Data Analytics III

- 1. Implement Simple Naïve Bayes classification algorithm using Python/R on iris.csv dataset.
- 2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision, Recall on the given dataset.

Import all Python Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read csv("datasets/ass6/iris.csv")
df
      Ιd
          SepalLengthCm
                          SepalWidthCm
                                         PetalLengthCm
                                                         PetalWidthCm \
0
       1
                     5.1
                                    3.5
                                                    1.4
                                                                   0.2
       2
1
                     4.9
                                    3.0
                                                    1.4
                                                                   0.2
2
       3
                     4.7
                                                    1.3
                                                                   0.2
                                    3.2
3
       4
                     4.6
                                    3.1
                                                    1.5
                                                                   0.2
4
       5
                     5.0
                                    3.6
                                                    1.4
                                                                   0.2
                                    . . .
145
                     6.7
                                                    5.2
     146
                                    3.0
                                                                   2.3
                                    2.5
                                                    5.0
146
     147
                     6.3
                                                                   1.9
147
     148
                     6.5
                                    3.0
                                                    5.2
                                                                   2.0
148
                                                    5.4
                                                                   2.3
     149
                     6.2
                                    3.4
149
     150
                     5.9
                                    3.0
                                                    5.1
                                                                   1.8
            Species
0
        Iris-setosa
1
        Iris-setosa
2
        Iris-setosa
3
        Iris-setosa
4
        Iris-setosa
145 Iris-virginica
146 Iris-virginica
147
     Iris-virginica
148 Iris-virginica
149 Iris-virginica
[150 rows x 6 columns]
df.isna().sum()
```

```
Id
SepalLengthCm
                     0
SepalWidthCm
                     0
PetalLengthCm
                     0
PetalWidthCm
                     0
                     0
Species
dtype: int64
x = df.drop(['Id', 'Species'], axis = 1)
y = df['Species']
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x train,x test,y train,y test = train test split(x,y,train size =
0.8, random_state = 22)
print(x train.shape, x test.shape, y train.shape, y test.shape)
(120, 4) (30, 4) (120,) (30,)
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()
nb.fit(x_train, y_train)
GaussianNB()
y pred = nb.predict(x test)
y_pred
array(['Iris-setosa', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor',
         'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor',
         'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor',
         'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor',
        'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicotor',
'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor',
'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-setosa',
'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor',
'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-virginica',
'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica'],
dtype='<U15')
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score,
precision score, recall score
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
TP = cm[0, 0]
FP = cm[0, 1] + cm[0, 2]
FN = cm[1, 0] + cm[2, 0]
TN = cm[1, 1] + cm[2, 2] + cm[1, 2] + cm[2, 1]
```

```
print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(1 - accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='macro'))
print(recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='macro'))
print("TP:", TP)
print("FP:", FP)
print("TN:", TN)
print("FN:", FN)
print(cm)
0.96666666666666
0.0333333333333333
0.96969696969697
0.9761904761904763
TP: 6
FP: 0
TN: 24
FN: 0
[[ 6 0 0]
[ 0 10 0]
[ 0 1 13]]
```