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FCVTXNT

Floating-point down convert, rounding to odd (top, predicated)

Convert active double-precision floating-point elements from the source vector to single-precision, rounding to Odd, and place the results in the odd-numbered 32-bit elements of the destination vector, leaving the even-numbered elements unchanged. Inactive elements in the destination vector register remain unmodified.

Rounding to Odd (aka Von Neumann rounding) permits a two-step conversion from double-precision to half-precision without incurring intermediate rounding errors.

```
FCVTXNT <Zd>.S, <Pg>/M, <Zn>.D
```

```
if !HaveSVE2() && !HaveSME() then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 64;
integer g = UInt(Pg);
integer n = UInt(Zn);
integer d = UInt(Zd);
```

Assembler Symbols

<za></za>	Is the name of the destination scalable vector register,
	encoded in the "Zd" field.

<Pg> Is the name of the governing scalable predicate register P0-P7, encoded in the "Pq" field.

<Zn> Is the name of the first source scalable vector register, encoded in the "Zn" field.

Operation

```
CheckSVEEnabled();
constant integer VL = CurrentVL;
constant integer PL = VL DIV 8;
constant integer elements = VL DIV esize;
bits(PL) mask = P[g, PL];
bits(VL) operand = if AnyActiveElement(mask, esize) then Z[n, VL] else
bits(VL) result = Z[d, VL];

for e = 0 to elements-1
   if ActivePredicateElement(mask, e, esize) then
        bits(esize) element = Elem[operand, e, esize];
        Elem[result, 2*e + 1, esize DIV 2] = FPConvertSVE(element, FPCF)
Z[d, VL] = result;
```

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56

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