BRKPA

Break after first true condition, propagating from previous partition

If the last active element of the first source predicate is false then set the destination predicate to all-false. Otherwise sets destination predicate elements up to and including the first active and true source element to true, then sets subsequent elements to false. Inactive elements in the destination predicate register are set to zero. Does not set the condition flags.

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24	23	22 21 20	19 18 17 16	15 14	13 12 11 10	9	8 7 6 5	4	3 2 1 0
0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1	0	0 0 0	Pm	1 1	Pg	0	Pn	0	Pd
S								B	

BRKPA **<Pd>**.B, **<Pg>**/Z, **<Pn>**.B, **<Pm>**.B

```
if !HaveSVE() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8;
integer g = UInt(Pg);
integer n = UInt(Pn);
integer m = UInt(Pm);
integer d = UInt(Pd);
boolean setflags = FALSE;
```

Assembler Symbols

<Pd>   Is the name of the destination scalable predicate register, encoded in the "Pd" field.

<Pg>   Is the name of the governing scalable predicate register, encoded in the "Pg" field.

<Pn>   Is the name of the first source scalable predicate register, encoded in the "Pn" field.

<Pm>   Is the name of the second source scalable predicate register, encoded in the "Pm" field.

Operation

```
CheckSVEEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer PL = VL DIV 8;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
bits(PL) mask = P[g, PL];
bits(PL) operand1 = P[n, PL];
bits(PL) operand2 = P[m, PL];
bits(PL) result;
boolean last = (LastActive(mask, operand1, 8) == '1');

for e = 0 to elements-1
```

```
    if ActivePredicateElement(mask, e, 8) then
        bit pbit = if last then '1' else '0';
        Elem[result, e, 1] = ZeroExtend(pbit, 1);
        last = last && (!ActivePredicateElement(operand2, e, 8));
    else
        Elem[result, e, 1] = ZeroExtend('0', 1);

if setflags then
    PSTATE.<N,Z,C,V> = PredTest(mask, result, esize);
P[d, PL] = result;
```