



DFS of Graph

Difficulty: **Easy**Accuracy: **63.07%**Submissions: **293K+**Points: **2**

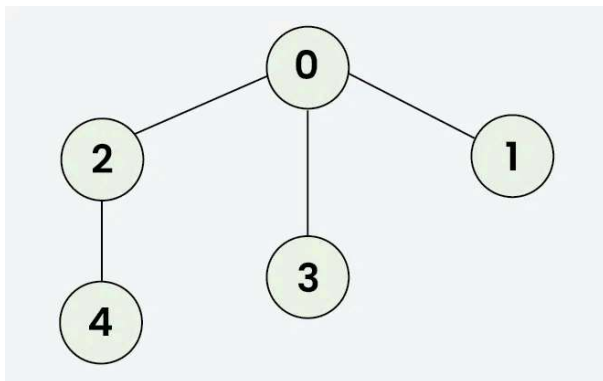
Given a **connected undirected graph** represented by an adjacency list **adj**, which is a vector of vectors where each **adj[i]** represents the list of vertices connected to vertex **i**. Perform a **Depth First Traversal (DFS)** starting from vertex **0**, visiting vertices from left to right as per the adjacency list, and return a list containing the DFS traversal of the graph.



Note: Do traverse in the same order as they are in the adjacency list.

Examples:

Input: `adj = [[2,3,1], [0], [0,4], [0], [2]]`



Output: `[0, 2, 4, 3, 1]`

Explanation: Starting from 0, the DFS traversal proceeds as follows:

Visit 0 → Output: 0

Visit 2 (the first neighbor of 0) → Output: 0, 2

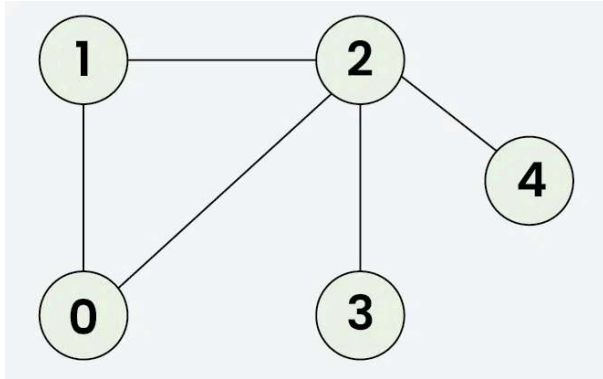
Visit 4 (the first neighbor of 2) → Output: 0, 2, 4

Backtrack to 2, then backtrack to 0, and visit 3 → Output: 0, 2, 4, 3

Finally, backtrack to 0 and visit 1 → Final Output: 0, 2, 4, 3, 1



Input: adj = [[1, 2], [0, 2], [0, 1, 3, 4], [2], [2]]



Output: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

Explanation: Starting from 0, the DFS traversal proceeds as follows:

Visit 0 → Output: 0

Visit 1 (the first neighbor of 0) → Output: 0, 1

Visit 2 (the first neighbor of 1) → Output: 0, 1, 2

Visit 3 (the first neighbor of 2) → Output: 0, 1, 2, 3

Backtrack to 2 and visit 4 → Final Output: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

Constraints:

$$1 \leq \text{adj.size}() \leq 10^4$$

$$1 \leq \text{adj}[i][j] \leq 10^4$$

[Try more examples](#)

Company Tags

Accolite Amazon Samsung Intuit

Topic Tags

Related Articles

Expected Complexities

GfG 160: 160 Days of Problem-Solving – Your Ultimate Interview Preparation Journey!



Menu

