

RSUBHN, RSUBHN2

Rounding Subtract returning High Narrow. This instruction subtracts each vector element of the second source SIMD&FP register from the corresponding vector element of the first source SIMD&FP register, places the most significant half of the result into a vector, and writes the vector to the lower or upper half of the destination SIMD&FP register.

The results are rounded. For truncated results, see [SUBHN](#).

The RSUBHN instruction writes the vector to the lower half of the destination register and clears the upper half, while the RSUBHN2 instruction writes the vector to the upper half of the destination register without affecting the other bits of the register.

Depending on the settings in the [CPACR_EL1](#), [CPTR_EL2](#), and [CPTR_EL3](#) registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Q	1	0	1	1	1	0	size	1	Rm			0	1	1	0	0	0	Rn			Rd									
U										o1																					

RSUBHN{2} <Vd>.<Tb>, <Vn>.<Ta>, <Vm>.<Ta>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);

if size == '11' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 8 << UInt(size);
constant integer datasize = 64;
integer part = UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;

boolean sub_op = (o1 == '1');
boolean round = (U == '1');
```

Assembler Symbols

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Is the second and upper half specifier. If present it causes the operation to be performed on the upper 64 bits of the registers holding the narrower elements, and is encoded in “Q”:

Q	2
0	[absent]
1	[present]

<Vd>

Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the “Rd” field.

<Tb>

Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "size:Q":

size	Q	<Tb>
00	0	8B
00	1	16B
01	0	4H
01	1	8H
10	0	2S
10	1	4S
11	x	RESERVED

<Vn>

Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Ta>

Is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "size":

size	<Ta>
00	8H
01	4S
10	2D
11	RESERVED

<Vm>

Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(2*datasize) operand1 = V[n, 2*datasize];
bits(2*datasize) operand2 = V[m, 2*datasize];
bits(datasize) result;
integer element1;
integer element2;
integer sum;

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = UInt(Elem[operand1, e, 2*esize]);
    element2 = UInt(Elem[operand2, e, 2*esize]);
    if sub_op then
        sum = element1 - element2;
    else
        sum = element1 + element2;
    sum = RShr(sum, esize, round);
    Elem[result, e, esize] = sum<esize-1:0>;

Vpart[d, part, datasize] = result;
```

Operational information

If PSTATE.DIT is 1:

- The execution time of this instruction is independent of:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.
- The response of this instruction to asynchronous exceptions does not vary based on:
 - The values of the data supplied in any of its registers.
 - The values of the NZCV flags.

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Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode
no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56

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