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SIMD&FP **SVE SME** Base Instructions **Instructions** Instructions Instructions

FMINV

Floating-point Minimum across Vector. This instruction compares all the vector elements in the source SIMD&FP register, and writes the smallest of the values as a scalar to the destination SIMD&FP register. All the values in this instruction are floating-point values.

When *FPCR*.AH is 0, the behavior is as follows:

- Negative zero compares less than positive zero.
- When *FPCR*.DN is 0, if either value is a NaN, the result is a guiet NaN.
- When FPCR.DN is 1, if either value is a NaN, the result is Default NaN.

When *FPCR*.AH is 1, the behavior is as follows:

- If both values are zeros, regardless of the sign of either zero, the result is the second value.
- If either value is a NaN, regardless of the value of *FPCR*.DN, the result is the second value.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR* or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see Floating-point exception traps.

Depending on the settings in the CPACR EL1, CPTR EL2, and CPTR EL3 registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 2 classes: Half-precision and Single-precision and double-precision

Half-precision (FEAT_FP16)

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Rn Rd 01

```
FMINV <V><d>, <Vn>.<T>
```

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << <u>UInt</u>(Q);
```

Single-precision and double-precision

31 30 29 28 27 26 25	24 23 22 21 20 19 18	8 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10	9 8 7 6 5	4 3 2 1 0
0 Q 1 0 1 1 1	0 1 sz 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0	Rn	Rd
	01			

FMINV <V><d>, <Vn>.<T>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);

if sz:Q != '01' then UNDEFINED;

constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);</pre>
```

Assembler Symbols

<V>

For the half-precision variant: is the destination width specifier, H.

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is the destination width specifier, encoded in "sz":

SZ	<v></v>
0	S
1	RESERVED

<d>

Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<Vn>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<T>

For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

Q	<t></t>
0	4 H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q:sz":

Q	SZ	<t></t>
0	Х	RESERVED
1	0	4S
1	1	RESERVED

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand = V[n, datasize];

V[d, esize] = Reduce(ReduceOp_FMIN, operand, esize);
```

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Sh Pseu