### **FSUB** (vector)

Floating-point Subtract (vector). This instruction subtracts the elements in the vector in the second source SIMD&FP register, from the corresponding elements in the vector in the first source SIMD&FP register, places each result into elements of a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR*, or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR\_EL1*, *CPTR\_EL2*, and *CPTR\_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: <u>Half-precision</u> and <u>Single-precision</u> and <u>double-precision</u>

# Half-precision (FEAT\_FP16)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 Q 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 Rm 0 0 0 1 0 1 Rn Rd
```

```
FSUB <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>
```

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean abs = (U == '1');</pre>
```

#### Single-precision and double-precision

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 Q 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 sz 1 Rm 1 1 0 1 0 1 Rn Rd
```

```
FSUB <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>
```

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
if sz:Q == '10' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);</pre>
```

```
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean abs = (U == '1');
```

## **Assembler Symbols**

<Vd>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<T>

For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

Q	<t></t>
0	4 H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "sz:Q":

Q	<t></t>
0	2S
1	4 S
0	RESERVED
1	2D
	<b>Q</b> 0 1 0 1

<Vn>

Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Vm>

Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

## **Operation**

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) operand2 = V[m, datasize];

bits(esize) element1;
bits(esize) element2;
bits(esize) diff;
FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
bits(datasize) result;

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
    element2 = Elem[operand2, e, esize];
    diff = FPSub(element1, element2, fpcr);
    Elem[result, e, esize] = if abs then FPAbs(diff) else diff;

V[d, datasize] = result;
```

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no\_diffs\_2023\_09\_RC2, sve v2023-06\_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56 Copyright  $\hat{A}$  © 2010-2023 Arm Limited or its affiliates. All rights reserved. This document is Non-Confidential.