FCVTZS (scalar, fixed-point)

Floating-point Convert to Signed fixed-point, rounding toward Zero (scalar). This instruction converts the floating-point value in the SIMD&FP source register to a 32-bit or 64-bit fixed-point signed integer using the Round towards Zero rounding mode, and writes the result to the general-purpose destination register.

A floating-point exception can be generated by this instruction. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR*, or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the Security state and Exception level in which the instruction is executed, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

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S	sf	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	ftype	0	1	1	0	0	0	scale			Rn					Rd		
	rmodepcode																									

Half-precision to 32-bit (sf == 0 && ftype == 11) (FEAT FP16)

```
FCVTZS <Wd>, <Hn>, #<fbits>
```

Half-precision to 64-bit (sf == 1 && ftype == 11) (FEAT_FP16)

```
FCVTZS <Xd>, <Hn>, #<fbits>
```

Single-precision to 32-bit (sf == 0 && ftype == 00)

```
FCVTZS <Wd>, <Sn>, #<fbits>
```

Single-precision to 64-bit (sf == 1 && ftype == 00)

```
FCVTZS <Xd>, <Sn>, #<fbits>
```

Double-precision to 32-bit (sf == 0 && ftype == 01)

```
FCVTZS <Wd>, <Dn>, #<fbits>
```

Double-precision to 64-bit (sf == 1 && ftype == 01)

```
FCVTZS <Xd>, <Dn>, #<fbits>
```

```
if ftype == '10' || (ftype == '11' && !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16))
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

constant integer intsize = 32 << UInt(sf);
constant integer decode_fltsize = 8 << UInt(ftype EOR '10');

if sf == '0' && scale<5> == '0' then UNDEFINED;
integer fracbits = 64 - UInt(scale);
```

Assembler Symbols

<wd></wd>	Is the 32-bit name of the general-purpose destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
<xd></xd>	Is the 64-bit name of the general-purpose destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
<sn></sn>	Is the 32-bit name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
<hn></hn>	Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
<dn></dn>	Is the 64-bit name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
<fbits></fbits>	For the double-precision to 32-bit, half-precision to 32-bit and single-precision to 32-bit variant: is the number of bits after the binary point in the fixed-point destination, in the range 1 to 32, encoded as 64 minus "scale".
	For the double-precision to 64-bit, half-precision to 64-bit and single-precision to 64-bit variant: is the number of bits after the binary point in the fixed-point destination, in the range 1 to 64, encoded as 64 minus "scale".

Operation

```
CheckFPEnabled64();

FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
bits(decode_fltsize) fltval;
bits(intsize) intval;

fltval = V[n, decode_fltsize];
intval = FPToFixed(fltval, fracbits, FALSE, fpcr, FPRounding ZERO, intsiX[d, intsize] = intval;
```

Operational information

If FEAT_SME is implemented and the PE is in Streaming SVE mode, then any subsequent instruction which is dependent on the general-purpose register written by this instruction might be significantly delayed.

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