## Malik Türkoğlu

1-) Quantitave data is numerical, Qualitative is descriptive data, therefore all of them quantiative except gender is qualitative. Qualitative data is multivariate and discrete

# 2-)we can apply bar chart, histogram, stem-leaf, dot plot for this date set

"x <- read.table(file="C:/Users/malik türkoglu/Documents/HW1 \_Data\_v1.csv",header=TRUE,sep=";") View(x) x[1,] # check the results

#### **Assing to information to variables**

men= x[x[,"GENDER"] == 0,] women = x[x[,"GENDER"] == 1,] sysbp\_men = x[x \$GENDER == 0, "SYSBP"] diasbp\_men = x[x\$GENDER == 0, "DIASBP"] sysbp\_women= x[x\$GENDER == 1, "SYSBP"] diasbp\_women = x[x\$GENDER == 1, "DIASBP"]

#### -3-A-

calc\_meansys\_men <- mean(sysbp\_men) calc\_meansys\_women <mean(sysbp\_women) calc\_meandia\_men <- mean(diasbp\_men)
calc\_meandia\_women <- mean(diasbp\_women)</pre>

## -3-B- \*

var(sysbp\_men) var(sysbp\_women) var(diasbp\_men) var(diasbp\_women)

## 3-C- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

sd\_sys\_men <- sd(sysbp\_men) sd\_sys\_women <- sd(sysbp\_women) sd\_dia\_men <sd(diasbp\_men) sd\_dia\_women <- sd(diasbp\_women)</pre>

#### 3-D- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

## sysbp-men

lower\_sys\_men <- quantile(sysbp\_men, 0.25) upper\_Sys\_men <quantile(sysbp\_men, 0.75)</pre>

#### sysbp - women

lower\_sys\_women <- quantile(sysbp\_women , 0.25) upper\_Sys\_women <quantile(sysbp\_women , 0.75)</pre>

### diasbp -men

lower\_dia\_men <- quantile(diasbp\_men, 0.25) upper\_dia\_men <quantile(diasbp\_women, 0.75)</pre>

#### diasbp- women

lower\_dia\_women <- quantile(diasbp\_women, 0.25) upper\_dia\_women <quantile(diasbp\_women, 0.75)</pre>

-3-E \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

## sysbp-men

min(sysbp\_men) max(sysbp\_men)

## sysbp-women

min(sysbp\_women) max(sysbp\_women)

## diasbp-men

min(diasbp\_men) max(diasbp\_men)

## diasbp-women

min(diasbp\_women) max(diasbp\_women)

-3-F- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### range sysbp men

ran\_sys\_men <- max(sysbp\_mem) - min(sysbp\_men)</pre>

#### range sysbp women

ran\_sys\_women <- max(sysbp\_women) - min(sysbp\_women)</pre>

### range diasbp men

ran\_dia\_men <- max(diasbp\_men) - min(diasbp\_men)</pre>

#### range diasbp women

ran\_dia\_women<- max(diasbp\_women) - min(diasbp\_women)</pre>

-3-G- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

## range/std

## men Sysbp

ran\_sys\_men/sd\_sys\_men #women sysbp ran\_sys\_women/sd\_sys\_women #men diasbp ran\_dia\_men/sd\_dia\_men #women diasbp ran\_dia\_women/sd\_dia\_women

-3-H \*

calc\_median\_sys\_men <- median(sysbp\_men) calc\_median\_sys\_women <median(sysbp\_women) calc\_median\_dia\_men <- median(diasbp\_men)
calc\_median\_dia\_women <- median(diasbp\_women)</pre>

-3-i- \* men sysbp upper\_sys\_men - lower\_sys\_men women sysbp upper\_Sys\_women - lower\_sys\_women men diasbp upper\_dia\_men - lower\_dia\_men women diasbp upper\_dia\_women - lower\_dia\_women five number men-sysbp fivenum(sysbp\_men) five number women-sysbp fivenum(sysbp\_women)

# five number men-diasbp

fivenum(diasbp\_men)

# five number of women-diasbp

fivenum(diasbp\_women) stem-leaf plot for men sysbp stem(sysbp\_men) stem-leaf plot for women sysbp stem(sysbp\_women) stem-leaf plot for men diasbp stem(diasbp\_men) stem-leaf plot for women diasbp stem(diasbp\_women) -3-M- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* histogGRams of men sysbp hist(sysbp\_men, col = 9) #histograms of women sysbp hist(sysbp\_women, col = 3) #histograms of men diasbp hist(diasbp\_men, col = 14) #histograms of women

\_3\_N\_ \*

## dotplot sysbp men

diasbp hist(diasbp\_women, col = 4)

plot(sysbp\_men,pch=19, col=7) #dotplot sysbp women plot(sysbp\_women,pch=19, col=1) #dotplot diasbp men plot(diasbp\_men,pch=19, col=8) #dotplot diasbp women plot(diasbp\_women,pch=19, col=19)

-3-Q- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

plot(sysbp\_men, diasbp\_men, pch = 19, col = c("blue")) plot(sysbp\_women, diasbp\_women, pch = 19, col = c("black"))

#### R Markdown