```
> 2+2

[1] 4

> exp(-2)

[1] 0.1353353

> log(100,base=10)

[1] 2

> runif(10)

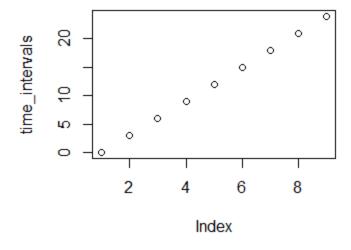
[1] 0.11972338 0.60167759 0.11559555 0.51782025 0.27767130 0.70281038 0.09078638 0.63110940 0.35152966

[10] 0.33388469

> |
```

```
> x=2
> x+x
[1] 4
> y=x+3
> print y
Error: unexpected symbol in "print y"
> print (y)
[1] 5
> s = "this is a car";
> print (s)
[1] "this is a car"
> |
```

```
> temp = c(30, 32, 31, 29, 28)
> temp
[1] 30 32 31 29 28
> temp[2]
[1] 32
> temp[4]
[1] 29
> sales Q1 <- c(100, 150, 200)
> sales Q2 <- c(120,180,240)
> total <- sales Q1 + sales Q2
> print(total)
[1] 220 330 440
> dif <- sales Ql - sales Q2
> print(dif)
[1] -20 -30 -40
> grades <- c(85, 72, 90, 65, 88)
> result <- grades[grades > 80]
> print(result)
[1] 85 90 88
> time_intervals <- seq(0,24, by = 3)
> print(time intervals)
[1] 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24
> plot(time_intervals)
> plot(time intervals)
Warning messages:
1: unable to open printer
2: opening device failed
> prices <- c(20,30,40,50)
> result <- prices[prices > 80]
> print(result)
numeric(0)
>
```

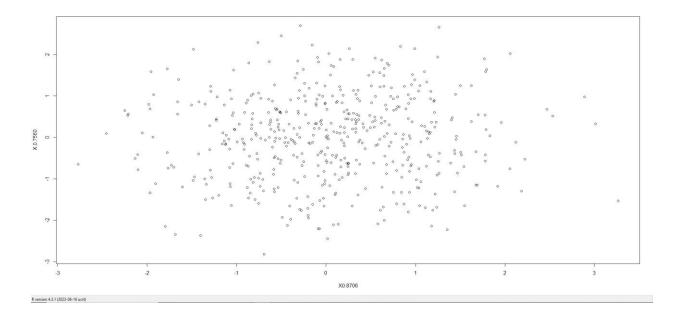


```
> x <- c(5, 10, 15, 20)
> y < -c(1, 2, 3, 4)
> sum <- x+ y
> sum
[1] 6 12 18 24
> sub <- x - y
> sub
[1] 4 8 12 16
> sub <- y - x
> sub
[1] -4 -8 -12 -16
> a < -c(2, 4, 6)
> b <- c(1, 3, 5)
> a
[1] 2 4 6
> b
[1] 1 3 5
> c <- a + b
> scalar <- c * 10
> scalar
[1] 30 70 110
> p <- c(100, 200, 300)
> q < -c(2, 4, 5)
> divide <- p/q
> divide
[1] 50 50 60
> m <- c(10, 20, 30)
> n < -c(3, 5, 7)
> remai <- m %% n
> remai
[1] 1 0 2
> v <- c(1, 2, 3, 4)
> power <- v^2
> power
[1] 1 4 9 16
>
```

```
> data <- c(5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35)
> mean data <- mean(data)
> mean_data
[1] 20
> data <- c(18, 22, 30, 40, 50)
> median_data <- median(data)
> median data
[1] 30
> data <- c(5, 7, 10, 15, 20)
> sd data <- sd(data)
> sd data
[1] 6.107373
> data <- c(12, 18, 25, 30, 36)
> var_data <- var(data)
> var_data
[1] 90.2
> data <- c(3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15)
> quantiles_data <- quantile(data)
> quantiles data
 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
  3
      6 9 12 15
> data <- c(100, 200, 300, 400, 500)
> summary data <- summary(data)
> summary data
  Min. 1st Qu. Median
                         Mean 3rd Qu.
   100 200
                  300
                          300 400
                                          500
> data <- c(2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12)
> iqr data <- IQR(data)
> iqr_data
[1] 5
> data <- c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70)
> fivenum data <- fivenum(data)
> fivenum_data
[1] 10 25 40 55 70
```

```
> getwd()
[1] "C:/Users/bit122.STUDENT/Documents"
> data <- read.table("D1.txt",header = TRUE)</pre>
> head(data)
 X0.8706 X.0.7560
1 0.3308
          0.1212
2 -1.3479 -1.4958
3 1.5479 -1.6462
4 -0.6166 0.1929
5 -0.6986 -1.2898
6 -1.4236 -0.3998
> summary(data)
   X0.8706
                     X.0.7560
Min. :-2.77120 Min. :-2.819800
 Median: 0.03170 Median: 0.039700
 Mean : 0.04942 Mean : 0.005124
 3rd Qu.: 0.72710 3rd Qu.: 0.685700
Max. : 3.26620 Max. : 2.689000
> plot(data$V1,data$V2)
Error in plot.window(...) : need finite 'xlim' values
In addition: Warning messages:
1: In min(x) : no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
2: In max(x) : no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
3: In min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
4: In max(x): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
> plot(data$v1,data$v2)
Error in plot.window(...) : need finite 'xlim' values
In addition: Warning messages:
1: In min(x) : no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
2: In max(x) : no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
3: In min(x): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
4: In max(x) : no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
> v1 <- data$v1
> v1
NULL
> v1
```





```
myscript.R ×

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  1 # Load necessary library
  2 library(ggplot2)
  3 # Create a sample dataset
  4 data <- data.frame(</pre>
       Age = c(23, 45, 34, 25, 36, 50, 41),
       Height = c(167, 175, 160, 162, 180, 170, 165),
  7
       Weight = c(55, 70, 60, 58, 75, 68, 62)
  8 )
  9 # Perform analysis: Calculate summary statistics
 10 summary_stats <- summary(data)</pre>
 11 print("Summary Statistics:")
 12 print(summary_stats)
 13 # Generate a scatter plot of Age vs Height
 14 ggplot(data, aes(x = Age, y = Height)) +
 15
        geom_point() +
      labs(title = "Scatter Plot of Age vs Height", x = "Age", y = "Height")
 16
 17 # Generate a histogram of Weight
 18 ggplot(data, aes(x = Weight)) +
        geom_histogram(binwidth = 5, fill = "<mark>blue</mark>", color = "<mark>black</mark>") +
labs(title = "Histogram of Weight", x = "Weight", y = "Frequency")
 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
 26
```

