

Find a peak element

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int findPeakIndex(int *arr, int size, int start, int end)
{
    int middle = start + (end - start)/2;

    if((middle == 0 || arr[middle - 1] <= arr[middle]) &&
        (middle == size-1 || arr[middle+1] <= arr[middle]))
        return middle;
    else
        return (middle > 0 && arr[middle-1] > arr[middle])? findPeakIndex(arr, size, start,
(middle - 1)): findPeakIndex(arr, size, (middle + 1), end);
}

int main()
{
    int *arr, size;
    printf("Enter size of an array\n");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    //allocate memory for array
    arr = (int *)malloc(size * sizeof(int));

    printf("Enter Array elements ");
    for(int index = 0; index < size; index++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[index]);

    printf("Peak point is = %d\n", findPeakIndex(arr, size, 0, size-1));
    return 0;
}
```

Time complexity:  $O(\log n)$

Space Complexity:  $O(\log n)$