

SLE PG 93-97 COMPREHENSION AND VOCABULARY

1. What is a hobby? **C. What you enjoy during your leisure time.**
2. Which people have hobbies? **D. All of the above**
3. Which one of the following is not an advantage of having a hobby? **D. You do not gain pleasure.**
4. Which of the following is not a hobby? **D. Being happy**
5. Which is the best time to engage your hobby? **The best time to engage in your hobby is at your leisure time.**
6. Why is it advisable to participate in competitions? **It is advisable to participate in competitions so you know what is your hobby.**
7. What should someone do before making items such as baskets and pots? **Someone should collect the materials before making items such as baskets and pots.**
8. If the conditions for practising a certain hobby are harsh, what should someone do? **If the conditions for practising a certain hobby are harsh, someone must still continue their hobby.**
9. Why is it important for people to identify their hobbies? **It is important for people to identify their hobbies so that they can discover their talent.**
10. The phrasean idle mind is the devils "workshop" has been used in the passage. What does it mean? **An idle mind is the devils workshop means that people who are idle, tend to do harmful stuff to their body or to their society**

VOCABULARY

EXERCISE 1

- a) Fishing
- b) Cycling
- c) Swimming
- d) Singing
- e) Helping the needy
- f) Dancing

EXERCISE 2

Catching fish from water in a river, ocean or pond using a hook or net. **Fishing**

Moving through water by making movement with arms and legs.
Swimming

Making patterns of movements with your body to the sound of music.
Dancing

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Giving support to someone who does not have enough so that they can do something more easily. **Helping the needy.**

Making music using your mouth. **Singing**

Sitting on a bicycle and controlling its movements as you pedal. **Cycling**

Exercise 3

1. A feel of great happiness and joy is **pleasure**
2. To pay attention to what is happening and be ready to react quickly if need be is to be **aware.**
3. To do something extremely well is to **excel**
4. Something new or unusual is **novelty**
5. To give all your attention to something you are doing is to **concentrated**
6. To rest and allow yourself to become calm is to **relax**
7. Knowing about a situation or something is to **conducive.**
8. To make a connection between two different things is to **relate.**
9. To create a situation that helps something to happen is to make **alert**
10. Knowledge and skills gained through time spent doing something is **experience.**