AArch64
Instructions

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External Registers

GICC_BPR, CPU Interface Binary Point Register

The GICC BPR characteristics are:

Purpose

Defines the point at which the priority value fields split into two parts, the group priority field and the subpriority field.

Configuration

This register is present only when FEAT_GICv3_LEGACY is implemented. Otherwise, direct accesses to GICC BPR are res0.

In systems that support two Security states:

- This register is Banked.
- The Secure instance of this register determines Group 0 interrupt preemption.
- The Non-secure instance of this register determines Group 1 interrupt preemption.

In systems that support only one Security state, when <u>GICC_CTLR</u>.CBPR == 0, this register determines only Group 0 interrupt preemption.

When <u>GICC_CTLR</u>.CBPR == 1, this register determines interrupt preemption for both Group 0 and Group 1 interrupts.

Attributes

GICC_BPR is a 32-bit register.

Field descriptions

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

RESO

Binary Point

Bits [31:3]

Reserved, res0.

Binary Point, bits [2:0]

Controls how the 8-bit interrupt priority field is split into a group priority field, that determines interrupt preemption, and a

subpriority field. The following list describes how this field determines the interrupt priority bits assigned to the group priority field:

- 'Secure ICC_BPR1_EL1 Binary Point when CBPR == 0' in ARM® Generic Interrupt Controller Architecture Specification, GIC architecture version 3.0 and version 4.0 (ARM IHI 0069), for the processing of Group 1 interrupts in a GIC implementation that supports interrupt grouping, when GICC CTLR.CBPR == 0.
- 'Non-secure ICC_BPR1_EL1 Binary Point when CBPR == 0' in ARM® Generic Interrupt Controller Architecture Specification, GIC architecture version 3.0 and version 4.0 (ARM IHI 0069), for all other cases.

The reset behavior of this field is:

• On a Warm reset, this field resets to an architecturally unknown value.

Note

Aliasing the Non-secure GICC_BPR as GICC_ABPR in a multiprocessor system permits a PE that can make only Secure accesses to configure the preemption setting for Group 1 interrupts by accessing GICC ABPR.

Accessing GICC BPR

This register is used only when System register access is not enabled. When System register access is enabled this register is RAZ/WI, and the System registers ICC_BPR0_EL1 and ICC_BPR1_EL1 provide equivalent functionality.

GICC BPR can be accessed through the memory-mapped interfaces:

Component	Offset	Instance
GIC CPU interface	0x0008	GICC_BPR

This interface is accessible as follows:

- When GICD CTLR.DS == 0, accesses to this register are **RW**.
- When an access is Secure, accesses to this register are **RW**.
- When an access is Non-secure, accesses to this register are **RW**.

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