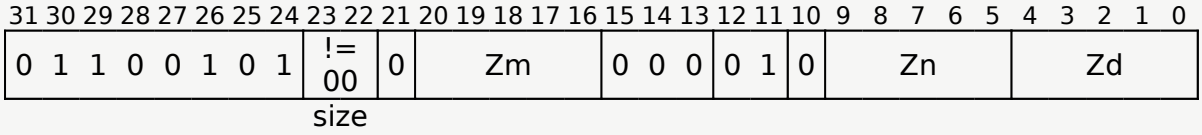
FMUL (vectors, unpredicated)

Floating-point multiply vectors (unpredicated)

Multiply all elements of the first source vector by corresponding floating-point elements of the second source vector and place the results in the corresponding elements of the destination vector. This instruction is unpredicated.




```
FMUL <Zd>.<T>, <Zn>.<T>, <Zm>.<T>
```

```
if !HaveSVE() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer m = UInt(Zm);
integer d = UInt(Zd);
```

Assembler Symbols

<Zd> Is the name of the destination scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zd" field.

<T> Is the size specifier, encoded in “size”:

size	<T>
01	H
10	S
11	D

<Zn> Is the name of the first source scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zn" field.

<Zm> Is the name of the second source scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zm" field.

Operation

```
CheckSVEEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer PL = VL DIV 8;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
bits(VL) operand1 = Z[n, VL];
bits(VL) operand2 = Z[m, VL];
bits(VL) result;
```

```
for e = 0 to elements-1
    bits(esize) element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
    bits(esize) element2 = Elem[operand2, e, esize];
    Elem[result, e, esize] = FPMul(element1, element2, FPCR[]);

Z[d, VL] = result;
```

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56