Question 1

Write program to find ε – closure of all states of any given NFA with ε transition.

Cycle 1

Program

```
#include<stdio.h>
      #include<stdlib.h>
      struct node
      int st;
      struct node *link;
      void findclosure(int,int);
      void insert_trantbl(int ,char, int);
      int findalpha(char);
      void print_e_closure(int);
      static int set[20],nostate,noalpha,s,notransition,c,r,buffer[20];
      char alphabet[20];
      static int e_closure[20][20]={0};
      struct node * transition[20][20]={NULL};
      void main()
      int i,j,k,m,t,n;
      struct node *temp;
      printf("Enter the number of alphabets?\n");
      scanf("%d",&noalpha);
      getchar();
      printf("NOTE:- [ use letter e as epsilon]\n");
      printf("NOTE:- [e must be last character ,if it is present]\n");
      printf("\nEnter alphabets?\n");
      for(i=0;i<noalpha;i++)
      alphabet[i]=getchar();
      getchar();
      printf("\nEnter the number of states?\n");
      scanf("%d",&nostate);
      printf("\nEnter no of transition?\n");
      scanf("%d",&notransition);
      printf("NOTE:- [Transition is in the form-> qno alphabet
qno]\n",notransition);
```

```
printf("NOTE:- [States number must be greater than zero]\n");
printf("\nEnter transition?\n");
for(i=0;i<notransition;i++)</pre>
scanf("%d %c%d",&r,&c,&s);
insert_trantbl(r,c,s);
printf("\n");
printf("e-closure of states.....\n");
printf("———
for(i=1;i<=nostate;i++)
c=0;
for(j=0;j<20;j++)
buffer[i]=0;
e_closure[i][j]=0;
findclosure(i,i);
printf("\ne-closure(q%d): ",i);
print_e_closure(i);
void findclosure(int x,int sta)
struct node *temp;
int i:
if(buffer[x])
return;
e_closure[sta][c++]=x;
buffer[x]=1;
if(alphabet[noalpha-1]=='e' && transition[x][noalpha-1]!=NULL)
temp=transition[x][noalpha-1];
while(temp!=NULL)
findclosure(temp->st,sta);
temp=temp->link;
void insert_trantbl(int r,char c,int s)
int j;
struct node *temp;
j=findalpha(c);
if(j==999)
```

```
printf("error\n");
exit(0);
temp=(struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
temp->st=s;
temp->link=transition[r][j];
transition[r][j]=temp;
int findalpha(char c)
int i;
for(i=0;i<noalpha;i++)
if(alphabet[i]==c)
return i;
return(999);
void print_e_closure(int i)
int j;
printf("{");
for(j=0;e_closure[i][j]!=0;j++)
printf("q%d,",e closure[i][j]);
printf("}");
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of states: 4
Enter the number of alphabets: 2
Enter the alphabets:
(Enter e for Epsilon & add it as the last alphabet)
a
e
Enter the number of transistions: 4

NOTE: State number begins at 1
Enter transition in the format: CurrentStateNumber Alphabet NextStateNumber 1 e 2
2 a 3
1 e 3
3 e 4
Epsilon closure for the states are:
e-closure(q1) = { q1, q3, q4, q2 }
e-closure(q2) = { q2 }
e-closure(q3) = { q3, q4 }
e-closure(q4) = { q4 }
```

