

Complete JavaScript Cheatsheet - Beginner to Advanced

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Basics & Variables

Variable Declaration

```
// var (function-scoped, can be redeclared)
var name = "John";
var age = 25;

// let (block-scoped, cannot be redeclared)
let email = "john@example.com";
let isActive = true;

// const (block-scoped, cannot be reassigned)
const PI = 3.14159;
const users = []; // Object contents can still be modified
```

Variable Naming Rules

- Must start with letter, underscore (_), or dollar sign (\$)
- Can contain letters, numbers, underscores, dollar signs
- Case-sensitive
- Cannot use reserved keywords

Comments

```
// Single line comment

/*
Multi-line
comment
*/

/**
 * JSDoc comment for functions
 * @param {string} name - The name parameter
 * @returns {string} Greeting message
 */
```

Data Types

Primitive Types

```
// Number
let age = 25;
let price = 99.99;
let negative = -10;
let infinity = Infinity;
let notANumber = NaN;

// String
let firstName = "John";
let lastName = "Doe";
let template = `Hello ${firstName} ${lastName}`;

// Boolean
let isTrue = true;
let isFalse = false;

// Undefined
let undefinedVar;
console.log(undefinedVar); // undefined

// Null
let nullVar = null;

// Symbol (ES6)
let sym = Symbol("id");
let sym2 = Symbol("id");
console.log(sym === sym2); // false

// BigInt (ES2020)
let bigNumber = 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890n;
```

Type Checking

```
typeof 42; // "number"
typeof "hello"; // "string"
typeof true; // "boolean"
typeof undefined; // "undefined"
typeof null; // "object" (known quirk)
typeof {}; // "object"
typeof []; // "object"
typeof function () {}; // "function"

// Better type checking
Array.isArray([]); // true
Number.isInteger(42); // true
Number.isNaN(NaN); // true
```

Type Conversion

```
// Implicit conversion
"5" + 3; // "53" (string concatenation)
"5" - 3; // 2 (numeric subtraction)
"5" * 3; // 15
true + 1; // 2
false + 1; // 1

// Explicit conversion
String(123); // "123"
Number("123"); // 123
Number("123abc"); // NaN
Boolean(1); // true
Boolean(0); // false
parseInt("123px"); // 123
parseFloat("12.34px"); // 12.34
```

Operators

Arithmetic Operators

```
let a = 10,
    b = 3;

a + b; // 13 (addition)
a - b; // 7 (subtraction)
a * b; // 30 (multiplication)
a / b; // 3.333... (division)
```

```
a % b; // 1 (modulus/remainder)
a ** b; // 1000 (exponentiation - ES2016)

// Increment/Decrement
a++; // post-increment (returns old value, then increments)
++a; // pre-increment (increments first, then returns new value)
a--; // post-decrement
--a; // pre-decrement
```

Assignment Operators

```
let x = 10;

x += 5; // x = x + 5 (15)
x -= 3; // x = x - 3 (12)
x *= 2; // x = x * 2 (24)
x /= 4; // x = x / 4 (6)
x %= 5; // x = x % 5 (1)
x **= 3; // x = x ** 3 (1)
```

Comparison Operators

```
// Equality
5 == "5"; // true (loose equality, type coercion)
5 === "5"; // false (strict equality, no type coercion)
5 != "6"; // true (loose inequality)
5 !== "5"; // true (strict inequality)

// Relational
5 > 3; // true
5 < 3; // false
5 >= 5; // true
5 <= 4; // false
```

Logical Operators

```
// AND (&&)
true && true; // true
true && false; // false

// OR (||)
true || false; // true
false || false; // false

// NOT (!)
!true; // false
```

```
!false; // true

// Short-circuit evaluation
let user = null;
let name = user && user.name; // undefined (doesn't throw error)
let defaultName = name || "Guest"; // "Guest"

// Nullish coalescing (ES2020)
let value = null ?? "default"; // "default"
let value2 = 0 ?? "default"; // 0 (only null/undefined trigger default)
```

Bitwise Operators

```
let a = 5; // 101 in binary
let b = 3; // 011 in binary

a & b; // 1 (AND: 001)
a | b; // 7 (OR: 111)
a ^ b; // 6 (XOR: 110)
~a; // -6 (NOT: invert all bits)
a << 1; // 10 (left shift: 1010)
a >> 1; // 2 (right shift: 10)
a >>> 1; // 2 (unsigned right shift)
```

Control Structures

Conditional Statements

```
// if...else
let age = 18;
if (age >= 18) {
  console.log("Adult");
} else if (age >= 13) {
  console.log("Teenager");
} else {
  console.log("Child");
}

// Ternary operator
let status = age >= 18 ? "Adult" : "Minor";

// Switch statement
let day = "Monday";
switch (day) {
  case "Monday":
  case "Tuesday":
    console.log("Beginning of week");
    break;
```

```
    case "Friday":  
        console.log("TGIF!");  
        break;  
    default:  
        console.log("Regular day");  
}
```

Loops

```
// for loop  
for (let i = 0; i < 5; i++) {  
    console.log(i); // 0, 1, 2, 3, 4  
}  
  
// while loop  
let i = 0;  
while (i < 5) {  
    console.log(i);  
    i++;  
}  
  
// do...while loop  
let j = 0;  
do {  
    console.log(j);  
    j++;  
} while (j < 5);  
  
// for...in loop (for object properties)  
let obj = { a: 1, b: 2, c: 3 };  
for (let key in obj) {  
    console.log(key, obj[key]); // a 1, b 2, c 3  
}  
  
// for...of loop (for iterable values)  
let arr = [1, 2, 3];  
for (let value of arr) {  
    console.log(value); // 1, 2, 3  
}  
  
// Loop control  
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
    if (i === 3) continue; // skip iteration  
    if (i === 7) break; // exit loop  
    console.log(i);  
}
```

Functions

Function Declarations

```
// Function declaration (hoisted)
function greet(name) {
  return `Hello, ${name}!`;
}

// Function expression (not hoisted)
const greet2 = function (name) {
  return `Hello, ${name}!`;
};

// Arrow functions (ES6)
const greet3 = (name) => {
  return `Hello, ${name}!`;
};

// Concise arrow function
const greet4 = (name) => `Hello, ${name}!`;
const add = (a, b) => a + b;
const square = (x) => x * x;
```

Function Parameters

```
// Default parameters
function greet(name = "World") {
  return `Hello, ${name}!`;
}

// Rest parameters
function sum(...numbers) {
  return numbers.reduce((total, num) => total + num, 0);
}
sum(1, 2, 3, 4); // 10

// Destructuring parameters
function createUser({ name, age, email }) {
  return { name, age, email, id: Date.now() };
}
createUser({ name: "John", age: 25, email: "john@example.com" });
```

Function Scope and Closures

```
// Function scope
function outer() {
  let outerVar = "I'm outside!";

  function inner() {
```

```
    let innerVar = "I'm inside!";
    console.log(outerVar); // Can access outer variable
  }

  inner();
  // console.log(innerVar); // Error: innerVar is not defined
}

// Closures
function createCounter() {
  let count = 0;
  return function () {
    return ++count;
  };
}
const counter = createCounter();
console.log(counter()); // 1
console.log(counter()); // 2
```

Higher-Order Functions

```
// Function that takes another function as parameter
function operation(a, b, callback) {
  return callback(a, b);
}

const result = operation(5, 3, (x, y) => x + y); // 8

// Function that returns a function
function multiplier(factor) {
  return function (number) {
    return number * factor;
  };
}
const double = multiplier(2);
console.log(double(5)); // 10
```

Objects

Object Creation

```
// Object literal
let person = {
  name: "John",
  age: 30,
  city: "New York",
};
```



```
// Object constructor
let person2 = new Object();
person2.name = "Jane";
person2.age = 25;

// Constructor function
function Person(name, age) {
  this.name = name;
  this.age = age;
  this.greet = function () {
    return `Hello, I'm ${this.name}`;
  };
}
let person3 = new Person("Bob", 35);
```

Object Properties and Methods

```
let obj = {
  property: "value",
  method: function () {
    return "I'm a method";
  },
  // ES6 method shorthand
  shortMethod() {
    return "I'm a short method";
  },
};

// Accessing properties
console.log(obj.property); // "value"
console.log(obj["property"]); // "value"

// Dynamic property access
let prop = "property";
console.log(obj[prop]); // "value"

// Adding/modifying properties
obj.newProperty = "new value";
obj["another"] = "another value";

// Deleting properties
delete obj.property;
```

Object Methods

```
let person = { name: "John", age: 30, city: "NYC" };

// Object.keys() - returns array of keys
Object.keys(person); // ["name", "age", "city"]
```

```
// Object.values() - returns array of values
Object.values(person); // ["John", 30, "NYC"]

// Object.entries() - returns array of [key, value] pairs
Object.entries(person); // [["name", "John"], ["age", 30], ["city", "NYC"]]

// Object.assign() - copy properties
let copy = Object.assign({}, person);
let merged = Object.assign({}, person, { country: "USA" });

// Object.freeze() - prevent modifications
Object.freeze(person);
person.age = 31; // Won't work

// Object.seal() - prevent adding/removing properties
Object.seal(person);

// hasOwnProperty()
person.hasOwnProperty("name"); // true
```

Destructuring Objects

```
let person = { name: "John", age: 30, city: "NYC" };

// Basic destructuring
let { name, age } = person;
console.log(name, age); // "John", 30

// Renaming variables
let { name: fullName, age: years } = person;

// Default values
let { name, age, country = "USA" } = person;

// Nested destructuring
let user = {
  id: 1,
  profile: {
    name: "John",
    email: "john@example.com",
  },
};
let {
  profile: { name, email },
} = user;
```

Arrays

Array Creation

```
// Array literal
let fruits = ["apple", "banana", "orange"];

// Array constructor
let numbers = new Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
let empty = new Array(5); // Creates array with 5 empty slots

// Array.from()
let chars = Array.from("hello"); // ["h", "e", "l", "l", "o"]
let range = Array.from({ length: 5 }, (_, i) => i); // [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

// Array.of()
let nums = Array.of(1, 2, 3); // [1, 2, 3]
```

Array Methods - Mutating

```
let arr = [1, 2, 3];

// push() - add to end
arr.push(4, 5); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

// pop() - remove from end
let last = arr.pop(); // last = 5, arr = [1, 2, 3, 4]

// unshift() - add to beginning
arr.unshift(0); // [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

// shift() - remove from beginning
let first = arr.shift(); // first = 0, arr = [1, 2, 3, 4]

// splice() - add/remove at any position
arr.splice(1, 2, "a", "b"); // Remove 2 elements at index 1, add 'a', 'b'
// arr = [1, 'a', 'b', 4]

// sort() - sort array
let names = ["Charlie", "Alice", "Bob"];
names.sort(); // ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"]

// Custom sort
let numbers = [10, 5, 40, 25, 1000, 1];
numbers.sort((a, b) => a - b); // [1, 5, 10, 25, 40, 1000]

// reverse() - reverse array
arr.reverse(); // ['b', 'a', 1, 4]
```

Array Methods - Non-Mutating

```
let numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];

// slice() - extract portion
let portion = numbers.slice(1, 4); // [2, 3, 4]

// concat() - join arrays
let more = numbers.concat([6, 7, 8]); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

// join() - convert to string
let str = numbers.join("-"); // "1-2-3-4-5"

// indexOf() / lastIndexOf() - find index
numbers.indexOf(3); // 2
numbers.lastIndexOf(3); // 2

// includes() - check if element exists
numbers.includes(3); // true
```

Array Iteration Methods

```
let numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];

// forEach() - execute function for each element
numbers.forEach((num, index) => {
  console.log(`Index ${index}: ${num}`);
});

// map() - transform each element
let doubled = numbers.map((num) => num * 2); // [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

// filter() - filter elements
let evens = numbers.filter((num) => num % 2 === 0); // [2, 4]

// find() - find first matching element
let found = numbers.find((num) => num > 3); // 4

// findIndex() - find index of first matching element
let index = numbers.findIndex((num) => num > 3); // 3

// some() - test if any element passes test
let hasEven = numbers.some((num) => num % 2 === 0); // true

// every() - test if all elements pass test
let allPositive = numbers.every((num) => num > 0); // true

// reduce() - reduce to single value
let sum = numbers.reduce((acc, num) => acc + num, 0); // 15
let max = numbers.reduce((max, num) => (num > max ? num : max)); // 5
```

Array Destructuring

```
let arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];

// Basic destructuring
let [first, second] = arr; // first = 1, second = 2

// Skip elements
let [, , third] = arr; // third = 3

// Rest elements
let [head, ...tail] = arr; // head = 1, tail = [2, 3, 4, 5]

// Default values
let [a, b, c, d, e, f = 0] = arr; // f = 0

// Swapping variables
let x = 1,
    y = 2;
[x, y] = [y, x]; // x = 2, y = 1
```

Strings

String Creation

```
let str1 = "Hello World";
let str2 = "Hello World";
let str3 = `Hello World`; // Template literal

// Escape characters
let escaped = 'He said "Hello" to me';
let newline = "Line 1\nLine 2";
let tab = "Column1\tColumn2";
```

Template Literals

```
let name = "John";
let age = 30;

// String interpolation
let message = `Hello, my name is ${name} and I'm ${age} years old.`;

// Multi-line strings
let multiline = `
  This is line 1
  This is line 2
`;
```

```
    This is line 3
`;

// Expression evaluation
let calculation = `The sum of 5 + 3 is ${5 + 3}`;
```

String Methods

```
let str = "Hello World";

// Length
str.length; // 11

// Case conversion
str.toUpperCase(); // "HELLO WORLD"
str.toLowerCase(); // "hello world"

// Substring extraction
str.charAt(0); // "H"
str.charCodeAt(0); // 72 (ASCII code)
str.substring(0, 5); // "Hello"
str.substr(6, 5); // "World"
str.slice(0, 5); // "Hello"
str.slice(-5); // "World"

// Search methods
str.indexOf("o"); // 4 (first occurrence)
str.lastIndexOf("o"); // 7 (last occurrence)
str.includes("World"); // true
str.startsWith("Hello"); // true
str.endsWith("World"); // true

// Replace
str.replace("World", "JavaScript"); // "Hello JavaScript"
str.replace(/o/g, "0"); // "Hell0 W0rld" (regex replace all)

// Split
str.split(" "); // ["Hello", "World"]
str.split(""); // ["H", "e", "l", "l", "o", " ", "W", "o", "r", "l", "d"]

// Trim
let padded = " Hello World ";
padded.trim(); // "Hello World"
padded.trimStart(); // "Hello World "
padded.trimEnd(); // " Hello World"

// Repeat
"Hi".repeat(3); // "HiHiHi"

// Padding (ES2017)
```

```
"5".padStart(3, "0"); // "005"  
"5".padEnd(3, "0"); // "500"
```

DOM Manipulation

Selecting Elements

```
// By ID  
let element = document.getElementById("myId");  
  
// By class name  
let elements = document.getElementsByClassName("myClass");  
  
// By tag name  
let divs = document.getElementsByTagName("div");  
  
// Query selector (CSS selectors)  
let first = document.querySelector(".myClass");  
let all = document.querySelectorAll(".myClass");  
  
// Modern methods  
let element2 = document.querySelector("#myId");  
let elements2 = document.querySelectorAll("div.myClass");
```

Modifying Elements

```
let element = document.querySelector("#myElement");  
  
// Content  
element.innerHTML = "<strong>Bold text</strong>";  
element.textContent = "Plain text";  
element.innerText = "Visible text only";  
  
// Attributes  
element.setAttribute("class", "newClass");  
element.getAttribute("class");  
element.removeAttribute("class");  
element.hasAttribute("class");  
  
// Properties  
element.id = "newId";  
element.className = "newClass";  
element.classList.add("class1");  
element.classList.remove("class2");  
element.classList.toggle("active");  
element.classList.contains("active");  
  
// Styles
```

```
element.style.color = "red";
element.style.backgroundColor = "blue";
element.style.fontSize = "16px";
```

Creating and Manipulating Elements

```
// Create element
let newDiv = document.createElement("div");
newDiv.textContent = "New content";
newDiv.className = "myClass";

// Append to parent
let parent = document.querySelector("#parent");
parent.appendChild(newDiv);
parent.append(newDiv); // Can append multiple nodes/strings
parent.prepend(newDiv); // Add to beginning

// Insert at specific position
parent.insertBefore(newDiv, parent.firstChild);

// Replace element
parent.replaceChild(newDiv, oldElement);

// Remove element
parent.removeChild(element);
element.remove(); // Modern method

// Clone element
let clone = element.cloneNode(true); // true for deep clone
```

Events

Event Listeners

```
let button = document.querySelector("#myButton");

// Add event listener
button.addEventListener("click", function (event) {
  console.log("Button clicked!");
  console.log(event); // Event object
});

// Arrow function event listener
button.addEventListener("click", (e) => {
  e.preventDefault(); // Prevent default behavior
  e.stopPropagation(); // Stop event bubbling
});
```



```
// Remove event listener
function handleClick(e) {
  console.log("Clicked!");
}
button.addEventListener("click", handleClick);
button.removeEventListener("click", handleClick);

// Event listener options
button.addEventListener("click", handleClick, {
  once: true, // Execute only once
  passive: true, // Never calls preventDefault
  capture: true, // Capture phase instead of bubble
});
```

Common Events

```
// Mouse events
element.addEventListener("click", handler);
element.addEventListener("dblclick", handler);
element.addEventListener("mousedown", handler);
element.addEventListener("mouseup", handler);
element.addEventListener("mouseover", handler);
element.addEventListener("mouseout", handler);
element.addEventListener("mousemove", handler);

// Keyboard events
document.addEventListener("keydown", (e) => {
  console.log(`Key pressed: ${e.key}`);
  console.log(`Key code: ${e.keyCode}`);
  console.log(`Ctrl pressed: ${e.ctrlKey}`);
  console.log(`Shift pressed: ${e.shiftKey}`);
});

// Form events
form.addEventListener("submit", (e) => {
  e.preventDefault();
  // Handle form submission
});

input.addEventListener("input", (e) => {
  console.log(`Input value: ${e.target.value}`);
});

input.addEventListener("change", handler);
input.addEventListener("focus", handler);
input.addEventListener("blur", handler);

// Window events
window.addEventListener("load", () => {
  console.log("Page fully loaded");
});
```

```
window.addEventListener("resize", () => {
  console.log(`Window size: ${window.innerWidth}x${window.innerHeight}`);
});

window.addEventListener("scroll", () => {
  console.log(`Scroll position: ${window.scrollY}`);
});
```

Event Delegation

```
// Instead of adding listeners to many elements
document.querySelector("#parent").addEventListener("click", (e) => {
  if (e.target.matches(".child-button")) {
    console.log("Child button clicked!");
  }
});
```

Asynchronous JavaScript

Callbacks

```
// Simple callback
function fetchData(callback) {
  setTimeout(() => {
    callback("Data received");
  }, 1000);
}

fetchData((data) => {
  console.log(data); // "Data received" after 1 second
});

// Callback hell example
getData((a) => {
  getData(a, (b) => {
    getData(b, (c) => {
      // This nesting can get very deep
    });
  });
});
```

Promises

```
// Creating a promise
let promise = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
  let success = true;

  setTimeout(() => {
    if (success) {
      resolve("Operation successful!");
    } else {
      reject("Operation failed!");
    }
  }, 1000);
});

// Using promises
promise
  .then((result) => {
    console.log(result);
    return "Next step";
  })
  .then((result) => {
    console.log(result);
  })
  .catch((error) => {
    console.error(error);
  })
  .finally(() => {
    console.log("Promise completed");
  });

// Promise methods
Promise.all([promise1, promise2, promise3]).then((results) => {
  // All promises resolved
  console.log(results);
});

Promise.allSettled([promise1, promise2, promise3]).then((results) => {
  // All promises settled (resolved or rejected)
  results.forEach((result) => {
    if (result.status === "fulfilled") {
      console.log(result.value);
    } else {
      console.log(result.reason);
    }
  });
});

Promise.race([promise1, promise2, promise3]).then((result) => {
  // First promise to resolve/reject
  console.log(result);
});
```

```
// Async function
async function fetchData() {
  try {
    let response = await fetch("https://api.example.com/data");
    let data = await response.json();
    return data;
  } catch (error) {
    console.error("Error:", error);
    throw error;
  }
}

// Using async function
fetchData()
  .then((data) => console.log(data))
  .catch((error) => console.error(error));

// Or with async/await
async function main() {
  try {
    let data = await fetchData();
    console.log(data);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
  }
}

// Parallel execution
async function fetchMultiple() {
  try {
    // Sequential (slow)
    let result1 = await fetch("/api/data1");
    let result2 = await fetch("/api/data2");

    // Parallel (fast)
    let [result3, result4] = await Promise.all([
      fetch("/api/data3"),
      fetch("/api/data4"),
    ]);

    return { result1, result2, result3, result4 };
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
  }
}
```

Fetch API

```
// GET request
fetch("https://api.example.com/users")
```

```
.then((response) => {
  if (!response.ok) {
    throw new Error(`HTTP error! status: ${response.status}`);
  }
  return response.json();
})
.then((data) => console.log(data))
.catch((error) => console.error("Error:", error));

// POST request
fetch("https://api.example.com/users", {
  method: "POST",
  headers: {
    "Content-Type": "application/json",
    Authorization: "Bearer token123",
  },
  body: JSON.stringify({
    name: "John Doe",
    email: "john@example.com",
  }),
})
.then((response) => response.json())
.then((data) => console.log(data));

// With async/await
async function createUser(userData) {
  try {
    const response = await fetch("/api/users", {
      method: "POST",
      headers: {
        "Content-Type": "application/json",
      },
      body: JSON.stringify(userData),
    });

    if (!response.ok) {
      throw new Error(`HTTP error! status: ${response.status}`);
    }

    const data = await response.json();
    return data;
  } catch (error) {
    console.error("Error creating user:", error);
    throw error;
  }
}
```

ES6+ Features

Let and Const

```
// Block scoping
if (true) {
  let blockScoped = "I'm block scoped";
  const alsoBlockScoped = "Me too";
  var functionScoped = "I'm function scoped";
}
// console.log(blockScoped); // Error
// console.log(alsoBlockScoped); // Error
console.log(functionScoped); // Works

// Temporal dead zone
console.log(hoisted); // undefined (var hoisting)
// console.log(notHoisted); // Error (let/const not hoisted)
var hoisted = "I'm hoisted";
let notHoisted = "I'm not hoisted";
```

Arrow Functions

```
// Traditional function
function add(a, b) {
  return a + b;
}

// Arrow function variations
const add1 = (a, b) => a + b;
const add2 = (a, b) => {
  return a + b;
};
const square = (x) => x * x;
const greet = () => "Hello!";

// Arrow functions and 'this'
const obj = {
  name: "John",

  // Regular function - 'this' refers to obj
  regularMethod: function () {
    console.log(this.name); // "John"
  },

  // Arrow function - 'this' refers to outer scope
  arrowMethod: () => {
    console.log(this.name); // undefined (or global)
  },
};
```

Template Literals

```
const name = "John";
const age = 30;

// String interpolation
const message = `Hello, ${name}! You are ${age} years old.`;

// Multi-line strings
const html = `
  <div class="user">
    <h2>${name}</h2>
    <p>Age: ${age}</p>
  </div>
`;

// Tagged template literals
function highlight(strings, ...values) {
  return strings.reduce((result, string, i) => {
    const value = values[i] ? `<mark>${values[i]}</mark>` : "";
    return result + string + value;
  }, "");
}

const highlighted = highlight`Hello ${name}, you are ${age} years old!`;
```

Destructuring Assignment

```
// Array destructuring
const colors = ["red", "green", "blue"];
const [primary, secondary, tertiary] = colors;
const [first, , third] = colors; // Skip middle element
const [head, ...rest] = colors; // Rest elements

// Object destructuring
const person = { name: "John", age: 30, city: "NYC" };
const { name, age } = person;
const { name: fullName, age: years } = person; // Rename
const { name, age, country = "USA" } = person; // Default values

// Nested destructuring
const user = {
  profile: {
    name: "John",
    contact: {
      email: "john@example.com",
    },
  },
};
const {
  profile: {
    name,
```

```
    contact: { email },
  },
} = user;

// Function parameter destructuring
function greetUser({ name, age = 0 }) {
  return `Hello ${name}, you are ${age} years old`;
}
greetUser({ name: "John", age: 30 });
```

Spread and Rest Operators

```
// Spread operator (...)
const arr1 = [1, 2, 3];
const arr2 = [4, 5, 6];
const combined = [...arr1, ...arr2]; // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

const original = [1, 2, 3];
const copy = [...original]; // Shallow copy

// Object spread
const obj1 = { a: 1, b: 2 };
const obj2 = { c: 3, d: 4 };
const merged = { ...obj1, ...obj2 }; // { a: 1, b: 2, c: 3, d: 4 }

// Function arguments
function sum(...numbers) {
  return numbers.reduce((total, num) => total + num, 0);
}
sum(1, 2, 3, 4, 5); // 15

const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
console.log(Math.max(...numbers)); // 5
```

Enhanced Object Literals

```
const name = "John";
const age = 30;

// Property shorthand
const person = { name, age }; // Instead of { name: name, age: age }

// Method shorthand
const calculator = {
  add(a, b) {
    return a + b;
  }, // Instead of add: function(a, b) { ... }
  subtract(a, b) {
    return a - b;
  }
}
```



```
    },  
  };  
  
  // Computed property names  
  const prop = "dynamicProperty";  
  const obj = {  
    [prop]: "value",  
    ["method" + "Name"]() {  
      return "dynamic method";  
    },  
  };  
};
```

Classes

```
// Class declaration  
class Person {  
  constructor(name, age) {  
    this.name = name;  
    this.age = age;  
  }  
  
  // Instance method  
  greet() {  
    return `Hello, I'm ${this.name}`;  
  }  
  
  // Static method  
  static species() {  
    return "Homo sapiens";  
  }  
  
  // Getter  
  get info() {  
    return `${this.name} is ${this.age} years old`;  
  }  
  
  // Setter  
  set age(value) {  
    if (value < 0) throw new Error("Age cannot be negative");  
    this._age = value;  
  }  
  
  get age() {  
    return this._age;  
  }  
}  
  
// Inheritance  
class Student extends Person {  
  constructor(name, age, school) {  
    super(name, age); // Call parent constructor
```

```
    this.school = school;
  }

  greet() {
    return `${super.greet()} and I study at ${this.school}`;
  }

  // Private fields (ES2020)
  #privateField = "secret";

  #privateMethod() {
    return this.#privateField;
  }
}

const student = new Student("John", 20, "MIT");
console.log(student.greet());
console.log(Person.species());
```

Default Parameters

```
function greet(name = "World", punctuation = "!") {
  return `Hello, ${name}${punctuation}`;
}

greet(); // "Hello, World!"
greet("John"); // "Hello, John!"
greet("John", "?"); // "Hello, John?"

// With destructuring
function createUser({ name = "Anonymous", age = 0, active = true } = {}) {
  return { name, age, active };
}

createUser(); // { name: 'Anonymous', age: 0, active: true }
createUser({ name: "John" }); // { name: 'John', age: 0, active: true }
```

Modules (ES6)

```
// Export (in module.js)
export const PI = 3.14159;
export function circle(radius) {
  return PI * radius * radius;
}

export default class Calculator {
  add(a, b) {
    return a + b;
  }
}
```

```
    subtract(a, b) {
      return a - b;
    }
  }

// Named exports
export { PI, circle };

// Import (in main.js)
import Calculator, { PI, circle } from "./module.js";
import { PI as pi } from "./module.js"; // Rename import
import * as MathUtils from "./module.js"; // Import all

// Dynamic imports
async function loadModule() {
  const module = await import("./module.js");
  return module.default; // Default export
}
```

Iterators and Generators

```
// Iterator
const iterable = {
  data: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
  [Symbol.iterator]() {
    let index = 0;
    return {
      next: () => {
        if (index < this.data.length) {
          return { value: this.data[index++], done: false };
        } else {
          return { done: true };
        }
      },
    };
  },
};

// Generator function
function* numberGenerator() {
  yield 1;
  yield 2;
  yield 3;
}

function* infiniteNumbers() {
  let num = 0;
  while (true) {
    yield num++;
  }
}
```

```
// Using generators
const gen = numberGenerator();
console.log(gen.next()); // { value: 1, done: false }
console.log(gen.next()); // { value: 2, done: false }

// Generator with parameters
function* fibonacci() {
  let a = 0,
      b = 1;
  while (true) {
    yield a;
    [a, b] = [b, a + b];
  }
}

const fib = fibonacci();
console.log(fib.next().value); // 0
console.log(fib.next().value); // 1
console.log(fib.next().value); // 1
```

Symbol

```
// Creating symbols
const sym1 = Symbol();
const sym2 = Symbol("description");
const sym3 = Symbol("description");

console.log(sym2 === sym3); // false (each symbol is unique)

// Using symbols as object properties
const id = Symbol("id");
const user = {
  name: "John",
  [id]: 12345,
};

console.log(user[id]); // 12345
console.log(Object.keys(user)); // ['name'] (symbol properties are hidden)

// Well-known symbols
const obj = {
  [Symbol.iterator]: function* () {
    yield 1;
    yield 2;
    yield 3;
  },
};

for (const value of obj) {
```

```
    console.log(value); // 1, 2, 3
}
```

Advanced Concepts

Closures

```
// Basic closure
function outerFunction(x) {
    return function innerFunction(y) {
        return x + y;
    };
}

const addFive = outerFunction(5);
console.log(addFive(3)); // 8

// Module pattern using closures
const Counter = (function () {
    let count = 0;

    return {
        increment: function () {
            count++;
        },
        decrement: function () {
            count--;
        },
        getCount: function () {
            return count;
        },
    };
})();

Counter.increment();
console.log(Counter.getCount()); // 1

// Function factory
function createMultiplier(multiplier) {
    return function (x) {
        return x * multiplier;
    };
}

const double = createMultiplier(2);
const triple = createMultiplier(3);
console.log(double(5)); // 10
console.log(triple(5)); // 15
```

Prototypes and Inheritance

```
// Constructor function
function Person(name, age) {
  this.name = name;
  this.age = age;
}

// Adding methods to prototype
Person.prototype.greet = function () {
  return `Hello, I'm ${this.name}`;
};

Person.prototype.getAge = function () {
  return this.age;
};

// Creating instances
const person1 = new Person("John", 30);
const person2 = new Person("Jane", 25);

console.log(person1.greet()); // "Hello, I'm John"

// Inheritance with prototypes
function Student(name, age, school) {
  Person.call(this, name, age); // Call parent constructor
  this.school = school;
}

// Set up inheritance
Student.prototype = Object.create(Person.prototype);
Student.prototype.constructor = Student;

// Add Student-specific methods
Student.prototype.study = function () {
  return `${this.name} is studying at ${this.school}`;
};

const student = new Student("Bob", 20, "MIT");
console.log(student.greet()); // "Hello, I'm Bob"
console.log(student.study()); // "Bob is studying at MIT"

// Prototype chain methods
console.log(person1.hasOwnProperty("name")); // true
console.log(person1.hasOwnProperty("greet")); // false
console.log("greet" in person1); // true
console.log(Object.getPrototypeOf(person1) === Person.prototype); // true
```

'this' Keyword

```
// Global context
console.log(this); // Window object (in browser) or global (in Node.js)

// Object method
const obj = {
  name: "John",
  greet: function () {
    console.log(this.name); // 'John'
  },
};

// Function context
function regularFunction() {
  console.log(this); // Window object (non-strict mode) or undefined (strict mode)
}

// Arrow function - inherits 'this' from enclosing scope
const arrowFunction = () => {
  console.log(this); // Same as outer scope
};

// Constructor function
function Person(name) {
  this.name = name; // 'this' refers to new instance
}

// Explicit binding
const person = { name: "John" };
function sayName() {
  console.log(this.name);
}

sayName.call(person); // 'John'
sayName.apply(person); // 'John'
const boundFunction = sayName.bind(person);
boundFunction(); // 'John'

// Event handlers
button.addEventListener("click", function () {
  console.log(this); // The button element
});

button.addEventListener("click", () => {
  console.log(this); // Outer scope (not the button)
});
```

Call, Apply, and Bind

```
function introduce(greeting, punctuation) {
  return `${greeting}, I'm ${this.name}${punctuation}`;
}
```

```
}

const person = { name: "John" };

// call() - passes arguments individually
console.log(introduce.call(person, "Hello", "!")); // "Hello, I'm John!"

// apply() - passes arguments as array
console.log(introduce.apply(person, ["Hi", "."])); // "Hi, I'm John."

// bind() - returns new function with bound context
const boundIntroduce = introduce.bind(person);
console.log(boundIntroduce("Hey", "?")); // "Hey, I'm John?"

// Partial application with bind
const greetJohn = introduce.bind(person, "Hello");
console.log(greetJohn("!")); // "Hello, I'm John!"

// Using call with array methods
const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
const max = Math.max.apply(null, numbers); // or Math.max(...numbers)
console.log(max); // 5

// Borrowing methods
const arrayLike = { 0: "a", 1: "b", 2: "c", length: 3 };
const array = Array.prototype.slice.call(arrayLike);
console.log(array); // ['a', 'b', 'c']
```

Higher-Order Functions

```
// Function that takes function as parameter
function withLogging(fn) {
  return function (...args) {
    console.log(`Calling function with args: ${args}`);
    const result = fn(...args);
    console.log(`Function returned: ${result}`);
    return result;
  };
}

const add = (a, b) => a + b;
const loggedAdd = withLogging(add);
loggedAdd(2, 3); // Logs function call and result

// Function composition
const compose = (f, g) => (x) => f(g(x));
const addOne = (x) => x + 1;
const multiplyByTwo = (x) => x * 2;
const addOneThenMultiply = compose(multiplyByTwo, addOne);
console.log(addOneThenMultiply(3)); // 8 ((3 + 1) * 2)
```



```
// Currying
function curry(fn) {
  return function curried(...args) {
    if (args.length >= fn.length) {
      return fn.apply(this, args);
    } else {
      return function (...nextArgs) {
        return curried(...args, ...nextArgs);
      };
    }
  };
};

const multiply = (a, b, c) => a * b * c;
const curriedMultiply = curry(multiply);
console.log(curriedMultiply(2)(3)(4)); // 24
console.log(curriedMultiply(2, 3)(4)); // 24
```

Event Loop and Asynchronous Behavior

```
// Understanding the event loop
console.log("1");

setTimeout(() => console.log("2"), 0);

Promise.resolve().then(() => console.log("3"));

console.log("4");

// Output: 1, 4, 3, 2
// Explanation:
// - Synchronous code runs first (1, 4)
// - Microtasks (Promises) run before macrotasks (setTimeout)
// - So Promise callback (3) runs before setTimeout callback (2)

// Microtasks vs Macrotasks
console.log("Start");

// Macrotask
setTimeout(() => console.log("setTimeout 1"), 0);
setTimeout(() => console.log("setTimeout 2"), 0);

// Microtask
Promise.resolve().then(() => console.log("Promise 1"));
Promise.resolve().then(() => console.log("Promise 2"));

console.log("End");

// Output: Start, End, Promise 1, Promise 2, setTimeout 1, setTimeout 2
```

Memory Management and Garbage Collection

```
// Memory leaks to avoid

// 1. Global variables
var globalLeak = "This stays in memory";

// 2. Forgotten timers
const interval = setInterval(() => {
  // Do something
}, 1000);
// clearInterval(interval); // Don't forget to clear!

// 3. Closures holding references
function createHandler() {
  const largeData = new Array(1000000).fill("data");

  return function () {
    // If this closure is kept alive, largeData won't be garbage collected
    console.log("Handler called");
  };
}

// 4. Detached DOM nodes
let button = document.querySelector("#myButton");
document.body.removeChild(button);
// button still holds reference to DOM node

// Good practices
function properCleanup() {
  const element = document.querySelector("#temp");
  const handler = () => console.log("clicked");

  element.addEventListener("click", handler);

  // Cleanup function
  return function cleanup() {
    element.removeEventListener("click", handler);
    element = null; // Remove reference
  };
}

// Using WeakMap and WeakSet for weak references
const weakData = new WeakMap();
const obj = {};
weakData.set(obj, "some data");
// When obj is garbage collected, the WeakMap entry is automatically removed
```

Error Handling

Try-Catch-Finally

```
// Basic try-catch
try {
  let result = riskyOperation();
  console.log(result);
} catch (error) {
  console.error("An error occurred:", error.message);
} finally {
  console.log("This always runs");
}

// Specific error handling
try {
  JSON.parse("invalid json");
} catch (error) {
  if (error instanceof SyntaxError) {
    console.log("JSON syntax error");
  } else if (error instanceof ReferenceError) {
    console.log("Reference error");
  } else {
    console.log("Unknown error:", error);
  }
}

// Nested try-catch
try {
  try {
    throw new Error("Inner error");
  } catch (innerError) {
    console.log("Caught inner error");
    throw new Error("Outer error");
  }
} catch (outerError) {
  console.log("Caught outer error:", outerError.message);
}
```

Custom Errors

```
// Custom error class
class ValidationError extends Error {
  constructor(message, field) {
    super(message);
    this.name = "ValidationError";
    this.field = field;
  }
}

class NetworkError extends Error {
  constructor(message, statusCode) {
    super(message);
    this.name = "NetworkError";
    this.statusCode = statusCode;
  }
}
```

```
    super(message);
    this.name = "NetworkError";
    this.statusCode = statusCode;
  }
}

// Using custom errors
function validateUser(user) {
  if (!user.name) {
    throw new ValidationError("Name is required", "name");
  }
  if (!user.email) {
    throw new ValidationError("Email is required", "email");
  }
}

try {
  validateUser({ name: "John" });
} catch (error) {
  if (error instanceof ValidationError) {
    console.log(`Validation failed for ${error.field}: ${error.message}`);
  }
}
```

Error Handling with Promises

```
// Promise error handling
fetch("/api/data")
  .then((response) => {
    if (!response.ok) {
      throw new Error(`HTTP ${response.status}: ${response.statusText}`);
    }
    return response.json();
  })
  .then((data) => {
    console.log(data);
  })
  .catch((error) => {
    console.error("Fetch error:", error.message);
  });

// Async/await error handling
async function fetchUserData(userId) {
  try {
    const response = await fetch(`/api/users/${userId}`);

    if (!response.ok) {
      throw new NetworkError(
        `Failed to fetch user: ${response.statusText}`,
        response.status
      );
    }
  }
}
```

```
    }

    const userData = await response.json();
    return userData;
  } catch (error) {
    if (error instanceof NetworkError) {
      console.error(`Network error (${error.statusCode}): ${error.message}`);
      // Handle network-specific errors
    } else {
      console.error("Unexpected error:", error);
      // Handle other errors
    }
    throw error; // Re-throw if needed
  }
}

// Multiple async operations with error handling
async function processMultipleUsers(userIds) {
  const results = [];
  const errors = [];

  for (const userId of userIds) {
    try {
      const userData = await fetchUserData(userId);
      results.push(userData);
    } catch (error) {
      errors.push({ userId, error: error.message });
    }
  }

  return { results, errors };
}
```

Global Error Handling

```
// Unhandled promise rejections
window.addEventListener("unhandledrejection", (event) => {
  console.error("Unhandled promise rejection:", event.reason);
  event.preventDefault(); // Prevent default browser behavior
});

// Global error handler
window.addEventListener("error", (event) => {
  console.error("Global error:", {
    message: event.message,
    filename: event.filename,
    lineno: event.lineno,
    colno: event.colno,
    error: event.error,
  });
});
```

Best Practices

Code Organization

```
// Use meaningful variable names
// Bad
const d = new Date();
const u = users.filter((u) => u.a);

// Good
const currentDate = new Date();
const activeUsers = users.filter((user) => user.isActive);

// Use constants for magic numbers
// Bad
if (user.age >= 18) {
  /* ... */
}

// Good
const LEGAL_AGE = 18;
if (user.age >= LEGAL_AGE) {
  /* ... */
}

// Function should do one thing
// Bad
function processUserAndSendEmail(user) {
  // Validate user
  if (!user.name) throw new Error("Name required");

  // Save to database
  database.save(user);

  // Send email
  emailService.send(user.email, "Welcome!");
}

// Good
function validateUser(user) {
  if (!user.name) throw new Error("Name required");
}

function saveUser(user) {
  return database.save(user);
}

function sendWelcomeEmail(user) {
  return emailService.send(user.email, "Welcome!");
}
```

```
async function processUser(user) {  
  validateUser(user);  
  await saveUser(user);  
  await sendWelcomeEmail(user);  
}
```

Performance Best Practices

```
// Use const and let instead of var  
const API_URL = "https://api.example.com";  
let counter = 0;  
  
// Avoid global variables  
(function () {  
  // Your code here  
})();  
  
// Use strict mode  
("use strict");  
  
// Efficient DOM manipulation  
// Bad - causes multiple reflows  
for (let i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {  
  document.body.appendChild(document.createElement("div"));  
}  
  
// Good - batch DOM updates  
const fragment = document.createDocumentFragment();  
for (let i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {  
  fragment.appendChild(document.createElement("div"));  
}  
document.body.appendChild(fragment);  
  
// Debounce expensive operations  
function debounce(func, wait) {  
  let timeout;  
  return function executedFunction(...args) {  
    const later = () => {  
      clearTimeout(timeout);  
      func(...args);  
    };  
    clearTimeout(timeout);  
    timeout = setTimeout(later, wait);  
  };  
}  
  
const debouncedSearch = debounce(searchFunction, 300);  
searchInput.addEventListener("input", debouncedSearch);  
  
// Use object pooling for frequently created objects
```

```
class ObjectPool {
  constructor(createFn, resetFn) {
    this.createFn = createFn;
    this.resetFn = resetFn;
    this.pool = [];
  }

  get() {
    return this.pool.length > 0 ? this.pool.pop() : this.createFn();
  }

  release(obj) {
    this.resetFn(obj);
    this.pool.push(obj);
  }
}
```

Security Best Practices

```
// Avoid eval() and similar functions
// Bad
const userCode = getUserInput();
eval(userCode); // Never do this!

// Use strict mode to catch common mistakes
("use strict");

// Validate and sanitize user input
function sanitizeInput(input) {
  return input.replace(
    /<script\b[^\>]*(?:(!<\script><[^\>]*)*<\script>/gi,
    ""
  );
}

// Use Content Security Policy headers
// Set in HTTP headers: Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'

// Avoid exposing sensitive data in client-side code
// Bad
const API_SECRET = "secret-key-123"; // Visible to everyone

// Good - keep secrets on server
const API_ENDPOINT = "/api/secure-endpoint"; // Server handles authentication

// Use HTTPS for all external requests
// Bad
fetch("http://api.example.com/data");

// Good
fetch("https://api.example.com/data");
```


Testing Best Practices

```
// Write testable functions
// Bad - hard to test
function processOrder() {
  const order = getOrderFromDatabase();
  const user = getCurrentUser();
  const result = calculateTotal(order, user);
  updateUI(result);
  sendEmail(user.email, result);
}

// Good - testable
function calculateOrderTotal(order, user) {
  // Pure function - easy to test
  let total = order.items.reduce((sum, item) => sum + item.price, 0);
  if (user.isPremium) {
    total *= 0.9; // 10% discount
  }
  return total;
}

// Use descriptive test names
// Bad
test("user test", () => {
  /* ... */
});

// Good
test("should calculate 10% discount for premium users", () => {
  const order = { items: [{ price: 100 }] };
  const user = { isPremium: true };
  const total = calculateOrderTotal(order, user);
  expect(total).toBe(90);
});

// Mock external dependencies
// Using a mock for testing
const mockEmailService = {
  send: jest.fn().mockResolvedValue(true),
};

test("should send welcome email after user registration", async () => {
  await registerUser(userData, mockEmailService);
  expect(mockEmailService.send).toHaveBeenCalledWith(
    userData.email,
    "Welcome!"
  );
});
```

Documentation and Comments

```
/**
 * Calculates the area of a circle
 * @param {number} radius - The radius of the circle
 * @returns {number} The area of the circle
 * @throws {Error} When radius is negative
 */
function calculateCircleArea(radius) {
  if (radius < 0) {
    throw new Error("Radius cannot be negative");
  }
  return Math.PI * radius * radius;
}

// Explain WHY, not WHAT
// Bad comment
let price = product.price * 0.9; // Multiply price by 0.9

// Good comment
let price = product.price * 0.9; // Apply 10% discount for early birds

// TODO comments for future improvements
// TODO: Implement caching for better performance
// FIXME: Handle edge case when user has no email
// HACK: Temporary workaround until API is fixed
```

Modern JavaScript (ES2020+)

Optional Chaining (?.)

```
const user = {
  profile: {
    name: "John",
    address: {
      street: "123 Main St",
    },
  },
};

// Old way
const street =
  user && user.profile && user.profile.address && user.profile.address.street;

// With optional chaining
const street = user?.profile?.address?.street;
const phone = user?.profile?.contact?.phone ?? "No phone";

// With arrays
```

```
const firstFriend = user?.friends?.[0]?.name;

// With function calls
user?.profile?.getName?.();
```

Nullish Coalescing (??)

```
// Different from || operator
const value1 = 0 || "default"; // 'default' (0 is falsy)
const value2 = 0 ?? "default"; // 0 (only null/undefined trigger ??)

const value3 = "" || "default"; // 'default' (empty string is falsy)
const value4 = "" ?? "default"; // '' (only null/undefined trigger ??)

// Useful for default values
function createUser(options = {}) {
  return {
    name: options.name ?? "Anonymous",
    age: options.age ?? 0,
    active: options.active ?? true,
  };
}
```

BigInt

```
// For integers larger than Number.MAX_SAFE_INTEGER
const bigNumber = 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890n;
const anotherBig = BigInt("1234567890123456789012345678901234567890");

// Operations
const sum = 123n + 456n; // 579n
const product = 123n * 456n;

// Cannot mix BigInt with regular numbers
// const mixed = 123n + 456; // TypeError
const mixed = 123n + BigInt(456); // Correct way

// Converting
const regular = Number(123n); // 123 (loses precision for large numbers)
const bigFromRegular = BigInt(123); // 123n
```

Dynamic Imports

```
// Static import (must be at top level)
import { utils } from "./utils.js";
```

```
// Dynamic import (can be used anywhere)
async function loadUtilities() {
  if (someCondition) {
    const { utils } = await import("./utils.js");
    return utils;
  }
}

// Conditional loading
button.addEventListener("click", async () => {
  const { heavyLibrary } = await import("./heavy-library.js");
  heavyLibrary.doSomething();
});

// Error handling with dynamic imports
try {
  const module = await import("./maybe-missing-module.js");
  module.doSomething();
} catch (error) {
  console.error("Failed to load module:", error);
}
```

Private Class Fields

```
class BankAccount {
  // Private fields
  #balance = 0;
  #accountNumber;

  // Private method
  #validateAmount(amount) {
    return amount > 0 && typeof amount === "number";
  }

  constructor(accountNumber) {
    this.#accountNumber = accountNumber;
  }

  deposit(amount) {
    if (this.#validateAmount(amount)) {
      this.#balance += amount;
    } else {
      throw new Error("Invalid amount");
    }
  }

  getBalance() {
    return this.#balance;
  }

  // Static private field
}
```

```
static #bankName = "My Bank";

static getBankName() {
  return this.#bankName;
}

const account = new BankAccount("123456");
account.deposit(1000);
console.log(account.getBalance()); // 1000
console.log(BankAccount.getBankName()); // 'My Bank'

// Attempting to access private fields directly will fail
// console.log(account.#balance); // SyntaxError
```

End of Cheatsheet

This cheatsheet covers the most important and modern features of JavaScript, from the basics to advanced concepts. For more details, always refer to the [MDN Web Docs](#) or the [ECMAScript specification](#).

Happy coding!