LDEOR, LDEORA, LDEORAL, LDEORL

Atomic Exclusive-OR on word or doubleword in memory atomically loads a 32-bit word or 64-bit doubleword from memory, performs an exclusive-OR with the value held in a register on it, and stores the result back to memory. The value initially loaded from memory is returned in the destination register.

- If the destination register is not one of WZR or XZR, `LDEORA` and `LDEORAL` load from memory with acquire semantics.
- `LDEORL` and `LDEORAL` store to memory with release semantics.
- `LDEOR` has neither acquire nor release semantics.

For more information about memory ordering semantics, see *Load-Acquire, Store-Release*.
For information about memory accesses, see *Load/Store addressing modes*.
This instruction is used by the alias STEOR, STEORL.

Integer
(FEAT_LSE)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	x	1	1	1	0	0	0	A	R	1	Rs					0	0	1	0	0	0	Rn					Rt				
size																opc															

32-bit LDEOR (size == 10 && A == 0 && R == 0)

```
LDEOR <Ws>, <Wt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

32-bit LDEORA (size == 10 && A == 1 && R == 0)

```
LDEORA <Ws>, <Wt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

32-bit LDEORAL (size == 10 && A == 1 && R == 1)

```
LDEORAL <Ws>, <Wt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

32-bit LDEORL (size == 10 && A == 0 && R == 1)

```
LDEORL <Ws>, <Wt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

64-bit LDEOR (size == 11 && A == 0 && R == 0)

```
LDEOR <Xs>, <Xt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

64-bit LDEORA (size == 11 && A == 1 && R == 0)

```
LDEORA <Xs>, <Xt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

64-bit LDEORAL (size == 11 && A == 1 && R == 1)

```
LDEORAL <Xs>, <Xt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

64-bit LDEORL (size == 11 && A == 0 && R == 1)

```
LDEORL <Xs>, <Xt>, [<Xn|SP>]
```

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_LSE) then UNDEFINED;

integer t = UInt(Rt);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer s = UInt(Rs);

constant integer datasize = 8 << UInt(size);
integer regsize = if datasize == 64 then 64 else 32;
boolean acquire = A == '1' && Rt != '11111';
boolean release = R == '1';
boolean tagchecked = n != 31;
```

Assembler Symbols

<Ws>	Is the 32-bit name of the general-purpose register holding the data value to be operated on with the contents of the memory location, encoded in the "Rs" field.
<Wt>	Is the 32-bit name of the general-purpose register to be loaded, encoded in the "Rt" field.
<Xs>	Is the 64-bit name of the general-purpose register holding the data value to be operated on with the contents of the memory location, encoded in the "Rs" field.
<Xt>	Is the 64-bit name of the general-purpose register to be loaded, encoded in the "Rt" field.
<Xn|SP>	Is the 64-bit name of the general-purpose base register or stack pointer, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Alias Conditions

Alias	Is preferred when
STEOR, STEORL	`A == '0' && Rt == '11111'`

Operation

```
bits(64) address;
bits(datasize) value;
bits(datasize) data;
```

```
AccessDescriptor accdesc = CreateAccDescAtomicOp(MemAtomicOp_EOR, acqui

value = X[s, datasize];
if n == 31 then
    CheckSPAlignment();
    address = SP[];
else
    address = X[n, 64];

bits(datasize) comparevalue = bits(datasize) UNKNOWN;    // Irrelevant
data = MemAtomic(address, comparevalue, value, accdesc);

if t != 31 then
    X[t, regsize] = ZeroExtend(data, regsize);
```

Operational information

If PSTATE.DIT is 1, the timing of this instruction is insensitive to the value of the data being loaded or stored.

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