Base

FSQRT (vector)

Floating-point Square Root (vector). This instruction calculates the square root for each vector element in the source SIMD&FP register, places the result in a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in FPCR, the exception results in either a flag being set in FPSR or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: $\underline{\text{Half-precision}}$ and $\underline{\text{Single-precision}}$ and $\underline{\text{double-precision}}$

Half-precision (FEAT FP16)

```
FSQRT <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>
```

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;</pre>
```

Single-precision and double-precision

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 Rn Rd
```

```
FSQRT <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>
```

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

if sz:Q == '10' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;</pre>
```

Assembler Symbols

<Vd>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<T>

For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

Q	<t></t>
0	4 H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "sz:Q":

SZ	Q	<t></t>
0	0	2S
0	1	4 S
1	0	RESERVED
1	1	2D

<Vn>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) result;
bits(esize) element;

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element = Elem[operand, e, esize];
    Elem[result, e, esize] = FPSqrt(element, FPCR[]);

V[d, datasize] = result;
```

Base Instructions SIMD&FP Instructions

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