CIRCLES

Sujith 02

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1. In Figure 1, from an external point P,two tangents PQ and PR are drawn to a circle of radius $4cm$ with centre O. If $\angle QPR = 90°$,then length of PQ is

   (A) $3cm$

   (B) $4cm$

   (C) $2cm$

   (D) $2\sqrt{2}cm$

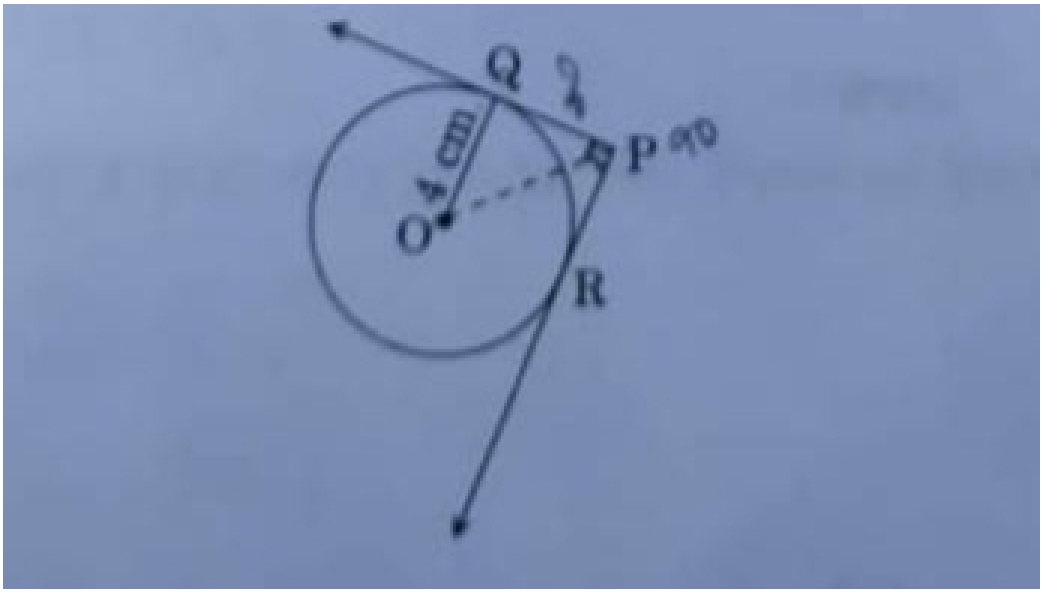

Figure 1

2. In Figure 2, PQ is tangent to the circle with centre at O, at the point B. If $\angle AOB = 100°$, then $\angle ABP$ is equal to

   (A) 50°

   (B) 40°

   (C) 60°

   (D) 80°

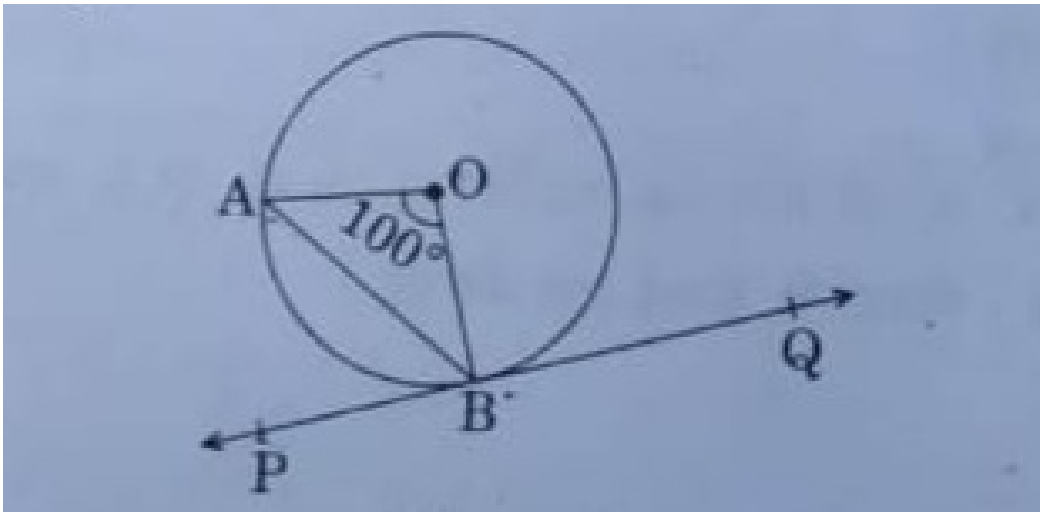

Figure 2

3. In Figure **??**, a quardilateral $ABCD$ is drawn to circumscribe a circle. Prove that
   $AB + CD = BC + AD$.

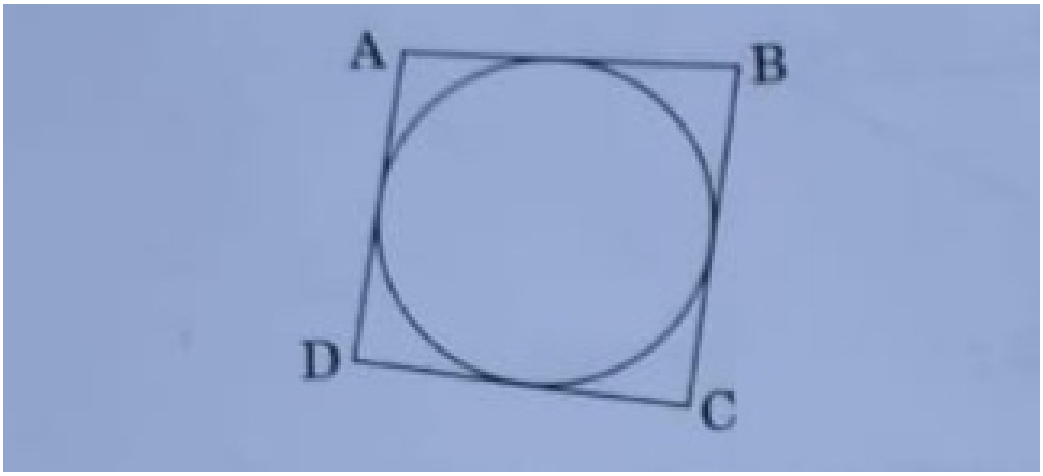

Figure 3

4. In Figure 4, find the perimeter of$\triangle ABC$, if $AP = 12$cm.

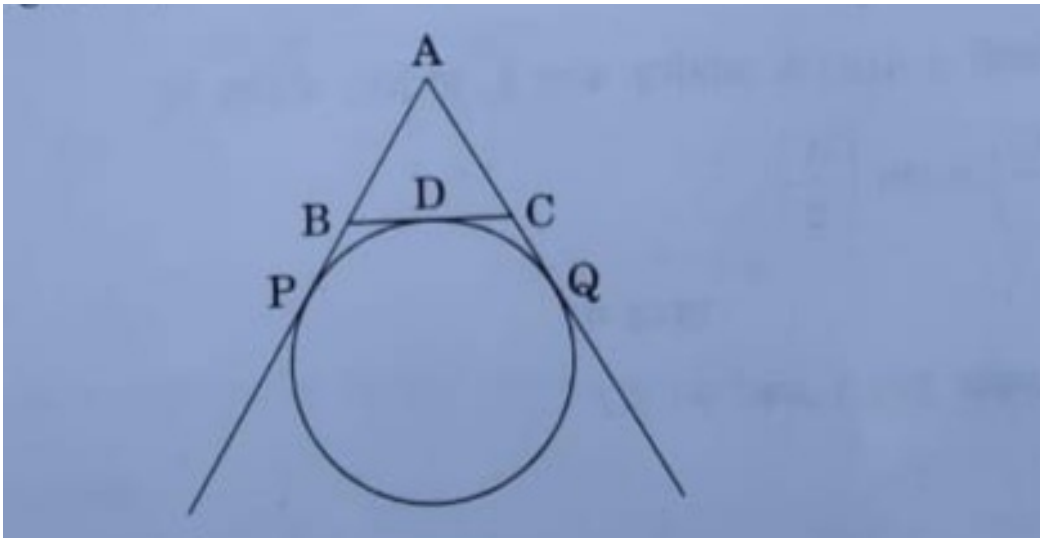

Figure 4