next char = [
       then \@ythm{NAME}{TEXT}
       else \@xthm{NAME}{TEXT}
    fi
   END

 \@xthm{NAME}{TEXT} ==
   BEGIN
    \@begintheorem{TEXT}{\theNAME}
    \ignorespaces
   END

 \@ythm{NAME}{TEXT}[OPARG] ==
   BEGIN
    \@opargbegintheorem{TEXT}{\theNAME}{OPARG}
    \ignorespaces
```

END

\newtheorem

\newtheorem ought really be allowed only in the preamble Which would be good document style, and allow some main memory to be saved by declaring these commands to be \@onlypreamble. Unfortunately the LaTeX book indicates that \newtheorem may be used anywhere in the document...

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \def\newtheorem#1{%
3   \@ifnextchar[{\@othm{#1}}{\@nthm{#1}}}
```

\@nthm

```
4 \def\@nthm#1#2{%
5   \@ifnextchar[{\@xnthm{#1}{#2}}{\@ynthm{#1}{#2}}}
```

\@xnthm

92/09/18 RmS: Changed \@addtoreset to \@newctr to produce error message if counter #3 does not exist (to be consistent with behaviour of \newcounter)

```
6 \def\@xnthm#1#2[#3]{%
7   \expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
8     {\@definecounter{#1}\@newctr{#1}[#3]%
9      \expandafter\xdef\csname the#1\endcsname{%
10       \expandafter\noexpand\csname the#3\endcsname \@thmcountersep
11          \@thmcounter{#1}}%
12     \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#1}{#2}}%
13     \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}
```

\@ynthm

```
14 \def\@ynthm#1#2{%
15   \expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
16     {\@definecounter{#1}%
17      \expandafter\xdef\csname the#1\endcsname{\@thmcounter{#1}}%
18      \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#1}{#2}}%
19      \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}
```

\@othm

```
20 \def\@othm#1[#2]#3{%
21   \@ifundefined{c@#2}{\@nocounterr{#2}}%
22     {\expandafter\@ifdefinable\csname #1\endcsname
23     {\global\@namedef{the#1}{\@nameuse{the#2}}%
24   \global\@namedef{#1}{\@thm{#2}{#3}}%
25   \global\@namedef{end#1}{\@endtheorem}}}}
```

\@thm

```
26 \def\@thm#1#2{%
27   \refstepcounter{#1}%
28   \@ifnextchar[{\@ythm{#1}{#2}}{\@xthm{#1}{#2}}}
```

\@xthm
\@ythm

```
29 \def\@xthm#1#2{%
30   \@begintheorem{#2}{\csname the#1\endcsname}\ignorespaces}
31 \def\@ythm#1#2[#3]{%
32   \@opargbegintheorem{#2}{\csname the#1\endcsname}{#3}\ignorespaces}
```

Default values

```
\@thmcounter
\@thmcountersep
```

```
\def\@thmcounter#1{\noexpand\arabic{#1}}
\def\@thmcountersep{.}
```

```
\@begintheorem
\@opargbegintheorem
\@endtheorem
```

Providing theorem defaults.

```
\def\@begintheorem#1#2{\trivlist
   \item[\hskip \labelsep{\bfseries #1\ #2}]\itshape}
\def\@opargbegintheorem#1#2#3{\trivlist
      \item[\hskip \labelsep{\bfseries #1\ #2\ (#3)}]\itshape}
\def\@endtheorem{\endtrivlist}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File F
ltsect.dtx

60 Sectioning Commands

This file defines the declarations such as `\author` which are used by `\maketitle`. `\maketitle` itself is defined by each class, not in the LaTeX kernel.

The second part of the file defines the generic commands used for defining sectioning commands such as `\chapter`. Again the actual document level commands are defined in the class files, in terms of these commands.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{title,}
```

60.1 The Title

`\title` `\author` `\date` `\thanks` `\and` `\maketitle`

The user defines the title and author by the declarations `\title{`⟨*name*⟩`}`, `\author{`⟨*name*⟩`}`

Similarly the date is declared with `\date{`⟨*date*⟩`}`.

Inside these, the `\thanks{`⟨*footnote text*⟩`}` command may be used to make acknowledgements, notice of address, etc. in a footnote. If there are multiple authors, they have to be separated with the `\and` command.

And finally, the `\maketitle` command produces the actual title, using the information previously saved with the other commands.

`\title` `\@title`

`\title` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce an error message.

```
3 \def\title#1{\gdef\@title{#1}}
4 \def\@title{\@latex@error{No \noexpand\title given}\@ehc}
```

`\author` `\@author`

`\author` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce a warning message.

```
5 \def\author#1{\gdef\@author{#1}}
6 \def\@author{\@latex@warning@no@line{No \noexpand\author given}}
```

`\date` `\@date`

`\date` for use in `\maketitle`. If not given `\maketitle` will produce `\today` as the default.

```
7 \def\date#1{\gdef\@date{#1}}
8 \gdef\@date{\today}
```

`\thanks`

```
9 \def\thanks#1{\footnotemark
10     \protected@xdef\@thanks{\@thanks
11         \protect\footnotetext[\the\c@footnote]{#1}}%
12 }
```

`\@thanks`

```
13 \let\@thanks\@empty
```

\and

```
\def\and{%                  % \begin{tabular}
  \end{tabular}%
  \hskip 1em \@plus.17fil%
  \begin{tabular}[t]{c}}%   % \end{tabular}

\message{sectioning,}
```

60.2 Sectioning

\@secpenalty

```
\newcount\@secpenalty
\@secpenalty = -300
```

\if@noskipsec
\@noskipsectrue

Way back in 1991 (08/26) FMi & RmS set the \@noskipsec switch to true for the preamble and to false in \document. This was done to trap lists and related text in the preamble but it does not catch everything.

```
\newif\if@noskipsec \@noskipsectrue
```

\@startsection

The \@startsection{⟨*name*⟩}{⟨*level*⟩}{ ⟨*indent*⟩}{⟨*beforeskip*⟩} {⟨*afterskip*⟩}{⟨*style*⟩}*[⟨*altheading*⟩]{⟨*heading*⟩} command is the mother of all the user level sectioning commands. The part after the *, including the * is optional.

name: e.g., 'subsection'

level: a number, denoting depth of section – e.g., chapter = 0, section = 1, etc.

indent: Indentation of heading from left margin

beforeskip: Absolute value = skip to leave above the heading. If negative, then paragraph indent of text following heading is suppressed.

afterskip: if positive, then skip to leave below heading, else negative of skip to leave to right of run-in heading.

style: Commands to set style. Since June 1996 release the *last* command in this argument may be a command such as \MakeUppercase or \fbox that takes an argument. The section heading will be supplied as the argument to this command. So setting #6 to, say, \bfseries\MakeUppercase would produce bold, uppercase headings.

If '*' is missing, then increment the counter. If it is present, then there should be no [⟨*altheading*⟩] argument. The command uses the counter 'secnumdepth'. It contains a pointer to the highest section level that is to be numbered.

Warning: The \@startsection command should be at the same or higher grouping level as the text that follows it. For example, you should *not* do something like

```
\def\foo{ \begingroup ...
            \paragraph{...}
          \endgroup}
```

Pseudocode for the `\@startsection` command

```
\@startsection
{NAME}{LEVEL}{INDENT}{BEFORESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}{STYLE} ==
  BEGIN
   IF  @noskipsec = T  THEN  \leavevmode  FI
                          % true if previous section had no body.

   \par
   \@tempskipa  := BEFORESKIP
   @afterindent := T
   IF \@tempskipa < 0  THEN  \@tempskipa  := -\@tempskipa
                             @afterindent := F
   FI
   IF @nobreak = true
     THEN \everypar == null
     ELSE \addpenalty{\@secpenalty}
          \addvspace{\@tempskipa}
   FI
   IF * next
     THEN \@ssect{INDENT}{BEFORESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}{STYLE}
     ELSE \@dblarg{\@sect
              {NAME}{LEVEL}{INDENT}
              {BEFORESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}{STYLE}}
   FI
 END
```

```
\def\@startsection#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \if@noskipsec \leavevmode \fi
  \par
  \@tempskipa #4\relax
  \@afterindenttrue
  \ifdim \@tempskipa <\z@
    \@tempskipa -\@tempskipa \@afterindentfalse
  \fi
  \if@nobreak
    \everypar{}%
  \else
    \addpenalty\@secpenalty\addvspace\@tempskipa
  \fi
  \@ifstar
    {\@ssect{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}%
    {\@dblarg{\@sect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}}}
```

`\@sect` Pseudocode for the `\@sect` command

```
\@sect{NAME}{LEVEL}
      {INDENT}{BEFORESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}
      {STYLE}[ARG1]{ARG2}
          ==
  BEGIN
   IF LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
     THEN \@svsec :=L null
     ELSE \refstepcounter{NAME}
```

```
          \@svsec :=L BEGIN \@seccntformat{#1}\relax END
    FI
    IF AFTERSKIP > 0
      THEN \begingroup
             STYLE
             \@hangfrom{\hskip INDENT\@svsec}
             {\interlinepenalty 10000 ARG2\par}
           \endgroup
           \NAMEmark{ARG1}
           \addcontentsline{toc}{NAME}
              { IF   LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
                  ELSE \protect\numberline{\theNAME}  FI
                ARG1 }
      ELSE \@svsechd == BEGIN   STYLE
                                \hskip INDENT\@svsec
                                ARG2
                                \NAMEmark{ARG1}
                                \addcontentsline{toc}{NAME}
                                   { IF   LEVEL > \c@secnumdepth
                                       ELSE

\protect\numberline{\theNAME}
                                       FI
                                     ARG1 }
                           END
    FI
    \@xsect{AFTERSKIP}
 END
```

```
\def\@sect#1#2#3#4#5#6[#7]#8{%
  \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth
    \let\@svsec\@empty
  \else
    \refstepcounter{#1}%
```

Since `\@seccntformat` might end with an improper `\hskip` which is scanning forward for `plus` or `minus` we end the definition of `\@svsec` with `\relax` as a precaution.

```
    \protected@edef\@svsec{\@seccntformat{#1}\relax}%
  \fi
  \@tempskipa #5\relax
  \ifdim \@tempskipa>\z@
    \begingroup
```

This `{` used to be after the argument to `\@hangfrom` but was moved here to allow commands such as `\MakeUppercase` to be used at the end of `#6`.

```
      #6{%
        \@hangfrom{\hskip #3\relax\@svsec}%
          \interlinepenalty \@M #8\@@par}%
    \endgroup
    \csname #1mark\endcsname{#7}%
    \addcontentsline{toc}{#1}{%
```

```
      \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth \else
        \protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}%
      \fi
      #7}%
  \else
```

`\relax` added 2 May 90

```
    \def\@svsechd{%
      #6{\hskip #3\relax
      \@svsec #8}%
      \csname #1mark\endcsname{#7}%
      \addcontentsline{toc}{#1}{%
        \ifnum #2>\c@secnumdepth \else
          \protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}%
        \fi
        #7}}%
  \fi
  \@xsect{#5}}
```

`\@xsect` Pseudocode for the `\@xsect` command

```
\@xsect{AFTERSKIP} ==
 BEGIN
   IF AFTERSKIP > 0
     THEN \par \nobreak
          \vskip AFTERSKIP
          \@afterheading
     ELSE @nobreak :=G F
          @noskipsec :=G T
          \everypar{ IF @noskipsec = T
                       THEN @noskipsec :=G F
                            \clubpenalty := 10000 % local
                            \hskip -\parindent
                            \begingroup
                              \@svsechd
                            \endgroup
                            \unskip
                            \hskip -AFTERSKIP \relax
                                        %% relax added 14 Jan 91
                       ELSE \clubpenalty := \@clubpenalty % local
                            \everypar := NULL
                     FI
                   }
   FI

   END
```

```
\def\@xsect#1{%
  \@tempskipa #1\relax
  \ifdim \@tempskipa>\z@
```

Why not combine `\@sect` and `\@xsect` and save doing the same test twice? It is not possible to change this now as these have become hooks!

This `\par` seems unnecessary.

```
    \par \nobreak
    \vskip \@tempskipa
    \@afterheading
  \else

    \@nobreakfalse
    \global\@noskipsectrue
    \everypar{%
      \if@noskipsec
        \global\@noskipsecfalse
       {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
        \clubpenalty\@M
        \begingroup \@svsechd \endgroup
        \unskip
        \@tempskipa #1\relax
        \hskip -\@tempskipa
      \else
        \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
        \everypar{}%
      \fi}%
  \fi
  \ignorespaces}
```

`\@seccntformat` This command formats the section number including the space following it.

```
\def\@seccntformat#1{\csname the#1\endcsname\quad}
```

Pseudocode for the `\@ssect` command

```
\@ssect{INDENT}{BEFORESKIP}{AFTERSKIP}{STYLE}{ARG} ==
  BEGIN
   IF AFTERSKIP > 0
     THEN \begingroup
            STYLE
            \@hangfrom{\hskip INDENT}
                      {\interlinepenalty 10000 ARG\par}
          \endgroup
     ELSE \@svsechd == BEGIN STYLE
                           \hskip INDENT
                           ARG
                       END
   FI
   \@xsect{AFTERSKIP}
  END
```

Pseudocode for the `\@afterheading` command

```
\@afterheading ==
 BEGIN
   @nobreak :=G true
   \everypar := BEGIN IF @nobreak = T
                      THEN @nobreak  :=G false
                           \clubpenalty := 10000 % local
                           IF @afterindent = F
                             THEN remove \lastbox
                           FI
```

ELSE \clubpenalty := \@clubpenalty % local
\everypar := NULL
FI
END
END

\@ssect

```
\def\@ssect#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \@tempskipa #3\relax
  \ifdim \@tempskipa>\z@
    \begingroup
```

This { used to be after the argument to \@hangfrom but was moved here to allow commands such as \MakeUppercase to be used at the end of #4.

```
      #4{%
        \@hangfrom{\hskip #1}%
          \interlinepenalty \@M #5\@@par}%
    \endgroup
  \else
    \def\@svsechd{#4{\hskip #1\relax #5}}%
  \fi
  \@xsect{#3}}
```

\if@afterindent
\@afterindenttrue

```
\newif\if@afterindent \@afterindenttrue
```

\@afterheading This hook is used in setting up custom-built headings in classes.dtx.

```
\def\@afterheading{%
  \@nobreaktrue
  \everypar{%
    \if@nobreak
      \@nobreakfalse
      \clubpenalty \@M
      \if@afterindent \else
        {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
      \fi
    \else
      \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
      \everypar{}%
    \fi}}
```

\@hangfrom \@hangfrom{⟨*text*⟩} : Puts ⟨*text*⟩ in a box, and makes a hanging indentation of the following material up to the first \par. Should be used in vertical mode.

```
\def\@hangfrom#1{\setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{{#1}}%
      \hangindent \wd\@tempboxa\noindent\box\@tempboxa}
```

\c@secnumdepth
\c@tocdepth

```
\newcount\c@secnumdepth
\newcount\c@tocdepth
```

\secdef \secdef{⟨*unstarcmds*⟩}{⟨*unstarcmds*⟩}{ ⟨*starcmds*⟩}
When defining a \chapter or \section command without using \@startsection, you can use \secdef as follows:

1. `\def\chapter{ ...\secdef \⟨starcmd⟩ \⟨unstarcmd⟩ }`
2. `\def\⟨starcmd⟩[#1]#2{ ...} %` Command to define `\chapter[...]{...}`
3. `\def\⟨unstarcmd⟩#1{ ...} %` Command to define `\chapter*{...}`

```
\def\secdef#1#2{\@ifstar{#2}{\@dblarg{#1}}}
```

60.2.1 Initializations

```
\sectionmark
\subsectionmark
\subsubsectionmark
\paragraphmark
\subparagraphmark
```

```
\let\sectionmark\@gobble
\let\subsectionmark\@gobble
\let\subsubsectionmark\@gobble
\let\paragraphmark\@gobble
\let\subparagraphmark\@gobble

\message{contents,}
```

60.3 Table of Contents etc.

60.3.1 Convention

`\tf@`⟨*foo*⟩ = file number for output for table foo. The file is opened only if `@filesw` = `true`.

60.3.2 Commands

A `\l@`⟨*type*⟩`{`⟨*entry*⟩`}{`⟨*page*⟩`}` Macro needs to defined by document style for making an entry of type ⟨*type*⟩ in a table of contents, etc. E.g., the document style should define `\l@chapter`, `\l@section`, etc.

Note: When the `\protect` command is used in the ⟨*entry*⟩ or ⟨*text*⟩ of one of the commands below, it causes the following control sequence to be written on the file without being expanded. The sequence will be expanded when the table of contents entry is processed.

Surprise: Inside an `\addcontentsline` or `\addtocontents` command argument, the commands: `\index`, `\glossary`, and `\label` are no-ops . This could cause a problem if the user puts an `\index` or `\label` into one of the commands he writes, or into the optional 'short version' argument of a `\section` or `\caption` command.

`\@starttoc`

The `\@starttoc{`⟨*ext*⟩`}` command is used to define the commands: `\tableofcontents`, `\listoffigures`, etc.

For example: `\@starttoc{lof}` is used in `\listoffigures`. This command reads the `.`⟨*ext*⟩ file and sets up to write the new `.`⟨*ext*⟩ file.

```
\@starttoc{EXT} ==
  BEGIN
    \begingroup
      \makeatletter
      read file \jobname.EXT
      IF @filesw = true
        THEN  open \jobname.EXT as file \tf@EXT
      FI
```

```
      @nobreak :=G FALSE  %% added 24 May 89
    \endgroup
  END
```

```
\def\@starttoc#1{%
  \begingroup
    \makeatletter
    \@input{\jobname.#1}%
    \if@filesw
      \expandafter\newwrite\csname tf@#1\endcsname
      \immediate\openout \csname tf@#1\endcsname \jobname.#1\relax
    \fi
    \@nobreakfalse
  \endgroup}
```

`\addcontentsline` The `\addcontentsline{`⟨*table*⟩`}{`⟨*type*⟩`}{ `⟨*entry*⟩`}` command allows the user to add his/her own entry to a table of contents, etc. The command adds the entry `\contentsline{`⟨*type*⟩`}{`⟨*entry*⟩`}{`⟨*page*⟩`}` to the `.`⟨*table*⟩ file.

This macro is implemented as an application of `\addtocontents`. Note that `\thepage` is not expandable during `\protected@write` therefore one gets the page number at the time of the `\shipout`.

```
\def\addcontentsline#1#2#3{%
  \addtocontents{#1}{\protect\contentsline{#2}{#3}{\thepage}}}
```

`\addtocontents` The `\addtocontents{`⟨*table*⟩`}{`⟨*text*⟩`}` command adds ⟨*text*⟩ to the `.`⟨*table*⟩ file, with no page number.

```
\long\def\addtocontents#1#2{%
  \protected@write\@auxout
      {\let\label\@gobble \let\index\@gobble \let\glossary\@gobble}%
      {\string\@writefile{#1}{#2}}}
```

`\contentsline` The `\contentsline{`⟨*type*⟩`}{`⟨*entry*⟩`}{`⟨*page*⟩`}` macro produces a ⟨*type*⟩ entry in a table of contents, etc. It will appear in the `.toc` or other file. For example, The entry for subsection 1.4.3 in the table of contents for example, might be produced by:

```
\contentsline{subsection}
    {\makebox{30pt}[r]{1.4.3} Gnats and Gnus}{22}
```

The `\protect` command causes command sequences to be written without expanding them.

```
\def\contentsline#1{\csname l@#1\endcsname}
```

`\@dottedtocline{`⟨*level*⟩`}{`⟨*indent*⟩`}{`⟨*numwidth*⟩ `}{`⟨*title*⟩`}{`⟨*page*⟩`}`: Macro to produce a table of contents line with the following parameters:

level If ⟨*level*⟩ > `\c@tocdepth`, then no line produced.

indent Total indentation from the left margin.

numwidth Width of box for number if the ⟨*title*⟩ has a `\numberline` command. As of 25 Jan 1988, this is also the amount of extra indentation added to second and later lines of a multiple line entry.

title Contents of entry.

page Page number.

Uses the following parameters, which must be set by the document style. They should be defined with `\def`'s.

`pnumwidth` Width of box in which page number is set.

`tocrmarg` Right margin indentation for all but last line of multiple-line entries.

`dotsep` Separation between dots, in mu units. Should be `\def`'d to a number like 2 or 1.7

`\@dottedtocline`

```
\def\@dottedtocline#1#2#3#4#5{%
  \ifnum #1>\c@tocdepth \else
    \vskip \z@ \@plus.2\p@
    {\leftskip #2\relax \rightskip \@tocrmarg \parfillskip -\rightskip
     \parindent #2\relax\@afterindenttrue
     \interlinepenalty\@M
     \leavevmode
     \@tempdima #3\relax
     \advance\leftskip \@tempdima \null\nobreak\hskip -\leftskip
     {#4}\nobreak
     \leaders\hbox{$\m@th
```

If a document uses fonts other than computer modern, the use of a dot from math can be very disturbing despite the fact that this might be the only place in a document that then uses computer modern. Therefore we surround the dot with an `\hbox` to escape to the surrounding text font.

```
        \mkern \@dotsep mu\hbox{.}\mkern \@dotsep
        mu$}\hfill
     \nobreak
     \hb@xt@\@pnumwidth{\hfil\normalfont \normalcolor #5}%
     \par}%
  \fi}
```

Note: `\nobreak`'s added 7 Jan 86 to prevent bad line break that left the page number dangling by itself at left edge of a new line.

Changed 25 Jan 88 to use `\leftskip` instead of `\hangindent` so leaders of multiple-line contents entries would line up properly.

`\numberline` `\numberline{`⟨*number*⟩`}`: For use in a `\contentsline` command. It puts ⟨*number*⟩ flushleft in a box of width `\@tempdima` (Before 25 Jan 88 change, it also added `\@tempdima` to the hanging indentation.)

```
\def\numberline#1{\hb@xt@\@tempdima{#1\hfil}}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File G
ltfloat.dtx

61 Floats

The different types of floats are identified by a ⟨*type*⟩ name, which is the name of the counter for that kind of float. For example, figures are of type 'figure' and tables are of type 'table'. Each ⟨*type*⟩ has associated a positive ⟨*type number*⟩, which is a power of two. E.g.,
figures might be have type number 1, tables type number 2, programs type number 4, etc.

The locations where a float can go are specified by a ⟨*placement specifier*⟩, which is a list of the possible locations, each denoted by a letter as follows:

h : here — at the current location in the text.
t : top — at the top of a text page.
b : bottom — at the bottom of a text page.
p : page — on a separate float page

In addition, in conjunction with these, you can use '!' which means that the current values of the float positioning parameters are ignored for this float. (Has no effect on 'p', float page positioning.) For example, 'pht' specifies that the float can appear in any of three locations: page, here or top.

61.1 Floating Environments

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{floats,}
```

Where floats may appear on a page, and how many may appear there are specified by the following float placement parameters. The numbers are named like counters so the user can set them with the ordinary counter-setting commands.

`\c@topnumber` : Number of floats allowed at the top of a column.
`\topfraction` : Fraction of column that can be devoted to floats.
`\c@dbltopnumber, \dbltopfraction`
: Same as above, but for double-column floats.
`\c@bottomnumber, \bottomfraction`
: Same as above for bottom of page.
`\c@totalnumber` : Number of floats allowed in a single column, including in-text floats.
`\textfraction` :Minimum fraction of column that must contain text.
`\floatpagefraction`: Minimum fraction of page that must be taken up by float page.
`\dblfloatpagefraction`
: Same as above, for double-column floats.

The document style must define the following.

`\fps@TYPE` : The default placement specifier for floats of type TYPE.

`\ftype@TYPE` : The type number for floats of type TYPE.

`\ext@TYPE` : The file extension indicating the file on which the contents list for float type TYPE is stored. For example, `\ext@figure` = 'lof'.

`\fnum@TYPE` : A macro to generate the figure number for a caption. For example, `\fnum@TYPE` == Figure `\thefigure.`

`\@makecaption{NUM}{TEXT}` : A macro to make a caption, with NUM the value produced by `\fnum@...` and TEXT the text of the caption. It can assume it's in a `\parbox` of the appropriate width.

`\@float{TYPE}`[PLACEMENT] : This macro begins a float environment for a single-column float of type TYPE with PLACEMENT as the placement specifier. The default value of PLACEMENT is defined by `\fps@TYPE.` The environment is ended by `\end@float.` E.g., `\figure` == `\@float{`figure`}`, `\endfigure` == `\end@float.`

`\@float{TYPE}`[PLACEMENT] ==
BEGIN
if hmode then `\@bsphack`
`\@floatpenalty` := -10002
else `\@floatpenalty` := -10003
fi
`\@captype` ==L TYPE
`\@dblflset`
`\@fps` ==L PLACEMENT
`\@onelevel@sanitize \@fps`
add default PLACEMENT if at most ! in PLACEMENT == `\@fpsadddefault`
if inner
then LaTeX Error: 'Not in outer paragraph mode.'
`\@floatpenalty` := 0
else if `\@freelist` nonempty
then `\@currbox` :=L head of `\@freelist`
`\@freelist` :=G tail of `\@freelist`
`\count\@currbox` :=G 32*`\ftype@TYPE` + bits determined by PLACEMENT
else `\@floatpenalty` := 0
LaTeX Error: 'Too many unprocessed floats'
fi

```
      fi
      \@currbox :=G    \color@vbox
                        \normalcolor
                          \vbox{
                           %% 15 Dec 87 –
                           %% removed \boxmaxdepth :=L 0pt
                           %% that made box 0 depth because it screwed
                           %% things up. Instead, added \vskip0pt at
end
                                 \hsize = \columnwidth
                                 \@parboxrestore
                                 \@floatboxreset
   END

  \caption ==
    BEGIN
     \refstepcounter{\@captype}
     \@dblarg{\@caption{\@captype}}
    END
```

In following definition, `\par` moved from after `\addcontentsline` to before `\addcontentsline` because the `\write` could cause an extra blank line to be added to the paragraph above the caption. (Change made 12 Jun 87)

```
  \@caption{TYPE}[STEXT]{TEXT} ==
   BEGIN
     \par

\addcontentsline{\ext@TYPE}{TYPE}{\numberline{\theTYPE}{STEXT}}
     \begingroup
       \@parboxrestore
       \@normalsize
       \@makecaption{\fnum@TYPE}{TEXT}
       \par
     \endgroup
   END
```

`\@dblfloat{TYPE}`[PLACEMENT] : Macro to begin a float environment for
a double-column float of type TYPE with PLACEMENT as the placement
specifier. The default value of PLACEMENT is 'tp'
The environment is ended by `\end@dblfloat.`
E.g., `\figure*` == `\@dblfloat{`figure}, `\endfigure*` == `\end@dblfloat.`

```
  \@dblfloat{TYPE}[PLACEMENT] ==
```

Identical to `\@float{TYPE}[PLACEMENT]` except `\hsize` and `\linewidth`
are set to `\textwidth`.

`\@floatpenalty`

```
\newcount\@floatpenalty
```

`\caption` This is set to be an error message outside a float since no captype is defined there; this may need to be changed by some classes.

```
\def\caption{%
  \ifx\@captype\@undefined
    \@latex@error{\noexpand\caption outside float}\@ehd
    \expandafter\@gobble
  \else
    \refstepcounter\@captype
    \expandafter\@firstofone
  \fi
  {\@dblarg{\@caption\@captype}}%
}
```

`\@caption`

```
\long\def\@caption#1[#2]#3{%
  \par
  \addcontentsline{\csname ext@#1\endcsname}{#1}%
    {\protect\numberline{\csname the#1\endcsname}{\ignorespaces #2}}%
  \begingroup
```

The paragraph setting parameters are normalised at this point, however `\@parboxrestore` resets `\everypar` which is not correct in this context so `\@setminipage` is called if needed.

The float mechanism, like minipage, sets the flag `@minipage` true before executing the user-supplied text. Many LaTeX constructs test for this flag and do not add vertical space when it is true. The intention is that this emulates TeX's 'top of page' behaviour. The flag must be set false at the start of the first paragraph. This is achieved by a redefinition of `\everypar`, but the call to `\@parboxrestore` removes that redefinition, so it is re-inserted if needed. If the flag is already false then the `\caption` was not the first entry in the float, and so some other paragraph has already activated the special `\everypar`. In this case no further action is needed.

```
    \@parboxrestore
    \if@minipage
      \@setminipage
    \fi
    \normalsize
    \@makecaption{\csname fnum@#1\endcsname}{\ignorespaces #3}\par
  \endgroup}
```

`\@float`
`\@dblflset`

```
\def\@float#1{%
  \@ifnextchar[%
    {\@xfloat{#1}}%
    {\edef\reserved@a{\noexpand\@xfloat{#1}[\csname fps@#1\endcsname]}%
     \reserved@a}}
```

\@dblfloat

```
\def\@dblfloat{%
  \if@twocolumn\let\reserved@a\@dbflt\else\let\reserved@a\@float\fi
  \reserved@a}
```

\fps@dbl Note that all double floats have default fps 'tp'.

\@setfps This sets the fps, dealing with error conditions by adding the default.

\@xfloat The first part of this sets the count register that stores all the information about the type and fps of the float.

We assume here that the default specifiers already contain no active characters. It may be better to store the defaults as numbers, rather than symbol strings.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@xfloat}{Check float options}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@xfloat #1[#2]{%
  \@nodocument
  \def \@captype {#1}%
   \def \@fps {#2}%
   \@onelevel@sanitize \@fps
   \def \reserved@b {!}%
   \ifx \reserved@b \@fps
     \@fpsadddefault
   \else
     \ifx \@fps \@empty
       \@fpsadddefault
     \fi
   \fi
   \ifhmode
     \@bsphack
     \@floatpenalty -\@Mii
   \else
     \@floatpenalty-\@Miii
   \fi
  \ifinner
     \@parmoderr\@floatpenalty\z@
  \else
    \@next\@currbox\@freelist
      {%
       \@tempcnta \sixt@@n
       \expandafter \@tfor \expandafter \reserved@a
         \expandafter :\expandafter =\@fps
         \do
```

Start of changes, use a nested if structure, ending in an error.

```
          {%
           \if \reserved@a h%
             \ifodd \@tempcnta
             \else
               \advance \@tempcnta \@ne
             \fi
           \else\if \reserved@a t%
```

```
            \@setfpsbit \tw@
          \else\if \reserved@a b%
            \@setfpsbit 4%
          \else\if \reserved@a p%
            \@setfpsbit 8%
          \else\if \reserved@a !%
            \ifnum \@tempcnta>15
              \advance\@tempcnta -\sixt@@n\relax
            \fi
          \else
            \@latex@error{Unknown float option `\reserved@a'}%
            {Option `\reserved@a' ignored and `p' used.}%
            \@setfpsbit 8%
          \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
          }%
```

End of changes

```
      \@tempcntb \csname ftype@\@captype \endcsname
      \multiply \@tempcntb \@xxxii
      \advance \@tempcnta \@tempcntb
      \global \count\@currbox \@tempcnta
      }%
    \@fltovf
  \fi
```

The remainder sets up the box in which the float is typeset, and the typesetting environment to be used. It is essential to have the extra box to avoid the unwanted space that would otherwise often be put at the top of the float.

It ends with a hook; not sure how useful this is but it is needed at present to deal with double-column floats.

```
  \global \setbox\@currbox
    \color@vbox
      \normalcolor
      \vbox \bgroup
        \hsize\columnwidth
        \@parboxrestore
        \@floatboxreset
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@xfloat}{Check float options}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@xfloat #1[#2]{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@nodocument
⟨latexrelease⟩  \def \@captype {#1}%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \def \@fps {#2}%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@onelevel@sanitize \@fps
⟨latexrelease⟩   \def \reserved@b {!}%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \ifx \reserved@b \@fps
⟨latexrelease⟩     \@fpsadddefault
⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease⟩     \ifx \@fps \@empty
⟨latexrelease⟩       \@fpsadddefault
⟨latexrelease⟩     \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
```

```
120 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \ifhmode
121 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \@bsphack
122 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \@floatpenalty -\@Mii
123 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \else
124 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \@floatpenalty-\@Miii
125 ⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
126 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifinner
127 ⟨latexrelease⟩     \@parmoderr\@floatpenalty\z@
128 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
129 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \@next\@currbox\@freelist
130 ⟨latexrelease⟩      {%
131 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \@tempcnta \sixt@@n
132 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \expandafter \@tfor \expandafter \reserved@a
133 ⟨latexrelease⟩         \expandafter :\expandafter =\@fps
134 ⟨latexrelease⟩         \do
135 ⟨latexrelease⟩          {%
136 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \if \reserved@a h%
137 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \ifodd \@tempcnta
138 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \else
139 ⟨latexrelease⟩               \advance \@tempcnta \@ne
140 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \fi
141 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \fi
142 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \if \reserved@a t%
143 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \@setfpsbit \tw@
144 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \fi
145 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \if \reserved@a b%
146 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \@setfpsbit 4%
147 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \fi
148 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \if \reserved@a p%
149 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \@setfpsbit 8%
150 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \fi
151 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \if \reserved@a !%
152 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \ifnum \@tempcnta>15
153 ⟨latexrelease⟩               \advance\@tempcnta -\sixt@@n\relax
154 ⟨latexrelease⟩             \fi
155 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \fi
156 ⟨latexrelease⟩           }%
157 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \@tempcntb \csname ftype@\@captype \endcsname
158 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \multiply \@tempcntb \@xxxii
159 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \advance \@tempcnta \@tempcntb
160 ⟨latexrelease⟩       \global \count\@currbox \@tempcnta
161 ⟨latexrelease⟩       }%
162 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \@fltovf
163 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
164 ⟨latexrelease⟩  \global \setbox\@currbox
165 ⟨latexrelease⟩    \color@vbox
166 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \normalcolor
167 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \vbox \bgroup
168 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \hsize\columnwidth
169 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \@parboxrestore
170 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \@floatboxreset
171 ⟨latexrelease⟩}%
172 ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
173 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\@floatboxreset The rational for allowing these normally global flags to be set locally here, via \@parboxrestore, was stated originally by Donald Arseneau and extended by Chris Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should never appear within marginals or floats or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as in \set@nobreak; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```
\def \@floatboxreset {%
        \reset@font
        \normalsize
        \@setminipage
}
```

\@setnobreak

```
\def \@setnobreak{%
  \if@nobreak
    \let\outer@nobreak\@nobreaktrue
    \@nobreakfalse
  \fi
}
```

\@setminipage

```
\def \@setminipage{%
  \@minipagetrue
  \everypar{\@minipagefalse\everypar{}}%
}
```

\end@float

```
\def\end@float{%
  \@endfloatbox
  \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@
```

We make sure that we never exceed \textheight, otherwise float will never get typeset (91/03/15 FMi).

```
    \@largefloatcheck
    \@cons\@currlist\@currbox
    \ifnum\@floatpenalty <-\@Mii
      \penalty -\@Miv
```

Saving and restoring \prevdepth added 26 May 87 to prevent extra vertical space when used in vertical mode.

```
      \@tempdima\prevdepth
      \vbox{}%
      \prevdepth\@tempdima
      \penalty\@floatpenalty
    \else
      \vadjust{\penalty -\@Miv \vbox{}\penalty\@floatpenalty}\@Esphack
    \fi
  \fi
}
```

\end@dblfloat

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\end@dblfloat}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\end@dblfloat{%
  \if@twocolumn
    \@endfloatbox
    \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@
      \@largefloatcheck
```

Force the depth of two column float boxes.

```
      \global\dp\@currbox1sp %
```

What follows is essentially `\end@float` without a starting `\@endfloatbox`.

```
      \@cons\@currlist\@currbox
      \ifnum\@floatpenalty <-\@Mii
        \penalty -\@Miv
        \@tempdima\prevdepth
        \vbox{}%
        \prevdepth\@tempdima
        \penalty\@floatpenalty
      \else
        \vadjust{\penalty -\@Miv \vbox{}\penalty\@floatpenalty}\@Esphack
      \fi

    \fi
  \else
    \end@float
  \fi
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\end@dblfloat}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\end@dblfloat{%
⟨latexrelease⟩\if@twocolumn
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@endfloatbox
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@
```

We make sure that we never exceed `\textheight`, otherwise float will never get typeset (91/03/15 FMi).

```
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@largefloatcheck
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@cons\@dbldeferlist\@currbox
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
```

RmS 92/03/18 changed `\@esphack` to `\@Esphack`.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifnum \@floatpenalty =-\@Mii \@Esphack\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\else
⟨latexrelease⟩  \end@float
⟨latexrelease⟩\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\@endfloatbox This macro is not intended to be a hook; it is designed to help maintain the integrity of this code, which is used twice and, as can be seen, is subject to frequent changes.

```
\def \@endfloatbox{%
      \par\vskip\z@skip      %% \par\vskip\z@ added 15 Dec 87
      \@minipagefalse
      \outer@nobreak
    \egroup                  %% end of vbox
  \color@endbox
}
```

\outer@nobreak

```
\let\outer@nobreak\@empty
```

\@largefloatcheck This calculates by how much a float is oversize for the page and prints this in a warning message.

```
\def \@largefloatcheck{%
  \ifdim \ht\@currbox>\textheight
    \@tempdima -\textheight
    \advance \@tempdima \ht\@currbox
    \@latex@warning {Float too large for page by \the\@tempdima}%
    \ht\@currbox \textheight
  \fi
}
```

\@dbflt
\@xdblfloat

```
\def\@dbflt#1{\@ifnextchar[{\@xdblfloat{#1}}{\@xdblfloat{#1}[tp]}}
\def\@xdblfloat#1[#2]{%
  \@xfloat{#1}[#2]\hsize\textwidth\linewidth\textwidth}
```

Moved to ltoutput 93/12/16

```
%\newcount\c@topnumber
%\newcount\c@dbltopnumber
%\newcount\c@bottomnumber
%\newcount\c@totalnumber
```

\@dblfloatplacement An analysis of \@floatplacement:

This should be called whenever \@colht has been set.

```
\def\@floatplacement{\global\@topnum\c@topnumber
    % Textpage bit, global:
   \global\@toproom \topfraction\@colht
   \global\@botnum  \c@bottomnumber
   \global\@botroom \bottomfraction\@colht
   \global\@colnum  \c@totalnumber
    % Floatpage bit, local:
   \@fpmin   \floatpagefraction\@colht}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

\@dblfloatplacement This should be called only within a group. Now changed to provide extra checks in \@addtodblcol, needed when processing a BANG float.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩           {\@dblfloatplacement}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
```

When making two column float area, look for floats with 1sp depth.

```
\def\@dblfloatplacement{\global\@dbltopnum\c@dbltopnumber
   \global\@dbltoproom \dbltopfraction\@colht
   \@textmin \@colht
   \advance \@textmin -\@dbltoproom
   \@fpmin \dblfloatpagefraction\textheight
   \@fptop \@dblfptop
   \@fpsep \@dblfpsep
   \@fpbot \@dblfpbot
```

`\f@depth` is used in `\@testwrongwidth` to look for either column or dbl-column floats. A value of `1sp` signals the latter. Because of this setting here, `\@dblfloatplacment` needs to be called inside a group which is a questionable design.

```
   \def\f@depth{1sp}}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩          {\@dblfloatplacement}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def \@dblfloatplacement {%
```

Textpage bit: global, but need not be.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global \@dbltopnum \c@dbltopnumber
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global \@dbltoproom \dbltopfraction\@colht
```

This new bit uses `\@textmin` to locally store the amount of extra room in the column.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@textmin \@colht
⟨latexrelease⟩   \advance \@textmin -\@dbltoproom
```

Floatpage bit: must be local.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@fpmin \dblfloatpagefraction\textheight
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@fptop \@dblfptop
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@fpsep \@dblfpsep
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@fpbot \@dblfpbot
⟨latexrelease⟩}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

MARGINAL NOTES:

Marginal notes use the same mechanism as floats to communicate with the `\output` routine. Marginal notes are distinguished from floats by having a negative placement specification. The command `\marginpar` [LTEXT]{RTEXT} generates a marginal note in a parbox, using LTEXT if it's on the left and RTEXT if it's on the right. (Default is RTEXT = LTEXT.) It uses the following parameters.

`\marginparwidth` : Width of marginal notes.
`\marginparsep` : Distance between marginal note and text.
the page layout to determine how to move the marginal note into the margin. E.g., `\@leftmarginskip` == `\hskip -\marginparwidth \hskip -\marginparsep` .

```
\marginparpush  :  Minimum vertical separation between \marginpar's
```

Marginal notes are normally put on the outside of the page if @mparswitch = true, and on the right if @mparswitch = false. The command `\reversemarginpar` reverses the side where they are put. `\normalmarginpar` undoes `\reversemarginpar`. These commands have no effect for two-column output.

SURPRISE: if two marginal notes appear on the same line of text, then the second one could appear on the next page, in a funny position.

```
\marginpar [LTEXT]{RTEXT} ==
 BEGIN
   if hmode then \@bsphack
                 \@floatpenalty := -10002
            else \@floatpenalty := -10003
   fi
   if inner
     then LaTeX Error: 'Not in outer paragraph mode.'
          \@floatpenalty := 0
     else if \@freelist has two elements:
             then get \@marbox, \@currbox  from \@freelist
                  \count\@marbox :=G -1
             else \@floatpenalty := 0
                  LaTeX Error: 'Too many unprocessed floats'
                  \@currbox, \@marbox := \@tempboxa    %%use \def
          fi
   fi
   if optional argument
     then %% \@xmpar ==
          \@savemarbox\@marbox{LTEXT}
          \@savemarbox\@currbox{RTEXT}
     else %% \@ympar ==
          \@savemarbox\@marbox{RTEXT}
          \box\@currbox :=G \box\@marbox
  fi
  \@xympar
 END

\reversemarginpar == BEGIN \@mparbottom   :=G 0
                           @reversemargin :=G true
                     END

\normalmarginpar  == BEGIN \@mparbottom   :=G 0
                           @reversemargin :=G false
                     END
```

\marginpar

```
\def\marginpar{%
  \ifhmode
    \@bsphack
    \@floatpenalty -\@Mii
  \else
    \@floatpenalty-\@Miii
  \fi
  \ifinner
    \@parmoderr
    \@floatpenalty\z@
  \else
    \@next\@currbox\@freelist{}{}%
    \@next\@marbox\@freelist{\global\count\@marbox\m@ne}%
       {\@floatpenalty\z@
        \@fltovf\def\@currbox{\@tempboxa}\def\@marbox{\@tempboxa}}%
  \fi
  \@ifnextchar [\@xmpar\@ympar}
```

\@xmpar

```
\long\def\@xmpar[#1]#2{%
  \@savemarbox\@marbox{#1}%
  \@savemarbox\@currbox{#2}%
  \@xympar}
```

\@ympar

```
\long\def\@ympar#1{%
  \@savemarbox\@marbox{#1}%
  \global\setbox\@currbox\copy\@marbox
  \@xympar}
```

\@savemarbox

```
\long\def \@savemarbox #1#2{%
  \global\setbox #1%
    \color@vbox
      \vtop{%
        \hsize\marginparwidth
        \@parboxrestore
        \@marginparreset
        #2%
        \@minipagefalse
        \outer@nobreak
        }%
    \color@endbox
}
```

\@marginparreset The rational for allowing these normally global flags to be set locally here, via \@parboxrestore was stated originally by Donald Arsenau and extended by Chris Rowley. It is because these flags are only set globally to true by section commands, and these should never appear within marginals or floats or, indeed, in any group; and they are only ever set globally to false when they are definitely true.

If anyone is unhappy with this argument then both flags should be treated as in \set@nobreak; otherwise this command will be redundant.

```
\def \@marginparreset {%
        \reset@font
        \normalsize
%        \let\if@nobreak\iffalse
%        \let\if@noskipsec\iffalse
%        \@setnobreak
        \@setminipage
}
```

\@xympar

Setting the box here is done only because the code uses \end@float; it will be empty and gets discarded.

```
\def \@xympar{%
  \ifnum\@floatpenalty <\z@\@cons\@currlist\@marbox\fi
  \setbox\@tempboxa
    \color@vbox
      \vbox \bgroup
  \end@float
  \@ignorefalse
  \@esphack
}
```

\reversemarginpar
\normalmarginpar

```
\def\reversemarginpar{\global\@mparbottom\z@ \@reversemargintrue}
\def\normalmarginpar{\global\@mparbottom\z@ \@reversemarginfalse}

\message{footnotes,}
```

61.2 Footnotes

\footnote{NOTE} : User command to insert a footnote.

\footnote[NUM]{NOTE}: User command to insert a footnote numbered NUM, where NUM is a number – 1, 2, etc. For example, if footnotes are numbered *, **, etc. within pages, then \footnote[2]{...} produces footnote '**'. This command does not step the footnote counter.

\footnotemark[NUM] : Command to produce just the footnote mark in the text, but no footnote. With no argument, it steps the footnote counter before generating the mark.

\footnotetext[NUM]{TEXT} : Command to produce the footnote but no mark. \footnote is equivalent to \footnotemark \footnotetext .

As in PLAIN, footnotes use \insert\footins, and the following parameters:

`\footnotesize` : Size-changing command for footnotes.

`\footnotesep` : The height of a strut placed at the beginning of every footnote.

`\skip\footins` : Space between main text and footnotes. The rule separating footnotes from text occurs in this space. This space lies above the strut of height `\footnotesep` which is at the beginning of the first footnote.

`\footnoterule` : Macro to draw the rule separating footnotes from text. It is executed right after a `\vspace` of `\skip\footins`. It should take zero vertical space–i.e., it should to a negative skip to compensate for any positive space it occupies. (See PLAIN.TEX.)

`\interfootnotelinepenalty` : Interline penalty for footnotes.

`\thefootnote` : In usual LaTeX style, produces the footnote number. If footnotes are to be numbered within pages, then the document style file must include an `\@addtoreset` command to cause the footnote counter to be reset when the page counter is stepped. This is not a good idea, though, because the counter will not always be reset in time to ensure that the first footnote on a page is footnote number one.

`\@thefnmark` : Holds the current footnote's mark–e.g., `\dag` or '1' or 'a'.

`\@mpfnnumber` : A macro that generates the numbers for `\footnote` and `\footnotemark` commands. It == `\thefootnote` outside a minipage environment, but can be changed inside to generate numbers for `\footnote`'s.

`\@makefnmark` : A macro to generate the footnote marker from `\@thefnmark` The default definition was `\hbox{$^\@thefnmark$}`.

This is now replaced by
`\textsuperscript{\@thefnmark}`

`\@makefntext{NOTE}` :

Must produce the actual footnote, using `\@thefnmark` as the mark of the footnote and NOTE as the text. It is called when effectively inside a `\parbox`, with `\hsize` = `\columnwidth`.

For example, it might be as simple as

`$^{\@thefnmark}$` NOTE

In a minipage environment, \footnote and \footnotetext are redefined so that

(a) they use the counter mpfootnote

(b) the footnotes they produce go at the bottom of the minipage.

The switch is accomplished by letting \@mpfn == footnote or mpfootnote and \thempfn == \thefootnote or \thempfootnote, and by redefining \@footnotetext to be \@mpfootnotetext in the minipage.

```
\footnote{NOTE}  ==
 BEGIN
   \stepcounter{\@mpfn}
   begingroup
      \protect == \noexpand
      \@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
   endgroup
   \@footnotemark
   \@footnotetext{NOTE}
 END

\footnote[NUM]{NOTE} ==
 BEGIN
   begingroup
      \protect == \noexpand
      counter \@mpfn :=L NUM
      \@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
   endgroup
   \@footnotemark
   \@footnotetext{NOTE}
 END

\footnotemark       ==
 BEGIN \stepcounter{footnote}
        begingroup
           \protect == \noexpand
           \@thefnmark :=G eval(\thefootnote)
        endgroup
        \@footnotemark
 END

\footnotemark[NUM] ==
  BEGIN
       begingroup
         footnote counter :=L NUM
         \protect == \noexpand
        \@thefnmark :=G eval(\thefootnote)
       endgroup
       \@footnotemark
  END

\@footnotemark ==
```

```
  BEGIN
   \leavevmode
   IF hmode THEN \@x@sf := \the\spacefactor FI
   \@makefnmark          % put number in main text
   IF hmode THEN \spacefactor := \@x@sf FI
  END

\footnotetext       ==
   BEGIN begingroup \protect == \noexpand
                    \@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
         endgroup
         \@footnotetext
   END

\footnotetext[NUM] ==
   BEGIN begingroup  counter \@mpfn :=L NUM
                     \protect == \noexpand
                     \@thefnmark :=G eval (\thempfn)
         endgroup
         \@footnotetext
   END
```

`\footins` LaTeX does use the same insert for footnotes as PLAIN.

```
\newinsert\footins
```

LaTeX leaves these initializations for the `\footins` insert.

```
\skip\footins=\bigskipamount % space added when footnote is present
\count\footins=1000 % footnote magnification factor (1 to 1)
\dimen\footins=8in % maximum footnotes per page
```

`\footnoterule` LaTeX keeps PLAIN TeX's `\footnoterule` as the default.

```
\def\footnoterule{\kern-3\p@
  \hrule \@width 2in \kern 2.6\p@} % the \hrule is .4pt high
```

`\thefootnote`

```
\@definecounter{footnote}
\def\thefootnote{\@arabic\c@footnote}
```

`\thempfootnote` The default display for the footnote counter in minipages is to use italic letters. We use `\itshape` not `\textit` as the latter would add an italic correction.

```
\@definecounter{mpfootnote}
\def\thempfootnote{{\itshape\@alph\c@mpfootnote}}
```

`\@makefnmark` Default definition.

```
%\def\@makefnmark{\hbox{$^{\@thefnmark}\m@th$}}
\def\@makefnmark{\hbox{\@textsuperscript{\normalfont\@thefnmark}}}
```

`\textsuperscript` This command provides superscript characters in the current text font. It's implementation might change!!!

```
\DeclareRobustCommand*\textsuperscript[1]{%
  \@textsuperscript{\selectfont#1}}
```

\@textsuperscript This command should not be used directly, but may be used to define other commands `\textsuperscript`, `\@makefnmark`. `#1` should always start with a font selection command, to activate the font size switch.

```
\def\@textsuperscript#1{%
  {\m@th\ensuremath{^{\mbox{\fontsize\sf@size\z@#1}}}}}
```

\textsubscript

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\textsubscript}{\textsubscript}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\DeclareRobustCommand*\textsubscript[1]{%
  \@textsubscript{\selectfont#1}}%
```

\@textsubscript

```
\def\@textsubscript#1{%
  {\m@th\ensuremath{_{\mbox{\fontsize\sf@size\z@#1}}}}}%

⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\textsubscript}{\textsubscript}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\textsubscript\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\@textsubscript\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\@textsubscript#1{%
  {\m@th\ensuremath{_{\mbox{\fontsize\sf@size\z@#1}}}}}
```

\footnotesep

```
\newdimen\footnotesep
```

\footnote

```
\def\footnote{\@ifnextchar[\@xfootnote{\stepcounter\@mpfn
     \protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
     \@footnotemark\@footnotetext}}
```

\@xfootnote

```
\def\@xfootnote[#1]{%
   \begingroup
     \csname c@\@mpfn\endcsname #1\relax
     \unrestored@protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
   \endgroup
   \@footnotemark\@footnotetext}
```

\@footnotetext

```
\long\def\@footnotetext#1{\insert\footins{%
    \reset@font\footnotesize
    \interlinepenalty\interfootnotelinepenalty
    \splittopskip\footnotesep
    \splitmaxdepth \dp\strutbox \floatingpenalty \@MM
    \hsize\columnwidth \@parboxrestore
```

```
    \protected@edef\@currentlabel{%
       \csname p@footnote\endcsname\@thefnmark
    }%
    \color@begingroup
      \@makefntext{%
        \rule\z@\footnotesep\ignorespaces#1\@finalstrut\strutbox}%
    \color@endgroup}}%
```

\footnotemark

```
\def\footnotemark{%
   \@ifnextchar[\@xfootnotemark
     {\stepcounter{footnote}%
      \protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thefootnote}%
      \@footnotemark}}
```

\@xfootnotemark

```
\def\@xfootnotemark[#1]{%
   \begingroup
      \c@footnote #1\relax
      \unrestored@protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thefootnote}%
   \endgroup
   \@footnotemark}
```

\@footnotemark

```
\def\@footnotemark{%
  \leavevmode
  \ifhmode\edef\@x@sf{\the\spacefactor}\nobreak\fi
  \@makefnmark
  \ifhmode\spacefactor\@x@sf\fi
  \relax}
```

\footnotetext

```
\def\footnotetext{%
     \@ifnextchar [\@xfootnotenext
       {\protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
    \@footnotetext}}
```

\@xfootnotenext

```
\def\@xfootnotenext[#1]{%
  \begingroup
     \csname c@\@mpfn\endcsname #1\relax
     \unrestored@protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
  \endgroup
  \@footnotetext}
```

\thempfn
\@mpfn

```
\def\@mpfn{footnote}
\def\thempfn{\thefootnote}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File H
ltidxglo.dtx

62 Index and Glossary Generation

Index and Glossary commands.

`\makeindex` A preamble command to turn on indexing.

`\makeglossary` A preamble command to turn on making glossary entries.

`\index` Make an index entry for `#1`.

`\glossary` Make a glossary entry for `#1`.

```
\makeindex ==
  BEGIN
            \index ==  BEGIN \@bsphack
                             \begingroup
                                \protect{X} == \string X\space
                                %% added 3 Feb 87 for \index
commands
                                %% in \footnotes
                                re-\catcode special characters
                                to 'other'
                                \@wrindex
  END

  \@wrindex{ITEM} ==
    BEGIN
        write of {\indexentry{ITEM}{page number}}
      \endgroup
      \@esphack
    END

  INITIALIZATION:

  \index == BEGIN \@bsphack
                \begingroup
                   re-\catcode special characters (in case '%' there)
                   \@index
            END

  \@index{ITEM} == BEGIN \endgroup \@esphack END
```

Changes made 14 Apr 89 to write `\glossaryentry`'s instead of `\indexentry`'s on the .glo file.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{index,}
```

`\makeindex`

```
3 \def\makeindex{%
4   \newwrite\@indexfile
```

```
  \immediate\openout\@indexfile=\jobname.idx
  \def\index{\@bsphack\begingroup
             \@sanitize
             \@wrindex}\typeout
    {Writing index file \jobname.idx}%
```

Opening the write channel should be done only once since on some OS multiple opens are forbidden and in any case it is useless. So we turn this into a no-op after use.

```
  \let\makeindex\@empty
}
\@onlypreamble\makeindex
```

\@wrindex

```
\def\@wrindex#1{%
   \protected@write\@indexfile{}%
      {\string\indexentry{#1}{\thepage}}%
\endgroup
\@esphack}
```

\index

```
\def\index{\@bsphack\begingroup \@sanitize\@index}
```

\@index

```
\def\@index#1{\endgroup\@esphack}
```

\makeglossary

```
\def\makeglossary{%
  \newwrite\@glossaryfile
  \immediate\openout\@glossaryfile=\jobname.glo
  \def\glossary{\@bsphack\begingroup
                \@sanitize
                \@wrglossary}\typeout
    {Writing glossary file \jobname.glo }%
```

Opening the write channel should be done only once since on some OS multiple opens are forbidden and in any case it is useless. So we turn this into a no-op after use.

```
  \let\makeglossary\@empty
}
\@onlypreamble\makeglossary
```

\@wrglossary

```
\def\@wrglossary#1{%
   \protected@write\@glossaryfile{}%
      {\string\glossaryentry{#1}{\thepage}}%
\endgroup
\@esphack}
```

\glossary

```
\def\glossary{\@bsphack\begingroup\@sanitize\@index}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File I
ltbibl.dtx

63 Bibliography Generation

A bibliography is created by the `thebibliography` environment, which generates a title such as "References", and a list of entries. The BIBTEX program will create a file containing such an environment, which will be read in by the `\bibliography` command. With BIBTEX, the following commands will be used.

`\bibliography` `\bibliography{`⟨*file1,file2, . . . ,filen*⟩`}` : specifies the bibdata files. Writes a `\bibdata` entry on the `.aux` file and tries to read in `mainfile.bbl`.

`\bibliographystyle` `\bibliographystyle{`⟨*style*⟩`}` : Writes a `\bibstyle` entry on the `.aux` file.

`thebibliography` The `thebibliography` environment is a list environment. To save the use of an extra counter, it should use `enumiv` as the item counter. Instead of using `\item`, items in the bibliography are produced by the following commands:
`\bibitem{`⟨*name*⟩`}` : Produces a numbered entry cited as ⟨*name*⟩.
`\bibitem[`⟨*label*⟩`]{`⟨*name*⟩`}` : Produces an entry labeled by ⟨*Label*⟩ and cited by ⟨*name*⟩.

The former is used for bibliographies with citations like [1], [2], etc.; the latter is used for citations like [Knuth82].

The document class must define the thebibliography environment. This environment has a single argument, which is the widest bibliography label– e.g., if the [Knuth67] is the widest entry, then this argument will be Knuth67. The `\thebibliography` command must begin a list environment, which the `\endthebibliography` command ends.

`\cite` Entries are cited by the command `\cite{`⟨*name*⟩`}`.

`\nocite` `\nocite{`⟨*citations*⟩`}` puts information on the `.aux` file that causes BIBTEX to include the `{`⟨*citations*⟩`}` list in the bibliography, but puts nothing in the text.

`\nocite{*}` is special: it tells BIBTEX to put the whole of a collection of references into the bibiography.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
2 \message{bibliography,}
```

PARAMETERS

`\@cite` : A macro such that `\@cite{LABEL1,LABEL2}{NOTE}` produces the output for a `\cite[NOTE]{FOO1,FOO2}` command,
where entry FOOi is defined by `\bibitem[LABELi]{FOOi}`.
The switch @tempswa is true if the optional NOTE argument
is present.
The default definition is :

```
\@cite{LABELS}{NOTE} ==
    BEGIN [LABELS
           IF @tempswa = T THEN , NOTE FI
           ]
    END
```

`\@biblabel` : A macro to produce the label in the bibliography entry. For `\bibitem[LABEL]{NAME}`, the label is generated by `\@biblabel{LABEL}`. It has the default definition `\@biblabel{LABEL} ->` [LABEL].

CONVENTION

`\b@FOO` : The name or number of the reference created by `\cite{FOO}` E.g., if `\cite{FOO} ->` [17] , then `\b@FOO ->` 17.

`\bibitem`

```
\def\bibitem{\@ifnextchar[\@lbibitem\@bibitem}
```

`\@lbibitem`

```
\def\@lbibitem[#1]#2{\item[\@biblabel{#1}\hfill]\if@filesw
      {\let\protect\noexpand
       \immediate
       \write\@auxout{\string\bibcite{#2}{#1}}}\fi\ignorespaces}
```

`\@bibitem`

```
\def\@bibitem#1{\item\if@filesw \immediate\write\@auxout
       {\string\bibcite{#1}{\the\value{\@listctr}}}\fi\ignorespaces}
```

`\bibcite`

```
\def\bibcite{\@newl@bel b}
```

`\citation`

```
\let\citation\@gobble
```

`\cite`

```
\DeclareRobustCommand\cite{%
  \@ifnextchar [{\@tempswatrue\@citex}{\@tempswafalse\@citex[]}}
```

`\@citex` `\penalty\@m` added to definition of `\@citex` to allow a line break after the ',' in citations like [Jones80,Smith77] (Added 23 Oct 86)
space added after the ',' (21 Nov 87)

```
\def\@citex[#1]#2{\leavevmode
  \let\@citea\@empty
  \@cite{\@for\@citeb:=#2\do
    {\@citea\def\@citea{,\penalty\@m\ }%
     \edef\@citeb{\expandafter\@firstofone\@citeb\@empty}%
     \if@filesw\immediate\write\@auxout{\string\citation{\@citeb}}\fi
```

Using `\hbox` instead of `\mbox` is fine because of the `\leavevmode` above. In fact the use of a box around the citation contents is more than questionable in my view (FMi), but within 2e I have to keep that for compatibility reasons as it would probably change too many existing documents. Its main reason is to avoid hyphenation of labels such as [FOOB89] into [FOO- B89] so in certain styles it makes sense; but, for example, in author year citations it becomes more than questionable.

So Chris added yet another hook here, as suggested by, at least, Donald Arsenau. Note that this one is inside the first argument of the `\@cite` hook. This decouples the top-level typesetting of the citation from the details of the other business conducted here. All this really needs a complete rethink to get the right modularity.

```
    \@ifundefined{b@\@citeb}{\hbox{\reset@font\bfseries ?}%
      \G@refundefinedtrue
      \@latex@warning
        {Citation `\@citeb' on page \thepage \space undefined}}%
      {\@cite@ofmt{\csname b@\@citeb\endcsname}}}}{#1}}
```

`\bibdata`
`\bibstyle`

```
\let\bibdata=\@gobble
\let\bibstyle=\@gobble
```

`\bibliography`

```
\def\bibliography#1{%
  \if@filesw
    \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\bibdata{#1}}%
  \fi
  \@input@{\jobname.bbl}}
```

`\bibliographystyle`

```
\def\bibliographystyle#1{%
  \ifx\@begindocumenthook\@undefined\else
    \expandafter\AtBeginDocument
  \fi
    {\if@filesw
       \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\bibstyle{#1}}%
     \fi}}
```

`\nocite` (Added 14 Jun 85)

This puts information on the `.aux` file that causes BibTeX to include the citation list in the bibliography, but puts nothing in the text.

RmS 93/08/06: Made loop for `\nocite` like that for `\@citex`, to get rid of leading spaces.

```
\def\nocite#1{\@bsphack
```

With the implementation designed already in LaTeX 2.09 the `\nocite` command will not work before `\begin{document}` since it tries to write to the `.aux` file which is not open before that point. As a result the "reference" will appear on the terminal and nothing else will happen.

This would be easy to fix, but then a document using the fix will silently fail on an older release of LaTeX, missing all citations done with `\nocite`. Thus we do only generate an error message and leave the fix for a LaTeX 2_ε successor.

```
  \ifx\@onlypreamble\document
```

Since we are after `\begin{document}` we can do the citations:

```
    \@for\@citeb:=#1\do{%
      \edef\@citeb{\expandafter\@firstofone\@citeb}%
      \if@filesw\immediate\write\@auxout{\string\citation{\@citeb}}\fi
      \@ifundefined{b@\@citeb}{\G@refundefinedtrue
          \@latex@warning{Citation `\@citeb' undefined}}{}}%
  \else
```

But before `\begin{document}` we raise an error message:

```
    \@latex@error{Cannot be used in preamble}\@eha
```

Without the compatibility problems we could fix the problem as follows:

```
    % \AtBeginDocument{\nocite{#1}}
  \fi
  \@esphack}
```

Since `\nocite{*}` should not produce a warning about undefined citation keys (seee PR 557), we need to set the control sequence '`\b@*`' to something other than `\relax`. As a result `\cite{*}` will not warn either (but that never worked with BibTeX in the first place).

```
\expandafter\let\csname b@*\endcsname\@empty
```

63.1 Default definitions

This hook determines the 'relative formatting' of the two logical parts of a citation with comment.

`\@cite`

```
\def\@cite#1#2{[{#1\if@tempswa , #2\fi}]}
```

`\@cite@ofmt` This is, in general, a command that appears to have one argument whose value is, in the kernel, a single cs whose name is the expansion of `b@\@citeb`; the expansion of this cs will typically be some hmode material that produces the detailed typeset form of just the citations themselves.

```
\let\@cite@ofmt\hbox
```

`\@biblabel`

```
\def\@biblabel#1{[#1]}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File J
ltpage.dtx

64 Page styles and related commands

64.1 Page Style Commands

`\pagestyle{`⟨*style*⟩`}` : sets the page style of the current and succeeding pages to *style*

`\thispagestyle{`⟨*style*⟩`}` : sets the page style of the current page only to *style*.

To define a page style *style*, you must define `\ps@`*style* to set the page style parameters.

64.2 How a page style makes running heads and feet

The `\ps@`... command defines the macros `\@oddhead`, `\@oddfoot`, `\@evenhead`, and `\@evenfoot` to define the running heads and feet. (See output routine.) To make headings determined by the sectioning commands, the page style defines the commands `\chaptermark`, `\sectionmark`, etc., where `\chaptermark{`⟨*text*⟩`}` is called by `\chapter` to set a mark. The `\...mark` commands and the `\...head` macros are defined with the help of the following macros.

(All the `\...mark` commands should be initialized to no-ops.)

64.3 marking conventions

LaTeX extends TeX's `\mark` facility by producing two kinds of marks a 'left' and a 'right' mark, using the following commands:
`\markboth{`⟨*left*⟩`}{`⟨*right*⟩`}` : Adds both marks.
`\markright{`⟨*right*⟩`}` : Adds a 'right' mark.
`\leftmark` : Used in the output routine, gets the current 'left' mark. Works like TeX's `\botmark`.
`\rightmark` : Used in the output routine, gets the current 'right' mark. Works like TeX's `\firstmark`. The marking commands work reasonably well for right marks 'numbered within' left marks—e.g., the left mark is changed by a `\chapter` command and the right mark is changed by a `\section` command. However, it does produce somewhat anomalous results if 2 `\markboth`'s occur on the same page.

Commands like `\tableofcontents` that should set the marks in some page styles use a `\@mkboth` command, which is `\let` by the pagestyle command (`\ps@...`) to `\markboth` for setting the heading or to `\@gobbletwo` to do nothing.

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\pagestyle` User command to set the page style for this and following pages.

```
2 \def\pagestyle#1{%
3   \@ifundefined{ps@#1}%
4     \undefinedpagestyle
5     {\@nameuse{ps@#1}}}
```

\thispagestyle User command to set the page style for this page only.

```
\def\thispagestyle#1{%
  \@ifundefined{ps@#1}%
    \undefinedpagestyle
    {\global\@specialpagetrue\gdef\@specialstyle{#1}}}
```

\ps@empty The empty page style: No head or foot line.

```
\def\ps@empty{%
  \let\@mkboth\@gobbletwo\let\@oddhead\@empty\let\@oddfoot\@empty
  \let\@evenhead\@empty\let\@evenfoot\@empty}
```

\ps@plain The plain page style: No head, centred page number in foot.

```
\def\ps@plain{\let\@mkboth\@gobbletwo
     \let\@oddhead\@empty\def\@oddfoot{\reset@font\hfil\thepage
     \hfil}\let\@evenhead\@empty\let\@evenfoot\@oddfoot}
```

\@leftmark
\@rightmark We implement \@leftmark and \@rightmark in terms of already defined commands to save token space. We can't get rid of them since they are sometimes used in applications.

```
\let\@leftmark\@firstoftwo
\let\@rightmark\@secondoftwo
```

\markboth
\markright User commands for setting LaTeX marks.

Test for \@nobreak added 15 Apr 86 in \markboth and \markright letting \label and \index to \relax added 22 Feb 86 so these commands can appear in sectioning command arguments RmS 91/06/21 Same for \glossary

```
\def\markboth#1#2{%
  \begingroup
    \let\label\relax \let\index\relax \let\glossary\relax
    \unrestored@protected@xdef\@themark {{#1}{#2}}%
    \@temptokena \expandafter{\@themark}%
    \mark{\the\@temptokena}%
  \endgroup
  \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi}
\def\markright#1{%
  \begingroup
    \let\label\relax \let\index\relax \let\glossary\relax
```

Protection is handled inside \@markright.

```
    \expandafter\@markright\@themark {#1}%
    \@temptokena \expandafter{\@themark}%
    \mark{\the\@temptokena}%
  \endgroup
  \if@nobreak\ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi}
```

\@markright
\leftmark
\rightmark

```
\def\@markright#1#2#3{\@temptokena {#1}%
  \unrestored@protected@xdef\@themark{{\the\@temptokena}{#3}}}
\def\leftmark{\expandafter\@leftmark\botmark\@empty\@empty}
\def\rightmark{\expandafter\@rightmark\firstmark\@empty\@empty}
```

\@themark Initialise LaTeX's marks without setting a TeX mark ⟨*whatsit*⟩.

```
\def\@themark{{}{}}
```

`\mark` Test versions of LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ initialised TeX's `\mark` system at this point, but this was removed before the first release.

```
\AtBeginDocument{\mark{{}{}}}
```

`\raggedbottom` `\raggedbottom` typesets pages with no vertical stretch, so they have their natural height instead of all being exactly the same height. (Uses a space of .0001fil to avoid interfering with the 1fil space of `\newpage`.)

```
\def\raggedbottom{%
  \def\@textbottom{\vskip \z@ \@plus.0001fil}\let\@texttop\relax}
```

`\flushbottom` `\flushbottom`: Inverse of `\raggedbottom` — makes all pages the same height.

```
\def\flushbottom{%
  \let\@textbottom\relax \let\@texttop\relax}
```

`\sloppy` `\sloppy` will never (well, hardly ever) produce overfull boxes, but may produce underfull ones. (14 June 85)

```
\def\sloppy{%
  \tolerance 9999%
  \emergencystretch 3em%
  \hfuzz .5\p@
  \vfuzz\hfuzz}
```

`sloppypar` A sloppypar environment is equivalent to `{\par \sloppy ... \par}`.

```
\def\sloppypar{\par\sloppy}
\def\endsloppypar{\par}
```

`\fussy` Resets TeX's parameters to their normal finicky values.

```
\def\fussy{%
  \emergencystretch\z@
  \tolerance 200%
  \hfuzz .1\p@
  \vfuzz\hfuzz}
```

`\overfullrule` LaTeX default is no overfull box rule. Changed by document class option.

```
\overfullrule 0pt
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

File K
ltoutput.dtx

65 Output Routine

65.1 Floats

The '2ekernel' code ensures that a `\usepackage{autoout1}` is essentially ignored if a 'full' format is being used that has the autoload file mode already in the format.

```
1 ⟨defx⟩\begingroup
2 ⟨defx⟩\makeatletter
3 ⟨defx⟩\nfss@catcodes
4 ⟨2ekernel⟩\expandafter\let\csname ver@autoout1.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
5 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
6 \message{output,}
```

```
    ****************************************
    *                OUTPUT                *
    ****************************************
```

PAGE LAYOUT PARAMETERS

```
  \topmargin      : Extra space added to top of page.
  @twoside        : boolean.  T if two-sided printing
  \oddsidemargin  : IF @twoside = T
                      THEN extra space added to left of odd-numbered
                           pages.
                      ELSE extra space added to left of all pages.
  \evensidemargin : IF @twoside = T
                      THEN extra space added to left of
even-numbered
                           pages.
  \headheight     : height of head
  \headsep        : separation between head and text
  \footskip       : distance separation between baseline of last
                    line of text and baseline of foot.
                    Note difference between \footSKIP and \headSEP.
  \textheight     : height of text on page, excluding head and foot
  \textwidth      : width of printing on page
  \columnsep      : IF @twocolumn = T
                      THEN width of space between columns
  \columnseprule  : IF @twocolumn = T
                      THEN width of rule between columns (0 if none).
  \columnwidth    : IF @twocolumn = T
                      THEN (\textwidth - \columnsep)/2
                      ELSE \textwidth
                    It is set by the \twocolumn and
```

\onecolumn commands.

\@textbottom : Command executed at bottom of vbox holding text of page (including figures). The \raggedbottom command almost \let's this to \vfil (actually sets it to \vskip \z@ plus.0001fil). Should have depth 0pt.

\@texttop : Command executed at top of vbox holding text of page (including figures). Used by letter style; can also be used to produce centered pages. Let to \relax by \raggedbottom and \flushbottom.

Page layout must initialize \@colht and \@colroom to \textheight.

PAGE STYLE PARAMETERS:

\floatsep : Space left between floats.

\textfloatsep : Space between last top float or first bottom float and the text.

\topfigrule : Command to place rule (or whatever) between floats at top of page and text. Executed in inner vertical mode right before the \textfloatsep skip separating the floats from the text. Must occupy zero vertical space. (See \footnoterule.)

\botfigrule : Same as \topfigrule, but put after the \textfloatsep skip separating text from the floats at bottom of page.

\intextsep : Space left on top and bottom of an in-text float.

\dblfloatsep : Space between double-column floats.

\dbltextfloatsep : Space between top double-column floats and text.

\dblfigrule : Similar to \topfigrule, but for double-column floats.

\@fptop : Glue to go at top of float column – must be 0pt + stretch

\@fpsep : Glue to go between floats in a float column.

\@fpbot : Glue to go at bottom of float column – must be 0pt + stretch

\@dblfptop, \@dblfpsep, \@dblfpbot : Analogous for double-column float page in two-column format.

FOOTNOTES: As in PLAIN, footnotes use \insert\footins.

PAGE LAYOUT SWITCHES AND MACROS

@twocolumn : Boolean. T if two columns per page globally.

PAGE STYLE MACROS AND SWITCHES

\@oddhead : IF @twoside = T
THEN macro to generate head of odd-numbered
pages.
ELSE macro to generate head of all pages.

\@evenhead : IF @twoside = T
THEN macro to generate head of even-numbered
pages.

\@oddfoot : IF @twoside = T
THEN macro to generate foot of odd-numbered
pages.
ELSE macro to generate foot of all pages.

\@evenfoot : IF @twoside = T
THEN macro to generate foot of even-numbered
pages.

@specialpage : boolean. T if current page is to have a special format.

\@specialstyle : If its value is foo then
IF @specialpage = T
THEN the command \ps@foo is executed to temporarily reset the page style parameters before composing the current page.
This command should execute only \def's and
\edef's, making only local definitions.

FLOAT PLACEMENT PARAMETERS

The following parameters are set by the macro \@floatplacement.
When \@floatplacement is called,
\@colht is the height of the page or column being built. I.e.:
* For single-column page it equals \textheight.
* For double-column page it equals \textheight - height of double-column floats on page.

Note that some are set globally and some locally:

\@topnum :=G Maximum number of floats allowed on the top of a column.

\@toproom :=G Maximum amount of top of column devoted to floats– excluding \textfloatsep separation below the floats and \floatsep separation between them. For two-column output, should be computed as a function of \@colht.

\@botnum, \@botroom
: Analogous to above.

`\@colnum` :=G Maximum number of floats allowed in a column, including in-text floats.

`\@textmin` :=L Minimum amount of text (excluding footnotes) that must appear on a text page.

```
%% 27 Sep 85 : made local to
%% \@addtocurcol and \@addtonextcol
```

It is now also used locally in processing double floats.

`\@fpmin` :=L Minimum height of floats in a float column.

The macro `\@dblfloatplacement` sets the following parameters.

`\@dbltopnum` :=G Maximum number of double-column floats allowed at the top of a two-column page.

`\@dbltoproom` :=G Maximum height of double-column floats allowed at top of two-column page.

`\@fpmin` :=L Minimum height of floats in a float column.

It should also perform the following local assignments where necessary – i.e., where the new value differs from the old one:

```
\@fptop     :=L \@dblfptop
\@fpsep     :=L \@dblfpsep
\@fpbot     :=L \@dblfpbot
```

OUTPUT ROUTINE VARIABLES

`\@colht` : The total height of the current column. In single column style, it equals `\textheight.` In two-column style, it is `\textheight` minus the height of the double-column floats on the current page. MUST BE INITIALIZED TO `\textheight.`

`\@colroom` : The height available in the current column for text and footnotes. It equals `\@colht` minus the height of all floats committed to the top and bottom of the current column.

`\@textfloatsheight` : The total height of in-text floats on the current page.

`\footins` : Footnote insertion number.

`\@maxdepth` : Saved value of TeX's `\maxdepth.` Must be set when any routine sets `\maxdepth.`

CALLING THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

The output routine is called either by TeX's normal page-breaking mechanism, or by a macro putting a penalty < or = -10000 in the output list. In the latter case, the penalty indicates why the output

routine was called, using the following code.

penalty	reason
-10000	`\pagebreak` `\newpage`
-10001	`\clearpage` (`\penalty` -10000 `\vbox{}` `\penalty` -10001)
-10002	float insertion, called from horizontal mode
-10003	float insertion, called from vertical mode.
-10004	float insertion.

Note: A float or marginpar puts the following sequence in the output list: (i) a penalty of -10004,
(ii) a null `\vbox`
(iii) a penalty of -10002 or -10003.
This solves two special problems:

1. If the float comes right after a `\newpage` or `\clearpage`, then the first penalty is ignored, but the second one invokes the output routine.
2. If there is a split footnote on the page, the second 'page' puts out the rest of the footnote.

THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

FUNCTIONS USED IN THE OUTPUT ROUTINE:

`\@outputpage` : Produces an output page with the contents of box `\@outputbox` as the text part.
Also sets `\@colht` :=G `\textheight.`
The page style is determined as follows.
IF @thispagestyle = true
THEN use `\thispagestyle` style
ELSE use ordinary page style.

`\@tryfcolumn\FLIST` : Tries to form a float column composed of floats from `\FLIST` (if nonempty) with the following parameters:
`\@colht` : height of box
`\@fpmin` : minimum height of floats in the box
`\@fpsep` : interfloat space
`\@fptop` : glue at top of box
`\@fpbot` : glue at bottom of box.
If it succeeds, then it does the following:
* `\@outputbox` :=L the composed float box.
* @fcolmade :=G true
* `\FLIST` :=G `\FLIST` - floats put in box
* `\@freelist` :=G `\@freelist` + floats put in box

If it fails, then:
* @fcolmade :=G false

NOTE: BIT MUST BE A SINGLE TOKEN!

\@makefcolumn \FLIST : Same as \@tryfcolumn except that it fails to make a float column only if \FLIST is empty. Otherwise, it makes a float column containing at least the first box in \FLIST, disregarding \@fpmin.

\@startcolumn :
Calls \@tryfcolumn\@deferlist. If \@tryfcolumn returns with (globally set) @fcolmade = false, then:

* Globally sets \@toplist and \@botlist to floats from \@deferlist to go at top and bottom of column, deleting them from \@deferlist. It does this using \@colht as the total height, the page style parameters \@floatsep and \@textfloatsep, and the float placement parameters \@topnum, \@toproom, \@botnum, \@botroom, \@colnum and \textfraction.
* Globally sets \@colroom to \@colht minus the height of the added floats.

\@startdblcolumn :
Calls \@tryfcolumn\@dbldeferlist{8}. If \@tryfcolumn returns with (globally set) @fcolmade = false, then:

* Globally sets \@dbltoplist to floats from \@dbldeferlist to go at top and bottom of column, deleting them from \@dbldeferlist. It does this using \textheight as the total height, and the parameters \@dblfloatsep, etc.
* Globally sets \@colht to \textheight minus the height of the added floats.

\@combinefloats : Combines the text from box \@outputbox with the floats from \@toplist and \@botlist, putting the new box in \@outputbox. It uses \floatsep and \textfloatsep for the appropriate separations. It puts the elements of \TOPLIST and \BOTLIST onto \@freelist, and makes those lists null.

\@makecol : Makes the contents of \box255 plus the accumulated footnotes, plus the floats in \@toplist and \@botlist, into a single column of height \@colht (unless the page height has been locally changed), which it puts into box \@outputbox. It puts boxes in \@midlist back onto \@freelist and restores \maxdepth.

\@opcol : Outputs a column whose text is in box \@outputbox If @twocolumn = false, then it calls \@outputpage, sets \@colht :=G \textheight, and calls \@floatplacement.

If @twocolumn = true, then:
If @firstcolumn = true, then it puts box `\@outputbox` into `\@leftcolumn` and sets @firstcolumn :=G false.

If @firstcolumn = false, then it puts out the current two-column page, any possible two-column float pages, and determines `\@dbltoplist` for the next page.

USER COMMANDS THAT CALL OR AFFECT THE OUTPUT ROUTINE

```
\newpage == BEGIN \par\vfil\penalty -10000 END

\clearpage == BEGIN \newpage
                    \write -1{}     % Part of hack to make sure no
                    \vbox{}         % \write's get lost.
                    \penalty -10001
              END

\cleardoublepage == BEGIN \clearpage
                          if @twoside = true and c@page is even
                            then \hbox{} \newpage fi
                    END
```

`\twocolumn[BOX]` : starts a new page, changing to twocolumn setting and puts BOX in a parbox of width `\textwidth` across the top. Useful for full-width titles for double-column pages.
SURPRISE: The stretch from `\@dbltextfloatsep` will be inserted between the BOX and the top of the two columns.

FLOAT-HANDLING MECHANISMS

The float environment obtains an insertion number B from the `\@freelist` (see below for a description of list manipulation), puts the float into box B and sets `\count` B to a FLOAT SPECIFIER. For a normal (not double-column) float, it then causes a page break in one of the following two ways:

- In outer hmode: `\vadjust{\penalty -10002}`
- In vmode : `\penalty -10003`.

For a double-column float, it puts B onto the `\@dbldeferlist`.
The float specifier has two components:

* A PLACEMENT SPECIFICATION, describing where the float may be placed.
* A TYPE, which is a power of two–e.g., figures might be

type 1 floats, tables type 2 floats, programs type 4 floats, etc. The float specifier is encoded as follows, where bit 0 is the least significant bit.

Bit	Meaning
0	1 iff the float may go where it appears in the text.
1	1 iff the float may go on the top of a page.
2	1 iff the float may go on the bottom of a page.
3	1 iff the float may go on a float page.
4	1 unless the PLACEMENT includes a !
5	1 iff a type 1 float
6	1 iff a type 2 float
etc.	

A negative float specifier is used to indicate a marginal note.

MACROS AND DATA STRUCTURES FOR PROCESSING FLOATS

A FLOAT LIST consisting of the floats in boxes `\boxa` ... `\boxN` has the form:

`\@elt \boxa ... \@elt \boxN`

where `\boxI` is defined by

`\newinsert\boxI`

Normally, `\@elt` is `\let` to `\relax`. A test can be performed on the entire float list by locally `\def`'ing `\@elt` appropriately and executing the list.
This is a lot more efficient than looping through the list.

The following macros are used for manipulating float lists.

```
\@next \CS \LIST {NONEMPTY}{EMPTY} ==  %% NOTE: ASSUME
\@elt = \relax
   BEGIN  assume that \LIST == \@elt \B1 ... \@elt \Bn
          if n = 0
            then  EMPTY
            else  \CS    :=L \B1
                  \LIST  :=G \@elt \B2 ... \@elt \Bn
                  NONEMPTY
          fi
   END
```

`\@bitor\NUM\LIST` : Globally sets switch @test to the disjunction for all I of bit log2 `\NUM` of the float specifiers of all the floats in `\LIST`.
I.e., @test is set to true iff there is at least one float in `\LIST` having bit log2 `\NUM` of its float specifier equal to 1.

Note: log2 [(\count I)/32] is the bit number corresponding to the type of float I. To see if there is any float in \LIST having the same type as float I, you run \@bitor with
\NUM = [(\count I)/32] * 32.

```
\@bitor\NUM\LIST ==
  BEGIN
     @test :=G false
     { \@elt \CTR ==  if \NUM <> 0 then
                        if \count\CTR / \NUM is odd
                           then  @test := true        fi fi
       \LIST
     }
  END
```

\@cons\LIST\NUM : Globally sets \LIST := \LIST * \@elt \NUM

```
\@cons\LIST\NUM ==
  BEGIN {  \@elt == \relax
           \LIST :=G \LIST \@elt \NUM
        }
```

BOX LISTS FOR FLOAT-PLACEMENT ALGORITHMS

\@freelist	: List of empty boxes for placing new floats.
\@toplist	: List of floats to go at top of current column.
\@midlist	: List of floats in middle of current column.
\@botlist	: List of floats to go at bottom of current column.
\@deferlist	: List of floats to go after current column.
\@dbltoplist	: List of double-col. floats to go at top of current page.
\@dbldeferlist	: List of double-column floats to go on subsequent pages.

FLOAT-PLACEMENT ALGORITHMS

\@addtobot : Tries to put insert \@currbox on \@botlist.
Called only when:
* \ht BOX < \@colroom
* type of \@currbox not on \@deferlist
* \@colnum > 0
* @insert = false

If it succeeds, then:
* sets @insert true
* decrements \@botroom by \ht BOX
* decrements \@botnum and \@colnum by 1

* decrements \@colroom by \ht BOX + either \floatsep
or \textfloatsep, as appropriate.
* sets \maxdepth to 0pt

\@addtotoporbot : Tries to put insert \@currbox on \@toplist or \@botlist.
Called only under same conditions as \@addtobot.
If it succeeds, then:
* sets @insert true
* decrements \@toproom or \@botroom by \ht BOX
* decrements \@colnum and either \@topnum or \@botnum by 1
* decrements \@colroom by \ht BOX + \floatsep
or \textfloatsep, as appropriate.

\@addtocurcol : Tries to add \@currbox to current column, setting @insert true if it succeeds, false otherwise.
It will add \@currbox to top only if bit 0 of \count \@currbox is 0, and to the bottom only if bit 0 = 0 or an earlier float of the same type is put on the bottom.
If the float is put in the text, then \penalty\interlinepenalty is put right after the float, before the following \vskip, and \outputpenalty :=L 0.

\@addtonextcol : Tries to add \@currbox to the next column, setting @insert true if it succeeds, false otherwise.

\@addtodblcol : Tries to add \@currbox to the next double-column page, adding it to \@dbltoplist if it succeeds and \@dbldeferlist if it fails.

```
\@addmarginpar ==
 BEGIN
   if \@currlist nonempty
     then remove \@marbox from \@currlist
          add \@marbox and \@currbox to \@freelist
              %% NOTE: \@currbox = left box
     else LaTeX error: ?  %% shouldn't happen
   fi
   \@tempcnta := 1       %% 1 = right, -1 = left
   if @twocolumn = true
     then if @firstcolumn = true
            then \@tempcnta := -1
          fi
```

```
    else if @mparswitch = true
            then if count0 odd
                    else \@tempcnta := -1
                 fi
         fi
         if @reversemargin = true
            then \@tempcnta := -\@tempcnta
         fi
  fi
  if \@tempcnta < 0 then \box\@marbox :=G \box\@currbox
  fi
  \@tempdima    :=L maximum(\@mparbottom - \@pageht
                                          + ht of \@marbox, 0)
  if \@tempdima > 0 then LaTeX warning: 'marginpar moved' fi
  \@mparbottom :=G \@pageht + \@tempdima + depth of \@marbox
                        + \marginparpush
  \@tempdima    :=L \@tempdima - ht of \@marbox
  \box\@marbox :=G \box\@currbox
                              \vbox { \vskip \@tempdima
                                      \box\@marbox
                                    }
  height of \@marbox :=G depth of \@marbox :=G 0
  \kern -\@pagedp
  \nointerlineskip
  \hbox{ if @tempcnta > 0 then \hskip \columnwidth
                               \hskip \marginparsep
                          else \hskip -\marginparsep
                               \hskip -\marginparwidth
         fi
         \box\@marbox \hss
       }
  \nobreak
  \nointerlineskip
  \hbox{\vrule height 0 width 0 depth \@pagedp}
END
```

Floats and marginpars add a lot of dead cycles.

```
\maxdeadcycles = 100
\let\@elt\relax
\def\@next#1#2#3#4{\ifx#2\@empty #4\else
   \expandafter\@xnext #2\@@#1#2#3\fi}
\def\@xnext \@elt #1#2\@@#3#4{\def#3{#1}\gdef#4{#2}}

\def\@testfalse{\global\let\if@test\iffalse}
\def\@testtrue {\global\let\if@test\iftrue}
\@testfalse

\def\@bitor#1#2{\@testfalse {\let\@elt\@xbitor
   \@tempcnta #1\relax #2}}
```

RmS 91/11/22: Added test for `\count#1 = 0`. Suggested by Chris Rowley.

```
\def\@xbitor #1{\@tempcntb \count#1
   \ifnum \@tempcnta =\z@
   \else
     \divide\@tempcntb\@tempcnta
     \ifodd\@tempcntb \@testtrue\fi
   \fi}
```

DEFINITION OF FLOAT BOXES:

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                   {\bx@ZZ}{Extended float list}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\let\@elt\newinsert
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def\@freelist{%
  \@elt\bx@A\@elt\bx@B\@elt\bx@C\@elt\bx@D\@elt\bx@E
  \@elt\bx@F\@elt\bx@G\@elt\bx@H\@elt\bx@I\@elt\bx@J
  \@elt\bx@K\@elt\bx@L\@elt\bx@M\@elt\bx@N
  \@elt\bx@O\@elt\bx@P\@elt\bx@Q\@elt\bx@R}
\@freelist
⟨/2ekernel⟩
\ifx\numexpr\@undefined\else
\def\reserved@a{%
  \@elt\bx@S\@elt\bx@T\@elt\bx@U\@elt\bx@V
  \@elt\bx@W\@elt\bx@X\@elt\bx@Y\@elt\bx@Z
  \@elt\bx@AA\@elt\bx@BB\@elt\bx@CC\@elt\bx@DD\@elt\bx@EE
  \@elt\bx@FF\@elt\bx@GG\@elt\bx@HH\@elt\bx@II\@elt\bx@JJ
  \@elt\bx@KK\@elt\bx@LL\@elt\bx@MM\@elt\bx@NN
  \@elt\bx@OO\@elt\bx@PP\@elt\bx@QQ\@elt\bx@RR
  \@elt\bx@SS\@elt\bx@TT\@elt\bx@UU\@elt\bx@VV
  \@elt\bx@WW\@elt\bx@XX\@elt\bx@YY\@elt\bx@ZZ}
\reserved@a
\def\@elt{\noexpand\@elt\noexpand}
\edef\@freelist{\@freelist\reserved@a}
\fi
\let\reserved@a\relax
\let\@elt\relax
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                   {\bx@ZZ}{Extended float list}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@freelist{%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@elt\bx@A\@elt\bx@B\@elt\bx@C\@elt\bx@D\@elt\bx@E
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@elt\bx@F\@elt\bx@G\@elt\bx@H\@elt\bx@I\@elt\bx@J
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@elt\bx@K\@elt\bx@L\@elt\bx@M\@elt\bx@N
⟨latexrelease⟩   \@elt\bx@O\@elt\bx@P\@elt\bx@Q\@elt\bx@R}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \insc@unt=234
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\gdef\@toplist{}
\gdef\@botlist{}
\gdef\@midlist{}
\gdef\@currlist{}
```

```
\gdef\@deferlist{}
\gdef\@dbltoplist{}
```

The new algorithm stores page wide floats together with column floats in a single `\@deferlist` list. We keep `\@dbldeferlist` initialised as empty so that packages that are testing for deferred floats can use the same code for old or new float handling.

```
\gdef\@dbldeferlist{}
```

PAGE LAYOUT PARAMETERS

```
\newdimen\topmargin
\newdimen\oddsidemargin
\newdimen\evensidemargin
\let\@themargin=\oddsidemargin
\newdimen\headheight
\newdimen\headsep
\newdimen\footskip
\newdimen\textheight
\newdimen\textwidth
\newdimen\columnwidth
\newdimen\columnsep
\newdimen\columnseprule
\newdimen\marginparwidth
\newdimen\marginparsep
\newdimen\marginparpush
```

`\AtBeginDvi` `\@begindvibox`

We use a box register in which to put stuff that must appear before anything else in the `.dvi` file.

The stuff in the box should not add any typeset material to the page when it is unboxed.

```
\newbox\@begindvibox
\def \AtBeginDvi #1{%
  \global \setbox \@begindvibox
    \vbox{\unvbox \@begindvibox #1}%
}
```

`\@maxdepth`

This is not the right place to set this; it needs to be set in a class/style file when `\maxdepth` is set.

Also, many settings to `\maxdepth` should be to `\@maxdepth`, probably?

```
\newdimen\@maxdepth
\@maxdepth = \maxdepth
```

`\paperheight` `\paperwidth`

New `\paper...` registers.

```
\newdimen\paperheight
\newdimen\paperwidth
```

`\if@insert` `\if@fcolmade` `\if@specialpage` `\if@firstcolumn` `\if@twocolumn` `\if@twoside` `\if@reversemarginpar` `\if@mparswitch` `\col@number`

Local switches first:

```
\newif \if@insert
```

These should definitely be global:

```
\newif \if@fcolmade
\newif \if@specialpage \@specialpagefalse
```

These should be global but are not always set globally in other files.

```
\newif \if@firstcolumn \@firstcolumntrue
\newif \if@twocolumn   \@twocolumnfalse
```

Not sure about these: two questions. Should things which must apply to a whole document be local or global (they probably should be 'preamble only' commands)? Are these three such things?

```
\newif \if@twoside     \@twosidefalse
\newif \if@reversemargin \@reversemarginfalse
\newif \if@mparswitch  \@mparswitchfalse
```

This counter has been imported from 'multicol'.

```
\newcount \col@number
\col@number \@ne
```

INTERNAL REGISTERS

```
\newcount\@topnum
\newdimen\@toproom
\newcount\@dbltopnum
\newdimen\@dbltoproom
\newcount\@botnum
\newdimen\@botroom
\newcount\@colnum
\newdimen\@textmin
\newdimen\@fpmin
\newdimen\@colht
\newdimen\@colroom
\newdimen\@pageht
\newdimen\@pagedp
\newdimen\@mparbottom \@mparbottom\z@
\newcount\@currtype
\newbox\@outputbox
\newbox\@leftcolumn
\newbox\@holdpg

\def\@thehead{\@oddhead} % initialization
\def\@thefoot{\@oddfoot}
```

`\clearpage` The tests at the beginning are an experimental attempt to avoid a completely empty page after a `\twocolumn[...]`. This prevents the text from the argument vanishing into a float box, never to be seen again. We hope that it does not produce wrong formatting in other cases.

```
\def\clearpage{%
  \ifvmode
    \ifnum \@dbltopnum =\m@ne
      \ifdim \pagetotal <\topskip
        \hbox{}%
      \fi
    \fi
  \fi
  \newpage
  \write\m@ne{}%
  \vbox{}%
```

```
  \penalty -\@Mi
}
```

\cleardoublepage

```
\def\cleardoublepage{\clearpage\if@twoside \ifodd\c@page\else
    \hbox{}\newpage\if@twocolumn\hbox{}\newpage\fi\fi\fi}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

\onecolumn

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def\onecolumn{%
  \clearpage
  \global\columnwidth\textwidth
  \global\hsize\columnwidth
  \global\linewidth\columnwidth
  \global\@twocolumnfalse
  \col@number \@ne
  \@floatplacement}
```

\newpage The two checks at the beginning ensure that an item label or run-in section title immediately before a \newpage get printed on the correct page, the one before the page break.

All three tests are largely to make error processing more robust; that is why they all reset the flags explicitly, even when it would appear that this would be done by a \leavevmode.

```
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/04/15}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\newpage}{Check depth of page}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
\def \newpage {%
  \if@noskipsec
    \ifx \@nodocument\relax
      \leavevmode
      \global \@noskipsecfalse
    \fi
  \fi
  \if@inlabel
    \leavevmode
    \global \@inlabelfalse
  \fi
  \if@nobreak \@nobreakfalse \everypar{}\fi
  \par
```

The \vfil at the end of the macro before the break penalty will normally result in the page being run short, even with \flushbottom in effect (in contrast to the behavior of \pagebreak). However, if there is some explicit stretch on the page, say, a \vfill, it has the undesired side-effect, that the last line will not align at its baseline if it contains characters going below the baseline, as the value of \prevdepth is no longer taken into account by TEX. So we back up by that amount (or by \maxdepth if it is really huge), to mimic the normal behavior without the \newpage.

```
  \ifdim\prevdepth>\z@
     \vskip -%
```

```
      \ifdim\prevdepth>\maxdepth
        \maxdepth
      \else
        \prevdepth
      \fi
  \fi
  \vfil
  \penalty -\@M}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newpage}{Check depth of page}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def \newpage {%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@noskipsec
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifx \@nodocument\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩      \leavevmode
⟨latexrelease⟩      \global \@noskipsecfalse
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@inlabel
⟨latexrelease⟩    \leavevmode
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global \@inlabelfalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@nobreak \@nobreakfalse \everypar{}\fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \par
⟨latexrelease⟩  \vfil
⟨latexrelease⟩  \penalty -\@M}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

`\@emptycol` It may be better to use an invisible rule rather than an empty box here.

```
\def \@emptycol {\vbox{}\penalty -\@M}
```

`\twocolumn` `\@topnewpage` There are several bug fixes to the two-column stuff here.

```
\def \twocolumn {%
  \clearpage
  \global\columnwidth\textwidth
  \global\advance\columnwidth-\columnsep
  \global\divide\columnwidth\tw@
  \global\hsize\columnwidth
  \global\linewidth\columnwidth
  \global\@twocolumntrue
  \global\@firstcolumntrue
  \col@number \tw@
```

There is no reason to put a `\@dblfloatplacement` here since `\@topnewpage` ignores these settings. The `\@floatplacement` is needed in case this comes after some changes.

```
  \@ifnextchar [\@topnewpage\@floatplacement
}
```

Note that here, getting a box from the freelist can assume success since this comes just after a `\clearpage`.

```
\long\def \@topnewpage [#1]{%
```

```
\@nodocument
\@next\@currbox\@freelist{}{}%
\global \setbox\@currbox
  \color@vbox
    \normalcolor
    \vbox {%
      \hsize\textwidth
      \@parboxrestore
      \col@number \@ne
      #1%
      \vskip -\dbltextfloatsep
           }%
  \color@endbox
```

Added size test and warning message; perhaps we should use an error message.

```
\ifdim \ht\@currbox>\textheight
  \ht\@currbox \textheight
\fi
```

This next line is not essential but it is more robust to make this value non-zero, in case of weird errors.

This next bit is what is needed from `\@addtodblcol`, plus some extra checks for error trapping.

```
\global \count\@currbox \tw@
\@tempdima -\ht\@currbox
\advance \@tempdima -\dbltextfloatsep
\global \advance \@colht \@tempdima
\ifx \@dbltoplist \@empty
\else
  \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb
  \let \@dbltoplist \@empty
\fi
\@cons \@dbltoplist \@currbox
```

This setting of `\@dbltopnum` is used only to change the typesetting in `\@combinedblfloats`.

```
\global \@dbltopnum \m@ne
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{dbltopnum set to -1 (= \the \@dbltopnum) (topnewpage)}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

At points such as this we need to check that there is still a minimal amount of room left on the page; this uses an arbitrary small value at present; but note that this value is larger than that used when checking that page is too full of normal floats.

If there is little room left we just force a page-break, OK? This involves producing two empty columns. The second empty column may be produced by `\output`, in which case an extra, misleading, warning will be generated, OK? (This happens only when there is too little room left on the page for any float.) Otherwise (i.e. if the size is such that it is allowed as a normal float) the extra `\@emptycol` will be invoked in the second column by the conditional code guarded by the `\if@firstcolumn` test.

I now think that the cut-off point here should be `3\baselineskip`, but we make it a bit less so that 3 lines of text will be allowed, OK?

Since this happens only when there is nothing on the page but the 'top-box', the empty box should not cause any problem other than some overfull box messages, which is not entirely misleading.

Here we need two page-ends since both columns need to be empty.

```
  \ifdim \@colht<2.5\baselineskip
    \@latex@warning@no@line {Optional argument of \noexpand\twocolumn
                too tall on page \thepage}%
    \@emptycol
    \if@firstcolumn
    \else
      \@emptycol
    \fi
  \else
    \global \vsize \@colht
    \global \@colroom \@colht
    \@floatplacement
  \fi
}
```

\output
\@specialoutput

This needs some small adjustments. We cannot guarantee that the float mechanism will interact correctly with this stuff, but that mechanism does not always work properly with footnotes already.

RmS 91/09/29:

added reset of \par to the output routine. This avoids problems when the output routine is called within a list where \par may be a no-op.

```
\output {%
  \let \par \@@par
  \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@M
    \@specialoutput
  \else
    \@makecol
    \@opcol
```

Moved to \@opcol: \@floatplacement.

```
    \@startcolumn
```

This loop could be replaced by an \expandafter tail recursion in \@startcolumn.

```
    \@whilesw \if@fcolmade \fi
      {%
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{PAGE: float \if@twocolumn column \else page \fi
                     completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \@opcol\@startcolumn}%
  \fi
  \ifnum \outputpenalty>-\@Miv
```

At points such as this we need to check that there is still a minimal amount of room left on the page; this uses an arbitrary small value at present. If there is little room left we just force a page-break, OK?

This bit is essential only if a float has just been processed so maybe it should be moved; but this is the natural place at which to set the vsize and a test would need to be done anyway. A check has been added to ensure that there really has been a change in the value of \@colroom.

Since this happens only when there is nothing on the page but floats, the empty box should not cause any problem other than some overfull box messages, which is not entirely misleading.

The twocolumn case does not need any extra code here since this is the `\output` itself; in the second column there will still not be enough room left so `\@emptycol` will be executed again when the OR is called by the-page builder when it gets to the penalty inserted by the first execution. (The page-builder is never invoked whilst the OR is being executed since it builds a inner vlist; thus any conditional code for the two-column case within `\output` may not get executed with the correct value of `\if@firstcolumn`.

```
    \ifdim \@colroom<1.5\baselineskip
      \ifdim \@colroom<\textheight
        \@latex@warning@no@line {Text page \thepage\space
                                 contains only floats}%
        \@emptycol
%         \if@twocolumn
%           \if@firstcolumn
%           \else
%             \@emptycol
%           \fi
%         \fi
      \else
        \global \vsize \@colroom
      \fi
    \else
      \global \vsize \@colroom
    \fi
  \else
    \global \vsize \maxdimen
  \fi
}
```

CHANGES TO `\@specialoutput`:

* `\penalty\z@` changed to `\penalty\interlinepenalty` so `\samepage` works properly with figure and table environments. (Changed 23 Oct 86)

* Definition of `\@specialoutput` changed 26 Feb 88 so `\@pageht` and `\@pagedp` aren't changed for a marginal note. (Change suggested by Chris Rowley.)

```
\gdef\@specialoutput{%
   \ifnum \outputpenalty>-\@Mii
     \@doclearpage
   \else
     \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@Miii
       \ifnum \outputpenalty<-\@MM \deadcycles \z@ \fi
       \global \setbox\@holdpg \vbox {\unvbox\@cclv}%
     \else
```

Note that `\boxmaxdepth` should not be set here since we wish to record the natural depth of the holdpg box.

This is changed so as to not lose anything, such as writes and marks, which may get into box 255 and should be returned to the list. This should only happen

when the first penalty in the mechanism is discarded and therefore `\@holdpg` should always be void in this case. This can happen because a penalty is discarded whenever there is no box on the list.

It was just: `\setbox\@tempboxa \box \@cclv`.

The last box which is removed is the box put there by the double-penalty mechanism. The `\unskip` then removes the `\topskip` which is put there since the box is the first on the page.

```
      \global \setbox\@holdpg \vbox{%
                  \unvbox\@holdpg
                  \unvbox\@cclv
```

We must now remove the box added by the float mechanism and the `\topskip` glue therefore added above it by TEX.

```
                  \setbox\@tempboxa \lastbox
                  \unskip
                                    }%
```

These two are needed as separate dimensions only by `\@addmarginpar`; for other purposes we put the whole size into `\@pageht` (see below).

```
      \@pagedp \dp\@holdpg
      \@pageht \ht\@holdpg
      \unvbox \@holdpg
      \@next\@currbox\@currlist{%
        \ifnum \count\@currbox>\z@
```

Putting the whole size into `\@pageht` (see above).

```
          \advance \@pageht \@pagedp
          \ifvoid\footins \else
            \advance \@pageht \ht\footins
            \advance \@pageht \skip\footins
            \advance \@pageht \dp\footins
          \fi
          \ifvbox \@kludgeins
```

We want to make the adjustment due to this insert only if the non-star form is used. The *-form will probably not work with floats, but maybe it still could make some adjustment here even so?

```
            \ifdim \wd\@kludgeins=\z@
              \advance \@pageht \ht\@kludgeins
⟨*trace⟩
              \fl@trace {Extra size added: \the \ht\@kludgeins}%
⟨/trace⟩
            \fi
          \fi
```

This version puts the inserts back just before the additional material; it could be moved earlier, before unboxing the page-so-far. Neither is guaranteed not to put things on the wrong page. This version is similar to the original version.

```
          \@reinserts
          \@addtocurcol
        \else
          \@reinserts
          \@addmarginpar
        \fi
        }\@latexbug
```

A 2e change: use `\addpenalty` instead of `\penalty` here. Some penalty is needed to create a potential break-point immediately after the reinserts (or the marginal). Otherwise there can be no possibility to break here and this can cause the reinserts or the marginal to appear on the next page (which is often incorrect). However, if the nobreak flag is true, a `\nobreak` must be correct.

```
      \ifnum \outputpenalty<\z@
        \if@nobreak
          \nobreak
        \else
          \addpenalty \interlinepenalty
        \fi
      \fi
    \fi
  \fi
}
```
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩

`\@testwrongwidth` `\f@depth` Test if the float box has the wrong width when trying to place it into some area. (Actually the test is for a conventional depth setting rather than for the width of the float. For that reason the box depth was explicitly tailored when the float was created).

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@testwrongwidth}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
\def\@testwrongwidth #1{%
  \ifdim\dp#1=\f@depth
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{\string#1
              \ifdim\f@depth=\z@ single \else double \fi
              column float -- ok}%
⟨/trace⟩
  \else
    \global\@testtrue
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{\string#1
              \ifdim\f@depth=\z@ double \else single \fi
              column float -- wrong}%
⟨/trace⟩
  \fi}%
```

Normally looking for single column floats, which have zero depth.

```
\let\f@depth\z@
```
```
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@testwrongwidth}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\@testwrongwidth\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\f@depth\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\@doclearpage` This is a very much an emergency action, just dumping everything: footnotes first then floats. A more sophisticated version is needed; but even more urgent is a bug-free version (see, for example, pr/3528).

Also, it puts any left-over non-boxes (writes, specials, etc.) back after any float pages created: this is a very bad bug since, for example, a kludge insert will be in quite the wrong place and, worse, be irremovable and uncancelable.

All the remaining changes are replacing the double column defer list or inserting the extra test `\@testwrongwidth{`⟨*box*⟩`}` at suitable places. That is at places where a box is taken off the deferlist.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@doclearpage}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                  {float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def \@doclearpage {%
     \ifvoid\footins

       \ifvbox\@kludgeins
         {\setbox \@tempboxa \box \@kludgeins}%
⟨*trace⟩
         \fl@trace {kludgeins box made void}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \fi
       \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit\@cclv to\z@ \unvbox\@tempboxa
       \setbox\@tempboxa\box\@cclv
       \xdef\@deferlist{\@toplist\@botlist\@deferlist}%
       \global \let \@toplist \@empty
       \global \let \@botlist \@empty
       \global \@colroom \@colht
       \ifx \@currlist\@empty
       \else
          \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb
          \global \let \@currlist \@empty
       \fi
       \@makefcolumn\@deferlist
       \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\@opcol\@makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
       \if@twocolumn
         \if@firstcolumn
           \xdef\@deferlist{\@dbltoplist\@deferlist}%
           \global \let \@dbltoplist \@empty
           \global \@colht \textheight
           \begingroup
              \@dblfloatplacement
              \@makefcolumn\@deferlist
              \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\@outputpage
                                        \@makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
           \endgroup
         \else
           \vbox{}\clearpage
         \fi
       \fi
```

the next line is needed to avoid losing floats in certain circumstances a single call to the original `\doclearpage` will now no longer output all floats.

```
       \ifx\@deferlist\@empty \else\clearpage \fi
     \else
       \setbox\@cclv\vbox{\box\@cclv\vfil}%
```

```
413         \@makecol\@opcol
414         \clearpage
415       \fi
416 }%
417 ⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
418 ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
419 ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@doclearpage}%
420 ⟨latexrelease⟩                              {float order in 2-column}%
421 ⟨latexrelease⟩\def \@doclearpage {%
422 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifvoid\footins
```

We empty any left over kludge insert box here; this is a temporary fix. It should perhaps be applied to one page of cleared floats, but who cares? The whole of this stuff needs completely redoing for many such reasons.

```
423 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \ifvbox\@kludgeins
424 ⟨latexrelease⟩          {\setbox \@tempboxa \box \@kludgeins}%
425 ⟨*trace⟩
426 ⟨latexrelease⟩          \fl@trace {kludgeins box made void}%
427 ⟨/trace⟩
428 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi
429 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit\@cclv to\z@ \unvbox\@tempboxa
430 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \setbox\@tempboxa\box\@cclv
431 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \xdef\@deferlist{\@toplist\@botlist\@deferlist}%

432 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \global \let \@toplist \@empty
433 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \global \let \@botlist \@empty
434 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \global \@colroom \@colht
435 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \ifx \@currlist\@empty
436 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \else
437 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \@latexerr{Float(s) lost}\@ehb

438 ⟨latexrelease⟩           \global \let \@currlist \@empty
439 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi
440 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \@makefcolumn\@deferlist
441 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
442 ⟨latexrelease⟩                      {\@opcol\@makefcolumn\@deferlist}%
443 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \if@twocolumn
444 ⟨latexrelease⟩          \if@firstcolumn
445 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \xdef\@dbldeferlist{\@dbltoplist\@dbldeferlist}%

446 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \global \let \@dbltoplist \@empty
447 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \global \@colht \textheight
448 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \begingroup
449 ⟨latexrelease⟩               \@dblfloatplacement
450 ⟨latexrelease⟩               \@makefcolumn\@dbldeferlist
451 ⟨latexrelease⟩               \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
452 ⟨latexrelease⟩                     {\@outputpage\@makefcolumn\@dbldeferlist}%
453 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \endgroup
454 ⟨latexrelease⟩          \else
455 ⟨latexrelease⟩            \vbox{}\clearpage
456 ⟨latexrelease⟩          \fi
457 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi
458 ⟨latexrelease⟩      \else
459 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \setbox\@cclv\vbox{\box\@cclv\vfil}%
460 ⟨latexrelease⟩        \@makecol\@opcol
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩        \clearpage
⟨latexrelease⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   }%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

\@opcol Several changes in detail here.

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def \@opcol {%
  \if@twocolumn
    \@outputdblcol
  \else
    \@outputpage
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{PAGE: one column (float? see above) page completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

Not needed since it comes after \@outputpage:

```
%   \global\@colht\textheight
  \fi
```

These do not need to be done every time \@opcol is used: they should be grouped together since they all need to be done at the end of the non-special output routine, or at the end of a clearpage one.

```
  \global \@mparbottom \z@ \global \@textfloatsheight \z@
  \@floatplacement
}
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

\@makecol We must rewrite this macro to alllow for variations in page-makeup required by changes in page-length.

This uses a different macro if a special-length column is being produced.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\gdef \@makecol {%
   \ifvoid\footins
     \setbox\@outputbox \box\@cclv
   \else
     \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
```

This \boxmaxdepth setting is to ensure that deep footnotes do not overwrite the footer (on account of the negative skip added later): it should use \@maxdepth otherwise the change is pointless when there are footnotes.

But see also its use when combining floats.

```
       \boxmaxdepth \@maxdepth
%       \@tempdima\dp\@cclv
       \unvbox \@cclv
%       \vskip-\@tempdima
       \vskip \skip\footins

       \color@begingroup
         \normalcolor
         \footnoterule
         \unvbox \footins
       \color@endgroup
       }%
   \fi
```

The h floats have now been finally committed to this page so we can reset their list. The top and bottom floats are then added to the page.

```
  \let\@elt\relax
  \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@midlist}%
  \global \let \@midlist \@empty
  \@combinefloats
```

The variations start here in case `\enlargethispage` has been used.

```
  \ifvbox\@kludgeins
    \@makespecialcolbox
  \else
```

This extra reboxing is only needed to add the `\@texttop` and `\@textbotttom` but this could be done earlier, when the floats are added.

The `\boxmaxdepth` resetting here will have no effect unless `\@textbottom` ends with a box or rule. So is this (or possibly `\@maxdepth`) the correct value?

The `\vskip -\dimen@` ensures that the visible depth of the box does not affect the placement of anything on the page. Thus very deep pages will overprint the footer; but these should have been prevented by suitable settings of the maxdepths at appropriate times.

If `\@textbottom` ends with a box or rule of non-zero depth then this skip adjustment should be done again after it.

I think that the final boxing of the main text page could have a common ending which may make it simpler to see what is going on.

This needs further investigation, especially in the 'special case'.

Also, the `\boxmaxdepth` setting here affects what happens within `\@texttop` and `\@textbottom`, should it? Is it needed at all?

RmS 91/10/22: Replaced `\dimen128` by `\dimen@`.

```
    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to\@colht {%
%       \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth                  %??
      \@texttop
      \dimen@ \dp\@outputbox
      \unvbox \@outputbox
      \vskip -\dimen@
      \@textbottom
      }%
  \fi
  \global \maxdepth \@maxdepth
}
```

`\@reinserts` This is the code which reinserts the inserts. It puts them all in one place; this can make some of them come out on the wrong page. It has been put into a separate macro to expedite experimentation.

```
\gdef \@reinserts{%
  \ifvoid\footins\else\insert\footins{\unvbox\footins}\fi
  \ifvbox\@kludgeins\insert\@kludgeins
                       {\unvbox\@kludgeins}\fi
}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

`\@makespecialcolbox` This implements certain variations in page-makeup.

⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩

```
\gdef \@makespecialcolbox {%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{Kludgeins ht \the\ht\@kludgeins\space
                          dp \the\dp\@kludgeins\space
                          wd \the\wd\@kludgeins}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

First we find the natural height of the column.

See above for discussion of what is happening here.

This needs further investigation, especially in this 'special case'.

```
   \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
     \@texttop
     \dimen@ \dp\@outputbox
     \unvbox\@outputbox
     \vskip-\dimen@
     }%
   \@tempdima \@colht
   \ifdim \wd\@kludgeins>\z@
```

Note that in this case (the *-version), the height of the `\@kludgeins` box is not used since its value is somewhat arbitrary: it need only be big enough to ensure that the page-break is not taken prematurely.

Here we calculate how much vertical space needs to be added in order to enable the column to fit into a box of size `\@colht` using the best information we have about the amount of shrink available (another thing which is known internally about a box, but cannot be accessed at the TEX level!).

This needs TEX3 otherwise `\pageshrink` is zero anyway; it may not be exactly the figure we wish as it is the total available from the all the material collected before the page-break decision is made. It will, we think, always be an overestimate of the actual shrink in the box; therefore this should always force the shortest possible column with the possibility of an overfull box.

This should work for bothe flush- and ragged-bottom setting since it makes the contents no smaller than the size (`\@colht`) of the box into which they are put.

Their should perhaps be an upper limit, of 0pt?, on the extra space added to force shrinking.

See above for a discussion of the `\boxmaxdepth` setting here.

```
     \advance \@tempdima -\ht\@outputbox
     \advance \@tempdima \pageshrink
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace {Natural ht of col: \the \ht\@outputbox}%
     \fl@trace {\string \@colht: \the \@colht}%
     \fl@trace {Pageshrink added: \the \pageshrink}%
     \fl@trace {Hence, space added: \the \@tempdima}%
⟨/trace⟩
     \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to \@colht {%
%       \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
       \unvbox\@outputbox
       \vskip \@tempdima
       \@textbottom
       }%
```

For the unstarred version, the final size of the page is precisely specified. Therefore,

at least for the flush-bottom case, we need to ensure that, visually, it has this size exactly.

Thus we calculate this size and set the material in a box of this size, which is then put into a box of size `\@colht` with `\vss` at the bottom.

```
   \else
     \advance \@tempdima -\ht\@kludgeins
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace {Natural ht of col: \the \ht\@outputbox}%
     \fl@trace {\string \@colht: \the \@colht}%
     \fl@trace {Extra size added: -\the \ht \@kludgeins}%
     \fl@trace {Hence, height of inner box: \the \@tempdima}%
     \fl@trace {Max? pageshrink available: \the \pageshrink}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

This type of final packaging could be done always; this may simplify all of this page-makeup.

It is not necessary to set `\boxmaxdepth` here since the `\@outputbox` ends with glue.

```
     \setbox \@outputbox \vbox to \@colht {%
       \vbox to \@tempdima {%
         \unvbox\@outputbox
         \@textbottom}%
       \vss}%
   \fi
```

Finally we need to explicitly make the insert box void.

```
   {\setbox \@tempboxa \box \@kludgeins}%
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace {kludgeins box made void}%
⟨/trace⟩
}
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

`\@texttop` `\@textbottom` These do nothing as a default.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\let \@texttop \relax
\let \@textbottom \relax
```

`\@resetactivechars` `\@activechar@info` RmS 93/09/06: added hook to protect against certain active characters in the output routine. Default checks are for active space and end-of-line.

```
\def\@activechar@info #1{%
      \@latex@info@no@line {Active #1 character found while
                            output routine is active
                            \MessageBreak
                            This may be a bug in a package file
                            you are using}%
}
```

Do not put any spaces in this next bit!

```
\begingroup
\obeylines\obeyspaces%
\catcode`\^^M\active%
\gdef\@resetactivechars{%
\def^^M{\@activechar@info{EOL}\space}%
```

```
\def {\@activechar@info{space}\space}%
\let'\active@math@prime}%
\endgroup
```

\@outputpage
\@shipoutsetup
\@writesetup

The \color@hbox hooks here are used to avoid putting just a colour special into an otherwise empty box (in a header or footer). These boxes are often set to be completely empty and so adding a special produces a very underfull box message.

There has been extensive tidying up of the old code here; including the removal of a level of grouping.

The setting of \protect immediately before the \shipout is needed so that protected commands within \writes are handled correctly.

Within shipout's vbox it is reset to its default value, \relax.

Resetting it to its default value after the shipout has been completed (and the contents of the writes have been expanded) must be done by use of \aftergroup. This is because it must have the value \relax before macros coming from other uses of \aftergroup within this box are expanded.

Putting this into the \aftergroup token list does not affect the definition used in expanding the \writes because the aftergroup token list is only constructed when popping the save-stack, it is not expanded until after the shipout is completed.

Question: should things from an \aftergroup within the shipped out box be executed in the environment set up for the writes, or after it finishes?

A lot of this code has been in-lined to prevent mis-use of internal commands as hooks.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/03/10}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\@outputpage}{Reset language for hyphenation}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@outputpage{%
```

The \endgroup is put in by \aftergroup.

```
\begingroup
```

Now all the set-up stuff has been in-lined for Frank.

First the stuff for the writes.

From here ... was in the command \@writesetup.

```
  \let \protect \noexpand
```

RmS 93/08/19: Redefined accents to allow changes in font encoding; but exactly why was this needed?

Reset \language to the value current at \begin{document}. In particular this ensures that a pagebreak in verbatim does not prevent hyphenation in the page head.

```
  \language\document@default@language
```

The \catcode`\ = 10 was removed as it was considered useless (presumably because nothing gets tokenised during shipout).

This was put in as some error produced active spaces in a mark, I think.

Why was the hyphen reset?

```
  \@resetactivechars
```

If a page break happens between the start of a list and its first item the `@newlist` will be true and this will mess up any list that is used in the header or footer of the page. So we have to reset that flag.

```
\global\let\@@if@newlist\if@newlist
\global\@newlistfalse
```

This next hook replaces the following:

```
\let\-\@dischyph
\let\'\@acci\let\‘\@accii\let\=\@acciii
\let\\\@normalcr
\let\par\@@par %% 15 Sep 87 (this was once inside the box)
```

and it does more than they did; in particular it sets:

```
\parindent\z@
\parskip\z@skip
\everypar{}%
\leftskip\z@skip
\rightskip\z@skip
\parfillskip\@flushglue
\lineskip\normallineskip
\baselineskip\normalbaselineskip
\sloppy
```

```
\@parboxrestore
```

... to here was in the command `\@writesetup`.

```
\shipout \vbox{%
  \set@typeset@protect
  \aftergroup \endgroup
```

Correct? or just restore by ending the group?

```
  \aftergroup \set@typeset@protect
```

This first bit has been moved inside the shipped out box.

Now the setup inside the shipped out box; this should contain all the stuff that could only affect typesetting; other stuff may need to be reset for the writes also.

From here ... was in the command `\@shipoutsetup`.

```
\if@specialpage
  \global\@specialpagefalse\@nameuse{ps@\@specialstyle}%
\fi
\if@twoside
  \ifodd\count\z@ \let\@thehead\@oddhead \let\@thefoot\@oddfoot
       \let\@themargin\oddsidemargin
  \else \let\@thehead\@evenhead
     \let\@thefoot\@evenfoot \let\@themargin\evensidemargin
  \fi
\fi
```

The rest was always inside the box.

RmS 91/08/15: aded this line:

```
\reset@font
```

RmS 93/08/06 Added `\lineskiplimit=0pt` to guard against it being nonzero: e.g. by `\offinterlineskip` being in effect.

There are probably lots of other things that may need resetting.

```
\normalsize
```

Reset the space factors.

```
\normalsfcodes
```

Reset these here (previously reset separately for head and foot)

```
\let\label\@gobble
\let\index\@gobble
\let\glossary\@gobble
```

```
\baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip\z@skip \lineskiplimit\z@
```

... to here was in the command `\@shipoutsetup`.

```
    \@begindvi
    \vskip \topmargin
    \moveright\@themargin \vbox {%
      \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox to\headheight{%
        \vfil
        \color@hbox
          \normalcolor
          \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thehead}%
        \color@endbox
```

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```
        }%
      \dp\@tempboxa \z@
      \box\@tempboxa
      \vskip \headsep
      \box\@outputbox
      \baselineskip \footskip
      \color@hbox
        \normalcolor
        \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thefoot}%
      \color@endbox
      }%
    }%
```

`\endgroup` now inserted by `\aftergroup`

Restore `\if@newlist`

```
\global\let\if@newlist\@@if@newlist
```

```
\global \@colht \textheight
\stepcounter{page}%
```

It is now clear that this does something useful, thanks to Piet van Oostrum. It is needed because a float page is made without using TeX's page-builder; thus the output routine is never called so the marks are not updated.

```
\let\firstmark\botmark
}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩   {\@outputpage}{Reset language for hyphenation}%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@outputpage{%
⟨latexrelease⟩\begingroup
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let \protect \noexpand
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@resetactivechars
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\let\@@if@newlist\if@newlist
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\@newlistfalse
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@parboxrestore
⟨latexrelease⟩  \shipout \vbox{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \set@typeset@protect
⟨latexrelease⟩    \aftergroup \endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩    \aftergroup \set@typeset@protect
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@specialpage
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\@specialpagefalse\@nameuse{ps@\@specialstyle}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@twoside
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifodd\count\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩         \let\@thehead\@oddhead \let\@thefoot\@oddfoot
⟨latexrelease⟩         \let\@themargin\oddsidemargin
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else \let\@thehead\@evenhead
⟨latexrelease⟩       \let\@thefoot\@evenfoot \let\@themargin\evensidemargin
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \reset@font
⟨latexrelease⟩  \normalsize
⟨latexrelease⟩  \normalsfcodes
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\label\@gobble
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\index\@gobble
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\glossary\@gobble
⟨latexrelease⟩  \baselineskip\z@skip \lineskip\z@skip \lineskiplimit\z@
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@begindvi
⟨latexrelease⟩    \vskip \topmargin
⟨latexrelease⟩    \moveright\@themargin \vbox {%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox to\headheight{%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \vfil
⟨latexrelease⟩        \color@hbox
⟨latexrelease⟩          \normalcolor
⟨latexrelease⟩          \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thehead}%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \color@endbox
⟨latexrelease⟩        }%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \dp\@tempboxa \z@
⟨latexrelease⟩      \box\@tempboxa
⟨latexrelease⟩      \vskip \headsep
⟨latexrelease⟩      \box\@outputbox
⟨latexrelease⟩      \baselineskip \footskip
⟨latexrelease⟩      \color@hbox
⟨latexrelease⟩        \normalcolor
⟨latexrelease⟩        \hb@xt@\textwidth{\@thefoot}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \color@endbox
⟨latexrelease⟩      }%
⟨latexrelease⟩    }%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global\let\if@newlist\@@if@newlist
⟨latexrelease⟩  \global \@colht \textheight
⟨latexrelease⟩  \stepcounter{page}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\firstmark\botmark
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@begindvi` This unboxes stuff that must appear before anything else in the `.dvi` file, then returns that box register to the free list and cancels itself.

The stuff in the box should not add any typeset material to the page.

```
\def \@begindvi{%
  \unvbox \@begindvibox
  \global\let \@begindvi \@empty
}
```

`\@combinefloats` `\@cflt` `\@cflb` The `\boxmaxdepth` setting here was not made local to a box so was dangerous. It is needed only within the box made by `\@cflt` (and not normally even there), so it has been moved there; this also agrees with the original pseudocode.

```
\def \@combinefloats {%
%    \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
    \ifx \@toplist\@empty \else \@cflt \fi
    \ifx \@botlist\@empty \else \@cflb \fi
}

\def \@cflt{%
    \let \@elt \@comflelt
    \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox{}%
    \@toplist
    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox{%
                              \boxmaxdepth \maxdepth
                              \unvbox\@tempboxa
                              \vskip -\floatsep
                              \topfigrule
                              \vskip \textfloatsep
                              \unvbox\@outputbox
                              }%
    \let\@elt\relax
    \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@toplist}%
    \global\let\@toplist\@empty
}

\def \@cflb {%
    \let\@elt\@comflelt
    \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox{}%
    \@botlist
    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox{%
                              \unvbox\@outputbox
                              \vskip \textfloatsep
                              \botfigrule
                              \unvbox\@tempboxa
                              \vskip -\floatsep
                              }%
    \let\@elt\relax
    \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@botlist}%
    \global \let \@botlist\@empty
}
```

`\@comflelt` `\@comdblflelt` `\@combinedblfloats`

```
\def\@comflelt#1{\setbox\@tempboxa
      \vbox{\unvbox\@tempboxa\box #1\vskip\floatsep}}
\def\@comdblflelt#1{\setbox\@tempboxa
      \vbox{\unvbox\@tempboxa\box #1\vskip\dblfloatsep}}
\def \@combinedblfloats{%
  \ifx \@dbltoplist \@empty
  \else
    \setbox\@tempboxa \vbox{}%
    \let \@elt \@comdblflelt
    \@dbltoplist
    \let \@elt \relax
    \xdef \@freelist {\@freelist\@dbltoplist}%
    \global\let \@dbltoplist \@empty
    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox to\textheight
```

The setting of `\boxmaxdepth` here has no effect since the `\@outputbox` should already have depth zero. Even so, it would have no effect on the layout of the page.

```
      {%\boxmaxdepth\maxdepth   %% probably not needed, CAR
       \unvbox\@tempboxa\vskip-\dblfloatsep
```

Here we need different typesetting if the top float comes from `\@topnewpage`.

```
       \ifnum \@dbltopnum>\m@ne
         \dblfigrule
       \fi
       \vskip \dbltextfloatsep
       \box\@outputbox
       }%
  \fi
}
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

`\@startcolumn` `\@startdblcolumn`

We could combine (most of) these two into `\@startcol <list>`. Note that `\@xstartcol` was only used once (i.e. in `\@startcolumn`); it has therefore been removed. This is not quite as efficient but it now has the same structure as `\@startdblcolumn`.

The empty-list test has been moved to `\@tryfcolumn`.

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def \@startcolumn {%
  \global \@colroom \@colht
  \@tryfcolumn \@deferlist
  \if@fcolmade
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{PAGE: float \if@twocolumn column \else page \fi
                  completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
  \else

    \begingroup
      \let \reserved@b \@deferlist
      \global \let \@deferlist \@empty
      \let \@elt \@scolelt
      \reserved@b
```

```
    \endgroup
  \fi
}
```

This one does not need to set `\@colht`.

```
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@startdblcolumn}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
\def \@startdblcolumn {%
  \@tryfcolumn \@deferlist
  \if@fcolmade
⟨fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
  \else
    \begingroup
      \let \reserved@b \@deferlist
      \global \let \@deferlist \@empty
      \let \@elt \@sdblcolelt
      \reserved@b
    \endgroup
  \fi
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@startdblcolumn}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\def \@startdblcolumn {%
```

Not needed since this always comes after `\@outputpage`:

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩% \global \@colht \textheight
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \@tryfcolumn \@dbldeferlist
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \if@fcolmade
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \else

⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \begingroup
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \let \reserved@b \@dbldeferlist
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \global \let \@dbldeferlist \@empty
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \let \@elt \@sdblcolelt
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \reserved@b
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \endgroup
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

`\@tryfcolumn` Now tests if its list is empty before any further exertion.

```
\def \@tryfcolumn #1{%
  \global \@fcolmadefalse
  \ifx #1\@empty
  \else
⟨*trace⟩
```

```
836      \fl@trace{PAGE: try float \if@twocolumn column/page\else page\fi
837                   ---\string #1}%
838      \fl@trace{----- \string #1: #1}%
839 ⟨/trace⟩

840     \xdef\@trylist{#1}%
841     \global \let \@failedlist \@empty
842     \begingroup
843       \let \@elt \@xtryfc \@trylist
844     \endgroup
845     \if@fcolmade
846       \@vtryfc #1%
847     \fi
848   \fi
849 }
850 ⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩

851 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\@scolelt

```
852 \def\@scolelt#1{\def\@currbox{#1}\@addtonextcol}
```

\@sdblcolelt

```
853 \def\@sdblcolelt#1{\def\@currbox{#1}\@addtodblcol}
```

\@vtryfc

```
854 \def\@vtryfc #1{%
855   \global\setbox\@outputbox\vbox{}%
856   \let\@elt\@wtryfc
857   \@flsucceed
858   \global\setbox\@outputbox \vbox to\@colht{%
859     \vskip \@fptop
860     \vskip -\@fpsep
861     \unvbox \@outputbox
862     \vskip \@fpbot}%
863   \let\@elt\relax
864   \xdef #1{\@failedlist\@flfail}%
865   \xdef\@freelist{\@freelist\@flsucceed}}
```

\@wtryfc

```
866 \def\@wtryfc #1{%
867   \global\setbox\@outputbox\vbox{%
868     \unvbox\@outputbox
869     \vskip\@fpsep
870     \box #1}}
```

\@xtryfc

```
871 ⟨/2ekernel⟩
872 ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\@xtryfc}%
873 ⟨latexrelease⟩                                {float order in 2-column}%
874 ⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
875 \def\@xtryfc #1{%
876   \@next\reserved@a\@trylist{}{}%
877   \@currtype \count #1%
```

```
  \divide\@currtype\@xxxii
  \multiply\@currtype\@xxxii
  \@bitor \@currtype \@failedlist
  \@testfp #1%
  \@testwrongwidth #1%
  \ifdim \ht #1>\@colht
     \@testtrue
  \fi
  \if@test
    \@cons\@failedlist #1%
  \else
    \@ytryfc #1%
  \fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\@xtryfc}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@xtryfc #1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@next\reserved@a\@trylist{}{}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@currtype \count #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \divide\@currtype\@xxxii
⟨latexrelease⟩  \multiply\@currtype\@xxxii
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@bitor \@currtype \@failedlist
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@testfp #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifdim \ht #1>\@colht
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@testtrue
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@test
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@cons\@failedlist #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@ytryfc #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\@ytryfc

```
\def\@ytryfc #1{%
  \begingroup
    \gdef\@flsucceed{\@elt #1}%
    \global\let\@flfail\@empty
    \@tempdima\ht #1%
    \let\@elt\@ztryfc
    \@trylist
    \ifdim \@tempdima >\@fpmin
      \global\@fcolmadetrue
    \else
      \@cons\@failedlist #1%
    \fi
  \endgroup
  \if@fcolmade
    \let\@elt\@gobble
  \fi}
```

\@ztryfc

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{@ztryfc}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@ztryfc #1{%
  \@tempcnta\count #1%
  \divide\@tempcnta\@xxxii
  \multiply\@tempcnta\@xxxii
  \@bitor \@tempcnta {\@failedlist \@flfail}%
  \@testfp #1%
```

not in fixfloats?

```
  \@testwrongwidth #1%
  \@tempdimb\@tempdima
  \advance\@tempdimb\ht #1%
  \advance\@tempdimb\@fpsep
  \ifdim \@tempdimb >\@colht
    \@testtrue
  \fi
  \if@test
    \@cons\@flfail #1%
  \else
    \@cons\@flsucceed #1%
    \@tempdima\@tempdimb
  \fi}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{@ztryfc}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                                {float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@ztryfc #1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@tempcnta \count#1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \divide\@tempcnta\@xxxii
⟨latexrelease⟩  \multiply\@tempcnta\@xxxii
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@bitor \@tempcnta {\@failedlist \@flfail}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@testfp #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@tempdimb\@tempdima
⟨latexrelease⟩  \advance\@tempdimb \ht#1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \advance\@tempdimb\@fpsep
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifdim \@tempdimb >\@colht
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@testtrue
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \if@test
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@cons\@flfail #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@cons\@flsucceed #1%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@tempdima\@tempdimb
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

The major changes for float suppression and the changes to the float mechanism to make it conform to the documentation are in these next macros.

\@addtobot Lots of changes.

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def \@addtobot {%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{***Start addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \@getfpsbit 4\relax
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi bot:
                                                    \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \ifodd \@tempcnta
     \@flsetnum \@botnum
     \ifnum \@botnum>\z@
       \@tempswafalse
       \@flcheckspace \@botroom \@botlist
       \if@tempswa
```

This next line means that this page is produced with box 255 having depth zero, rather than the normal maxdepth: is this needed, useful?

```
         \global \maxdepth \z@
         \@flupdates \@botnum \@botroom \@botlist
⟨*trace⟩
         \fl@trace{colroom (after-bot) = \the \@colroom}%
         \fl@trace{colnum (after-bot) = \the \@colnum}%
         \fl@trace{botnum (after-bot) = \the \@botnum}%
         \fl@trace{***Success: bot}%
⟨/trace⟩
         \@inserttrue
       \fi
⟨*trace⟩
     \else
       \fl@trace{Fail: botnum = \the \@botnum:
                                  fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
       \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
         \fl@trace{ERROR: !b float not successful (addtobot)}%
       \fi
⟨/trace⟩
     \fi
   \fi
}
```

`\@addtotoporbot` Lots of changes.

```
\def \@addtotoporbot {%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{***Start addtotoporbot}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \@getfpsbit \tw@
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi top:
                                                    \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \ifodd \@tempcnta
     \@flsetnum \@topnum
     \ifnum \@topnum>\z@
```

```
        \@tempswafalse
        \@flcheckspace \@toproom \@toplist
        \if@tempswa
          \@bitor\@currtype{\@midlist\@botlist}%
⟨*trace⟩
            \fl@trace{(mid+bot)list: \@midlist, \@botlist:
                                (addtotoporbot-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
          \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
          \fl@trace{type already on list: mid or bot---sent to addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
          \else
           \@flupdates \@topnum \@toproom \@toplist
⟨*trace⟩
           \fl@trace{colroom (after-top) = \the \@colroom}%
           \fl@trace{colnum (after-top) = \the \@colnum}%
           \fl@trace{topnum (after-top) = \the \@topnum}%
           \fl@trace{***Success: top}%
⟨/trace⟩
           \@inserttrue
          \fi
        \fi
⟨*trace⟩
      \else
        \fl@trace{Fail: topnum = \the \@topnum: fpstype
                                                \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
        \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
          \fl@trace{ERROR: !t float not successful (addtotoporbot)}%
        \fi
⟨/trace⟩
      \fi
    \fi
    \if@insert
    \else
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{sent to addtobot (addtotoporbot)}%
⟨/trace⟩
      \@addtobot
    \fi
}
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

`\@addtocurcol` Lots of changes.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩  {\@addtocurcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩
\def \@addtocurcol {%
⟨*trace⟩
  \fl@trace{***Start addtocurcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
    \@insertfalse
    \@setfloattypecounts
    \ifnum \@fpstype=8
```

```
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace{fpstype !p only (addtocurcol): \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \else
     \ifnum \@fpstype=24
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{fpstype p only (addtocurcol): \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
⟨/trace⟩
     \else
       \@flsettextmin
```

This is a new adjustment which is quite a major change in functionality; but it implements the documentation. Note that `\@reqcolroom` will include the whole of the page-so-far, and hence includes `\@textfloatsheight` of floats, so before comparing it with `\@textmin`, we add this to `\@textmin` also.

```
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{textfloatsheight (before) = \the \@textfloatsheight}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \advance \@textmin \@textfloatsheight
       \@reqcolroom \@pageht
```

This line must be removed since `\@specialoutput` changed.

```
%       \advance \@reqcolroom \@pagedp
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{textmin + textfloatsheight: \the \@textmin}%
       \fl@trace{page-so-far: \the \@reqcolroom}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \ifdim \@textmin>\@reqcolroom
         \@reqcolroom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
         \fl@trace{ORD? textmin being used}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \fi
       \advance \@reqcolroom \ht\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{float size = \the \ht \@currbox (addtocurcol)}%
       \fl@trace{colroom = \the \@colroom (addtocurcol)}%
       \fl@trace{reqcolroom = \the \@reqcolroom (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
         \@flsetnum \@colnum
         \ifnum \@colnum>\z@
           \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist
```

We need to defer the float also if its width doesn't fit.

```
           \@testwrongwidth\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
           \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtocurcol-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
           \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
             \fl@trace{type already on list: defer (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
           \else
```

```
              \@bitor\@currtype\@botlist
⟨*trace⟩
            \fl@trace{botlist: \@botlist: (addtocurcol-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
              \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
                \fl@trace{type already on list: bot---sent to addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
                \@addtobot
              \else
⟨*trace⟩
                \fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi
                       here: \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
                \ifodd \count\@currbox
                  \advance \@reqcolroom \intextsep
                  \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
                    \global \advance \@colnum \m@ne
                    \global \advance \@textfloatsheight \ht\@currbox
```

This may sometimes give an overestimate.

```
                    \global \advance \@textfloatsheight 2\intextsep
                    \@cons \@midlist \@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
                  \fl@trace{***Success: here}%
                  \fl@trace{textfloatsheight (after-here) =
                       \the \@textfloatsheight}%
                  \fl@trace{colnum (after-here) = \the \@colnum}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

CHANGE TO `\@addtocurcol`:

`\penalty\z@` changed to `\penalty\interlinepenalty` so `\samepage` works properly with figure and table environments. (Changed 23 Oct 86)

There is also an `\addpenalty\interlinepenalty` above.

Since in 2e `\samepage` is no longer supported, these could be removed.

Although it is best to use `\addvspace` in case two h floats come together, this makes other spacing more difficult to adjust; whereas if a user specifies two h floats together then they can more easily get the spacing correct by ad hoc commands.

It is necessary to adjust for the addition of `\parskip` here in case the float is added between paragraphs (i.e. when in vertical mode).

If the nobreak switch is true we need to reset it and clear `\everypar` since the float may not reset the flag and cannot reset the `\everypar` globally.

Typesetting starts here (we are in vertical mode).

```
                  \if@nobreak
                    \nobreak
                    \@nobreakfalse
                    \everypar{}%
                  \else
                    \addpenalty \interlinepenalty
                  \fi
                  \vskip \intextsep
                  \box\@currbox
                  \penalty\interlinepenalty
                  \vskip\intextsep
```

```
                    \ifnum\outputpenalty <-\@Mii \vskip -\parskip\fi
```

Typesetting ends here.

```
                    \outputpenalty \z@
                    \@inserttrue
⟨*trace⟩
                  \else
                    \fl@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
                                  (addtocorcol \string\intextsep)}%
⟨/trace⟩
                    \fi
                \fi
                \if@insert
                \else
```

Next set of docstrip guards are a bit weird, essentially `\@addtotoporbot` ends up inside the kernel and the `fltrace` package and `\@addtobot` shows up in the `flafter` package. Guess that could have been done a bit more obvious :-)

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
⟨*trace⟩
                    \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtotoporbot}%
⟨/trace⟩
                    \@addtotoporbot
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
⟨*!2ekernel&!fltrace&!latexrelease⟩
⟨*trace⟩
                    \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
                    \@addtobot
⟨/!2ekernel&!fltrace&!latexrelease⟩
                  \fi
              \fi
            \fi
⟨*trace⟩
          \else
            \fl@trace{Fail: colnum = \the \@colnum:
                        fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
            \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
              \fl@trace{ERROR: BANG float not successful (addtocurcol)}%
            \fi
⟨/trace⟩
          \fi
⟨*trace⟩
        \else
          \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht: \the \ht \@currbox
                                                  (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
        \fi
      \fi
    \fi
    \if@insert
    \else
      \@resethfps
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{put on deferlist (addtocurcol)}%
```

```
⟨/trace⟩
      \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtocurcol-after)}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \fi
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩  {\@addtocurcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩\def \@addtocurcol {%
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩  \fl@trace{***Start addtocurcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩   \@insertfalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩   \@setfloattypecounts
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩   \ifnum \@fpstype=8
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩     \fl@trace{fpstype !p only (addtocurcol):
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                              \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩     \ifnum \@fpstype=24
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \fl@trace{fpstype p only (addtocurcol):
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                              \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩     \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \@flsettextmin
```

This is a new adjustment which is quite a major change in functionality; but it implements the documentation. Note that `\@reqcolroom` will include the whole of the page-so-far, and hence includes `\@textfloatsheight` of floats, so before comparing it with `\@textmin`, we add this to `\@textmin` also.

```
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \fl@trace{textfloatsheight (before) =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                           \the \@textfloatsheight}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \advance \@textmin \@textfloatsheight
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \@reqcolroom \@pageht
```

This line must be removed since `\@specialoutput` changed.

```
%       \advance \@reqcolroom \@pagedp
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \fl@trace{textmin + textfloatsheight:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                                   \the \@textmin}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \fl@trace{page-so-far: \the \@reqcolroom}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩       \ifdim \@textmin>\@reqcolroom
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩         \@reqcolroom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩         \fl@trace{ORD? textmin being used}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \advance \@reqcolroom \ht\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fl@trace{float size =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \the \ht \@currbox (addtocurcol)}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fl@trace{colroom =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \the \@colroom (addtocurcol)}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fl@trace{reqcolroom =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                 \the \@reqcolroom (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩          \@flsetnum \@colnum
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩          \ifnum \@colnum>\z@
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \fl@trace{deferlist:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩               \@deferlist: (addtocurcol-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \fl@trace{type already on list:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                             defer (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \@bitor\@currtype\@botlist
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \fl@trace{botlist: \@botlist:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                            (addtocurcol-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \fl@trace{type already on list:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                          bot---sent to addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \@addtobot
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \else
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \fl@trace{fpstype
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                here: \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \ifodd \count\@currbox
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \advance \@reqcolroom \intextsep
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                   \global \advance \@colnum \m@ne
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                   \global \advance
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@textfloatsheight\ht\@currbox
```

This may sometimes give an overestimate.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                   \global \advance
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@textfloatsheight 2\intextsep
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@cons \@midlist \@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \fl@trace{***Success: here}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \fl@trace{textfloatsheight
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    (after-here) =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \the \@textfloatsheight}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \fl@trace{colnum (after-here) =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                         \the \@colnum}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

CHANGE TO `\@addtocurcol`:

`\penalty\z@` changed to `\penalty\interlinepenalty` so `\samepage` works properly with figure and table environments. (Changed 23 Oct 86)

There is also an `\addpenalty\interlinepenalty` above.

Since in 2e `\samepage` is no longer supported, these could be removed.

Although it is best to use `\addvspace` in case two h floats come together, this makes other spacing more difficult to adjust; whereas if a user specifies two h floats together then they can more easily get the spacing correct by ad hoc commands.

It is necessary to adjust for the addition of `\parskip` here in case the float is added between paragraphs (i.e. when in vertical mode).

If the nobreak switch is true we need to reset it and clear `\everypar` since the float may not reset the flag and cannot reset the `\everypar` globally.

Typesetting starts here (we are in vertical mode).

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \if@nobreak
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \nobreak
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@nobreakfalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \everypar{}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \addpenalty\interlinepenalty
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \vskip \intextsep
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \box\@currbox
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \penalty\interlinepenalty
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \vskip\intextsep
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \ifnum\outputpenalty
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                              <-\@Mii \vskip
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                       -\parskip\fi
```

Typesetting ends here.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \outputpenalty \z@
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \@inserttrue
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                 \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩  \fl@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                (addtocorcol \string\intextsep)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \if@insert
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \else
```

Next set of docstrip guards are a bit weird, essentially `\@addtotoporbot` ends up inside the kernel and the `fltrace` package and `\@addtotoporbot` shows up in the `flafter` package. Guess that could have been done a bit more obvious :-)

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtotoporbot}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@addtotoporbot
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
⟨*!2ekernel&!autoload&!fltrace⟩
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩          \fl@trace{not here: sent to addtobot}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                    \@addtobot
⟨/!2ekernel&!autoload&!fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \fi
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \fl@trace{Fail: colnum = \the \@colnum:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                       fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩    \fl@trace{ERROR: BANG float not successful
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                                    (addtocurcol)}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩              \fi
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \fi
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩          \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩            \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                  \the \ht \@currbox (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩          \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \if@insert
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \@resethfps
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fl@trace{put on deferlist (addtocurcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩        \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩                              (addtocurcol-after)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩      \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩    }%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace | flafter⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\@addtonextcol` Lots of changes.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   {\@addtonextcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def\@addtonextcol{%
  \begingroup
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{***Start addtonextcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
    \@insertfalse
```

```
   \@setfloattypecounts
   \ifnum \@fpstype=8
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace{fpstype not curcol: \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \else
     \ifnum \@fpstype=24
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{fpstype not curcol: \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
⟨/trace⟩
     \else
       \@flsettextmin
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{text-so-far: 0pt (top of col)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \@reqcolroom \ht\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{float size: \the \@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \advance \@reqcolroom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{colroom = \the \@colroom (addtonextcol)}%
       \fl@trace{reqcolroom = \the \@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
         \@flsetnum \@colnum
         \ifnum\@colnum>\z@
            \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist
⟨*trace⟩
            \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtonextcol-before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
            \@testwrongwidth\@currbox
            \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
              \fl@trace{type already on list: defer (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
            \else
⟨*trace⟩
              \fl@trace{sent to addtotoporbot (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
              \@addtotoporbot
            \fi
         \fi
⟨*trace⟩
       \else
         \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht: \the \ht \@currbox
                                                 (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \fi
     \fi
   \fi
   \if@insert
   \else
```

```
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace{put back on deferlist (addtonextcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
     \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist: (addtonextcol-after)}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \fi
⟨*trace⟩
  \fl@trace{End of addtonextcol -- locally counts:}%
  \fl@trace{col: \the\@colnum. top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%
⟨/trace⟩
  \endgroup
⟨*trace⟩
 \fl@trace{End of addtonextcol -- globally counts:}%
 \fl@trace{col: \the\@colnum. top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%
⟨/trace⟩
}%
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@addtonextcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\def\@addtonextcol{%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \begingroup
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fl@trace{***Start addtonextcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \@insertfalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \@setfloattypecounts
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \ifnum \@fpstype=8
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fl@trace{fpstype not curcol:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                    \the \@fpstype = 8?}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \ifnum \@fpstype=24
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{fpstype not curcol:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                       \the \@fpstype = 24?}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \@flsettextmin
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{text-so-far: 0pt (top of col)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \@reqcolroom \ht\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{float size:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩               \the \@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \advance \@reqcolroom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{colroom =
```

```
1501 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                  \the \@colroom (addtonextcol)}%
1502 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{reqcolroom =
1503 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩               \the \@reqcolroom (addtonextcol)}%
1504 ⟨/trace⟩
1505 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
1506 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         \@flsetnum \@colnum
1507 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         \ifnum\@colnum>\z@
1508 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \@bitor\@currtype\@deferlist
1509 ⟨*trace⟩
1510 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
1511 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                        (addtonextcol-before)}%
1512 ⟨/trace⟩
1513 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \if@test
1514 ⟨*trace⟩
1515 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \fl@trace{type already on list:
1516 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                          defer (addtonextcol)}%
1517 ⟨/trace⟩
1518 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \else
1519 ⟨*trace⟩
1520 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \fl@trace{sent to addtotoporbot
1521 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                (addtonextcol)}%
1522 ⟨/trace⟩
1523 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \@addtotoporbot
1524 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fi
1525 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         \fi
1526 ⟨*trace⟩
1527 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \else
1528 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         \fl@trace{Fail---no room: fl box ht:
1529 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \the \ht \@currbox (addtonextcol)}%
1530 ⟨/trace⟩
1531 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fi
1532 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fi
1533 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fi
1534 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \if@insert
1535 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \else
1536 ⟨*trace⟩
1537 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fl@trace{put back on deferlist
1538 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                  (addtonextcol)}%
1539 ⟨/trace⟩
1540 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
1541 ⟨*trace⟩
1542 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist:
1543 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                           (addtonextcol-after)}%
1544 ⟨/trace⟩
1545 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fi
1546 ⟨*trace⟩
1547 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fl@trace{End of addtonextcol --
1548 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                              locally counts:}%
1549 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fl@trace{col: \the \@colnum.
1550 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%
1551 ⟨/trace⟩
1552 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \endgroup
1553 ⟨*trace⟩
1554 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \fl@trace{End of addtonextcol --
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                              globally counts:}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fl@trace{col: \the \@colnum.
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         top: \the \@topnum. bot: \the \@botnum.}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

`\@addtodblcol` Lots of changes.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   {\@addtodblcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
\def\@addtodblcol{%
  \begingroup
⟨*trace⟩
  \fl@trace{***Start addtodblcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \@insertfalse
   \@setfloattypecounts
   \@getfpsbit \tw@
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK \else not \fi dbltop:
                                                    \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \ifodd\@tempcnta
     \@flsetnum \@dbltopnum
     \ifnum \@dbltopnum>\z@
       \@tempswafalse
       \ifdim \@dbltoproom>\ht\@currbox
         \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
         \fl@trace{Space OK: \@dbltoproom =
                \the \@dbltoproom > \the \ht \@currbox
                                        (dbltoproom)}%
⟨/trace⟩
       \else
⟨*trace⟩
         \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype (addtodblcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
         \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
⟨*trace⟩
           \fl@trace{BANG float ignoring \@dbltoproom}%
           \fl@trace{\@spaces \@dbltoproom = \the \@dbltoproom.
                          Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox-BANG}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

Need to check that there is room on the page, using the local value of `\@textmin` to make the necessary adjustment to `\@dbltoproom`.

```
           \advance \@dbltoproom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
           \fl@trace{Local value of texmin: \the\@textmin}%
           \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page = \the \@dbltoproom.
                          Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox-BANG}%
⟨/trace⟩
           \ifdim \@dbltoproom>\ht\@currbox
```

```
              \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
              \fl@trace{Space OK BANG: space on page =
                          \the \@dbltoproom > \the \ht \@currbox}%
            \else
              \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
              \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-BANG?:}%
              \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page = \the \@dbltoproom.
                           Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox}%
⟨/trace⟩
            \fi
            \advance \@dbltoproom -\@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
          \else
            \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
            \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-ORD?:}%
            \fl@trace{\@spaces \@dbltoproom = \the \@dbltoproom.
                           Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox}%
⟨/trace⟩
          \fi
        \fi
        \if@tempswa
            \@bitor \@currtype \@deferlist
⟨*trace⟩
            \fl@trace{(dbl)deferlist: \@deferlist: (before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

not in fixfloats?

```
           \@testwrongwidth\@currbox
            \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
               \fl@trace{type already on list: (dbl)defer}%
⟨/trace⟩
            \else
               \@tempdima -\ht\@currbox
               \advance\@tempdima
                 -\ifx \@dbltoplist\@empty \dbltextfloatsep \else
                                           \dblfloatsep \fi
               \global \advance \@dbltoproom \@tempdima
               \global \advance \@colht \@tempdima
               \global \advance \@dbltopnum \m@ne
               \@cons \@dbltoplist \@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
               \fl@trace{dbltopnum (after) = \the \@dbltopnum}%
               \fl@trace{***Success: dbltop}%
⟨/trace⟩
               \@inserttrue
            \fi
        \fi
⟨*trace⟩
      \else
        \fl@trace{Fail: dbltopnum = \the \@dbltopnum: fpstype
                                                  \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
        \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
```

```
          \fl@trace{ERROR: !t float not successful (addtodblcol)}%
        \fi
⟨/trace⟩
      \fi
    \fi
    \if@insert
    \else
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{put on deferlist}%
⟨/trace⟩
      \@cons\@deferlist\@currbox
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{(dbl)deferlist: \@deferlist: (after)}%
⟨/trace⟩
    \fi
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{End of addtodblcol -- locally count:}%
    \fl@trace{ dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
⟨/trace⟩
  \endgroup
⟨*trace⟩
  \fl@trace{End of addtodblcol -- globally count:}%
  \fl@trace{dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
⟨/trace⟩
}%
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease | fltrace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   {\@addtodblcol}{float order in 2-column}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\def\@addtodblcol{%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \begingroup
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fl@trace{***Start addtodblcol}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \@insertfalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \@setfloattypecounts
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \@getfpsbit \tw@
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{fpstype \ifodd \@tempcnta OK
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                  \else not \fi dbltop: \the \@fpstype}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \ifodd\@tempcnta
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \@flsetnum \@dbltopnum
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \ifnum \@dbltopnum>\z@
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \@tempswafalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \ifdim \@dbltoproom>\ht\@currbox
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{Space OK: \@dbltoproom =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                 \the \@dbltoproom > \the \ht \@currbox
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                          (dbltoproom)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \else
⟨*trace⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype (addtodblcol)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{BANG float ignoring \@dbltoproom}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{\@spaces \@dbltoproom =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                   \the \@dbltoproom.
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                   Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox-BANG}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

Need to check that there is room on the page, using the local value of `\@textmin` to make the necessary adjustment to `\@dbltoproom`.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \advance \@dbltoproom \@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{Local value of texmin: \the\@textmin}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                 \the \@dbltoproom.
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                  Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox-BANG}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \ifdim \@dbltoproom>\ht\@currbox
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{Space OK BANG: space on page =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                 \the\@dbltoproom > \the\ht\@currbox}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-BANG?:}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{\@spaces space on page =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                    \the \@dbltoproom.
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                     Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \advance \@dbltoproom -\@textmin
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fl@trace{Fail---no room dbltoproom-ORD?:}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fl@trace{\@spaces \@dbltoproom =
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩               \the \@dbltoproom.
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩               Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \if@tempswa
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \@bitor \@currtype \@dbldeferlist
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{dbldeferlist:
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                    \@dbldeferlist: (before)}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \if@test
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fl@trace{type already on list: dbldefer}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \else
```

```
1761 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \@tempdima -\ht\@currbox
1762 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \advance\@tempdima
1763 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                -\ifx \@dbltoplist\@empty
1764 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                      \dbltextfloatsep
1765 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                 \else \dblfloatsep \fi
1766 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \global \advance \@dbltoproom \@tempdima
1767 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \global \advance \@colht \@tempdima
1768 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \global \advance \@dbltopnum \m@ne
1769 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \@cons \@dbltoplist \@currbox
1770 ⟨*trace⟩
1771 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \fl@trace{dbltopnum (after) =
1772 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                  \the \@dbltopnum}%
1773 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \fl@trace{***Success: dbltop}%
1774 ⟨/trace⟩
1775 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩              \@inserttrue
1776 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩            \fi
1777 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \fi
1778 ⟨*trace⟩
1779 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \else
1780 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \fl@trace{Fail: dbltopnum = \the \@dbltopnum:
1781 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                            fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?}%
1782 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
1783 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \fl@trace{ERROR: !t float not successful
1784 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                          (addtodblcol)}%
1785 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩        \fi
1786 ⟨/trace⟩
1787 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \fi
1788 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fi
1789 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \if@insert
1790 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \else
1791 ⟨*trace⟩
1792 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \fl@trace{put on dbldeferlist}%
1793 ⟨/trace⟩
1794 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \@cons\@dbldeferlist\@currbox
1795 ⟨*trace⟩
1796 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩      \fl@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist: (after)}%
1797 ⟨/trace⟩
1798 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fi
1799 ⟨*trace⟩
1800 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{End of addtodblcol -- locally count:}%
1801 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{ dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
1802 ⟨/trace⟩
1803 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \endgroup
1804 ⟨*trace⟩
1805 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \fl@trace{End of addtodblcol -- globally count:}%
1806 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \fl@trace{dbltop: \the \@dbltopnum.}%
1807 ⟨/trace⟩
1808 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩}%
1809 ⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

\@addmarginpar

```
1810 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
1811 \def\@addmarginpar{\@next\@marbox\@currlist{\@cons\@freelist\@marbox
1812     \@cons\@freelist\@currbox}\@latexbug\@tempcnta\@ne
```

```
    \if@twocolumn
        \if@firstcolumn \@tempcnta\m@ne \fi
    \else
      \if@mparswitch
         \ifodd\c@page \else\@tempcnta\m@ne \fi
      \fi
      \if@reversemargin \@tempcnta -\@tempcnta \fi
    \fi
    \ifnum\@tempcnta <\z@  \global\setbox\@marbox\box\@currbox \fi
    \@tempdima\@mparbottom
    \advance\@tempdima -\@pageht
    \advance\@tempdima\ht\@marbox
    \ifdim\@tempdima >\z@
      \@latex@warning@no@line {Marginpar on page \thepage\space moved}%
    \else
      \@tempdima\z@
    \fi
    \global\@mparbottom\@pageht
    \global\advance\@mparbottom\@tempdima
    \global\advance\@mparbottom\dp\@marbox
    \global\advance\@mparbottom\marginparpush
    \advance\@tempdima -\ht\@marbox
```

Putting box movement inside the 'marbox':

```
    \global\setbox \@marbox
                   \vbox {\vskip \@tempdima
                          \box \@marbox}%
    \global \ht\@marbox \z@
    \global \dp\@marbox \z@
```

Sticking (rather than gluing:-) the 'marbox' to the line above, changed vskip to kern:

```
    \kern -\@pagedp
    \nointerlineskip
    \hb@xt@\columnwidth
      {\ifnum \@tempcnta >\z@
          \hskip\columnwidth \hskip\marginparsep
       \else
          \hskip -\marginparsep \hskip -\marginparwidth
       \fi
       \box\@marbox \hss}%
```

For this reason the following code can vanish:

```
\nobreak             %% No longer needed.  CAR92/12
\vskip -\@tempdima   %% No longer needed.  CAR92/12
```

```
    \nointerlineskip
    \hbox{\vrule \@height\z@ \@width\z@ \@depth\@pagedp}}
```

65.1.1 Kludgeins

This part of the file is part of the implementation of the following two new commands for LaTeX2e.

```
\enlargethispage{<dim>}
```

Adds `<dim>` to the height of the current column only. On the printed page the bottom of this column is extended downwards by exactly `<dim>` without having any effect on the placement of the footer; this may result in an overprinting.

```
\enlargethispage*{<dim>}
```

Similar to `\enlargethispage` but it tries to squeeze the column to be printed in as small a space as possible, ie it uses any shrinkability in the column. If the column was not explicitly broken (e.g. with `\pagebreak`) this may result in an overfull box message but execpt for this it will come out as expected (if you know what to expect).

The star form of this command is dedicated to Leslie Lamport, the other we need for ourselves (FMi, CAR).

These commands may well have unwanted effects if used soon before a `\clearpage`: please give keep them clear of such places.

`\@kludgeins` The insert which makes TEX do a lot of the necessary work. All we need to put into it is the amount by which the pagegoal should be changed.

```
\newinsert \@kludgeins
\global\dimen\@kludgeins \maxdimen
\global\count\@kludgeins 1000
```

`\enlargethispage` `\enlargethispage*` The user command.

```
\gdef \enlargethispage {%
   \@ifstar
     {%
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{Enlarging page height * }%
⟨/trace⟩
      \@enlargepage{\hbox{\kern\p@}}}%
     {%
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{Enlarging page height exactly---}%
⟨/trace⟩
      \@enlargepage\@empty}%
}
```

`\@enlargepage` This actually inserts the insert, after checking for extreme values of the change.

```
\gdef\@enlargepage#1#2{%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{\@spaces\@spaces by #2}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \@tempskipa#2\relax
   \ifdim \@tempskipa>.5\maxdimen
     \@latexerr{Suggested\space extra\space height\space
                (\the\@tempskipa)\space dangerously\space
                large}\@eha
   \else
     \ifdim \vsize<.5\maxdimen
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace {Kludgeins added--pagegoal before: \the\pagegoal}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

```
        \@bsphack
          \insert\@kludgeins{#1\vskip-\@tempskipa}%
        \@esphack
```

This next bit is for tracing only:

```
⟨*trace⟩
        \ifvmode \par
          \fl@trace {Kludgeins added--pagegoal after: \the \pagegoal}%
        \fi
⟨/trace⟩
      \else
        \@latexerr{Page\space height\space already\space
                   too\space large}\@eha
      \fi
    \fi
}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

65.1.2 Float control

This part implements controllable floats and other changes to the float mechanism.

It provides, at the document level, the following command for inclusion in LaTeX2e.

```
\suppressfloats
```

This suppresses all further floats on the current page.

With an optional argument it suppresses only floats only in certain positions on the current page.

`[t]` suppresses only floats at the top of the page `[b]` suppresses only floats at the bottom of the page

It also enables the use of an extra specifier, `!`, in the location optional argument of a float. If this is present then, just for this particular float, whenever it is processed by the float mechanism the followinhg are ignored:

- all restrictions on the number of floats which can appear;
- all explicit restrictions on the amount of space which should (not) be occupied by floats and/or text.

The mechanism will still attempt to ensure that pages are not overfull.

These specifiers override, for the single float, the suppression commands described above.

In its current form, it also supplies a reasonably exhaustive, and somewhat baroque, means of tracing some aspects of the float mechanism.

More tracing.

`\fl@trace` `\tracefloatsoff` `\tracefloats` `\fl@traceval` `\tracefloatvals` `\fl@tracemessage`

Set-up tracing for floats independent of other tracing as it produces mega-output. Default is no tracing.

```
⟨*fltrace⟩
\def \fl@tracemessage #1{{\let\@elt\@empty\typeout{LaTeX2e: #1}}}
```

```
\def \tracefloats{\let \fl@trace \fl@tracemessage}
\def \tracefloatsoff {\let \fl@trace \@gobble}
\tracefloatsoff
\def \fl@traceval #1{\fl@trace{\string #1 = \the #1}}
\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}{\tracefloatvals}%
                          {trace float vals}%
\def \tracefloatvals{%
```

As `\@dblfloatplacement` sets `\f@depth` it needs to be run inside a group, otherwise the float placement will test for the wrong value.[8]

```
 \begingroup
  \@dblfloatplacement
  \@floatplacement
  \fl@trace{***Float placement parameters:}%
  \fl@traceval\@colnum
  \fl@traceval\@colroom
  \fl@traceval\@topnum
  \fl@traceval\@toproom
  \fl@traceval\@botnum
  \fl@traceval\@botroom
  \fl@traceval\@fpmin
  \fl@trace{\string\textfraction = \textfraction}%
  \fl@traceval\@dbltopnum
  \fl@traceval\@dbltoproom
  \fl@trace{\string\textfraction = \textfraction}%
  \fl@trace{toplist: \@toplist}%
  \fl@trace{botlist: \@botlist}%
  \fl@trace{midlist: \@midlist}%
  \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist}%
  \fl@trace{dbltoplist: \@dbltoplist}%
%FMi  \fl@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist}%
 \endgroup
}
\EndIncludeInRelease
\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}{\tracefloatvals}%
                          {trace float vals}%
\def \tracefloatvals{%
 \begingroup
  \@dblfloatplacement
  \@floatplacement
  \fl@trace{***Float placement parameters:}%
  \fl@traceval\@colnum
  \fl@traceval\@colroom
  \fl@traceval\@topnum
  \fl@traceval\@toproom
  \fl@traceval\@botnum
  \fl@traceval\@botroom
  \fl@traceval\@fpmin
  \fl@trace{\string\textfraction = \textfraction}%
  \fl@traceval\@dbltopnum
  \fl@traceval\@dbltoproom
  \fl@trace{\string\textfraction = \textfraction}%
  \fl@trace{toplist: \@toplist}%
```

[8] This is a somewhat questionable design.

```
  \fl@trace{botlist: \@botlist}%
  \fl@trace{midlist: \@midlist}%
  \fl@trace{deferlist: \@deferlist}%
  \fl@trace{dbltoplist: \@dbltoplist}%
% next line only in old releases
  \fl@trace{dbldeferlist: \@dbldeferlist}%
 \endgroup
}
\EndIncludeInRelease
```

We need to make sure that `fltrace` comes before `flafter` to make the tracing work.

```
\@ifpackageloaded{flafter}
 {\PackageWarningNoLine
      {fltrace}{Load 'fltrace' before 'flafter'\MessageBreak
                Attempting to recover by reloading 'flafter'}%
```

Hide the fact that `flafter` was already loaded and then request it anew.

```
    \expandafter\let\csname ver@flafter.sty\endcsname\relax
    \def\reserved@a#1{%
      \expandafter\let\csname\string#1+flafter+IIR\endcsname\relax}%
    \reserved@a\@addtocurcol
    \reserved@a\@addtonextcol
    \RequirePackage{flafter}}{}
```

⟨/fltrace⟩

As the code for `flafter` will contain tracing calls so that it works in conjunction with `fltrace` we need to provide a dummy definition for `\fl@trace` in that package.

⟨*flafter⟩

```
\providecommand\fl@trace[1]{}
```

⟨/flafter⟩

`\suppressfloats` `\@flstop` Float suppression commands: these set the relevant counter globally to zero. Thus they are overridden for a particular float by an ! specifier.

⟨*2ekernel⟩

```
\def \suppressfloats {%
   \@ifnextchar [%
     \@flstop
    {\global \@colnum \z@}%
}
```

Maybe this should be a loop over `#1`?

```
\def \@flstop [#1]{%
   \if t#1%
     \global \@topnum \z@
   \fi
   \if b#1%
     \global \@botnum \z@
   \fi
}
```

Manipulation of float placement and type; both their strings and the corresponding count registers.

\@fpstype
\@reqcolroom
\@textfloatsheight

First a new count register to go with \@currtype.

Then a new skip register, for information needed to remove the \@maxsep conservatism: it is possible that this could use a temporary register.

Finally a dimension register to hold the total height of in-text floats on the current page. This is needed to implement a major change in the functionality of \@addtocurcol which is, nevertheless, a bug fix. It is not local and therefore cannot be a temporary register.

```
\newcount \@fpstype
\newdimen \@reqcolroom
\newdimen \@textfloatsheight
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

\@fpsadddefault

Adds the default placement to what is already there.

Should not need to change this, but could do it as follows:

```
\def \@fpsadddefault {%
   \@temptokena \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
                {\csname fps@\@captype \endcsname}%
   \edef \reserved@a {\the\@temptokena}%
   \@onelevel@sanitize \reserved@a
   \edef \@fps {\@fps\reserved@a}%
}
```

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def \@fpsadddefault {%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fps changed from: \@fps}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \edef \@fps {\@fps\csname fps@\@captype \endcsname}%
   \@latex@warning {%
     No positions in optional float specifier.\MessageBreak
     Default added (so using `\@fps')}%
}
```

\@setfloattypecounts

Sets counters \@fpstype and \@currtype.

BANG == bit4 of \count\@currbox = 0.

```
\def \@setfloattypecounts {%
  \@currtype \count\@currbox
  \@fpstype \count\@currbox
  \divide\@currtype\@xxxii \multiply\@currtype\@xxxii
  \advance \@fpstype -\@currtype
⟨*trace⟩
  \fl@trace{(mod 32) fpstype: \the \@fpstype}%
  \fl@trace{(mult of 32) currtype: \the \@currtype}%
% Tracing only: but some should be changed into real errors/warnings?
  \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
    \ifnum \@fpstype=\z@
      \fl@trace{ERROR: no PLACEMENT, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 0?}%
    \fi
    \ifnum \@fpstype=\@ne
      \fl@trace{WARNING: only h, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 1?}%
    \fi
    \fl@trace{BANG float}%
```

```
  \else
    \ifnum \@fpstype=\sixt@@n
      \fl@trace{ERROR: no PLACEMENT, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 16?}%
    \fi
    \ifnum \@fpstype=17
      \fl@trace{WARNING: only h, fpstype = \the \@fpstype = 17?}%
    \fi
    \fl@trace{ORD float}%
  \fi
⟨/trace⟩
}
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

Macros for getting, testing and setting bits of the fps.

`\@getfpsbit` Sets `\@tempcnta` to required bit of `\count\@currbox`.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def \@getfpsbit {%
   \@boxfpsbit \@currbox
}
```

`\@boxfpsbit` Used above.

```
\def \@boxfpsbit #1#2{%
   \@tempcnta \count#1%
   \divide \@tempcnta #2\relax
}
```

`\@testfp` New definition of the float page test.

```
\def \@testfp #1{%
   \@boxfpsbit #18\relax % Really '#1 8' for human readers!
   \ifodd \@tempcnta
   \else
     \@testtrue
   \fi
}
```

`\@setfpsbit` Sets required bit of `\@tempcnta` (to 1).

```
\def \@setfpsbit #1{%
   \@tempcntb \@tempcnta
   \divide \@tempcntb #1\relax
   \ifodd \@tempcntb
   \else
     \advance \@tempcnta #1\relax
   \fi
}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

`\@resethfps` Globally adds t as a possible location for an h or !h only placement: this must be done using the count.

Although it will leave `\@fpstype` set to 17 even if it was originally 1, this does not matter since it is the last thing in `\@addtocurcol`.

```
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace⟩
\def \@resethfps {%
```

```
   \let\reserved@a\@empty
   \ifnum \@fpstype=\@ne
      \def \reserved@a {!}%
      \@fpstype 17
   \fi
   \ifnum \@fpstype=17
     \global \advance \count\@currbox \tw@
     \@latex@warning@no@line {%
       `\reserved@a h' float specifier changed to `\reserved@a ht'}%
⟨*trace⟩
     \fl@trace{%
        `t' added to `\reserved@a h'- new Count: \the \count\@currbox}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \fi
}
```

Special stuff for BANG floats.

`\@flsetnum` Ignores any zero float counter value in case BANG.

It uses a local assignment to the normally global counter: a bit naughty, perhaps?

These assignments are safe so long as the counter involved is only consulted once (i.e. only for the 'bang float') with the changed value. This is the case within `\@addtocurcol` because it is used only once within a call of the output routine (which forms a group).

For `\@addtonextcol` this is achieved by putting a group around its code; this is needed because it is called (by `\@startcolumn`) for each float which was on the deferlist. Almost identical considerations pertain to `\@addtodblcol`. There may be more efficient ways to handle this, but the group seems to be the simplest.

```
\def \@flsetnum #1{%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype (flsetnum \string#1)}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
     \ifnum #1=\z@
⟨*trace⟩
       \fl@trace{BANG float resetting \string#1 to 1}%
⟨/trace⟩
       #1\@ne
     \fi
   \fi
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{#1 (before) = \the #1}%
⟨/trace⟩
}
```

`\@flsettextmin` This ignores `\textfraction` space restriction in case BANG.

```
\def \@flsettextmin {%
⟨*trace⟩
   \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype (flsettextmin)}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
⟨*trace⟩
```

```
      \fl@trace{BANG ignoring textmin}%
⟨/trace⟩
      \@textmin \z@
    \else
      \@textmin \textfraction\@colht
⟨*trace⟩
      \fl@trace{ORD textmin = \the \@textmin}%
⟨/trace⟩
    \fi
}
```

`\@flcheckspace` This ignores space restriction in case BANG; this is still slightly conservative since it does not allow for the fact that, if there is no text in the column then `\textfloatsep` is not needed. Sets `@tempswa` true if there is room for `\@currbox`.

```
\def \@flcheckspace #1#2{%
    \advance \@reqcolroom
      \ifx #2\@empty \textfloatsep \else \floatsep \fi
⟨*trace⟩
    \fl@trace{colroom = \the \@colroom
                                    (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
    \fl@trace{reqcolroom = \the \@reqcolroom
                                    (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
⟨/trace⟩
    \ifdim \@colroom>\@reqcolroom
      \ifdim #1>\ht\@currbox
        \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
        \fl@trace{Space OK: #1 = \the #1 > \the \ht \@currbox
                                    (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
⟨/trace⟩
      \else
⟨*trace⟩
        \fl@trace{fpstype: \the \@fpstype
                                    (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
⟨/trace⟩
        \ifnum \@fpstype<\sixt@@n
⟨*trace⟩
          \fl@trace{BANG float ignoring #1
                                    (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2):}%
          \fl@trace{\@spaces #1 = \the #1.  Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox
                                                        BANG}%
⟨/trace⟩
          \@tempswatrue
⟨*trace⟩
        \else
          \fl@trace{Fail---no room (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)
                        (fpstype \the \@fpstype=ORD?):}%
          \fl@trace{\@spaces #1 = \the #1.  Ht float: \the \ht \@currbox
                                                        ORD?}%
⟨/trace⟩
        \fi
      \fi
⟨*trace⟩
    \else
```

```
      \fl@trace{Fail---no room at 2nd test of colroom
                      (flcheckspace \string#1 \string#2)}%
⟨/trace⟩
   \fi
}
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace⟩
```

`\@flupdates` This updates everything when a float is placed.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\def \@flupdates #1#2#3{%
   \global \advance #1\m@ne
   \global \advance \@colnum \m@ne
   \@tempdima -\ht\@currbox
   \advance \@tempdima
     -\ifx #3\@empty \textfloatsep \else \floatsep \fi
   \global \advance #2\@tempdima
   \global \advance \@colroom \@tempdima
   \@cons #3\@currbox
}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

Interesting facts about float mechanisms past and present, together with a summary of various features, some unresolved:

1. The value `\textfraction` does not affect the processing of doublecol floats: this seems sensible, but should be documented.
2. `\twocolumn` floatplacement was wrong: dbl not needed, ord needed.
3. `\@floatplacement` was not called after `\@startdblcol` or `\@topnewpage`. This has been changed; it is clearly a bug fix.
4. The use `\@topnewpage` when `\dblfigrule` is non-trivial produced a rule in the wrong place. This has been fixed by not using `\dblfigrule` when processing the 'float' from `\@topnewpage`.
5. If the specifier was just h and the float could not be put here, it went on the deferlist and stayed there until a clearpage. It now gets changed to a 'th': this is only an error-recovery action, putting just h or !h should be deprecated.
6. `\@dblmaxsep` was 'the maximum of `\dblfloatsep` and `\dbltexfloatsep`'. But it was never used! Now gone completely, like `\@maxsep`.
7. After an h float is put on a page, it was counted as text when applying the `\textfraction` test; this is possibly too big a change although it is a bug fix?
8. Two consecutive h floats are separated by twice `\intextsep`: this could be changed to one by use of `\addvspace`, OK? Note that it would also mean that less space is put in if an h float immediately follows other spaces. This is also possibly too big a change, at least for compatibility mode? Or it may be simply wrong! It has not been changed.

9. Now `\@addtocurcol` checks first for just p fps. I think that this is an increase in efficiency, but maybe the coding should be made even more efficient.

10. `\@tryfcolumn` now tests if the list is empty first, otherwise lots of wasted time! Thus this test has been removed from `\@startcolumn`. As Frank pointed out, this makes `\@startcolumn` less efficient. But it is now the same as `\@startdblcolumn`: I can see no reason why they should be different, but which is best?

11. Why is `\@colroom` set in `\@doclearpage`?

12. Footnotes. Check what `\clearpage` does when footnotes are left over. Footnotes are not put on float pages and, also, `\@addtonextcol` ignores the existence of held-over footnotes in deciding what floats can go on the page. Not changed.

13. `\clearpage` can still lose non-boxes, at least when floats are involved. It also moves some to the 'wrong page', but this may be a coding problem.

14. The ! option makes it necessary to check in `\output` that there is enough room left on the page after adding a float. (This would have been necessary anyway if anyone set `\@textmin` too close to zero! A similar danger existed also if the text in a `\twocolumn[text]` entity gets too large.) The current implementation of this also makes the normal case a little less efficient, OK? Not enough room means, at present, less than `\baselineskip`, with a warning: is this OK? Should it be made generic (another parameter)?

15. There are four possibilities for supporting this:

    `\twocolumn[\maketitle more text]`

    One is to change `\maketitle` slightly to allow this. Another is to change `\@topnewpage` so that more than one `\twocolumn[]` command is allowed; in this case `\maketitle\twocolumn[more text]` will work. The former is more robust from the user's viewpoint, but makes the code for `\maketitle` rather ad hoc (maybe it is already?). Another is to misuse the global twocolumn flag locally within `\@topnewpage`. Yet another is to move the column count register from the multicol package into the kernel. This has been done.

16. Where should the reinserts be put to maximise the probability that footmotes come out on the correct page? Or should we go for as much compatibility as possible (but see next item)?

17. Should we continue to support (as much as possible) `\samepage`? Some of its intended functionality is now advertised as being provided by `\enlargethispage`. Use of either is likely to result in wrongly placed footnotes, marginals, etc. Which should have priority: obeying the pagination instructions, or correct placement of notes/marginalia?

18. Is the adjustment of space to cause shrinking in the kludge-* case correct? Should it be limited to 0pt?

19. Is the setting of `\boxmaxdepth` in makecol and friends needed? It only has any effect if `\@textbottom` ends with a box or rule, in which case the vskip

to allow for its depth should also be added. If it is kept, it should probably be the last thing in the box. It has now been removed.

It would perhaps be better to document that `\@textbottom` and `\@texttop` must have natural height 0pt.

20. I cannot see why the vskip adjustment for the depth is needed if boxmaxdepth is used to ensure that there is never a too deep box.

21. The value of `\boxmaxdepth` should be explicitly set whenever necessary: it is too risky to assume that it has any particular value. Care is needed in deciding what to set it to.

    It is interesting to note that the value of `\boxmaxdepth` is unique in being read before the local settings for the box group are reset; all other parameter settings which affect the box construction use their values outside the box group.

22. Should `\@maxdepth` store the setting of `\maxdepth` from lplain? Or should we provide a proper interface to class files for setting these?

An analysis of various other macros.

`\@opcol` should do `\@floatplacement`, but where? Right at the end, since it always occurs at the start of a column.

```
\def\@opcol{%
  % Why is this done first?
  \global \@mparbottom \z@
  \if@twocolumn
    \@outputdblcol
  \else
    \@outputpage
    % This is not needed since it is done at the end of
    %   |\@outputpage|:
    \global \@colht \textheight
  \fi}
```

Only tracing has been added to these.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@makefcolumn}{negative height floats}%
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
\def\@makefcolumn #1{%
  \begingroup
    \@fpmin -\maxdimen
    \let \@testfp \@gobble
    \@tryfcolumn #1%
  \endgroup
⟨*trace⟩
  \if@fcolmade
    \fl@trace{PAGE: in \string\clearpage
                              \if@twocolumn ---twocolumn\fi---}%
    \fl@trace{----- float column/page completed from \string#1}%
  \fi
```

```
⟨/trace⟩
}
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@makefcolumn}{negative height floats}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\def\@makefcolumn #1{%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \begingroup
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \@fpmin \z@
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \let \@testfp \@gobble
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \@tryfcolumn #1%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \endgroup
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \if@fcolmade
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: in \string\clearpage
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                    \if@twocolumn ---twocolumn\fi---}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{----- float column/page completed
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                    from \string#1}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \fi
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩}
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
```

This will line up the last baselines in the two columns provided they are constructed in the normal way: i.e. ending in a skip of minus the original depth, with `\@textbottom` adding nothing.

Thus again it is essential for `\@textbottom` to have depth 0pt.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@outputdblcol}{2 column marks}%
⟨*2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
```

This is just a change to the single command `\@outputdblcol` so that it saves mark information for the first column and restores it in the second column.

```
\def\@outputdblcol{%
  \if@firstcolumn
    \global\@firstcolumnfalse
```

Save the left column

```
    \global\setbox\@leftcolumn\copy\@outputbox
⟨fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: first column boxed}%
```

Remember the marks from the first column

```
    \splitmaxdepth\maxdimen
    \vbadness\maxdimen
```

In case of `\enlargethispage` we will have infinite negative glue at the bottom of the page (coming from `\vss`) and that will earn us an error message if we `\vsplit` to get at the marks. So we need to remove thek last glue (if any) at the end of `\@outputbox` as we are only interested in marks that change doesn't matter.

```
     \setbox\@outputbox\vbox{\unvbox\@outputbox\unskip}%
     \setbox\@outputbox\vsplit\@outputbox to\maxdimen
```

One minor difference from the current `fixmarks` package, pass the marks through a token register to stop any `#` tokens causing an error in a `\def`.

```
    \toks@\expandafter{\topmark}%
```

```
    \xdef\@firstcoltopmark{\the\toks@}%
    \toks@\expandafter{\splitfirstmark}%
    \xdef\@firstcolfirstmark{\the\toks@}%
```

This test does not work if truly empty marks have been inserted, but LaTeX marks should always have (at least) two brace groups. (Except before the first mark is used, when the marks are empty, but that is OK here.)

```
    \ifx\@firstcolfirstmark\@empty
      \global\let\@setmarks\relax
    \else
      \gdef\@setmarks{%
        \let\firstmark\@firstcolfirstmark
        \let\topmark\@firstcoltopmark}%
    \fi
```

End of change

```
  \else
    \global\@firstcolumntrue
    \setbox\@outputbox\vbox{%
     \hb@xt@\textwidth{%
        \hb@xt@\columnwidth{\box\@leftcolumn \hss}%
        \hfil
```

The color of the `\vrule` should be `\normalcolor` as to not inherit the color from the column.

```
        {\normalcolor\vrule \@width\columnseprule}%
        \hfil
       \hb@xt@\columnwidth{\box\@outputbox \hss}}}%
⟨fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: second column also boxed}%
  \@combinedblfloats
```

Override current first and top with those of first column if necessary

```
    \@setmarks
```

End of change

```
    \@outputpage
⟨fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: two column page completed}%
    \begingroup
      \@dblfloatplacement
      \@startdblcolumn
      \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi{\@outputpage
⟨fltrace⟩      \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
     \@startdblcolumn}%
    \endgroup
  \fi}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  {\@outputdblcol}{2 column marks}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\def\@outputdblcol{%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩  \if@firstcolumn
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \global \@firstcolumnfalse
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \global \setbox\@leftcolumn \box\@outputbox
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩    \fl@trace{PAGE: first column boxed}%
⟨/trace⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \else
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \global \@firstcolumntrue
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                             \hb@xt@\textwidth {%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                               \hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                 \box\@leftcolumn \hss}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                               \hfil
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                               {\normalcolor\vrule
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                   \@width\columnseprule}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                               \hfil
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                               \hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                 \box\@outputbox \hss}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                                     }%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩                                  }%
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fl@trace{PAGE: second column also boxed}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \@combinedblfloats
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \@outputpage
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \fl@trace{PAGE: two column page completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \begingroup
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \@dblfloatplacement
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \@startdblcolumn
```

This loop could be replaced by an `\expandafter` tail recursion in `\@startdblcolumn`.

```
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \@whilesw\if@fcolmade \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩         {\@outputpage
⟨*trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩       \fl@trace{PAGE: double float page completed}%
⟨/trace⟩
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩          \@startdblcolumn}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩     \endgroup
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩}%
⟨latexrelease | fltrace⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨/2ekernel | fltrace | latexrelease⟩
```

65.1.3 Float placement parameters

The main purpose of this section is to ensure that all the float-placement parameters which need to be set in a class file or package have been declared. It also describes their use and sets values for them which are reasonable for typical documents using US letter or A4 sized paper.

Limits for the placement of floating objects

`\c@topnumber` This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear at the top of a text page or column.

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\newcount\c@topnumber
\setcounter{topnumber}{2}
```

\topfraction This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that can be occupied by floats at the top.

```
\newcommand\topfraction{.7}
```

\c@bottomnumber This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear at the bottom of a text page or column.

```
\newcount\c@bottomnumber
\setcounter{bottomnumber}{1}
```

\bottomfraction This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that can be occupied by floats at the bottom.

```
\newcommand\bottomfraction{.3}
```

\c@totalnumber This counter holds the maximum number of floats that can appear on any text page or column.

```
\newcount\c@totalnumber
\setcounter{totalnumber}{3}
```

\textfraction This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a text page or column that must be occupied by text.

```
\newcommand\textfraction{.2}
```

\floatpagefraction This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a page or column that must be occupied by floating objects before a 'float page' is produced.

```
\newcommand\floatpagefraction{.5}
```

\c@dbltopnumber This counter holds the maximum number of double-column floats that can appear on the top of a two-column text page.

```
\newcount\c@dbltopnumber
\setcounter{dbltopnumber}{2}
```

\dbltopfraction This macro holds the maximum proportion (as a decimal number) of a two-column text page that can be occupied by double-column floats at the top.

```
\newcommand\dbltopfraction{.7}
```

\dblfloatpagefraction This macro holds the minimum proportion (as a decimal number) of a page that must be occupied by double-column floating objects before a 'double-column float page' is produced.

```
\newcommand\dblfloatpagefraction{.5}
```

Floats on a text page

\floatsep \textfloatsep \intextsep When a floating object is placed on a page with text, these parameters control the separation between the float and the other objects on the page. These parameters are used for both one-column mode and single-column floats in two-column mode. They are all rubber lengths.

\floatsep is the space between adjacent floats that are placed at the top or bottom of the text page or column.

\textfloatsep is the space between the main text and floats at the top or bottom of the page or column.

\intextsep is the space between in-text floats and the text.

```
\newskip\floatsep
\newskip\textfloatsep
\newskip\intextsep
\setlength\floatsep    {12\p@ \@plus 2\p@ \@minus 2\p@}
\setlength\textfloatsep{20\p@ \@plus 2\p@ \@minus 4\p@}
\setlength\intextsep   {12\p@ \@plus 2\p@ \@minus 2\p@}
```

\dblfloatsep
\dbltextfloatsep

When double-column floats (floating objects that span the whole `\textwidth`) are placed at the top of a text page in two-column mode, the separation between the float and the text is controlled by `\dblfloatsep` and `\dbltextfloatsep`. They are rubber lengths.

`\dblfloatsep` is the space between adjacent double-column floats placed at the top of the text page.

`\dbltextfloatsep` is the space between the main text and double-column floats at the top of the page.

```
\newskip\dblfloatsep
\newskip\dbltextfloatsep
\setlength\dblfloatsep    {12\p@ \@plus 2\p@ \@minus 2\p@}
\setlength\dbltextfloatsep{20\p@ \@plus 2\p@ \@minus 4\p@}
```

Floats on their own page or column

\@fptop
\@fpsep
\@fpbot

When floating objects are placed on a separate page or column, called a 'float page', the layout of the page is controlled by these parameters, which are rubber lengths.

At the top of the page `\@fptop` is inserted; typically this supplies some stretchable whitespace. At the bottom of the page `\@fpbot` ais inserted. Between adjacent floats `\@fpsep` is inserted.

These parameters are used for all floating objects on a 'float page' in one-column mode, and for single-column floats in two-column mode.

Note that at least one of the two parameters `\@fptop` and `\@fpbot` should contain a `plus ...fil` so as to fill the remaining empty space.

```
\newskip\@fptop
\newskip\@fpsep
\newskip\@fpbot
\setlength\@fptop{0\p@ \@plus 1fil}
\setlength\@fpsep{8\p@ \@plus 2fil}
\setlength\@fpbot{0\p@ \@plus 1fil}
```

\@dblfptop
\@dblfpsep
\@dblfpbot

Double-column 'float pages' in two-column mode use similar parameters.

```
\newskip\@dblfptop
\newskip\@dblfpsep
\newskip\@dblfpbot
\setlength\@dblfptop{0\p@ \@plus 1fil}
\setlength\@dblfpsep{8\p@ \@plus 2fil}
\setlength\@dblfpbot{0\p@ \@plus 1fil}
```

\topfigrule
\botfigrule
\dblfigrule

The macros can be used to put in rules between floats and text; whatever they insert should be vertical mode material which takes up zero space.

```
\let\topfigrule=\relax
\let\botfigrule=\relax
\let\dblfigrule=\relax
⟨/2ekernel⟩
```

File L
ltclass.dtx

66 Introduction

This file implements the following declarations, which replace `\documentstyle` in LaTeX 2ε documents.

Note that old documents containing `\documentstyle` will be run using a compatibility option—thus keeping everyone happy, we hope!

The overall idea is that there are two types of 'style files': 'class files' which define elements and provide a default formatting for them; and 'packages' which provide extra functionality. One difference between LaTeX 2ε and LaTeX2.09 is that LaTeX 2ε packages may have options. Note that options to classes packages may be implemented such that they input files, but these file names are not necessarily directly related to the option name.

67 User interface

`\documentclass[`⟨*main-option-list*⟩`]{`⟨*class*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]`

There must be exactly one such declaration, and it must come first. The ⟨*main-option-list*⟩ is a list of options which can modify the formatting of elements which are defined in the ⟨*class*⟩ file as well as in all following `\usepackage` declarations (see below). The ⟨*version*⟩ is a version number, beginning with a date in the format `YYYY/MM/DD`. If an older version of the class is found, a warning is issued.

`\documentstyle[`⟨*main-option-list*⟩`]{`⟨*class*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]`

The `\documentstyle` declaration is kept in order to maintain upward compatibility with LaTeX2.09 documents. It is similar to `\documentclass`, but it causes all options in ⟨*main-option-list*⟩ that the ⟨*class*⟩ does not use to be passed to `\RequirePackage` after the options have been processed. This maintains compatibility with the 2.09 behaviour. Also a flag is set to indicate that the document is to be processed in LaTeX2.09 compatibility mode. As far as most packages are concerned, this only affects the warnings and errors LaTeX generates. This flag does affect the definition of font commands, and `\sloppy`.

`\usepackage[`⟨*package-option-list*⟩`]{`⟨*package-list*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]`

There can be any number of these declarations. All packages in ⟨*package-list*⟩ are called with the same options.

Each ⟨*package*⟩ file defines new elements (or modifies those defined in the ⟨*class*⟩), and thus extends the range of documents which can be processed. The ⟨*package-option-list*⟩ is a list of options which can modify the formatting of elements defined in the ⟨*package*⟩ file. The ⟨*version*⟩ is a version number, beginning with a date in the format `YYYY/MM/DD`. If an older version of the package is found, a warning is issued.

Each package is loaded only once. If the same package is requested more than once, nothing happens, unless the package has been requested with options that were not given the first time it was loaded, in which case an error is produced.

As well as processing the options given in the ⟨*package-option-list*⟩, each package processes the ⟨*main-option-list*⟩. This means that options that affect all of the packages can be given globally, rather than repeated for every package.

Note that class files have the extension `.cls`, packages have the extension `.sty`.

`filecontents` The environment `filecontents` is intended for passing the contents of packages, options, or other files along with a document in a single file. It has one argument, which is the name of the file to create. If that file already exists (maybe only in the current directory if the OS supports a notion of a 'current directory' or 'default directory') then nothing happens (except for an information message) and the body of the environment is bypassed. Otherwise, the body of the environment is written verbatim to the file name given as the first argument, together with some comments about how it was produced.

The environment is allowed only before `\documentclass` to ensure that all packages or options necessary for this particular run are present when needed. The begin and end tags should each be on a line by itself. There is also a star-form; this does not write extra comments into the file.

67.1 Option processing

When the options are processed, they are divided into two types: *local* and *global*:

- For a class, the options in the `\documentclass` command are local.
- For a package, the options in the `\usepackage` command are local, and the options in the `\documentclass` command are global.

The options for `\documentclass` and `\usepackage` are processed in the following way:

1. The local and global options that have been declared (using `\DeclareOption` as described below) are processed first.

   In the case of `\ProcessOptions`, they are processed in the order that they were declared in the class or package.

   In the case of `\ProcessOptions*`, they are processed in the order that they appear in the option-lists. First the global options, and then the local ones.

2. Any remaining local options are dealt with using the default option (declared using the `\DeclareOption*` declaration described below). For document classes, this usually does nothing, but records the option on a list of unused options. For packages, this usually produces an error.

Finally, when `\begin{document}` is reached, if there are any global options which have not been used by either the class or any package, the system will produce a warning.

68 Class and Package interface

68.1 Class name and version

`\ProvidesClass` A class can identify itself with the `\ProvidesClass{`⟨*name*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]` command. The ⟨*version*⟩ should begin with a date in the format `YYYY/MM/DD`.

68.2 Package name and version

\ProvidesPackage A package can identify itself with the `\ProvidesPackage{`⟨*name*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]` command. The ⟨*version*⟩ should begin with a date in the format `YYYY/MM/DD`.

68.3 Requiring other packages

\RequirePackage Packages or classes can load other packages using `\RequirePackage[`⟨*options*⟩`]{`⟨*name*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]`.
If the package has already been loaded, then nothing happens unless the requested options are not a subset of the options with which it was loaded, in which case an error is called.

\LoadClass Similar to `\RequirePackage`, but for classes, may not be used in package files.

\PassOptionsToPackage Packages can pass options to other packages using:
`\PassOptionsToPackage{`⟨*options*⟩`}{`⟨*package*⟩`}`.

\PassOptionsToClass This adds the ⟨*options*⟩ to the options list of any future `\RequirePackage` or `\usepackage` command. For example:

```
\PassOptionsToPackage{foo,bar}{fred}
\RequirePackage[baz]{fred}
```

is the same as:

```
\RequirePackage[foo,bar,baz]{fred}
```

\LoadClassWithOptions `\LoadClassWithOptions{`⟨*name*⟩`}[`⟨*version*⟩`]`:
This is similar to `\LoadClass`, but it always calls class ⟨*name*⟩ with exactly the same option list that is being used by the current class, rather than an option explicitly supplied or passed on by `\PassOptionsToClass`.

\RequirePackageWithOptions `\RequirePackageWithOptions` is the analogous command for packages.

This is mainly intended to allow one class to simply build on another, for example:

```
\LoadClassWithOptions{article}
```

This should be contrasted with the slightly different construction

```
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClass{article}
```

As used here, the effects are more or less the same, but the version using `\LoadClassWithOptions` is slightly quicker (and less to type). If, however, the class declares options of its own then the two constructions are different; compare, for example:

```
\DeclareOption{landscape}{...}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClassWithOptions{article}
```

with:

```
\DeclareOption{landscape}{...}
\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
\ProcessOptions
\LoadClass{article}
```

In the first case, the article class will be called with option `landscape` precisely when the current class is called with this option; but in the second example it will not as in that case article is only passed options by the default option handler, which is not used for `landscape` as that option is explicitly declared.

`\@ifpackageloaded` `\@ifclassloaded` To find out if a package has already been loaded, use `\@ifpackageloaded{`⟨*package*⟩`}{`⟨*true*⟩`}{`⟨*false*⟩`}`.

`\@ifpackagelater` `\@ifclasslater` To find out if a package has already been loaded with a version equal to or more recent than ⟨*version*⟩, use `\@ifpackagelater{`⟨*package*⟩`}{`⟨*version*⟩`}{`⟨*true*⟩`}{`⟨*false*⟩`}`.

`\@ifpackagewith` `\@ifclasswith` To find out if a package has already been loaded with at least the options ⟨*options*⟩, use `\@ifpackagewith{`⟨*package*⟩`}{`⟨*options*⟩`}{`⟨*true*⟩`}{`⟨*false*⟩`}`.

There exists one package that can't be tested with the above commands: the `fontenc` package pretends that it was never loaded to allow for repeated reloading with different options (see `ltoutenc.dtx` for details).

68.4 Declaring new options

Options for classes and packages are built using the same macros.

`\DeclareOption` To define a builtin option, use `\DeclareOption{`⟨*name*⟩`}{`⟨*code*⟩`}`.

`\DeclareOption*` To define the default action to perform for local options which have not been declared, use `\DeclareOption*{`⟨*code*⟩`}`.

Note: there should be no use of `\RequirePackage`, `\DeclareOption`, `\DeclareOption*` or `\ProcessOptions` inside `\DeclareOption` or `\DeclareOption*`.

Possible uses for `\DeclareOption*` include:

`\DeclareOption*{}`

Do nothing. Silently accept unknown options. (This suppresses the usual warnings.)

`\DeclareOption*{\@unkownoptionerror}`

Complain about unknown local options. (The initial setting for package files.)

`\DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{`⟨*pkg-name*⟩`}}`

Handle the the current option by passing it on to the package ⟨*pkg-name*⟩, which will presumably be loaded via `\RequirePackage` later in the file. This is useful for building 'extension' packages, that perhaps handle a couple of new options, but then pass everything else on to an existing package.

```
\DeclareOption*{\InputIfFileExists{xx-\CurrentOption.yyy}%
                {}%
                {\OptionNotUsed}}
```

Handle the option foo by loading the file `xx-foo.yyy` if it exists, otherwise do nothing, but declare that the option was not used. Actually the `\OptionNotUsed` declaration is only needed if this is being used in class files, but does no harm in package files.

68.5 Safe Input Macros

`\InputIfFileExists` `\InputIfFileExists{`⟨*file*⟩`}{`⟨*then*⟩`}{`⟨*else*⟩`}`

Inputs ⟨*file*⟩ if it exists. Immediately before the input, ⟨*then*⟩ is executed. Otherwise ⟨*else*⟩ is executed.

`\IfFileExists` As above, but does not input the file.

One thing you might like to put in the ⟨*else*⟩ clause is

`\@missingfileerror` This starts an interactive request for a filename, supplying default extensions. Just hitting return causes the whole input to be skipped and entering `x` quits the current run,

`\input` This has been redefined from the LaTeX2.09 definition, in terms of the new commands `\InputIfFileExists` and `\@missingfileerror`.

`\listfiles` Giving this declaration in the preamble causes a list of all files input via the 'safe input' commands to be listed at the end. Any strings specified in the optional argument to `\ProvidesPackage` are listed alongside the file name. So files in standard (and other non-standard) distributions can put informative strings in this argument.

69 Implementation

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\if@compatibility` The flag for compatibility mode.

```
2 \newif\if@compatibility
```

`\@documentclasshook` The hook called after the first `\documentclass` command. By default this checks to see if `\@normalsize` is undefined, and if so, sets it to `\normalsize`.

```
3 \def\@documentclasshook{%
4   \ifx\@normalsize\@undefined
5     \let\@normalsize\normalsize
6   \fi
7 }
```

`\@declaredoptions` This list is automatically built by `\DeclareOption`. It is the list of options (separated by commas) declared in the class or package file and it defines the order in which the the corresponding `\ds@`⟨*option*⟩ commands are executed. All local ⟨*option*⟩s which are not declared will be processed in the order defined by the optional argument of `\documentclass` or `\usepackage`.

```
8 \let\@declaredoptions\@empty
```

`\@classoptionslist` List of options of the main class.

```
9 \let\@classoptionslist\relax
10 \@onlypreamble\@classoptionslist
```

`\@unusedoptionlist` List of options of the main class that haven't been declared or loaded as class option files.

```
11 \let\@unusedoptionlist\@empty
12 \@onlypreamble\@unusedoptionlist
```

`\CurrentOption` Name of current package or option.

```
13 \let\CurrentOption\@empty
```

`\@currname` Name of current package or option.

```
14 \let\@currname\@empty
```

`\@currext` The current file extension.

```
15 \global\let\@currext=\@empty
```

\@clsextension
\@pkgextension

The two possible values of \@currext.

```
\def\@clsextension{cls}
\def\@pkgextension{sty}
\@onlypreamble\@clsextension
\@onlypreamble\@pkgextension
```

\@pushfilename
\@popfilename
\@currnamestack

Commands to push and pop the file name and extension.
#1 current name.
#2 current extension.
#3 current catcode of @.
#4 Rest of the stack.

```
\def\@pushfilename{%
  \xdef\@currnamestack{%
    {\@currname}%
    {\@currext}%
    {\the\catcode`\@}%
    \@currnamestack}}
\@onlypreamble\@pushfilename
\def\@popfilename{\expandafter\@p@pfilename\@currnamestack\@nil}
\@onlypreamble\@popfilename
\def\@p@pfilename#1#2#3#4\@nil{%
  \gdef\@currname{#1}%
  \gdef\@currext{#2}%
  \catcode`\@#3\relax
  \gdef\@currnamestack{#4}}
\@onlypreamble\@p@pfilename
\gdef\@currnamestack{}
\@onlypreamble\@currnamestack
```

\@ptionlist

Returns the option list of the file.

```
\def\@ptionlist#1{%
  \@ifundefined{opt@#1}\@empty{\csname opt@#1\endcsname}}
\@onlypreamble\@ptionlist
```

\@ifpackageloaded
\@ifclassloaded

\@ifpackageloaded{⟨*name*⟩} Checks to see whether a file has been loaded.

```
\def\@ifpackageloaded{\@ifl@aded\@pkgextension}
\def\@ifclassloaded{\@ifl@aded\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\@ifpackageloaded
\@onlypreamble\@ifclassloaded
\def\@ifl@aded#1#2{%
  \expandafter\ifx\csname ver@#2.#1\endcsname\relax
    \expandafter\@secondoftwo
  \else
    \expandafter\@firstoftwo
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@ifl@aded
```

\@ifpackagelater
\@ifclasslater

\@ifpackagelater{⟨*name*⟩}{YYYY/MM/DD} Checks that the package loaded is more recent than the given date.

```
\def\@ifpackagelater{\@ifl@ter\@pkgextension}
\def\@ifclasslater{\@ifl@ter\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\@ifpackagelater
\@onlypreamble\@ifclasslater
```

```
\def\@ifl@ter#1#2{%
  \expandafter\@ifl@t@r
    \csname ver@#2.#1\endcsname}
\@onlypreamble\@ifl@ter
```

This internal macro is also used in `\NeedsTeXFormat`.

```
\def\@ifl@t@r#1#2{%
  \ifnum\expandafter\@parse@version#1//00\@nil<%
        \expandafter\@parse@version#2//00\@nil
    \expandafter\@secondoftwo
  \else
    \expandafter\@firstoftwo
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@ifl@t@r
```

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | isodate⟩
\def\@parse@version#1/#2/#3#4#5\@nil{%
\@parse@version@dash#1-#2-#3#4\@nil
}
```

The `\if` test here ensures that an argument with no `/` or `-` produces 0 (actually 00).

```
\def\@parse@version@dash#1-#2-#3#4#5\@nil{%
  \if\relax#2\relax\else#1\fi#2#3#4 }
⟨/2ekernel | isodate⟩
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

`\@ifpackagewith` `\@ifclasswith`

`\@ifpackagewith{`⟨*name*⟩`}{`⟨*option-list*⟩`}` Checks that ⟨*option-list*⟩ is a subset of the options **with** which ⟨*name*⟩ was loaded.

```
\def\@ifpackagewith{\@if@ptions\@pkgextension}
\def\@ifclasswith{\@if@ptions\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\@ifpackagewith
\@onlypreamble\@ifclasswith
```

```
\def\@if@ptions#1#2{%
  \@expandtwoargs\@if@pti@ns{\@ptionlist{#2.#1}}}
\@onlypreamble\@if@ptions
```

Probably shouldn't use `\CurrentOption` here... (changed to `\reserved@b`.)

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@if@pti@ns}{Spaces in option clash check}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@if@pti@ns#1#2{%
 \let\reserved@a\@firstoftwo
```

```
 \edef\reserved@b{\zap@space#2 \@empty}%
 \@for\reserved@b:=\reserved@b\do{%
   \ifx\reserved@b\@empty
   \else
     \expandafter\in@\expandafter{\expandafter,\reserved@b,}{,#1,}%
     \ifin@
     \else
       \let\reserved@a\@secondoftwo
     \fi
```

```
   \fi
 }%
 \reserved@a}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@if@pti@ns}{Spaces in option clash check}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@if@pti@ns#1#2{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \let\reserved@a\@firstoftwo
⟨latexrelease⟩  \@for\reserved@b:=#2\do{%
⟨latexrelease⟩   \ifx\reserved@b\@empty
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \expandafter\in@\expandafter
⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\expandafter,\reserved@b,}{,#1,}%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \ifin@
⟨latexrelease⟩     \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \let\reserved@a\@secondoftwo
⟨latexrelease⟩     \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩   \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  }%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \reserved@a}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\@if@pti@ns
```

`\ProvidesPackage` Checks that the current filename is correct, and defines `\ver@filename`.

```
\def\ProvidesPackage#1{%
  \xdef\@gtempa{#1}%
  \ifx\@gtempa\@currname\else
    \@latex@warning@no@line{You have requested
      \@cls@pkg\space`\@currname',\MessageBreak
       but the \@cls@pkg\space provides `#1'}%
  \fi
  \@ifnextchar[\@pr@videpackage{\@pr@videpackage[]}%]
\@onlypreamble\ProvidesPackage
\def\@pr@videpackage[#1]{%
  \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@\@currname.\@currext\endcsname{#1}%
  \ifx\@currext\@clsextension
    \typeout{Document Class: \@gtempa\space#1}%
  \else
    \wlog{Package: \@gtempa\space#1}%
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@pr@videpackage
```

`\ProvidesClass` Like `\ProvidesPackage`, but for classes.

```
\let\ProvidesClass\ProvidesPackage
\@onlypreamble\ProvidesClass
```

`\ProvidesFile` Like `\ProvidesPackage`, but for arbitrary files. Do not apply `\@onlypreamble` to these, as we may want to label files input during the document.

`\@providesfile`

```
\def\ProvidesFile#1{%
  \begingroup
```

```
    \catcode`\ 10 %
    \ifnum \endlinechar<256 %
      \ifnum \endlinechar>\m@ne
        \catcode\endlinechar 10 %
      \fi
    \fi
    \@makeother\/%
    \@makeother\&%
    \kernel@ifnextchar[{\@providesfile{#1}}{\@providesfile{#1}[]}
```

During initex a special version of `\@providesfile` is used. The real definition is installed right at the end, in `ltfinal.dtx`.

```
\def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
   \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
   \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@#1\endcsname{#2}%
 \endgroup}
```

`\PassOptionsToPackage` `\PassOptionsToClass` If the package has been loaded, we check that it was first loaded with the options. Otherwise we add the option list to that of the package.

```
\def\@pass@ptions#1#2#3{%
  \expandafter\xdef\csname opt@#3.#1\endcsname{%
    \@ifundefined{opt@#3.#1}\@empty
      {\csname opt@#3.#1\endcsname,}%
    \zap@space#2 \@empty}}
\@onlypreamble\@pass@ptions
\def\PassOptionsToPackage{\@pass@ptions\@pkgextension}
\def\PassOptionsToClass{\@pass@ptions\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\PassOptionsToPackage
\@onlypreamble\PassOptionsToClass
```

`\DeclareOption` `\DeclareOption*` Adds an option as a `\ds@` command, or the default `\default@ds` command.

```
\def\DeclareOption{%
  \let\@fileswith@pti@ns\@badrequireerror
  \@ifstar\@defdefault@ds\@declareoption}
\long\def\@declareoption#1#2{%
   \xdef\@declaredoptions{\@declaredoptions,#1}%
   \toks@{#2}%
   \expandafter\edef\csname ds@#1\endcsname{\the\toks@}}
\long\def\@defdefault@ds#1{%
  \toks@{#1}%
  \edef\default@ds{\the\toks@}}
\@onlypreamble\DeclareOption
\@onlypreamble\@declareoption
\@onlypreamble\@defdefault@ds
```

`\OptionNotUsed` If we are in a class file, add `\CurrentOption` to the list of unused options. Otherwise, in a package file do nothing.

```
\def\OptionNotUsed{%
  \ifx\@currext\@clsextension
    \xdef\@unusedoptionlist{%
      \ifx\@unusedoptionlist\@empty\else\@unusedoptionlist,\fi
      \CurrentOption}%
```

```
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\OptionNotUsed
```

`\default@ds` The default default option code. Set by `\@onefilewithoptions` to either `\OptionNotUsed` for classes, or `\@unknownoptionerror` for packages. This may be reset in either case with `\DeclareOption*`.

```
% \let\default@ds\OptionNotUsed
```

`\ProcessOptions` `\ProcessOptions*` `\ProcessOptions` calls `\ds@option` for each known package option, then calls `\default@ds` for each option on the local options list. Finally resets all the declared options to `\relax`. The empty option does nothing, this has to be reset on the off chance it's set to `\relax` if an empty element gets into the `\@declaredoptions` list.

The star form is similar but executes options given in the order specified in the document, not the order they are declared in the file. In the case of packages, global options are executed before local ones.

```
\def\ProcessOptions{%
  \let\ds@\@empty
  \edef\@curroptions{\@ptionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
  \@ifstar\@xprocess@ptions\@process@ptions}
\@onlypreamble\ProcessOptions

\def\@process@ptions{%
  \@for\CurrentOption:=\@declaredoptions\do{%
    \ifx\CurrentOption\@empty\else
      \@expandtwoargs\in@{,\CurrentOption,}{%
         ,\ifx\@currext\@clsextension\else\@classoptionslist,\fi
         \@curroptions,}%
      \ifin@
        \@use@ption
        \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\@empty
      \fi
    \fi}%
  \@process@pti@ns}
\@onlypreamble\@process@ptions

\def\@xprocess@ptions{%
  \ifx\@currext\@clsextension\else
    \@for\CurrentOption:=\@classoptionslist\do{%
      \ifx\CurrentOption\@empty\else
        \@expandtwoargs\in@{,\CurrentOption,}{,\@declaredoptions,}%
        \ifin@
          \@use@ption
          \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\@empty
        \fi
      \fi}%
  \fi
  \@process@pti@ns}
\@onlypreamble\@xprocess@ptions
```

The common part of `\ProcessOptions` and `\ProcessOptions*`.

```
\def\@process@pti@ns{%
  \@for\CurrentOption:=\@curroptions\do{%
    \@ifundefined{ds@\CurrentOption}%
```

```
      {\@use@ption
       \default@ds}%
```

There should not be any non-empty definition of `\CurrentOption` at this point, as all the declared options were executed earlier. This is for compatibility with 2.09 styles which use `\def\ds@...` directly, and so have options which do not appear in `\@declaredoptions`.

```
      \@use@ption}%
```

Clear all the definitions for option code. First set all the declared options to `\relax`, then reset the 'default' and 'empty' options. and the lst of declared options.

```
  \@for\CurrentOption:=\@declaredoptions\do{%
    \expandafter\let\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname\relax}%
  \let\CurrentOption\@empty
  \let\@fileswith@pti@ns\@@fileswith@pti@ns
  \AtEndOfPackage{\let\@unprocessedoptions\relax}}
\@onlypreamble\@process@pti@ns
```

`\@options` `\@options` is a synonym for `\ProcessOptions*` for upward compatibility with LaTeX2.09 style files.

```
\def\@options{\ProcessOptions*}
\@onlypreamble\@options
```

`\@use@ption` Execute the code for the current option.

```
\def\@use@ption{%
  \@expandtwoargs\@removeelement\CurrentOption
  \@unusedoptionlist\@unusedoptionlist
  \csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname}
\@onlypreamble\@use@ption
```

`\ExecuteOptions` `\ExecuteOptions{`⟨*option-list*⟩`}` executes the code declared for each option.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@if@pti@ns}{Spaces in \ExecuteOptions}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\ExecuteOptions#1{%
```

Use `\@fortmp` here as it is anyway cleared during `\@for` loop so does not change any existing names.

```
  \edef\@fortmp{\zap@space#1 \@empty}%
  \def\reserved@a##1\@nil{%
    \@for\CurrentOption:=\@fortmp\do
              {\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname}%
    \edef\CurrentOption{##1}}%
  \expandafter\reserved@a\CurrentOption\@nil}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\@if@pti@ns}{Spaces in \ExecuteOptions}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\ExecuteOptions#1{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \def\reserved@a##1\@nil{%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \@for\CurrentOption:=#1\do
⟨latexrelease⟩              {\csname ds@\CurrentOption\endcsname}%
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩      \edef\CurrentOption{##1}}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \expandafter\reserved@a\CurrentOption\@nil}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\ExecuteOptions
```

The top-level commands, which just set some parameters then call the internal command, `\@fileswithoptions`.

`\documentclass` The main new-style class declaration.

```
\def\documentclass{%
  \let\documentclass\@twoclasseserror
  \if@compatibility\else\let\usepackage\RequirePackage\fi
  \@fileswithoptions\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\documentclass
```

`\documentstyle` 2.09 style class 'style' declaration.

```
\def\documentstyle{%
  \makeatletter\input{latex209.def}\makeatother
  \documentclass}
\@onlypreamble\documentstyle
```

`\RequirePackage` Load package if not already loaded.

```
\def\RequirePackage{%
  \@fileswithoptions\@pkgextension}
\@onlypreamble\RequirePackage
```

`\LoadClass` Load class.

```
\def\LoadClass{%
  \ifx\@currext\@pkgextension
     \@latex@error
      {\noexpand\LoadClass in package file}%
      {You may only use \noexpand\LoadClass in a class file.}%
  \fi
  \@fileswithoptions\@clsextension}
\@onlypreamble\LoadClass
```

`\@loadwithoptions` Pass the current option list on to a class or package. `#1` is `\@`*cls-or-pkg*`extension`, `#2` is `\RequirePackage` or `\LoadClass`, `#3` is the class or package to be loaded.

```
\def\@loadwithoptions#1#2#3{%
  \expandafter\let\csname opt@#3.#1\expandafter\endcsname
       \csname opt@\@currname.\@currext\endcsname
   #2{#3}}
\@onlypreamble\@loadwithoptions
```

`\LoadClassWithOptions` Load class '`#1`' with the current option list.

```
\def\LoadClassWithOptions{%
  \@loadwithoptions\@clsextension\LoadClass}
\@onlypreamble\LoadClassWithOptions
```

`\RequirePackageWithOptions` Load package '`#1`' with the current option list.

```
\def\RequirePackageWithOptions{%
  \AtEndOfPackage{\let\@unprocessedoptions\relax}%
  \@loadwithoptions\@pkgextension\RequirePackage}
\@onlypreamble\RequirePackageWithOptions
```

`\usepackage` To begin with, `\usepackage` produces an error. This is reset by `\documentclass`.

```
\def\usepackage#1#{%
  \@latex@error
    {\noexpand \usepackage before \string\documentclass}%
    {\noexpand \usepackage may only appear in the document
      preamble, i.e.,\MessageBreak
      between \noexpand\documentclass and
      \string\begin{document}.}%
  \@gobble}
\@onlypreamble\usepackage
```

`\NeedsTeXFormat` Check that the document is running on the correct system.

```
\def\NeedsTeXFormat#1{%
  \def\reserved@a{#1}%
  \ifx\reserved@a\fmtname
    \expandafter\@needsformat
  \else
     \@latex@error{This file needs format `\reserved@a'%
       \MessageBreak but this is `\fmtname'}{%
       The current input file will not be processed
       further,\MessageBreak
       because it was written for some other flavor of
       TeX.\MessageBreak\@ehd}%
```

If the file is not meant to be processed by LaTeX 2$_\varepsilon$ we stop inputting it, but we do not end the run. We just end inputting the current file.

```
     \endinput \fi}
\@onlypreamble\NeedsTeXFormat
```

```
\def\@needsformat{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    \@needsf@rmat
    {}}
\@onlypreamble\@needsformat
```

```
\def\@needsf@rmat[#1]{%
    \@ifl@t@r\fmtversion{#1}{}%
    {\@latex@warning@no@line
        {You have requested release `#1' of LaTeX,\MessageBreak
         but only release `\fmtversion' is available}}}
\@onlypreamble\@needsf@rmat
```

`\zap@space` `\zap@space foo`⟨*space*⟩`\@empty` removes all spaces from `foo` that are not protected by `{ }` groups.

```
\def\zap@space#1 #2{%
  #1%
  \ifx#2\@empty\else\expandafter\zap@space\fi
  #2}
```

`\@fileswithoptions` The common part of `\documentclass` and `\usepackage`.

```
\def\@fileswithoptions#1{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
    {\@fileswith@ptions#1}%
```

```
    {\@fileswith@ptions#1[]}}
\@onlypreamble\@fileswithoptions

\def\@fileswith@ptions#1[#2]#3{%
  \@ifnextchar[%]
  {\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[{#2}]#3}%
  {\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[{#2}]#3[]}}
\@onlypreamble\@fileswith@ptions
```

Then we do some work.

First of all, we define the global variables. Then we look to see if the file has already been loaded. If it has, we check that it was first loaded with at least the current options. If it has not, we add the current options to the package options, set the default version to be `0000/00/00`, and load the file if we can find it. Then we check the version number.

Finally, we restore the old file name, reset the default option, and we set the catcode of `@`.

For classes, we can immediately process the file. For other types, `#2` could be a comma separated list, so loop through, processing each one separately.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩         {\@fileswith@pti@ns}{ifx tests in \@fileswith@pti@ns}%
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
\def\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[#2]#3[#4]{%
  \ifx#1\@clsextension
    \ifx\@classoptionslist\relax
      \xdef\@classoptionslist{\zap@space#2 \@empty}%
      \def\reserved@a{%
        \@onefilewithoptions#3[{#2}][{#4}]#1%
        \@documentclasshook}%
    \else
      \def\reserved@a{%
        \@onefilewithoptions#3[{#2}][{#4}]#1}%
    \fi
  \else
```

build up a list of calls to `\@onefilewithoptions` (one for each package) without thrashing the parameter stack.

```
    \def\reserved@b##1,{%
```

If `#1` is `\@nnil` we have reached the end of the list (older version used `\@nil` here but `\@nil` is undefined so `\ifx` equal to all undefined commands)

```
      \ifx\@nnil##1\relax\else
```

If `\ifx\@nnil##1\n@nil` is true then `#1` is (presumably) empty (Older code used `\relax` which is slighly easier to get into `#1` by mistake, which would spoil this test.)

```
        \ifx\@nnil##1\@nnil\else
          \noexpand\@onefilewithoptions##1[{#2}][{#4}]%
          \noexpand\@pkgextension
        \fi
        \expandafter\reserved@b
      \fi}%
      \edef\reserved@a{\zap@space#3 \@empty}%
```

```
      \edef\reserved@a{\expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a,\@nnil,}%
  \fi
  \reserved@a}
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩        {\@fileswith@pti@ns}{ifx tests in \@fileswith@pti@ns}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\def\@fileswith@pti@ns#1[#2]#3[#4]{%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx#1\@clsextension
⟨latexrelease⟩    \ifx\@classoptionslist\relax
⟨latexrelease⟩      \xdef\@classoptionslist{\zap@space#2 \@empty}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \def\reserved@a{%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \@onefilewithoptions#3[{#2}][{#4}]#1%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \@documentclasshook}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \def\reserved@a{%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \@onefilewithoptions#3[{#2}][{#4}]#1}%
⟨latexrelease⟩    \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \def\reserved@b##1,{%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \ifx\@nil##1\relax\else
⟨latexrelease⟩        \ifx\relax##1\relax\else
⟨latexrelease⟩         \noexpand\@onefilewithoptions##1[{#2}][{#4}]%
⟨latexrelease⟩         \noexpand\@pkgextension
⟨latexrelease⟩        \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩        \expandafter\reserved@b
⟨latexrelease⟩      \fi}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \edef\reserved@a{\zap@space#3 \@empty}%
⟨latexrelease⟩      \edef\reserved@a{%
⟨latexrelease⟩        \expandafter\reserved@b\reserved@a,\@nil,}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩  \reserved@a}
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\@onlypreamble\@fileswith@pti@ns
```

Have the main argument as `#1`, so we only need one `\expandafter` above.

```
\def\@onefilewithoptions#1[#2][#3]#4{%
  \@pushfilename
  \xdef\@currname{#1}%
  \global\let\@currext#4%
  \expandafter\let\csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname\@empty
  \let\CurrentOption\@empty
  \@reset@ptions
  \makeatletter
```

Grab everything in a macro, so the parameter stack is popped before any processing begins.

```
  \def\reserved@a{%
    \@ifl@aded\@currext{#1}%
      {\@if@ptions\@currext{#1}{#2}{}%
        {\@latex@error
            {Option clash for \@cls@pkg\space #1}%
            {The package #1 has already been loaded
             with options:\MessageBreak
```

```
            \space\space[\@ptionlist{#1.\@currext}]\MessageBreak
            There has now been an attempt to load it
             with options\MessageBreak
            \space\space[#2]\MessageBreak
            Adding the global options:\MessageBreak
            \space\space
                 \@ptionlist{#1.\@currext},#2\MessageBreak
            to your \noexpand\documentclass declaration may fix this.%
            \MessageBreak
            Try typing \space <return> \space to proceed.}}}%
      {\@pass@options\@currext{#2}{#1}%
       \global\expandafter
       \let\csname ver@\@currname.\@currext\endcsname\@empty
       \InputIfFileExists
         {\@currname.\@currext}%
         {}%
         {\@missingfileerror\@currname\@currext}%
```

`\@unprocessedoptions` will generate an error for each specified option in a package unless a `\ProcessOptions` has appeared in the package file.

```
    \let\@unprocessedoptions\@@unprocessedoptions
    \csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname
    \expandafter\let\csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname
              \@undefined
    \@unprocessedoptions}
    \@ifl@ter\@currext{#1}{#3}{}%
      {\@latex@warning@no@line
         {You have requested,\on@line,
          version\MessageBreak
            `#3' of \@cls@pkg\space #1,\MessageBreak
          but only version\MessageBreak
           `\csname ver@#1.\@currext\endcsname'\MessageBreak
          is available}}%
    \ifx\@currext\@clsextension\let\LoadClass\@twoloadclasserror\fi
    \@popfilename
    \@reset@ptions}%
  \reserved@a}
\@onlypreamble\@onefilewithoptions
```

`\@@fileswith@pti@ns` Save the definition (for error checking).

```
\let\@@fileswith@pti@ns\@fileswith@pti@ns
\@onlypreamble\@@fileswith@pti@ns
```

`\@reset@ptions` Reset the default option, and clear lists of declared options.

```
\def\@reset@ptions{%
  \global\ifx\@currext\@clsextension
    \let\default@ds\OptionNotUsed
   \else
    \let\default@ds\@unknownoptionerror
  \fi
  \global\let\ds@\@empty
  \global\let\@declaredoptions\@empty}
\@onlypreamble\@reset@ptions
```

69.1 Hooks

Allow code do be saved to be executed at specific later times.

Save things in macros, I considered using toks registers, (and `\addto@hook` from the NFSS code, that would require stacking the contents in the case of required packages, so just generate a new macro for each package.

`\@begindocumenthook` `\@enddocumenthook` Stuff to appear at the beginning or end of the document.

```
\ifx\@begindocumenthook\@undefined
  \let\@begindocumenthook\@empty
\fi
\let\@enddocumenthook\@empty
```

`\g@addto@macro` Globally add to the end of a macro.

```
\long\def\g@addto@macro#1#2{%
  \begingroup
    \toks@\expandafter{#1#2}%
    \xdef#1{\the\toks@}%
  \endgroup}
```

`\AtEndOfPackage` `\AtEndOfClass` `\AtBeginDocument` `\AtEndDocument` The access functions.

```
\def\AtEndOfPackage{%
  \expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname\@currname.\@currext-h@@k\endcsname}
\let\AtEndOfClass\AtEndOfPackage
\@onlypreamble\AtEndOfPackage
\@onlypreamble\AtEndOfClass
```

```
\def\AtBeginDocument{\g@addto@macro\@begindocumenthook}
\def\AtEndDocument{\g@addto@macro\@enddocumenthook}
\@onlypreamble\AtBeginDocument
```

`\@cls@pkg` The current file type.

```
\def\@cls@pkg{%
  \ifx\@currext\@clsextension
    document class%
  \else
    package%
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@cls@pkg
```

`\@unknownoptionerror` Bad option.

```
\def\@unknownoptionerror{%
  \@latex@error
    {Unknown option `\CurrentOption' for \@cls@pkg\space`\@currname'}%
    {The option `\CurrentOption' was not declared in
     \@cls@pkg\space`\@currname', perhaps you\MessageBreak
      misspelled its name.
     Try typing \space <return>
     \space to proceed.}}
\@onlypreamble\@unknownoptionerror
```

`\@@unprocessedoptions` Declare an error for each option, unless a `\ProcessOptions` occurred.

```
\def\@@unprocessedoptions{%
  \ifx\@currext\@pkgextension
```

```
    \edef\@curroptions{\@ptionlist{\@currname.\@currext}}%
    \@for\CurrentOption:=\@curroptions\do{%
        \ifx\CurrentOption\@empty\else\@unknownoptionerror\fi}%
  \fi}
\@onlypreamble\@unprocessedoptions
\@onlypreamble\@@unprocessedoptions
```

`\@badrequireerror` `\RequirePackage` or `\LoadClass` occurs in the options section.

```
\def\@badrequireerror#1[#2]#3[#4]{%
  \@latex@error
    {\noexpand\RequirePackage or \noexpand\LoadClass
         in Options Section}%
    {The \@cls@pkg\space `\@currname' is defective.\MessageBreak
     It attempts to load `#3' in the options section, i.e.,\MessageBreak
     between \noexpand\DeclareOption and \string\ProcessOptions.}}
\@onlypreamble\@badrequireerror
```

`\@twoloadclasserror` Two `\LoadClass` in a class.

```
\def\@twoloadclasserror{%
  \@latex@error
    {Two \noexpand\LoadClass commands}%
    {You may only use one \noexpand\LoadClass in a class file}}
\@onlypreamble\@twoloadclasserror
```

`\@twoclasseserror` Two `\documentclass` or `\documentstyle`.

```
\def\@twoclasseserror#1#{%
  \@latex@error
    {Two \noexpand\documentclass or \noexpand\documentstyle commands}%
    {The document may only declare one class.}\@gobble}
\@onlypreamble\@twoclasseserror
```

69.2 Providing shipment

`\two@digits` Prefix a number less than 10 with '0'.

```
\def\two@digits#1{\ifnum#1<10 0\fi\number#1}
```

`\filecontents` `\endfilecontents` This environment implements inline files. The star-form does not write extra comments into the file.

```
\begingroup%
\catcode`\*=11 %
\catcode`\^^M\active%
\catcode`\^^L\active\let^^L\relax%
\catcode`\^^I\active%

\gdef\filecontents{\@tempswatrue\filec@ntents}%
\gdef\filecontents*{\@tempswafalse\filec@ntents}%

\gdef\filec@ntents#1{%
  \openin\@inputcheck#1 %
  \ifeof\@inputcheck%
    \@latex@warning@no@line%
        {Writing file `\@currdir#1'}%
```

```
    \chardef\reserved@c15 %
    \ch@ck7\reserved@c\write%
    \immediate\openout\reserved@c#1\relax%
  \else%

    \closein\@inputcheck%
    \@latex@warning@no@line%
            {File `#1' already exists on the system.\MessageBreak%
             Not generating it from this source}%
    \let\write\@gobbletwo%
    \let\closeout\@gobble%
  \fi%
  \if@tempswa%

    \immediate\write\reserved@c{%
      \@percentchar\@percentchar\space%
          \expandafter\@gobble\string\LaTeX2e file `#1'^^J%
      \@percentchar\@percentchar\space  generated by the %
        `\@currenvir' \expandafter\@gobblefour\string\newenvironment^^J%
      \@percentchar\@percentchar\space from source `\jobname' on %
         \number\year/\two@digits\month/\two@digits\day.^^J%
      \@percentchar\@percentchar}%
  \fi%
  \let\do\@makeother\dospecials%

  \edef\E{\@backslashchar end\string{\@currenvir\string}}%
  \edef\reserved@b{%
    \def\noexpand\reserved@b%
         ####1\E####2\E####3\relax}%
  \reserved@b{%
    \ifx\relax##3\relax%
```

There was no `\end{filecontents}`

```
      \immediate\write\reserved@c{##1}%
    \else%
```

There was a `\end{filecontents}`, so stop this time.

```
      \edef^^M{\noexpand\end{\@currenvir}}%
      \ifx\relax##1\relax%
      \else%
```

Text before the `\end`, write it with a warning.

```
          \@latex@warning{Writing text `##1' before %
             \string\end{\@currenvir}\MessageBreak as last line of #1}%
        \immediate\write\reserved@c{##1}%
      \fi%
      \ifx\relax##2\relax%
      \else%
```

Text after the `\end`, ignore it with a warning.

```
         \@latex@warning{%
           Ignoring text `##2' after \string\end{\@currenvir}}%
      \fi%
    \fi%
    ^^M}%
```

```
  \catcode`\^^L\active%
  \let\L\@undefined%
  \def^^L{\@ifundefined L^^J^^J^^J}%
  \catcode`\^^I\active%
  \let\I\@undefined%
  \def^^I{\@ifundefined I\space\space}%
  \catcode`\^^M\active%
  \edef^^M##1^^M{%
    \noexpand\reserved@b##1\E\E\relax}}%
\endgroup%
\begingroup
\catcode`|=\catcode`\%
\catcode`\%=12
\catcode`\*=11
\gdef\@percentchar{%}
\gdef\endfilecontents{|
  \immediate\closeout\reserved@c
  \def\T##1##2##3{|
  \ifx##1\@undefined\else
    \@latex@warning@no@line{##2 has been converted to Blank ##3e}|
  \fi}|
  \T\L{Form Feed}{Lin}|
  \T\I{Tab}{Spac}|
  \immediate\write\@unused{}}
\global\let\endfilecontents*\endfilecontents
\@onlypreamble\filecontents
\@onlypreamble\endfilecontents
\@onlypreamble\filecontents*
\@onlypreamble\endfilecontents*
\endgroup
\@onlypreamble\filec@ntents
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

70 After Preamble

Finally we declare a package that allows all the commands declared above to be `\@onlypreamble` to be used after `\begin{document}`.

```
⟨*afterpreamble⟩
\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
\ProvidesPackage{pkgindoc}
         [1994/10/20 v1.1 Package Interface in Document (DPC)]
\def\reserved@a#1\do\@classoptionslist#2\do\filec@ntents#3\relax{%
  \gdef\@preamblecmds{#1#3}}
\expandafter\reserved@a\@preamblecmds\relax
⟨/afterpreamble⟩
```

File M
lthyphen.dtx

This file contains the code for loading hyphenation patterns into LaTeX. Most of this will end up in a file called `hyphen.ltx`. If you wish to customize your LaTeX system in respect of hyphenation patterns, write a file `hyphen.cfg`. If this file exists, it will be loaded instead of `hyphen.ltx`. See the comments below for additional information.

To produce the printed version of this file the following code is used. It can be extracted with the DOCSTRIP program, or one can run this file directly through LaTeX 2_ε.

```
⟨*driver⟩
\documentclass{ltxdoc}
\begin{document}
\DocInput{lthyphen.dtx}
\end{document}
⟨/driver⟩
```

The default file `hyphen.ltx` loads hyphenation patterns for US english. If you want to load additional or other hyphenation patterns, you should create a file `hyphen.cfg`. This is best done by starting from `hyphen.ltx`.

For backward compatibility, the default file, `hyphen.ltx`, first tries to load the file `hyphen.tex`. If this file exists, an information message is issued and the appropriate defaults for TeX's internal parameters are set: `\language` is initialized to 0, and `\lefthyphenmin` and `\righthyphenmin` to 2 and 3, respectively, to disallow x- or -xx breaks.

```
⟨*default⟩
\InputIfFileExists{hyphen.tex}%
   {\message{Loading hyphenation patterns for US english.}%
    \language=0
    \lefthyphenmin=2 \righthyphenmin=3 }%
```

Otherwise, since we cannot do anything without any hyphenation patterns, an error message is printed and the IniTeX run is terminated by invoking `\@@end` (which is the LaTeX 2_ε name for TeX's `\end` primitive).

```
   {\errhelp{The configuration for hyphenation is incorrectly
             installed.^^J%
             If you don't understand this error message you need
             to seek^^Jexpert advice.}%
    \errmessage{OOPS! I can't find any hyphenation patterns for
                US english.^^J \space Think of getting some or the
                latex2e setup will never succeed}\@@end}
⟨/default⟩
```

The following example describes the possible contents of a file `hyphen.cfg` that will load both US English and German hyphenation patterns, making the former the default. It sets `\language` to 0 for the US patterns and to 1 for the German patterns. Then `\language` is set to 0 to make this the default and the default values of `\lefthyphenmin` and `\righthyphenmin` are set.

```
\language=0
\input hyphen % (or \input ushyphen1 if the file has been renamed)
```

```
\language=1
\input ghyph31
\language=0
\lefthyphenmin=2
\righthyphenmin=3
\endinput
```

Another possibility is to use the package `babel`, by Johannes Braams. That package is distributed with a suitable `hyphen.cfg` file.

File N
ltluatex.dtx

71 Overview

LuaTEX adds a number of engine-specific functions to TEX. Several of these require set up that is best done in the kernel or need related support functions. This file provides *basic* support for LuaTEX at the LATEX 2ε kernel level plus as a loadable file which can be used with plain TEX and LATEX.

This file contains code for both TEX (to be stored as part of the format) and Lua (to be loaded at the start of each job). In the Lua code, the kernel uses the namespace `luatexbase`.

The following `\count` registers are used here for register allocation:

`\e@alloc@attribute@count` Attributes (default 258)

`\e@alloc@ccodetable@count` Category code tables (default 259)

`\e@alloc@luafunction@count` Lua functions (default 260)

`\e@alloc@whatsit@count` User whatsits (default 261)

`\e@alloc@bytecode@count` Lua bytecodes (default 262)

`\e@alloc@luachunk@count` Lua chunks (default 263)

(`\count 256` is used for `\newmarks` allocation and `\count 257` is used for `\newXeTeXintercharclass` with XeTEX, with code defined in `ltfinal.dtx`). With any LATEX 2ε kernel from 2015 onward these registers are part of the block in the extended area reserved by the kernel (prior to 2015 the LATEX 2ε kernel did not provide any functionality for the extended allocation area).

72 Core TEX functionality

The commands defined here are defined for possible inclusion in a future LATEX format, however also extracted to the file `ltluatex.tex` which may be used with older LATEX formats, and with plain TEX.

`\newattribute` `\newattribute{`⟨*attribute*⟩`}`
Defines a named `\attribute`, indexed from 1 (*i.e.* `\attribute0` is never defined). Attributes initially have the marker value `-"7FFFFFFF` ('unset') set by the engine.

`\newcatcodetable` `\newcatcodetable{`⟨*catcodetable*⟩`}`
Defines a named `\catcodetable`, indexed from 1 (`\catcodetable0` is never assigned). A new catcode table will be populated with exactly those values assigned by IniTEX (as described in the LuaTEX manual).

`\newluafunction` `\newluafunction{`⟨*function*⟩`}`
Defines a named `\luafunction`, indexed from 1. (Lua indexes tables from 1 so `\luafunction0` is not available).

`\newwhatsit` `\newwhatsit{`⟨*whatsit*⟩`}`
Defines a custom `\whatsit`, indexed from 1.

`\newluabytecode` `\newluabytecode{`⟨*bytecode*⟩`}`

Allocates a number for Lua bytecode register, indexed from 1.

`\newluachunkname` `newluachunkname{`⟨*chunkname*⟩`}`

Allocates a number for Lua chunk register, indexed from 1. Also enters the name of the regiser (without backslash) into the `lua.name` table to be used in stack traces.

`\catcodetable@initex` `\catcodetable@string` `\catcodetable@latex` `\catcodetable@atletter`

Predefined category code tables with the obvious assignments. Note that the `latex` and `atletter` tables set the full Unicode range to the codes predefined by the kernel.

`\setattribute` `\setattribute{`⟨*attribute*⟩`}{`⟨*value*⟩`}`

`\unsetattribute` `\unsetattribute{`⟨*attribute*⟩`}`

Set and unset attributes in a manner analogous to `\setlength`. Note that attributes take a marker value when unset so this operation is distinct from setting the value to zero.

73 Plain TEX interface

The ltluatex interface may be used with plain TEX using `\input{ltluatex}`. This inputs `ltluatex.tex` which inputs `etex.src` (or `etex.sty` if used with LATEX) if it is not already input, and then defines some internal commands to allow the ltluatex interface to be defined.

The luatexbase package interface may also be used in plain TEX, as before, by inputting the package `\input luatexbase.sty`. The new version of luatexbase is based on this ltluatex code but implements a compatibility layer providing the interface of the original package.

74 Lua functionality

74.1 Allocators in Lua

`new_attribute` `luatexbase.new_attribute(`⟨*attribute*⟩`)`

Returns an allocation number for the ⟨*attribute*⟩, indexed from 1. The attribute will be initialised with the marker value `-"7FFFFFFF` ('unset'). The attribute allocation sequence is shared with the TEX code but this function does *not* define a token using `\attributedef`. The attribute name is recorded in the `attributes` table. A metatable is provided so that the table syntax can be used consistently for attributes declared in TEX or Lua.

`new_whatsit` `luatexbase.new_whatsit(`⟨*whatsit*⟩`)`

Returns an allocation number for the custom ⟨*whatsit*⟩, indexed from 1.

`new_bytecode` `luatexbase.new_bytecode(`⟨*bytecode*⟩`)`

Returns an allocation number for a bytecode register, indexed from 1. The optional ⟨*name*⟩ argument is just used for logging.

`new_chunkname` `luatexbase.new_chunkname(`⟨*chunkname*⟩`)`

Returns an allocation number for a Lua chunk name for use with `\directlua` and `\latelua`, indexed from 1. The number is returned and also ⟨*name*⟩ argument is added to the `lua.name` array at that index.

These functions all require access to a named TEX count register to manage their allocations. The standard names are those defined above for access from

TEX, *e.g.* "e@alloc@attribute@count, but these can be adjusted by defining the variable ⟨*type*⟩_count_name before loading ltluatex.lua, for example

```
local attribute_count_name = "attributetracker"
require("ltluatex")
```

would use a TEX \count (\countdef'd token) called attributetracker in place of "e@alloc@attribute@count.

74.2 Lua access to TEX register numbers

registernumber `luatexbase.registernumer(`⟨*name*⟩`)`

Sometimes (notably in the case of Lua attributes) it is necessary to access a register *by number* that has been allocated by TEX. This package provides a function to look up the relevant number using LuaTEX's internal tables. After for example \newattribute\myattrib, \myattrib would be defined by (say) \myattrib=\attribute15. luatexbase.registernumer("myattrib") would then return the register number, 15 in this case. If the string passed as argument does not correspond to a token defined by \attributedef, \countdef or similar commands, the Lua value false is returned.

As an example, consider the input:

```
\newcommand\test[1]{%
\typeout{#1: \expandafter\meaning\csname#1\endcsname^^J
\space\space\space\space
\directlua{tex.write(luatexbase.registernumber("#1") or "bad input")}%
}}

\test{undefinedrubbish}

\test{space}

\test{hbox}

\test{@MM}

\test{@tempdima}
\test{@tempdimb}

\test{strutbox}

\test{sixt@@n}

\attrbutedef\myattr=12
\myattr=200
\test{myattr}
```

If the demonstration code is processed with LuaLATEX then the following would be produced in the log and terminal output.

```
undefinedrubbish: \relax
     bad input
```

```
space: macro:->
     bad input
hbox: \hbox
     bad input
@MM: \mathchar"4E20
     20000
@tempdima: \dimen14
     14
@tempdimb: \dimen15
     15
strutbox: \char"B
     11
sixt@@n: \char"10
     16
myattr: \attribute12
     12
```

Notice how undefined commands, or commands unrelated to registers do not produce an error, just return `false` and so print `bad input` here. Note also that commands defined by `\newbox` work and return the number of the box register even though the actual command holding this number is a `\chardef` defined token (there is no `\boxdef`).

74.3 Module utilities

`provides_module` `luatexbase.provides_module(`⟨*info*⟩`)`
This function is used by modules to identify themselves; the `info` should be a table containing information about the module. The required field `name` must contain the name of the module. It is recommended to provide a field `date` in the usual LaTeX format `yyyy/mm/dd`. Optional fields `version` (a string) and `description` may be used if present. This information will be recorded in the log. Other fields are ignored.

`module_info` `luatexbase.module_info(`⟨*module*⟩, ⟨*text*⟩`)`

`module_warning` `luatexbase.module_warning(`⟨*module*⟩, ⟨*text*⟩`)`

`module_error` `luatexbase.module_error(`⟨*module*⟩, ⟨*text*⟩`)`
These functions are similar to LaTeX's `\PackageError`, `\PackageWarning` and `\PackageInfo` in the way they format the output. No automatic line breaking is done, you may still use `\n` as usual for that, and the name of the package will be prepended to each output line.

Note that `luatexbase.module_error` raises an actual Lua error with `error()`, which currently means a call stack will be dumped. While this may not look pretty, at least it provides useful information for tracking the error down.

74.4 Callback management

`add_to_callback` `luatexbase.add_to_callback(`⟨*callback*⟩, ⟨*function*⟩, ⟨*description*⟩`)` Registers the ⟨*function*⟩ into the ⟨*callback*⟩ with a textual ⟨*description*⟩ of the function. Functions are inserted into the callback in the order loaded.

`remove_from_callback` `luatexbase.remove_from_callback(`⟨*callback*⟩, ⟨*description*⟩`)` Removes the callback function with ⟨*description*⟩ from the ⟨*callback*⟩. The removed function and its description are returned as the results of this function.

`in_callback` `luatexbase.in_callback(`⟨*callback*⟩, ⟨*description*⟩`)` Checks if the ⟨*description*⟩

matches one of the functions added to the list for the ⟨*callback*⟩, returning a boolean value.

`disable_callback` `luatexbase.disable_callback(`⟨*callback*⟩`)` Sets the ⟨*callback*⟩ to `false` as described in the LuaTEX manual for the underlying `callback.register` built-in. Callbacks will only be set to false (and thus be skipped entirely) if there are no functions registered using the callback.

`callback_descriptions` A list of the descriptions of functions registered to the specified callback is returned. `{}` is returned if there are no functions registered.

`create_callback` `luatexbase.create_callback(`⟨*name*⟩,metatype,⟨*default*⟩`)` Defines a user defined callback. The last argument is a default function or `false`.

`call_callback` `luatexbase.call_callback(`⟨*name*⟩,...`)` Calls a user defined callback with the supplied arguments.

75 Implementation

```
1 ⟨*2ekernel | tex | latexrelease⟩
2 ⟨2ekernel | latexrelease⟩\ifx\directlua\@undefined\else
```

75.1 Minimum LuaTEX version

LuaTEX has changed a lot over time. In the kernel support for ancient versions is not provided: trying to build a format with a very old binary therefore gives some information in the log and loading stops. The cut-off selected here relates to the tree-searching behaviour of `require()`: from version 0.60, LuaTEX will correctly find Lua files in the `texmf` tree without 'help'.

```
3 ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/10/01}
4 ⟨latexrelease⟩                    {\newluafunction}{LuaTeX}%
5 \ifnum\luatexversion<60 %
6   \wlog{************************************************}
7   \wlog{* LuaTeX version too old for ltluatex support *}
8   \wlog{************************************************}
9   \expandafter\endinput
10 \fi
```

75.2 Older LATEX/Plain TEX setup

```
11 ⟨*tex⟩
```

Older LATEX formats don't have the primitives with 'native' names: sort that out. If they already exist this will still be safe.

```
12 \directlua{tex.enableprimitives("",tex.extraprimitives("luatex"))}
13 \ifx\e@alloc\@undefined
```

In pre-2014 LATEX, or plain TEX, load `etex.{sty,src}`.

```
14   \ifx\documentclass\@undefined
15     \ifx\loccount\@undefined
16       \input{etex.src}%
17     \fi
18     \catcode`\@=11 %
19     \outer\expandafter\def\csname newfam\endcsname
20                           {\alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}
21   \else
22     \RequirePackage{etex}
```

```
    \expandafter\def\csname newfam\endcsname
                    {\alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}
    \expandafter\let\expandafter\new@mathgroup\csname newfam\endcsname
  \fi
```

75.2.1 Fixes to etex.src/etex.sty

These could and probably should be made directly in an update to `etex.src` which already has some LuaTEX-specific code, but does not define the correct range for LuaTEX.

2015-07-13 higher range in luatex.

```
\edef \et@xmaxregs {\ifx\directlua\@undefined 32768\else 65536\fi}
```

luatex/xetex also allow more math fam.

```
\edef \et@xmaxfam {\ifx\Umathchar\@undefined\sixt@@n\else\@cclvi\fi}
```

```
\count 270=\et@xmaxregs % locally allocates \count registers
\count 271=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \dimen registers
\count 272=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \skip registers
\count 273=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \muskip registers
\count 274=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \box registers
\count 275=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \toks registers
\count 276=\et@xmaxregs % ditto for \marks classes
```

and 256 or 16 fam. (Done above due to plain/LaTeX differences in ltluatex.)

```
% \outer\def\newfam{\alloc@8\fam\chardef\et@xmaxfam}
```

End of proposed changes to `etex.src`

75.2.2 luatex specific settings

Switch to global cf `luatex.sty` to leave room for inserts not really needed for luatex but possibly most compatible with existing use.

```
\expandafter\let\csname newcount\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
                \csname globcount\endcsname
\expandafter\let\csname newdimen\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
                \csname globdimen\endcsname
\expandafter\let\csname newskip\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
                \csname globskip\endcsname
\expandafter\let\csname newbox\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
                \csname globbox\endcsname
```

Define`\e@alloc` as in latex (the existing macros in `etex.src` hard to extend to further register types as they assume specific 26x and 27x count range. For compatibility the existing register allocation is not changed.

```
\chardef\e@alloc@top=65535
\let\e@alloc@chardef\chardef
```

```
\def\e@alloc#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
  \global\advance#3\@ne
  \e@ch@ck{#3}{#4}{#5}#1%
  \allocationnumber#3\relax
  \global#2#6\allocationnumber
  \wlog{\string#6=\string#1\the\allocationnumber}}%
```

```
\gdef\e@ch@ck#1#2#3#4{%
  \ifnum#1<#2\else
    \ifnum#1=#2\relax
      #1\@cclvi
      \ifx\count#4\advance#1 10 \fi
    \fi
    \ifnum#1<#3\relax
    \else
      \errmessage{No room for a new \string#4}%
    \fi
  \fi}%
```

Two simple LaTeX macros used in `ltlatex.sty`.

```
\long\def\@gobble#1{}
\long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}
```

Fix up allocations not to clash with `etex.src`.

```
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@attribute@count
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@ccodetable@count
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@luafunction@count
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@whatsit@count
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@bytecode@count
\expandafter\csname newcount\endcsname\e@alloc@luachunk@count
```

End of conditional setup for plain TeX / old LaTeX.

```
\fi
```

⟨/tex⟩

75.3 Attributes

`\newattribute` As is generally the case for the LuaTeX registers we start here from 1. Notably, some code assumes that `\attribute0` is never used so this is important in this case.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@attribute@count\@undefined
  \countdef\e@alloc@attribute@count=258
\fi
\def\newattribute#1{%
  \e@alloc\attribute\attributedef
    \e@alloc@attribute@count\m@ne\e@alloc@top#1%
}
\e@alloc@attribute@count=\z@
```

`\setattribute` `\unsetattribute` Handy utilities.

```
\def\setattribute#1#2{#1=\numexpr#2\relax}
\def\unsetattribute#1{#1=-"7FFFFFFF\relax}
```

75.4 Category code tables

`\newcatcodetable` Category code tables are allocated with a limit half of that used by LuaTeX for everything else. At the end of allocation there needs to be an initialisation step. Table 0 is already taken (it's the global one for current use) so the allocation starts at 1.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@ccodetable@count\@undefined
```

```
  \countdef\e@alloc@ccodetable@count=259
\fi
\def\newcatcodetable#1{%
  \e@alloc\catcodetable\chardef
    \e@alloc@ccodetable@count\m@ne{"8000}#1%
  \initcatcodetable\allocationnumber
}
\e@alloc@ccodetable@count=\z@
```

\catcodetable@initex
\catcodetable@string
\catcodetable@latex
\catcodetable@atletter

Save a small set of standard tables. The Unicode data is read here in using a parser simplified from that in `load-unicode-data`: only the nature of letters needs to be detected.

```
\newcatcodetable\catcodetable@initex
\newcatcodetable\catcodetable@string
\begingroup
  \def\setrangecatcode#1#2#3{%
    \ifnum#1>#2 %
      \expandafter\@gobble
    \else
      \expandafter\@firstofone
    \fi
      {%
        \catcode#1=#3 %
        \expandafter\setrangecatcode\expandafter
          {\number\numexpr#1 + 1\relax}{#2}{#3}
      }%
  }
  \@firstofone{%
    \catcodetable\catcodetable@initex
      \catcode0=12 %
      \catcode13=12 %
      \catcode37=12 %
      \setrangecatcode{65}{90}{12}%
      \setrangecatcode{97}{122}{12}%
      \catcode92=12 %
      \catcode127=12 %
      \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@string
    \endgroup
  }%
\newcatcodetable\catcodetable@latex
\newcatcodetable\catcodetable@atletter
\begingroup
  \def\parseunicodedataI#1;#2;#3;#4\relax{%
    \parseunicodedataII#1;#3;#2 First>\relax
  }%
  \def\parseunicodedataII#1;#2;#3 First>#4\relax{%
    \ifx\relax#4\relax
      \expandafter\parseunicodedataIII
    \else
      \expandafter\parseunicodedataIV
    \fi
      {#1}#2\relax%
  }%
```

```
  \def\parseunicodedataIII#1#2#3\relax{%
    \ifnum 0%
      \if L#21\fi
      \if M#21\fi
      >0 %
      \catcode"#1=11 %
    \fi
  }%
  \def\parseunicodedataIV#1#2#3\relax{%
    \read\unicoderead to \unicodedataline
    \if L#2%
      \count0="#1 %
      \expandafter\parseunicodedataV\unicodedataline\relax
    \fi
  }%
  \def\parseunicodedataV#1;#2\relax{%
    \loop
      \unless\ifnum\count0>"#1 %
        \catcode\count0=11 %
        \advance\count0 by 1 %
    \repeat
  }%
  \def\storedpar{\par}%
  \chardef\unicoderead=\numexpr\count16 + 1\relax
  \openin\unicoderead=UnicodeData.txt %
  \loop\unless\ifeof\unicoderead %
    \read\unicoderead to \unicodedataline
    \unless\ifx\unicodedataline\storedpar
      \expandafter\parseunicodedataI\unicodedataline\relax
    \fi
  \repeat
  \closein\unicoderead
  \@firstofone{%
    \catcode64=12 %
    \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@latex
    \catcode64=11 %
    \savecatcodetable\catcodetable@atletter
   }
\endgroup
```

75.5 Named Lua functions

\newluafunction Much the same story for allocating LuaTEX functions except here they are just numbers so they are allocated in the same way as boxes. Lua indexes from 1 so once again slot 0 is skipped.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
  \countdef\e@alloc@luafunction@count=260
\fi
\def\newluafunction{%
  \e@alloc\luafunction\e@alloc@chardef
    \e@alloc@luafunction@count\m@ne\e@alloc@top
}
\e@alloc@luafunction@count=\z@
```

75.6 Custom whatsits

\newwhatsit These are only settable from Lua but for consistency are definable here.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@whatsit@count\@undefined
  \countdef\e@alloc@whatsit@count=261
\fi
\def\newwhatsit#1{%
  \e@alloc\whatsit\e@alloc@chardef
    \e@alloc@whatsit@count\m@ne\e@alloc@top#1%
}
\e@alloc@whatsit@count=\z@
```

75.7 Lua bytecode registers

\newluabytecode These are only settable from Lua but for consistency are definable here.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@bytecode@count\@undefined
  \countdef\e@alloc@bytecode@count=262
\fi
\def\newluabytecode#1{%
  \e@alloc\luabytecode\e@alloc@chardef
    \e@alloc@bytecode@count\m@ne\e@alloc@top#1%
}
\e@alloc@bytecode@count=\z@
```

75.8 Lua chunk registers

\newluachunkname As for bytecode registers, but in addition we need to add a string to the `lua.name` table to use in stack tracing. We use the name of the command passed to the allocator, with no backslash.

```
\ifx\e@alloc@luachunk@count\@undefined
  \countdef\e@alloc@luachunk@count=263
\fi
\def\newluachunkname#1{%
  \e@alloc\luachunk\e@alloc@chardef
    \e@alloc@luachunk@count\m@ne\e@alloc@top#1%
    {\escapechar\m@ne
    \directlua{lua.name[\the\allocationnumber]="\string#1"}}%
}
\e@alloc@luachunk@count=\z@
```

75.9 Lua loader

Load the Lua code at the start of every job. For the conversion of TEX into numbers at the Lua side we need some known registers: for convenience we use a set of systematic names, which means using a group around the Lua loader.

```
⟨2ekernel⟩\everyjob\expandafter{%
⟨2ekernel⟩  \the\everyjob
  \begingroup
    \attributedef\attributezero=0 %
    \chardef     \charzero     =0 %
```

Note name change required on older luatex, for hash table access.

```
    \countdef    \CountZero    =0 %
```

```
    \dimendef    \dimenzero    =0 %
    \mathchardef \mathcharzero =0 %
    \muskipdef   \muskipzero   =0 %
    \skipdef     \skipzero     =0 %
    \toksdef     \tokszero     =0 %
    \directlua{require("ltluatex")}
  \endgroup
⟨2ekernel⟩}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease

⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newluafunction}{LuaTeX}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@attribute@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newattribute\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\setattribute\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\unsetattribute\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@ccodetable@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newcatcodetable\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\catcodetable@initex\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\catcodetable@string\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\catcodetable@latex\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\catcodetable@atletter\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newluafunction\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@luafunction@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newwhatsit\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@whatsit@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newluabytecode\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@bytecode@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newluachunkname\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\e@alloc@luachunk@count\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\directlua{luatexbase.uninstall()}
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
```

In `\everyjob`, if luaotfload is available, load it and switch to TU.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2017/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\fontencoding}{TU in everyjob}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\fontencoding{TU}\let\encodingdefault\f@encoding
⟨latexrelease⟩\ifx\directlua\@undefined\else
⟨2ekernel⟩\everyjob\expandafter{%
⟨2ekernel⟩  \the\everyjob
⟨*2ekernel, latexrelease⟩
  \directlua{%
  if xpcall(function ()%
              require('luaotfload-main')%
            end,texio.write_nl) then %
  local _void = luaotfload.main ()%
  else %
  texio.write_nl('Error in luaotfload: reverting to OT1')%
  tex.print('\string\\def\string\\encodingdefault{OT1}')%
  end %
  }%
  \let\f@encoding\encodingdefault
  \expandafter\let\csname ver@luaotfload.sty\endcsname\fmtversion
⟨/2ekernel, latexrelease⟩
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\fi
⟨2ekernel⟩  }
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\fontencoding}{TU in everyjob}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\fontencoding{OT1}\let\encodingdefault\f@encoding
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease

⟨2ekernel | latexrelease⟩\fi
⟨/2ekernel | tex | latexrelease⟩
```

75.10 Lua module preliminaries

```
⟨*lua⟩
```

Some set up for the Lua module which is needed for all of the Lua functionality added here.

`luatexbase` Set up the table for the returned functions. This is used to expose all of the public functions.

```
luatexbase       = luatexbase or { }
local luatexbase = luatexbase
```

Some Lua best practice: use local versions of functions where possible.

```
local string_gsub      = string.gsub
local tex_count        = tex.count
local tex_setattribute = tex.setattribute
local tex_setcount     = tex.setcount
local texio_write_nl   = texio.write_nl

local luatexbase_warning
local luatexbase_error
```

75.11 Lua module utilities

75.11.1 Module tracking

`modules` To allow tracking of module usage, a structure is provided to store information and to return it.

```
local modules = modules or { }
```

`provides_module` Local function to write to the log.

```
local function luatexbase_log(text)
  texio_write_nl("log", text)
end
```

Modelled on `\ProvidesPackage`, we store much the same information but with a little more structure.

```
local function provides_module(info)
  if not (info and info.name) then
    luatexbase_error("Missing module name for provides_module")
  end
  local function spaced(text)
    return text and (" " .. text) or ""
  end
  luatexbase_log(
```

```
    "Lua module: " .. info.name
      .. spaced(info.date)
      .. spaced(info.version)
      .. spaced(info.description)
  )
  modules[info.name] = info
end
luatexbase.provides_module = provides_module
```

75.11.2 Module messages

There are various warnings and errors that need to be given. For warnings we can get exactly the same formatting as from TEX. For errors we have to make some changes. Here we give the text of the error in the LATEX format then force an error from Lua to halt the run. Splitting the message text is done using `\n` which takes the place of `\MessageBreak`.

First an auxiliary for the formatting: this measures up the message leader so we always get the correct indent.

```
local function msg_format(mod, msg_type, text)
  local leader = ""
  local cont
  local first_head
  if mod == "LaTeX" then
    cont = string_gsub(leader, ".", " ")
    first_head = leader .. "LaTeX: "
  else
    first_head = leader .. "Module "  .. msg_type
    cont = "(" .. mod .. ")"
      .. string_gsub(first_head, ".", " ")
    first_head =  leader .. "Module "  .. mod .. " " .. msg_type  .. ":"
  end
  if msg_type == "Error" then
    first_head = "\n" .. first_head
  end
  if string.sub(text,-1) ~= "\n" then
    text = text .. " "
  end
  return first_head .. " "
    .. string_gsub(
         text
 .. "on input line "
         .. tex.inputlineno, "\n", "\n" .. cont .. " "
      )
   .. "\n"
end
```

`module_info` `module_warning` `module_error`

Write messages.

```
local function module_info(mod, text)
  texio_write_nl("log", msg_format(mod, "Info", text))
end
luatexbase.module_info = module_info
local function module_warning(mod, text)
  texio_write_nl("term and log",msg_format(mod, "Warning", text))
```

```
end
luatexbase.module_warning = module_warning
local function module_error(mod, text)
  error(msg_format(mod, "Error", text))
end
luatexbase.module_error = module_error
```

Dedicated versions for the rest of the code here.

```
function luatexbase_warning(text)
  module_warning("luatexbase", text)
end
function luatexbase_error(text)
  module_error("luatexbase", text)
end
```

75.12 Accessing register numbers from Lua

Collect up the data from the TEX level into a Lua table: from version 0.80, LuaTEX makes that easy.

```
local luaregisterbasetable = { }
local registermap = {
  attributezero = "assign_attr"    ,
  charzero      = "char_given"     ,
  CountZero     = "assign_int"     ,
  dimenzero     = "assign_dimen"   ,
  mathcharzero  = "math_given"     ,
  muskipzero    = "assign_mu_skip" ,
  skipzero      = "assign_skip"    ,
  tokszero      = "assign_toks"    ,
}
local createtoken
if tex.luatexversion > 81 then
  createtoken = token.create
elseif tex.luatexversion > 79 then
  createtoken = newtoken.create
end
local hashtokens    = tex.hashtokens()
local luatexversion = tex.luatexversion
for i,j in pairs (registermap) do
  if luatexversion < 80 then
    luaregisterbasetable[hashtokens[i][1]] =
      hashtokens[i][2]
  else
    luaregisterbasetable[j] = createtoken(i).mode
  end
end
```

`registernumber` Working out the correct return value can be done in two ways. For older LuaTEX releases it has to be extracted from the `hashtokens`. On the other hand, newer LuaTEX's have `newtoken`, and whilst `.mode` isn't currently documented, Hans Hagen pointed to this approach so we should be OK.

```
local registernumber
if luatexversion < 80 then
```

```
  function registernumber(name)
    local nt = hashtokens[name]
    if(nt and luaregisterbasetable[nt[1]]) then
      return nt[2] - luaregisterbasetable[nt[1]]
    else
      return false
    end
  end
else
  function registernumber(name)
    local nt = createtoken(name)
    if(luaregisterbasetable[nt.cmdname]) then
      return nt.mode - luaregisterbasetable[nt.cmdname]
    else
      return false
    end
  end
end
luatexbase.registernumber = registernumber
```

75.13 Attribute allocation

new_attribute

As attributes are used for Lua manipulations its useful to be able to assign from this end.

```
local attributes=setmetatable(
{},
{
__index = function(t,key)
return registernumber(key) or nil
end}
)
luatexbase.attributes = attributes
```

```
local attribute_count_name =
                     attribute_count_name or "e@alloc@attribute@count"
local function new_attribute(name)
  tex_setcount("global", attribute_count_name,
                          tex_count[attribute_count_name] + 1)
  if tex_count[attribute_count_name] > 65534 then
    luatexbase_error("No room for a new \\attribute")
  end
  attributes[name]= tex_count[attribute_count_name]
  luatexbase_log("Lua-only attribute " .. name .. " = " ..
                 tex_count[attribute_count_name])
  return tex_count[attribute_count_name]
end
luatexbase.new_attribute = new_attribute
```

75.14 Custom whatsit allocation

new_whatsit

Much the same as for attribute allocation in Lua.

```
local whatsit_count_name = whatsit_count_name or "e@alloc@whatsit@count"
local function new_whatsit(name)
  tex_setcount("global", whatsit_count_name,
```

```
                          tex_count[whatsit_count_name] + 1)
  if tex_count[whatsit_count_name] > 65534 then
    luatexbase_error("No room for a new custom whatsit")
  end
  luatexbase_log("Custom whatsit " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
                 tex_count[whatsit_count_name])
  return tex_count[whatsit_count_name]
end
luatexbase.new_whatsit = new_whatsit
```

75.15 Bytecode register allocation

new_bytecode Much the same as for attribute allocation in Lua. The optional ⟨*name*⟩ argument is used in the log if given.

```
local bytecode_count_name =
                          bytecode_count_name or "e@alloc@bytecode@count"
local function new_bytecode(name)
  tex_setcount("global", bytecode_count_name,
                          tex_count[bytecode_count_name] + 1)
  if tex_count[bytecode_count_name] > 65534 then
    luatexbase_error("No room for a new bytecode register")
  end
  luatexbase_log("Lua bytecode " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
                 tex_count[bytecode_count_name])
  return tex_count[bytecode_count_name]
end
luatexbase.new_bytecode = new_bytecode
```

75.16 Lua chunk name allocation

new_chunkname As for bytecode registers but also store the name in the `lua.name` table.

```
local chunkname_count_name =
                         chunkname_count_name or "e@alloc@luachunk@count"
local function new_chunkname(name)
  tex_setcount("global", chunkname_count_name,
                          tex_count[chunkname_count_name] + 1)
  local chunkname_count = tex_count[chunkname_count_name]
  chunkname_count = chunkname_count + 1
  if chunkname_count > 65534 then
    luatexbase_error("No room for a new chunkname")
  end
  lua.name[chunkname_count]=name
  luatexbase_log("Lua chunkname " .. (name or "") .. " = " ..
                 chunkname_count .. "\n")
  return chunkname_count
end
luatexbase.new_chunkname = new_chunkname
```

75.17 Lua callback management

The native mechanism for callbacks in LuaTEX allows only one per function. That is extremely restrictive and so a mechanism is needed to add and remove callbacks from the appropriate hooks.

75.17.1 Housekeeping

The main table: keys are callback names, and values are the associated lists of functions. More precisely, the entries in the list are tables holding the actual function as `func` and the identifying description as `description`. Only callbacks with a non-empty list of functions have an entry in this list.

```
local callbacklist = callbacklist or { }
```

Numerical codes for callback types, and name-to-value association (the table keys are strings, the values are numbers).

```
local list, data, exclusive, simple = 1, 2, 3, 4
local types = {
  list      = list,
  data      = data,
  exclusive = exclusive,
  simple    = simple,
}
```

Now, list all predefined callbacks with their current type, based on the LuaTEX manual version 1.01. A full list of the currently-available callbacks can be obtained using

```
\directlua{
  for i,_ in pairs(callback.list()) do
    texio.write_nl("- " .. i)
  end
}
\bye
```

in plain LuaTEX. (Some undocumented callbacks are omitted as they are to be removed.)

```
local callbacktypes = callbacktypes or {
```

Section 8.2: file discovery callbacks.

```
  find_read_file     = exclusive,
  find_write_file    = exclusive,
  find_font_file     = data,
  find_output_file   = data,
  find_format_file   = data,
  find_vf_file       = data,
  find_map_file      = data,
  find_enc_file      = data,
  find_sfd_file      = data,
  find_pk_file       = data,
  find_data_file     = data,
  find_opentype_file = data,
  find_truetype_file = data,
  find_type1_file    = data,
  find_image_file    = data,

  open_read_file     = exclusive,
  read_font_file     = exclusive,
  read_vf_file       = exclusive,
  read_map_file      = exclusive,
  read_enc_file      = exclusive,
```

```
  read_sfd_file      = exclusive,
  read_pk_file       = exclusive,
  read_data_file     = exclusive,
  read_truetype_file = exclusive,
  read_type1_file    = exclusive,
  read_opentype_file = exclusive,
```

Not currently used by luatex but included for completeness. may be used by a font handler.

```
  find_cidmap_file   = data,
  read_cidmap_file   = exclusive,
```

Section 8.3: data processing callbacks.

```
  process_input_buffer  = data,
  process_output_buffer = data,
  process_jobname       = data,
```

Section 8.4: node list processing callbacks.

```
  contribute_filter      = simple,
  buildpage_filter       = simple,
  build_page_insert      = exclusive,
  pre_linebreak_filter   = list,
  linebreak_filter       = list,
  append_to_vlist_filter = list,
  post_linebreak_filter  = list,
  hpack_filter           = list,
  vpack_filter           = list,
  hpack_quality          = list,
  vpack_quality          = list,
  pre_output_filter      = list,
  process_rule           = list,
  hyphenate              = simple,
  ligaturing             = simple,
  kerning                = simple,
  insert_local_par       = simple,
  mlist_to_hlist         = list,
```

Section 8.5: information reporting callbacks.

```
  pre_dump             = simple,
  start_run            = simple,
  stop_run             = simple,
  start_page_number    = simple,
  stop_page_number     = simple,
  show_error_hook      = simple,
  show_warning_message = simple,
  show_error_message   = simple,
  show_lua_error_hook  = simple,
  start_file           = simple,
  stop_file            = simple,
  call_edit            = simple,
```

Section 8.6: PDF-related callbacks.

```
  finish_pdffile = data,
  finish_pdfpage = data,
```

Section 8.7: font-related callbacks.

```
  define_font = exclusive,
% glyph_stream_provider = exclusive,% luatex 1.05
}
luatexbase.callbacktypes=callbacktypes
```

`callback.register` Save the original function for registering callbacks and prevent the original being used. The original is saved in a place that remains available so other more sophisticated code can override the approach taken by the kernel if desired.

```
local callback_register = callback_register or callback.register
function callback.register()
  luatexbase_error("Attempt to use callback.register() directly\n")
end
```

75.17.2 Handlers

The handler function is registered into the callback when the first function is added to this callback's list. Then, when the callback is called, the handler takes care of running all functions in the list. When the last function is removed from the callback's list, the handler is unregistered.

More precisely, the functions below are used to generate a specialized function (closure) for a given callback, which is the actual handler.

The way the functions are combined together depends on the type of the callback. There are currently 4 types of callback, depending on the calling convention of the functions the callback can hold:

simple is for functions that don't return anything: they are called in order, all with the same argument;

data is for functions receiving a piece of data of any type except node list head (and possibly other arguments) and returning it (possibly modified): the functions are called in order, and each is passed the return value of the previous (and the other arguments untouched, if any). The return value is that of the last function;

list is a specialized variant of *data* for functions filtering node lists. Such functions may return either the head of a modified node list, or the boolean values `true` or `false`. The functions are chained the same way as for *data* except that for the following. If one function returns `false`, then `false` is immediately returned and the following functions are *not* called. If one function returns `true`, then the same head is passed to the next function. If all functions return `true`, then `true` is returned, otherwise the return value of the last function not returning `true` is used.

exclusive is for functions with more complex signatures; functions in this type of callback are *not* combined: An error is raised if a second callback is registered..

Handler for `data` callbacks.

```
local function data_handler(name)
  return function(data, ...)
    for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
      data = i.func(data,...)
```

```
    end
    return data
  end
end
```

Handler for `exclusive` callbacks. We can assume `callbacklist[name]` is not empty: otherwise, the function wouldn't be registered in the callback any more.

```
local function exclusive_handler(name)
  return function(...)
    return callbacklist[name][1].func(...)
  end
end
```

Handler for `list` callbacks.

```
local function list_handler(name)
  return function(head, ...)
    local ret
    local alltrue = true
    for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
      ret = i.func(head, ...)
      if ret == false then
        luatexbase_warning(
          "Function `" .. i.description .. "' returned false\n"
            .. "in callback `" .. name .."'"
         )
         break
      end
      if ret ~= true then
        alltrue = false
        head = ret
      end
    end
    return alltrue and true or head
  end
end
```

Handler for `simple` callbacks.

```
local function simple_handler(name)
  return function(...)
    for _,i in ipairs(callbacklist[name]) do
      i.func(...)
    end
  end
end
```

Keep a handlers table for indexed access.

```
local handlers = {
  [data]      = data_handler,
  [exclusive] = exclusive_handler,
  [list]      = list_handler,
  [simple]    = simple_handler,
}
```

75.17.3 Public functions for callback management

Defining user callbacks perhaps should be in package code, but impacts on `add_to_callback`. If a default function is not required, it may be declared as `false`. First we need a list of user callbacks.

```
local user_callbacks_defaults = { }
```

`create_callback` The allocator itself.

```
local function create_callback(name, ctype, default)
  if not name  or name  == ""
  or not ctype or ctype == ""
  then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback:\n" ..
                     "valid callback name and type required")
  end
  if callbacktypes[name] then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback `" .. name ..
                     "':\ncallback is already defined")
  end
  if default ~= false and type (default) ~= "function" then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback `" .. name ..
                     ":\ndefault is not a function")
   end
  user_callbacks_defaults[name] = default
  callbacktypes[name] = types[ctype]
end
luatexbase.create_callback = create_callback
```

`call_callback` Call a user defined callback. First check arguments.

```
local function call_callback(name,...)
  if not name or name == "" then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to create callback:\n" ..
                     "valid callback name required")
  end
  if user_callbacks_defaults[name] == nil then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to call callback `" .. name
                     .. "':\nunknown or empty")
   end
  local l = callbacklist[name]
  local f
  if not l then
    f = user_callbacks_defaults[name]
    if l == false then
   return nil
 end
  else
    f = handlers[callbacktypes[name]](name)
  end
  return f(...)
end
luatexbase.call_callback=call_callback
```

`add_to_callback` Add a function to a callback. First check arguments.

```
local function add_to_callback(name, func, description)
```

```
  if not name or name == "" then
    luatexbase_error("Unable to register callback:\n" ..
                     "valid callback name required")
  end
  if not callbacktypes[name] or
    type(func) ~= "function" or
    not description or
    description == "" then
    luatexbase_error(
      "Unable to register callback.\n\n"
        .. "Correct usage:\n"
        .. "add_to_callback(<callback>, <function>, <description>)"
    )
  end
```

Then test if this callback is already in use. If not, initialise its list and register the proper handler.

```
  local l = callbacklist[name]
  if l == nil then
    l = { }
    callbacklist[name] = l
```

If it is not a user defined callback use the primitive callback register.

```
    if user_callbacks_defaults[name] == nil then
      callback_register(name, handlers[callbacktypes[name]](name))
    end
  end
```

Actually register the function and give an error if more than one `exclusive` one is registered.

```
  local f = {
    func        = func,
    description = description,
  }
  local priority = #l + 1
  if callbacktypes[name] == exclusive then
    if #l == 1 then
      luatexbase_error(
        "Cannot add second callback to exclusive function\n‘" ..
        name .. "’")
    end
  end
  table.insert(l, priority, f)
```

Keep user informed.

```
  luatexbase_log(
    "Inserting ‘" .. description .. "’ at position "
      .. priority .. " in ‘" .. name .. "’."
  )
end
luatexbase.add_to_callback = add_to_callback
```

`remove_from_callback` Remove a function from a callback. First check arguments.

```
local function remove_from_callback(name, description)
  if not name or name == "" then
```

```
    luatexbase_error("Unable to remove function from callback:\n" ..
                     "valid callback name required")
  end
  if not callbacktypes[name] or
    not description or
    description == "" then
    luatexbase_error(
      "Unable to remove function from callback.\n\n"
        .. "Correct usage:\n"
        .. "remove_from_callback(<callback>, <description>)"
    )
  end
  local l = callbacklist[name]
  if not l then
    luatexbase_error(
      "No callback list for ‘" .. name .. "’\n")
  end
```

Loop over the callback's function list until we find a matching entry. Remove it and check if the list is empty: if so, unregister the callback handler.

```
  local index = false
  for i,j in ipairs(l) do
    if j.description == description then
      index = i
      break
    end
  end
  if not index then
    luatexbase_error(
      "No callback ‘" .. description .. "’ registered for ‘" ..
      name .. "’\n")
  end
  local cb = l[index]
  table.remove(l, index)
  luatexbase_log(
    "Removing  ‘" .. description .. "’ from ‘" .. name .. "’."
  )
  if #l == 0 then
    callbacklist[name] = nil
    callback_register(name, nil)
  end
  return cb.func,cb.description
end
luatexbase.remove_from_callback = remove_from_callback
```

`in_callback` Look for a function description in a callback.

```
local function in_callback(name, description)
  if not name
    or name == ""
    or not callbacklist[name]
    or not callbacktypes[name]
    or not description then
      return false
  end
```

```
  for _, i in pairs(callbacklist[name]) do
    if i.description == description then
      return true
    end
  end
  return false
end
luatexbase.in_callback = in_callback
```

`disable_callback` As we subvert the engine interface we need to provide a way to access this functionality.

```
local function disable_callback(name)
  if(callbacklist[name] == nil) then
    callback_register(name, false)
  else
    luatexbase_error("Callback list for " .. name .. " not empty")
  end
end
luatexbase.disable_callback = disable_callback
```

`callback_descriptions` List the descriptions of functions registered for the given callback.

```
local function callback_descriptions (name)
  local d = {}
  if not name
    or name == ""
    or not callbacklist[name]
    or not callbacktypes[name]
    then
    return d
  else
  for k, i in pairs(callbacklist[name]) do
    d[k]= i.description
    end
  end
  return d
end
luatexbase.callback_descriptions =callback_descriptions
```

`uninstall` Unlike at the TEX level, we have to provide a back-out mechanism here at the same time as the rest of the code. This is not meant for use by anything other than latexrelease: as such this is *deliberately* not documented for users!

```
local function uninstall()
  module_info(
    "luatexbase",
    "Uninstalling kernel luatexbase code"
  )
  callback.register = callback_register
  luatexbase = nil
end
luatexbase.uninstall = uninstall
```

⟨/lua⟩

Reset the catcode of `@`.

⟨tex⟩`\catcode‘\@=\etatcatcode\relax`

File O
ltfinal.dtx

76 Final settings

This section contains the final settings for LaTeX. It initialises some debugging and typesetting parameters, sets the default \catcodes and uc/lc codes, and inputs the hyphenation file.

76.1 Debugging

By default, LaTeX shows statistics:

```
⟨*2ekernel⟩
\tracingstats1
```

76.2 Typesetting parameters

\@lowpenalty
\@medpenalty
\@highpenalty

These are penalties used internally.

```
\newcount\@lowpenalty
\newcount\@medpenalty
\newcount\@highpenalty
```

\newmarks

Allocate extended marks types if etex is active. Placed here at the end of the format to increase compatibility with count allocations in earlier releases.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newmarks}{Extended Allocation}%
\ifx\marks\@undefined\else
\def\newmarks{%
  \e@alloc\marks \e@alloc@chardef{\count256}\m@ne\e@alloc@top}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩                  {\newmarks}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩\let\newmarks\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

\newXeTeXintercharclass
\xe@alloc@intercharclass
\e@alloc@intercharclass@top

Allocate \XeTeXintercharclass types if xetex is active. previously defined in xetex.ini.

```
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩              {\newXeTeXintercharclass}{Extended Allocation}%
```

Classes allocated 1 to 4094 (or 254 on older xetex) (In earlier XeLaTeX versions 1, 2 and 3 were pre-set for CJK).

```
\ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
\else
```

```
\ifdim\the\XeTeXversion\XeTeXrevision\p@>0.99993\p@
  \chardef\e@alloc@intercharclass@top=4095
\else
  \chardef\e@alloc@intercharclass@top=255
\fi
\def\newXeTeXintercharclass{%
 \e@alloc\XeTeXcharclass
   \chardef\xe@alloc@intercharclass\m@ne\e@alloc@intercharclass@top}
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩               {\newXeTeXintercharclass}{Extended Allocation}%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩ \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \def\xe@alloc@#1#2#3#4#5{\global\advance#1\@ne
⟨latexrelease⟩     \xe@ch@ck#1#4#2%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \allocationnumber#1%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \global#3#5\allocationnumber
⟨latexrelease⟩     \wlog{\string#5=\string#2\the\allocationnumber}}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \def\xe@ch@ck#1#2#3{%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \ifnum#1<#2\else
⟨latexrelease⟩      \errmessage{No room for a new #3}%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \fi}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \def\newXeTeXintercharclass{%
⟨latexrelease⟩     \xe@alloc@\xe@alloc@intercharclass
⟨latexrelease⟩                     \XeTeXcharclass\chardef\@cclv}
⟨latexrelease⟩ \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2016/02/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
\ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
\else
  \countdef\xe@alloc@intercharclass=257
  \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\z@
\fi
⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2015/01/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩ \else
⟨latexrelease⟩   \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\thr@@
⟨latexrelease⟩ \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\xe@alloc@intercharclass}{Start of XeTeX class allocator}%
⟨latexrelease⟩ \ifx\XeTeXcharclass\@undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩ \else
⟨latexrelease⟩   \newcount\xe@alloc@intercharclass
⟨latexrelease⟩   \xe@alloc@intercharclass=\thr@@
⟨latexrelease⟩ \fi
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

The default values of the picture and `\fbox` parameters:

```
\unitlength = 1pt
\fboxsep = 3pt
\fboxrule = .4pt
```

The saved value of TEX's `\maxdepth`:

```
\@maxdepth       = \maxdepth
```

`\vsize` initialized because a `\clearpage` with `\vsize < \topskip` causes trouble. `\@colroom` and `\@colht` also initialized because `\vsize` may be set to them if a `\clearpage` is done before the `\begin{document}`

```
\vsize = 1000pt
\@colroom = \vsize
\@colht = \vsize
```

Initialise `\textheight` `\textwidth` and page style, to avoid internal errors if they are not set by the class.

```
\textheight=.5\maxdimen
\textwidth=\textheight
\ps@empty
```

76.3 Lccodes for hyphenation

For 7- and 8-bit engines the assumption of T1 encodings is the basis for the hyphenation patterns. That's not the case for the Unicode engines, where the assumption is engine-native working. The common loader system provides access to data from the Unicode Consortium covering not only `\lccode` but also other related data. The `\lccode` part of that at least needs to be loaded before hyphenation is tackled: XeTEX follows the standard TEX route of building patterns into the format. LuaTEX doesn't require this data be loaded *here* but it does need to be loaded somewhere. Rather than test for the Unicode engines by name, the approach here is to look for the extended math mode handling both provide: any other engine developed in this area will presumably also provide `\Umathcode`.

```
\ifnum 0%
  \ifx\Umathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
  \ifx\XeTeXmathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
  >\z@
  \message{ Unicode character data,}
  \input{load-unicode-data}
⟨/2ekernel⟩
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2016/02/01}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\XeTeXintercharclasses}{XeTeX character classes}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\XeTeXinterchartoks\undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩    \begingroup
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassID = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassOP = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassCL = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassEX = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassIS = 0 %
```

```
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassNS = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \chardef\XeTeXcharclassCM = 0 %
⟨latexrelease⟩      \input{load-unicode-xetex-classes}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \endgroup
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\let\xtxHanGlue\undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\let\xtxHanSpace\undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 1 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 2 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 3 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 0 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 0 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 0 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 1 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 2 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 3 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 1 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 2 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 3 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 1 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 2 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩    \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 3 = {}
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  {\XeTeXintercharclasses}{XeTeX character classes}%
⟨latexrelease⟩  \ifx\XeTeXinterchartoks\undefined
⟨latexrelease⟩  \else
⟨latexrelease⟩   \input{load-unicode-xetex-classes}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \gdef\xtxHanGlue{\hskip0pt plus 0.1em\relax}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \gdef\xtxHanSpace{\hskip0.2em plus 0.2em minus 0.1em\relax}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 1 = {\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 2 = {\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 0 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 0 = {\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 0 = {\nobreak\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 0 = {\xtxHanSpace}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 1 = {\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 2 = {\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 1 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 1 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 2 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 2 3 = {\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 1 = {\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 2 = {\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩   \global\XeTeXinterchartoks 3 3 = {\nobreak\xtxHanGlue}
⟨latexrelease⟩  \fi
⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

There is one over-ride that makes sense here (see below for the same for 8-bit engines): setting the lccode for - to itself.

```
  \lccode`\- =`\- % default hyphen char
```

The alternative is that a "traditional" engine is in use.

```
\else
```

We set things up so that hyphenation files can assume that the default (T1) lccodes are in use (at present this also sets up the uccodes). We temporarily define `\reserved@a` to apply `\reserved@c` to all the numbers in the range of its arguments.

```
\def\reserved@a#1#2{%
   \@tempcnta#1\relax
   \@tempcntb#2\relax
   \reserved@b
}
\def\reserved@b{%
   \ifnum\@tempcnta>\@tempcntb\else
      \reserved@c\@tempcnta
      \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
      \expandafter\reserved@b
   \fi
}
```

Depending on the TEX version, we might not be allowed to do this for non-ASCII characters.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{%
   \count@=#1\advance\count@ by -"20
   \uccode#1=\count@
   \lccode#1=#1
}
\reserved@a{‘\a}{‘\z}
\reserved@a{"A0}{"BC}
\reserved@a{"E0}{"FF}
```

The upper case characters need their `\uccode` and `\lccode` values set, and their `\sfcode` set to 999.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{%
   \count@=#1\advance\count@ by "20
   \uccode#1=#1
   \lccode#1=\count@
   \sfcode#1=999
}
\reserved@a{‘\A}{‘\Z}
\reserved@a{"80}{"9C}
\reserved@a{"C0}{"DF}
```

Well, it would be nice if that were correct, but unfortunately, the Cork encoding contains some odd slots whose uccode or lccode isn't quite what you'd expect.

```
\uccode‘\^^Y=‘\I     % dotless i
\lccode‘\^^Y=‘\^^Y   % dotless i
\uccode‘\^^Z=‘\J     % dotless j, ae in OT1
\lccode‘\^^Z=‘\^^Z   % dotless j, ae in OT1
\lccode‘\^^9d=‘\i    % dotted I
\uccode‘\^^9d=‘\^^9d % dotted I
\lccode‘\^^9e=‘\^^9e % d-bar
\uccode‘\^^9e=‘\^^d0 % d-bar
```

Finally here is one that helps hyphenation in the OT1 encoding.

```
\lccode‘\^^[=‘\^^[   % oe in OT1
```

And we also set the `\lccode` of `\-` and `\textcompwordmark` so that they do not prevent hyphenation in the remainder of the word (as suggested by Lars Helström).

```
\lccode`\- =`\-   % default hyphen char
\lccode 127=127   % alternate hyphen char
\lccode 23 =23    % textcompwordmark in T1
```

End of the conditional to select either Unicode or T1 encoding defaults.

```
\fi
```

This is as good a place as any to active a few XeTEX-specific settings

```
\ifx\XeTeXuseglyphmetrics\@undefined
\else
  \XeTeXuseglyphmetrics=1 %
  \XeTeXdashbreakstate=1 %
\fi
```

76.4 Hyphenation

The following code will be compiled into the format file. It checks for the existence of `hyphen.cfg` in inputs that file if found. Otherwise it inputs `hyphen.ltx`. Note that these are loaded in *before* the `\catcode`s are set, so local hyphenation files can use 8-bit input.

We try to load the customized hyphenation description file.

```
\InputIfFileExists{hyphen.cfg}
           {\typeout{=============================================^^J%
                      Local configuration file hyphen.cfg used^^J%
                     =============================================}%
             \def\@addtofilelist##1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,##1}}%
           }
           {\input{hyphen.ltx}}
\let\@addtofilelist\@gobble
```

`\l@nohyphenation`

```
\ifx\l@nohyphenation \@undefined
  \newlanguage\l@nohyphenation
\fi
```

`\document@default@language` Default document language. -1 acts as language 0, but used as a flag in `\document` to see if it has been set in the preamble.

```
\let\document@default@language\m@ne
```

76.5 Font loading

Fonts loaded during the formatting process might already have changed the `\font@submax` from `0pt` to something higher. If so, we put out a bold warning.

```
\ifdim \font@submax >\z@
   \@font@warning{Size substitutions with differences\MessageBreak
                  up to \font@submax\space have occurred.\MessageBreak
                 \MessageBreak
                 Please check the transcript file
                 carefully\MessageBreak
                 and redo the format generation if necessary!
```

```
                \@gobbletwo}%
   \errhelp{Only stopped, to give you time to
            read the above message.}
   \errmessage{}
```

We reset the macro. Otherwise every user will get a warning on every job.

```
\def\font@submax{0pt}
\fi
```

76.6 Input encoding

We temporarily define `\reserved@a` to apply `\reserved@c` to all the numbers in the range of its arguments.

```
\def\reserved@a#1#2{%
   \@tempcnta#1\relax
   \@tempcntb#2\relax
   \reserved@b
}
\def\reserved@b{%
   \ifnum\@tempcnta>\@tempcntb\else
      \reserved@c\@tempcnta
      \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
      \expandafter\reserved@b
   \fi
}
```

Set the special catcodes (although some of these are useless, since an error will have occurred if the catcodes have changed). Note that `^^J` has catcode 'other' for use in warning messages.

```
\catcode`\ =10
\catcode`\#=6
\catcode`\$=3
\catcode`\%=14
\catcode`\&=4
\catcode`\\=0
\catcode`\^=7
\catcode`\_=8
\catcode`\{=1
\catcode`\}=2
\catcode`\~=13
\catcode`\@=11
\catcode`\^^I=10
\catcode`\^^J=12
\catcode`\^^L=13
\catcode`\^^M=5
```

Set the 'other' catcodes.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=12\relax}
\reserved@c{`\!}
\reserved@c{`\"}
\reserved@a{`\'}{`\?}
\reserved@c{`\[}
\reserved@c{`\]}
\reserved@c{`\`}
\reserved@c{`\|}
```

Set the 'letter' catcodes.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=11\relax}
\reserved@a{`\A}{`\Z}
\reserved@a{`\a}{`\z}
```

All the characters in the range 0–31 and 127–255 are illegal, *except* tab (`^^I`), nl (`^^J`), ff (`^^L`) and cr (`^^M`).

Now allow 8-bit characters, although their use in this way is strongly discouraged. See `inputenc.dtx` for a supported mechanism for 8-bit input.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{\catcode#1=15\relax}
\reserved@a{0}{`\^^H}
\reserved@c{`\^^K}
\reserved@a{`\^^N}{31}
```

76.7 Lccodes and uccodes

We now again set up the default (T1) uc/lccodes. The lower case characters need their `\uccode` and `\lccode` values set. Some of this is a repeat of the set-up before loading hyphenation files. Depending on the TEX version, we might not be allowed to do this for non-ASCII characters. For the Unicode engines (XeTEX and LuaTEX) there is no need to do any of this: they use hyphenation data which does not alter any of the set up and so this entire block is skipped.

```
\ifnum 0%
  \ifx\Umathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
  \ifx\XeTeXmathcode\@undefined\else 1\fi
  >\z@
\else
\def\reserved@c#1{%
   \count@=#1\advance\count@ by -"20
   \uccode#1=\count@
   \lccode#1=#1
}
\reserved@a{`\a}{`\z}
\reserved@a{"A0}{"BC}
\reserved@a{"E0}{"FF}
```

The upper case characters need their `\uccode` and `\lccode` values set, and their `\sfcode` set to 999.

```
\def\reserved@c#1{%
   \count@=#1\advance\count@ by "20
   \uccode#1=#1
   \lccode#1=\count@
   \sfcode#1=999
}
\reserved@a{`\A}{`\Z}
\reserved@a{"80}{"9C}
\reserved@a{"C0}{"DF}
```

Well, it would be nice if that were correct, but unfortunately, the Cork encoding contains some odd slots whose uccode or lccode isn't quite what you'd expect.

```
\uccode`\^^Y=`\I     % dotless i
\lccode`\^^Y=`\^^Y   % dotless i
\uccode`\^^Z=`\J     % dotless j, ae in OT1
\lccode`\^^Z=`\^^Z   % dotless j, ae in OT1
```

```
\lccode`\^^9d=`\i    % dotted I
\uccode`\^^9d=`\^^9d % dotted I
\lccode`\^^9e=`\^^9e % d-bar
\uccode`\^^9e=`\^^d0 % d-bar
```

Finally here is one that helps hyphenation in the OT1 encoding.

```
\lccode`\^^[=`\^^[   % oe in OT1
\fi % End of reset block for 8-bit engines
```

\MakeUppercase
\MakeUppercase
\@uclclist

And whilst we're doing things with uc/lc tables, here are two commands to upper- and lower-case a string.

Note that this implementation is subject to change! At the moment we're not providing any way to extend the list of uc/lc commands, since finding a good interface is difficult. These commands have some nasty features, such as uppercasing mathematics, environment names, labels, etc. A much better long-term solution is to use all-caps fonts, but these aren't generally available.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\MakeUppercase}[1]{{%
      \def\i{I}\def\j{J}%
      \def\reserved@a##1##2{\let##1##2\reserved@a}%
      \expandafter\reserved@a\@uclclist\reserved@b{\reserved@b\@gobble}%
      \protected@edef\reserved@a{\uppercase{#1}}%
      \reserved@a
   }}
\DeclareRobustCommand{\MakeLowercase}[1]{{%
      \def\reserved@a##1##2{\let##2##1\reserved@a}%
      \expandafter\reserved@a\@uclclist\reserved@b{\reserved@b\@gobble}%
      \protected@edef\reserved@a{\lowercase{#1}}%
      \reserved@a
   }}
\def\@uclclist{\oe\OE\o\O\ae\AE
      \dh\DH\dj\DJ\l\L\ng\NG\ss\SS\th\TH}
```

The above code works, but has the nasty side-effect that if you say something like:

```
\markboth{\MakeUppercase\contentsname}
         {\MakeUppercase\contentsname}
```

then the uppercasing is only done to the first letter of the contents name, since the mark expands out to:

```
\mark{\protect\MakeUppercase Table of Contents}
     {\protect\MakeUppercase Table of Contents}
```

In order to get round this, we redefine `\MakeUppercase` and `\MakeLowercase` to grab their argument and brace it. This is a very low-level hack, and is *not* recommended practice! This is an instance of a general problem that makes it unsafe to grab arguments unbraced, and probably needs a more general solution. For the moment though, this hack will do:

```
\protected@edef\MakeUppercase#1{\MakeUppercase{#1}}
\protected@edef\MakeLowercase#1{\MakeLowercase{#1}}
```

76.8 Applying Patch files

Between major releases, small patches will be distributed in files `ltpatch.ltx` which must be added at this point.

Patch file code removed.

```
%\IfFileExists{ltpatch.ltx}
%  {\typeout{=================================^^J%
%              Applying patch file ltpatch.ltx^^J%
%             =================================}
%   \def\fmtversion@topatch{unknown}
%   \input{ltpatch.ltx}
%   \ifx\fmtversion\fmtversion@topatch
%      \ifx\patch@level\@undefined
%        \typeout{^^J^^J^^J%
%         !!!!
```

general scratch macros.

```
\let\reserved@a\@filelist
\let\reserved@b=\@undefined
\let\reserved@c=\@undefined
\let\reserved@d=\@undefined
\let\reserved@e=\@undefined
\let\reserved@f=\@undefined
```

`\toks`

```
\toks0{}
\toks2{}
\toks4{}
\toks6{}
\toks8{}
```

`\errhelp` Empty the error help message, which may have some rubbish:

```
\errhelp{}
```

76.10 Initialise file list

`\@providesfile` Initialise for use in the document. During initex a modified version has been used which leaves debugging information for `latexbug.tex`.

```
\def\@providesfile#1[#2]{%
    \wlog{File: #1 #2}%
    \expandafter\xdef\csname ver@#1\endcsname{#2}%
  \endgroup}
```

`\@filelist` `\@addtofilelist` Reset `\@filelist` so files input while making the format are not listed. The list built up so far may take up a lot of memory and so it is moved to `\reserved@a` where it will be overwritten as soon as almost any LaTeX command is issued in a class file. However the `latexbug.tex` program will be able to access this information and insert it into a bug report.

```
\let\@filelist\@gobble
\def\@addtofilelist#1{\xdef\@filelist{\@filelist,#1}}%
```

76.11 Dumping the format

Finally we make `@` into a letter, ensure the format will be in the 'normal' error mode, and dump everything into the format file.

```
\makeatother
\errorstopmode
\dump
```

⟨/2ekernel⟩

Change History

1985-11-04 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: produce warning message if line extends into margin. Doesn't warn about formula overprinting equation number. 277
1989-04-10 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0a
General: Starting with version numbers! `\ifmmode` added in `\math@group` 150
1989-04-10 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0b
General: `\preload@sizes` added. 150
`\wrong@fontshape` changed to define substitution font/shape macro. 150
1989-04-10 ltfssini.dtx v1.0a
General: Starting with version numbers `\newif` for `\@tempswa` added since this switch is unknown at the time when this file is read in. (latex.tex is loaded later.) `\math@famname` changed to `\math@version`. . 220
1989-04-14 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0c
General: More documentation added. 150
1989-04-15 ltfssini.dtx v1.0b
General: `\mathfontset` renamed to `\mathversion`. 220
1989-04-19 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0d
General: Even more doc. 150
1989-04-21 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0e
General: Documentation is fun! Parameters of `\define@mathalphabet` changed. 150
1989-04-21 ltfssini.dtx v1.0c
General: Changed to conform to fam.tex. 220
1989-04-23 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0f
General: % in `\getanddefinefonts` added. 150
1989-04-26 ltfssini.dtx v1.0d
General: `\xpt` added. 220
1989-04-27 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0g
General: Documentation revised. 150
1989-04-27 ltfssini.dtx v1.0e
General: Definitions of LaTeX symbols corrected. 220
1989-04-29 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0h
General: Documented problem with `\halign`, and `\noalign` 150
`\mathversion`: Test if version defined added. 158
1989-04-29 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0i
General: Removed the `\halign` `\noalign` correction (wasn't bugfree) 150
1989-04-29 ltfssini.dtx v1.0f
General: Corrections to LaTeX tabular env. added. 220
1989-05-01 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0j
General: Default for `\baselinestretch` added. . . 150
1989-05-22 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0k
General: Lines longer than 72 characters folded. 150
1989-05-22 ltfssini.dtx v1.0g
General: Lines shortened to 72 characters 220
1989-09-14 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0m
General: Global replacement: `\group` to `\mathgroup` 150
`\mathversion`: Corrected typo: `\endscname` to `\endcsname`. . 158
1989-11-07 ltfssini.dtx v1.0i
General: All family, series, and shape names abbreviated. . . 220
1989-11-08 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0o
General: First parameter of `\define@mathalphabet` and `\define@mathgroup` changed from string to control sequence. 150
1989-11-14 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0p
`\math@version`: Math version prefix 'mv@' added. 158
1989-11-19 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0q
`\define@newfont`: Group added. 160
`\wrong@fontshape`: Instead of calling `\family\default@family`, etc. we directly set `\f@family`, etc. 163
1989-11-22 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0r
`\math@version`: `\def` → `\edef` for `\math@version`. 158
1989-11-25 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0s
General: All `\edef\font@name` changed to `\xdef\font@name`.

Necessary after introduction of `\begingroup`/`\endgroup` in v1.0q. 150
extra// → + in `\extra@def`. . 150
1989-11-26 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0t
`\select@group`: `\bgroup`/`\egroup` changed to `\begingroup`/`\endgroup` to avoid empty Ord atom on math list. 165
1989-12-02 ltfssini.dtx v1.1b
General: `\rmmath` renamed to `\mathrm` 220
1989-12-03 ltfssini.dtx v1.1c
General: Some internal macros renamed to make them inaccessible. 220
1989-12-05 ltfssbas.dtx v1.0u
`\addto@hook`: `\addto@hook` added. 170
1989-12-05 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0u fam.dtx
`\every@math@size`: Hook `\every@size` added. 178
1989-12-13 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0f
`\use@mathgroup`: `\expandafter` added before final `\fi`. . . . 181
1989-12-16 ltfssbas.dtx v1.1a
`\select@group`: `\relax` in front added. 165
Now four arguments. 165
Redefinition of alphabet now simpler. 166
Usage of '=' macro added. . . . 166
1989-12-16 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.1a
`\selectfont`: Changed order of calls. 175
`\use@mathgroup`: Redefinition of alphabet now simpler. 181
Usage of '=' macro added. . . . 181
1990-01-18 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0h
General: `\tracingfonts` meaning changed. 171
1990-01-20 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2a
`\math@bgroup`: Def. placed in this file. 167
`\math@egroup`: Def. placed in this file. 167
`\select@group`: Def for alph id changed. 166
1990-01-21 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2b
`\select@group`: Code moved to `\use@mathgroup`. 166
1990-01-21 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.2b
`\use@mathgroup`: Macro added to allow cleaner interface. . . . 181
1990-01-23 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2c
General: `\no@version@warning` renamed to `\no@alphabet@error`. 150
Macro `\no@alphabet@help` added 150
`\no@alphabet@error`: Changed to error call 150
1990-01-25 ltfssini.dtx v1.1e
`\nfss@text`: Macro added. 223
1990-01-27 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2d
`\DeclarePreloadSizes`: Font identifier set to `\relax`. . . . 155
1990-01-28 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2e
`\mathgroup`: `\newfam` let to `\new@mathgroup`. 150
1990-01-28 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2f
`\define@newfont`: Added call to `\curr@fontshape` macro to allow substitution. 161
`\wrong@fontshape`: Warning message slightly changed. . . 163
1990-01-28 ltfssini.dtx v1.2b
`\em`: Call to `\@nomath` added. . . 221
1990-02-08 ltfssini.dtx v1.1g
General: Protected the commands `\family`, `\series`, `\shape`, `\size`, `\selectfont`, and `\mathversion`. 220
1990-02-16 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2g
General: Support for changes of `\baselineskip` without changing the size. 150
`\math@version`: `\@nomath` added. 158
1990-02-16 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0i
`\selectfont`: Changed `\f@size` to `\lcl@currsize` (see fam file). 175
1990-02-18 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0j
General: Redefine unprotected version `\p@selectfont` instead of `\selectfont`. 175
1990-03-14 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0k
General: Added code for TeX3. . 171
`\extract@font`: Added code for TeX3. 174
`\selectfont`: Added code for TeX3. 175
1990-03-30 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2h
`\math@egroup`: Changed to have one arg. 167

1990-03-30 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.2h
\use@mathgroup: Third argument removed (see \math@egroup). 181
1990-04-01 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2i
General: Code added from tracefnt.dtx. 150
Support for TeX3. 150
1990-04-01 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0l
General: Part of code moved to fam.dtx. 171
\tracingfonts: Check if \tracingfonts already defined. 172
1990-04-01 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0o
\tracingfonts: Check if \tracingfonts defined removed again. 172
1990-04-02 ltfssini.dtx v1.1i
General: \input of files now handled by docstrip. 220
1990-04-05 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0m
\selectfont: Call \tracingon only if \tracingfonts greater than 3. 175
1990-05-05 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0n
\selectfont: \tracingon with new syntax. 175
1990-06-23 ltfssini.dtx v1.1k
\nfss@text: Changed to \mbox. . 223
1990-06-24 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2j
\DeclarePreloadSizes: Missing percent added. 154
1990-06-24 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0o
\baselinestretch: Moved to tracefnt.dtx. 178
\getanddefine@fonts: \Adding tracing code. 182
\Macro moved from fam.dtx. . 182
Adding debug code. 182
\use@mathgroup: Tracing code added. 181
1990-06-30 ltfssbas.dtx v1.2l
\showhyphens: Macro added. . . . 168
1990-06-30 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0p
\use@mathgroup: Added \relax after math group number. . . 181
1990-07-07 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0q
\getanddefine@fonts: Group number added to tracing. . . 182
\math@egroup: Tracing code added. 181
\use@mathgroup: Group number added to tracing. 181
1990-08-27 ltfsstrc.dtx 1.0r
\type@restoreinfo: Some extra tracing info. 177
1990-08-27 ltfsstrc.dtx v1.0r
\getanddefine@fonts: Correcting missing name after \tracingon. 182
1991-03-28 ltfssini.dtx v1.1m
\copyright: Extra braces added. 223
1991-03-30 ltfssini.dtx v1.2g
\newfont: Definition added. . . . 222
\symbol: Definition added. 222
1991-07-24 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@verbatim: Added \penalty\interlinepenalty to definition of \par so that \samepage works 267
1991-08-14 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
\cases: (RmS) inserted extra braces around entry for NFSS 274
1991-08-14 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: (RmS) inserted extra braces around entry for NFSS 336
1991-08-14 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@endtheorem: Moved \itshape after \item to make it work with NFSS 358
1991-08-26 ltfssini.dtx v1.1n
\p@reset@font: Macro introduced 223
1991-08-26 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@verbatim: \@@par added 267
1991-08-26 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
\endpicture: (RmS & FMi) extra boxing level around \@picbox to guard against unboxing in math mode (proposed by John Hobby) 335
1991-08-26 ltplain.dtx LaTeX209
\tracingall: Added \errorcontextlines=\maxdimen, suggested by J. Schrod 29
1991-09-29 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@mpfootnotetext: (RmS) added \reset@font 308
1991-09-29 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@footnotetext: (RmS) added \reset@font 386
1991-09-29 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@eqnnum: RmS: \reset@font added. 277
1991-09-29 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@dottedtocline: (RmS) added \reset@font for page number 368

1991-10-17 ltcntrl.dtx LaTeX209
\@tfor: (Rms) \xdef replaced by \def (See FMi's array.doc) . . 54
1991-10-25 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@citex: added \reset@font, suggested by Bernd Raichle. 391
1991-11-01 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
\footnote: (RmS) Added \let\protect\noexpand in \footnote, \footnotemark, and \footnotetext, since \xdef is used 386
1991-11-04 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09
\makelabel: (RmS) added default definition for \makelabel, to produce an error message. . . 295
1991-11-04 ltplain.dtx RmS
General: Removed \itemitem since never needed/useful with LaTeX. 27
1991-11-06 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@citex: added code to remove a leading blank 391
1991-11-13 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@bibitem: Changed counter enumi to enumiv, as it says in the comment above 391
1991-11-21 ltfssini.dtx v1.1o
\p@reset@font: Added extra braces for robustness. 223
Changed to protected version of macro. 223
1991-11-22 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
\footnote: (RmS) Added \let\protect\noexpand in \@xfootnote, \@xfootnotemark, and \@xfootnotetext 386
1991-11-22 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@item: (RmS) Changed second call to \makelabel to \unhbox\@tempboxa. Avoids problems with side effects in \makelabel and is more efficient. 295
1991-11-27 ltfssbas.dtx v1.3a
General: All \family, \shape etc. renamed to \fontfamily etc. 150
1991-11-27 ltfssini.dtx v1.2a
General: All \family, \shape etc. renamed to \fontfamily etc. 220
1992-01-06 ltfssini.dtx v1.2c
General: added slitex code 220
1992-01-10 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@bibitem: Changed \c@enumiv to \value of \@listctr 391
1992-01-10 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
equation: RmS: put \hbox around \@eqnnum to typeset the equation number in text mode (as in the eqnarray env.) . . . 277
1992-01-10 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@othm: (RmS) Check for existence of theorem environment 357
1992-01-14 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@biblabel: removed \hfill . . . 393
1992-01-14 ltsect.dtx 0.0
\@starttoc: (RmS) added \immediate to \openout as all \write commands are also executed \immediate 367
1992-02-26 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@lbibitem: Added \hfill to restore left-alignment of bibliography labels in alpha style 391
1992-03-18 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX209
General: (RMS) changed input channel from 0 to \@inputcheck to avoid conflicts with other channels allocated by \newread 35
1992-03-18 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@xympar: (RmS) added \global\@ignorefalse 382
\end@float: (RmS) changed \@esphack to \@Esphack . . . 376
1992-03-18 ltlists.dtx 0.0
General: RmS: added \@nmbrlistfalse 292
1992-03-18 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\begin: Changed \@ignoretrue to \@ignorefalse (as documented) 265
1992-03-21 ltfssini.dtx v1.2d
General: Renamed \text to \nfss@text to make it internal. 220
1992-05-12 ltfssbas.dtx v1.3c
\extract@alph@from@version: Macro added. 166
\select@group: Added call to \extract@alph@from@version. . 166
1992-07-26 ltfssbas.dtx v1.9a
\curr@fontshape: 160
\DeclareFontShape: Introduced \DeclareFontShape 151

`\define@newfont`: 160
`\math@fonts`: 165
`\select@group`: 165, 166
`\split@name`: Added splitting into `\f@encoding`. 160
`\wrong@fontshape`: 163
1992-07-26 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.0b
`\s@fct@`: 190
`\s@fct@sub`: 191
`\selectfont`: 175
`\try@simple@size`: 184, 185
`\try@size@range`: 188
`\use@mathgroup`: 181
1992-08-14 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@citex`: added missing argument braces around `\hbox`, found by Ed Sznyter 391
1992-08-14 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX209
`\endminipage`: (RmS) replaced `\vskip-\lastskip` by `\unskip` (proposed by FMi) 307
1992-08-17 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@citex`: simplified code for removing leading blanks in citation key (proposed by Frank Jensen and Kresten Krab Thorup) 391
1992-08-19 ltsect.dtx 0.0
`\@xsect`: (RmS) corrected bug: stretch and shrink in argument to `\hskip` previously not negated 363
1992-08-19 ltthm.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@othm`: (RmS) Changed error message to complain about undefined counter 357
1992-08-20 ltfssini.dtx v1.4b
`\@setsize`: Added `\@currsize`. . 222
1992-08-24 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX209
`\@ifnextchar`: (Rms) `\@ifnextchar` didn't work if its first argument was an equal sign. 46
1992-08-24 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\begin`: Added code to `\begin` to remember line number. Used by `\@badend` to display position of non-matching `\begin`. . . . 265
`\verb`: Changed `\verb` and `\@sverb` to work correctly in math mode 269
1992-08-25 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@sect`: (FMi) replaced explicit setting of `\@svsec` by call to `\@seccntformat` 362
1992-09-18 ltlists.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: (RmS) Added warning if `\item` is used in math mode 293
1992-09-18 lttab.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@array`: Changed `\par` to `\@empty` to avoid starting new row e.g. after `\hline` 322
1992-09-19 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.0c
`\try@simple@size`: 184
1992-09-21 ltfssini.dtx v1.4d
`\not@math@alphabet`: Macro defined. 221
1992-09-22 ltfssbas.dtx v1.91a
General: Introduced `\tf@size` for math size. 150
1992-09-22 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1a
`\getanddefine@fonts`: Introduced `\tf@size` for math size. 182
1992-11-13 ltfssini.dtx v?
`\hexnumber@`: Made expandable. . 222
1992-11-23 ltcounts.dtx LaTeX209
`\stepcounter`: Replaced {} in `\stepcounter` by `\begingroup` `\endgroup` to avoid adding an empty ord in math mode . . . 144
1992-11-26 ltboxes.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@mpfootnotetext`: (RmS) added protection for `\edef` 308
1992-11-26 ltfloat.dtx LaTeX2.09
`\@footnotetext`: (RmS) added protection for `\edef` 386
`\footnote`: (RmS) Changed all to ‘def‘protect‘noexpand‘protect‘noexpand 386
1992-12-03 ltfssini.dtx v?
`\hexnumber@`: Make it accept counters. 222
1993-03-08 preload.dtx v2.0b
General: Added 12pt preloads . . 244
1993-03-18 ltfssbas.dtx v2.0c
General: Changed all `\@tempdima` in `\@tempdimb` to avoid killing `\numberline` 150
1993-03-18 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1b
General: Changed all `\@tempdima` in `\@tempdimb` to avoid killing `\numberline` 171
Changed all `\@tempdimb` in `\@tempdimx` to avoid killing `\numberline` 171
1993-03-18 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1c
`\DeclareSizeFunction`: Added all args to avoid blanks problems 187

1993-04-09 lterror.dtx v1.0e
\@latexerr: Mention The Companion 60
1993-04-11 lterror.dtx v1.0f
\@latexerr: Remove setting of errorcontextlines 60
1993-05-05 ltfntcmd.dtx v2.0b
General: Removed all LaTeX related cmds 248
1993-05-16 ltfssbas.dtx v2.0e
\showhyphens: Use \reset@font 168
1993-07-16 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1h
General: Changed layout of info messages 171
1993-07-17 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0d
General: changed \catcoding @ . 94
1993-08-03 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\enddocument: Changed redefinition of \global to redefinition of \@setckpt. . . 262
1993-08-05 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
\circle: (RMS) Added error message if \circle is used in math mode. 351
1993-08-05 ltsect.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@sect: (RmS) Made sure that \protect works correctly in expansion of \the counter . . 362
1993-08-05 ltspace.dtx LaTeX2e
\@hspace: (RmS) Removed superfluous \leavevmode in \@hspace and \@hspacer, as suggested by CAR. 78
1993-08-05 lttab.dtx latex2e
\tabular*: Replaced \expandafter\def by \@namedef. 322
1993-08-06 ltbibl.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@citex: Moved writing to .aux file in loop over citation keys so that leading blanks are removed there as well. 391
1993-08-13 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0f
General: Protected against active @ sign. 94
1993-08-13 preload.dtx v2.0c
General: Added \relax at end of font names. 245
1993-08-16 ltoutenc.dtx 1.0g
General: Needs space after \string 94
1993-08-18 ltfssdcl.dtx v2.0e
\new@mathversion: Exchanged names of encodings in warning message of \SetSymbolFont. 205
1993-09-02 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1i
General: Corrected name of sgen size function. 171
1993-09-03 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\verbatim@nolig@list: Replaced \@noligs by extensible list . 269
1993-09-07 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\verb@balance@group: (RmS) Changed definition of \verb so that it detects a missing second delimiter. 268
1993-09-08 ltmiscen.dtx LaTeX2.09
\enddocument: Added warning in case of undefined references. 262
1993-09-15 ltfssbas.dtx v2.0g
\DeclareFontEncoding: Corrected: \default@T to \default@M. . 153
1993-09-15 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.1j
General: Corrected spelling of \noxpand. 171
1993-09-19 lterror.dtx LaTeX2.09
\@invalidchar: (RmS) Error message for invalid input characters. 62
1993-11-02 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: RmS: Corrected description of \@eqnsel, moved \@eqnsel accordingly and removed extra \tabskip assignment. 277
1993-11-03 ltmath.dtx LaTeX2e
General: RmS: Initialized \everycr to empty 277
1993-11-03 ltpictur.dtx LaTeX2.09
General: (RmS) changed \halign to \ialign to initialize \tabskip and \everycr 336
1993-11-11 ltfssini.dtx v2.1a
\normalfont: Macro added 223
1993-11-11 ltfsstrc.dtx v2.2a
General: Option concept added for LaTeX2e 171
1993-11-14 ltclass.dtx v0.2a
\@currext: Name changed from \@currextension 472
\@fileswithoptions: Moved resetting of \default@ds, \ds@ and \@declaredoptions here, from the end of \ProcessOptions. 482
\@reset@ptions: macro added . . 483
\AtEndDocument: Included extension in the generated

macro name for package and class hooks. 484
\documentstyle: Added \RequirePackage \@unusedoptionlist stuff. . 479
\g@addto@macro: Made global . . 484
\NeedsTeXFormat: made more robust for alternative syntax for other formats. 480
\ProcessOptions*: Optimise 'empty option' code. 477
Stop adding the global option list inside class files. 477
1993-11-15 ltclass.dtx v0.2b
\documentstyle: Modified to match \ProcessOption* . . . 479
\ProcessOptions*: Star form added. 477
1993-11-17 ltclass.dtx v0.2c
\@@fileswith@pti@ns: Macro added 483
\@badrequireerror: Macro added 485
\@fileswithoptions: Added trap for two \LoadClass commands. 483
\@twoloadclasserror: Macro added 485
\CurrentOption: Name changed from \@curroption 472
\DeclareOption*: Error checking added 476
\NeedsTeXFormat: Name changed from \NeedsFormat 480
\ProcessOptions*: restoring \@fileswith@pti@ns added. 477
1993-11-18 ltclass.dtx v0.2d
\documentstyle: Modified \RequirePackage stuff. . . . 479
\ExecuteOptions: Use \CurrentOption not \reserved@a 478
\NeedsTeXFormat: \fmtname \fmtversion not \@... 480
1993-11-21 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e
\@missingfileerror: Stop infinite looping on \@er@ext 88
1993-11-21 ltmiscen.dtx v0.9a
\@verbatim: use \verbatim@font instead of \tt 268
\verb: Use \verbatim@font instead of \tt. 269
\verbatim@font: Macro added . . 268
1993-11-22 ltclass.dtx v0.2f
\@fileswithoptions: Made the default [] not [\@unknownversion] 481
Made the initial version [] not [\@unknownversion] 482
\@ifclasslater: Added //00 so parsing never produces a runaway argument. 474
General: \@unknownversion removed 487
1993-11-22 ltdefns.dtx LaTeX2e
\@minus: Macro added 34
\@plus: Macro added 34
\CheckCommand: Macro added . . . 41
\providecommand: Macro added . 41
1993-11-22 lterror.dtx LaTeX2e
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1993-11-22 ltfiles.dtx LaTeX2e
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1994-05-12 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5a
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1994-05-13 ltdefns.dtx v1.0q
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1994-05-14 ltoutenc.dtx 1.5d
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General: (ASAJ) Added definitions for protect. 34
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1994-05-17 ltdefns.dtx v1.1c
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1994-05-18 ltdefns.dtx v1.1c
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1994-05-18 ltfinal.dtx v0.1j
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1994-05-18 ltlogos.dtx v1.1b
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1994-10-23 ltfsstrc.dtx v23.k
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1994-10-25 ltoutenc.dtx v1.6a
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1994-10-30 ltmath.dtx v1.0n
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\@endfloatbox: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added to remove colour resetting from vmode 378
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\@savemarbox: (DPC/CAR) Extra box added for colour 381
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\' b440, l211, l362, l401, l435, l445, l523, l533, l539, l541, l544, l546, l554, l560, l566, l568, l571, l573, l581, l585, l592, l596, l601, l606, l609, l611, l618, l623, l624, l631, l636, l639, l689, l733, l752, l754, l755, l756, l759, l761, l762, l763, l765, l766, l1118, l1139, l1146, l1150, l1155, l1160, l1163, l1165, l1172, l1177, l1178, l1185, l1190, l1193, l1201, l1202, l1249, l1250, l1255, l1256, l1267, l1268, l1273, l1274, l1302, l1303, l1327, l1328, o349, s148, t216, y188, z151, B245, B266, C61, K584, O262
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\) b440, z168, z243
* o342, z148, L515, L583
\+ C61
\, . b354, b356, i281, t458, y188, z7, z8, z40, z108, z110, z113, z127, z144
\- b322, d9, d317, i272, l396, l397, l516, l727, l728, o344, y188, B244, B265, C61, O157, O197
\. b353, b355, k43, k101, l212, l363, l432, l433, l454, l529, l530, l556, l557, l583, l690, l757, l764, l1123, l1205, l1206, l1215, l1216, l1225, l1226, l1243, l1304, l1305, l1335, l1336, o343
\/ a97, d10, o291, o345, L148
\: b354, b356, d304, d305, z149
\; b354, b356, t452, z128, z144
\< l517, l681, o340, y188, C60, C98
\= l213, l364, l453, l691, l1121, l1195, l1196, l1211, l1212, l1234, l1235, l1236, l1261, l1262, l1287, l1288, l1317, l1318, l1333, l1334, l1341, l1342, s148, B245, B266, C60
\> l514, l682, o341, y188, z144, z149, C60
\? b353, b355, O262
\@ a65, d306, d307, g19, i284, j2, L24, L32, N18, N764, O254
\@@ a307, a308, f15, f19, f20, f21, f22, f24, f27, f28, f30, f31, k266, k282, p464, p466, p467, C199, C200, C201, C211, K10, K11
\@@defaultsubs o440
\@@enc@update l167, o224, o228
\@@end a69, a222, d8, k246, k247, y39, y49, M18, O339, O360
\@@endpbox C166, C197, C345
\@@eqncr z277, z295, z298, z403
\@@fileswith@pti@ns L222, L443
\@@hyph d9
\@@hyphenation l189
\@@if@newlist K599, K644, K657, K703
\@@ifdefinable d107, l17
\@@input a68, d7, k225, k226, k235, y19
\@@italiccorr d10, v96, v100
\@@line B402
\@@math@bgroup v114, v121
\@@math@egroup v111, v111
\@@par *63*, d6, h4, y49, y108, y113, y116, y130, y134, y137, A82, A85, B221, B243, B264, C172, F50, F101, K257
\@@patterns l189
\@@protect d229, d235, d244
\@@startpbox C166, C197, C345
\@@underline B358, B361, B362
\@@unprocessedoptions . . . L425, L487
\@@warning g166
\@Alph m49, m65
\@DeclareMathDelimiter . . . r679, r698
\@DeclareMathSizes . . o171, o172, o174
\@Esphack i110, G201, G223, G241

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\@IncludeInRelease c56, c57, c58
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\@MM b21, G414, K299
\@Mi e3, K136
\@Mii . . e3, G53, G122, G194, G216, G241, G311, K295, K1158, K1325
\@Miii e3, G55, G124, G313, K298
\@Miv e6, G195, G201, G217, G223, K272
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\@accii s148, B245, B266
\@acciii s148, B245, B266
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\@activechar@info K575
\@addamp C212, C221, C222, C237, C251, C286, C287
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\@addmarginpar K331, K1810
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\@addtotoporbot K1011, K1174, K1342, K1434, K1523
\@afterheading F75, F108
\@afterindentfalse F28
\@afterindenttrue . . F26, F107, F153
\@alph m48, m61, G375
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\@arabic m43, m45, m51, G373
\@argarraycr C176, C177
\@argdef d55
\@argrsbox B382
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\@array C154, C155
\@arrayacol C141, C219
\@arrayclassiv C142, C290
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\@arraycr C143, C174, C176
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\@arstrut C165, C198, C302
\@arstrutbox . C158, C191, C302, C344
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\@backslashchar d193, g185, g187, t229, L548
\@badcrerr g227
\@badend g198, y65
\@badlinearg g217, D58, D67, D68, D72, D116, D121, D132
\@badmath . . g201, z172, z174, z179, z182, z191, z203, z208, z217, z230, z235, z327, z339, z355, z364
\@badpoptabs g205, C74, C136
\@badrequireerror L162, L495
\@badtab g208, C22, C76, C97, C103, C110, C133
\@begin@tempboxa B27, B42, B158, B221, B383, B391
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\@begindvi K623, K682, K709
\@begindvibox K86, K710
\@beginparpenalty i30, z330, z342, z368, A23, A170
\@begintheorem E30, E35
\@bezier D368, D369
\@bibitem I3, I8
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\@botroom G275, K110, K988, K991, K1914, K1941
\@boxfpsbit K2030, K2032, K2037

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\@captype G5, G9, G12, G40, G88, G109, G157, K1994
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\@carcube d40, d110
\@cclv b16, K300, K304, K382, K383, K412, K429, K430, K459, K483, K487, K488, O53
\@cclvi b21, b57, b82, b93, b95, b99, b159, b173, N28, N56
\@cdr *35*, d38, d285, d286
\@centercr y68, y76, y83, y89
\@centering z257, z258, z265, z268, z271, z396, z400
\@cflb K713
\@cflt K713
\@changed@cmd . . l3, l63, l207, o96, o232
\@changed@x l3, l195, l203
\@changed@x@mouth l195, l203
\@charlb k184, k192
\@charrb k186, k192
\@chclass C232, C233, C294, C307, C312
\@check@c d164, d166
\@check@eq d170, d171, d175
\@checkend y11, y61, y64
\@chnum C240, C259, C294, C309, C310, C311
\@circ D340, D341, D342
\@circle D328, D329
\@circlefnt D37, D39, D232, D261, D303, D333, D348, D363
\@cite I16, I52
\@cite@ofmt I24, I53
\@citea I15, I17
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\@citex I13, I14
\@classi C232, C266
\@classii C232, C280
\@classiii C232, C285
\@classiv C142, C153, C233
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\@classv C233, C291
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\@cline C326
\@clnht D74, D75, D83, D85, D87, D97, D104, D130, D357
\@clnwd D76, D82, D86, D88, D89, D357
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\@clsextension L16, L41, L52, L77, L132, L158, L175, L191, L201, L258, L273, L281, L339, L367, L438, L446, L472
\@clubpenalty k9, k23, k80, A128, A196, F89, F118
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\@colnum G276, K111, K994, K1039, K1108, K1109, K1137, K1145, K1187, K1266, K1267, K1299, K1311, K1355, K1419, K1420, K1457, K1462, K1506, K1507, K1549, K1556, K1909, K1936, K1975, K2150
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\@combinedblfloats K749, K2229, K2268
\@combinefloats K501, K713
\@comdblflelt K749
\@comflelt K719, K735, K749
\@cons *35*, b196, b213, d37, m44, G193, G215, G239, G355, K237, K887, K906, K922, K946, K948, K968, K970, K1140, K1208, K1304, K1377, K1450, K1540, K1643, K1666, K1769, K1794, K1811, K1812, K2156
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\@curline C16, C27, C39, C44, C53, C54, C55, C79, C80, C92, C117, C118
\@curr@enc l148, l150
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\@current@cmd l25, o236

\@currentlabel x34, x37, x40, z261, z381, B330, G416

\@currenvir g199, y3, y55, y65, A112, B104, L542, L548, L556, L560, L566

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\@currext L15, L23, L31, L131, L132, L175, L184, L191, L201, L268, L277, L396, L397, L402, L403, L408, L414, L418, L420, L422, L424, L426, L427, L430, L436, L438, L446, L464, L472, L488, L489

\@currlist G193, G215, G355, K67, K311, K388, K391, K435, K438, K1811

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\@currnamestack L20

\@curroptions L184, L192, L214, L489, L490

\@currsize s72

\@currtype K119, K877, K878, K879, K880, K897, K898, K899, K900, K1026, K1110, K1120, K1268, K1279, K1421, K1508, K1626, K1751, K2000, K2002, K2003, K2006

\@curtab C11, C26, C75, C76, C77, C83, C84, C87, C91, C92, C96, C131, C132

\@curtabmar C11, C25, C26, C38, C44, C78, C91, C95, C96

\@d@r a161, a162

\@dashbox D175, D176, D177, D178, D179, D182, D185, D187, D196, D198, D199, D200, D201, D204, D207, D210, D359

\@dashcnt D169, D170, D171, D172, D173, D174, D184, D186, D189, D190, D191, D192, D194, D195, D206, D209, D359

\@dashdim D168, D169, D170, D171, D173, D176, D178, D179, D180, D184, D186, D188, D189, D190, D191, D194, D198, D200, D201, D202, D208, D211, D359

\@date F7

\@dbflt G32, G264

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\@dbldeferlist G239, K70, K445, K450, K452, K815, K822, K823, K1751, K1754, K1794, K1796, K1925, K1953

\@dblfloat G31

\@dblfloatplacement k29, k87, G271, G280, K401, K449, K1906, K1933, K2234, K2274

\@dblflset G26

\@dblfpbot G290, G304, K2318

\@dblfpsep G289, G303, K2318

\@dblfptop G288, G302, K2318

\@dbltoplist K69, K232, K235, K237, K397, K398, K445, K446, K754, K758, K760, K761, K1638, K1643, K1763, K1769, K1924, K1951

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\@dbltoproom . . G284, G286, G298, G300, K108, K1580, K1583, K1584, K1593, K1594, K1597, K1600, K1603, K1607, K1611, K1615, K1620, K1640, K1701, K1704, K1705, K1714, K1715, K1716, K1719, K1723, K1726, K1730, K1735, K1739, K1744, K1745, K1766, K1918, K1945

\@dec@text@cmd l3

\@declaredoptions L8, L165, L188, L204, L219, L452

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\@defaultunits o179, o183, o184, o185, o200, o262, p133, p135
\@defdefault@ds . . . L163, L168, L173
\@deferlist K68, K384, K393, K394, K397, K402, K404, K410, K431, K440, K442, K777, K785, K786, K797, K802, K803, K1110, K1113, K1208, K1210, K1268, K1271, K1377, K1379, K1421, K1423, K1450, K1452, K1508, K1510, K1540, K1542, K1626, K1628, K1666, K1668, K1923, K1950
\@definecounter m12, m36, z246, A227, A228, A229, A230, E8, E16, G372, G374
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\@dir a160, a163, a165, a167, a168
\@dischyph d317, d332, d337, B244, B265
\@doclearpage K296, K371
\@documentclasshook . . L3, L344, L372
\@doendpe y62, A123
\@dofilelist k272, k288, y21
\@donoparitem A144, A158
\@dot D328, D341
\@dotsep F160
\@dottedtocline F149
\@downline D154, D158, D163
\@downvector D125, D163
\@eha d253, g170, g188, g190, g192, g200, g202, g232, k151, l52, l82, l1507, l1517, o25, o67, o109, o152, o218, o273, p106, r25, r70, r99, r161, r192, r293, r314, r346, r387, r432, r437, r492, r601, r605, r609, r645, r655, r740, r745, r748, r780, r783, r838, r841, r844, r911, r917, v129, y54, K1875, K1891, I47
\@ehb g170, g195, g220, g222, g224, K234, K390, K437
\@ehc d103, d130, g170, g227, g230, g236, g238, y157, y184, z302, A220, F4
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\@empty f14
\@emptycol K198, K245, K248, K277, K281
\@end@tempboxa B36, B45, B163, B234, B389, B399
\@enddocumenthook . . y10, L454, L469
\@endfloatbox G190, G211, G236, G248
\@endparenv A120, A123
\@endparpenalty i31, z331, z343, z369, A23, A124
\@endpbox C166, C197, C227, C292, C343, C346
\@endpefalse y59, A129, A131, A135, A136, A138, B107
\@endpeltrue A138
\@endpetrue A124, A126, A134
\@endtheorem E13, E19, E25, E35
\@enlargepage . . K1860, K1865, K1867
\@ensuredmath z313, z315
\@enumctr A234, A237, A238
\@enumdepth . . A226, A232, A233, A234
\@eqcnt z254, z299, z304, z383, z398, z399, z401
\@eqncr . . . z266, z284, z305, z306, z385
\@eqnnum . . z248, z249, z303, z317, z376
\@eqnsel z254, z397
\@eqnswfalse z283
\@eqnswtrue z256, z262, z304, z382
\@eqpen z254, z287, z289, z296
\@err@ g37, g41, g44, g52, g64, g68, g71, g79
\@esphack . i11, i69, i237, i254, x35, G361, H17, H19, H34, K1883, I50
\@evenfoot J12, J15, K613, K672
\@evenhead J12, J15, K612, K671
\@expandtwoargs d191, L81, L190, L204, L228
\@expast C200, C228
\@failedlist K841, K864, K880, K887, K900, K906, K922, K936, K959
\@fcolmadefalse K832
\@fcolmadetrue K920
\@filef@und . . . k207, k217, k225, k235
\@filelist k60, k115, k262, k263, k274, s124, s134, s144, O210, O364, O380
\@fileswfalse k127

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\@fileswith@pti@ns L162, L222, L331, L332, L336, L338, L365, L366, L392, L443
\@fileswith@ptions L326, L327, L329, L333
\@fileswithoptions L258, L265, L273, L324
\@fileswtrue k7
\@finalstrut . B334, B400, C344, G421
\@firstampfalse . . . C215, C238, C255
\@firstamptrue C223
\@firstcolfirstmark K2211, K2212, K2216
\@firstcoltopmark K2209, K2217
\@firstcolumnfalse K2201, K2246
\@firstcolumntrue k26, k84, K98, K207, K2220, K2252
\@firstofone d186, k54, k109, l68, l147, p300, r53, r81, r142, r172, r690, y9, z311, C331, G10, N65, N100, N108, N166, I18, I42
\@firstoftwo a87, d186, d281, d308, k218, l131, l1479, l1495, m100, m105, r694, x19, J16, L48, L64, L88, L106
\@firsttab C2, C63, C64, C65, C95, C107
\@flcheckspace . . K988, K1024, K2101
\@flfail K864, K915, K936, K946, K959, K968
\@float G26, G32
\@floatboxreset . . . G101, G170, G174
\@floatpenalty G3, G53, G55, G58, G122, G124, G127, G191, G194, G199, G201, G212, G216, G221, G223, G237, G241, G311, G313, G317, G321, G355
\@floatplacement k29, k87, G271, L149, K209, K253, K477, K1907, K1934
\@flsetnum K985, K1021, K1108, K1266, K1419, K1506, K1577, K1698, K2069
\@flsettextmin K1084, K1236, K1405, K1488, K2085
\@flstop K1971
\@flsucceed K857, K865, K914, K948, K970
\@fltovf g223, G93, G162, G322
\@flupdates K991, K1036, K2147
\@flushglue e17, y77, y83, y90, y107, y129, A76, B251, B272
\@fnsymbol m50, m69
\@font@info o98, o136, o142, o300, o317, o476, p30, p38, p46, p74, p87, p126, p154, p168, p179, p193, p209, p215, p228, p235, p242, p247, p257, p269, p281, p445, p457, p462, p469, p494, p502, r202, r217, r251, r297, r366, r372, r416, r429, r512, r592, r636, r730, r879, r908
\@font@warning o4, o390, o395, o422, o429, p19, p33, p41, p49, p61, p77, p430, p444, p456, p461, p468, p493, p501, q30, y23, O219
\@fontswitch v109, v111
\@footnotemark G403, G409, G427, G433, G434
\@footnotetext B304, G403, G409, G410, G443, G449
\@for f16, k162, k274, L90, L107, L188, L202, L214, L219, L239, L249, L490, I16, I41
\@forloop f19, f20
\@fornoop f15, f23, f29
\@fortmp f17, f18, f26, L237, L239
\@fpbot G290, G304, K862, K2312
\@fpmin G278, G287, G301, K113, K919, K1915, K1942, K2164, K2181
\@fps G41, G42, G44, G47, G64, G110, G111, G113, G116, G133, K1992, K1994, K1997
\@fpsadddefault G45, G48, G114, G117, K1989
\@fpsep G289, G303, K860, K869, K941, K963, K2312
\@fpstype K982, K1003, K1004, K1018, K1049, K1050, K1074, K1076, K1079, K1081, K1132, K1188, K1189, K1224, K1227, K1230, K1233, K1294, K1356, K1357, K1395, K1397, K1400, K1402, K1476, K1479, K1482, K1485, K1574, K1589, K1591, K1609, K1618, K1654, K1655, K1695, K1710, K1712, K1732, K1742, K1781, K1782, K1985, K2001, K2003, K2005, K2008, K2009, K2010, K2012, K2013, K2017, K2018, K2020, K2021, K2055, K2057, K2059, K2071, K2073, K2087, K2089, K2119, K2122, K2133
\@fptop G288, G302, K859, K2312
\@frameb@x B134, B162, B164

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\@framebox B141, B148, B152
\@framepicbox B141, B148, B185
\@freelist . b196, b213, b264, G60, G129, G319, G320, K29, K34, K48, K56, K213, K499, K731, K746, K760, K865, K1811, K1812
\@getcirc . . . D222, D255, D299, D331
\@getfpsbit K979, K1015, K1571, K1692, K2028
\@getlarrow D123, D131, D133
\@getlinechar D69, D108
\@getpen i7, i10, i21, i55
\@getrarrow D124, D131, D140
\@glossaryfile H21, H22, H31
\@gnewline i46, i48, i49
\@gobble d86, d108, d183, d193, d211, d215, d250, d256, d259, d268, f6, f9, g101, g127, g153, g162, i42, i312, k61, k116, k262, l29, l1457, o391, o424, p299, q26, r28, r30, r255, r266, r330, r377, r378, r407, r413, r421, r426, r444, r458, r468, r477, r490, r507, r516, r586, r595, r629, r639, r723, r733, r796, r801, r870, r901, s127, s137, s147, F126, F127, F128, F129, F130, F146, G7, K619, K620, K621, K678, K679, K680, K926, K1899, K2165, K2182, L294, L511, L535, L540, N64, N98, O213, O309, O315, O380, I11, I25, I26
\@gobble@IncludeInRelease c65, c72, c75
\@gobblecr i310, i311
\@gobblefour d183, r24, r252, r368, r370, r374, r376, r386, r390, r514, r566, L542
\@gobbletwo d150, d151, d183, f12, k30, k88, o396, o430, r132, y16, y24, J11, J13, L534, O225
\@gtempa d101, d102, d156, d158, k243, k244, k246, k247, k248, C3, C5, C6, C7, C8, L122, L123, L133, L135
\@halfwidth D2, D38, D40, D41, D106, D156, D159, D175, D182, D196, D206, D209, D365, D387, D400, D401, D402
\@halignto . . C143, C147, C150, C164
\@hangfrom F49, F100, F121
\@height b391, d11, i242, i250, l276, l278, p144, t290, t508, t509, t511, t512, B118, B123, B171, B181, B357, B401, C159, C192, C318, C335, D106, D157, D160, D175, D182, D198, D205, D280, D323, D401, K1850
\@highpenalty i56, O3
\@hightab . . . C11, C21, C23, C63, C75, C84, C85, C100, C131, C132
\@hline D60, D105, D122
\@holdpg K122, K300, K302, K303, K308, K309, K310
\@hspace i296, i297
\@hspacer i296, i298
\@hvector D118, D122
\@icentercr y71, y72
\@iden d189
\@if d146, d147, d149
\@if@pti@ns L81, L85, L87, L104, L105, L120, L234, L246
\@if@ptions . . L76, L77, L80, L82, L403
\@ifatmargin C55, C95
\@ifclasslater *471*, L51
\@ifclassloaded *471*, L40
\@ifclasswith *471*, L76
\@ifdefinable *35*, d59, d61, d105, d107, d213, l14, l17, m11, n3, s68, B70, E7, E15, E22
\@iffileonpath k203, k211
\@ifl@aded . . L40, L41, L44, L50, L402
\@ifl@t@r L56, L59, L66, L315
\@ifl@ter l1440, l1441, L51, L52, L55, L58, L430
\@ifl@ter@@ l1440, l1441
\@ifnch d291, d293, d305
\@ifnextchar *35*, a98, d287, d292, d308, i44, i311, k226, m13, p365, y70, z252, A143, B9, B11, B18, B20, B26, B47, B76, B77, B83, B84, B91, B95, B140, B141, B147, B148, B153, B186, B194, B202, B209, B213, B282, B286, B290, B341, B346, B369, B376, B381, C57, C154, C176, C183, D10, D42, D53, D238, E3, E5, E28, G27, G264, G324, G401, G424, G441, K209, K1973, L128, L310, L325, L330, I3, I13
\@iforloop f21, f22
\@ifpackagelater *471*, L51
\@ifpackageloaded . . *471*, K1957, L40
\@ifpackagewith *471*, L76
\@iframebox B154, B155, B156
\@iframepicbox B186, B187

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\@ifstar *35*, d48, d308, i38, i226, i296, o171, q121, y69, y169, y178, z286, C56, C175, C182, D52, D328, F35, F125, K1855, L163, L185
\@ifundefined *35*, d102, d109, d129, d136, d158, d169, d250, d256, d279, l1459, m3, m7, m16, o65, o151, p378, r287, x23, y44, y53, E21, J3, J7, L38, L153, L215, L572, L575, I20, I44
\@ignorefalse y4, y58, y63, G360
\@ignoretrue i120, i133, y4, y7, z245, z248, z280, z406
\@iiiminipage B284, B288, B291, B292, B293
\@iiiparbox B196, B204, B211, B214, B215, B216, B321
\@iiminipage B287, B289
\@iinput k226, k227
\@iiparbox B210, B212
\@iirsbox B381, B390
\@imakebox B26, B41, B93
\@imakepicbox . . . B47, B48, B98, B188
\@iminipage B283, B285
\@include k152, k153
\@index H18, H19, H35
\@indexfile H4, H5, H14
\@inlabelfalse A28, A104, A184, K163, K190
\@inlabeltrue A28, A178
\@inmatherr . . g233, A112, A142, D328
\@inmathwarn l3
\@input k32, k90, k156, k234, F135
\@input@ k171, k236, o327, I31
\@inputcheck a70, a191, a192, a195, a203, d23, d30, k3, k198, k199, k206, k215, k216, k219, L522, L523, L530
\@insertfalse K1072, K1222, K1393, K1474, K1569, K1690
\@inserttrue K998, K1043, K1160, K1328, K1648, K1775
\@invalidchar g238
\@iparbox B195, B203, B208
\@irsbox B369, B376, B381, B382
\@isavebox B91, B92
\@isavepicbox B96, B97
\@ishortstack D43, D51
\@istackcr D53, D54
\@itabcr C57, C58
\@item A143, A156
\@itemdepth . . A241, A243, A244, A245
\@itemfudge C38, C44, C71
\@itemitem A245, A248
\@itemlabel A44, A96, A143
\@itempenalty i32, A23, A175
\@iwhiledim f7
\@iwhilenum f3
\@iwhilesw f10
\@ixpt o572
\@ixstackcr D52
\@killglue D22, D30, D36
\@kludgeins K319, K320, K321, K323, K376, K377, K423, K424, K502, K518, K519, K525, K526, K527, K536, K552, K556, K566, K1851, K1882
\@labels A27, A146, A147, A189, A206, A207
\@largefloatcheck G192, G213, G238, G256
\@lastchclass C223, C233, C234, C236, C244, C267, C281, C285, C294, C307, C308
\@latex@error d103, d130, d251, g136, g168, g184, g190, g192, g195, g197, g199, g202, g204, g206, g209, g213, g218, g222, g224, g226, g227, g229, g232, g236, g238, k151, l50, l82, o6, o25, o67, o109, o152, o218, o273, p105, q100, q111, r23, r68, r97, r117, r159, r190, r213, r229, r293, r314, r346, r386, r390, r432, r437, r492, r560, r566, r601, r605, r609, r645, r655, r740, r745, r748, r780, r783, r838, r841, r844, r911, r917, s50, s100, v126, y54, y156, y184, z302, A219, C89, C98, F4, G6, G83, L269, L288, L301, L404, L479, L496, L504, L509, I47
\@latex@info d199, d270, d320, g136, l83
\@latex@info@no@line g136, K576
\@latex@warning g136, g166, l55, x14, D234, G260, K1995, L559, L565, I22, I45
\@latex@warning@no@line d177, g136, g167, k17, k74, k260, x8, x26, x27, y31, F6, K243, K275, K1826, K2061, L124, L316, L431, L524, L531, L589
\@latexbug g225, K333, K1812
\@latexerr g166, K234, K390, K437, K1873, K1890
\@lbibitem I3, I4
\@ldots t456, t458

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\@leftcolumn K121, K2202, K2223, K2247, K2256
\@leftmark J16, J36
\@let@token d291, d294, d297, d305, i266, i267, i274, v66, v79, z153, z155, z158
\@lign z138, z140
\@linechar D69, D70, D71, D75, D76, D78, D83, D85, D86, D87, D88, D90, D94, D95, D98, D99, D104, D129, D355
\@linefnt D37, D39, D69, D122, D130, D161, D164, D362
\@linelen D57, D58, D82, D89, D98, D100, D105, D106, D107, D115, D116, D157, D160, D162, D163, D356
\@listctr A202, A225, I9
\@listdepth A23, A35, A38, A43, A99, B305
\@listfiles k59, k114, k266, k281
\@loadwithoptions . L275, L281, L285
\@lowpenalty i55, O3
\@ltab C60, C95
\@m b21, b351, b353, b354, b387, b388, i184, i288, i293, k43, k101, A80, D92, D96, I17
\@mainaux k5, k35, k36, k93, k94, k144, k156, k181, y15
\@makebox B11, B20, B25
\@makecaption G24
\@makecol . . . K261, K413, K460, K480
\@makefcolumn . K393, K394, K402, K404, K440, K442, K450, K452, K2160, K2162, K2178, K2179
\@makefnmark G376, G437
\@makefntext B333, G420
\@makeother a76, a97, a126, d311, d312, o340, o341, o342, o343, o344, o345, o346, o347, o348, o349, o350, y118, y139, y150, y166, y176, L148, L149, L547
\@makepicbox B10, B19, B46, D211
\@makespecialcolbox K503, K522
\@marbox . G320, G322, G326, G330, G331, G355, K1811, K1821, K1824, K1832, K1834, K1835, K1837, K1838, K1839, K1848
\@marginparreset G339, G346
\@markright J29, J34
\@maxdepth k57, k112, K91, K486, K514, O85
\@maxtab C2, C83
\@medpenalty i56, O3
\@midlist K66, K499, K500, K1026, K1028, K1140, K1304, K1922, K1949
\@minipagefalse A181, B278, B280, B318, G187, G250, G341
\@minipagerestore B306, B308
\@minipagetrue B279, G186
\@minus d11, K2305, K2306, K2307, K2310, K2311
\@missingfileerror *472*, k230, k237, L424
\@miv e3
\@mkboth J11, J13
\@mklab A45, A140
\@mkpream C162, C195, C223
\@mparbottom G363, G364, K118, K476, K1822, K1830, K1831, K1832, K1833
\@mpargs B297, B321
\@mparswitchfalse K102
\@mpfn . B303, G401, G406, G446, G450
\@mpfootins B312, B313, B316, B322, B325, B326
\@mpfootnotetext B304, B324
\@mplistdepth B305, B322
\@multicnt C329, C331, C332, C333, C340, C341, C342, D30, D31, D33, D352, D385, D387, D388, D389, D390, D394, D398, D409, D413
\@multiplelabels k31, k89, x25, x31, y29, y35
\@multiput D28, D29
\@multispan C330, C334, C338
\@namedef *35*, d35, k191, l1462, o100, o101, o125, p372, x28, y148, z306, z307, C148, E12, E13, E18, E19, E23, E24, E25
\@nameuse *35*, d36, k179, k190, E23, J5, K607, K665
\@nbitem A168, A221
\@ne b16
\@needsf@rmat L311, L314, L319
\@needsformat L299, L309, L313
\@negargfalse D65
\@negargtrue D64
\@newcommand d54, d55
\@newctr m13, m15, E8
\@newenv d125, d126, d135
\@newenva d123, d124
\@newenvb d125, d126
\@newl@bel x22, y17, I10
\@newline i45, i47

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\@newlistfalse A29, A33, A108, A182, K600, K658
\@newlisttrue A29, A33, A87
\@next b264, G60, G129, G319, G320, K9, K213, K311, K876, K896, K1811
\@nextchar C230, C231, C289, C290, C291
\@nil a161, a162, c12, c18, c62, c63, d38, d39, d40, d110, d285, d286, f13, f19, f27, j14, l87, l108, l923, l927, l958, l970, l972, o292, o303, o356, o459, o462, o463, o471, p304, p305, p307, p320, p326, p330, p331, p367, p388, p393, p473, p487, q26, q44, q53, q57, r40, r356, r364, r397, r922, r924, v41, v45, C326, C327, L27, L29, L60, L61, L69, L70, L72, L238, L242, L248, L252, L379, L388
\@nmbrlistfalse A33, A46, A91
\@nmbrlisttrue A225
\@nnil f13, f20, f21, f22, f28, o179, o183, o184, o185, o200, p133, p135, p299, p301, p313, p315, p320, p334, p336, p343, p354, p355, p357, p388, p393, L351, L352, L359
\@no@font@optfalse q17, q129
\@no@lnbk i13, i14, i15
\@no@pgbk i3, i4, i5
\@nobreakfalse i58, i60, A193, F77, F112, F140, G182, K165, K192, K1149, K1315
\@nobreaktrue i59, F109, G181
\@nocnterr g191
\@nocounterr . g191, m4, m8, m16, E21
\@nodocument g196, k65, k120, y50, G39, G108, K156, K183, K212
\@noitemargfalse A32, A200
\@noitemargtrue A32, A143
\@noitemerr g228, i164, i199, i222, A69, A81, A107
\@noligs . y119, y140, y167, y177, y194
\@nolnerr g189, i17, i51, y68
\@nomath o2, o271, s35, s42, s63, s65, s70
\@noparitemfalse A30, A145
\@noparitemtrue A30, A66
\@noparlistfalse A31, A70
\@noparlisttrue A31, A67
\@normalcr i35, i43, B277
\@normalsize L4, L5
\@noskipsecfalse k52, k107, F81, K158, K185
\@noskipsectrue F21, F78
\@notdefinable d111, d112, d116, g183
\@notprerr g231, k63, k118
\@nthm E3, E4
\@nxttabmar C11, C21, C23, C25, C64, C100, C101, C107, C108
\@obsoletefile k259
\@oddfoot J11, J14, J15, K124, K610, K669
\@oddhead . J11, J14, K123, K610, K669
\@onefilewithoptions . L343, L347, L353, L371, L375, L381, L393, L442
\@onelevel@sanitize . d313, G42, G111
\@onlypreamble d41, d163, d165, d174, d182, k124, k133, k148, k261, k287, l23, l24, l61, l62, l66, l123, l143, l173, l174, l188, l1463, o18, o80, o82, o88, o104, o132, o147, o168, o173, o215, o367, p373, q28, q36, q42, q79, q83, q88, q93, q98, q108, q126, q127, q128, q134, q138, q142, r17, r19, r44, r46, r107, r116, r136, r243, r244, r247, r279, r317, r319, r321, r334, r349, r396, r398, r440, r479, r495, r572, r612, r615, r658, r661, r664, r684, r697, r751, r786, r790, r793, r847, r867, r871, r935, v123, v124, x30, H12, H29, L10, L12, L18, L19, L26, L28, L34, L36, L39, L42, L43, L50, L53, L54, L58, L66, L78, L79, L82, L120, L129, L137, L139, L156, L159, L160, L171, L172, L173, L180, L186, L199, L212, L224, L226, L231, L254, L259, L263, L266, L274, L279, L282, L286, L295, L308, L313, L319, L328, L333, L392, L442, L444, L453, L466, L467, L470, L477, L486, L493, L494, L502, L507, L512, L595, L596, L597, L598, L600, I40
\@opargbegintheorem E32, E35
\@opcol K262, K270, K394, K413, K442, K460, K465
\@options L225
\@othm E3, E20
\@outerparskip A8, A88, A117, A152, A222

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\@outputbox K120, K483, K485, K505, K508, K509, K529, K531, K532, K537, K540, K545, K547, K554, K560, K562, K636, K695, K722, K728, K738, K739, K762, K769, K855, K858, K861, K867, K868, K2202, K2206, K2207, K2221, K2227, K2247, K2253, K2262
\@outputdblcol K468, K2197, K2199, K2243, K2244
\@outputpage K403, K452, K470, K590, K2231, K2236, K2269, K2277
\@oval D238, D246, D291
\@ovbtrue D247, D292
\@ovdx D216, D257, D259, D265, D267, D279, D282, D301, D309, D311, D322, D324, D374, D375, D376, D377, D391, D392, D394, D408
\@ovdy D216, D258, D260, D266, D267, D272, D277, D302, D310, D311, D316, D320, D381, D382, D383, D384, D395, D396, D398, D412
\@ovhlinefalse D248
\@ovhlinetrue D241, D245, D253, D259, D287
\@ovhorz D264, D265, D278, D308, D309, D321
\@ovltrue D247, D292
\@ovri B33, D216, D256, D272, D283, D300, D316, D325
\@ovro D216, D256, D265, D266, D271, D277, D278, D300, D309, D310, D315, D320, D321, D332, D339
\@ovrtrue D247, D292
\@ovttrue D247, D292
\@ovvert D262, D263, D269, D304, D306, D313
\@ovvlinefalse D248
\@ovvlinetrue D244, D252, D260
\@ovxx D216, D250, D252, D253, D257, D263, D264, D278, D295, D297, D301, D306, D308, D321, D371, D372, D373, D377, D386, D387, D393, D394, D407
\@ovyy D216, D251, D252, D253, D258, D265, D269, D296, D297, D302, D309, D313, D378, D379, D380, D384, D386, D397, D398, D411
\@p@pfilename L27, L29, L34
\@pagedp K117, K308, K313, K1090, K1243, K1840, K1850
\@pageht K116, K309, K313, K315, K316, K317, K321, K1089, K1242, K1823, K1830
\@par h3, h6
\@parboxrestore B221, B277, B302, B329, G19, G100, G169, G338, G415, K219, K601, K659
\@parboxto B216
\@parmoderr . . . g221, G58, G127, G316
\@parse@version c62, c63, L60, L61, L69
\@parse@version@dash L70, L72
\@partaux k5, k150, k166, k168, k169, k175, k184, k186, k189
\@partlist k147, k162
\@partswfalse k8
\@partswtrue k146
\@pass@ptions L151, L156, L157, L158, L418
\@pboxswfalse B219, B295
\@pboxswtrue B229
\@penup z129, z130
\@percentchar a106, L539, L541, L543, L545, L584
\@picbox D6, D13, D19, D20
\@picht D6, D12, D19
\@picture D10, D11
\@picture@warn D102, D226, D230, D234
\@pkgextension L16, L40, L51, L76, L157, L265, L268, L285, L354, L382, L488
\@plus d11, i302, F16, F151, J40, K2305, K2306, K2307, K2310, K2311, K2315, K2316, K2317, K2321, K2322, K2323
\@pnumwidth F163
\@popfilename L20, L439
\@pr@videpackage . . L128, L130, L137
\@preamble C163, C165, C173, C198, C217, C219, C220, C224, C239, C257, C258, C293
\@preamblecmds d41, k64, k119, L607, L608
\@preamerr . . . g210, C172, C235, C314
\@process@pti@ns L198, L211, L213, L224
\@process@ptions . . L185, L187, L199
\@protected@testopt d64, d76
\@providesfile . . a98, a99, L140, O376
\@ptionlist L37, L81, L184, L408, L414, L489
\@pushfilename L20, L394
\@put D237, D267, D311, D339

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\@qend d111, d285, g187
\@qrelax d112, d285
\@rc@ifdefinable d105, d107, d213, l14
\@reargdef d97
\@refundefined k53, k108, x3, y27
\@reinserts K327, K330, K516
\@remove@tlig l923, l931
\@remove@tlig@ l923, l924
\@remove@tlig@@ l924, l927
\@removeelement f32, L228
\@reqcolroom K1089, K1090, K1093, K1095, K1096, K1101, K1105, K1107, K1135, K1136, K1242, K1243, K1247, K1250, K1251, K1256, K1263, K1265, K1297, K1298, K1409, K1411, K1413, K1416, K1418, K1492, K1495, K1498, K1503, K1505, K1985, K2102, K2107, K2110
\@reset@ptions L399, L440, L445
\@resetactivechars . K575, K598, K656
\@resethfps K1204, K1373, K2052
\@restorepar 63, h6, i233, i249, A127, A135
\@reversemarginfalse . . . G364, K101
\@reversemargintrue G363
\@rightmark J16, J37
\@rightskip . y79, y83, A75, B250, B271
\@rjfieldfalse C34, C66
\@rjfieldtrue C114
\@roman m46, m52
\@rsbox B369, B376, B380
\@rtab C60, C75
\@rule B341, B346, B350
\@sanitize . . d311, H7, H18, H24, H35
\@savebox B77, B84, B90
\@savemarbox . G326, G327, G330, G333
\@savepicbox B77, B84, B94
\@savsf i61, i67, i76, i91, i103, i117, i131
\@savsk i61, i66, i77, i92, i104, i118, i132
\@scolelt K787, K852
\@sdblcolelt K804, K824, K853
\@seccntformat F43, F94
\@secondoftwo a88, d186, d283, k212, l129, l1481, l1497, m99, m104, x21, J17, L46, L62, L96, L114
\@secpenalty i33, F19, F33
\@sect F37, F38
\@seqncr z305
\@setckpt k184, k191, y16
\@setfloattypecounts K1073, K1223, K1394, K1475, K1570, K1691, K1999
\@setfontsize s70
\@setfps G34
\@setfpsbit G73, G75, G77, G85, G143, G146, G149, K2043
\@setmarks K2213, K2215, K2230
\@setminipage B307, G21, G177, G185, G352
\@setnobreak G179, G351
\@setpar 63, h3, A78
\@setref x10
\@setsize s70
\@settab C60, C82
\@settodim n17
\@settopoint n22
\@sharp . . C169, C196, C226, C241, C242, C260, C262, C264, C292
\@shipoutsetup K590
\@shortstack D42, D43
\@sline D60, D63, D126
\@slowromancap m53, m54
\@spaces g169
\@specialoutput K256
\@specialpagefalse . K97, K607, K665
\@specialpagetrue J9
\@specialstyle J9, K607, K665
\@sptoken d294, d304
\@sqrt z252
\@ssect F36, F95
\@stackcr D49, D52
\@star@or@long d47, d52, d99, d121, d127, d153, d162, d196
\@startcolumn K263, K270, K774
\@startdblcolumn K774, K2235, K2238, K2275, K2281
\@startfield C28, C46, C81, C93, C114, C122
\@startline . . C20, C57, C58, C59, C72
\@startpbox C166, C197, C227, C291, C343, C345
\@startsection F22
\@starttoc F132
\@stopfield C32, C48, C59, C75, C82, C114, C116, C125, C127
\@stopline C30, C56, C74
\@stpelt m20, m23
\@strip@args l74
\@svector D118, D126
\@sverb y169, y178, y180, y187
\@svsec F40, F43, F49, F61
\@svsechd F59, F84, F104
\@sxverbatim y95, y148
\@tabacckludge . . l207, l209, l434, l435
\@tabacol C151, C219
\@tabarray C143, C153, C154
\@tabclassiv C153, C289

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\@tabcr C56, C62
\@tabfbox C16, C69, C71
\@tablab C61, C115
\@tabminus C61, C106
\@tabplus C61, C99
\@tabpush C11, C66, C74, C125, C128, C130
\@tabrj C61, C113
\@tabular C147, C150, C151
\@tabularcr C153, C181
\@tempboxa e13, l69, n17, n18, A205, A211, A212, A214, B29, B30, B31, B32, B37, B38, B39, B40, B130, B160, B167, B177, B298, B321, B386, B387, B388, B395, B396, B397, B398, D161, D162, D232, D233, D256, D261, D266, D267, D300, D303, D310, D311, D332, D333, D338, D339, D399, D417, F121, F122, G322, G356, K305, K377, K382, K383, K424, K429, K430, K566, K626, K633, K634, K685, K692, K693, K720, K724, K736, K742, K749, K750, K751, K752, K756, K764
\@tempcnta . . . e7, r666, r667, r668, r669, r673, C203, C204, C205, C206, D66, D67, D93, D94, D95, D108, D109, D110, D111, D113, D114, D127, D128, D133, D135, D136, D137, D138, D139, D142, D144, D145, D146, D147, D148, D149, D150, D151, D152, D153, D183, D184, D185, D186, D187, D205, D206, D207, D208, D209, D210, D223, D224, D225, D227, D229, D231, D233, D270, D275, D314, D318, D334, D335, D336, D337, D343, D344, D345, D346, D347, D348, D390, D406, G62, G68, G70, G79, G80, G90, G91, G131, G137, G139, G152, G153, G159, G160, K16, K18, K20, K933, K934, K935, K936, K956, K957, K958, K959, K981, K984, K1017, K1020, K1131, K1293, K1573, K1576, K1694, K1697, K1812, K1814, K1817, K1819, K1821, K1843, K2033, K2034, K2038, K2044, K2048, O160, O165, O166, O167, O232, O237, O238, O239
\@tempcntb . . . e7, r667, r671, r673, D136, D137, D138, D140, D141, D142, D270, D271, D275, D276, D314, D315, D318, D319, G88, G89, G90, G157, G158, G159, K17, K20, K21, K2044, K2045, K2046, O161, O165, O233, O237
\@tempdima . e10, o184, o189, z116, z119, z125, B43, B44, B159, B160, B165, B166, B167, B169, B220, B221, B296, B300, B353, B356, B357, B384, B386, B392, B395, C35, C36, C37, C77, C78, C79, C80, C191, C192, D89, D90, D92, D93, D94, D95, D96, D97, D222, D223, D224, D233, D257, D258, D262, D263, D301, D302, D304, D306, D335, D337, D342, D343, D344, F156, F157, F166, G196, G198, G218, G220, G258, G259, G260, K229, K230, K231, K487, K489, K535, K537, K538, K543, K548, K552, K557, K561, K916, K919, K939, K949, K961, K971, K1636, K1637, K1640, K1641, K1761, K1762, K1766, K1767, K1822, K1823, K1824, K1825, K1828, K1831, K1834, K1836, K2151, K2152, K2154, K2155
\@tempdimb e10, o185, o190, o479, o483, p133, p134, p391, p414, p415, p424, p425, p429, p447, p450, p453, p455, B223, B224, B354, B357, B385, B387, B393, B396, D90, D91, D252, D254, D255, D297, D298, D299, D330, D331, D340, D341, K939, K940, K941, K942, K949, K961, K962, K963, K964, K971
\@tempdimc . e10, p408, p409, p411, p412, p414, p415, B355, B356, B357
\@tempskipa . e14, i19, i22, i23, i181, i188, i190, i193, p135, p136, A116, A117, A118, A150, A152, A153, A154, A222, A223, A224, F25, F27, F28, F33, F45, F46, F71, F72, F74, F86, F87, F96, F97, K1871, K1872, K1874, K1882
\@tempskipb . . . e14, i140, i142, i144, i147, i149, i159, i179, i181, i182, i186, i188, i190, i191, i214, i217
\@tempswafalse a78, b251, k160, o59, o528, r281, r336, r400, r481, r910,

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r916, y18, y110, y131, K987, K1023, K1579, K1700, L520, I13
\@tempswatrue a79, b257, k158, k163, o62, o529, o530, o533, o536, r284, r339, r403, r484, r873, y42, y115, y136, K1581, K1604, K1702, K1727, K2112, K2129, L519, I13
\@temptokena e16, y45, y46, J22, J23, J30, J31, J34, J35
\@testdef y17, y40
\@testfalse K12, K14, K15
\@testfp K881, K901, K937, K960, K2036, K2165, K2182
\@testopt d18, d54, d74, d78, d123, i3, i4, i13, i14, z292
\@testpach C231, C307
\@testpatch C307
\@testtrue K13, K21, K356, K884, K903, K943, K965, K2040
\@testwrongwidth K345, K882, K938, K1111, K1425, K1630
\@text@composite l74, l965, l970
\@text@composite@x l74
\@textbottom J40, J42, K511, K549, K563, K572
\@textfloatsheight K476, K1086, K1088, K1138, K1139, K1144, K1239, K1241, K1301, K1303, K1309, K1985
\@textmin G285, G286, G299, G300, K112, K1088, K1092, K1095, K1096, K1241, K1246, K1250, K1251, K1413, K1498, K1597, K1599, K1615, K1719, K1721, K1739, K2093, K2095, K2097
\@textsubscript G387, G388, G395, G398
\@textsuperscript . G377, G379, G380
\@texttop . J40, J42, K507, K530, K572
\@tf@r f25, f26
\@tfor f25, k213, k268, v71, B52, C229, D249, D293, G63, G132
\@tforloop f27, f28, f30
\@thanks F10, F13
\@thefnmark B331, G376, G377, G402, G407, G417, G426, G431, G442, G447
\@thefoot K124, K610, K613, K640, K669, K672, K699
\@thehead K123, K610, K612, K630, K669, K671, K689
\@themargin K74, K611, K613, K625, K670, K672, K684
\@themark . J21, J22, J29, J30, J35, J38
\@thirdofthree d190, l181
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\@toodeep g203, A36, A232, A243
\@toplist K64, K384, K385, K431, K432, K715, K721, K731, K732, K1024, K1036, K1920, K1947
\@topnewpage K199
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\@toproom G273, K106, K1024, K1036, K1912, K1939
\@topsep A1, A71, A73, A171
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\@trivlist A48, A57, A92
\@tryfcolumn K777, K797, K815, K831, K2166, K2183
\@trylist K840, K843, K876, K896, K918
\@twoclasseserror L256, L508
\@twocolumnfalse K99, K147
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\@typein d17, d18, d25, d33
\@typeset@protect d77, d218, d225, d227, l26, l32, l194, l202, s71
\@uclclist . . l1380, l1381, l1428, O306
\@undefined a68, a69, a108, a109, a110, a131, a139, a147, a154, a205, a209, a235, a242, a302, a303, b65, b81, b105, b106, b121, b122, b127, b136, b149, b184, b189, b222, b223, b235, b245, b280, b448, b491, b537, b538, d19, d198, d276, g28, k58, k59, k113, k114, k200, l179, l181, l316, l318, l320, l322, l324, l326, l328, l330, l332, l334, l353, l355, l357, l438, l642, l645, m113, o391, o424, o488, o495, q4, q5, q6, q7, q8, q9, q10, q11, q12, q13, q14, q15, q16, q17, q18, q19, q20, s44, t14, t44, t57, v105, z180, z183, z226, z239, B21, B85, B149, B205,

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\@unexpandable@noexpand d194
\@unexpandable@protect d194, d230, d236, d241, k138, C225
\@unknownoptionerror L449, L478, L491
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\@unused .. d4, g15, g32, g59, k3, L593
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\@whileswnoop f10
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\@writeckpt k173, k182
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\@xargarraycr C178, C187, C191
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\@xdblarg d309
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\@xdim D26, D32, D34, D353, D407, D408, D409, D410, D416
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\@xexnoop C199, C209
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\@xfootnote G401, G404
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\@xmpar G324, G325
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\@xobeysp i276, y94, y95
\@xprocess@ptions . L185, L200, L212
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\@xsect F69, F70, F106
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\@xympar G328, G332, G354
\@yarg D56, D60, D64, D65, D74, D112, D118, D125, D127, D154, D349
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_ a75, b8, b14, d312, l297, t217, z166, z167, O250
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\␣ . a74, a91, b13, b359, b377, d311, g19, g20, g21, g22, g25, i277, o331, o502, o538, o563, t215, y93, y94, E36, E38, L142, O243, I17

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\aa b365, l229, l402, l484
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\accent l71, l376, l403, l459, l705
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\active@math@prime . . z150, z151, K588
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\addpenalty i166, A124, A170, A175, F33, K338, K1152, K1318

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\addto@hook o117, o119, o567, r263, r359, r363, r380, r504, r510, r518, r534, r537, r540, r882, r889, r892
\addtocontents F143, F144
\addtocounter *143*, m6, m18
\addtolength *149*, n16, z388, z390
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\adjdemerits b319
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\allocationnumber b37, b57, b69, b71, b143, b144, b145, b195, b196, b228, b229, b230, b241, b242, b243, b260, b266, b272, b273, b286, b287, b288, C4, C9, N50, N51, N52, N90, N204, O44, O45, O46
\allowbreak b397, z40
\Alph *143*, m49
\alph *143*, m48
\alpha t231
\alpha@elt r45, r267, r454, r556, r881, r882
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\amalg t337
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\attribute N78
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\baselinestretch o253, p118, p119, p138, p199
\batchmode k246, k247, q106, O339, O360
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\best@size . . . p392, p416, p422, p428
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\boldmath j14, s63
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\bx@Z K39
\bx@ZZ K25, K45, K55

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\c@enumiv A227
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\c@mpfootnote B303, G375
\c@ncel t413, t414
\c@page w3, w6, w7, K138, K1817
\c@secnumdepth .. F39, F54, F64, F123
\c@tocdepth F123, F150
\c@topnumber G267, G271, K2287
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\cal s149
\calculate@math@sizes ... o475, p173
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\capitalbreve l785, l1543
\capitalcaron l784, l1542
\capitalcedilla l771, l1533
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\capitaldotaccent l787, l1545
\capitalgrave l777, l1535
\capitalhungarumlaut l782, l1540
\capitalmacron l786, l1544
\capitalnewtie l791, l1610, l1611
\capitalogonek l774, l1534
\capitalring l783, l1541
\capitaltie l789, l1606, l1607
\capitaltilde l780, l1538
\caption G4
\cases z108
\catcodetable N88, N109
\catcodetable@atletter *491*, N93, N233
\catcodetable@initex . *491*, N93, N230
\catcodetable@latex .. *491*, N93, N232
\catcodetable@string . *491*, N93, N231
\cdot t352
\cdotp t454, t460
\cdots t460
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\center y73
center (environment) y73
\centering y73, y75
\centerline B402
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\chardef a64, a70, a71, b10, b16, b17, b18, b19, b20, b58, b64, b66, b73, b79, b82, b84, b94, b96, b97, b98, b99, b108, b114, b115, b128, b130, b194, b242, b246, b248, b272, b287, b418, b419, b420, e2, k50, l18, o15, C4, C9, L526, N20, N24, N36, N45, N46, N88, N157, N211, O28, O30, O34, O53, O104, O105, O106, O107, O108, O109, O110
\chardef@text@cmd l3
\charzero N211
\check t474
\check@command d162, d164
\check@icl v9, v27, v32, v38, v46, v53, v55
\check@icr v9, v27, v33, v39, v47, v56, v61
\check@mathfonts j5, l285, l311, l343, l1134, o282, o284, p204
\check@nocorr@ v29
\check@range p333, p334
\check@single p332, p354
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\cite *390*, I12
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\cleardoublepage K138
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\color@hbox B63, K628, K638, K687, K697
\color@setgroup B63, B89, B108
\color@vbox B63, G96, G165, G335, G357, K215
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\columnseprule . . . K82, K2225, K2259
\columnwidth . . . k22, k25, k26, k28, k79, k82, k83, k86, B301, B328, G99, G168, G415, K80, K144, K145, K146, K201, K202, K203, K204, K205, K1842, K1844, K2223, K2227, K2255, K2261
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\coprod t303
\copyright l269, l299, s89
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\cosh z14
\cot z18
\coth z19
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\countdef . a66, b37, b38, b39, b41, b51, b90, w3, N75, N85, N174, N182, N190, N198, N212, O61
\CountZero N212
\cr b368, l1523, l1527, z118, z122, z274, z304, z402, C165, C176, C183, C192, C193, C336, D51, D53, D54
\crcr b425, l310, l345, l346, l373, l377, l380, l456, l460, l464, l466, l469, l674, l702, l706, l709, l773, l776, l823, l1133, l1528, s91, t287, t288, t290, t411, t414, t418, t482, t483, t484, t485, t486, t487, t488, t489, t490, t491, t492, t494, z109, z111, z112, z113, z118, z120, z121, z122, z140, z141, C144, C145, D51
\create_callback *494*, N588
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\cup t331
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\curr@math@size o286, p210, p216, p221, p238
\CurrentOption l1410, l1412, l1424, L13, L178, L188, L189, L190, L195, L202, L203, L204, L207, L214, L215, L219, L220, L221, L228, L230, L239, L240, L241, L242, L249, L250, L251, L252, L398, L480, L481, L490, L491

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D

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\ddots t465
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\DeclareFixedFont o40
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\DeclareFontEncodingDefaults o133, q90, q91, t28
\DeclareFontFamily o58, q85, q86
\DeclareFontShape o19, o21, q25, q27, q81, q82
\DeclareFontShape@ o22, o23
\DeclareFontSubstitution l687, l770, o106, t19, t26, t29, t30, t93, t94, t95, t96
\DeclareMathAccent r573, r612, t468, t469, t470, t471, t472, t473, t474, t475, t476, t477, t478, t479, t480
\DeclareMathAlphabet q119, q123, q125, q132, r399, r562, r573, t114, t115, t116, t117
\DeclareMathAlphabetCharacter . r675
\DeclareMathDelimiter r677, t218, t219, t220, t221, t222, t223, t226, t228, t229, t513, t515, t517, t519, t521, t524, t526, t528, t530, t532, t534, t536, t538, t540, t542, t544, t546, t548, t550, t552, t554, t556, t558, t560
\DeclareMathRadical r794, t481
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\DeclareMathSizes* o170
\DeclareMathSymbol r616, r676, r693, t132, t133, t134, t135, t136, t137, t138, t139, t140, t141, t142, t143, t144, t145, t146, t147, t148, t149, t150, t151, t152, t153, t154, t155, t156, t157, t158, t159, t160, t161, t162, t163, t164, t165, t166, t167, t168, t169, t170, t171, t172, t173, t174, t175, t176, t177, t178, t179, t180, t181, t182, t183, t184, t185, t186, t187, t188, t189, t190, t191, t192, t193, t194, t195, t196, t197, t198, t199, t200, t201, t202, t203, t204, t205, t206, t207, t208, t209, t210, t211, t212, t213, t214, t224, t225, t227, t231, t232, t233, t234, t235, t236, t237, t238, t239, t240, t241, t242, t243, t244, t245, t246, t247, t248, t249, t250, t251, t252, t253, t254, t255, t256, t257, t258, t259, t260, t261, t262, t263, t264, t265, t266, t267, t268, t269, t270, t271, t273, t274, t275, t276, t277, t278, t279, t280, t281, t282, t283, t285, t286, t291, t292, t293, t294, t296, t297, t298, t299, t300, t301, t302, t303, t304, t305, t306, t307, t308, t309, t311, t312, t313, t314, t315, t316, t318, t319, t320, t321, t322, t323, t326, t328, t330, t331, t332, t333, t334, t335, t336, t337, t338, t339, t340, t341, t342, t343, t344, t345, t346, t347, t348, t349, t350, t351, t352, t353, t354, t355, t356, t357, t358, t359, t360, t361, t362, t363, t364, t365, t366, t367, t368, t369, t371, t373, t375, t376, t377, t378, t379, t380, t381, t382, t383, t384,

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\DeclareOption* *471*, L161
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\default@mextra q10, q89

\default@series o94, o127, o359, o362, o381, o416

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\default@T o135, o138, o148, o237

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\define@mathgroup q19, q135

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\deg z34

\delcode r792

\delimiter r723, r788

\delimiterfactor b324

\delimitershortfall b334

\Delta t261

\delta t234

\depth B32, B35

\det z30

\detokenize l925, l945

\DH l476, l1020, O320

\dh l486, l1026, O320

\Diamond s107

\diamond t338

\diamondsuit t300

\dim z28

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\dimen@i b41

\dimen@ii b41, o183, o188

\dimendef b42, b43, b44, b52, b91, N213

\dimenzero N213

\dimexpr l1099, l1102

\directlua a9, a12, a17, a20, a25, b65, b81, b105, b245, d19, N2, N12, N27, N204, N218, N243, N248, N252

\disable_callback *494*, N730

\discretionary d324, d336, z148

\displ@y z134, z138, z139

\displaylines z133

\displaymath z244

displaymath (environment) z242

\displaystyle . . . t484, t487, t490, t492, z62, z140, z268, z271, z308, z333, z345, z373, z397, z400

\displaywidowpenalty b314

\displaywidth . . z140, z267, z320, z376

\div t341

\DJ l477, l1030, O320

\dj l487, l1031, O320

\do a74, a75, a126, b13, b14, d44, f3, f7, f16, f26, k63, k66, k118, k121, k162, k214, k268, k274, v73, y118, y139, y166, y176, y188, y194, B52, C205, C230, D31, D36, D82, D185, D187, D207, D210, D249, D293, D406, G65, G134, L90, L107,

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\do@subst@correction . o49, p436, p491
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\document *80*, k11, I40
\document@default@language k49, k50, K597, O217
\document@select@group . . . r137, r236
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\doteq t421
\dotfill b435
\dots l303, l305
\doublehyphendemerits b317
\doublerulesep C270, C297, C321
\Downarrow t534
\downarrow t528
\downbracefill t489, t507
\ds@ L183, L451
\dt@pfalse z135
\dt@ptrue z134
\dump O384

E

\E L548, L551, L578
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\e@alloc@attribute@count N66, N74, N75, N79, N81, N224
\e@alloc@bytecode@count . . . N70, N189, N190, N194, N196, N240
\e@alloc@ccodetable@count N67, N84, N85, N89, N92, N228
\e@alloc@chardef b60, b102, b210, b211, N46, N177, N185, N193, N201, O12
\e@alloc@intercharclass@top . . . O21
\e@alloc@luachunk@count . . . N71, N197, N198, N202, N206, N242
\e@alloc@luafunction@count N68, N173, N174, N178, N180, N234, N236
\e@alloc@top b55, b63, b102, b188, b248, N45, N79, N178, N186, N194, N202, O12
\e@alloc@whatsit@count N69, N181, N182, N186, N188, N238
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\e@insert@top . b246, b248, b265, b280
\e@mathgroup@top b79, b124, r56, r145
\egroup b372
\eject b402
\ell t275
\em s31, v25
\emergencystretch J45, J51
\eminnershape s31
\emph v25
\empty b370
\empty@sfcnt p444, p445, p446, p460, p465, p499
\emptyset t282
\enc@update o222, o224, o240, o243, p129
\encodingdefault l918, l1410, l1436, r237, s94, t42, N247, N262, N270
\end . a69, d8, d285, g200, p9, t6, u6, y60, y97, y98, z354, z363, A112, F15, F17, L556, L560, L566, M5
\end@dblfloat G205
\end@float . . G189, G227, G243, G359
\endarray C144
\endcenter y74
\enddisplaymath z245
\enddocument y8
\endenumerate A240
\endeqnarray z276, z307
\endequation z248
\endfilecontents L514
\endflushleft y81
\endflushright y87
\endgraf b367
\EndIncludeInRelease a22, a50, b87, b101, b118, b123, b133, b137, b147, b150, b167, b181, b185, b219, b224, b277, b289, b480, b487, b534, b539, c75, c76, d274, d277, d334, d338, i85, i97, i108, i125, i137, i202, i224, i290, i294, k69, l101, l121, l313, l335, l350, l358, m28, m33, m85, m91, m111, m114, n10, n14, o196, o213, o404, o437, o553, o565, q21, q143, r77, r105, r168, r198, s39, s45, t68, y123, y161, y171, z176, z184, z213, z240, z336, z348, z357, z366, A132, A137, B13, B22, B79, B86, B143, B150, B198, B206, B257, B275, B343, B348, B371, B378, D285, D326, G104, G172, G231, G246,

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\enditemize A251
\endline b367, z118
\endlinechar a92, a93, a94, a204, d22, d24, d29, k242, L143, L144, L145
\endlist A98, A240, A251
\endlrbox B110
\endmath z243
\endminipage B309
\endpicture D17
\endsloppypar J49
\endtabbing C73
\endtabular C144
\endtabular* C144
\endtrivlist y74, y81, y87, y146, z378, A100, A101, C74, E39
\endverbatim y145, y149
\enlargethispage K1854
\enlargethispage* K1854
\enskip i306
\enspace i303
\ensuremath m87, z309, G381, G389, G399
\enumerate A231
enumerate (environment) A231
environments:
center y73
displaymath z242
enumerate A231
eqnarray z254, z379
eqnarray* z305
equation z246, z367
filecontents *469*
flushleft y80
flushright y86
itemize A242
lrbox *298*
math z242
minipage *299*
sloppypar J48
thebibliography *390*
verbatim* y148
\epsilon t235
\eqnarray z259, z306
eqnarray (environment) z254, z379
eqnarray* (environment) z305
\eqno z248
\equation z247
equation (environment) z246, z367
\equiv t400
\err@rel@i q12, q99, q132, q136
\errhelp a217, c30, g39, g66, M12, O226, O375
\errmessage a4, a58, a222, b164, b178, b293, c31, g47, g72, o376, o411, p379, p479, q65, M16, N61, O49, O228
\error@fontshape o353, o377, o412, p107, p481, r222
\errorcontextlines b327, b454, b470, b485, b498, b515, g163
\errorstopmode b443, O383
\escapechar d101, d144, d148, d156, o301, o446, p183, r58, r86, r147, r177, r221, N203
\et@xmaxfam N20, N24, N28, N36
\et@xmaxregs N27, N29, N30, N31, N32, N33, N34, N35
\eta t237
\etatcatcode N764
\eTeXversion a57
\evensidemargin . . . K73, K613, K672
\every@math@size o43, p189, p201
\everycr . . b423, z135, z138, z267, z394
\everydisplay o279, o280, o285
\everyjob c36, c41, c46, r241, N207, N208, N249, N250, O345, O346, O348
\everymath o278, o280, o283
\everypar *63*, k41, k99, o499, o512, o559, y50, y120, y142, A129, A131, A135, A136, A180, A197, B247, B268, C70, F31, F79, F90, F110, F119, G187, K165, K192, K1150, K1316
\execute@size@function p316, p344, p358, p375
\ExecuteOptions l1472, p57, p70, L232
\exhyphenpenalty b309, b396
\exists t293
\exp z31
\external@font p84, p87, p98, p102, p104, p345, p359, p421, p455, p505, p507, p509
\extra@def q9, q84
\extracolsep C140

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\extract@alph@from@version o452, o458, r151, r182
\extract@default@composite l957, l964
\extract@default@composite@a l966, l970
\extract@default@composite@b l968, l972
\extract@font o312, p81
\extract@fontinfo p312, p319
\extract@rangefontinfo p329, p336, p355, p388
\extract@sizefn p304, p326
\extrafloats b152, b189, b263

F

\f@baselineskip l1100, o251, o258, o365, p119, p136, p140, p155, p169, p180, p194
\f@depth G291, K345
\f@encoding l162, o216, o235, o238, o239, o241, o260, o292, o297, o316, o318, o320, o325, o327, o357, o373, o408, p91, p261, p471, r207, N247, N262, N270
\f@family l1489, l1492, l1506, l1516, l1522, l1737, o244, o254, o293, o297, o316, o318, o320, o325, o327, o361, o384, o419, p91, r207
\f@linespread . . . o254, p118, p137, p138, p141, p149, p152, p163, p166
\f@series j14, o244, o255, o294, o297, o362, o381, o416, s81
\f@shape o244, o256, o295, o297, o363, o379, o414
\f@size l164, l1099, l1524, o53, o251, o257, o296, o364, o401, o435, o477, o478, o481, o482, p119, p121, p134, p154, p169, p172, p175, p180, p187, p194, p206, p209, p215, p221, p238, p239, p242, p247, p313, p320, p339, p341, p356, p407, p409, p411, p427, p428, p433, p447, p459, p464, p476, p484, p489, p497, p511
\f@user@size . . p427, p432, p476, p489
\fam b98, o16, N20, N24, N36
\familydefault r238, s95, t83
\fbox *298*, B128, B141, B148
\fboxrule B126, B162, B165, B171, B173, B180, B181, O84
\fboxsep B126, B132, B161, B166, B176, B178, O83
\filbreak b400
\filec@ntents L519, L520, L521, L600, L606
\filecontents L514
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\filename@area a246, a252, a259, a265, a272, a278, a285, k231, k253, k256, k270, k282, k284
\filename@base a294, k231, k253, k256, k277, k282
\filename@dot a292, a295
\filename@ext a290, a292, k232, k249, k250, k253, k256, k278
\filename@parse *1*, *6*, a110, a242, k229, k248, k275
\filename@path . . a247, a248, a253, a260, a261, a266, a273, a274, a279
\filename@simple a250, a263, a276, a286, a288
\fill i300
\finalhyphendemerits b318
\finph@nt z87, z89, z90
\finsm@sh z103, z105, z106
\firstmark . . J37, K647, K706, K2216
\fix@penalty v84
\fixed@sfcnt p501, p502, p503
\fl@trace K240, K267, K323, K351, K358, K379, K426, K472, K525, K540, K541, K542, K543, K554, K555, K556, K557, K558, K568, K780, K799, K818, K836, K838, K977, K981, K993, K994, K995, K996, K1002, K1005, K1013, K1017, K1028, K1033, K1038, K1039, K1040, K1041, K1048, K1051, K1059, K1070, K1076, K1081, K1086, K1092, K1093, K1098, K1103, K1104, K1105, K1113, K1117, K1122, K1126, K1131, K1142, K1143, K1145, K1163, K1172, K1178, K1187, K1190, K1196, K1206, K1210, K1220, K1226, K1232, K1238, K1245, K1247, K1253, K1258, K1260, K1262, K1270, K1275, K1281, K1286, K1292, K1306, K1307, K1310, K1331, K1340, K1346, K1355, K1358, K1365, K1375, K1379, K1391, K1397, K1402, K1407, K1411, K1415, K1416, K1423, K1428, K1432, K1439, K1448, K1452, K1456, K1457, K1461, K1462, K1472, K1478, K1484, K1490, K1494, K1500,

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\fl@tracemessage K1896

\fl@traceval K1896

\flat t296

\float@count . . b51, b52, b53, b62, b188, b205, b210, b212, b213, b222

\floatingpenalty G414

\floatpagefraction G278, K2297

\floatsep K725, K743, K750, K2103, K2153, K2302

\flushbottom J41

\flushleft y80

flushleft (environment) y80

\flushright y86

flushright (environment) y86

\fmtname c1, c37, c39, c42, c44, c47, c49, L298, L302

\fmtversion c1, c18, c37, c39, c42, c44, c47, c49, c63, g2, o1, C1, D1, K4, L315, L318, N263, O329, O355

\fmtversion@topatch O327, O329, O341, O342, O354, O362

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\font b428, b433, d325, d328, l280, l281, l282, l419, l426, l738, l745, l930, l931, l955, l1096, o46, o52, o54, p84, s35, s42, s68, s80, u8, u9, u10, v68, y141

\font@info p99, p319, p388, p393

\font@name l163, l166, o51, o159, o161, o288, o303, o400, o434, p84, p88, p90, p105, p120, p123, p126, p284, p285, p286, p287, p288, p293

\font@submax p395, p424, p425, y22, y24, O218, O220, O229

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\fontencoding l1436, o216, o247, r237, t15, t18, N246, N247, N269, N270

\fontfamily l1508, o244, r238, s6, s9, s12, t51

\fontname l931, o54

\fontseries o244, r239, s15, s18

\fontshape l429, l748, o244, r240, s21, s24, s27, s30

\fontsize j6, l285, l311, l343, l1098, l1134, l1526, o44, o252, s74, G381, G389, G399

\fontsubfuzz p395, p429, y22

\footins G366, G410, K314, K315, K316, K317, K375, K422, K482, K490, K494, K517

\footnote G401

\footnotemark F9, G423

\footnoterule B315, G370, K493

\footnotesep . B334, G400, G413, G421

\footnotesize B327, G411

\footnotetext F11, G440

\footskip K77, K637, K696

\forall t292

\fps@dbl G34

\frac z251

\frame B112, B188

\framebox *298*, B135

\frenchspacing b353, k44, k102, y145, y187

\frown t403

\frozen@everydisplay o278, o284

\frozen@everymath o278, o282

\fussy J50

\futurelet d291, d305, i266, i274, v66, z153, C318

G

\g@addto@macro L458, L464, L468, L469

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\G@refundefinedtrue . x3, x12, I21, I44

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\gamma t233
\gcd z33
\ge t374
\gen@sfcnt p456, p457, p458
\genb@sfcnt p461, p462, p463
\genb@x p464, p466
\genb@y p466
\GenericError g18, g85, g111, g137, p62
\GenericInfo c64, c67, c71, g4, g104, g130, g155, p31, p34, p39, p75
\GenericWarning g11, g94, g120, g146, p42, p47, p50, p78
\geq t373, t374
\get@cdp r356, r364, r397
\get@external@font . . . p83, p96, p490
\getanddefine@fonts . . o447, o465, p274, r59, r87, r132, r148, r178, r263, r327, r361, r363, r380, r503, r504, r536, r537, r888, r889
\GetFileInfo t3
\getlinechar D108
\gets t392
\gg t387
\glb@currsize k39, k97, o275, p171, p206, p210, p216, p239
\glb@settings . o276, p171, p218, p249
\globaldefs o448, p185, r60, r89, r149, r180
\glossary *388*, F146, H23, H35, J20, J28, K621, K680
\glossaryentry H32
\goodbreak b400
\grave t469
\group@elt r35, r261, r298, r299, r320, r324, r920
\group@list r265, r305, r318, r323, r324, r353, r575, r618, r700, r703, r754, r757, r805, r808, r875, r926
\guillemotleft l488, l715, l1000
\guillemotright l489, l716, l1014
\guilsinglleft l490, l1066
\guilsinglright l491, l1067

H

\H g24, l214, l368, l449, l543, l551, l570, l578, l695, l1126, l1265, l1266, l1293, l1294
\h@false z77
\h@true z78, z79
\halign . . . b423, z96, z140, z267, z394
\hangindent F122
\hat t475
\hb@xt@ b438, d14, l405, z140, z272, z318, z333, z345, z372, z402, B44, B59, B160, B402, B406, B407, C37, D13, D23, D32, D122, D156, D159, D162, D164, D166, D237, D278, D321, D416, F163, F166, K630, K640, K689, K699, K1842, K2222, K2223, K2227, K2254, K2255, K2261
\hbadness b305, o502, o509, o544, o563
\hbar t272
\headheight K75, K626, K685
\headsep K76, K635, K694
\heartsuit t301
\height l1102, B31, B34
\hexnumber@ r591, r599, r614, r635, r643, r651, r660, r663, r672, r673, r712, r720, r766, r774, r788, r789, r792, r818, r826, r831, r833, s85
\hfuzz . . b328, o510, J46, J47, J53, J54
\hgl@ b393, b394
\hglue b390
\hideoutput b488
\hideskip b296, b414
\hidewidth b414, l310, l312, l341, l345, l373, l374, l377, l380, l456, l457, l461, l464, l466, l469, l702, l703, l706, l709, l773, l776, l1133, l1135
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\hmode@start@before@group l68, l145, l147, l153, l168
\hom z29
\hookleftarrow t432
\hookrightarrow t430
\hphantom z75
\hrule b391, b435, i242, i250, l274, l277, t290, t566, B118, B123, B171, B181, C318, C335, D280, D323, G371
\hrulefill b435
\hspace i296
\hyphenation l189
\hyphenchar d318, d325, d328, d335, y141
\hyphenpenalty b308, o516, o548

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I

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\ialign b423, b425, t287, t411, t482, t485, t488, t491, z109, z111, z119, C164, D51
\if@afterindent F107, F114
\if@compatibility L2, L257
\if@endpe y62, A138
\if@eqnsw z254, z303
\if@fcolmade K95, K264, K394, K403, K441, K451, K778, K798, K816, K845, K925, K2169, K2186, K2236, K2276
\if@filesw k7, k34, k92, k155, k167, k174, k183, y14, y28, F136, I4, I8, I19, I28, I36, I43
\if@firstamp C212
\if@firstcolumn K95, K246, K279, K396, K444, K1814, K2200, K2245
\if@ignore y4, y63
\if@inlabel A28, A65, A102, A160, A183, K161, K188
\if@insert K95, K1056, K1168, K1202, K1336, K1371, K1445, K1534, K1661, K1789
\if@minipage i155, i172, i207, y105, y127, A149, B278, C68, G20
\if@mparswitch K95, K1816
\if@multiplelabels x31
\if@negarg D55, D77, D91, D130
\if@newlist y146, A29, A33, A69, A78, A106, A166, K599, K644, K657, K703
\if@nmbrlist A33, A201
\if@no@font@opt q16, q110, q129
\if@nobreak i58, i174, i209, k130, k142, A167, A192, B241, B262, F30, F111, G180, G349, J25, J33, K165, K192, K335, K1147, K1313
\if@noitemarg A32, A199
\if@noparitem A30, A157
\if@noparlist A31, A114
\if@noskipsec ... A58, B242, B263, F21, F23, F80, G350, K155, K182
\if@ovb D212, D265, D270, D309, D314
\if@ovhline D244, D280, D290
\if@ovl D212, D263, D282, D305, D324
\if@ovr D212, D262, D279, D304, D322
\if@ovt D212, D264, D275, D308, D318
\if@ovvline D244, D273, D289
\if@partsw k7, k159
\if@pboxsw B233, B336
\if@reversemargin K101, K1819
\if@reversemarginpar K95
\if@rjfield C19, C33
\if@specialpage ... K95, K606, K664
\if@tempswa a78, a79, a80, b259, e9, k165, o64, o542, r286, r341, r405, r486, r919, y30, y112, y133, K989, K1025, K1625, K1750, L537, I52
\if@test K12, K13, K886, K905, K945, K967, K1031, K1115, K1124, K1273, K1284, K1426, K1513, K1631, K1756
\if@twocolumn k24, k81, G32, G210, G235, K95, K139, K267, K278, K395, K443, K467, K780, K836, K1813, K2171, K2188
\if@twoside ... K95, K138, K609, K667
\ifdt@p z133, z135
\iff t452
\IfFileExists *80*, *471*, a178, k197, k224, k235, O323
\iffontchar l955, l1096
\ifG@refundefined x3, x4, x5
\ifh@ z76, z93
\ifin@ l1426, l1429, q50, q52, r1, r22, r250, r352, r354, r415, r428, r498, r500, r528, r576, r588, r619, r632, r701, r704, r725, r755, r758, r803, r806, r809, r876, r878, r907, L94, L112, L193, L205
\ifinner z174, z182, z202, z229, G57, G126, G315
\ifmath@fonts o169, p176
\ifmaybe@ic v65, v74
\ifnot@nil p297, p314, p335
\ifodd r850, D171, D191, G68, G137, K21, K138, K610, K668, K981, K984, K1017, K1020, K1131, K1134, K1293, K1296, K1573, K1576, K1694, K1697, K1817, K2038, K2046
\iftc@forced l1464, l1474, l1743
\ifv@ z75, z92
\ifvbox K319, K376, K423, K502, K518
\ignorespaces i24, i81, i94, i105, i121, i134, i312, k67, k122, o249, y63, y71, y72, z210,

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\ignorespacesafterend y7
\IJ l234, l416, l495, l1033
\ij l233, l414, l494, l1034
\Im t278
\imath t273
\in t384, t413
\in@ l1424, l1427, q49, q51, r1, r21, r249, r351, r353, r411, r424, r497, r499, r526, r574, r585, r617, r629, r699, r702, r722, r753, r756, r800, r804, r807, r874, r877, r905, L93, L110, L190, L204
\in@@ r5, r6, r7, r9
\in@false r10
\in@true r12
\in_callback *493*, N714
\include *80*, k149
\IncludeInRelease . a18, a23, b49, b88, b103, b119, b125, b134, b139, b148, b154, b168, b182, b186, b220, b233, b278, b446, b481, b488, b535, c53, d247, d275, d318, d335, i70, i86, i98, i111, i126, i167, i203, i285, i291, k12, k70, l75, l102, l307, l315, l336, l352, m24, m30, m70, m86, m94, m112, n5, n11, o175, o197, o369, o405, o492, o554, q2, q22, r49, r78, r138, r169, s32, s40, t55, t69, y102, y124, y162, y172, z169, z177, z187, z214, z325, z337, z349, z358, A125, A133, B4, B14, B72, B80, B136, B144, B190, B199, B236, B258, B338, B344, B364, B372, D240, D286, G35, G105, G206, G232, G280, G294, G383, G392, K24, K54, K151, K179, K345, K366, K371, K419, K591, K651, K793, K811, K872, K893, K929, K953, K1065, K1216, K1385, K1467, K1561, K1683, K1902, K1929, K2159, K2177, K2196, K2242, L84, L103, L233, L245, L335, L364, N3, N222, N245, N268, O8, O16, O23, O38, O57, O66, O73, O99, O132
\includeonly *80*, k145
\indent A161, C70
\index *388*, F146, H6, H18, J20, J28, K620, K679
\indexentry H15
\inf z25
\infty t280
\init@restore@glb@settings p219, p222, p224
\init@restore@version r62, r91, r108, r123, r124
\initcatcodetable N90
\input . . . *80*, *472*, a68, a174, a177, a234, d7, k226, l1722, p16, q106, s126, s136, s146, t10, t11, t12, t13, t17, t22, t23, t24, t33, t34, t38, t39, t99, t100, t101, t102, t584, t585, t586, L261, N16, O97, O111, O136, O212, O328
\input@path *1*, *6*, a109, a131, a133, a139, a141, a147, a149, a154, a156, a166, a233, k200, k214
\InputIfFileExists *80*, *471*, k223, k228, k236, k252, l1414, l1805, o325, s118, s128, s138, L421, M8, O206
\inputlineno a303, g165
\insc@unt b37, b51, b52, b53, b62, b90, b91, b92, b94, b236, b237, b238, b239, b240, b241, b252, b253, b254, b255, b256, b260, b262, b281, b282, b283, b284, b285, b286, K61
\insert . . . b243, b268, b270, b273, b288, G410, K517, K518, K1882
\install@mathalphabet o442, o459, o466, r269, r272, r358, r359, r456, r508, r511, r518, r533, r534, r541, r890, r892
\int t310
\interdisplaylinepenalty i29, z55, z137, z289
\interfootlinepenalty b349
\interfootnotelinepenalty b349, i34, G412
\interlinepenalty i27, o518, y113, y116, y134, y137, F50, F101, F154, G412, K338, K1152, K1156, K1318, K1322
\intextsep . K1135, K1139, K1154, K1157, K1164, K1297, K1303, K1320, K1323, K1332, K2302
\intop t309, t310
\iota t239

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\is@range p330, p331
\ishortstack D42
\itdefault s30, t79
\item g230, y73, y80, y86, y104, y126, z332, z344, z371, A141, A219, C67, E36, E38, I4, I8
\itemindent . A9, A42, A95, A187, A208
\itemize A242
itemize (environment) A242
\itemsep A1, A176
\iterate a81, a82, b379
\itshape l427, l746, s28, s29, s36, s43, v21, E36, E38, G375

J

\J O190, O298
\j l232, l386, l493, l718, l1042, l1245, l1325, O307
\jmath t274
\Join s105
\joinrel t423, t430, t432, t434, t436, t438, t440, t442, t444, t448, t450
\jot z53, z134, z296

K

\k l465, l532, l537, l559, l564, l640, l641, l699, l700, l751, l753, l758, l760, l1131, l1199, l1200, l1217, l1218, l1240, l1241, l1242, l1295, l1296, l1323, l1324
\kappa t240
\ker z27
\kernel@ifnextchar c55, d56, d75, d125, d292, d309, L150
\kill C59

L

\L l226, l404, l478, l713, l1035, L571, L591, O320
\l . . l235, l406, l496, l719, l1036, O320
\l@ngrel@x . . d49, d50, d51, d95, d142
\l@nohyphenation . . y109, y168, O214
\label x32, F146, J20, J28, K619, K678
\labelsep . . A9, A210, A216, E36, E38
\labelwidth A9, A93, A209, A211, A214
\Lambda t263
\lambda t241
\land t327
\langle t542
\language b35, b82, b84, b99, k50, y109, y168, K597, M10
\last@fontshape o375, o393, o410, o427
\lastbox . . o536, z123, z124, A130, A136, A185, F82, F115, K305
\LastDeclaredEncoding . . . o102, o105
\lastnodetype . . o529, o530, o531, o535
\lastpenalty o532, v95, v98
\lastskip b403, b404, b406, b408, i19, i66, i78, i140, i141, i145, i147, i148, i156, i176, i179, i211, i214, i215, v85, v88, A115, A116, A150, A151, D36
\LaTeX j3, j15, L540
\LaTeXe j13
\latexreleaseversion c5
\lbrace l291, t546
\lbrack b363
\lccode g19, g20, g21, g22, g23, g24, l138, l960, y182, y192, O157, O174, O182, O189, O191, O192, O194, O196, O197, O198, O199, O282, O290, O297, O299, O300, O302, O304
\lceil t550
\ldotp t453, t456, t567
\ldots l305, t457
\le t372
\leaders b435, t290, t508, t509, t511, t512, C335, D273, D280, D317, D323, F159
\leadsto s108
\leavevmode b394, b421, b424, b435, b437, i263, i277, l73, l168, l272, l274, l376, l405, l409, l412, l459, l705, l735, l1520, v106, y113, y134, y146, y164, y174, y193, z332, z344, z371, A58, A103, B8, B17, B24, B111, B113, B129, B157, B218, B294, B351, B368, B375, C151, D44, D166, F23, F155, G435, K157, K162, K184, K189, I14
\left t568, t569, t570, t571, z108, z114, z125
\Leftarrow t368, t444, t450
\leftarrow t391, t392, t432, t442, t448, t500
\leftarrowfill t486, t500
\lefteqn z308
\leftharpoondown t405, t419
\leftharpoonup t404
\lefthyphenmin M11
\leftline B402
\leftmargin A9, A52, A53, A94, A146, A148
\leftmargini z324, A17
\leftmarginii A17
\leftmarginiii A17

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\leftmarginiv A17
\leftmarginv A17
\leftmarginvi A17
\leftmark J34
\Leftrightarrow t367
\leftrightarrow t390
\leftskip b416, o513, y77, y84, y90, y106, y128, A74, B250, B271, F152, F157
\leq t371, t372
\lfloor t554
\lg z4
\lgroup t556
\lhd s111
\lhook t429, t430
\lim z6
\liminf z8
\limits t490, t494, z107, z250
\limsup z7
\line g219, D56, D235
\linebreak *65*, i13
\linepenalty b307
\lineskip b357, b389, b424, t410, z130, B252, B272, C60, C171, D46, D167, K622, K681
\lineskiplimit . . b358, b389, b426, b427, t410, t462, z132, z136, B238, B253, B260, K622, K681
\linespread o250
\linethickness D41
\linewidth . . k28, k86, z195, z221, z333, z345, z372, z376, z394, A15, A51, A52, A54, B248, B269, C36, G266, K146, K205
\list A34, A236, A247
\listfiles *472*, k264
\listparindent A9, A41, A50
\ll t388
\llap A238, A249, B406, B407
\lmoustache t513
\ln z5
\lnot t295
\LoadClass *470*, L267, L281, L438, L497, L505, L506
\LoadClassWithOptions *470*, L280
\loccount N15
\log z3
\loggingall b446
\loggingoutput b442, b455, b471, b485
\Longleftarrow t444
\longleftarrow t441
\Longleftrightarrow t450, t452
\longleftrightarrow t448
\longmapsto t446
\Longrightarrow t438
\longrightarrow t439, t446
\loop a81, b379, o527, C341, N150, N159
\lor t329
\lower j2, t410, B169, D15, D75, D162, D163, D200, D201
\lower@bound p340, p341, p352
\lowercase g26, l139, l961, l1412, o266, o324, y186, y193, O316
\lq b361
\lrbox B99
lrbox (environment) *298*
\ltx@sh@ft b430, l373, l380, l456, l464, l702, l709
\luabytecode N193
\luachunk N201
\luafunction N177
\luatexbase N275
\luatexluafunction a18, a23
\luatexversion a11, N5

M

\M b359
\m@ne b39
\m@th b410, b422, j13, t287, t411, t413, t414, t417, t458, t482, t485, t488, t491, t497, t500, t507, t510, t572, z68, z71, z89, z105, z108, z110, z115, z134, z263, z333, z345, z372, z382, B233, B362, C154, F159, G376, G381, G389, G399
\magstep b350
\magstephalf b350
\makeatletter d306, k30, k88, o330, y19, F134, K2, L261, L400
\makeatother d306, L261, O382
\makebox *298*, z195, z221, B3
\makeglossary *388*, k132, H20
\makeindex *388*, k131, H3
\makelabel A45, A97, A205, A218, A238, A249
\MakeLowercase O313, O322
\makeph@nt z84, z86
\MakeRobust d246
\makesm@sh z100, z102
\maketitle *359*
\MakeUppercase O306, O306
\mandatory@arg p368, p455, p459, p464, p471, p473, p478, p480, p485, p487, p498, p505, p507
\mapsto t396
\mapstochar t395, t396, t446
\marginpar G308

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\marginparpush K85, K1833
\marginparsep K84, K1844, K1846
\marginparwidth . . . G337, K83, K1846
\mark J23, J31, J39
\markboth J18
\markright J18
\marks N35, O10, O12
\math z242
math (environment) z242
\math@bgroup o473, p260, p266, r53, r81, r142, r172, v113, v114, v121
\math@egroup o473, p264, p265, v114, v115, v122
\math@fonts o443, o448, p186, p290, r60, r89, r149, r180
\math@fontsfalse j7, l285, l312, l343, l1135, l1525, o42, o171, o181, o204
\math@fontstrue o169, o485
\math@version o8, o270, o447, o451, o453, o454, o456, p184, r56, r59, r64, r65, r69, r84, r88, r93, r94, r98, r111, r112, r113, r126, r127, r128, r145, r148, r152, r154, r156, r160, r175, r179, r183, r185, r187, r191, s67
\mathaccent r586, r614
\mathalpha . r687, r848, t132, t133, t134, t135, t136, t137, t138, t139, t140, t141, t142, t143, t144, t145, t146, t147, t148, t149, t150, t151, t152, t153, t154, t155, t156, t157, t158, t159, t160, t161, t162, t163, t164, t165, t166, t167, t168, t169, t170, t171, t172, t173, t174, t175, t176, t177, t178, t179, t180, t181, t182, t183, t184, t185, t186, t187, t188, t189, t190, t191, t192, t193, t260, t261, t262, t263, t264, t265, t266, t267, t268, t269, t270, t468, t469, t470, t471, t472, t473, t474, t475, t477, t480
\mathbf s14, t114
\mathbin r853, t195, t196, t198, t320, t321, t322, t323, t326, t328, t330, t331, t332, t333, t334, t335, t336, t337, t338, t339, t340, t341, t342, t343, t344, t345, t346, t347, t348, t349, t350, t351, t352, t353, t354, t355, z37
\mathcal t113
\mathchar b422, r629, r672, t272, t284, t565
\mathchar@type r614, r660, r663, r672, r688, r788, r849
\mathchardef b21, b22, b23, b24, b107, b110, b111, e3, e4, e5, e6, l70, r663, N214
\mathcharzero N214
\mathchoice z61
\mathclose r856, t194, t203, t205, t208, t213, t219, t221, t223, t516, t541, t545, t549, t553, t559, z43, z46, z49, z52
\mathcode r660, t215, t216, t217
\mathdollar l290, t562
\mathellipsis l304, t567
\mathgroup . b79, l1732, o15, p257, p263, p269, p270, p281, s82, t573
\mathhexbox b422, s92
\mathindent z322, z334, z346, z374, z384
\mathinner t456, t460, t465, t567
\mathit s29, t116, t119, t565
\mathnormal t112
\mathop r852, t303, t304, t305, t306, t307, t308, t309, t311, t312, t313, t314, t315, t316, t318, t319, t488, t491, z3, z4, z5, z6, z7, z8, z9, z10, z11, z12, z13, z14, z15, z16, z17, z18, z19, z20, z21, z22, z23, z24, z25, z26, z27, z28, z29, z30, z31, z32, z33, z34, z107, z250
\mathopen r855, t204, t207, t212, t218, t220, t222, t514, t543, t547, t551, t555, t557, z41, z44, z47, z50
\mathord r687, r851, t199, t206, t209, t214, t226, t227, t228, t230, t231, t232, t233, t234, t235, t236, t237, t238, t239, t240, t241, t242, t243, t244, t245, t246, t247, t248, t249, t250, t251, t252, t253, t254, t255, t256, t257, t258, t259, t271, t273, t274, t275, t276, t277, t278, t279, t280, t281, t282, t283, t285, t286, t291, t292, t293, t294, t296, t297, t298, t299, t300, t301, t302, t476, t478, t479, t499, t500, t503, t504, t505, t506, t518, t520, t522, t525, t539, t561, t562, t563, t564
\mathpalette t409, t413, t416, z60, z69, z82, z98

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\mathph@nt z82, z88
\mathpunct r857, t197, t201, t453, t454, t455
\mathrel r854, t200, t202, t210, t211, t224, t225, t288, t356, t357, t358, t359, t360, t361, t362, t363, t364, t365, t366, t367, t368, t369, t371, t373, t375, t376, t377, t378, t379, t380, t381, t382, t383, t384, t385, t387, t388, t389, t390, t391, t393, t395, t397, t398, t399, t400, t401, t402, t403, t404, t405, t406, t407, t409, t413, t416, t423, t425, t428, t429, t431, t434, t436, t527, t529, t531, t533, t535, t537, z42, z45, z48, z51, z107, z250
\mathring t480
\mathrm s5, t111
\mathsection l294, m76, m88, t562
\mathsf s8, t115, t118
\mathsm@sh z98, z104
\mathsterling l302, t562
\mathstrut z94, z112, z113
\mathsurround b410
\mathsymbol r665
\mathtt s11, t117
\mathunderscore t562
\mathversion o270, s64, s66
\matrix z110, z114
\max z22
\maxdeadcycles K7
\maxdepth b331, i183, k57, k112, K92, K169, K170, K506, K514, K546, K714, K723, K763, K990, O85
\maxdimen . b296, b332, b333, b389, b427, b443, b454, b470, b485, o500, o510, o545, o560, p338, p391, t410, D246, D291, D330, K291, K1852, K1872, K1877, K2164, K2204, K2205, K2207, O89
\maybe@ic v46, v47, v66
\maybe@ic@ v66
\maybe@icfalse v80
\maybe@ictrue v70
\mb@b B50, B60
\mb@l B50, B54, B59, D47, D51
\mb@r B50, B54, B59, D47, D51
\mb@t B51, B58
\mbox *298*, b422, j13, l276, s88, t458, B11, B20, B24, D20, G381, G389, G399
\mddefault s18, t77, t84
\mdseries s16, s17, s91, v20
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\medbreak b404
\medmuskip t575, z36, z38, z145
\medskip b407, i256
\medskipamount b406, i257, i259
\MessageBreak d179, d252, g3, g6, g13, g33, g46, g60, g73, g171, g173, g179, g186, l155, l916, l1417, l1420, l1444, l1446, l1447, l1448, l1450, l1452, l1453, l1454, l1455, l1456, l1505, l1507, l1515, l1522, l1737, o391, o425, p20, p21, p67, p88, p281, p432, p452, p484, p497, p510, q31, q33, r367, r376, r514, v127, y23, K578, K1959, K1996, L125, L291, L302, L304, L306, L317, L407, L408, L410, L411, L412, L414, L416, L433, L434, L435, L436, L482, L499, L500, L532, L560, O219, O220, O221, O223
\mho s104
\mid t360
\min z23
\minipage B281
minipage (environment) *299*
\mit s149
\mkern . t272, t288, t290, t414, t423, t465, t466, t467, t495, t496, t497, t498, t499, t500, t501, t502, z36, z37, z40, z73, z74, F160
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\module_error *493*, N331
\module_info *493*, N331
\module_warning *493*, N331
\modules N284
\month a185, c16, L544
\moveright K625, K684
\mp t347
\mscount C338
\mskip i282, z36, z38, z144, z145, z146, z147
\mu t242
\multicolumn C194
\multiput D25, D29
\multispan C194, C338
\muskip . b29, b55, b93, t495, t496, N32
\muskipdef b55, b93, N215
\muskipzero N215

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N

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\ncallback N597
\ndefault N601
\ne t370
\nearrow t363
\NeedsTeXFormat p12, L296, L603
\neg t294, t295
\negthinspace i303
\neq t370
\new@command d52, d53, d106, d140, d159, d214
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\new@mathalphabet . . . r409, r430, r441
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\new@mathversion r20, r246, r248
\new@symbolfont r290, r322
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\new_bytecode *491*, N431
\new_chunkname *491*, N444
\new_whatsit *491*, N419
\newattribute *490*, N74, N225
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\newcatcodetable *490*, N84, N93, N94, N120, N121, N229
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\newcount b47, b349, e7, e8, i62, k9, m36, p25, r27, r254, z55, z254, z255, A23, A24, A25, A26, A56, A226, A241, B322, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C294, C295, C296, D349, D350, D351, D352, D361, F19, F123, F124, G3, G267, G268, G269, G270, K103, K105, K107, K109, K111, K119, K1985, K2288, K2291, K2294, K2298, O3, O4, O5, O77
\newcounter *143*, m10
\newdimen b47, b296, b298, b299, b348, e10, e11, e12, i61, p352, p353, z53, z323, A9, A10, A11, A12, A13, A14, A15, A16, A17, A18, A19, A20, A21, A22, B126, B127, C3, C5, C6, C7, C8, C139, C297, C298, C299, C300, D3, D4, D5, D7, D216, D217, D218, D219, D220, D221, D353, D354, D356, D357, D358, D359, G400, K71, K72, K73, K75, K76, K77, K78, K79, K80, K81, K82, K83, K84, K85, K91, K93, K94, K106, K108, K110, K112, K113, K114, K115, K116, K117, K118, K1986, K1987
\newenvironment *35*, d121, L542
\newfam b80, b100, o17, N36
\newfont s68
\newgroup r47
\newhelp b295
\newif d143, e9, k7, k8, l1464, o169, r15, v65, x3, z75, z76, z133, z256, A28, A29, A30, A31, A32, A33, A138, B336, C19, C212, D55, D212, D213, D214, D215, D244, D245, F21, F107, K95, K96, K97, K98, K99, K100, K101, K102, L2
\newinsert b193, b231, B323, G366, K27, K1851
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\newlanguage b47, O215
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\newline i43
\newlinechar a72, d5
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\newluafunction *490*, N4, N173, N223, N235
\newmarks O6
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\newmathalphabet@ q14
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\newmathalphabet@@@ q15, q109
\newmuskip b47
\newpage K133, K139, K150
\newread b47, k3
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\newskip b47, b297, b300, b346, b347, e14, e15, e17, i259, i260, i261, i300, n3, y79, z257, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, K2302, K2303, K2304,

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\newtie l790, l11608, l11609
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\newXeTeXintercharclass O21
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\nfss@text l298, l300, s88, v5, v105, x13
\NG l479, l11037, O320
\ng l497, l11038, O320
\ni t385, t386
\no@alphabet@error . o5, r268, r270, r446, r447, r461, r470, r556, r557
\noaccents@ o488, t92
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\nobreakspace i276
\nocite *390*, I39
\nocorr v26, v41, v45, v48
\nocorrlist v72, v104
\nofiles *80*, k126
\noindent o523, o549, F122
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\nolinebreak *65*, i13
\non@alpherr o467, o469, r72, r101, r117, r163, r194, r927
\nonfrenchspacing b353, b541, k46, k104
\nonscript z36, z38
\nonumber z283, z306, z307
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\normalbaselineskip b346, b358, p142, B254, B273
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\normallineskip b346, b357, B252, B272
\normallineskiplimit b346, b358, z136, B237, B253, B259
\normalmarginpar G363
\normalsfcodes k42, k44, k46, k100, k102, k104, k125, K618, K677
\normalsize k40, k98, v125, G23, G176, G348, K617, K676, L5
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\nullfont y51
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\numexpr b189, b205, b215, b235, l939, K36, N82, N105, N157
\nunknown N614
\nwarrow t365

O

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\o . . l237, l388, l499, l720, l11028, O319
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\obeycr i309
\obeylines b374, y119, y140, y154, y155, K583
\obeyspaces b374, K583
\oddsidemargin K72, K74, K611, K670
\odot t342
\OE . l227, l382, l480, l711, l11039, O319
\oe . l236, l387, l498, l721, l11040, O319
\of z67, z253
\offinterlineskip b387
\oint t317
\ointop t316, t317

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\omega t253
\ominus t345
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\onecolumn K141
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\oplus t346
\optional@arg p369, p448, p450, p504, p507
\OptionNotUsed L174, L181, L447
\oslash t343
\OT l355
\otimes t344
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\outer@nobreak G181, G251, G255, G342
\outerparskip A1
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\outputpenalty K258, K272, K295, K298, K299, K334, K1158, K1159, K1324, K1327
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\overbrace t488
\overfullrule b330, J55
\overleftarrow t485
\overrightarrow t482
\owns t386

P

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\p@selectfont p117
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\PackageWarning g84, l1471, l1735
\PackageWarningNoLine g84, l914, K1958
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\pagegoal K1879, K1886
\pagenumbering *256*, w5
\pageref x10
\pageshrink K538, K542, K558
\pagestyle J2
\pagetotal K128
\paperheight K93
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\par a120, b11, b367, b375, b376, b391, b400, b401, b402, b404, b406, b408, d6, h3, h4, h6, o526, y49, y69, y111, y132, A63, A110, A127, A129, A135, A161, A164, B243, B264, B310, C168, C344, F24, F73, F164, G15, G24, G249, J48, J49, K166, K193, K257, K1885, N156
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\paragraphmark F126
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\parboxrestore B277
\parfillskip b345, o500, o515, o560, y78, y91, y107, y129, A76, B251, B272, F152
\parindent b337, b416, b417, y78, y85, y91, y107, y129, A50, B246, B267, F153
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\parseunicodedataII N124, N126
\parseunicodedataIII N128, N134
\parseunicodedataIV N130, N142
\parseunicodedataV N146, N149
\parshape A54
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\partopsep z388, A1, A61
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\PassOptionsToPackage *470*, L151
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\perp t399
\ph@nt z77, z78, z79, z80

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\phi t250
\Pi t265
\pi t245
\pickup@font l165, o160, o287, o402, o436, p122, p285, p287, p289
\pictur@ D8
\picture D8
\pm t348
\pmatrix z114
\pmod z39
\poptabs g206, C127
\poptracing p130, p294
\postdisplaypenalty i28, z331, z343, z369
\pounds l301
\Pr z32
\pr@@@s z156, z164
\pr@@@t z159, z165
\pr@m@s z153, z154
\prec t376
\preceq t379
\predisplaypenalty b316, z330, z342, z368
\preload@sizes q11, q94
\pretolerance . . b303, o502, o517, o562
\prevdepth b387, b391, b392, i183, i184, i241, i246, z135, G196, G198, G218, G220, K167, K169, K172
\prim@s z150, z152, z164
\prime t216, t281, z153
\prime@s z151
\process@table k38, k96, r200
\ProcessOptions l1435, l1473, p71, L182, L225, L501
\ProcessOptions* L182
\prod t311
\propto t356
\protect d77, d194, d209, d218, d223, d226, d227, d229, d230, d235, d236, d241, d244, d245, d267, g197, g199, g200, g206, g212, g219, g227, g230, g236, k138, l26, l32, l51, l55, l193, l201, r475, r932, s71, v126, x12, C225, F11, F55, F65, F143, G17, K596, K655, I5
\protected m103
\protected@edef d228, m101, x37, B330, F43, G416, O310, O316, O321, O322
\protected@write k129, k134, x33, F145, H14, H31
\protected@xdef d228, F10, G402, G426, G442
\provide@command d153, d154
\providecommand . d153, l6, l909, K1969
\provides_module *493*, N285
\ProvidesClass *469*, L138
\ProvidesFile a89, t595, t597, t598, t599, L140
\ProvidesPackage *470*, p13, L121, L138, L604
\ProvideTextCommand l3, l60
\ProvideTextCommandDefault l57
\ps@empty J10, O91
\ps@plain J13
\Psi t269
\psi t252
\pushtabs g206, C124
\pushtracing p115, p275
\put D21, D176, D177, D178, D179, D184, D186, D198, D199, D200, D201, D206, D209, D404

Q

\qbezier *333*, D367
\qbeziermax D366, D388
\qquad i306
\quad i306, z109, z111, z120, F94
\quotedblbase l500, l722, l1059
\quotesinglbase l501, l1056

R

\r b365, b366, l220, l371, l411, l450, l552, l579, l589, l615, l698, l734, l1125, l1143, l1169, l1291, l1292
\r@@t z66
\radical r798, r801, r831
\raggedbottom J39
\raggedleft y86, y88
\raggedright y80, y82
\raise l310, l342, l410, l413, l674, l736, l823, l1133, s91, t417, t465, t467, z73, B386, B395, D22, D32, D74, D162, D237, D265, D309, D337, D415
\raisebox *299*, l1102, B363
\rangle t540
\rbrace l292, t544
\rbrack b363
\rceil t548
\Re t277
\ref x10

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\refstepcounter *143*, x32, z247, z370, A202, E27, F42, G9
\registernumber *492*, N376
\Relbar t428, t436, t438, t444
\relbar t425, t440, t442
\relpenalty b311
\rem@pt o263
\remove@angles p301, p324
\remove@nil r36
\remove@star p301, p307
\remove@tlig l928, l930, l932, l939, l975, l977, l979
\remove@to@nnil o262, p301, p327, p440
\remove_from_callback *493*, N671
\removelastskip b403, b405, b407, b409
\renew@command . d99, d100, d160, d168
\renew@environment d127, d128
\renewcommand *35*, d99, t58, t59, t60, t61, t63, t64, t65, t66, t71, t72, t73, t74, z318, z338, z359
\renewenvironment *35*, d127, z367, z379
\repeat a81, a83, b379, o543, C341, N154, N164
\RequirePackage *470*, K1966, L257, L264, L285, L497, N22
\RequirePackageWithOptions *470*, L283
\reserved@a a121, a125, a126, a195, a196, a199, a217, a221, a243, a250, a253, a255, a256, a263, a266, a268, a269, a276, a279, a281, a307, a308, a309, b193, c12, c18, c33, d92, d95, d108, d109, d110, d112, d159, d160, d161, d167, d168, d169, d170, d173, d192, d201, d205, d260, d264, d289, d298, f33, f37, g185, i265, i268, k139, k140, k162, k163, k201, k203, k208, k210, k212, k218, k222, k230, k233, k246, k247, k251, k257, k276, k280, k284, l79, l80, l84, l87, l95, l105, l108, l117, l136, l141, l922, l926, l953, l962, o30, o33, o36, o70, o73, o75, o112, o116, o323, o326, o374, o375, o390, o393, o398, o409, o410, o423, o427, o432, o459, o462, o463, o471, p150, p152, p154, p164, p166, p169, p298, p299, p312, p313, q53, q57, r356, r365, r367, r411, r414, r424, r427, r525, r527, r585, r587, r628, r631, r722, r724, r800, r802, r904, r906, r922, r924, r925, r930, v30, v31, v36, v37, v48, v51, v71, v78, y41, y42, y54, y55, y59, y64, y65, z298, z299, z300, z301, z303, B52, B53, B56, B100, B106, C202, C206, C211, C230, C319, C320, D78, D80, D84, D249, D293, D294, G29, G30, G32, G33, G63, G67, G72, G74, G76, G78, G83, G84, G132, G136, G142, G145, G148, G151, K37, K46, K48, K50, K876, K896, K1962, K1964, K1965, K2054, K2056, K2062, K2065, L88, L96, L100, L106, L114, L118, L238, L242, L248, L252, L297, L298, L301, L342, L346, L358, L359, L361, L370, L374, L386, L387, L388, L390, L401, L441, L606, L608, O159, O176, O177, O178, O185, O186, O187, O231, O262, O268, O269, O271, O273, O284, O285, O286, O293, O294, O295, O308, O309, O310, O311, O314, O315, O316, O317, O343, O346, O347, O364
\reserved@b a122, a123, d84, d86, d93, d110, d111, d202, d203, d205, d261, d262, d264, d290, d300, f33, f34, f37, i266, i267, i274, k161, k163, k213, k215, k217, k279, k285, l88, l95, l110, l117, l925, l926, l962, l971, l973, o60, o62, o115, o116, o460, o471, q47, q54, q71, q73, r282, r284, r337, r339, r364, r365, r366, r401, r403, r482, r484, r529, r530, r531, r538, v35, v36, v49, v51, v78, v79, C207, C209, C211, G43, G44, G112, G113, K785, K788, K802, K805, K822, K825, L89, L90, L91, L93, L107, L108, L111, L350, L356, L359, L378, L384, L388, L549, L550, L552, L578, O162, O164, O168, O234, O236, O240, O309, O315, O364
\reserved@c a123, a128, d295, d298, d300, d303, k268, k269, o61, o62, o461, o464, q48, q55, q61, q68, r33, r37, r283, r284, r338, r339, r402, r403, r483, r484, r506, r515, r530, r544, r712, r729, r738, r766,

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\reserved@d a126, a129, d288, d297, k267, k269, q61, q68, q70, q74, r720, r729, r738, r774, r777, r825, r830, r834, O367
\reserved@e . . i36, i38, i47, i53, q39, q45, q70, q73, q74, r34, r39, O368
\reserved@f i37, i38, i53, l1411, l1412, l1413, l1414, l1416, l1423, o155, o157, o163, o164, p336, p347, p351, p355, p361, p364, p403, p440, p443, q27, q38, q45, q71, q73, O369
\reset@font . s93, x13, B327, G175, G347, G411, J14, K616, K675, I20
\restglb@settings p222, p232
\restore@mathversion r107, r110, r125, r133
\restore@protect d228
\restorecr i309
\reversemarginpar G363
\rfloor t552
\rgroup t556
\rhd s113
\rho t246
\rhook t431, t432
\right t568, t569, t570, t571, z109, z114, z127
\Rightarrow t369, t438, t450
\rightarrow t393, t394, t396, t430, t440, t448, t499
\rightarrowfill t483, t497
\rightharpoondown t407
\rightharpoonup t406, t418
\righthyphenmin M11
\rightleftharpoons t416
\rightline B402
\rightmargin A9, A40, A51
\rightmark J34
\rightskip b417, o514, y77, y83, y90, y106, y128, A75, B250, B271, F152
\rlap l410, l413, l736, z308, z319, B406, C70
\rlh@ t416, t417
\rmdefault s6, s81, t42, t83
\rmfamily s4, s5, v15
\rmoustache t515
\Roman *143*, m47
\roman *143*, m46
\romannumeral m52, m53, A43, A234, A245
\root z66, z253
\rootbox z66
\rq b361
\rule *299*, B334, B337, G421

S

\S l294
\s@fct@ p380, p444
\s@fct@fixed p501
\s@fct@gen p456
\s@fct@genb p461
\s@fct@sgen p456
\s@fct@sgenb p461
\s@fct@sub p468
\s@fct@subf p493
\samepage *65*, i27
\savebox *298*, B71
\savecatcodetable . N117, N168, N170
\sb z142
\sbox *298*, b411, j4, A205, B77, B84, B88, B93, B98
\scan@@fontshape q7, q40, q43
\scan@fontshape q6, q26, q37
\scdefault s27, t79
\scriptfont p292
\scriptfont@name p287, p292
\scriptscriptfont p293
\scriptscriptstyle z65, z68
\scriptspace b336
\scriptstyle t287, z64
\scshape l283, s25, s26, v23
\searrow t364
\sec z20
\secdef F125
\sectionmark F126
\select@group o444, o463, r48, r236, r273, r411, r464, r473, r511, r543
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\seriesdefault r239, s96, t83
\set@@mathdelimiter r775, r791
\set@color B62
\set@display@protect d3, d226, g7, g14, g34, g61
\set@fontsize . o251, o253, p119, p132
\set@mathaccent r589, r597, r613
\set@mathchar r649, r659
\set@mathdelimiter . . . r726, r735, r787

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\set@mathradical r244, r827
\set@mathsymbol r633, r641, r662
\set@simple@size@args p302, p315, p322, p343, p357
\set@size@funct@args p305, p307, p365
\set@size@funct@args@ p365
\set@typeset@protect d226, d245, C170, C196, K603, K605, K661, K663
\setattribute *491*, N82, N226
\setcounter *143*, k190, m2, m37, A225, K2289, K2292, K2295, K2299
\setlength *149*, n4, z386, z391, z392, z393, B43, B159, B220, B223, B296, B353, B354, B355, B384, B385, B392, B393, B394, C149, C343, K2305, K2306, K2307, K2310, K2311, K2315, K2316, K2317, K2321, K2322, K2323
\SetMathAlphabet o12, q140, q141, r480, t118, t119
\SetMathAlphabet@ . . . r418, r487, r496
\setminus t351
\setrangecatcode N96, N104, N113, N114
\SetSymbolFont . r335, t108, t109, t110
\SetSymbolFont@ r308, r342, r350
\settodepth *149*, n17
\settoheight *149*, n17
\settowidth *149*, n17
\sf@size j6, l285, o189, o208, o483, p282, p286, G381, G389, G399
\sfcode . . . b353, b354, b355, b356, b440, i272, k43, k101, O183, O291
\sfdefault s9, t42
\sffamily s7, s8, v16
\sh@ft b428
\shapedefault r240, s97, t83
\sharp t298
\shipout K602, K660
\shortstack D42
\showboxbreadth b325, b443, b496, b513, b529
\showboxdepth b326, b443, b495, b512, b530, o502, o546, o563
\showhyphens o491
\showoutput b442
\showoverfull . b441, b444, b478, b486
\Sigma t266
\sigma t247
\sim t397, t409
\simeq t398
\sin z9
\sinh z11
\sixt@@n . . a71, b16, b64, b66, b96, b97, b98, o15, r84, r175, r580, r582, r623, r625, r668, r670, r708, r710, r716, r718, r762, r764, r770, r772, r813, r815, r821, r823, D135, D150, D152, G62, G80, G131, G153, K1004, K1050, K1189, K1357, K1591, K1655, K1712, K1782, K2008, K2017, K2073, K2089, K2122, N28
\size@update . . p128, p139, p158, p160
\sizefn@info p306, p308, p316, p344, p358
\skew t495
\skip b28, b53, b92, b208, b239, b284, B313, G367, K316, K490, N31
\skip@ b41, b390, b392, b393, b395, v88, v91
\skipdef b45, b53, b92, N216
\skipzero N216
\slash b396
\sldefault s24, t79
\sloppy B255, B274, J43, J48
\sloppypar J48
sloppypar (environment) J48
\slshape l420, l739, s22, s23, v22
\smallbreak b404
\smallint t319
\smallskip b405, i256
\smallskipamount b404, i256, i259
\smash . t425, t497, t498, t501, t502, z95
\smile t402
\sp z142
\sp@n C338
\space b369
\spacefactor b394, b395, i67, i76, i91, i103, i117, i131, i272, i288, i293, l70, l71, G436, G438
\spaceskip s80
\spadesuit t302
\span C342
\split@name o291, o303, o354, p473, p487
\splitfirstmark K2210
\splitmaxdepth . . . b332, G414, K2204
\splittopskip b344, G413
\sqcap t334
\sqcup t335
\sqrt z252
\sqrtsign t481, z71, z252
\sqsubset s109
\sqsubseteq t357
\sqsupset s110
\sqsupseteq t358

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\ss . l238, l389, l502, l723, l1024, O320
\ssf@size l311, l343, l1134, o190, o209, o484, p282, p288
\stackrel z250
\star t355
\stepcounter *143*, m17, m27, o456, r48, x36, z260, z303, z380, G401, G425, K646, K705
\stop y49
\storedpar N156, N161
\stretch i302
\strip@prefix a111, a228, a299, d203, d262, d314, o441
\strip@pt b432, o181, o187, o188, o189, o190, o203, o207, o263, o483, o484, p134
\strut b412, z121, z122, C29
\strutbox b412, p143, B334, C159, C160, G414, G421
\sub@sfcnt p468, p469, p470
\subf@sfcnt p493, p494, p495
\subparagraphmark F126
\subsectionmark F126
\subset t381
\subseteq t383
\subst@correction o50, o56
\subst@fontshape q8, q80
\subst@size p419
\subsubsectionmark F126
\succ t375
\succeq t378
\sum t312
\sup z24
\suppressfloats K1971
\supset t380
\supseteq t382
\surd t284
\sw@slant v74, v84
\swarrow t366
\symbol l156, s68
\symletters l1732, s82
\symoperators t573

T

\T g23, l318, l320, l322, l324, l326, l328, l330, l332, l334, l357, L587, L591, L592
\t . . l266, l683, l788, l1452, l1719, l1721
\t@st@ic v73, v77
\tabbing C60
\tabbingsep C119, C121, C139
\tabcolsep C220, C297
\tabskip b423, z138, z139, z265, z268, z271, z273, z384, z397, z400, z402, C140, C165
\tabular C147
\tabular* C148
\tabularnewline C167, C180
\tan z15
\tanh z17
\tau t248
\tc@check@accent l1531, l1607, l1609, l1611
\tc@check@symbol l1531, l1601, l1603, l1605, l1613, l1615, l1617, l1619, l1621, l1623, l1625, l1627, l1629, l1631, l1633, l1635, l1637, l1639, l1641, l1643, l1645, l1647, l1649, l1651, l1653, l1655, l1657, l1659, l1661, l1663, l1665, l1667, l1669, l1671, l1673, l1675, l1677, l1679, l1681, l1683, l1685, l1687, l1689, l1691, l1693, l1695, l1697, l1699, l1701, l1703, l1705, l1707, l1709, l1711, l1713, l1715
\tc@error l1511, l1532
\tc@errorwarn l1470, l1471, l1504
\tc@fake@euro l1519, l1600
\tc@forcedfalse l1464
\tc@forcedtrue l1469
\tc@subst l1503, l1503, l1531
\tencirc u10, D37, D363
\tencircw u10, D39
\tenln u9, D37, D38, D362, D364
\tenlnw u9, D39, D40
\TeX j1, j12
\TexOrMath m70, m86
\text@command v8, v29
\textacutedbl l843, l1045, l1564
\textascendercompwordmark l793, l1547
\textasciiacute . . . l893, l1008, l1588
\textasciibreve . . . l841, l1044, l1561
\textasciicaron . . . l842, l1043, l1562
\textasciicircum l270, l503, l984
\textasciidieresis . . l881, l997, l1578
\textasciigrave l832, l976, l1559
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\textasciitilde l271, l504, l989
\textasteriskcentered l251, l659, l803, l1095, l1554, m73, m79
\textbackslash . . l252, l505, l660, l983
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\verb y157, y159, y184
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\verbatim y145
verbatim* (environment) y148
\verbatim@font y119, y140, y147, y167, y177
\verbatim@nolig@list y188, y194
\version@elt r18, r31, r32, r256, r257, r306, r326, r417, r455, r547, r885
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\vfilneg b400
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\vglue b390
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