$$f(k;\lambda) = \Pr(X=k) = \frac{\lambda^k e^{-\lambda}}{k!}, \qquad X=0,1,2,\dots$$

where

- e is Euler's number (e = 2.71828...)
- k! is the factorial of k.

$$Mean = E(X) = \lambda$$

$$Variance(X) = \lambda$$

Scenarios for Poisson Distribution:

- 1. Number of Customers arriving at a counter in a certain period of time
- 2. Number of Customers calling a customer care division in a certain period of time
- 3. Number of Customers getting served at the counter in a certain period of time
- 4. Number of accidents on a specific road in a certain period of time
- 5. Number of accidents at a work place in a certain period of time

The annual number of industrial accidents occurring in a particular manufacturing plant is known to follow Poisson distribution with mean 12.

a) What is the probability of observing exactly 5 accidents at this plant during the coming year ? P[x=5]

b) What is the probability of observing not more than 12 accidents at this plant the coming year? $P[x \le 12]$

poisson.cdf(12,12) 0.5759652485730645

c) What is the probability of observing at least 15 accidents at this plant during the coming year? $P[x \ge 15] = P[x > 14]$

c) What is the probability of observing at least 15 accidents at this plant during the coming year? $P[x \ge 15] = P[x > 14]$

poisson.sf(14, 12) 0.2279754676964551

d) What is the probability of observing between 10 and 15 accidents (inclusive) at this plant during the coming year?

plant during the coming year?
$$P[10 \le X \le 15] = \sum_{k=10}^{15} P[X = k]$$

X:
$$0,1,2,3$$
 ... $9,10,11,...,15,16$... $caf(9)$ $caf(15)$ $caf(15)$ $caf(9)$

The number of customers served at a counter per hour are 4. Find the following: $\lambda = 4$

a. Probability that more than 5 customers will be served in an hour

Probability that less than 3 customers will be served in an hour

$$P[X < 3] = P[X \le 2]$$

poisson.cdf(2,4)
0.23810330555354436