

LeetCode is a powerful tool for anyone looking to improve their coding skills and prepare for technical interview. It offers a various set of problems that span various difficulty levels & topics, including algorithms, data structures, database & more.

Search in a Sorted 2 D matrix

- \* Place the 2 pointers , low & high . low point to 0 and high point to (n\*m) - 1
- \* calculate the mid .  $mid = (low + high) / 2$
- \*  $row = mid / M$  ,  $col = mid \% M$

If  $matrix [row][col] == target$  , return true

If  $matrix [row][col] < target$  ,  $low = mid + 1$

If  $matrix [row][col] > target$  ,  $high = mid - 1$

```
bool searchMatrix (vector<vector<int>>& matrix , int target ) {  
    int n = matrix.size();  
    int m = matrix[0].size();  
    int low = 0, high = m * n - 1;  
    while (low <= high) {  
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;  
        int row = mid / m, col = mid % m;  
        if (matrix[row][col] == target) return true;  
        else if (matrix[row][col] < target) low = mid + 1;  
        else high = mid - 1;  
    }  
    return false;  
}
```

Word Search  $\rightarrow$  Given an  $m \times n$  grid of characters board and string word, return true if the word exists in the grid.

- \* Find the first character of the given string
- \* Start backtracking in all four directions until we find all the letters of sequentially adjacent cells.
- \* If we found our result return true else return false.

```
bool search (vector<vector<char>>&board, string word, int row, int col, int index, int m, int n) {  
    if (index == word.length()) return true;  
    if (row < 0 || col < 0 || row == m || col == n || board[row][col] != word[index] || board[row][col] == '#')  
        return false;  
    char c = board[row][col];  
    board[row][col] = '#';  
    bool top = search (board, word, row - 1, col, index + 1, m, n);  
    bool right = search (board, word, row, col + 1, index + 1, m, n);  
    bool bottom = search (board, word, row + 1, col, index + 1, m, n);  
    bool left = search (board, word, row, col - 1, index + 1, m, n);  
    board[row][col] = c;  
    return top || right || bottom || left;  
}  
3  
bool exist (vector<vector<char>> board, string word) {  
    int m = board.size();  
    int n = board[0].size();  
    int index = 0;
```

```

for (int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++) {
    for (int j = 0 ; j < n ; j++) {
        if (board[i][j] == word[index]) {
            if (search (board, word, i, j, index + 1, m, n))
                return true;
        }
    }
}
return false;

```

### Longest Common Subsequence

$s_1 = a \underset{\text{ind1}}{d} e b c$      $s_2 = d \underset{\text{ind2}}{c} a d m m$

$f(\text{ind1}, \text{ind2})$

Explore all possibilities at a given index

if ( $s_1[\text{ind1}] == s_2[\text{ind2}]$ ) return 1 +  $f(\text{ind1}-1, \text{ind2}-1)$   
 if ( $s_1[\text{ind1}] != s_2[\text{ind2}]$ ) return  $\max(f(\text{ind1}-1, \text{ind2}),$   
 $f(\text{ind1}, \text{ind2}-1))$

Base Case

if ( $\text{ind1} < 0 \text{ || ind2 } < 0$ ) return 0

```

int find ( string &s1 , string &s2 , int ind1 , int ind2 , vector<vector>&dp )
{
    if (ind1 < 0 || ind2 < 0) return 0;
    if (dp[ind1][ind2] != -1) return dp[ind1][ind2];
    if (s1[ind1] == s2[ind2]) return dp[ind1][ind2] = 1 +
        find (s1, s2, ind1-1, ind2-1, dp);
    else
        return dp[ind1][ind2] = max (find (s1, s2, ind1, ind2-1, dp),
                                     find (s1, s2, ind1-1, ind2, dp));

```