

SQRSHL

Signed saturating Rounding Shift Left (register). This instruction takes each vector element in the first source SIMD&FP register, shifts it by a value from the least significant byte of the corresponding vector element of the second source SIMD&FP register, places the results into a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

If the shift value is positive, the operation is a left shift. Otherwise, it is a right shift. The results are rounded. For truncated results, see [SQSHL](#).

If overflow occurs with any of the results, those results are saturated. If saturation occurs, the cumulative saturation bit *FPSR.QC* is set.

Depending on the settings in the [CPACR_EL1](#), [CPTR_EL2](#), and [CPTR_EL3](#) registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: [Scalar](#) and [Vector](#)

Scalar

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	size	1	Rm					0	1	0	1	1	1	Rn					Rd					
U										R										S											

SQRSHL [<V><d>](#), [<V><n>](#), [<V><m>](#)

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
boolean rounding = (R == '1');
boolean saturating = (S == '1');
if S == '0' && size != '11' then UNDEFINED;
```

Vector

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Q	0	0	1	1	1	0	size	1	Rm					0	1	0	1	1	1	Rn					Rd					
U										R S																					

SQRSHL [<Vd>.<T>](#), [<Vn>.<T>](#), [<Vm>.<T>](#)

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
if size:Q == '110' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
```

```

boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
boolean rounding = (R == '1');
boolean saturating = (S == '1');

```

Assembler Symbols

<V>

Is a width specifier, encoded in "size":

size	<V>
00	B
01	H
10	S
11	D

<d>

Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, in the "Rd" field.

<n>

Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<m>

Is the number of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

<Vd>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<T>

Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "size:Q":

size	Q	<T>
00	0	8B
00	1	16B
01	0	4H
01	1	8H
10	0	2S
10	1	4S
11	0	RESERVED
11	1	2D

<Vn>

Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Vm>

Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

Operation

```

CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64 ();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) operand2 = V[m, datasize];
bits(datasize) result;

boolean sat;

```

```

for e = 0 to elements-1
    integer element = Int(Elem[operand1, e, esize], unsigned);
    integer shift = SInt(Elem[operand2, e, esize]<7:0>);
    if shift >= 0 then // left shift
        element = element << shift;
    else // right shift
        shift = -shift;
        element = RShr(element, shift, rounding);

    if saturating then
        (Elem[result, e, esize], sat) = SatQ(element, esize, unsigned);
        if sat then FPSR.QC = '1';
    else
        Elem[result, e, esize] = element<esize-1:0>;

V[d, datasize] = result;

```

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[SIMD&FP
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[SVE
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Pseudocode](#)

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode
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