The project **BST** contains the following:

Class Node

The BST class is included as a friend class to be able to access the private member variables
directly (this will simplify the implementation when using pointers). The class creates objects
that store one int and two pointers to nodes, one to the left and one to the right.

Class BST

- Creates an object that stores a pointer to the root of the BST and a count to keep track of how many nodes are in the tree.
- o Default Constructor
 - It initializes the member variable of the class.
- o Function insert
 - Parameter: An int storing an item to insert in the BST.
 - Call the overloaded function insert to insert an element in the BST.
- Function insert (overloaded)
 - Parameters: A pointer to a node and a pointer to a new node.
 - **NOTE:** The pointer to the node is passed by **reference**.
 - Recursively inserts nodes in the BST.
 - This is a private function.
- Function destroyTree()
 - Calls the overloaded function destroyTree.
- Destructor
 - Calls the overloaded function destroyTree.
- Function destroyTree(overloaded)
 - Parameter: A pointer to a node.

NOTE: The pointer to the node is passed by **reference**.

- Recursively deletes nodes in the BST.
- This is a private function.

• Text files:

- o Small list of integers to test the implementation.
 - data_int_1.txt
 - data_int_2.txt
 - data_int_3.txt

Main.cpp

- Function processTree
 - Opens the text files for reading and calls function insert of the BST class to insert data in the BST.
- Function testTree
 - Tests the implementation of functions that traverse the tree, return the height of the tree, and return the number of nodes in the tree.

Passing a Pointer by Reference

- Why are we passing pointers by reference? Because we are modifying the tree recursively. If we
 passed the pointers by value, the function will make a copy for each recursion, and when backtracking
 all the information will be lost (try removing the reference from the insert function). You need to pass
 a pointer by reference <u>only</u> when you are deleting, moving, or inserting nodes (if you are simply
 traversing, there is no need to pass by reference).
- Why are we creating **private** functions? Because we are passing a parameter, the root, that is a **private** member of the class; therefore, other classes have no access to it and cannot make a function call.

Your job is to complete the implementation of the **BST class** as specified below. Write the declaration of the functions in the **BST.h** class definition, and implement them in the **Functions.cpp** file.

• Function insert()

- o This is the non-recursive version.
- o Parameters: The item to insert.
- No duplicates allowed → If the item to insert is already in the tree, output the following message:

"The item to insert is already in the list – duplicates are not allowed."

o When testing, make sure you comment out both insert functions that are already provided.

Functions preorderTraversal and postorderTraversal:

- o The **overloaded** functions are **recursive** and **private**.
- Follow the same pattern provided by the inorderTraversal, to print out the appropriate sequence.

• Function totalNodes

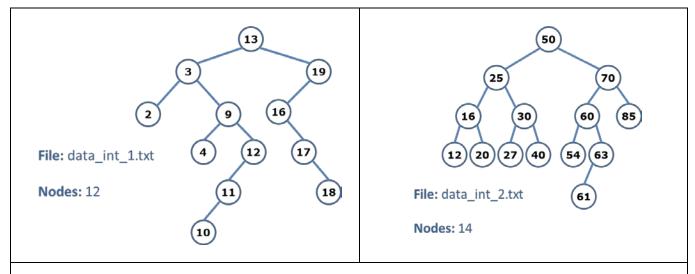
Calls the overloaded function totalNodes to return the number of nodes in the BST.

Function totalNodes(Node*)

- o **Parameters:** A pointer to a node.
- o This is a recursive function.
- o This is a private function.
- Returns the number of nodes in the tree.

The **Main.cpp** file contains a few testing cases to test your functions. The file reads from the text files.

The **output.txt** file shows the expected output.



File: data_int_3.txt has only one item, the root.