FMULX (by element)

Floating-point Multiply extended (by element). This instruction multiplies the floating-point values in the vector elements in the first source SIMD&FP register by the specified floating-point value in the second source SIMD&FP register, places the results in a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

If one value is zero and the other value is infinite, the result is 2.0. In this case, the result is negative if only one of the values is negative, otherwise the result is positive.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR* or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 4 classes: $\underline{Scalar, half\text{-precision}}$, $\underline{Scalar, single\text{-precision}}$ and $\underline{Vector, half\text{-precision}}$ and $\underline{Vector, single\text{-precision}}$

Scalar, half-precision (FEAT_FP16)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0
1
1
1
1
1
1
0
0
L
M
Rm
1
0
0
1
H
0
Rn
Rd
```

FMULX <Hd>, <Hn>, <Vm>.H[<index>]

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;

constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer index = UInt(H:L:M);

constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean mulx_op = (U == '1');</pre>
```

Scalar, single-precision and double-precision

| | | | 15 14 13 12 11 10 | | 4 3 2 1 0 |
|-----------|------------|--------|-------------------|----|-----------|
| 0 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 sz | L M Rm | 1 0 0 1 H 0 | Rn | Rd |

FMULX <V><d>, <V><n>, <Vm>.<Ts>[<index>]

```
constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer index;
bit Rmhi = M;
case sz:L of
   when '0x' index = UInt(H:L);
   when '10' index = UInt(H);
   when '11' UNDEFINED;

integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rmhi:Rm);

constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean mulx_op = (U == '1');</pre>
```

Vector, half-precision (FEAT_FP16)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 Q 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 L M Rm 1 0 0 1 H 0 Rn Rd
```

FMULX <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.H[<index>]

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;

constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer index = UInt(H:L:M);

constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean mulx_op = (U == '1');</pre>
```

Vector, single-precision and double-precision

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 Q 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 sz L M Rm 1 0 0 1 H 0 Rn Rd

U
```

FMULX <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<Ts>[<index>]

```
constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer index;
bit Rmhi = M;
case sz:L of
   when '0x' index = UInt(H:L);
   when '10' index = UInt(H);
   when '11' UNDEFINED;</pre>
```

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rmhi:Rm);

if sz:Q == '10' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean mulx_op = (U == '1');</pre>
```

Assembler Symbols

<d>

<n>

<Vd>

<T>

<Hd> Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<Hn> Is the 16-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<V> Is a width specifier, encoded in "sz":

| SZ | <v></v> |
|----|---------|
| 0 | S |
| 1 | D |

Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

| Q | <t></t> |
|---|---------|
| 0 | 4 H |
| 1 | 8H |

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q:sz":

| Q | SZ | <t></t> |
|---|----|----------|
| 0 | 0 | 2S |
| 0 | 1 | RESERVED |
| 1 | 0 | 4S |
| 1 | 1 | 2D |

<Vn>

Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Vm>

For the half-precision variant: is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, in the range V0 to V15, encoded in the "Rm" field.

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "M:Rm" fields.

<Ts>

Is an element size specifier, encoded in "sz":

| SZ | <ts></ts> |
|----|-----------|
| 0 | S |
| 1 | D |

<index>

For the half-precision variant: is the element index, in the range 0 to 7, encoded in the "H:L:M" fields.

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is the element index, encoded in "sz:L:H":

| SZ | L | <index></index> |
|----|---|-----------------|
| 0 | X | H:L |
| 1 | 0 | Н |
| 1 | 1 | RESERVED |

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(idxdsize) operand2 = V[m, idxdsize];
bits(esize) element1;
bits(esize) element2 = Elem[operand2, index, esize];
FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
boolean merge = elements == 1 && IsMerging(fpcr);
bits(128) result = if merge then V[n, 128] else Zeros(128);

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
    if mulx_op then
        Elem[result, e, esize] = FPMulX(element1, element2, fpcr);
    else
        Elem[result, e, esize] = FPMul (element1, element2, fpcr);
```

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56 Copyright \hat{A} © 2010-2023 Arm Limited or its affiliates. All rights reserved. This document is Non-Confidential.