OBJECT DETECTION

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Given an image or video, develop a system that can identify and locate all instances of objects of specific classes.

This typically involves two key aspects:

Object Classification:

The system needs to correctly classify the object into a predefined category (e.g., car, person, dog).

Object Localization:

The system needs to draw a bounding box around each detected object, indicating its precise location within the image or video frame.

PROGRAM:

```
import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow hub as hub
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw, ImageFont, ImageColor, ImageOps
from io import BytesIO
from urllib.request import urlopen
import tempfile
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import time
def display image(image):
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
   plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(image)
def download and resize image (url, new width=256, new height=256,
display=False):
    , filename = tempfile.mkstemp(suffix=".jpg")
    response = urlopen(url)
    image data = response.read()
    image data = BytesIO(image data)
    pil image = Image.open(image data)
   pil image = ImageOps.fit(pil image, (new width, new height),
Image.LANCZOS)
    pil image rgb = pil image.convert("RGB")
   pil image rgb.save(filename, format="JPEG", quality=90)
  print("Image downloaded to %s." % filename)
```

```
if display:
        display image(pil image)
    return filename
def draw bounding box on image(image, ymin, xmin, ymax, xmax, color,
font, thickness=4, display str list=()):
    """Adds a bounding box to an image."""
    draw = ImageDraw.Draw(image)
    im width, im height = image.size
    (left, right, top, bottom) = (xmin * im width, xmax * im width,
ymin * im height, ymax * im height)
    draw.line([(left, top), (left, bottom), (right, bottom), (right,
top), (left, top)],
              width=thickness, fill=color)
    # If the total height of the display strings added to the top of
the bounding
    # box exceeds the top of the image, stack the strings below the
bounding box
    # instead of above.
    display str heights = [font.getbbox(ds)[3] for ds in
display str list]
    # Each display str has a top and bottom margin of 0.05x.
    total_display_str_height = (1 + 2 * 0.05) *
sum(display str heights)
    if top > total display str height:
        text bottom = top
    else:
        text bottom = top + total display str height
    # Reverse list and print from bottom to top.
    for display str in display str list[::-1]:
        bbox = font.getbbox(display str)
        text width, text height = bbox[2], bbox[3]
        margin = np.ceil(0.05 * text height)
        draw.rectangle([(left, text_bottom - text height - 2 * margin),
                        (left + text width, text bottom)],
                       fill=color)
        draw.text((left + margin, text bottom - text height - margin),
                  display str, fill="black", font=font)
        text_bottom -= text_height - 2 * margin
def draw boxes (image, boxes, class names, scores, max boxes=10,
min score=0.1):
    """Overlay labeled boxes on an image with formatted scores and
label names."""
    colors = list(ImageColor.colormap.values())
```

```
try:
        font =
ImageFont.truetype("/usr/share/fonts/truetype/liberation/LiberationSans
Narrow-Regular.ttf", 25)
    except IOError:
        print("Font not found, using default font.")
        font = ImageFont.load default()
    for i in range(min(boxes.shape[0], max boxes)):
        if scores[i] >= min score:
            ymin, xmin, ymax, xmax = tuple(boxes[i])
            display str = "{}:
{}%".format(class names[i].decode("ascii"), int(100 * scores[i]))
            color = colors[hash(class names[i]) % len(colors)]
            image pil = Image.fromarray(np.uint8(image)).convert("RGB")
            draw bounding box on image (image pil, ymin, xmin, ymax,
xmax, color, font, display str list=[display str])
            np.copyto(image, np.array(image pil))
    return image
# Load the pre-trained detector model
module handle =
"https://tfhub.dev/google/faster rcnn/openimages v4/inception resnet v2
/1"
detector = hub.load(module handle).signatures['default']
def load img(path):
    img = tf.io.read file(path)
    img = tf.image.decode jpeg(img, channels=3)
    return img
def run detector(detector, path):
    img = load img(path)
    converted img = tf.image.convert image dtype(img,
tf.float32) [tf.newaxis, ...]
    start time = time.time()
    result = detector(converted img)
    end time = time.time()
    result = {key: value.numpy() for key, value in result.items()}
    print("Found %d objects." % len(result["detection scores"]))
    print("Inference time: ", end time - start time)
    image with boxes = draw boxes(img.numpy(),
result["detection boxes"], result["detection class entities"],
result["detection scores"])
    display image (image with boxes)
def detect img(image url):
start time = time.time()
```

```
image_path = download_and_resize_image(image_url, 640, 480)
    run_detector(detector, image_path)
    end_time = time.time()
    print("Inference time:", end_time - start_time)

# Image URLs for detection
image_urls = [
    "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/6/60/Naxos_Taverna.
jpg",
    "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/1/lb/The_Coleoptera
of_the_British_islands_%28Plate_125%29_%288592917784%29.jpg",
    "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/09/The_smaller_Br
itish_birds_%288053836633%29.jpg"
]

# Perform object detection on each image URL
for url in image_urls:
    detect_img(url)
```