

# E-COMMERCE ANALYTICS

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# Introduction

- **Theory:**
- E-commerce analytics is the process of collecting, analyzing, and interpreting online retail data. It helps businesses understand customer behavior, identify trends, optimize operations, and make data-driven decisions.

# Importance of analytics

- Understand customer behavior
- Optimize marketing strategies
- Improve product recommendations
- Enhance customer experience
- Boost conversion rates

# Python source code

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Sample Data
data = pd.DataFrame({
    'Product': ['Laptop', 'Shoes', 'Chair', 'Book', 'Smartphone', 'Shirt', 'Table', 'Headphones', 'Bag', 'Watch'],
    'Category': ['Electronics', 'Fashion', 'Home', 'Books', 'Electronics', 'Fashion', 'Home', 'Electronics', 'Fashion', 'Electronics'],
    'Sales': [200, 150, 100, 80, 220, 130, 90, 180, 120, 70],
    'Month': ['Jan', 'Jan', 'Jan', 'Jan', 'Feb', 'Feb', 'Feb', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Mar']
})

# Key Metrics Bar Chart
metrics = pd.DataFrame({'Metric': ['Sales', 'Conversion Rate', 'Retention', 'AOV', 'Cart Abandonment'],
                        'Value': [85, 70, 60, 75, 50]})
plt.bar(metrics['Metric'], metrics['Value'], color='skyblue')
plt.title("Key Metrics"); plt.xticks(rotation=25); plt.show()

# Sales Trends Line Chart
sales_trends = pd.DataFrame({'Month': ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun'], 'Sales': [500, 700, 650, 800, 750, 900]})
plt.plot(sales_trends['Month'], sales_trends['Sales'], marker='o', color='orange')
plt.title("Sales Trends"); plt.xlabel("Month"); plt.ylabel("Sales"); plt.grid(True); plt.show()

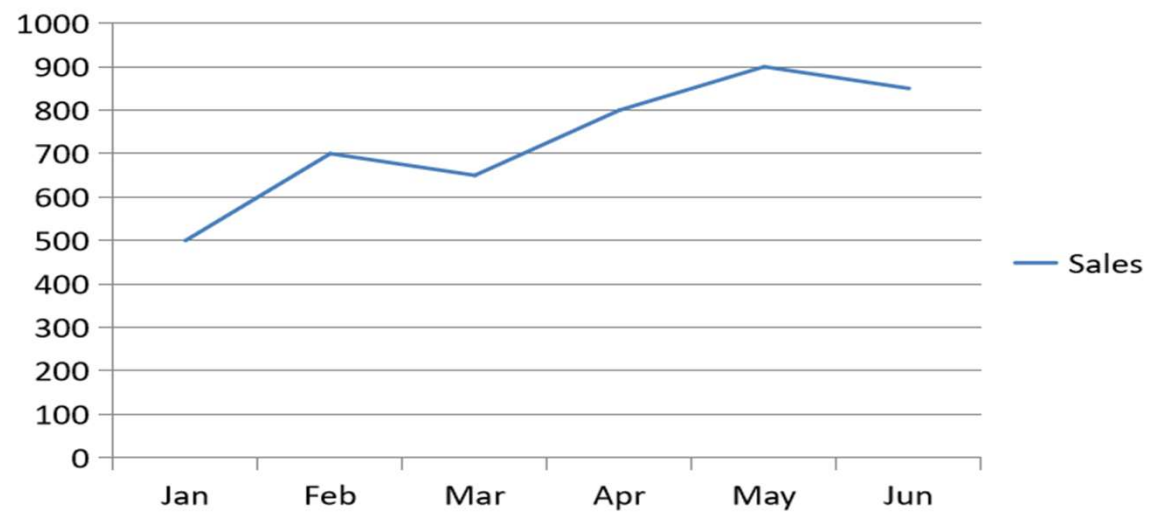
# Top Categories Pie Chart
categories = ['Electronics', 'Fashion', 'Home', 'Books', 'Other']
sales_percent = [40, 25, 15, 10, 10]
plt.pie(sales_percent, labels=categories, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
```

```
# Top Categories Pie Chart
categories = ['Electronics', 'Fashion', 'Home', 'Books', 'Other']
sales_percent = [40, 25, 15, 10, 10]
plt.pie(sales_percent, labels=categories, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
plt.title("Top Selling Categories"); plt.show()

# Top Products Analysis
top_products = data.groupby('Product')['Sales'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
print("Top 5 Products by Sales:\n", top_products.head(5))
```

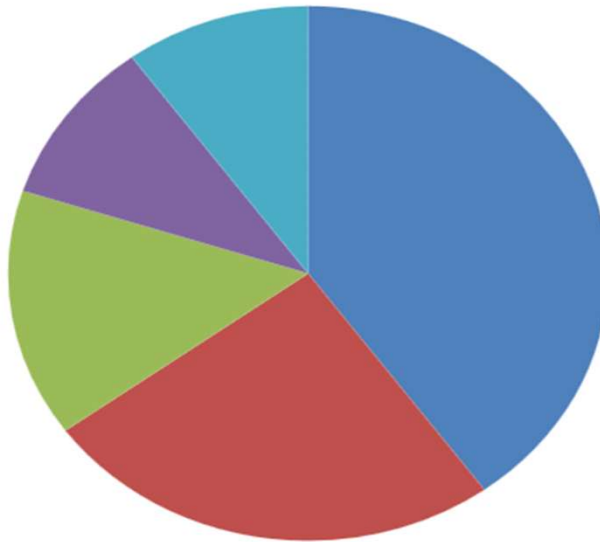
# Outputs

## Sales Trends



# Pie-chart

## Top Selling Categories



## Tools Used

- Google Analytics
- Python (Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn)
- Power BI / Tableau
- Excel / SQL
- Shopify / Amazon dashboards



# Challenges

- Data privacy & security
- Integrating multiple data sources
- Real-time data processing
- Maintaining data quality

# Conclusion

- E-commerce analytics empowers businesses to make **data-driven decisions** by providing actionable insights from customer behavior, sales trends, and product performance. It helps companies **optimize marketing strategies**, reduce costs, and target the right audience more effectively. By analyzing key metrics such as conversion rates, average order value, and cart abandonment, businesses can **enhance customer experience** and improve retention.