

University of Colombo School of Computing

SCS2211: Laboratory II

Assignment - R Programming

Instructions

Execute the R expressions, record the outputs, and write the answers to the questions using Markdown section if required. Indicate the question number in each section.

Save the notebook as a ".ipynb" file. File name should be <Index number>.ipynb (Eg: 2000000.ipynb)

Upload both ".ipynb" and ".csv" files to the given link.

Question 1

Create an artificial dataset using R for employee data of a company for 50 employees using following guidelines. (Give suitable variable names.)

Note: Make sure the assignment will be reproducible when using random values (Use your index number as seed value).

- I. Generate Employee IDs starting from £1001 to £1050
- II. Randomly assign gender to employees, ensuring a male-to-female ratio of 6:2 (use "Male" and "Female" as category names).
- III. Assign an age to each employee, ensuring the age is a random value between 25 & 40.
- IV. Assign each employee a job position, randomly selecting from the following categories:

"Software Engineer", "Data Analyst", "System Administrator", "Project Manager"

- V. Assign a base salary to each employee, ensuring it is a random value between 100,000 and 200,000 in multiples of 5,000 (e.g., 105,000, 110,000, etc.).
- VI. Randomly assign a department from the following list:

"IT", "Finance", "HR", "Marketing"

VII. Each employee receives a performance-based bonus, randomly assigned between 5,000 and 20,000 in multiples of 1,000.

VIII. Randomly generate years of experience between 1 and 15 years for each employee.

IX. Each employee is given a performance rating on a scale of 1 to 5, where:

- 1 = Poor
- 2 = Below Average
- 3 = Average
- 4 = Good
- 5 = Excellent

X. Assign Remote Work Eligibility, each employee is either eligible or not eligible for remote work. The probability of eligibility should be 60%.

- a. Display the structure of the dataset.
- b. Generate summary statistics (e.g., mean, median, min, max) for all numeric variables (such as Age, Salary, Bonus, Years of Experience, Performance Rating)
- c. Create a new variable called TotalCompensation that is the sum of Salary and Bonus.
- d. Convert the Employee ID from a character string (e.g., "E1001") to a factor variable.
- e. Extract a subset of employees who belong to the "IT" department and are eligible for remote work.
- f. Create another subset containing only those employees with a Performance Rating of 4 or higher.
- g. Calculate the average Salary for each Department (use either the aggregate function or dplyr's group by and summarise).
- h. Determine the proportion of Male and Female employees in the dataset.
- i. Create a histogram to show the distribution of employee Ages.
- j. Generate a boxplot comparing Salary distributions across different Job Positions.

- k. Create a scatter plot of Years of Experience versus Salary, and add a regression line to this plot.
- I. Using group-by operations, compute the average Bonus and average Performance Rating for each Job Position.
- m. Compare the average Years of Experience between male and female employees.
- n. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the mean Salary of employees in the "Finance" department and interpret what this confidence interval means in the context of the dataset.
- o. Write a function that accepts a Department name as its input and returns a list containing:

The number of employees in that department.

The average Salary.

The average Performance Rating.

Test your function using the "HR" department.

- p. Calculate the correlation between Years of Experience and Salary.
- q. Fit a linear regression model with Salary as the response variable and Years of Experience as the predictor. Provide a summary of the model and interpret the coefficients.
- r. Save the final modified dataset (including any new variables you created, such as TotalCompensation) to a CSV file named "employee data.csv".

Question 2

The data set named "Davis" contains 200 rows and 5 columns. The subjects were men and women engaged in regular exercise. Variables in the data set are as follows.

Sex	A factor with levels: F, female; M, male.
Weight	Measured weight in kg.
Height	Measured height in cm.
repwt	Reported weight in kg.
repht	Reported height in cm.

- a. Load the data set in the package "carData".
- b. Carry out a descriptive analysis for the above variables and comment on your findings.
- c. Find the male proportion in this sample and then construct a 99% confidence interval for the population proportion of males.
- d. Create a new data frame named "males" by extracting only the records corresponding to males from the data set "Davis". Similarly, create a data frame named "females".
- e. Consider the variable "Height" and find the following measures for males and females separately.

Height of males	Height of females
Mean	Mean
Variance	Variance
Standard deviation	Standard deviation

- f. Calculate the pooled sample standard deviation of height considering males and females as two samples drawn from two populations. [Assume that the two population variances are equal]
- g. Obtain a point estimate for the difference between the mean heights of males and females.
- h. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the difference between mean heights of males and females.