

SQSHRN, SQSHRN2

Signed saturating Shift Right Narrow (immediate). This instruction reads each vector element in the source SIMD&FP register, right shifts and truncates each result by an immediate value, saturates each shifted result to a value that is half the original width, puts the final result into a vector, and writes the vector to the lower or upper half of the destination SIMD&FP register. All the values in this instruction are signed integer values. The destination vector elements are half as long as the source vector elements. For rounded results, see [SQRSHRN](#).

The SQSHRN instruction writes the vector to the lower half of the destination register and clears the upper half, while the SQSHRN2 instruction writes the vector to the upper half of the destination register without affecting the other bits of the register.

If saturation occurs, the cumulative saturation bit *FPSR.QC* is set.

Depending on the settings in the [CPACR_EL1](#), [CPTR_EL2](#), and [CPTR_EL3](#) registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: [Scalar](#) and [Vector](#)

Scalar

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0												
0		1		0		1		1		1		1		1		0		!= 0000				immb		1		0		0		1		0		1		Rn				Rd			
U									immh								op																										

SQSHRN [<Vb><d>](#), [<Va><n>](#), #[<shift>](#)

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

if immh == '0000' then UNDEFINED;
if immh<3> == '1' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << HighestSetBit(immh);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
integer part = 0;

integer shift = (2 * esize) - UInt(immh:immb);
boolean round = (op == '1');
boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
```

Vector

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Q	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	!= 0000	immb	1	0	0	1	0	1	Rn						Rd								
U									immh				op																		

SQSHRN{2} <Vd>.<Tb>, <Vn>.<Ta>, #<shift>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

if immh == '0000' then SEE(asimdimm);
if immh<3> == '1' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << HighestSetBit(immh);
constant integer datasize = 64;
integer part = UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;

integer shift = (2 * esize) - UInt(immh:immb);
boolean round = (op == '1');
boolean unsigned = (U == '1');
```

Assembler Symbols

2

Is the second and upper half specifier. If present it causes the operation to be performed on the upper 64 bits of the registers holding the narrower elements, and is encoded in “Q”:

Q	2
0	[absent]
1	[present]

<Vd>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<Tb>

Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in “immh:Q”:

immh	Q	<Tb>
0000	x	SEE Advanced SIMD modified immediate
0001	0	8B
0001	1	16B
001x	0	4H
001x	1	8H
01xx	0	2S
01xx	1	4S
1xxx	x	RESERVED

<Vn>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Ta>

Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "immh":

immh	<Ta>
0000	SEE Advanced SIMD modified immediate
0001	8H
001x	4S
01xx	2D
1xxx	RESERVED

<Vb>

Is the destination width specifier, encoded in "immh":

immh	<Vb>
0000	RESERVED
0001	B
001x	H
01xx	S
1xxx	RESERVED

<d>

Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, in the "Rd" field.

<Va>

Is the source width specifier, encoded in "immh":

immh	<Va>
0000	RESERVED
0001	H
001x	S
01xx	D
1xxx	RESERVED

<n>

Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<shift>

For the scalar variant: is the right shift amount, in the range 1 to the destination operand width in bits, encoded in "immh:immb":

immh	<shift>
0000	RESERVED
0001	(16-UInt (immh:immb))
001x	(32-UInt (immh:immb))
01xx	(64-UInt (immh:immb))
1xxx	RESERVED

For the vector variant: is the right shift amount, in the range 1 to the destination element width in bits, encoded in “immh:immb”:

immh	<shift>
0000	SEE Advanced SIMD modified immediate
0001	(16-UInt (immh:immb))
001x	(32-UInt (immh:immb))
01xx	(64-UInt (immh:immb))
1xxx	RESERVED

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize*2) operand = V[n, datasize*2];
bits(datasize) result;
integer element;
boolean sat;

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element = RShr(Int(Elem[operand, e, 2*esize], unsigned), shift, round)
    (Elem[result, e, esize], sat) = SatQ(element, esize, unsigned);
    if sat then FPSR.QC = '1';

Vpart[d, part, datasize] = result;
```