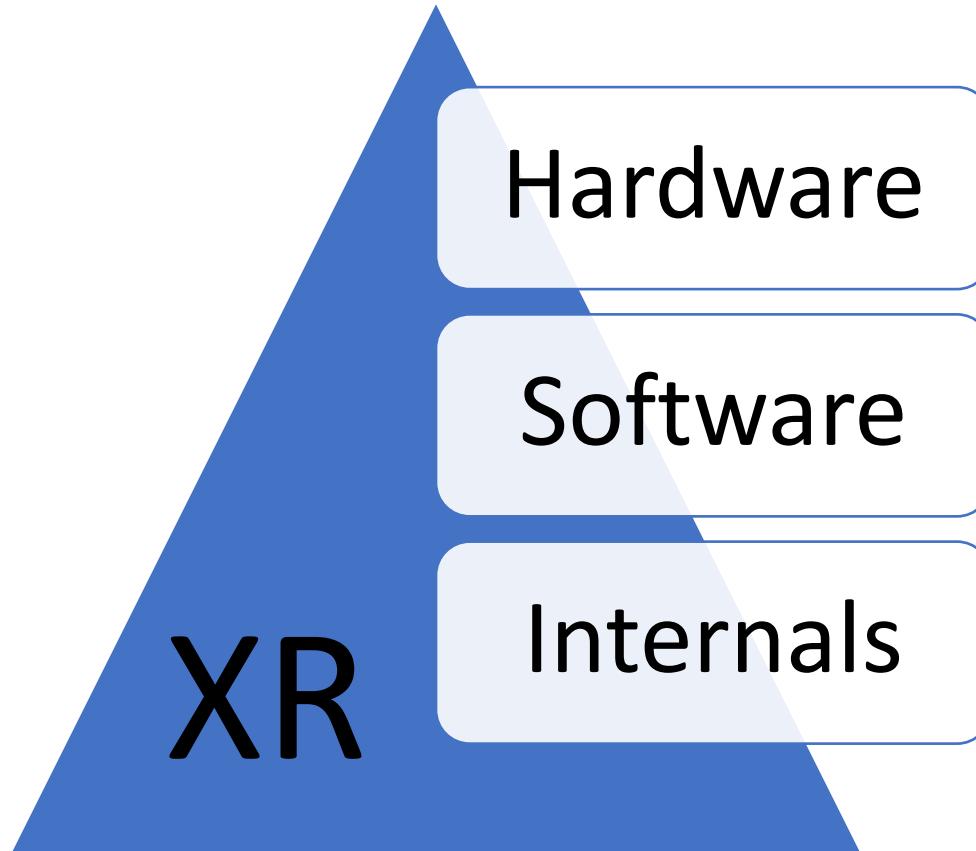


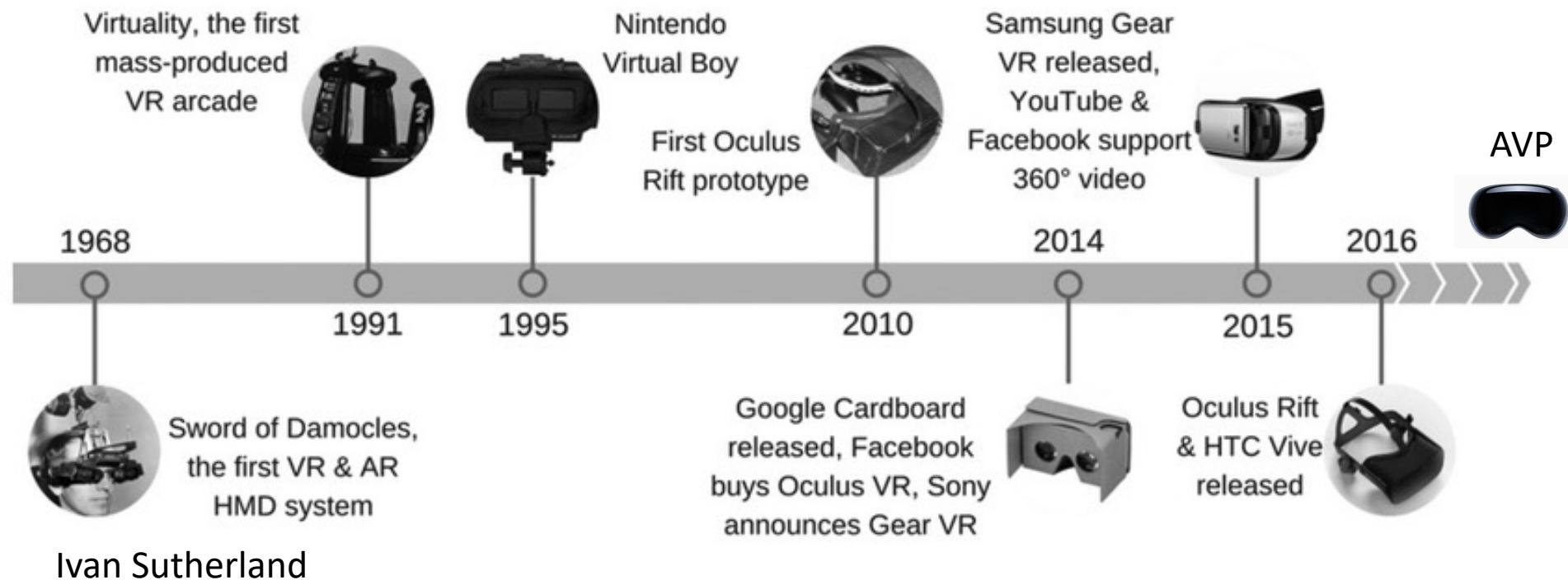
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Networked XR Systems

Lecture Outline for Today



Timeline of XR Headsets



Popular XR Headsets Today



Oculus Headset Series - Rift

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Display Type & Size | Dual low-persistence AMOLED (PenTile subpixel matrix) |
| Display Size | TBA |
| Resolution | 1200 x 1080 (per eye) |
| Refresh Rate | 90Hz |
| Field of View | ~100-degrees |
| Lens Type | Hybrid Fresnel |
| Lens Adjustment | IPD (58-72 mm), lens-to-eye distance (adjustable with optional glasses spacer) |
| Sensors | Accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer |
| Tracking Technology | 6 DOF Constellation camera optical 360-degree IR LED tracking |
| Integrated Camera | No |
| Audio | Microphone, integrated supra-aural 3D spatial audio headphones (removable) |
| HMD Ports | Proprietary headset connector (HDMI/USB 3.0) |
| HMD Cable Length | 4 m |
| Materials Used | Plastic, IR-transparent fabric, glass, foam rubber |
| Dimensions | ~171 (~216) x ~102 mm(W (width including headphones) x D) |
| Weight | 470g (excluding cable) |



Tethered to a PC

Oculus Headset Series - Rift

Integrated constellation tracking: IR LEDs
under fabric shell



Oculus Headset Series – Quest1

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| ● SoC | Qualcomm Snapdragon 835 |
| ● Display | Dual 1440x1600 72Hz OLED panels |
| IPD Setting | Mechanical IPD adjustment (range undisclosed) |
| Storage | 64GB or 128GB of internal flash storage |
| Audio | Integrated speakers and microphone, dual 3.5 mm audio jack (one on each side), in-ear headphone accessory available |
| RAM | 4GB |
| Battery | Built-in Lithium Ion battery (mAh undisclosed) |
| Facial Interface and Strap Material | Knit Mesh, Nylon Micro Yarn, Spandex Materials |
| ● Tracking Technology | Oculus Insight inside-out camera-based 6-DoF tracking with motion controllers |
| Input | 2nd-generation Oculus Touch controllers |
| Play Space Requirements | Stationary or Room-scale. Room-scale requires a minimum of 2 x 2m or 6.5 x 6.5 feet of obstruction-free floor space |
| Dimensions | 193 x 105 x 222mm |
| ● Weight | 571g |



Standalone – No need of PC

Oculus Headset Series – Quest2

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Display | Fast-switch LCD: 1832 x 1920 resolution per eye, 72 Hz or 90 Hz refresh rate |
| IPD Setting | 3 mechanical pre-sets (58mm, 633mm, 68mm) |
| Storage | 64GB or 256GB of internal flash storage |
| Audio | Integrated speakers and microphone, single 3.5 mm audio jack, third-party accessories available |
| RAM | 6GB |
| Battery | Built-in Lithium Ion battery (mAh undisclosed); 2-3 hours estimated runtime, 2.5 hour charge time |
| Facial Interface and Strap Material | Knit Mesh foam cushion, flexible fabric head strap |
| Tracking Technology | Oculus Insight inside-out camera-based 6-DoF tracking with motion controllers |
| Input | 3rd-generation Oculus Touch controllers |
| Play Space Requirements | Stationary or room-scale; Room-scale requires a minimum of 6.5 x 6.5 feet (2m x 2m) of obstruction-free floor space |
| Dimensions | 7.5 x 4 x 5.6 inches (191.5 x 102 x 142.5mm) |
| Weight | 1.1 pounds (503g) |



Nothing changed significantly

Oculus Headset Series – Quest3

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| ● Display | 2064 x 2208 per eye |
| ● Display Type | LCD |
| ● Refresh Rate | 2Hz, 80Hz, 90Hz, 120Hz (experimental) |
| ● Processor | Qualcomm Snapdragon XR2 Gen 2 |
| ● RAM | 8GB |
| ● Storage | 128GB or 512GB |
| ● Field of View | 110 degrees horizontal, 96 degrees vertical |
| ● Degrees of Freedom | 6 DoF |
| ● Audio | Dual open-air speakers |
| ● Wireless Connectivity | Wi-Fi 6E, Bluetooth 5.2 |
| ● Battery Life | Up to 2.9 hours |
| ● Weight | 1.13 pounds (515 grams) |



Passthrough
Mixed Reality Headset

Meta Glasses

- Hardware: Snapdragon AR1 Gen 1 platform
- Live Streaming
- AI Voice Assistant
- Snap pics, record video, listen to music, etc



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gvpybQpB46k&t=1s>

Magic Leap & Hololens

Optical see-through, eye tracking



| | Magic Leap 2 | HoloLens 2 |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Resolution | 1440 x 1760 per eye | 1440 x 936 per eye |
| Optics | Waveguide | Waveguide |
| Refresh Rate | 120 Hz | 60 Hz |
| Field of View | 70° diagonal | 52° diagonal |



No controllers, hand tracking

Apple Vision Pro

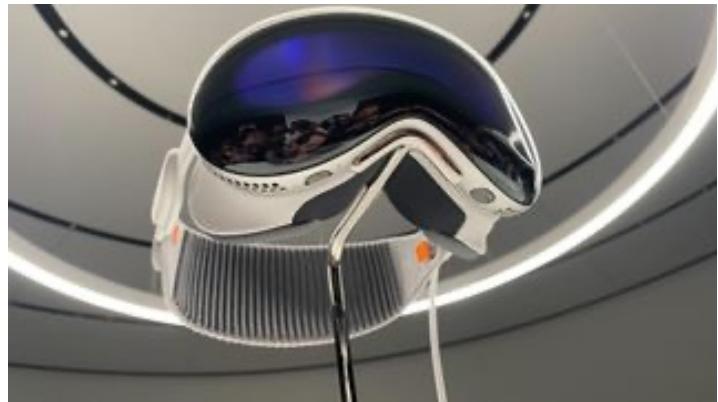
Two processors:

M1 – for general purpose

R1 – for sensing, IMU, cameras

4K micro-LED panel for each eye

Spatial videos



XReal

- **Display** 1920 x 1080 per eye

| | |
|---------------------|------|
| Display Type | OLED |
|---------------------|------|

| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| Brightness | 500 nits |
|-------------------|----------|

- **Field of View** 46 degrees

| | |
|---------------------------|-------|
| Degrees of Freedom | 3 DoF |
|---------------------------|-------|

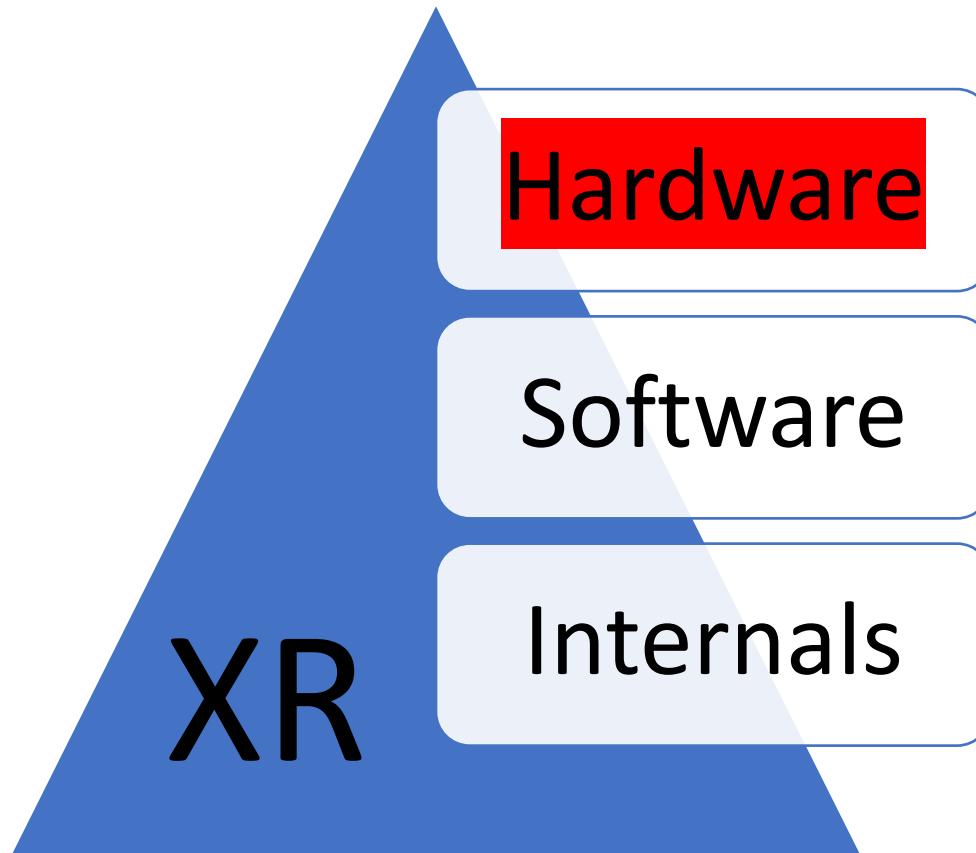
| | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| Audio | Dual open-air speakers |
|--------------|------------------------|

| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Connectivity | USB-C |
|---------------------|-------|

- **Weight** 2.54 ounces (72 grams)



Lecture Outline for Today



XR Software Tools

- Web Programming
- Standards
- SDKs
- Native Renderers
- 3D Modeling
- Game Engines
- 3D Scanners

XR Web Tools

- **WebGL**

WebGL is a JavaScript API for rendering interactive 2D and 3D graphics within any compatible web browser without the use of plug-ins. WebGL is fully integrated with other web standards, allowing GPU-accelerated usage of physics, image processing, and effects in the HTML canvas.

<https://get.webgl.org/>

XR Web Tools

- Three.js

JavaScript 3D library

The aim of the project is to create an easy-to-use, lightweight, cross-browser, general-purpose 3D library. The current builds only include a WebGL renderer but WebGPU (experimental), SVG and CSS3D renderers are also available as addons.

```
import * as THREE from 'three';

const width = window.innerWidth, height = window.innerHeight;

// init

const camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera( 70, width / height, 0.01, 10 );
camera.position.z = 1;

const scene = new THREE.Scene();

const geometry = new THREE.BoxGeometry( 0.2, 0.2, 0.2 );
const material = new THREE.MeshNormalMaterial();
```

<https://github.com/mrdoob/three.js/>

XR Web Tools

- A-Frame

A-Frame is a web framework for building virtual reality (VR) experiences. A-Frame is based on top of HTML, making it simple to get started. But A-Frame is not just a 3D scene graph or a markup language; the core is a powerful entity-component framework that provides a declarative, extensible, and composable structure to [three.js](#).

<https://glitch.com/~aframe>

XR Standards

- **WebXR**

The WebXR Device API provides access to input (pose information from headset and controllers) and output (hardware display) capabilities commonly associated with Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR) devices. It allows you develop and host VR and AR experiences on the web.

Target hardware

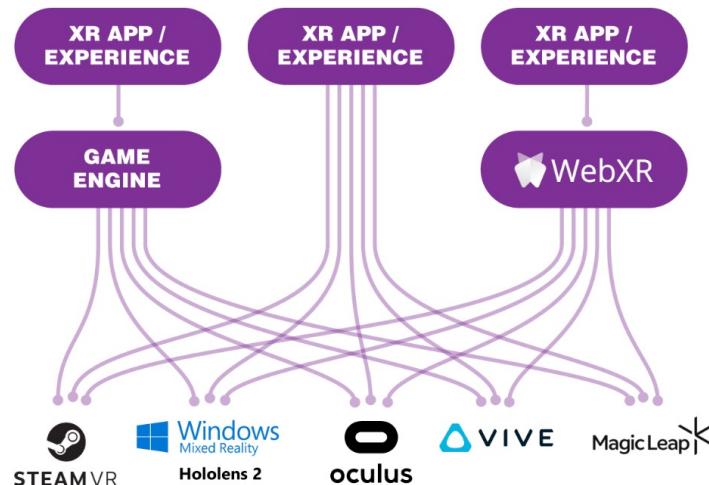
Examples of supported devices include (but are not limited to):

- [ARCore-compatible devices](#)
- [Google Daydream](#)
- [HTC Vive](#)
- [Magic Leap One](#)
- [Microsoft Hololens](#)
- [Meta Quest 1, 2, and Pro](#)
- [Samsung Gear VR](#)
- [Windows Mixed Reality headsets](#)

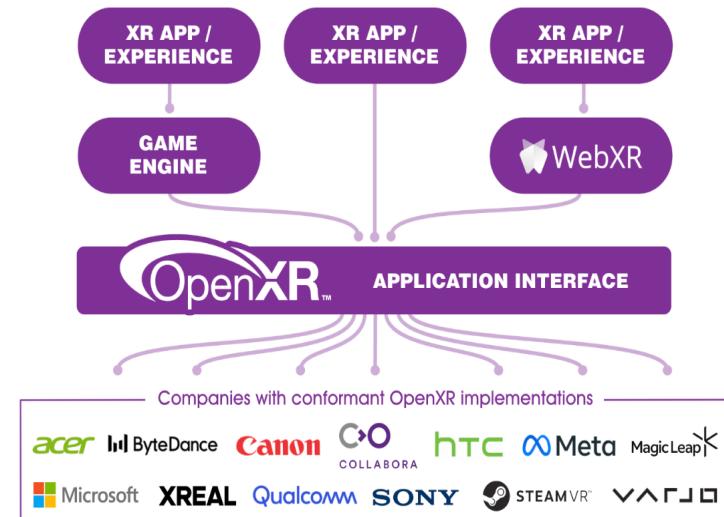
XR Standards

- OpenXR (<https://www.khronos.org/openxr/>)

OpenXR provides cross-platform, high-performance access directly into diverse XR device runtimes across multiple platforms. OpenXR enables applications and engines, including WebXR, to run on any system that exposes the OpenXR APIs.



Before OpenXR: Applications and engines needed separate proprietary code for each device on the market.



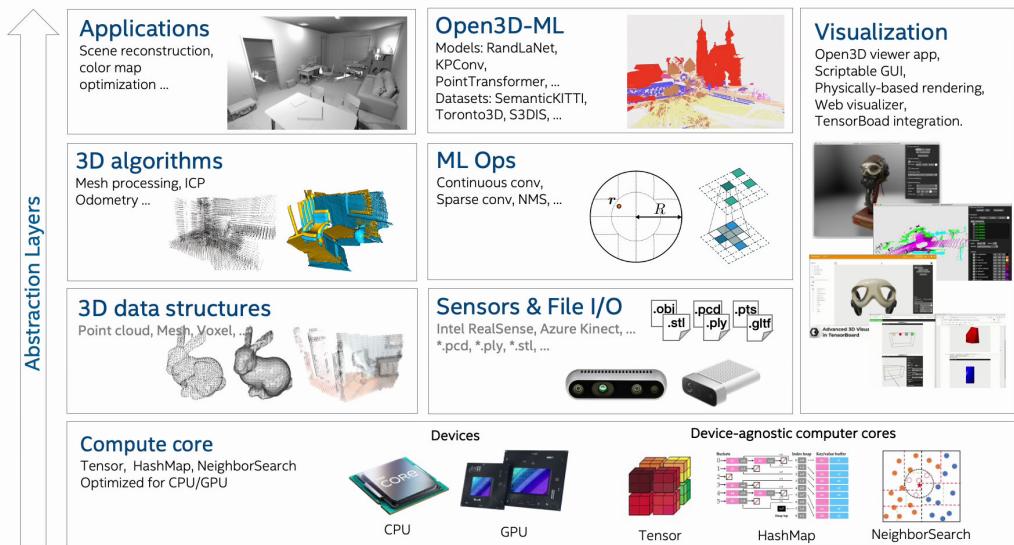
OpenXR provides a single cross-platform, high-performance API between applications and all conformant devices.

XR SDKs

- Open3D

Open3D is an open-source library that supports rapid development of software that deals with 3D data.

The Open3D frontend exposes a set of carefully selected data structures and algorithms in both C++ and Python. The backend is highly optimized and is set up for parallelization.



<https://www.open3d.org/docs/release/tutorial/geometry/mesh.html>

XR SDKs

- ARKit – Mobile (Apple)
 - ARKit combines device motion tracking, world tracking, scene understanding, and display conveniences to simplify building an AR experience.

```
let session = ARKitSession()  
let worldInfo = WorldTrackingProvider()
```



XR SDKs

- ARCore – Mobile (Android)

ARCore is Google's augmented reality SDK offering cross-platform APIs to build new immersive experiences on Android, iOS, Unity, and Web.



Built-in sensors

GPS for position and compass for orientation.

Cloud Anchors API

Create a map of an area for other users to localize against.

Geospatial API

Leverage Google's global-scale 3D map as your canvas.

XR SDKs

- Oculus & MRTK



Input System



Hand Tracking
(HoloLens 2)



Eye Tracking
(HoloLens 2)



Profiles



Hand Tracking
(Ultraleap)



UI Controls



Solvers



Multi-Scene
Manager



Spatial
Awareness



Diagnostic
Tool



MRTK Standard Shader
Example View



Speech
& Dictation



Boundary
System



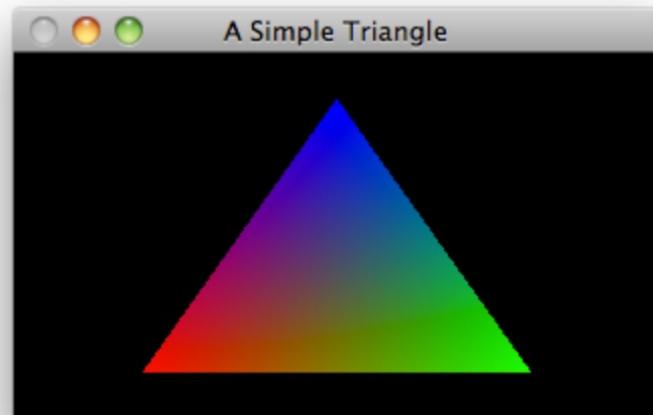
In-Editor
Simulation



Experimental
Features

XR Native Renderers

- OpenGL
 - OpenGL is a cross-language, cross-platform application programming interface for rendering 2D and 3D vector graphics. The API is typically used to interact with a GPU, to achieve hardware-accelerated rendering.



XR Native Renderers

- DirectX
 - Microsoft's graphics API

DirectX is composed of multiple APIs:

- Direct3D (D3D): Real-time 3D rendering API
- DXGI: Enumerates adapters and monitors and manages swap chains for Direct3D 10 and later.
- Direct2D: 2D graphics API
- DirectWrite: Text rendering API
- DirectCompute: API for general-purpose computing on graphics processing units
- DirectX Diagnostics (DxDiag): A tool for diagnosing and generating reports on components related to DirectX, such as audio, video, and input drivers
- XACT3: High-level audio API
- XAudio2: Low-level audio API
- DirectX Raytracing (DXR): Real-time raytracing API
- DirectStorage: GPU-oriented file I/O API
- DirectML: GPU-accelerated machine learning and artificial intelligence API

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/directx>

XR Native Renderers

- Vulkan
 - Vulkan is a low-level low-overhead, cross-platform API and open standard for 3D graphics and computing. It was originally developed as Mantle by AMD, but was later given to Khronos Group. It was intended to address the shortcomings of OpenGL, and allow developers more control over the GPU.

Vulkan is preferred over OpenGL nowadays

XR 3D Modeling

- Blender
 - Blender is a free and open-source 3D computer graphics software tool set used for creating animated films, visual effects, art, 3D-printed models, motion graphics, interactive 3D applications, virtual reality, and, formerly, video games.

<https://youtu.be/f-mx-Jfx9IA?t=236>

XR 3D Modeling

- Maya
 - Better modeling features compared to Blender
 - Mainly for enterprises – not free, not open

XR Gaming Engines

- Unity & Unreal
 - Unity was originally an Apple game engine but slowly spread to many platforms
 - Both provide game developers with a 2D and 3D platform to create video games.

| | Unity | Unreal |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Developer | Unity Technologies | Epic Games |
| Written in | C# (Unity Scripting API) C++ (runtime) | C++ |
| Supported platforms | Mobile, desktop, web, console, VR/XR | Mobile, desktop, console, VR/XR (less than Unity offers) |
| Primary audience | Mobile, indie, and beginner developers | AAA devs and indie teams striving for realism |
| Ease of use | Beginner-friendly interface | Steep learning curve |
| Open source | No | Yes |
| Price | Free to use (until the product has earned more than \$100k in the last 12 months) | Free to use (a 5% royalty if the product earns more than \$1 million) |
| 2D/3D support | Yes | Yes (limited for 2D) |

XR 3D Scanners

- Matterport (<https://matterport.com>)



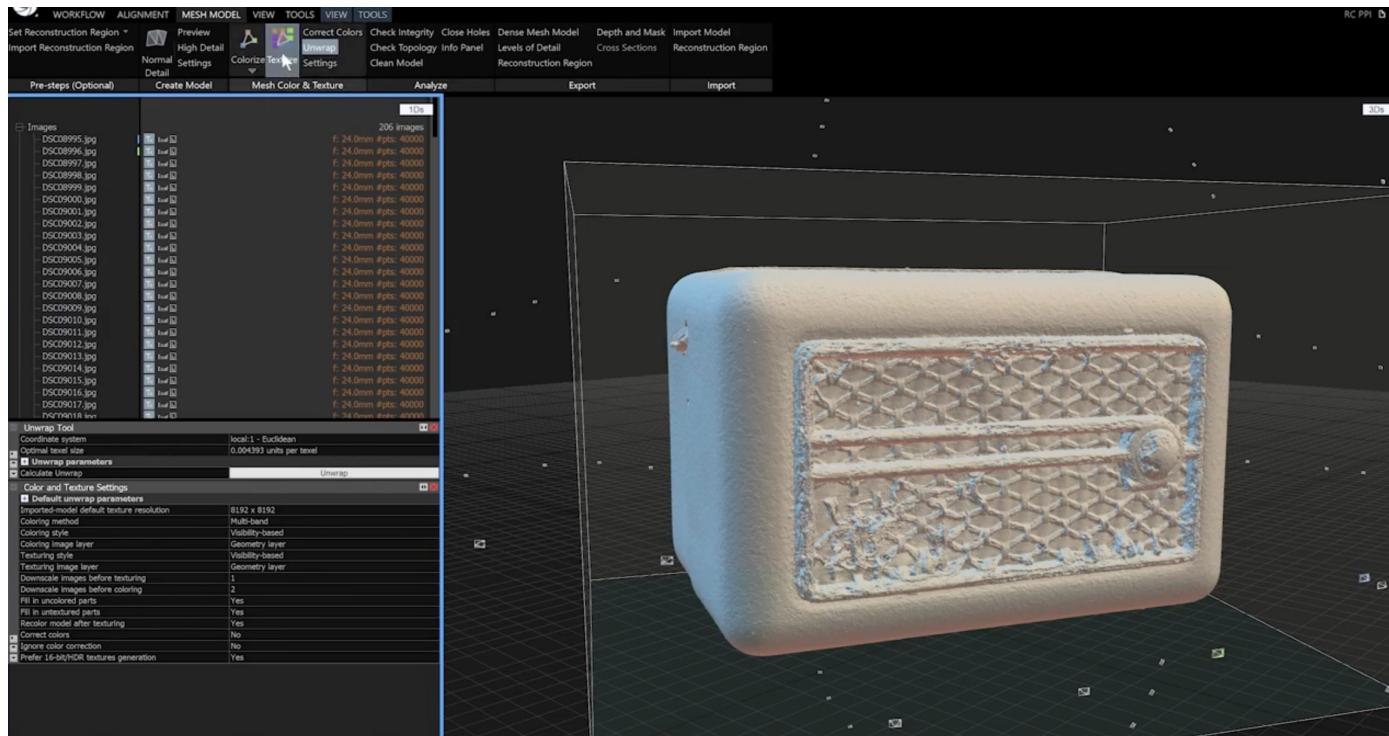
<https://jamesandharrisoncourt.com/virtual-tours>

XR 3D Scanners

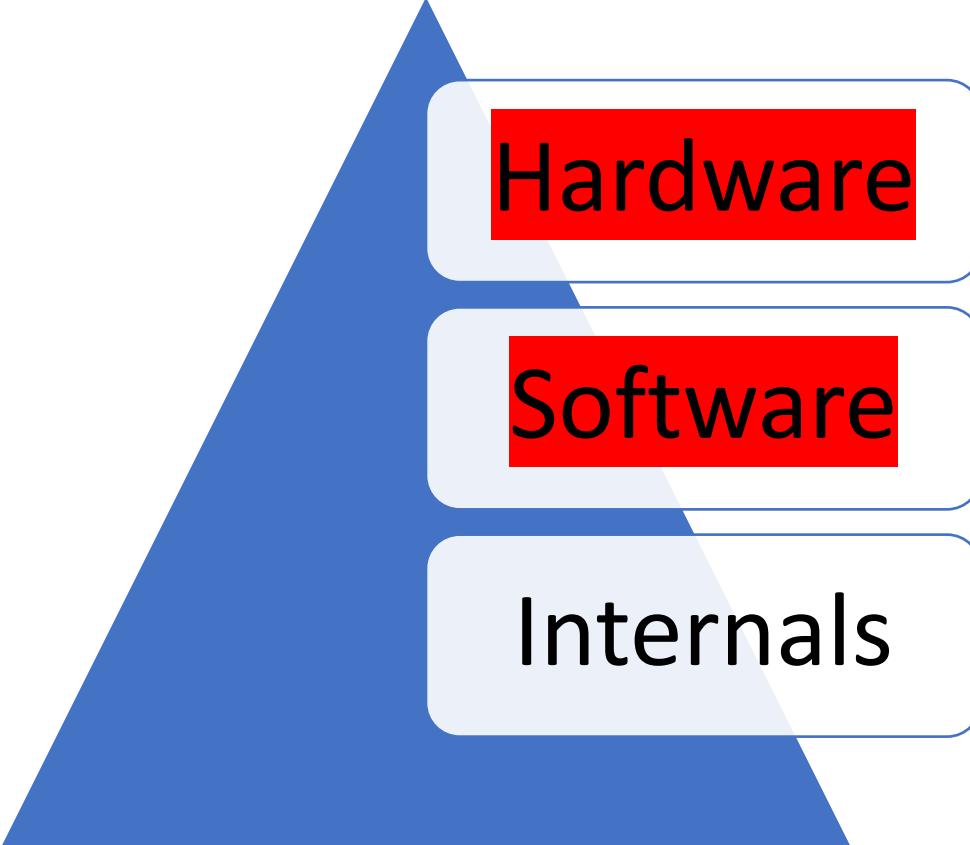
- Scaniverse (<https://scaniverse.com>) - Mobile
- a 3D scanning app that supports all recent iPhones and iPads, including those without LiDAR. Scaniverse uses photogrammetry to accurately reconstruct objects, rooms, and even whole buildings and outdoor environments.

XR 3D Scanners

- RealityCapture – photogrammetry + manual editing



Lecture Outline for Today



Hardware

Software

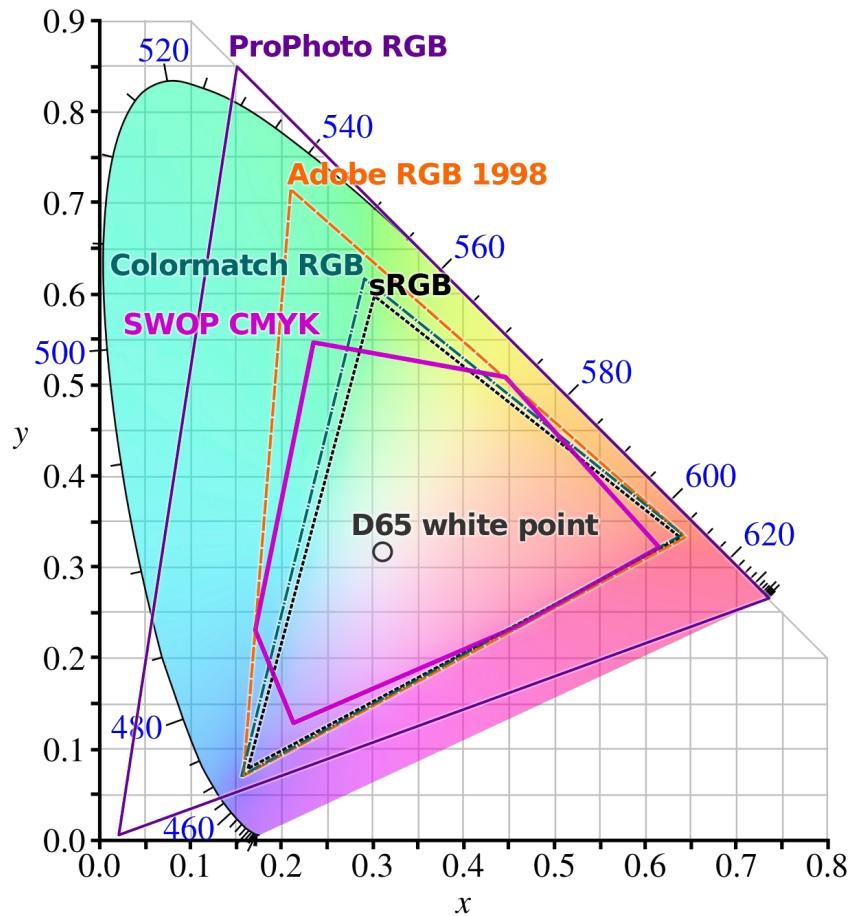
Internals

XR Internals

- Perception
- Motion to Photon Latency
- Positioning and Tracking
- 3D Reconstruction
- Real-time Rendering

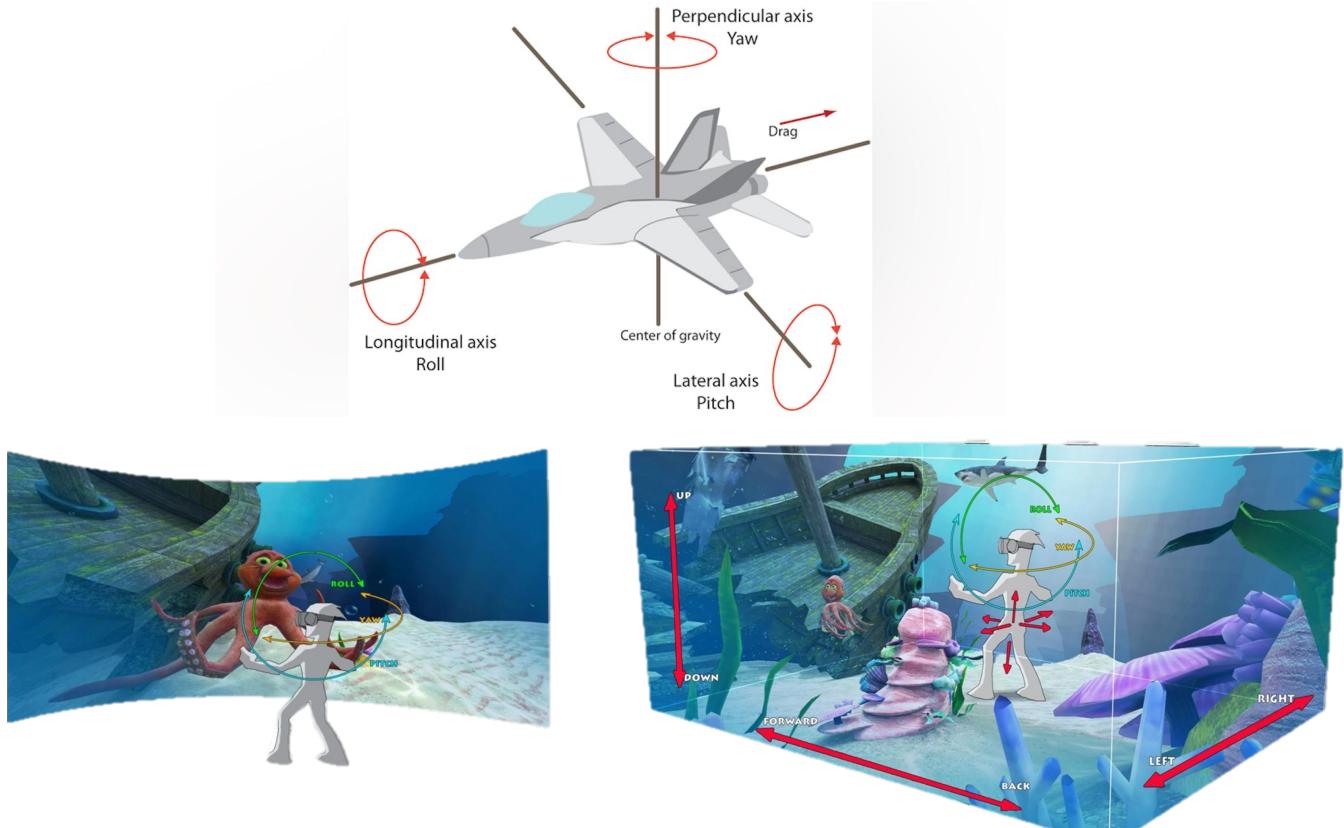
XR Perception

- Visual
 - Color
 - Quality/spatial resolution
 - Depth resolution
 - Temporal resolution
 - Field of view
- Non-visual
 - Sense of touch
 - Audio
 - Balance
 - Smell



Positioning and Tracking

- You need to know where you are in the world
 - GPS?
 - Visual
 - Inertial
 - Lidar
 - RF
- 3-DoF
- 6-DoF



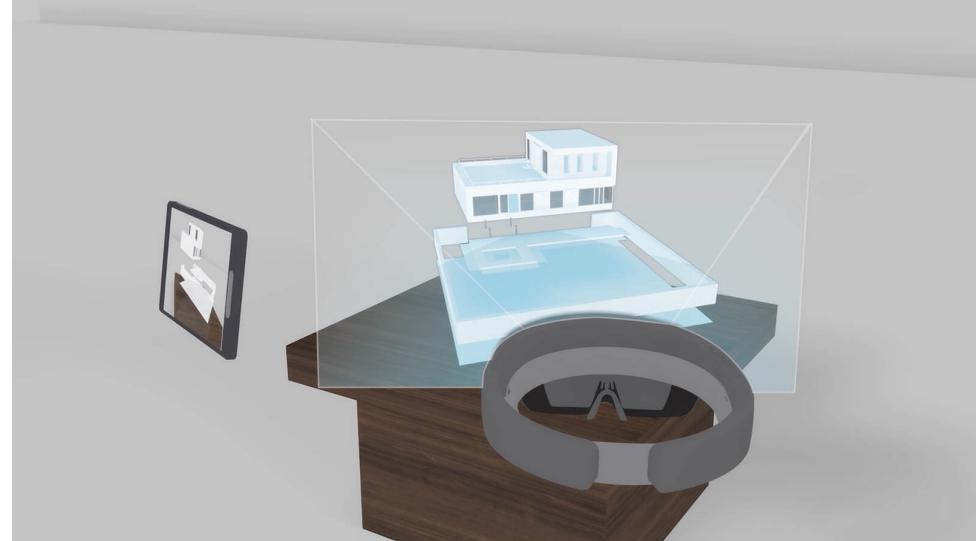
X, Y, Z & Yaw, Pitch, Roll

Positioning and Tracking

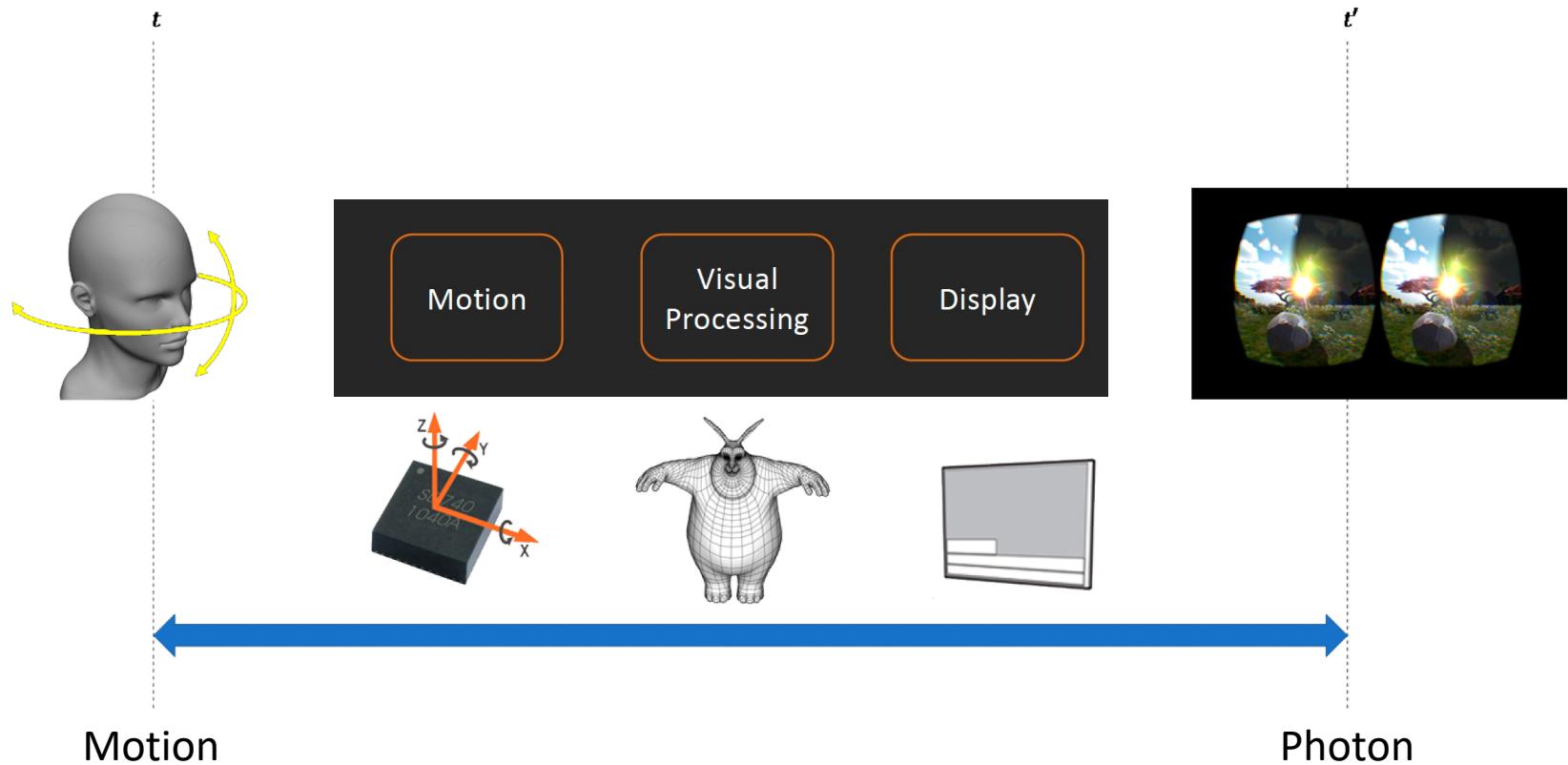
- Anchors

- Anchors ensure that objects appear to stay at the same position and orientation in space, helping you maintain the illusion of virtual objects placed in the real world.

- Plane
- Wall
- Floor
- Face...
- Anything that you can identify well



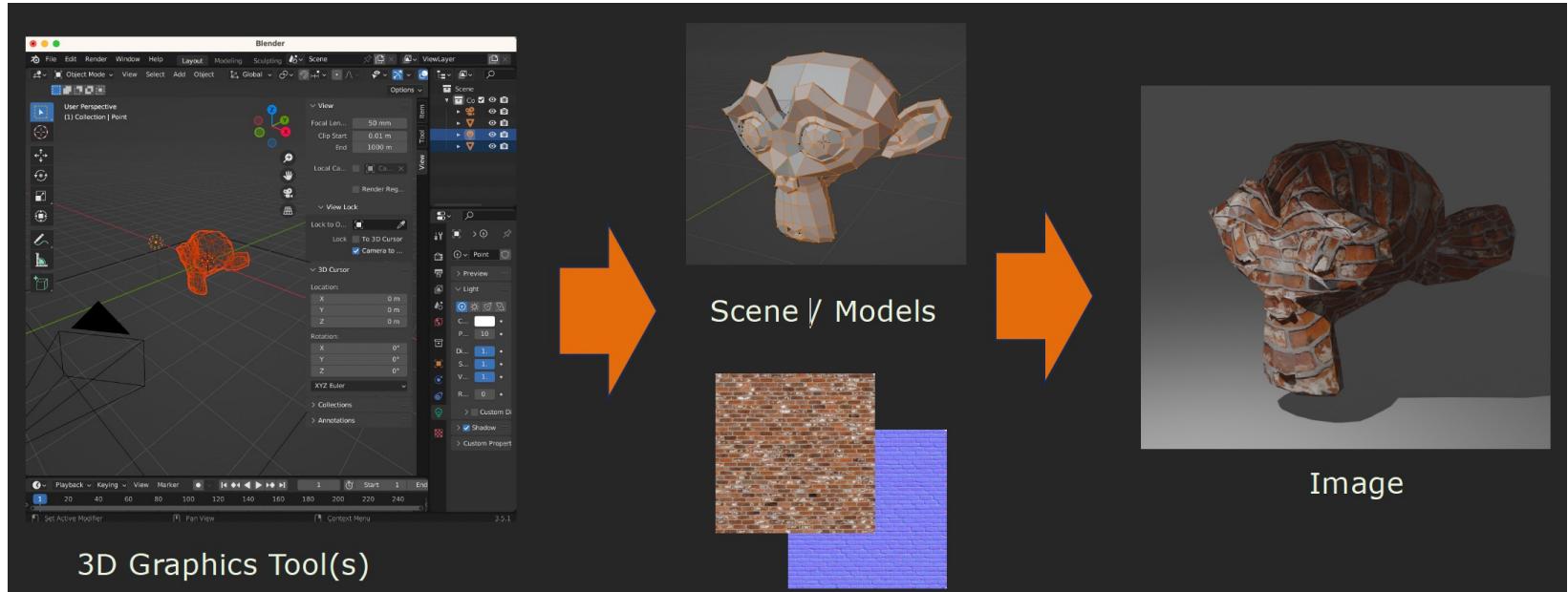
Motion to Photon Latency



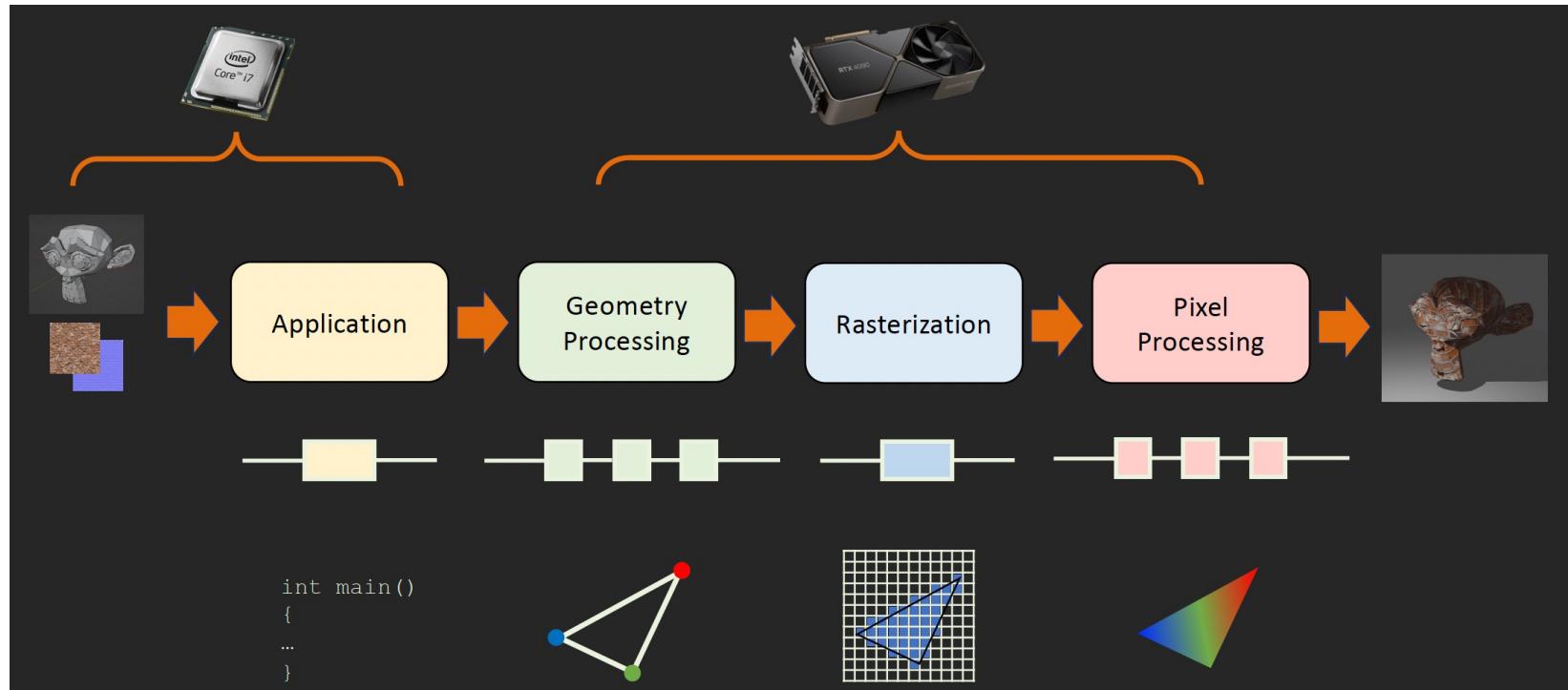
3D Reconstruction



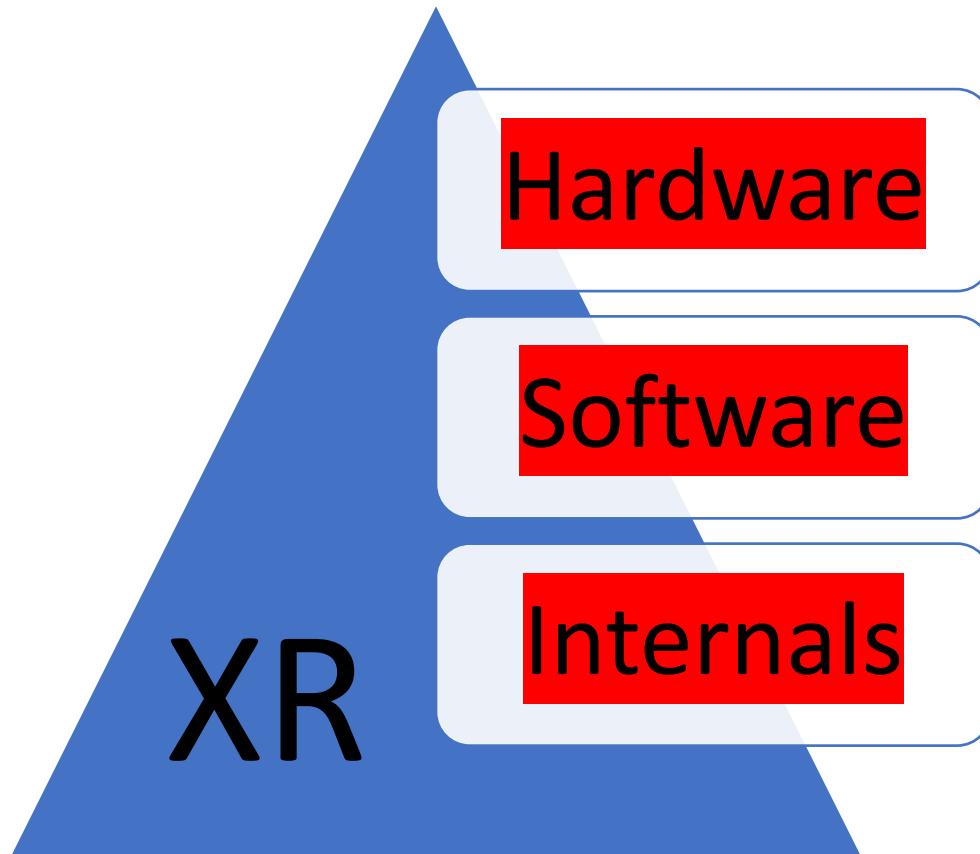
Real-time Rendering



Real-time Rendering



Lecture Summary



Next up: XR Sensors and Sensing Algorithms