

FABD

Floating-point Absolute Difference (vector). This instruction subtracts the floating-point values in the elements of the second source SIMD&FP register, from the corresponding floating-point values in the elements of the first source SIMD&FP register, places the absolute value of each result in a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in [FPCR](#), the exception results in either a flag being set in [FPSR](#), or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see [Floating-point exception traps](#).

Depending on the settings in the [CPACR_EL1](#), [CPTR_EL2](#), and [CPTR_EL3](#) registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 4 classes: [Scalar half precision](#) , [Scalar single-precision and double-precision](#) , [Vector half precision](#) and [Vector single-precision and double-precision](#)

Scalar half precision (FEAT_FP16)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0				Rm		0	0	0	1	0	1				Rn				Rd		

FABD [<Hd>](#) , [<Hn>](#) , [<Hm>](#)

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;

integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean abs = TRUE;
```

Scalar single-precision and double-precision

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	sz	1				Rm		1	1	0	1	0	1				Rn				Rd		

FABD [<V><d>](#) , [<V><n>](#) , [<V><m>](#)

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean abs = TRUE;
```

Vector half precision (FEAT_FP16)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Q	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	Rm				0	0	0	1	0	1	Rn				Rd						
U																															

FABD <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;

integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean abs = (U == '1');
```

Vector single-precision and double-precision

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Q	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	sz	1	Rm				1	1	0	1	0	1	Rn				Rd						
U																															

FABD <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
if sz:Q == '10' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean abs = (U == '1');
```

Assembler Symbols

- <Hd> Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
- <Hn> Is the 16-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
- <Hm> Is the 16-bit name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.
- <V> Is a width specifier, encoded in "sz":

sz	<V>
0	S
1	D

- <d> Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, in the "Rd" field.
- <n> Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
- <m> Is the number of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.
- <Vd> Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.
- <T> For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

Q	<T>
0	4H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "sz:Q":

sz	Q	<T>
0	0	2S
0	1	4S
1	0	RESERVED
1	1	2D

- <Vn> Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.
- <Vm> Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

Operation

```

CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) operand2 = V[m, datasize];

bits(esize) element1;
bits(esize) element2;
bits(esize) diff;
FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
boolean merge = elements == 1 && IsMerging(fpcr);
bits(128) result = if merge then V[n, 128] else Zeros(128);

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
    element2 = Elem[operand2, e, esize];
    diff = FPSub(element1, element2, fpcr);
    Elem[result, e, esize] = if abs then FPAbs(diff) else diff;

V[d, 128] = result;

```

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Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode
no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56

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