
TLBI RIPAS2LE1OS, TLBI RIPAS2LE1OSNXS, TLB Range Invalidate by Intermediate Physical Address, Stage 2, Last level, EL1, Outer Shareable

The TLBI RIPAS2LE1OS, TLBI RIPAS2LE1OSNXS characteristics are:

Purpose

If EL2 is implemented and enabled in the current Security state, invalidates cached copies of translation table entries from TLBs that meet all the following requirements:

- The entry is a 64-bit stage 2 only translation table entry, from the leaf level of the translation table walk, indicated by the TTL hint.

Or if FEAT_D128 is implemented, and the entry is a 128-bit stage 2 only translation table entry, from the leaf level of the translation table walk, if TTL is 0b00.

- If FEAT_RME is implemented, one of the following applies:
 - [SCR_EL3](#).{NSE, NS} is {0, 0} and the entry would be required to translate any IPA in the specified address range using the Secure EL1&0 translation regime.
 - [SCR_EL3](#).{NSE, NS} is {0, 1} and the entry would be required to translate any IPA in the specified address range using the Non-secure EL1&0 translation regime.
 - [SCR_EL3](#).{NSE, NS} is {1, 1} and the entry would be required to translate any IPA in the specified address range using the Realm EL1&0 translation regime.
- If FEAT_RME is not implemented, one of the following applies:
 - [SCR_EL3](#).NS is 0 and the entry would be required to translate any IPA in the specified address range using the Secure EL1&0 translation regime.
 - [SCR_EL3](#).NS is 1 and the entry would be required to translate any IPA in the specified address range using the Non-secure EL1&0 translation regime.
- The entry would be used with the current VMID.

- The entry is within the address range determined by the formula

$$[\text{BaseADDR} \leq \text{VA} < \text{BaseADDR} + ((\text{NUM} + 1) * 2^{(5 * \text{SCALE} + 1)} * \text{Translation_Granule_Size})]$$
.

Note

When a TLB maintenance instruction is generated to the Secure EL1&0 translation regime and is defined to pass a VMID argument, or would be defined to pass a VMID argument if [SCR_EL3.EEL2==1](#), then:

- A PE with [SCR_EL3.EEL2==1](#) is not architecturally required to invalidate any entries in the Secure EL1&0 translation of a PE in the same required shareability domain with [SCR_EL3.EEL2==0](#).
- A PE with [SCR_EL3.EEL2==0](#) is not architecturally required to invalidate any entries in the Secure EL1&0 translation of a PE in the same required shareability domain with [SCR_EL3.EEL2==1](#).
- A PE is architecturally required to invalidate all relevant entries in the Secure EL1&0 translation of a System MMU in the same required shareability domain with a VMID of 0.

The invalidation is not required to apply to caching structures that combine stage 1 and stage 2 translation table entries.

The invalidation applies to all PEs in the same Outer Shareable shareability domain as the PE that executes this System instruction.

For 64-bit translation table entry, the range of addresses invalidated is unpredictable when:

- For the 4K translation granule:
 - If $\text{TTL} == 01$ and $\text{BaseADDR}[29:12]$ is not equal to 000000000000000000.
 - If $\text{TTL} == 10$ and $\text{BaseADDR}[20:12]$ is not equal to 000000000.
- For the 16K translation granule:
 - If $\text{TTL} == 10$ and $\text{BaseADDR}[24:14]$ is not equal to 000000000000.

For the 64K translation granule:

- - If $TTL == 01$ and $BaseADDR[41:16]$ is not equal to 0000000000000000000000000000.
 - If $TTL == 10$ and $BaseADDR[28:16]$ is not equal to 0000000000000000.

For more information about the architectural requirements for this System instruction, see 'Invalidation of TLB entries from stage 2 translations'.

If FEAT_XS is implemented, the nXS variant of this System instruction is defined.

Both variants perform the same invalidation, but the TLBI System instruction without the nXS qualifier waits for all memory accesses using in-scope old translation information to complete before it is considered complete.

The TLBI System instruction with the nXS qualifier is considered complete when the subset of these memory accesses with XS attribute set to 0 are complete.

Configuration

This instruction is present only when FEAT_TLBIRANGE is implemented and FEAT_TLBIOS is implemented. Otherwise, direct accesses to TLBI RIPAS2LE1OS, TLBI RIPAS2LE1OSNXS are undefined.

Attributes

TLBI RIPAS2LE1OS, TLBI RIPAS2LE1OSNXS is a 64-bit System instruction.

Field descriptions

63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32
NS	RES0										TG	SCALE	NUM					TTL	BaseADDR												
BaseADDR																															
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

NS, bit [63]

When FEAT_RME is implemented:

When the instruction is executed and [SCR_EL3](#).{NSE, NS} == {0, 0}, NS selects the IPA space.

NS	Meaning
0b0	IPA is in the Secure IPA space.
0b1	IPA is in the Non-secure IPA space.

When the instruction is executed and `SCR_EL3.{NSE, NS} == {1, 1}`, this field is `res0`, and the instruction applies only to the Realm IPA space.

When the instruction is executed and `SCR_EL3.{NSE, NS} == {0, 1}`, this field is `res0`, and the instruction applies only to the Non-secure IPA space.

When FEAT_SEL2 is implemented and FEAT_RME is not implemented:

Not Secure. Specifies the IPA space.

NS	Meaning
0b0	IPA is in the Secure IPA space.
0b1	IPA is in the Non-secure IPA space.

When the instruction is executed in Non-secure state, this field is `res0`, and the instruction applies only to the Non-secure IPA space.

When FEAT_SEL2 is not implemented, or if EL2 is disabled in the current Security state, this field is `res0`.

Otherwise:

Reserved, `res0`.

Bits [62:48]

Reserved, `res0`.

TG, bits [47:46]

Translation granule size.

TG	Meaning
0b00	Reserved.
0b01	4K translation granule.
0b10	16K translation granule.
0b11	64K translation granule.

The instruction takes a translation granule size for the translations that are being invalidated. If the translations used a different translation granule size than the one being specified, then the architecture does not require that the instruction invalidates any entries.

SCALE, bits [45:44]

The exponent element of the calculation that is used to produce the upper range.

NUM, bits [43:39]

The base element of the calculation that is used to produce the upper range.

TTL, bits [38:37]

TTL Level hint. The TTL hint is only guaranteed to invalidate:

- Non-leaf-level entries in the range up to but not including the level described by the TTL hint.
- Leaf-level entries in the range that match the level described by the TTL hint.

TTL	Meaning
0b00	The entries in the range can be using any level for the translation table entries.
0b01	The TTL hint indicates level 1. If FEAT_LPA2 is not implemented, when using a 16KB translation granule, this value is reserved and hardware should treat this field as 0b00.
0b10	The TTL hint indicates level 2.
0b11	The TTL hint indicates level 3.

BaseADDR, bits [36:0]

When FEAT_LPA2 is implemented and TCR_EL1.DS == 1:

The starting address for the range of the maintenance instructions. This field is BaseADDR[52:16] for all translation granules.

When using a 4KB translation granule, BaseADDR[15:12] is treated as 0b0000.

When using a 16KB translation granule, BaseADDR[15:14] is treated as 0b00.

Otherwise:

The starting address for the range of the maintenance instruction.

When using a 4KB translation granule, this field is BaseADDR[48:12].

When using a 16KB translation granule, this field is BaseADDR[50:14].

When using a 64KB translation granule, this field is BaseADDR[52:16].

Executing TLBI RIPAS2LE10S, TLBI RIPAS2LE10SNXS

Accesses to this instruction use the following encodings in the System instruction encoding space:

TLBI RIPAS2LE10S{, <Xt>}

op0	op1	CRn	CRm	op2
0b01	0b100	0b1000	0b0100	0b111

```
if PSTATE.EL == EL0 then
    UNDEFINED;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL1 then
    if EL2Enabled() && HCR_EL2.NV == '1' then
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL2, 0x18);
    else
        UNDEFINED;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL2 then
    AArch64.TLBI_RIPAS2(SecurityStateAtEL(EL1),
        Regime_EL10, VMID[], Shareability_OSH,
        TLBIlevel_Last, TLBI_AllAttr, X[t, 64]);
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL3 then
    if !EL2Enabled() then
        return;
    else
        AArch64.TLBI_RIPAS2(SecurityStateAtEL(EL1),
            Regime_EL10, VMID[], Shareability_OSH,
            TLBIlevel_Last, TLBI_AllAttr, X[t, 64]);
```

TLBI RIPAS2LE10SNXS{, <Xt>}

op0	op1	CRn	CRm	op2
0b01	0b100	0b1001	0b0100	0b111

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_XS) then
    UNDEFINED;
```

```

elseif PSTATE.EL == EL0 then
    UNDEFINED;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL1 then
    if EL2Enabled() && HCR_EL2.NV == '1' then
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL2, 0x18);
    else
        UNDEFINED;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL2 then
    AArch64.TLBI_RIPAS2(SecurityStateAtEL(EL1),
        Regime_EL10, VMID[], Shareability_OSH,
        TLBILevel_Last, TLBI_ExcludeXS, X[t, 64]);
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL3 then
    if !EL2Enabled() then
        return;
    else
        AArch64.TLBI_RIPAS2(SecurityStateAtEL(EL1),
            Regime_EL10, VMID[], Shareability_OSH,
            TLBILevel_Last, TLBI_ExcludeXS, X[t, 64]);

```

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