

FMAXNM (vectors)

Floating-point maximum number (predicated)

Determine the maximum number value of active floating-point elements of the second source vector and corresponding floating-point elements of the first source vector and destructively place the results in the corresponding elements of the first source vector.

Regardless of the value of FPCR.AH, the behavior is as follows:

- Negative zero compares less than positive zero.
- If one element is numeric and the other is a quiet NaN, the result is the numeric value.
- When FPCR.DN is 0, if either element is a signaling NaN or if both elements are NaNs, the result is a quiet NaN.
- When FPCR.DN is 1, if either element is a signaling NaN or if both elements are NaNs, the result is Default NaN.

Inactive elements in the destination vector register remain unmodified.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	!= 00	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	Pg	Zm			Zdn								
size																															

FMAXNM <Zdn>.<T>, <Pg>/M, <Zdn>.<T>, <Zm>.<T>

```
if !HaveSVE() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
integer g = UInt(Pg);
integer dn = UInt(Zdn);
integer m = UInt(Zm);
```

Assembler Symbols

<Zdn> Is the name of the first source and destination scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zdn" field.

<T> Is the size specifier, encoded in "size":

size	<T>
01	H
10	S
11	D

<Pg> Is the name of the governing scalable predicate register P0-P7, encoded in the "Pg" field.

<Zm> Is the name of the second source scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zm" field.

Operation

```
CheckSVEEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer PL = VL DIV 8;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
bits(PL) mask = P[g, PL];
bits(VL) operand1 = Z[dn, VL];
bits(VL) operand2 = if AnyActiveElement(mask, esize) then Z[m, VL] else
bits(VL) result;

for e = 0 to elements-1
  bits(esize) element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
  if ActivePredicateElement(mask, e, esize) then
    bits(esize) element2 = Elem[operand2, e, esize];
    Elem[result, e, esize] = FPMaxNum(element1, element2, FPCR[]);
  else
    Elem[result, e, esize] = element1;

Z[dn, VL] = result;
```

Operational information

This instruction might be immediately preceded in program order by a MOVPRFX instruction. The MOVPRFX instruction must conform to all of the following requirements, otherwise the behavior of the MOVPRFX and this instruction is unpredictable:

- The MOVPRFX instruction must be unpredicated, or be predicated using the same governing predicate register and source element size as this instruction.
- The MOVPRFX instruction must specify the same destination register as this instruction.
- The destination register must not refer to architectural register state referenced by any other source operand register of this instruction.

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