CASP, CASPA, CASPAL, CASPL

Compare and Swap Pair of words or doublewords in memory reads a pair of 32-bit words or 64-bit doublewords from memory, and compares them against the values held in the first pair of registers. If the comparison is equal, the values in the second pair of registers are written to memory. If the writes are performed, the reads and writes occur atomically such that no other modification of the memory location can take place between the reads and writes.

- CASPA and CASPAL load from memory with acquire semantics.
- CASPL and CASPAL store to memory with release semantics.
- CASP has neither acquire nor release semantics.

For more information about memory ordering semantics, see *Load-Acquire*, *Store-Release*.

For information about memory accesses, see *Load/Store addressing modes*. The architecture permits that the data read clears any exclusive monitors associated with that location, even if the compare subsequently fails. If the instruction generates a synchronous Data Abort, the registers which are compared and loaded, that is <Ws> and <W(s+1)>, or <Xs> and <X(s+1)>, are restored to the values held in the registers before the instruction was executed.

No offset

(FEAT_LSE)
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 sz 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 L 1 Rs oo 1 1 1 1 1 Rn Rt
Rt2
32-bit CASP (sz == 0 && L == 0 && o0 == 0)
CASP $$, $$, $$, $$, $[{, #0}]$
32-bit CASPA (sz == 0 && L == 1 && o0 == 0)
CASPA $$, $$, $$, $$, $[{, #0}]$
32-bit CASPAL (sz == 0 && L == 1 && o0 == 1)
CASPAL <ws>, <w(s+1)>, <wt>, <w(t+1)>, [<xn sp="" ="">{,#0}]</xn></w(t+1)></wt></w(s+1)></ws>
32-bit CASPL (sz == $0 \&\& L == 0 \&\& o0 == 1$)

CASPL <Ws>, <W(s+1)>, <Wt>, <W(t+1)>, $[<Xn|SP>{,#0}]$

```
64-bit CASP (sz == 1 \&\& L == 0 \&\& o0 == 0)
        CASP \langle Xs \rangle, \langle X(s+1) \rangle, \langle Xt \rangle, \langle X(t+1) \rangle, [\langle Xn | SP \rangle \{, \#0\}]
64-bit CASPA (sz == 1 \&\& L == 1 \&\& o0 == 0)
        CASPA < Xs >, < X(s+1) >, < Xt >, < X(t+1) >, [< Xn | SP > {, #0}]
64-bit CASPAL (sz == 1 \&\& L == 1 \&\& o0 == 1)
        CASPAL < X > , < X (s+1) > , < X t > , < X (t+1) > , [ < Xn | SP > { , #0 } ]
64-bit CASPL (sz == 1 \&\& L == 0 \&\& o0 == 1)
        CASPL < Xs >, < X(s+1) >, < Xt >, < X(t+1) >, [< Xn | SP > {, #0}]
   if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_LSE) then UNDEFINED;
   if Rs<0> == '1' then UNDEFINED;
   if Rt<0> == '1' then UNDEFINED;
   integer n = UInt(Rn);
   integer t = UInt(Rt);
   integer s = UInt(Rs);
   constant integer datasize = 32 << <u>UInt(sz);</u>
   boolean acquire = L == '1';
   boolean release = o0 == '1';
   boolean tagchecked = n != 31;
Assembler Symbols
<Ws>
                Is the 32-bit name of the first general-purpose register to be
                compared and loaded, encoded in the "Rs" field. <Ws>
                must be an even-numbered register.
<W(s+1)>
                Is the 32-bit name of the second general-purpose register to
                be compared and loaded.
<Wt.>
                Is the 32-bit name of the first general-purpose register to be
                conditionally stored, encoded in the "Rt" field. < Wt> must
                be an even-numbered register.
<W(t+1)>
                Is the 32-bit name of the second general-purpose register to
                be conditionally stored.
< Xs >
                Is the 64-bit name of the first general-purpose register to be
                compared and loaded, encoded in the "Rs" field. <Xs> must
                be an even-numbered register.
<X(s+1)>
                Is the 64-bit name of the second general-purpose register to
```

be compared and loaded.

```
Is the 64-bit name of the first general-purpose register to be conditionally stored, encoded in the "Rt" field. <Xt> must be an even-numbered register.
X(t+1)>
Is the 64-bit name of the second general-purpose register to be conditionally stored.
Xn|SP>
Is the 64-bit name of the general-purpose base register or stack pointer, encoded in the "Rn" field.
```

Operation

```
bits(64) address;
bits(2*datasize) comparevalue;
bits(2*datasize) newvalue;
bits(2*datasize) data;
bits(datasize) s1 = X[s, datasize];
bits(datasize) s2 = X[s+1, datasize];
bits(datasize) t1 = X[t, datasize];
bits(datasize) t2 = X[t+1, datasize];
AccessDescriptor accdesc = CreateAccDescAtomicOp (MemAtomicOp CAS, acqui
comparevalue = if BigEndian(accdesc.acctype) then s1:s2 else s2:s1;
newvalue = if BigEndian (accdesc.acctype) then t1:t2 else t2:t1;
if n == 31 then
    CheckSPAlignment();
    address = SP[];
else
    address = X[n, 64];
data = MemAtomic(address, comparevalue, newvalue, accdesc);
if BigEndian (accdesc.acctype) then
    X[s, datasize] = data<2*datasize-1:datasize>;
   X[s+1, datasize] = data<datasize-1:0>;
else
    X[s, datasize] = data<datasize-1:0>;
    X[s+1, datasize] = data<2*datasize-1:datasize>;
```

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Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56

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