## **CIRCLES**

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## Dec 2023

- 1. In Figure 1, from an external point P, two tangent PQ and PR are drawn to a circle of radius 4cm with center O. If  $\angle PQR = 90^{\circ}$ , then length of PQ is
  - (a) 3*cm*
  - (b) 4*cm*
  - (c) 2*cm*
  - (d)  $2\sqrt{2}cm$

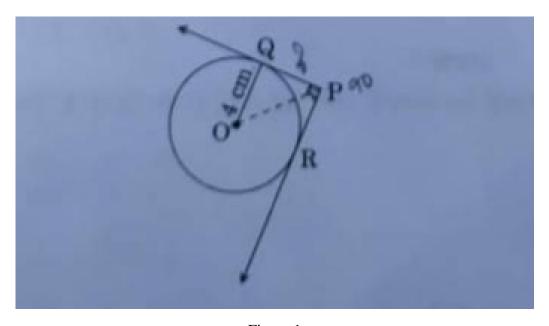


Figure 1

- 2. In Figure 2, PQ is tangent to the circe with center at O, at the point B. If  $\angle AOB = 100^{\circ}$ , then  $\angle ABP$  is equal to
  - (a) 50°
  - (b) 40°
  - (c) 60°
  - (d) 80°

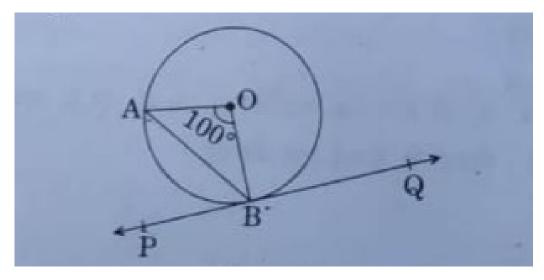


Figure 2

3. In Figure 3, quadrilateral ABCD is drawn to circumscribe a circle. Prove that

$$AB + CD = BC + AD$$

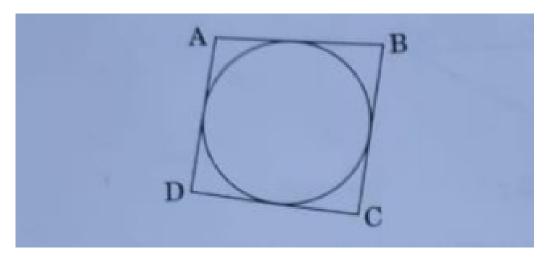


Figure 3

4. In Figure 4, find the perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$ , if AP = 12cm

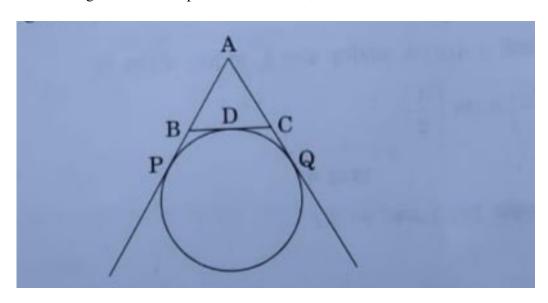


Figure 4