

Understanding Maternal Mortality in America

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Findings: US Maternal Mortality Analysis (2019-2024)

1. Overall Statistical Overview

- Complete Study Period Average: 22.97 deaths per 100,000 live births
- Range Analysis:
 - Absolute Minimum: 17.3 deaths per 100,000 live births (Pre-COVID)
 - Absolute Maximum: 33.8 deaths per 100,000 live births (February 2022)
 - Total Span: Initial rate 17.4 to final rate 19.6
- Volatility Measures:
 - Pre-COVID SD: 1.04
 - COVID Era SD: 4.67
 - Post-Dobbs SD: Variable (showing declining trend)

2. Pre-COVID Period (2019-March 2020)

Baseline Period Characteristics: * Duration: 14 months * Statistical Measures: - Mean Rate: 18.9 deaths per 100,000 live births - Standard Deviation: 1.04 (most stable period) - Range: 17.3-20.1 * Healthcare Metrics: - Average Monthly Deaths: 712 - Average Monthly Births: 3,761,836 * Trend Analysis: - Steady increase of 13.8% over period - Most consistent period with predictable patterns - Established baseline for comparison

3. COVID Era (March 2020-June 2022)

Peak Period Analysis: * Duration: 27 months * Critical Statistics: - Mean Rate: 26.4 deaths per 100,000 live births - Peak Rate: 33.8 (February 2022) - Standard Deviation: 4.67 (highest volatility) * Impact Metrics: - Total Increase: 57.7% - Average Monthly Deaths: 962 (250 more than pre-COVID) - Average Monthly Births: 3,648,065 (decline of 113,771) * Pattern Analysis: - Consistent upward trend - Highest volatility in rates - Significant monthly variations

4. Post-Dobbs Period (June 2022-Present)

Transition and Recovery Phase: * Duration: 25 months * Key Metrics: - Mean Rate: 21.6 deaths per 100,000 live births - Initial Rate: 32.1 - Final Rate: 19.6 - Total Decline: 38.9% * Volume Statistics: - Average Monthly Deaths: 786 - Average Monthly Births: 3,639,959 * Trend Analysis: - Consistent downward trend - Moving toward pre-COVID levels - Stabilizing patterns emerging

5. Racial Disparity Analysis

Detailed Breakdown by Race/Ethnicity:

American Indian/Alaska Native: * Highest Overall Rates: - COVID Era Mean: 98.2 - Post-Dobbs Mean: 86.5 - Disparity Ratio: 3.90x higher than White rate

Black, Non-Hispanic: * Consistently Second Highest: - COVID Era Mean: 59.0 - Post-Dobbs Mean: 51.3 - Disparity Ratio: 2.78x higher than White rate

White, Non-Hispanic (Reference Group): * Baseline Metrics: - COVID Era Mean: 21.4 - Post-Dobbs Mean: 17.6 - Used as reference for disparity calculations

Hispanic: * Variable Patterns: - COVID Era Mean: 21.0 - Post-Dobbs Mean: 15.9 - Disparity Ratio: 0.973x (near parity with White rate)

Asian, Non-Hispanic: * Consistently Lowest Rates: - COVID Era Mean: 14.2 - Post-Dobbs Mean: 12.8 - Disparity Ratio: 0.666x lower than White rate

6. Annual Progression Analysis

Yearly Rate Changes: * 2019: 18.8 (Baseline Year) - Stable patterns - Pre-pandemic normal * 2020: 21.4 - Increase: 14.2% - Initial COVID impact * 2021: 27.5 - Increase: 28.1% - Peak COVID impact * 2022: 29.5 - Increase: 7.34% - Transition year (COVID/Dobbs) * 2023: 19.7 - Decrease: 33.3% - Major recovery period * 2024: 19.0 - Decrease: 3.09% - Continuing stabilization

7. Birth Rate Trends

Longitudinal Birth Analysis: * Pre-COVID Average: 3,761,836 - Highest birth rates - Stable patterns * COVID Era Average: 3,648,065 - Decline of 113,771 births - Consistent decrease * Post-Dobbs Average: 3,639,959 - Further slight decline - Minimal change from COVID era

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
— Attaching core tidyverse packages — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
✓ dplyr      1.1.4      ✓ readr      2.1.5
✓ forcats    1.0.0      ✓ stringr    1.5.1
✓ ggplot2    3.5.1      ✓ tibble     3.2.1
✓ lubridate  1.9.3      ✓ tidyr      1.3.1
✓ purrr      1.0.2
— Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
✖ dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
VSRR_MM <- read.csv("~/Downloads/VSRR_Provisional_Maternal_Death_Counts_and_Rates.csv")
```

```
head(VSRR_MM)
```

	Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group	Subgroup	Year.of.Death	Month.of.Death
1	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	1
2	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	2
3	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	3
4	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	4
5	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	5
6	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	6
	Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date	Maternal.Deaths	Live.Births		
1	12 month-ending	01/31/2019	660	3,787,776		
2	12 month-ending	02/28/2019	653	3,783,489		
3	12 month-ending	03/31/2019	657	3,771,682		
4	12 month-ending	04/30/2019	668	3,772,235		
5	12 month-ending	05/31/2019	706	3,767,999		
6	12 month-ending	06/30/2019	720	3,757,275		
	Maternal.Mortality.Rate	Footnote				
1	17.4					
2	17.3					
3	17.4					
4	17.7					
5	18.7					
6	19.2					

```
str(VSRR_MM)
```

```
'data.frame': 660 obs. of 12 variables:
 $ Data.As.Of      : chr  "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" ...
 $ Jurisdiction    : chr  "United States" "United States" "United States" "United States" ...
 $ Group           : chr  "Total" "Total" "Total" "Total" ...
 $ Subgroup        : chr  "Total" "Total" "Total" "Total" ...
 $ Year.of.Death   : int  2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 ...
 $ Month.of.Death  : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
 $ Time.Period     : chr  "12 month-ending" "12 month-ending" "12 month-ending"
 "12 month-ending" ...
 $ Month.Ending.Date : chr  "01/31/2019" "02/28/2019" "03/31/2019" "04/30/2019" ...
 $ Maternal.Deaths : chr  "660" "653" "657" "668" ...
 $ Live.Births     : chr  "3,787,776" "3,783,489" "3,771,682" "3,772,235" ...
 $ Maternal.Mortality.Rate: num 17.4 17.3 17.4 17.7 18.7 19.2 19.2 19.2 19.4 19.7 ...
 $ Footnote        : chr  "" "" "" "" ...
```

```
summary(VSRR_MM)
```

Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group	Subgroup
Length:660	Length:660	Length:660	Length:660
Class :character	Class :character	Class :character	Class :character
Mode :character	Mode :character	Mode :character	Mode :character

Year.of.Death	Month.of.Death	Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date
Min. :2019	Min. : 1.000	Length:660	Length:660
1st Qu.:2020	1st Qu.: 3.000	Class :character	Class :character
Median :2021	Median : 6.000	Mode :character	Mode :character
Mean :2021	Mean : 6.227		
3rd Qu.:2023	3rd Qu.: 9.000		
Max. :2024	Max. :12.000		

Maternal.Deaths	Live.Births	Maternal.Mortality.Rate
Length:660	Length:660	Min. : 0.00
Class :character	Class :character	1st Qu.: 14.90
Mode :character	Mode :character	Median : 19.80
		Mean : 33.28
		3rd Qu.: 42.67
		Max. :141.90
		NA's :116

Footnote

Length:660

Class :character

Mode :character

```
names(VSRR_MM)
```

```
[1] "Data.As.Of"           "Jurisdiction"
[3] "Group"               "Subgroup"
[5] "Year.of.Death"       "Month.of.Death"
[7] "Time.Period"         "Month.Ending.Date"
[9] "Maternal.Deaths"     "Live.Births"
[11] "Maternal.Mortality.Rate" "Footnote"
```

```
colSums(is.na(VSRR_MM))
```

Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group
0	0	0
Subgroup	Year.of.Death	Month.of.Death
0	0	0
Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date	Maternal.Deaths
0	0	0
Live.Births	Maternal.Mortality.Rate	Footnote
0	116	0

```
# Cleaning and formatting the data
```

```
VSRR_MM_clean <- VSRR_MM %>%
```

```
  # Converting character numbers to numeric
```

```
  mutate(
```

```
    # Removing commas and converting to numeric
```

```
    Maternal.Deaths = as.numeric(gsub(",", "", Maternal.Deaths)),
```

```
    Live.Births = as.numeric(gsub(",", "", Live.Births)),
```

```
    # Creating proper date from Month.Ending.Date
```

```
    Date = mdy(Month.Ending.Date)
```

```
  ) %>%
```

```
  # Filter Total group and subgroup to avoid duplicates
```

```
  filter(Group == "Total" & Subgroup == "Total") %>%
```

```
  # Arranging by date
```

```
  arrange(Date)
```

```
head(VSRR_MM_clean)
```

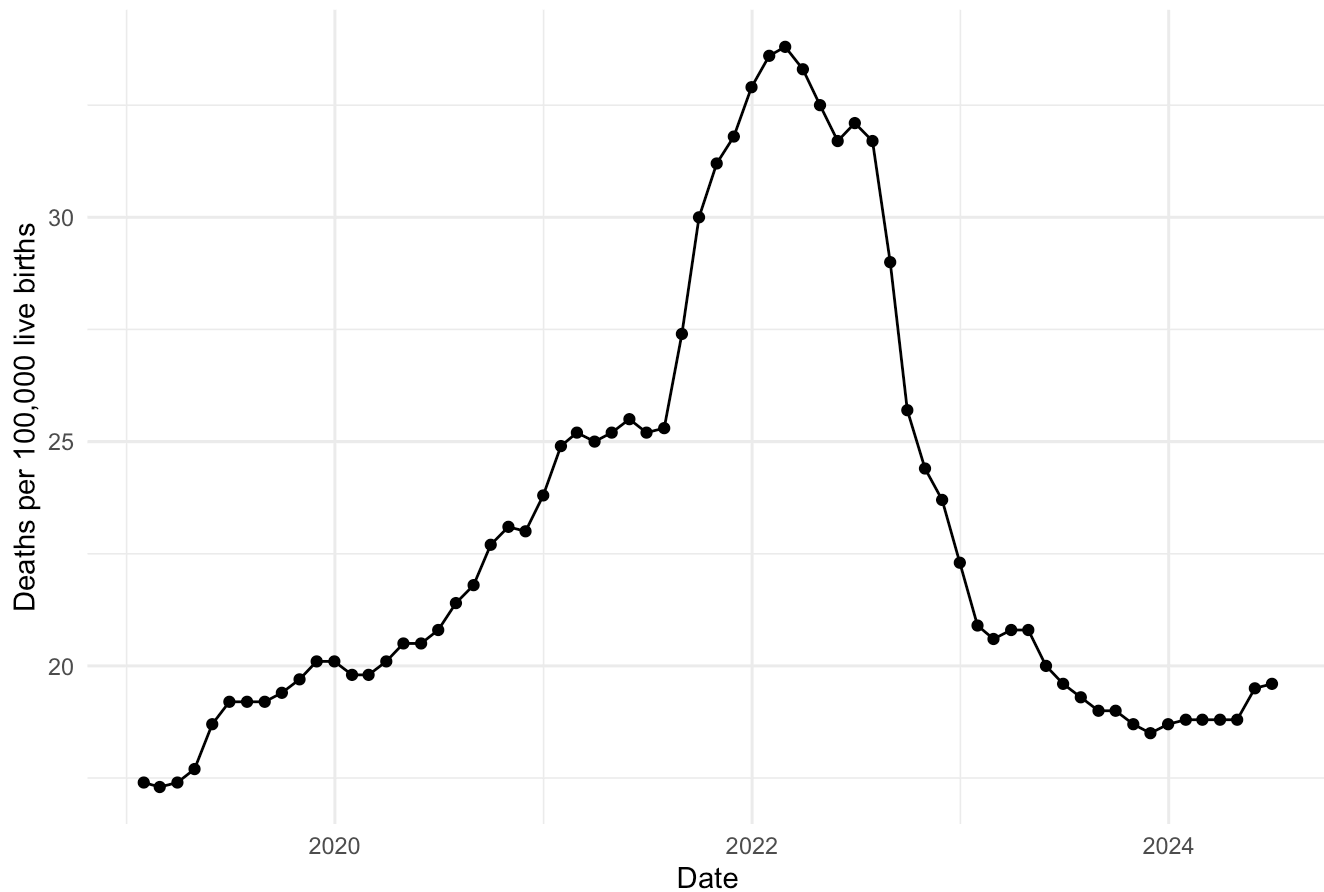
	Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group	Subgroup	Year.of.Death	Month.of.Death
1	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	1
2	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	2
3	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	3
4	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	4
5	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	5
6	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	6
	Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date	Maternal.Deaths	Live.Births		
1	12 month-ending	01/31/2019	660	3787776		
2	12 month-ending	02/28/2019	653	3783489		
3	12 month-ending	03/31/2019	657	3771682		
4	12 month-ending	04/30/2019	668	3772235		
5	12 month-ending	05/31/2019	706	3767999		
6	12 month-ending	06/30/2019	720	3757275		
	Maternal.Mortality.Rate	Footnote	Date			
1	17.4		2019-01-31			
2	17.3		2019-02-28			
3	17.4		2019-03-31			
4	17.7		2019-04-30			
5	18.7		2019-05-31			
6	19.2		2019-06-30			

```
# Structure of cleaned data
str(VSRR_MM_clean)
```

```
'data.frame': 66 obs. of 13 variables:
 $ Data.As.Of      : chr  "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" "10/06/2024" ...
 $ Jurisdiction    : chr  "United States" "United States" "United States" "United States" ...
 $ Group           : chr  "Total" "Total" "Total" "Total" ...
 $ Subgroup        : chr  "Total" "Total" "Total" "Total" ...
 $ Year.of.Death   : int   2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 ...
 $ Month.of.Death  : int    1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 ...
 $ Time.Period     : chr   "12 month-ending" "12 month-ending" "12 month-ending"
 "12 month-ending" ...
 $ Month.Ending.Date : chr   "01/31/2019" "02/28/2019" "03/31/2019" "04/30/2019" ...
 $ Maternal.Deaths  : num   660 653 657 668 706 720 721 723 729 739 ...
 $ Live.Births      : num  3787776 3783489 3771682 3772235 3767999 ...
 $ Maternal.Mortality.Rate: num   17.4 17.3 17.4 17.7 18.7 19.2 19.2 19.2 19.4 19.7 ...
 $ Footnote         : chr   "" "" "" "" ...
 $ Date            : Date, format: "2019-01-31" "2019-02-28" ...
```

```
# Trend plot to verify data
ggplot(VSRR_MM_clean, aes(x = Date, y = Maternal.Mortality.Rate)) +
  geom_line() + geom_point() + theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "US Maternal Mortality Rate Over Time", x = "Date",
        y = "Deaths per 100,000 live births")
```

US Maternal Mortality Rate Over Time



```
# Calculating basic statistics
summary_stats <- VSRR_MM_clean %>%
  summarise( avg_rate = mean(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
             min_rate = min(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
             max_rate = max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
             start_rate = first(Maternal.Mortality.Rate),
             end_rate = last(Maternal.Mortality.Rate))

summary_stats
```

	avg_rate	min_rate	max_rate	start_rate	end_rate
1	22.97424	17.3	33.8	17.4	19.6

```
# Time period labels
VSRR_MM_analysis <- VSRR_MM_clean %>%
  mutate(
    period = case_when(
      Date < as.Date("2020-03-01") ~ "Pre-COVID",
      Date >= as.Date("2020-03-01") & Date < as.Date("2022-06-24") ~ "COVID Era",
      Date >= as.Date("2022-06-24") ~ "Post-Dobbs",
      TRUE ~ "Other"
    )
  )

head(VSRR_MM_analysis)
```

	Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group	Subgroup	Year.of.Death	Month.of.Death
1	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	1
2	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	2
3	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	3
4	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	4
5	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	5
6	10/06/2024	United States	Total	Total	2019	6

	Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date	Maternal.Deaths	Live.Births
1	12 month-ending	01/31/2019	660	3787776
2	12 month-ending	02/28/2019	653	3783489
3	12 month-ending	03/31/2019	657	3771682
4	12 month-ending	04/30/2019	668	3772235
5	12 month-ending	05/31/2019	706	3767999
6	12 month-ending	06/30/2019	720	3757275

	Maternal.Mortality.Rate	Footnote	Date	period
1	17.4		2019-01-31	Pre-COVID
2	17.3		2019-02-28	Pre-COVID
3	17.4		2019-03-31	Pre-COVID
4	17.7		2019-04-30	Pre-COVID
5	18.7		2019-05-31	Pre-COVID
6	19.2		2019-06-30	Pre-COVID


```

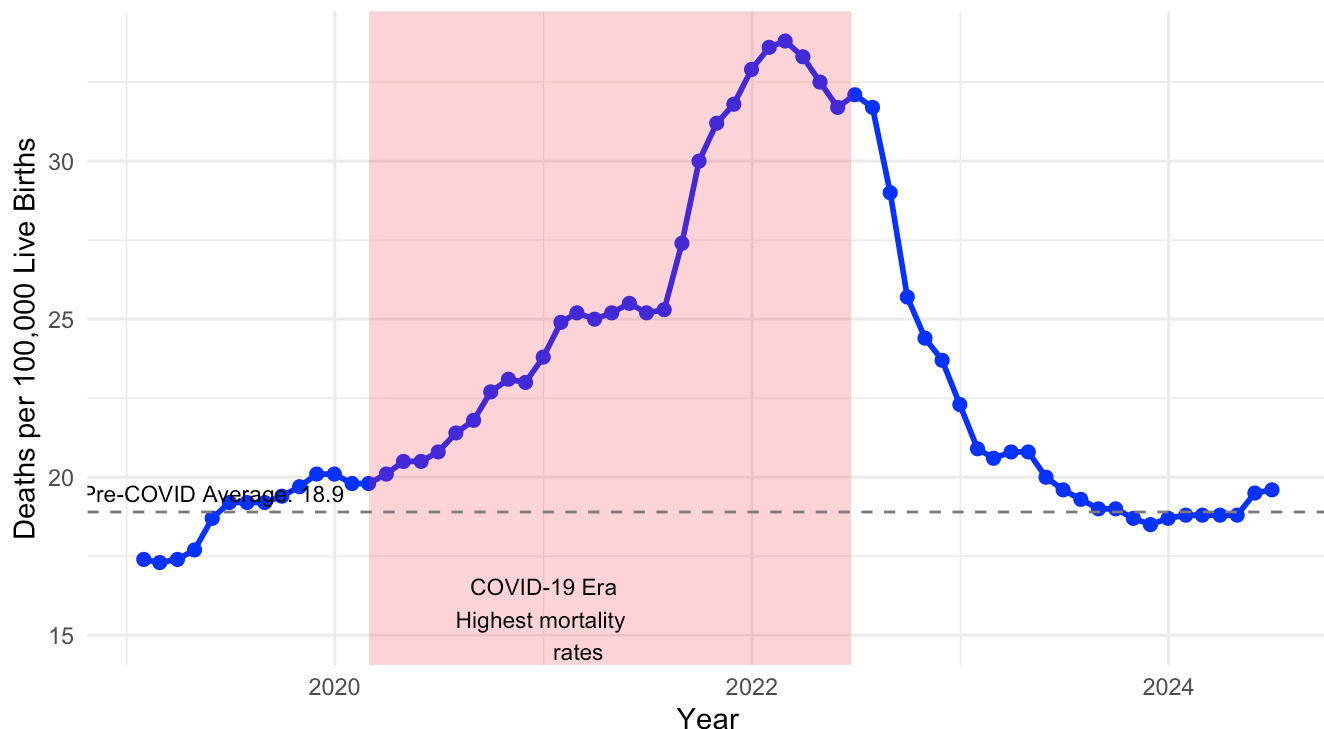
# Trend plot with periods
ggplot(VSRR_MM_analysis, aes(x = Date, y = Maternal.Mortality.Rate)) +
  geom_line(size = 1, color = "blue") +
  geom_point(size = 2, color = "blue") +
  # Period shading
  annotate("rect",
    xmin = as.Date("2020-03-01"),
    xmax = as.Date("2022-06-24"),
    ymin = -Inf, ymax = Inf,
    alpha = 0.2, fill = "red") +
  annotate("text", x = as.Date("2021-01-01"), y = 15,
    label = "COVID-19 Era\nHighest mortality
    rates\nPeak: 33.8 deaths per 100,000",
    size = 3) +
  # Trend highlights
  geom_hline(yintercept = 18.9, linetype = "dashed", color = "gray50") +
  annotate("text", x = as.Date("2019-06-01"), y = 19.5,
    label = "Pre-COVID Average: 18.9", size = 3) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(
    title = "U.S. Maternal Mortality Rate Shows Dramatic COVID-19 Impact",
    subtitle = "Deaths per 100,000 live births increased
    significantly during pandemic",
    x = "Year",
    y = "Deaths per 100,000 Live Births",
    caption = "Source: CDC National Center for Health Statistics\nNote:
    Shaded area represents COVID-19 period"
  )

```

Warning: Using `size` aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
 i Please use `linewidth` instead.
 This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
 Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was generated.

U.S. Maternal Mortality Rate Shows Dramatic COVID-19 Impact

Deaths per 100,000 live births increased significantly during pandemic



Source: CDC National Center for Health Statistics

Note:
Shaded area represents COVID-19 period

```
# Statistics by period
```

```
period_stats <- VSRR_MM_analysis %>% group_by(period) %>%
  summarise(avg_rate = mean(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
            min_rate = min(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
            max_rate = max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
            num_months = n()) %>% arrange(min_rate)
```

```
# Percent changes between periods
```

```
changes <- VSRR_MM_analysis %>% group_by(period) %>%
  summarise(start_rate = first(Maternal.Mortality.Rate),
            end_rate = last(Maternal.Mortality.Rate),
            total_change = end_rate - start_rate,
            percent_change = ((end_rate - start_rate) / start_rate) * 100)
```

```
# Statistics by Period
```

```
period_stats
```

```
# A tibble: 3 × 5
```

period	avg_rate	min_rate	max_rate	num_months
<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<int>
1 Pre-COVID	18.9	17.3	20.1	14
2 Post-Dobbs	21.6	18.5	32.1	25
3 COVID Era	26.4	20.1	33.8	27

```
# Changes within Each Period
changes
```

```
# A tibble: 3 × 5
  period      start_rate end_rate total_change percent_change
  <chr>      <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
1 COVID Era      20.1      31.7        11.6        57.7
2 Post-Dobbs     32.1      19.6       -12.5       -38.9
3 Pre-COVID      17.4      19.8         2.40        13.8
```

```
# Peak analysis
peak_analysis <- VSRR_MM_analysis %>%
  filter(Maternal.Mortality.Rate == max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate)) %>%
  select(Date, Maternal.Mortality.Rate, period)

#Peak Mortality Rate
peak_analysis
```

```
      Date Maternal.Mortality.Rate    period
1 2022-02-28             33.8 COVID Era
```

```

# More detailed trend analysis
ggplot(VSRR_MM_analysis, aes(x = Date, y = Maternal.Mortality.Rate)) +
  # Trend lines for each period
  geom_smooth(aes(color = period), method = "lm", se = FALSE) +
  geom_line(size = 1) + geom_point(aes(color = period), size = 2) +
  # Period-specific average lines
  geom_hline(data = period_stats,
             aes(yintercept = avg_rate, color = period),
             linetype = "dashed", alpha = 0.5) +
  # Peak point Highlighted
  geom_point(data = peak_analysis,
             aes(x = Date, y = Maternal.Mortality.Rate),
             color = "red", size = 4) +

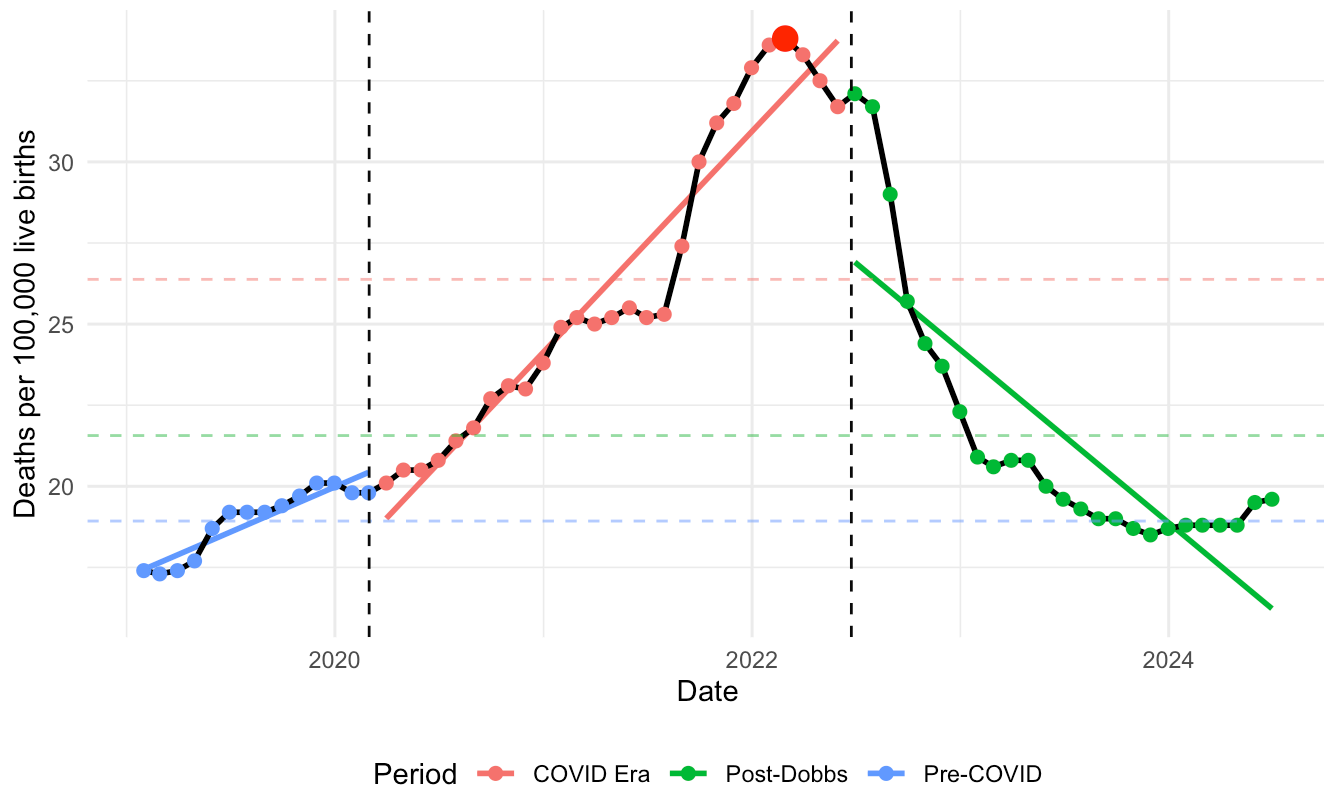
  # Vertical lines for key events
  geom_vline(xintercept = as.Date("2020-03-01"),
             linetype = "dashed", color = "gray4") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = as.Date("2022-06-24"),
             linetype = "dashed", color = "gray4") + theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 14, face = "bold"),
        plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 12),
        axis.title = element_text(size = 11)) +
  labs(title = "US Maternal Mortality Rate: Three Distinct Periods",
        subtitle = paste("Peak of",
                          round(max
                                (VSRR_MM_analysis$Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm =
                                 TRUE), 1),
                          "deaths per 100,000 live births reached during COVID Era"),
        x = "Date", y = "Deaths per 100,000 live births", color = "Period",
        caption = "Source: CDC National Center for Health Statistics")

```

```
`geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

US Maternal Mortality Rate: Three Distinct Periods

Peak of 33.8 deaths per 100,000 live births reached during COVID Era



Source: CDC National Center for Health Statistics

Yearly averages and changes

```
yearly_stats <- VSRR_MM_analysis %>% mutate(year = year(Date)) %>%
  group_by(year) %>% summarise(avg_rate = mean(Maternal.Mortality.Rate,
    na.rm = TRUE),
    min_rate = min(Maternal.Mortality.Rate,
    na.rm = TRUE),
    max_rate = max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) %>% mutate(year_over_year_change = avg_rate - lag(avg_rate),
    percent_change = (avg_rate - lag(avg_rate))/lag(avg_rate) * 100)
```

yearly_stats

A tibble: 6 × 6

	year	avg_rate	min_rate	max_rate	year_over_year_change	percent_change
	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	2019	18.8	17.3	20.1	NA	NA
2	2020	21.4	19.8	23.8	2.66	14.2
3	2021	27.5	24.9	32.9	6.02	28.1
4	2022	29.5	22.3	33.8	2.02	7.34
5	2023	19.7	18.5	20.9	-9.82	-33.3
6	2024	19.0	18.8	19.6	-0.608	-3.09

```
# Key statistics for each period
period_analysis <- VSRR_MM_analysis %>% group_by(period) %>%
  summarise(duration_months = n(),
            avg_deaths = mean(Maternal.Deaths, na.rm = TRUE),
            avg_births = mean(Live.Births, na.rm = TRUE),
            peak_rate = max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
            lowest_rate = min(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
            rate_volatility = sd(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  mutate(deaths_per_month = avg_deaths/duration_months,
         births_per_month = avg_births/duration_months)

period_analysis
```

```
# A tibble: 3 × 9
  period      duration_months avg_deaths avg_births peak_rate lowest_rate
<chr>          <int>      <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
1 COVID Era           27        962.  3648065.    33.8     20.1
2 Post-Dobbs          25        786.  3639959.    32.1     18.5
3 Pre-COVID           14        712.  3761836.    20.1     17.3
# i 3 more variables: rate_volatility <dbl>, deaths_per_month <dbl>,
#   births_per_month <dbl>
```

```
VSRR_MM_race <- VSRR_MM %>%
  # Filter for Race and Hispanic origin group
  filter(`Group` == "Race and Hispanic origin") %>%
  # Remove any rows with suppressed or missing data
  filter(!is.na(Maternal.Mortality.Rate)) %>%
  mutate(
    # Clean numeric columns
    Maternal.Deaths = as.numeric(gsub(",", "", Maternal.Deaths)),
    Live.Births = as.numeric(gsub(",", "", Live.Births)),
    Date = mdy(Month.Ending.Date),
    # Add period labels
    period = case_when(
      Date < as.Date("2020-03-01") ~ "Pre-COVID",
      Date >= as.Date("2020-03-01") & Date < as.Date("2022-06-24") ~ "COVID Era",
      Date >= as.Date("2022-06-24") ~ "Post-Dobbs",
      TRUE ~ "Other"
    )
  )

head(VSRR_MM_race)
```

Data.As.Of	Jurisdiction	Group	Subgroup	Year.of.Death
1	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic
2	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic
3	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic
4	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic
5	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic
6	10/06/2024	United States	Race and Hispanic origin	Hispanic

Month.of.Death	Time.Period	Month.Ending.Date	Maternal.Deaths	Live.Births
1	12 month-ending	01/31/2019	90	885705
2	12 month-ending	02/28/2019	90	885333
3	12 month-ending	03/31/2019	89	883687
4	12 month-ending	04/30/2019	96	884928
5	12 month-ending	05/31/2019	103	884930
6	12 month-ending	06/30/2019	105	883801

Maternal.Mortality.Rate	Footnote	Date	period
1	10.2	2019-01-31	Pre-COVID
2	10.2	2019-02-28	Pre-COVID
3	10.1	2019-03-31	Pre-COVID
4	10.8	2019-04-30	Pre-COVID
5	11.6	2019-05-31	Pre-COVID
6	11.9	2019-06-30	Pre-COVID

Statistics by period and race/ethnicity

```
racial_stats <- VSRR_MM_race %>%
  group_by(period, Subgroup) %>%
  summarise(
    mean_rate = mean(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
    median_rate = median(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
    min_rate = min(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
    max_rate = max(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
    sd_rate = sd(Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
    .groups = "drop"
  ) %>%
  arrange(period, desc(mean_rate))

# Disparities using reframe
disparity_calc <- VSRR_MM_race %>%
  group_by(Date, period) %>%
  reframe(
    Subgroup = Subgroup,
    Mortality_Rate = Maternal.Mortality.Rate,
    White_Rate = Maternal.Mortality.Rate[Subgroup == "White, Non-Hispanic"],
    Relative_Disparity = Maternal.Mortality.Rate /
      Maternal.Mortality.Rate[Subgroup == "White, Non-Hispanic"]
  ) %>%
  filter(Subgroup != "White, Non-Hispanic") # Remove reference group

head(racial_stats)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 7
```

	period	Subgroup	mean_rate	median_rate	min_rate	max_rate	sd_rate
	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	COVID Era	American Indian or...	98.2	95.9	80.2	119.	10.3
2	COVID Era	Black, Non-Hispanic	59.0	57.5	44.4	72.7	8.89
3	COVID Era	White, Non-Hispanic	21.4	19.7	17.2	28	3.76
4	COVID Era	Hispanic	21.0	21	12.9	28.5	5.09
5	COVID Era	Asian, Non-Hispanic	14.2	13.3	10.6	19.8	2.82
6	Post-Dobbs	American Indian or...	86.5	89.1	77.6	92.8	7.93

```
head(disparity_calc)
```

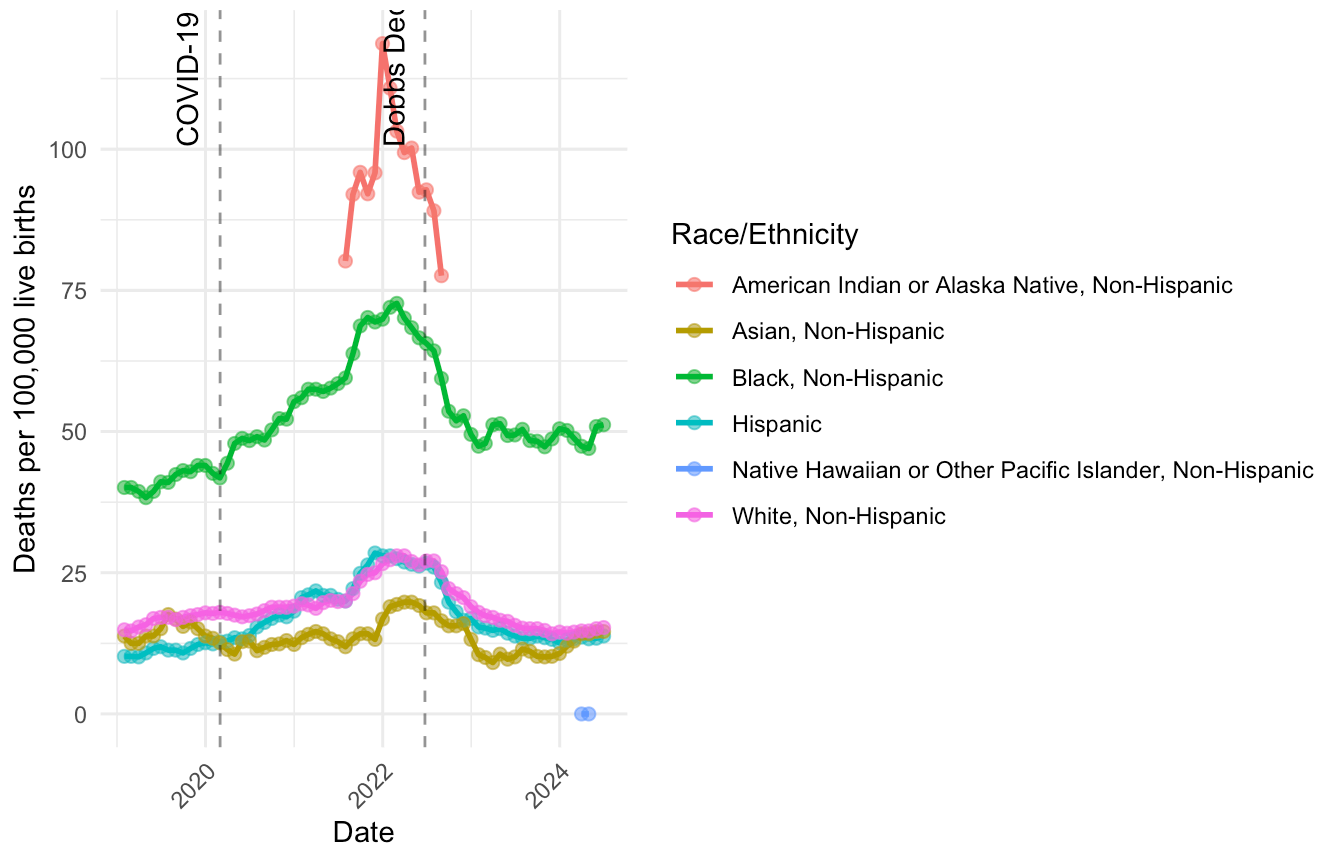
```
# A tibble: 6 × 6
```

	Date	period	Subgroup	Mortality_Rate	White_Rate	Relative_Disparity
	<date>	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	2019-01-31	Pre-COVID	Hispanic	10.2	14.9	0.685
2	2019-01-31	Pre-COVID	Asian, Non-...	13.8	14.9	0.926
3	2019-01-31	Pre-COVID	Black, Non-...	40.1	14.9	2.69
4	2019-02-28	Pre-COVID	Hispanic	10.2	14.7	0.694
5	2019-02-28	Pre-COVID	Asian, Non-...	12.5	14.7	0.850
6	2019-02-28	Pre-COVID	Black, Non-...	40.1	14.7	2.73

```
ggplot(VSRR_MM_race, aes(x = Date, y = Maternal.Mortality.Rate,
color = Subgroup)) + geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
geom_point(size = 2, alpha = 0.6) +
geom_vline(xintercept = as.Date("2020-03-01"),
linetype = "dashed", color = "gray4", alpha = 0.5) +
geom_vline(xintercept = as.Date("2022-06-24"),
linetype = "dashed", color = "gray4", alpha = 0.5) +
annotate("text", x = as.Date("2020-01-15"),
y = max(VSRR_MM_race$Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
label = "COVID-19 Start", angle = 90, vjust = -0.5) +
annotate("text", x = as.Date("2022-05-15"),
y = max(VSRR_MM_race$Maternal.Mortality.Rate, na.rm = TRUE),
label = "Dobbs Decision", angle = 90, vjust = -0.5) +
theme_minimal() + theme(legend.position = "right", plot.title =
element_text(size = 14, face = "bold"),
plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 12),
axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
labs(
title = "Maternal Mortality Rates by Race and Ethnicity",
subtitle = "Trends across COVID-19 and Dobbs decision periods (2019-2024)",
x = "Date",
y = "Deaths per 100,000 live births",
color = "Race/Ethnicity"
)
```


Maternal Mortality Rates by Race and Ethnicity

Trends across COVID-19 and Dobbs decision periods (2019-2024)



```
# Statistics by period and race/ethnicity
disparity_summary <- disparity_calc %>%
  group_by(period, Subgroup) %>%
  summarise(
    mean_disparity = mean(Relative_Disparity, na.rm = TRUE),
    median_disparity = median(Relative_Disparity, na.rm = TRUE),
    min_disparity = min(Relative_Disparity, na.rm = TRUE),
    max_disparity = max(Relative_Disparity, na.rm = TRUE),
    .groups = "drop"
  ) %>%
  arrange(period, desc(mean_disparity))

head(disparity_summary)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 6
  period Subgroup mean_disparity median_disparity min_disparity max_disparity
  <chr>   <chr>         <dbl>         <dbl>         <dbl>         <dbl>
1 COVID Era America... 3.90          3.83          3.5           4.46
2 COVID Era Black, ... 2.78          2.78          2.49          3.07
3 COVID Era Hispanic  0.973         0.992         0.725         1.17
4 COVID Era Asian, ... 0.666         0.656         0.528         0.781
5 Post-Dob... America... 3.26          3.29          3.08          3.42
6 Post-Dob... Black, ... 2.99          3.15          2.36          3.51
```

```
# Period comparison with proper grouping
period_comparison <- racial_stats %>%
  select(period, Subgroup, mean_rate, max_rate) %>%
  pivot_wider(
    id_cols = Subgroup,
    names_from = period,
    values_from = c(mean_rate, max_rate)
  )

head(period_comparison)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 7
  Subgroup    `mean_rate_COVID Era` `mean_rate_Post-Dobbs` `mean_rate_Pre-COVID`
  <chr>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>
1 American I...    98.2            86.5            NA
2 Black, Non...    59.0            51.3            41.4
3 White, Non...    21.4            17.6            16.7
4 Hispanic         21.0            15.9            11.4
5 Asian, Non...    14.2            12.8            14.5
6 Native Haw...    NA              0              NA
# i 3 more variables: `max_rate_COVID Era` <dbl>, `max_rate_Post-Dobbs` <dbl>,
#   `max_rate_Pre-COVID` <dbl>
```