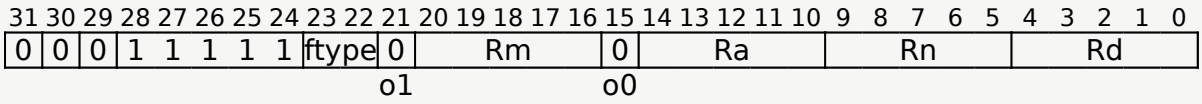
FMADD

Floating-point fused Multiply-Add (scalar). This instruction multiplies the values of the first two SIMD&FP source registers, adds the product to the value of the third SIMD&FP source register, and writes the result to the SIMD&FP destination register.

A floating-point exception can be generated by this instruction. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR*, or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.



Half-precision (ftype == 11)
(FEAT_FP16)

```
FMADD <Hd>, <Hn>, <Hm>, <Ha>
```

Single-precision (ftype == 00)

```
FMADD <Sd>, <Sn>, <Sm>, <Sa>
```

Double-precision (ftype == 01)

```
FMADD <Dd>, <Dn>, <Dm>, <Da>
```

```
if ftype == '10' || (ftype == '11' && !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16)) then UNDEFINED;

integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer a = UInt(Ra);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);

constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(ftype EOR '10');
```

Assembler Symbols

<Dd>	Is the 64-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
<Dn>	Is the 64-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplicand, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Dm>	Is the 64-bit name of the second SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplier, encoded in the "Rm" field.
<Da>	Is the 64-bit name of the third SIMD&FP source register holding the addend, encoded in the "Ra" field.
<Hd>	Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
<Hn>	Is the 16-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplicand, encoded in the "Rn" field.
<Hm>	Is the 16-bit name of the second SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplier, encoded in the "Rm" field.
<Ha>	Is the 16-bit name of the third SIMD&FP source register holding the addend, encoded in the "Ra" field.
<Sd>	Is the 32-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
<Sn>	Is the 32-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplicand, encoded in the "Rn" field.
<Sm>	Is the 32-bit name of the second SIMD&FP source register holding the multiplier, encoded in the "Rm" field.
<Sa>	Is the 32-bit name of the third SIMD&FP source register holding the addend, encoded in the "Ra" field.

Operation

```
CheckFPEnabled64();

bits(esize) operanda = V[a, esize];
bits(esize) operand1 = V[n, esize];
bits(esize) operand2 = V[m, esize];

FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
boolean merge = IsMerging(fpcr);
bits(128) result = if merge then V[a, 128] else Zeros(128);

Elem[result, 0, esize] = FPMulAdd(operanda, operand1, operand2, fpcr);

V[d, 128] = result;
```


Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56