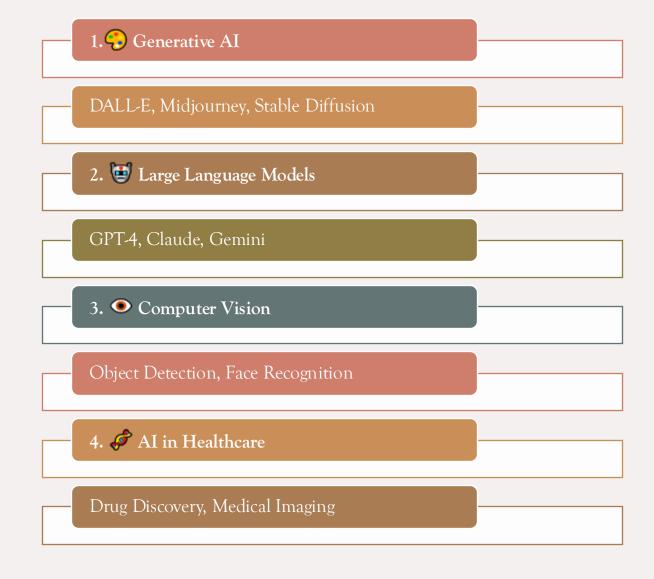




Latest ML
Trends
What's trending
in 2025







Impact of AI in real life



Generative AI

Dall-E 3 : diffusion + transformer conditioning

Midjourney: custom diffusion (artistic style)

Stable Diffusion: Diffusion with VAE



Gpt-4: rlhf, Moe, Code + Text

Claude: Constitutional AI, alignment-first

Gemini: Search integration, retrieval augmentation

What's In Tech



Object detection: Yolo, Ssd, PyTorch, TensorFlow ,TensorRT

Face recognition: FaceNet, DeepFace, ArcFaceDlib, InsightFace



AI in Healthcare

Drug Discovery: GNNs, rl, DeepChem, RDKit Medical Imaging: Vision Transformers, MONAI, NiftyNet







Generative AI

- Creating Presentation Graphics
- Generating UI Mockups for app/website
 - Synthesizing design ideas

LLM

- Debugging Code and explaining errors
 - Summarizing Research Papers
 - Practicing Viva Questions

Computer Vision

- Attendance Automation Handwriting Digit Recognition
 - Autonomous Vehicles



AI in Healthcare

- ECG or X-ray analysis.
- Patient monitoring systems.
- Personalized Treatment Plans





But why and how do these applications work?

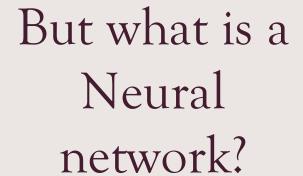
THE ANSWER LIES IN TRAINING
MASSIVE DEEP NEURAL
NETWORKS.







Earliest computer scientists were inspired by the structure of human brain as a catalyst to aid the development of machines mimicking human behavior around 1940s leading to the development of "Perceptron" – the first neural network (for binary classification)





Broadly speaking, there have been three waves of development of deep learning: deep learning known as **cybernetics** in the 1940s–1960s, deep learning known as **connectionism** in the 1980s–1990s, and the current resurgence under the name **deep learning** beginning in 2006. (goodfellow et. al 2016).

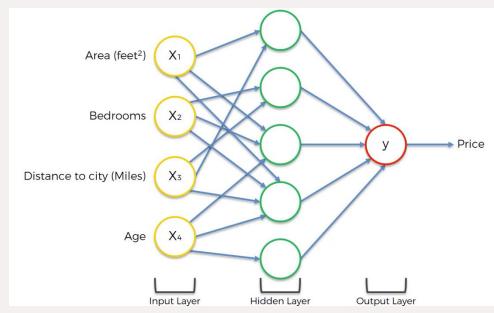


In a nutshell we can describe the primary objective of neural networks as "pattern recognizers"



Basic structure of a Neural Network

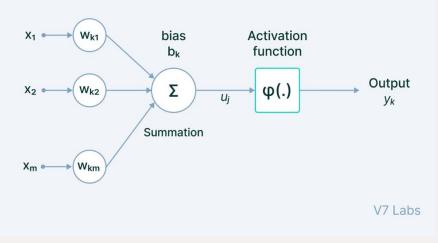
o General example of house price prediction







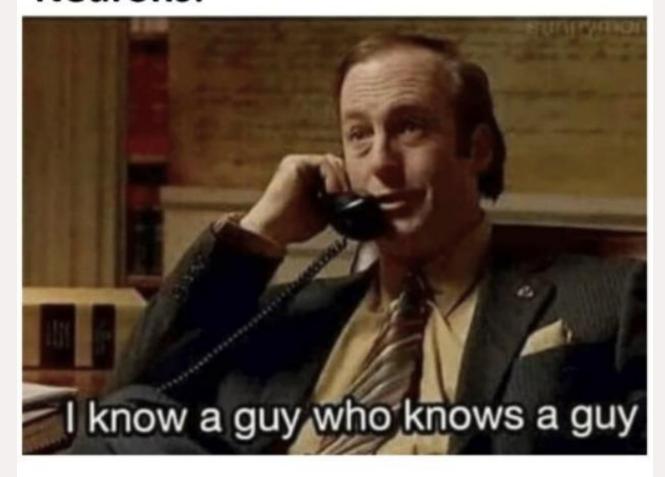
Neuron



o Structure of a neuron inside a NN



How Neural Networks work? Neurons:



ProgrammerHumor.io





Why are neural networks popular right now?

IF THE HISTORY DATES BACK TO THE 1940'S WHY ARE THEY SUDDENLY GETTING POPULAR?







The answer lies in the following:

Availability of massive corpora of digital data!

Computational resources such as GPUs makes it feasible to train massive neural networks (NVIDIA \$\$ (a))

Development in the field of deep learning led to algorithms such as backpropagation – used to train multi layer perceptrons (MLP)

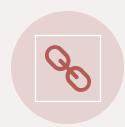




Let's build a simple neural network from scratch, without any libraries or import functions!



Why? Because learning without understanding the things under the hood yields nothing!



Colab Link







Transformer – Magic behind today's breakthroughs

- The transformer architecture is at the heart of groundbreaking models like ChatGPT.
- To put it simply:

A transformer is a type of artificial intelligence model that learns to understand and generate human-like text by analysing patterns in large amounts of text data.

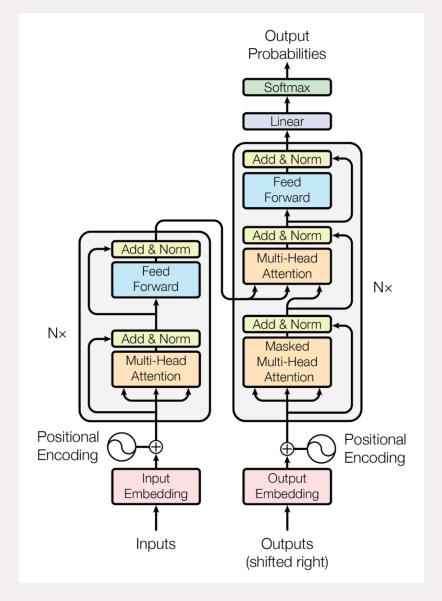
- The art of text generation has been envisioned for long by the computer scientists, the first such text-generation model was ALIZA in the 1960's which was then considered a huge deal.
- Current SOTA models (ChatGPT, Gemini) achieve remarkable results due to a concept called the "Self-Attention" specifically designed to comprehend context and meaning by analysing the relationship between different words in a sentence.





Transformer Architecture

- No need to understand it right now !!
 Be happy to ignore it, this is just for general info.
- The architecture was proposed in 2017 in the paper "Attention is all you need".
- FUN FACT: CO AUTHOR OF THAT PAPER IS OUR PICT ALUMNI – NIKI PARMAR









The answer is YES!



Open-source platforms like HuggingFace provide a means to do exactly that. Let's have a quick demo! Can we use such models for our personal use/projects?

