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SVE Instructions SME Instructions

### **UDOT** (2-way, multiple and single vector)

Multi-vector unsigned integer dot-product by vector

The unsigned integer dot product instruction computes the dot product of two unsigned 16-bit integer values held in each 32-bit element of the two or four first source vectors and two unsigned 16-bit integer values in the corresponding 32-bit element of the second source vector. The widened dot product result is destructively added to the corresponding 32-bit element of the ZA single-vector groups. The vector numbers forming the single-vector group within each half of or each quarter of the ZA array are selected by the sum of the vector select register and immediate offset, modulo half or quarter the number of ZA array vectors.

The vector group symbol, VGx2 or VGx4, indicates that the ZA operand consists of two or four ZA single-vector groups respectively. The vector group symbol is preferred for disassembly, but optional in assembler source code.

This instruction is unpredicated.

It has encodings from 2 classes: <u>Two ZA single-vectors</u> and <u>Four ZA single-vectors</u>

# Two ZA single-vectors (FEAT\_SME2)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0  

1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 Zm 0 Rv 1 0 1 Zn 1 0 Ff3
```

```
UDOT ZA.S[<Wv>, <offs>{, VGx2}], { <Zn1>.H-<Zn2>.H }, <Zm>.H

if !HaveSME2() then UNDEFINED;
integer v = UInt('010':Rv);
constant integer esize = 32;
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer m = UInt('0':Zm);
integer offset = UInt(off3);
```

## Four ZA single-vectors (FEAT\_SME2)

constant integer nreg = 2;

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 Zm 0 Rv 1 0 1 Zn 1 1 0 off3
```

```
UDOT ZA.S[<Wv>, <offs>{, VGx4}], { <Zn1>.H-<Zn4>.H }, <Zm>.H

if !HaveSME2() then UNDEFINED;
integer v = UInt('010':Rv);
constant integer esize = 32;
```

```
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer m = UInt('0':Zm);
integer offset = UInt(off3);
constant integer nreg = 4;
```

### **Assembler Symbols**

<wv></wv>	Is the 32-bit name of the vector select register W8-W11, encoded in the "Rv" field.
<offs></offs>	Is the vector select offset, in the range 0 to 7, encoded in the "off3" field.
<zn1></zn1>	Is the name of the first scalable vector register of a multivector sequence, encoded as "Zn".
<zn4></zn4>	Is the name of the fourth scalable vector register of a multivector sequence, encoded as "Zn" plus 3 modulo 32.
<zn2></zn2>	Is the name of the second scalable vector register of a multi-vector sequence, encoded as "Zn" plus 1 modulo 32.
<zm></zm>	Is the name of the second source scalable vector register Z0-Z15, encoded in the "Zm" field.

### Operation

```
CheckStreamingSVEAndZAEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
integer vectors = VL DIV 8;
integer vstride = vectors DIV nreg;
bits (32) vbase = X[v, 32];
integer vec = (UInt(vbase) + offset) MOD vstride;
bits(VL) result;
for r = 0 to nreg-1
    bits(VL) operand1 = \mathbb{Z}[(n+r) MOD 32, VL];
    bits(VL) operand2 = \mathbb{Z}[m, VL];
    bits (VL) operand3 = \overline{ZAvector}[vec, VL];
    for e = 0 to elements-1
        bits(esize) sum = \underline{\text{Elem}}[operand3, e, esize];
        for i = 0 to 1
             integer element1 = UInt(Elem[operand1, 2 * e + i, esize DIV
             integer element2 = <u>UInt</u>(<u>Elem</u>[operand2, 2 * e + i, esize DIV
             sum = sum + element1 * element2;
        Elem[result, e, esize] = sum;
    ZAvector[vec, VL] = result;
    vec = vec + vstride;
```

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