FRECPS

Base

Instructions

Floating-point Reciprocal Step. This instruction multiplies the corresponding floating-point values in the vectors of the two source SIMD&FP registers, subtracts each of the products from 2.0, places the resulting floating-point values in a vector, and writes the vector to the destination SIMD&FP register.

This instruction can generate a floating-point exception. Depending on the settings in *FPCR*, the exception results in either a flag being set in *FPSR*, or a synchronous exception being generated. For more information, see *Floating-point exception traps*.

Depending on the settings in the *CPACR_EL1*, *CPTR_EL2*, and *CPTR_EL3* registers, and the current Security state and Exception level, an attempt to execute the instruction might be trapped.

It has encodings from 4 classes: <u>Scalar half precision</u>, <u>Scalar single-precision</u> and <u>double-precision</u>, <u>Vector half precision</u> and <u>Vector single-precision</u> and <u>double-precision</u>

Scalar half precision (FEAT_FP16)

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 Rm 0 0 1 1 1 1 Rn Rd
```

```
FRECPS <Hd>, <Hn>, <Hm>
```

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;
```

Scalar single-precision and double-precision

```
31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 sz 1 Rm 1 1 1 1 1 1 Rn Rd
```

FRECPS <V><d>, <V><n>, <V><m>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = esize;
integer elements = 1;</pre>
```

Vector half precision (FEAT FP16)

31 30 29	28 27 26 2	5 24 23 22 21	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 1	13 12 11 10	9 8 7 6 5	4 3 2 1 0
0 Q C	0 1 1 1	0010	Rm	0 0	1 1 1 1	Rn	Rd

FRECPS <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>

```
if !IsFeatureImplemented(FEAT_FP16) then UNDEFINED;
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
constant integer esize = 16;
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;</pre>
```

Vector single-precision and double-precision

31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24	23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
0 Q 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 sz 1 Rm	1 1 1 1 1 1	Rn Rd

FRECPS <Vd>.<T>, <Vn>.<T>, <Vm>.<T>

```
integer d = UInt(Rd);
integer n = UInt(Rn);
integer m = UInt(Rm);
if sz:Q == '10' then UNDEFINED;
constant integer esize = 32 << UInt(sz);
constant integer datasize = 64 << UInt(Q);
integer elements = datasize DIV esize;</pre>
```

Assembler Symbols

<hd></hd>	Is the 16-bit name of the SIMD&FP destination register,
-----------	---

encoded in the "Rd" field.

encoded in the "Rn" field.

<Hm> Is the 16-bit name of the second SIMD&FP source register,

encoded in the "Rm" field.

<V> Is a width specifier, encoded in "sz":

SZ	<v></v>
0	S
1	D

<d>Is the number of the SIMD&FP destination register, in the

"Rd" field.

<n> Is the number of the first SIMD&FP source register,

encoded in the "Rn" field.

<m> Is the number of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

<Vd> Is the name of the SIMD&FP destination register, encoded in the "Rd" field.

T> For the half-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "Q":

Q	<t></t>
0	4 H
1	8H

For the single-precision and double-precision variant: is an arrangement specifier, encoded in "sz:Q":

SZ	Q	<t></t>
0	0	2S
0	1	4S
1	0	RESERVED
1	1	2D

<Vn> Is the name of the first SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rn" field.

Is the name of the second SIMD&FP source register, encoded in the "Rm" field.

Operation

<Vm>

```
if elements == 1 then
    CheckFPEnabled64();
else
    CheckFPAdvSIMDEnabled64();
bits(datasize) operand1 = V[n, datasize];
bits(datasize) operand2 = V[m, datasize];
bits(esize) element1;
bits(esize) element2;
FPCRType fpcr = FPCR[];
boolean merge = elements == 1 && <u>IsMerging(fpcr);</u>
bits (128) result = if merge then V[n, 128] else Zeros(128);
for e = 0 to elements-1
    element1 = <u>Elem[operand1, e, esize];</u>
    element2 = Elem[operand2, e, esize];
    Elem[result, e, esize] = FPRecipStepFused(element1, element2);
V[d, 128] = result;
```

Internal version only: isa v33.64, AdvSIMD v29.12, pseudocode no_diffs_2023_09_RC2, sve v2023-06_rel ; Build timestamp: 2023-09-18T17:56 Copyright \hat{A} © 2010-2023 Arm Limited or its affiliates. All rights reserved. This document is Non-Confidential.