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Pseu

FMLA (by element)

Floating-point fused Multiply-Add to accumulator (by element). This instruction multiplies the vector elements in the first source SIMD&FP register by the specified value in the second source SIMD&FP register, and accumulates the results in the vector elements of the destination SIMD&FP register. All the values in this instruction are floating-point values.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR* or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 4 classes: $\underline{Scalar, half\text{-precision}}$, $\underline{Scalar, single\text{-precision}}$ and $\underline{Vector, half\text{-precision}}$ and $\underline{Vector, single\text{-precision}}$ and $\underline{Vector, single\text{-precision}}$

Scalar, half-precision (FEAT_FP16)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 L M Rm 0 0 0 1 H 0 Rn Rd

02
```

FMLA <Hd>, <Hn>, <Vm>.H[<index>]

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;

constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer index = UInt(H:L:M);

constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean sub_op = (o2 == '1');</pre>
```

Scalar, single-precision and double-precision

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 | sz | L | M | Rm | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | H | 0 | Rn | Rd | Rd | O2
```

```
FMLA <V><d>, <V><n>, <Vm>.<Ts>[<index>]

constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer index;</pre>
```

```
bit Rmhi = M;
case sz:L of
    when 'Ox' index = UInt(H:L);
    when '10' index = UInt(H);
    when '11' UNDEFINED;

integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rmhi:Rm);

constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
boolean sub_op = (o2 == '1');</pre>
```

Vector, half-precision (FEAT FP16)

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 Q 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 L M Rm 0 0 0 1 H 0 Rn Rd 02

FMLA <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.H[<index>]

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
constant integer idxdsize = 64 << UInt(H);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer index = UInt(H:L:M);

constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean sub_op = (o2 == '1');</pre>
```

Vector, single-precision and double-precision

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

0 Q 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 sz L M Rm 0 0 0 1 H 0 Rn Rd

02

FMLA <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<Ts>[<index>]

```
constant integer idxdsize = 64 << <u>UInt</u>(H);
integer index;
bit Rmhi = M;
case sz:L of
   when '0x' index = <u>UInt</u>(H:L);
   when '10' index = <u>UInt</u>(H);
   when '11' UNDEFINED;

integer d = <u>UInt</u>(Rd);
integer n = <u>UInt</u>(Rn);
integer m = <u>UInt</u>(Rmhi:Rm);
```

```
constant integer esize = 32 << <u>UInt(sz);</u>
constant integer datasize = 64 << <u>UInt(Q);</u>
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;
boolean sub_op = (o2 == '1');
```

Assembler Symbols

<V>

<T>

<Hd> Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<Hn> Is the 16-bit name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Is a width specifier, encoded in "sz":

SZ	<v></v>
0	S
1	D

<d>Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

<n> Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Vd> Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "O":

Q	<t></t>
0	4 H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q:sz":

Q	SZ	<t></t>
0	0	2S
0	1	RESERVED
1	0	4S
1	1	2D

<Vn> Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Vm> For the half-precision variant: is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, in the range V0 to V15, encoded in the "Rm" field.

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "M:Rm" fields.

<Ts>

Is an element size specifier, encoded in "sz":

SZ	<ts></ts>
0	S
1	D

<index>

For the half-precision variant: is the element index, in the range 0 to 7, encoded in the "H:L:M" fields.

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is the element index, encoded in "sz:L:H":

SZ	L	<index></index>
0	X	H:L
1	0	Н
1	1	RESERVED

Operation

```
CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(idxdsize) operand2 = V[m, idxdsize];
bits(datasize) operand3 = V[d, datasize];
bits(esize) element1;
bits(esize) element2 = Elem[operand2, index, esize];
FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
boolean merge = elements == 1 && IsMerging(fpcr);
bits(128) result = if merge then V[d, 128] else Zeros(128);

for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = Elem[operand1, e, esize];
    if sub_op then element1 = FPNeg(element1);
    Elem[result, e, esize] = FPMulAdd(Elem[operand3, e, esize], element
V[d, 128] = result;
```

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 $Internal\ version\ only: is a\ v33.64,\ AdvSIMD\ v29.12,\ pseudocode\ no_diffs_2023_09_RC2,\ sve\ v2023-06_rel\ ;\ Build\ timestamp:\ 2023-09-18T17:56$

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