<u>x by Sh</u> <u>ding Pseu</u>

MUL (indexed)

Multiply (indexed)

Multiply all integer elements within each 128-bit segment of the first source vector by the specified element in the corresponding second source vector segment. The results are placed in the corresponding elements of the destination vector.

The elements within the second source vector are specified using an immediate index which selects the same element position within each 128-bit vector segment. The index range is from 0 to one less than the number of elements per 128-bit segment, encoded in 1 to 3 bits depending on the size of the element. This instruction is unpredicated.

It has encodings from 3 classes: 16-bit, 32-bit and 64-bit

16-bit

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 i3h 1 i3l Zm 1 1 1 1 1 0 Zn Zd
```

```
MUL < Zd > .H, < Zn > .H, < Zm > .H[< imm >]
```

```
if !HaveSVE2() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 16;
integer index = UInt(i3h:i31);
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer m = UInt(Zm);
integer d = UInt(Zd);
```

32-bit

```
3130292827262524 23 22 212019181716151413121110 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 i2 Zm 1 1 1 1 1 0 Zn Zd

size<1>size<0>
```

```
MUL < Zd > . S, < Zn > . S, < Zm > . S[< imm >]
```

```
if !HaveSVE2() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32;
integer index = UInt(i2);
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer m = UInt(Zm);
integer d = UInt(Zd);
```

64-bit

```
3130292827262524 23 22 212019181716151413121110 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 Zm 1 1 1 1 1 0 Zn Zd

size<1>size<0>
```

MUL <Zd>.D, <Zn>.D, <Zm>.D[<imm>] if !HaveSVE2() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED; constant integer esize = 64; integer index = UInt(i1); integer n = UInt(Zn); integer m = UInt(Zm); integer d = UInt(Zd);

Assembler Symbols

<Zd> Is the name of the destination scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zd" field.

<Zn> Is the name of the first source scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zn" field.

<Zm> For the 16-bit and 32-bit variant: is the name of the second source scalable vector register Z0-Z7, encoded in the "Zm" field.

For the 64-bit variant: is the name of the second source scalable vector register Z0-Z15, encoded in the "Zm" field.

<imm> For the 16-bit variant: is the element index, in the range 0
to 7, encoded in the "i3h:i3l" fields.

For the 32-bit variant: is the element index, in the range 0 to 3, encoded in the "i2" field.

For the 64-bit variant: is the element index, in the range 0 to 1, encoded in the "i1" field.

Operation

```
CheckSVEEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer PL = VL DIV 8;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
constant integer eltspersegment = 128 DIV esize;
bits (VL) operand1 = \mathbb{Z}[n, VL];
bits(VL) operand2 = \mathbb{Z}[m, VL];
bits(VL) result;
for e = 0 to elements-1
    integer segmentbase = e - (e MOD eltspersegment);
    integer s = segmentbase + index;
    integer element1 = UInt(Elem[operand1, e, esize]);
    integer element2 = <u>UInt(Elem[operand2, s, esize]);</u>
    integer res = element1 * element2;
    Elem[result, e, esize] = res<esize-1:0>;
Z[d, VL] = result;
```

Operational information

If FEAT_SVE2 is implemented or FEAT_SME is implemented, then if PSTATE.DIT is 1:

- The execution time of this instruction is independent of:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.
- The response of this instruction to asynchronous exceptions does not vary based on:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.

<u>Base</u> <u>SIMD&FP</u> <u>SVE</u> <u>SME</u> <u>Index by</u> <u>Instructions</u> <u>Instructions</u> <u>Instructions</u> <u>Encoding</u>

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