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Question 6: Write the pseudo-code for the Catmull-Clark subdivision algorithm.

Based on the Catmull-Clark subdivision algorithm we need to be careful too:

- 1. Add a face point at the centroid of each face
- 2. Add an edge point for each edge, averaged from:
 - the two endpoints of the edge
 - and the two face points on either side of the edge
- 3. Reposition old vertices using:

$$v_{new} = \frac{F}{n} + \frac{2R}{n} + \frac{P(n-3)}{n} = \frac{F + 2R + P(n-3)}{n}$$

Where:

- F: average of adjacent face points

- R: average of midpoints

- P: original position

- n : valence of vertex

4. Rebuild the mesh:

- new face points
- new edge points
- repositioned original vertices

```
void myMesh::subdivisionCatmullClark() {
  std::vector<myFace*> newFaces;
  std::vector<mvHalfedge*> newHalfedges:
  std::vector<myVertex*> newVertices;
  std::map<myFace*, myVertex*> facePoint;
  std::map<myHalfedge*, myVertex*> edgePoint;
  std::map<myVertex*, myPoint3D> newPos;
  for (auto* f : faces) {
    myPoint3D centroid(0, 0, 0);
    int count = 0;
    auto* start = f->adjacent halfedge;
    auto* h = start;
    do {
       centroid += *h->source->point;
       count++;
       h = h-next;
    } while (h != start);
    myPoint3D center = centroid / float(count);
    myVertex* fp = new myVertex();
```

```
fp->point = new myPoint3D(center);
  facePoint[f] = fp;
  newVertices.push_back(fp);
}
std::set<myHalfedge*> processedEdges;
for (auto* e : halfedges) {
  if (!e->twin || processedEdges.count(e)) continue;
  myPoint3D mid = (*e->source->point + *e->next->source->point) * 0.5f;
  myPoint3D f1 = *facePoint[e->adjacent_face]->point;
  myPoint3D f2 = *facePoint[e->twin->adjacent_face]->point;
  myPoint3D avg = (mid + (f1 + f2) * 0.5f) * 0.5f;
  myVertex* halfedgePoint = new myVertex();
  halfedgePoint->point = new myPoint3D(avg);
  edgePoint[e] = edgePoint[e->twin] = halfedgePoint;
  newVertices.push_back(halfedgePoint);
  processedEdges.insert(e);
  processedEdges.insert(e->twin);
}
for (auto* v : vertices) {
  std::vector<myHalfedge*> adjacentHalfedges;
  auto* start = v->originof;
  auto* h = start;
  do {
     adjacentHalfedges.push_back(h);
     if (!h->twin) break;
     h = h->twin->next;
  } while (h!= start);
  int n = adjacentHalfedges.size();
  if (n == 0) continue;
  myPoint3D F(0,0,0), R(0,0,0);
  for (auto* e : adjacentHalfedges) {
     F += *facePoint[e->adjacent_face]->point;
     R += (*e->source->point + *e->next->source->point) * 0.5f;
  }
  F /= float(n);
  R \neq float(n);
  myPoint3D P = *v->point;
  newPos[v] = (F + R * 2.0f + P * (float(n) - 3.0f)) / float(n);
}
```

```
for (auto* f : faces) {
  auto* start = f->adjacent_halfedge;
  auto* h = start;
  do {
     myVertex* h1= h->source;
     myVertex* ep1= edgePoint[h];
     myVertex* facePt= facePoint[f];
     myVertex* ep0= edgePoint[h->prev];
     myFace* newF = new myFace();
     std::vector<myHalfedge*> he(4);
     for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) he[i] = new myHalfedge();
     he[0]->source = h1;
     he[1]->source = ep1;
     he[2]->source = facePt;
     he[3]->source = ep0;
     for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {
       he[i]->adjacent_face = newF;
       he[i]->next = he[(i+1)\%4];
       he[i]->prev = he[(i+3)\%4];
       he[i]->source->originof = he[i];
     }
     newF->adjacent_halfedge = he[0];
     newFaces.push_back(newF);
     for (auto* h : he) newHalfedges.push_back(h);
     h = h->next;
  } while (h!= start);
}
std::map<std::pair<myVertex*, myVertex*>, myHalfedge*> edgeMap;
for (auto* e : newHalfedges) {
  auto key = std::make_pair(e->source, e->next->source);
  auto rev = std::make_pair(e->next->source, e->source);
  if (edgeMap.count(rev)) {
     e->twin = edgeMap[rev];
     edgeMap[rev]->twin = e;
  } else {
     edgeMap[key] = e;
  }
}
faces = std::move(newFaces);
halfedges = std::move(newHalfedges);
```

```
vertices.insert(vertices.end(), newVertices.begin(), newVertices.end());
for (auto& v : newPos) {
    *v.first->point = v.second;
}
checkMesh();
}
```