USHL

Unsigned Shift Left (register). This instruction takes each element in the vector of the first source SIMD&FP register, shifts each element by a value from the least significant byte of the corresponding element of the second source SIMD&FP register, places the results in a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

If the shift value is positive, the operation is a left shift. If the shift value is negative, it is a truncating right shift. For a rounding shift, see *URSHL*. Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: Scalar and Vector

Scalar

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 size 1 Rm 0 1 0 0 1 Rn Rd

U R S
```

USHL <V><d>, <V><n>, <V><m>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
boolean rounding = (R == '1');
boolean saturating = (S == '1');
if S == '0' && size != '11' then UNDEFINED;</pre>
```

Vector

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 Q 1 0 1 1 1 0 size 1 Rm 0 1 0 0 1 Rn Rd

U R S
```

USHL <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
if size:Q == '110' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
boolean rounding = (R == '1');
boolean saturating = (S == '1');</pre>
```

Assembler Symbols

<V>

Is a width specifier, encoded in "size":

size	<v></v>	
0x	RESERVED	
10	RESERVED	
11	D	

<d> Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, in the

"Rd" field.

<n> Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register,

encoded in the "Rn" field.

<m> Is the number of the second SIMD&FP source register,

encoded in the "Rm" field.

<Vd> Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded

in the "Rd" field.

<T> Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "size:Q":

size	Q	<t></t>
0.0	0	8B
00	1	16B
01	0	4H
01	1	8H
10	0	2S
10	1	4S
11	0	RESERVED
11	1	2D

<Vn> Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Vm> Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) operand2 = V[m, datasize];
bits(datasize) result;

boolean sat;

for e = 0 to elements-1
   integer element = Int(Elem[operand1, e, esize], unsigned);
   integer shift = SInt(Elem[operand2, e, esize]<7:0>);
   if shift >= 0 then // left shift
```

```
element = element << shift;
else // right shift
    shift = -shift;
    element = RShr(element, shift, rounding);

if saturating then
    (Elem[result, e, esize], sat) = SatQ(element, esize, unsigned);
    if sat then FPSR.QC = '1';
else
    Elem[result, e, esize] = element<esize-1:0>;

V[d, datasize] = result;
```

Operational information

If PSTATE.DIT is 1:

- The execution time of this instruction is independent of:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.
- The response of this instruction to asynchronous exceptions does not vary based on:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.

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