

# Crack Top Tech Roles with This 70-Day DSA Mastery Roadmap!

Are you preparing for your dream job in tech—whether as a Software Engineer, Data Analyst, or Machine Learning Engineer?

The competition is fierce—but here's the secret weapon that helped me stand out and crack American Express:

A structured 70-Day DSA Roadmap 

Whether you're a beginner or brushing up before interviews, this plan takes you from the fundamentals to advanced problem solving with real LeetCode problems.

## What's Inside?

- Topic-wise learning: Arrays, Hashing, Sliding Window, Trees, Graphs, DP & more
- Day-by-day plan with problem links and explanations
- LeetCode questions curated by topic and difficulty
- Ideal for Data & Software roles
- Tracker included for consistency and accountability
- Concepts + Patterns + Practice = Interview-Ready Confidence

Curated by

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**Let's embark on this journey together and make your dreams a reality, starting today.**

## Week 1: Mastering Arrays (and Time Complexity Basics)

### Day 1: Time & Space Complexity

- **Goal:** Learn Big-O, Big-Ω, Big-Θ notations.
  - **Key Concepts:** Worst, Best, and Average Case Time; Space complexity of recursive & iterative code.
  - **Reference Material:**
    - Read: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/analysis-of-algorithms-set-1-asymptotic-analysis/>
  - **Practice (Understanding Only):**
    - <https://leetcode.com/discuss/general-discussion/1127238/time-complexity-of-leetcode-problems>
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### Day 2: Arrays - Basics

- **Goal:** Learn array declaration, traversal, and simple problems.
  - **Problems:**
    - Two Sum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/two-sum/>
    - Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/best-time-to-buy-and-sell-stock/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Brute-force vs Hashmap approach, Greedy logic.
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### Day 3: Arrays - Sliding Window

- **Goal:** Master fixed and variable size sliding window.
  - **Problems:**
    - Maximum Subarray (Kadane's Algo)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-subarray/>
    - Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-substring-without-repeating-characters/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Optimizing brute-force with window compression.
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## Day 4: Arrays - Prefix Sum

- **Goal:** Learn cumulative sum techniques for range queries.
  - **Problems:**
    - Range Sum Query - Immutable  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/range-sum-query-immutable/>
    - Subarray Sum Equals K  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/subarray-sum-equals-k/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Storing previous sums, Hashmap optimization.
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## Day 5: Arrays - Binary Search

- **Goal:** Practice standard binary search and modifications.
  - **Problems:**
    - Binary Search  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-search/>
    - Find First and Last Position of Element in Sorted Array  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/find-first-and-last-position-of-element-in-sorted-array/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Left/Right boundary techniques, Log(N) time.
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## Day 6: Arrays - Two Pointers

- **Goal:** Learn how to approach problems with two pointers from start/end.
  - **Problems:**
    - Container With Most Water  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/container-with-most-water/>
    - 3Sum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/3sum/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Sorting + two pointers, avoiding duplicates.
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## Day 7: Arrays - Sorting Techniques

- **Goal:** Practice sorting-based approaches.
- **Problems:**
  - Merge Intervals  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/merge-intervals/>
  - Sort Colors (Dutch National Flag)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/sort-colors/>
- **Concepts Covered:** Sorting arrays with logic, not just .sort().

## Week 2: Strings + Hashing

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### Day 8: Strings - Basics & Character Count

- **Goal:** Understand basic string manipulations.
  - **Problems:**
    - Valid Anagram  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-anagram/>
    - Ransom Note  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/ransom-note/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Hashmaps, character frequency, ord(), Counter() in Python.
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### Day 9: Strings - Palindrome Problems

- **Goal:** Master checking palindromes and variations of it.
  - **Problems:**
    - Valid Palindrome  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-palindrome/>
    - Longest Palindromic Substring  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-palindromic-substring/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Two pointers, expanding around center, ignoring non-alphanumeric characters.
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### Day 10: Strings - Two Pointer + Hashing

- **Goal:** Combine two techniques for efficient string problems.
  - **Problems:**
    - Reverse Vowels of a String  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-vowels-of-a-string/>
    - Isomorphic Strings  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/isomorphic-strings/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Mapping between two strings, positional character hashing.
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### Day 11: Strings - Sliding Window on Strings

- **Goal:** Apply sliding window technique to strings.
- **Problems:**
  - Minimum Window Substring  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-window-substring/>
  - Permutation in String  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/permutation-in-string/>

- **Concepts Covered:** Dynamic sliding window, character window frequency tracking.
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## Day 12: HashMap - Fundamentals

- **Goal:** Practice HashMap operations and applications.
  - **Problems:**
    - Two Sum (again, but for hashing logic)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/two-sum/>
    - Group Anagrams  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/group-anagrams/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Hashmaps for grouping data, using tuples as dictionary keys.
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## Day 13: HashSet + Duplicates

- **Goal:** Learn to handle duplicate detection using sets.
  - **Problems:**
    - Contains Duplicate  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/contains-duplicate/>
    - Longest Consecutive Sequence  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-consecutive-sequence/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Set operations, O(n) optimizations.
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## Day 14: Wrap-up & Revision

- **Tasks:**
  - Revisit any problems you found difficult.
  - Re-attempt at least 3 previously solved problems without looking.
  - Watch a revision video on Strings & Hashing (e.g., from NeetCode or Take U Forward).
- **Bonus Challenge:** Try at least one medium-hard problem like:
  - Encode and Decode Strings  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/encode-and-decode-strings/>

## Week 3: Linked Lists

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### Day 15: Linked List Basics

- **Goal:** Understand singly linked list fundamentals.
  - **Problems:**
    - Reverse Linked List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-linked-list/>
    - Middle of the Linked List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/middle-of-the-linked-list/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Fast and slow pointers, reversing using pointers.
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### Day 16: Linked List Insertion and Deletion

- **Goal:** Master node manipulation techniques.
  - **Problems:**
    - Delete Node in a Linked List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/delete-node-in-a-linked-list/>
    - Remove Nth Node From End of List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/remove-nth-node-from-end-of-list/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Pointer shifting, one-pass deletion using fast and slow pointer.
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### Day 17: Detecting Cycles in Linked List

- **Goal:** Detect and handle cycles.
  - **Problems:**
    - Linked List Cycle  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/linked-list-cycle/>
    - Linked List Cycle II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/linked-list-cycle-ii/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Floyd's Cycle Detection Algorithm (Tortoise and Hare).
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### Day 18: Merge & Sort Linked Lists

- **Goal:** Work with sorting and merging operations.
- **Problems:**
  - Merge Two Sorted Lists  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/merge-two-sorted-lists/>
  - Sort List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/sort-list/>
- **Concepts Covered:** Merge sort on linked lists, recursion.

## Day 19: Advanced Reversals

- **Goal:** Reverse parts of a linked list.
  - **Problems:**
    - Reverse Linked List II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-linked-list-ii/>
    - Reverse Nodes in k-Group  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-nodes-in-k-group/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Pointer juggling, group reversal, dummy nodes.
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## Day 20: Intersection & Palindrome

- **Goal:** Learn to check for intersection and palindromes.
  - **Problems:**
    - Intersection of Two Linked Lists  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/intersection-of-two-linked-lists/>
    - Palindrome Linked List  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/palindrome-linked-list/>
  - **Concepts Covered:** Stack-based and pointer-based approaches, length alignment.
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## Day 21: Wrap-up & Revision

- **Tasks:**
  - Re-solve 2-3 tricky problems from earlier in the week.
  - Draw diagrams for Linked List Cycle and Reverse Nodes in K Groups.
  - Optional practice problem:
    - Add Two Numbers  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/add-two-numbers/>

## Week 4: Stacks and Queues

### Day 22: Stack Basics

- **Goal:** Understand the fundamentals of stack operations (LIFO).
  - **Problems:**
    - Valid Parentheses  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-parentheses/>  
👉 Use stack to match opening and closing brackets.
    - Min Stack  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/min-stack/>  
👉 Maintain a second stack to keep track of minimum values.
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### Day 23: Stack Advanced Applications

- **Goal:** Handle stack problems involving indices and nested structures.

- **Problems:**

- Next Greater Element I  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/next-greater-element-i/>  
👉 Use stack in reverse traversal for efficient solution.
- Next Greater Element II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/next-greater-element-ii/>  
👉 Handle circular array using modulo and double loop logic.

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## 📅 Day 24: Monotonic Stack

- **Goal:** Learn the concept of increasing/decreasing stack.
- **Problems:**
  - Daily Temperatures  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/daily-temperatures/>  
👉 Store indices to calculate number of days until warmer temp.
  - Asteroid Collision  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/asteroid-collision/>  
👉 Use stack to simulate collisions based on sizes and directions.

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## 📅 Day 25: Queue Basics

- **Goal:** Learn FIFO structure and implement using arrays or lists.
- **Problems:**
  - Implement Queue using Stacks  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-queue-using-stacks/>  
👉 Use two stacks to simulate queue behavior.
  - Number of Recent Calls  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-recent-calls/>  
👉 Use queue to count requests in a rolling time window.

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## 📅 Day 26: Deque (Double-ended Queue)

- **Goal:** Learn how to insert and delete from both ends efficiently.
- **Problems:**
  - Sliding Window Maximum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/sliding-window-maximum/>  
👉 Use deque to maintain decreasing order of elements for O(n) solution.
  - Design Circular Deque  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/design-circular-deque/>  
👉 Implement custom deque with capacity handling.

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## 📅 Day 27: Stack-Queue Hybrid Problems

- **Goal:** Solve real-world problems involving both data structures.
- **Problems:**
  - Evaluate Reverse Polish Notation  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/evaluate-reverse-polish-notation/>  
👉 Use stack to simulate RPN evaluation.
  - Implement Stack using Queues  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-stack-using-queues/>  
👉 Queue-based simulation of LIFO operations.

## Day 28: Wrap-up & Revision

- **Tasks:**

- Re-attempt tricky problems like Daily Temperatures or Sliding Window Maximum.
- Practice visualization and dry runs.
- Optional Challenge:
  - Decode String  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/decode-string/>  
👉 Stack-based problem for nested encoding like "3[a2[c]]" → "accaccacc"

## Week 5: Recursion & Backtracking

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### Day 29: Basics of Recursion

- **Goal:** Understand the concept of recursion (base + recursive case).
  - **Problems:**
    - Factorial of a Number (custom implementation)  Write your own recursive code to understand the call stack.
    - Fibonacci Number  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/fibonacci-number/>  
👉 Recursively compute Fibonacci; later memoize for optimization.
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### Day 30: Recursion Problems

- **Goal:** Apply recursion to solve small problems.
  - **Problems:**
    - Reverse Linked List (Recursive)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-linked-list/>  
👉 Use recursive calls to reverse nodes one-by-one.
    - Power of Three  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/power-of-three/>  
👉 Recursively divide the number by 3 to check base case.
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## Day 31: Backtracking Intro

- **Goal:** Learn how to explore all possible solutions via recursion + undoing choices.
  - **Problems:**
    - Subsets  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/subsets/>  
👉 Use recursion to generate all possible combinations (include/exclude).
    - Combination Sum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/combination-sum/>  
👉 Try all candidates recursively and backtrack when sum exceeds target.
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## Day 32: Backtracking - Combinations & Permutations

- **Goal:** Understand permutation logic and constraints.
  - **Problems:**
    - Permutations  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/permutations/>  
👉 Swap-based or used-array-based recursive solution.
    - Combinations  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/combinations/>  
👉 Standard backtracking, maintain start index for no repeats.
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## Day 33: Backtracking - Include/Exclude Pattern

- **Goal:** Learn subset and decision-tree style problems.
  - **Problems:**
    - Subsets II (handle duplicates)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/subsets-ii/>  
👉 Sort array and skip duplicates in recursion.
    - Letter Combinations of a Phone Number  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/letter-combinations-of-a-phone-number/>  
👉 Map digits to letters and backtrack all combinations.
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## Day 34: Backtracking - Constraints

- **Goal:** Understand how to deal with constraint-based paths.
  - **Problems:**
    - N-Queens  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/n-queens/>  
👉 Place queens row by row and backtrack when there's a clash.
    - Word Search  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/word-search/>  
👉 Recursively explore adjacent cells and backtrack.
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## Day 35: Recap + Challenge

- **Goal:** Solidify concepts and push your limits.
- **Tasks:**
  - Re-attempt any tricky backtracking problems.
  - Optional Challenges:
    - Sudoku Solver  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/sudoku-solver/>  
👉 Recursive DFS with validation and backtracking.
    - Generate Parentheses  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/generate-parentheses/>  
👉 Backtrack with open/close balance logic.

## Week 6: Binary Trees and BSTs

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## Day 36: Binary Tree Basics

- **Goal:** Understand tree structure and traversal basics.
- **Problems:**
  - Invert Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/invert-binary-tree/>  
👉 Use recursion to swap left and right subtrees.
  - Maximum Depth of Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-depth-of-binary-tree/>  
👉 Return 1 + max depth of left and right recursively.

## Day 37: Tree Traversals

- **Goal:** Practice in-order, pre-order, and post-order traversals.
  - **Problems:**
    - Binary Tree Inorder Traversal  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-inorder-traversal/>  
👉 Practice both recursive and iterative approaches.
    - Binary Tree Preorder Traversal  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-preorder-traversal/>  
👉 Similar to inorder but root is visited first.
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## Day 38: Level Order and Zigzag

- **Goal:** Understand BFS on trees.
  - **Problems:**
    - Binary Tree Level Order Traversal  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-level-order-traversal/>  
👉 Use queue to process level by level.
    - Binary Tree Zigzag Level Order Traversal  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-zigzag-level-order-traversal/>  
👉 Flip direction on each level using deque.
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## Day 39: Lowest Common Ancestor (LCA)

- **Goal:** Learn about tree ancestors and recursive backtracking.
  - **Problems:**
    - Lowest Common Ancestor of a Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/lowest-common-ancestor-of-a-binary-tree/>  
👉 Recurse from root to find paths to both nodes.
    - Path Sum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/path-sum/>  
👉 Check if a root-to-leaf path sums up to target.
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## Day 40: Diameter & Balanced Tree

- **Goal:** Understand tree properties (height, balance).
- **Problems:**
  - Diameter of Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/diameter-of-binary-tree/>  
👉 Max of left + right heights at each node.

- Balanced Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/balanced-binary-tree/>  
👉 Tree is balanced if left and right subtrees differ by  $\leq 1$ .
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## Day 41: BST - Basics

- **Goal:** Practice BST-specific operations.
  - **Problems:**
    - Validate Binary Search Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/validate-binary-search-tree/>  
👉 Check node values within min-max bounds.
    - Search in a Binary Search Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/search-in-a-binary-search-tree/>  
👉 Standard BST search - go left or right.
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## Day 42: BST - Insert & Delete

- **Goal:** Understand structural modifications in BST.
  - **Problems:**
    - Insert into a Binary Search Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/insert-into-a-binary-search-tree/>  
👉 Recursively insert at the right position.
    - Delete Node in a BST  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/delete-node-in-a-bst/>  
👉 Handle cases for leaf, one child, or two children.
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### Tips for Week 6:

- Use recursion to your advantage in trees.
- Dry run examples on paper.
- Don't memorize – **understand the tree structure and traversal patterns.**

## ✓ Week 7: Heaps, Tries & Graphs (Intro)

### 💻 Day 43: Heaps Basics

- **Goal:** Understand Min-Heap and Max-Heap concepts and priority queue.
- **Problems:**
  - Kth Largest Element in an Array  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/kth-largest-element-in-an-array/>  
👉 Use a **Min-Heap of size k** to keep track of k largest elements.
  - Top K Frequent Elements  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/top-k-frequent-elements/>  
👉 Build frequency map, use **heapq.nlargest** with a custom key.

### 💻 Day 44: Sliding Window + Heaps

- **Goal:** Practice heap use with sliding window technique.
- **Problems:**
  - Sliding Window Maximum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/sliding-window-maximum/>  
👉 Use deque or heap with (value, index) pairs, pop out-of-window items.
  - Find Median from Data Stream  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/find-median-from-data-stream/>  
👉 Use two heaps: max-heap for left, min-heap for right half.

### 💻 Day 45: Introduction to Tries

- **Goal:** Understand Trie data structure and implementation.
- **Problems:**
  - Implement Trie (Prefix Tree)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-trie-prefix-tree/>  
👉 Classic Trie implementation with insert, search, and startsWith.
  - Replace Words  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/replace-words/>  
👉 Build a Trie of root words, replace sentence words with the root if matched.

## Day 46: Word Problems Using Trie

- **Goal:** Practice string manipulation with Trie optimization.
  - **Problems:**
    - Word Search II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/word-search-ii/>  
👉 Combine Trie + DFS to efficiently search multiple words.
    - Design Add and Search Words Data Structure  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/design-add-and-search-words-data-structure/>  
👉 Trie with support for dot . wildcard search.
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## Day 47: Graph Basics (Adjacency List, DFS)

- **Goal:** Get comfortable with graph representation & DFS.
  - **Problems:**
    - Number of Islands  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-islands/>  
👉 Use DFS to mark visited nodes in grid.
    - Flood Fill  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/flood-fill/>  
👉 Classic DFS/BFS to fill connected region with new color.
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## Day 48: Graph BFS & DFS Practice

- **Goal:** Explore both DFS and BFS patterns in real scenarios.
  - **Problems:**
    - Clone Graph  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/clone-graph/>  
👉 DFS or BFS with hashmap to track cloned nodes.
    - Rotten Oranges  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/rotting-oranges/>  
👉 BFS with queue for time-based state changes.
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## Day 49: Cycle Detection

- **Goal:** Learn how to detect cycles in graphs.
- **Problems:**
  - Course Schedule  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/course-schedule/>  
👉 Use DFS with visited and recursion stack.

- Detect Cycle in Directed Graph (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/detect-cycle-in-a-directed-graph/1>  
👉 Classic DFS cycle detection.
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### Tips for Week 7:

- Practice heap operations with Python's heapq (default is min-heap).
  - For Trie: Create a TrieNode class with children = {} and end = False.
  - Understand graph traversal clearly – try drawing graphs on paper.
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## Week 8: Graphs (Advanced)

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### Day 50: Topological Sort (DFS & BFS/Kahn's Algo)

- **Goal:** Learn how to order nodes in a Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG).
  - **Problems:**
    - Course Schedule II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/course-schedule-ii/>  
👉 Solve using Kahn's Algorithm (BFS) or DFS + stack.
    - Topological Sort (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/topological-sort/1>  
👉 Practice both DFS and Kahn's approach.
- 

### Day 51: Shortest Path in Graphs

- **Goal:** Understand Dijkstra's Algorithm & BFS for unweighted graphs.
  - **Problems:**
    - Network Delay Time  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/network-delay-time/>  
👉 Use Dijkstra with min-heap for shortest path.
    - Shortest Path in Binary Matrix  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/shortest-path-in-binary-matrix/>  
👉 Use BFS for unweighted grid.
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## Day 52: Bellman-Ford and Negative Cycles

- **Goal:** Handle negative weights using Bellman-Ford.
  - **Problems:**
    - Bellman Ford (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/distance-from-the-source-bellman-ford-algorithm/1>  
👉 Relax all edges V-1 times.
    - Negative Weight Cycle (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/negative-weight-cycle3504/1>  
👉 After V-1 iterations, check for further relaxation (i.e., cycle).
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## Day 53: Disjoint Set (Union Find) - Part 1

- **Goal:** Understand Union by Rank & Path Compression.
  - **Problems:**
    - Number of Connected Components in an Undirected Graph  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-connected-components-in-an-undirected-graph/>  
👉 Count unique parents in Union-Find structure.
    - Disjoint Set Union (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/disjoint-set-union-find/1>  
👉 Classic union-find with optimizations.
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## Day 54: Disjoint Set (Union Find) - Part 2

- **Goal:** Practice harder variations.
  - **Problems:**
    - Redundant Connection  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/redundant-connection/>  
👉 Add edges and detect cycle using DSU.
    - Accounts Merge  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/accounts-merge/>  
👉 Map emails to DSU, merge accounts.
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## Day 55: Minimum Spanning Tree (MST)

- **Goal:** Learn Kruskal's and Prim's algorithms.
  - **Problems:**
    - Connecting Cities With Minimum Cost (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/connecting-the-graph/1>  
👉 Kruskal's Algorithm with DSU.
    - Minimum Cost to Connect All Points  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/min-cost-to-connect-all-points/>  
👉 Use Prim's or Kruskal's with heap/graph.
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## Day 56: Graph Recap + Practice

- **Goal:** Review concepts and revisit weak areas.
  - **Suggested Practice:**
    - Practice 3 random graph problems from LeetCode's Graph tag:  
<https://leetcode.com/tag/graph/>
    - Graph Topic Revision Sheet (Love Babbar / Striver)  
<https://takeuforward.org/graph/>
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### Tips for Week 8:

-  Remember: BFS = queue, DFS = recursion/stack.
-  Graphs are used in maps, networks, scheduling, web crawlers.
-  Disjoint Sets are  in cycle detection, Kruskal's MST, and network problems.
-  Don't rush – understanding > speed.

## Week 9: Dynamic Programming I – Basics, 0/1 Knapsack, LIS, Memoization, and Tabulation

Dynamic Programming is the soul of interviews. It's like cooking: prep your base (recursion), spice it up (memoization), and plate it like a pro (tabulation)  

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## Day 57: Intro to DP + Fibonacci + Climbing Stairs

- **Goal:** Understand the recursion-to-DP transition.
  - **Problems:**
    - Fibonacci Number  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/fibonacci-number/>  
➤ Try all 3 methods: Recursion → Memoization → Tabulation.
    - Climbing Stairs  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/climbing-stairs/>  
➤ Classic DP, like Fibonacci – start from the end.
- 

## Day 58: 0/1 Knapsack - Recursion + Memoization

- **Goal:** Learn base DP: choose/don't choose item.
  - **Problems:**
    - 0-1 Knapsack Problem (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/0-1-knapsack-problem0945/1>  
➤ Apply recursion → memoization. Core concept of DP.
    - Subset Sum Problem  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/subset-sum-problem2014/1>  
➤ Base for knapsack. Try memoized recursion.
- 

## Day 59: 0/1 Knapsack - Tabulation + Space Optimization

- **Goal:** Convert memoized version into bottom-up DP.
  - **Problems:**
    - Equal Sum Partition  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/partition-equal-subset-sum/0>  
➤ Convert subset sum to tabulation.
    - Count of Subset Sum (GFG)  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/perfect-sum-problem5633/1>  
➤ Try using 1D space optimization after tabulation.
-

## Day 60: Longest Common Subsequence (LCS)

- **Goal:** Intro to 2D DP problems.
  - **Problems:**
    - Longest Common Subsequence  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-common-subsequence/>  
► Solve via memoization & tabulation.
    - Print LCS (GFG)  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/print-longest-common-subsequence/>  
► Modify tabulation table to backtrack and print sequence.
- 

## Day 61: LCS Variants

- **Goal:** Tweak LCS logic for variations.
  - **Problems:**
    - Longest Palindromic Subsequence  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-palindromic-subsequence/>  
► Use LCS of string and its reverse.
    - Shortest Common Supersequence  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/shortest-common-supersequence/>  
► SCS = (m + n) - LCS.
- 

## Day 62: Longest Increasing Subsequence (LIS)

- **Goal:** Classic 1D DP with  $O(n^2)$  and  $O(n \log n)$  solutions.
  - **Problems:**
    - Longest Increasing Subsequence  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-increasing-subsequence/>  
► Solve with DP ( $n^2$ ), then try binary search method.
    - Russian Doll Envelopes  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/russian-doll-envelopes/>  
► Convert to LIS after sorting envelopes.
-

## Day 63: DP Recap + Practice

- **Goal:** Practice all types: 1D, 2D, knapsack, LCS, LIS.
  - **Suggestions:**
    - DP Playlist by Striver:  
<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLgUwDviBIf0rGEWe64KWas0Nrym7SCRWw>
    - Random practice from LeetCode DP tag:  
<https://leetcode.com/tag/dynamic-programming/>
- 

## Summary of Patterns This Week:

Pattern	Real-life Analogy
Climbing Stairs	Ways to climb a ladder 
Knapsack	Packing a bag with max value 
LCS / LPS	Text diff or DNA sequencing 
LIS	Longest growth trend 

## Week 10: Advanced DP – Grids, Trees, MCM, Partitions

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### Day 64: DP on Grids – Basics

- **Goal:** Learn to move through grids using DP.
  - **Problems:**
    - Unique Paths  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/unique-paths/>  
 ► Grid DP – try recursion, memoization, then tabulation.
    - Minimum Path Sum  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-path-sum/>  
 ► Use the same approach – reuse grid states.
- 

### Day 65: DP on Grids – Obstacles

- **Goal:** Add edge cases to grid DP.
- **Problems:**
  - Unique Paths II (Obstacles)  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/unique-paths-ii/>  
 ► If  $\text{grid}[i][j] == 1$ , block the path.

- Cherry Pickup II  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/cherry-pickup-ii/>  
► Hard level grid DP with 2 robots → 3D DP.
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## Day 66: DP on Trees – Basics

- **Goal:** Solve problems with recursive DFS + memo.
  - **Problems:**
    - House Robber III  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/house-robber-iii/>  
► Apply DP with postorder DFS on tree.
    - Diameter of Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/diameter-of-binary-tree/>  
► Use DP logic on left and right subtrees.
- 

## Day 67: DP on Trees – Practice

- **Goal:** Master tree-based recursion.
  - **Problems:**
    - Binary Tree Cameras  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-cameras/>  
► Postorder DP with three states.
    - Longest ZigZag Path in a Binary Tree  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-zigzag-path-in-a-binary-tree/>  
► Alternate directions while traversing.
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## Day 68: MCM – Matrix Chain Multiplication Intro

- **Goal:** Understand the MCM base pattern.
  - **Problems:**
    - Matrix Chain Multiplication (GFG)  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/matrix-chain-multiplication-dp-8/>  
► Try recursion → memoization.
    - Burst Balloons  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/burst-balloons/>  
► Convert to MCM form – like cutting balloons at i.
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## Day 69: MCM Variants

- **Goal:** Apply MCM pattern to other partition problems.
- **Problems:**
  - Palindrome Partitioning II

<https://leetcode.com/problems/palindrome-partitioning-ii/>

► Min number of cuts → Try recursion + memo.

- Boolean Parenthesization (GFG)

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/boolean-parenthesization-problem-dp-37/>

► Classic MCM + multiple return values.

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## Day 70: DP Grand Finale Practice

- **Goal:** Revise grids + trees + MCM together!

- **Suggestions:**

- DP on Trees GFG Set:

<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/explore?page=1&category%5B%5D=Tree&sortBy=submissions>

- Random LeetCode DP tag practice:

<https://leetcode.com/tag/dynamic-programming/>

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## Summary of DP Types:

Type	Keyword	Analogy
Grid DP	"Move through matrix"	Robot walking in a maze 
Tree DP	"Postorder with memo"	Robbing house in a colony 
MCM	"i to j partition"	Breaking problems recursively 

## Daily Schedule Template (2.5 Hours / Day)

### Morning (Optional Warm-up - 15 min)

- **Activity:** Watch a short video / revisit notes from the previous day.
  - **Goal:** Refresh concepts.
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### Evening / Main Session (2 Hours)

Time Slot	Activity	Details
0:00 - 0:20	Concept Study	Read/Watch theory for the day's topic (e.g., Recursion, Trees)
0:20 - 1:30	Problem Solving	Solve 2 core problems from LeetCode or GFG (links from roadmap)
1:30 - 2:00	Discuss / Revise	Revisit tricky logic, write comments, compare with discussions

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### Night (Optional - 15 min)

- **Activity:** Update your **Study Tracker** or **Anki Flashcards**.
  - **Goal:** Reinforce logic and patterns.
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### Weekend Plan (Every 7th Day)

Time	Activity
1 Hour	Revise Week's Topics (watch summary / revisit notes)
1 Hour	Re-solve 2 Tough Problems
30 mins	Mock Test / Timed Contest (LeetCode Weekly / Biweekly)
15 mins	Update Progress Tracker

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### Tips to Stay Consistent:

-  Use a printed tracker or Notion board – tick off problems daily.
-  Don't rush hard concepts (like DP or Graphs). Split over 2 days if needed.
-  Discuss tough problems with peers / Discord / Reddit / LeetCode Discuss.
-  Reward yourself weekly for completion (chill time, fav snack, etc.).