

# Embedding Matplotlib Animations in Jupyter Notebooks

Louis Tiao — [2016-04-16 21:10](#) — [11 Comments](#) — [Source](#)

**UPDATE (March 2018):** For a more modern solution that uses an interactive JavaScript widget, please go to my new post: [Embedding Matplotlib Animations in Jupyter as Interactive JavaScript Widgets](#).

In his blog post [Embedding Matplotlib Animations in IPython Notebooks](#), Jake VanderPlas presents a slick hack for embedding Matplotlib Animations in IPython Notebooks, which involves writing it as a video to a [tempfile](#), and then re-encoding it in Base64 as a HTML5 Video.

Unfortunately (or rather fortunately), this hack has been largely rendered obsolete by the heavy development efforts dedicated to both Matplotlib and IPython Notebook ([since renamed to Jupyter Notebook](#)) in recent years. In particular, [Matplotlib 1.5.1](#) now [supports inline display of animations in the notebook](#) with the `to_html5_video` method, which converts the animation to an h264 encoded video and embeds it directly in the notebook.

In this notebook, we reproduce Jake VanderPlas' blog post with this new feature.

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
```

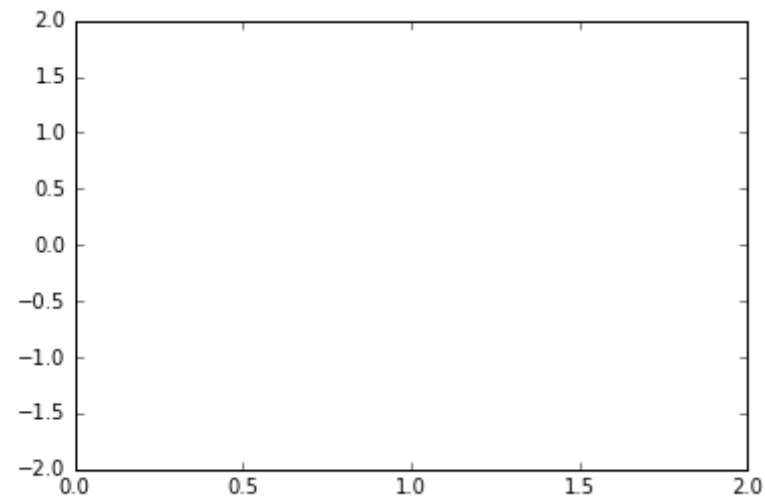
```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from matplotlib import animation, rc
from IPython.display import HTML
```

```
In [3]: # First set up the figure, the axis, and the plot element we want
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

ax.set_xlim(( 0, 2))
ax.set_ylim((-2, 2))

line, = ax.plot([], [], lw=2)
```



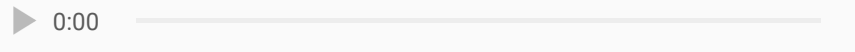
```
In [4]: # initialization function: plot the background of each frame
def init():
    line.set_data([], [])
    return (line,)
```

```
In [5]: # animation function. This is called sequentially
def animate(i):
    x = np.linspace(0, 2, 1000)
    y = np.sin(2 * np.pi * (x - 0.01 * i))
    line.set_data(x, y)
    return (line,)
```

```
In [6]: # call the animator. blit=True means only re-draw the parts that
anim = animation.FuncAnimation(fig, animate, init_func=init,
                                frames=100, interval=20, blit=True)
```

```
In [7]: HTML(anim.to_html5_video())
```

Out[7]:



Note that `Animation` instances now have a `_repr_html_` method. However, it returns `None` by default.

```
In [8]: anim._repr_html_() is None
```

Out[8]: True

This means we won't get any sort of animation from the inline display.

In [9]: `anim`

Out[9]: `<matplotlib.animation.FuncAnimation at 0x109421828>`

The method used to display is controlled by the `animation.html` rc parameter, which currently supports values of `none` and `html5`. `none` is the default, performing no display. We simply need to set it to `html5`:

In [10]: 

```
# equivalent to rcParams['animation.html'] = 'html5'
rc('animation', html='html5')
```

In [11]: `anim`

Out[11]:

▶ 0:00

And that's all there is to it!

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11 Comments

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**NelsonMinar** • 2 years ago

I was getting a problem because my Ubuntu system doesn't have ffmpeg installed. A workaround to get matplotlib to use avconv instead is  
`matplotlib.rcParams['animation.writer'] = 'avconv'`

Seems to work for me, but see this discussion for possible problems:

[https://github.com/matplotlib...](https://github.com/matplotlib/matplotlib/issues/12111)

2 ^ | ▾ • Reply • Share ›



**Lincoln** • 2 years ago

Awesome, thanks a lot!

1 ^ | ▾ • Reply • Share ›



**Ken** • 8 months ago



Your code works well for me, Thank you! But I fail as I try to animate a simpler function like  $y = 0.6 * x$ . I just want to see the line drawn across the window. Can you help me modify your code for that purpose? I have been trying to modify the lines `def animate(i):` and `y = np.sin(2 * np.pi * (x - 0.01 * i))`.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Almost Nearly** • 2 years ago

Very convenient. If you save the result of the `.to_html5_video()` call, is there an easy way to save it to a file? I want to render it in-notebook for preview, then once i'm happy, save it externally without having to re-render.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**helikotrema** → Almost Nearly • a year ago

You can try this:

```
anim.save('myvideo.mp4', codec='h264')
```

1 ^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Buzz Lightyear** → Almost Nearly • 2 years ago

I don't know if you was able to solve this. In my browser I get a download button so that I can "download" the video to mp4 file. But I would be interested in a command to save the video programmatically.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Stevey B** • 2 years ago

This is great! Thanks!

BUT...

How do I animate a contour plot, e.g. created using `matplotlib.pyplot.pcolormesh`?

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Aslam Abbas** • 2 years ago

I got a player. But couldn't play it, as though nothing was rendered. I tried the same code as above. It looks exactly like the blank player that I can see in this post.  
I also set `matplotlib.rcParams['animation.writer'] = 'avconv'`

[Update]

Failed in Chrome.

Successful in Firefox

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**francois brest** • 3 years ago

Hi,

Thank you for this post. Your method seems much better than Jake VanderPlas' one.  
Unfortunately, I have an error:

```
RuntimeError Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-4-5114ccf53b4c> in <module>()
----> 1 HTML(anim.to_html5_video())
```

```
c:\winpython-64bit-3.5.1.2\python-3.5.1.amd64\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\animation.py in
to_html5_video(self)
```

```
949 # We create a writer manually so that we can get the
```

```
950 # appropriate size for the tag
```

```
--> 951 Writer = writers[rcParams['animation.writer']]
```

```
952 writer = Writer(codec='h264',
```

```
953 bitrate=rcParams['animation.bitrate'],
```

```
c:\winpython-64bit-3.5.1.2\python-3.5.1.amd64\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\animation.py in
__getitem__(self, name)
```

[see more](#)

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**Louis Tiao** Mod → francois brest • 3 years ago

It definitely seems like it's having trouble finding ffmpeg, even though from your traceback it appears to be installed. Sorry I'm pretty hopeless with Windows! :(

^ | v • Reply • Share ›



**francois brest** → Louis Tiao • 3 years ago

OK It worked after I reboot my PC. Sorry to have disturbed you.

^ | v • Reply • Share ›

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**Louis Tiao** — Looks awesome!

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