

ICV_RPR_EL1, Interrupt Controller Virtual Running Priority Register

The ICV_RPR_EL1 characteristics are:

Purpose

Indicates the Running priority of the virtual CPU interface.

Configuration

AArch64 System register ICV_RPR_EL1 performs the same function as AArch32 System register [ICV_RPR](#).

This register is present only when FEAT_GICv3 is implemented and EL2 is implemented. Otherwise, direct accesses to ICV_RPR_EL1 are undefined.

Attributes

ICV_RPR_EL1 is a 64-bit register.

Field descriptions

63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32			
NMI	RES0																																	
RES0																											Priority							
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			

NMI, bit [63]

When FEAT_GICv3_NMI is implemented:

Indicates whether the running priority is from a NMI.

NMI	Meaning
0b0	There is no active Group 1 NMI, or all active Group 1 NMIs have undergone priority drop.
0b1	There is an active Group 1 NMI.

Otherwise:

Reserved, res0.

Bits [62:8]

Reserved, res0.

Priority, bits [7:0]

The current running priority on the virtual CPU interface. This is the group priority of the current active virtual interrupt.

If there are no active interrupts on the virtual CPU interface, or all active interrupts have undergone a priority drop, the value returned is the Idle priority.

The priority returned is the group priority as if the BPR for the current Exception level and Security state was set to the minimum value of BPR for the number of implemented priority bits.

Note

If 8 bits of priority are implemented the group priority is bits[7:1] of the priority.

Accessing ICC_RPR_EL1

If there are no active interrupts on the virtual CPU interface, or all active interrupts have undergone a priority drop, the value returned is the Idle priority.

Software cannot determine the number of implemented priority bits from a read of this register.

Accesses to this register use the following encodings in the System register encoding space:

MRS <Xt>, ICC_RPR_EL1

op0	op1	CRn	CRm	op2
0b11	0b000	0b1100	0b1011	0b011

```
if PSTATE.EL == EL0 then
    UNDEFINED;
elsif PSTATE.EL == EL1 then
    if Halted() && HaveEL(EL3) && EDSCR.SDD == '1'
    && boolean IMPLEMENTATION_DEFINED "EL3 trap priority
    when SDD == '1'" && SCR_EL3.<IRQ,FIQ> == '11' then
        UNDEFINED;
    elsif ICC_SRE_EL1.SRE == '0' then
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL1, 0x18);
```

```

elseif EL2Enabled() && ICH_HCR_EL2.TC == '1' then
    AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL2, 0x18);
elseif EL2Enabled() && HCR_EL2.FMO == '1' then
    X[t, 64] = ICV_RPR_EL1;
elseif EL2Enabled() && HCR_EL2.IMO == '1' then
    X[t, 64] = ICV_RPR_EL1;
elseif HaveEL(EL3) && SCR_EL3.<IRQ,FIQ> == '11'
then
    if Halted() && EDSCR.SDD == '1' then
        UNDEFINED;
    else
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL3, 0x18);
    else
        X[t, 64] = ICC_RPR_EL1;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL2 then
    if Halted() && HaveEL(EL3) && EDSCR.SDD == '1'
&& boolean IMPLEMENTATION_DEFINED "EL3 trap priority
when SDD == '1'" && SCR_EL3.<IRQ,FIQ> == '11' then
        UNDEFINED;
    elseif ICC_SRE_EL2.SRE == '0' then
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL2, 0x18);
    elseif HaveEL(EL3) && SCR_EL3.<IRQ,FIQ> == '11'
then
        if Halted() && EDSCR.SDD == '1' then
            UNDEFINED;
        else
            AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL3, 0x18);
        else
            X[t, 64] = ICC_RPR_EL1;
elseif PSTATE.EL == EL3 then
    if ICC_SRE_EL3.SRE == '0' then
        AArch64.SystemAccessTrap(EL3, 0x18);
    else
        X[t, 64] = ICC_RPR_EL1;

```

[AArch32
Registers](#)

[AArch64
Registers](#)

[AArch32
Instructions](#)

[AArch64
Instructions](#)

[Index by
Encoding](#)

[External
Registers](#)

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